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By order of the United States District Court at Chicago, Illinois, By order of the United States District Court at Chicago, Illinois, dated July 9, 1937, the period for surrendering outstanding securities (notes and stock) of Middle West Utilities Company in exchange for shares of capital stock, stock purchase warrants and scrip of The Middle West Corporation (successor company under Plan of Reorganization) will expire on December 31, 1938; and said stock purchase warrants will expire, by their terms, on December 31, 1938.

Security holders of Middle West Utilities Company who have not surrendered their holdings of notes and stock of said company in exchange for securities of The Middle West Corporation are requested to write to the office of The Middle West Corporation, 902 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware, for information respecting the exchange procedure.

respecting the exchange procedure.

Dividends

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

Preferred Stock Dividend

THE regular quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Fifty Cents (\$1.50) per share on the no per value Preferred capital stock of the company issued and outstanding in the hands of the public has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the company for the quarter ending January 31, 1939, payable February 1, 1939, to holders of such stock of record on the books of the company at the close of business January 9, 1939.

Common Stock Dividend

THE regular quarterly dividend of Thirty-five Cents (35c) per share on the no par value Common capital stock of the company issued and outstanding in the hands of the public has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the company for the quarter ending December 31, 1938, payable December 15, 1938, to holders of such stock of record on the books of the company at the close of business November 15, 1938.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

November 7, 1938.

CRANE CO.

The Board of Directors of Crane Co. has declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share upon the 5% CUMULATIVE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED shares of the company, payable December 15, 1938, to shareholders of record December 2, 1938.

J. L. HOLLOWAY, Secretary.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, Inc.

Preferred Dividend No. 103

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 9, 1938.

The Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75
per share on the Preferred Stock, payable December 31, 1938, to all holders of record December 10, 1938.

Cheques will be mailed.

E. R. CLARKSON, Treasurer.

ALLIS-CHALMERS

ALLIS-CHALMERS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Common Dividend No. 59

A dividend of thirty-seven and one-half cents
(\$0.37 1/4) per share on the common stock without
par value of this Company has been declared,
payable December 22nd, 1938 to stockholders
of record at the close of business November 30th,
1938.
Transfer books will

Transfer books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

W. A. THOMPSON, Secretary.

November 4th, 1938.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY

The Board of Directors has declared dividend No. 811 of thirty-seven and one-half cents (\$.37\%) per share of \$12.50 par value Capital Stock, payable November 25, 1938 to stockholders of record 12:00 o'clock noon November 19, 1938.

Checks will be mailed by Irving Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

R. A. CLARK, Secretary.

November 1, 1938.

Notices

THE STATE BOND COMMISSION State of Connecticut

at the office of the Governor, State Capitol, Hartford, Conn., on November 21st, 1938, at 12 o'clock noon E. S. T., will receive bids for the purchase of—

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No bid of less than par can be considered. Cer-tified checks for 2% of the par value of the bonds bid for must accompany all bids.

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The legal opinion of The Attorney General of the State of Connecticut will be delivered to the successful bidder free of charge.

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Further details will be furnished upon request by Guy B. Holt, Treasurer, State of Connecticut, Hartford, Connecticut.

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Dividends

UNDERWOOD ELLIOTT FISHER COMPANY

The Board of Directors at a meeting held November 10, 1938, declared a dividend for the fourth quarter of the year 1938 of 50c. a share on the Common Stock of Underwood Elliott Fisher Company, payable December 15, 1938, to stock-holders of record at the close of business December 2, 1938.

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The Financial Situation

ELECTION DAY returns have for all practical purposes been completely tabulated. The results greatly surpass the expectations of most of those who had been hoping for a convincing demon-

stration that the strange

conglomeration of programs and policies known as the New Deal has begun definitely to lose caste, and that the magic spell that the President and his Administration had seemed to cast over the Nation no longer held. True, the official opposition is still very decidedly in the minority at Washington, and losses heretofore sustained by the Republican Party in the various States and localities have not all been recovered, but a most heartening start has been made, and even in some cases, such for example the State of New York, where the New Deal and its sympathizers remain in the ascendency, there is much in the election returns to hearten those who have been awaiting indications that the rank and file had come to a realization that all that glitters is not gold.

Certainly no one of understanding who has the good of his country at heart would wish to subtract one iota from the encouragement that all this has brought to the hard pressed business community. Yet it appears necessary, or at least the part of wisdom, to record the fact that at best what has happended is only a necessary beginning. It is but the turning of the tide, not the return of the full waters of common sense and constructive effort. The real struggle lies ahead, not behind us. It is, of course, quite true that if the cause of better government could count upon approximately the full Republican strength in the next Congress, and

if those elements in the Democratic Party which have never really been in sympathy with most of the New Deal could be mustered in behalf of the restoration of sound government and governmental policy, the forces of light would outnumber those

of darkness. Any such assumptions as these, however, are risky.

It is doubtless highly probable that Congress will be much more inclined henceforth to exercise its

Administrative Absolutism

"From the idea that all things will inevitably work themselves out by experience, and that planning and creative lawmaking are futile, an idea generally received in the latter part of the nineteenth century, we have been going to the other extreme of an idea that nothing will work out by experience but that all things must of necessity be planned by legal or political or economic or social super-experts and cannot with safety be left to any but a governmental process of trial and error. From an idea of the individual as a self-sufficient economic the individual as a self-sufficient economic unit, we have been swinging to the opposite extreme of an idea of the complete interdependence of individuals, to be promoted by dependence upon the national government. The old doctrine of the king as father of his country has been newly interpreted. government is thought of as an anxious mother directing the nurse to go upstairs and see what Tommy is doing and tell him not to do it. From an extreme of jealousy of administration and hampering of it by judicial scrutiny and tying up every important administrative act by injunction, we have been going to a no less extreme confidence in administrative agencies. Almost every activity has been put under the control of someone of them, and that control tends constantly to increase, to be relieved of legal limitations, and to be freed from effective judicial review. Along with this there has sprung up a growing belief in administration as something above and beyond law, as something good in itself to be cultivated for its own sake: a type of doctrine which I have been calling administrative absolutism. .

'At bottom . administrative absolutism involves taking away legal security of liberty and property. But while it is taking its time to reach the goal toward which it moves, certain other implications or presuppositions require consideration. One upon which its adherents lay much stress is the assumption of administrative expertness. The business man, the industrialist, the judge are all blunderers. They are to be subjected to enlightened guidance of an expert, either a board or bureau of experts, or an expert employed by a board or bureau. Thus the conduct of enterprises will conform to an enlightened public interest as revealed to the expert by the nature of his office. For it is to be noted that the expertness is a purely ex officio expertness. The administrative official or agent is not appointed because he is an expert. He is an expert because he has been appointed to be

These are the words not of some political candidate for office, but of Roscoe Pound, former Dean of the Harvard Law School. They were delivered in the course of an address to the Investment Bankers Association of America at its recent convention at

White Sulphur Springs.

Many who had long been painfully conscious of all this have been in a measure at least heartened by the results of Tuesday's elections. But eternal vigilance is still the price of liberty. The New Deal managers are by no means the only ones in this country today who seem to want administrative ab-

own judgment, and less likely to permit itself to be whipped into line behind any and all "must" bills, and this would be a gain of no small magnitude. No one knows at this moment just what the President's plans are for the coming winter. Presumably he has been preparing for a considerable further extension of his New Deal ideas, and unless the reverses of last Tuesday cause him to alter his program he is likely to demand further sweeping legislation. It may be that such a program will not be well received on Capitol Hill under the new conditions, and that, generally speaking, we have seen the New Deal at its crest. Such a consummation is devoutly to be wished, and upon the basis of what has happened to date is about all that can reasonably be expected. Even this much will not be accomplished without a struggle, since the President is nothing if not a resourceful and artful politician, and many of the measures likely to come forward can be given one or more features which politicians usually find it difficult to resist.

Negativism Not Adequate

In any event it would not do for the opposition, with 1940 in mind, to content itself with any such negative attitude toward what has been going on during the past five years. Moreover, several of the issues certain to come before Congress next winter simply do not lend themselves to any such treatment. There is the fiscal situation, for example. A

budget of some sort must be voted, and appropriations made to meet it. It is doubtful if farm legislation can be avoided. There is substantial evidence in the election returns of dissatisfaction in rural districts, but it is not a dissatisfaction which

can be dealt with merely by refusing to enact legislation sponsored by the Administration. Even if the matter is considered merely as a matter of practical politics, it would not be feasible simply to block any proposed agrarian legislation, leaving the existing hodge-podge of subsidy, regulation and confusion to rule the situation during the coming year. These are, of course, only illustrations. There are other situations which cannot be met successfully in a purely negative way without injury to the country and loss of political standing.

The degree of confidence felt by intelligent groups in the community in the opposition to the New Deal, now happily strengthened at Washington, and the degree in which business will benefit promptly by its gains will depend upon its behavior during the coming winter. How this opposition will act when it foregathers at Washington at the beginning of the year is yet in very large measure to be deter-Many of the candidates who succeeded in defeating strong New Deal adherents were critical enough of what has been going on in certain particulars, some of them were bold enough to go on record as being opposed to most of what the New Deal has done. A few were even more critical. Nowhere, however, has there been developed a constructive program of action along a broad front. As a matter of fact, no very specific line of action has been formulated to apply even to the more controversial issues certain to come before Congress this winter, or if such a program has been proposed it has not at this moment the allegiance of anything approaching the great majority of those who oppose the Administration. The opposition, so far as practical work is concerned, must begin at the beginning.

Start with the Budget!

It could not do better than to start with the fiscal situation. We are now just getting well under way with a spending-lending program devised by the Administration last spring as a device with which to induce recovery. Certain portions of this program are designed to extend into the fiscal year beginning July 1 next, but the bulk of the expenditures planned for this purpose will have been made by about the end of the current fiscal year. It is the duty of the President and Congress to lay plans early next year for the budget covering the fiscal year ending June 30, 1940. Some of the recent activities in Washington and certain statements that have been issued of late by the President have led many to suspect that the Administration is planning to continue Federal expenditures at something like the present rate during the next fiscal year, and to make use of national defense as an excuse for doing so. Whether such suspicions are well founded remains for the future to disclose. At any rate, there is certainly a real danger that unless the opposition takes a strong stand no very substantial reduction in public expenditures will occur when the current spending orgy is scheduled to come to an end. But even if the New Deal managers are ready now to reduce outlays to approximately those of the year ended June 30, 1938, the fiscal situation would remain badly out of hand. Expenditures during that period were billions greater than the country can afford, and by equal amounts greater than are really needed.

There is, in fact, the most urgent need for a sweeping reduction in the amount of money that the Fed-

eral Government is spending, and has been spending for years past, and it is perfectly useless to expect any such action by the Roosevelt Administration. President Roosevelt is and always has been "a spender," and always will be as long as he is permitted to have his way. Those who have succeeded in defeating adherents of the New Deal have now and then had something to say about reducing the finances of the Nation to some semblance of order. There can be no doubt that many of the President's own party have long been restive about the entire budget situation. It is, however, one thing to talk vaguely about reducing expenditures and quite another to reduce them. Congress does not simply vote eight or 10 billions of dollars or merely five billions to provide for public expenditures for a given period of time, and then turn to something else. What happens is that this, that and the other scheme is hatched to satisfy some so-called pressure group, and then the funds necessary to give it effect are appropriated. The process is repeated again and again. The total of all such appropriations constitutes the staggering sums that have been appropriated and spent each year for a half decade.

Really adequate action concerning our financial affairs must, therefore, begin not with appropriations but with various governmental schemes which carry the necessity of appropriations. Of course it is true that administrative inefficiency and waste, to use two stronger terms, are rampant throughout the structure of the Federal Government at present. Particularly, perhaps, is this true of the administration of relief. No one need feel any doubt that all the work now being done by the Federal Government could under conditions of reasonable efficiency and good management be accomplished at substantially less cost than at present. This phase of the public business should certainly not for a moment be neglected, but the fact remains that savings possible by better administration would fall far short of urgent requirements. It is essential to go far deeper into the fiscal situation.

Expensive Bureaucracy

For one thing, the country is suffering from a vast overgrowth of useless and expensive administrative agencies, directly expensive in that they absorb large amounts of public funds to maintain them, and indirectly expensive by reason of the fact that they spend a substantial part of their time formulating demands upon the business world for all manner of reports and other documents, the preparation of which has become an appreciable part of the staggering cost of government in this day and generation. Roscoe Pound, former Dean of the Harvard Law School, ably and strongly presented this situation to the Investment Bankers Association of America during its recent annual convention at White Sulphur Springs. His warning of the hazards of "administrative absolutism" should not go unheeded, but the situation has a financial side which is also important. We cannot support a vast army of Government employees without paying the piper, and we naturally cannot afford to pay this piper when nothing of constructive usefulness, when indeed a good deal of precisely the opposite nature, is the output. Yet there is nothing quite so tenacious of life as bureaucracy.

Then there are those who insistently demand subsidy. In leading place among these is the farmer,

once the individualist seeking nothing more than the legitimate fruits of his own labor. Perhaps he is still the individualist. He does not appear particularly to relish being told by some bureaucrat at Washington what crops he may raise and how much of them, but he certainly is not averse to being the recipient of enormous largesse at the expense of the taxpayer. At the moment we seem to be facing something in the nature of an agrarian revolt against the existing so-called farm program. Precisely what the so-called friends of the farmer will demand for him next winter is not yet clear. It is highly probable that the inclination of the Administration will be to "buy him off." What has the opposition in mind? Here is a problem it must face. There is likely to be no escape, except possibly that of refusing to grant whatever the Administration requests, and that is not likely to prove a very satisfactory escape.

Most important of all, perhaps, is relief. It may well prove also to be the most difficult. The administration of relief-under whatever name it may be granted—has become a vast political organization in this country, with billions of public funds at its command. The fact that so much headway was made last Tuesday despite this political steam roller is indeed heartening, but it will still require real courage on the part of politicians to do what ought to be done with this relief situation. To weep crocodile tears, as is the trick of the politician, about the danger of permitting men, women and children to starve is, of course, merely to draw a herring across the trail. No one advocates any such thing, but all intelligent citizens of the country are well enough aware that as long as relief is administered as it is now administered (and this quite irrespective of its purely political aspects) there will remain an army of men and women dependent upon some form of relief. We must alter the whole course and tenor of the relief policy, and cut the cost of it to a fraction of what it now is. Nor can we afford further delay. We have already endangered our financial standing, and rendered many previously self-dependent individuals unfit for productive work.

Mention has been made of only a few of the more pressing questions certain to come before Congress next winter, and to come in such a way that a merely negative attitude on the part of New Deal opponents is not to be thought of for a moment, but the list is sufficient to reveal the real nature of the situation. The next two months will be all too short for the formulation of a real opposition program, or even to organize intelligent and constructive opposition. There should be no hesitation or delay in getting, to work

Federal Reserve Bank Statement

Variations in the banking statistics this week are due partly to a further increase of currency in circulation and partly to rather technical causes. Currency in use has been sharply on the increase for some weeks, and holiday requirements contributed to the addition in the week ended Nov. 9, the gain amounting to \$58,000,000. This tendency occasions a decline of member bank balances. Also effective in the same sense was an apparent transfer of some bank deposits from the reserve account to "other deposits." Funds held for the redemption of large bond issues sometimes

are handled in this manner, partly to avoid the assessment of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and in the statement week ended last Wednesday this factor may have influenced a sizable transfer. Member bank reserve balances actually declined \$139,820,000, but deposits with the member institutions apparently fell even more sharply, for excess reserves over legal requirements dropped only \$90,000,000 to an officially estimated total of \$3,130,000,000. The prodigious reserves continue to stand in stark contrast with the lack of effective demand for accommodation. The condition statement covering weekly reporting member banks in New York City indicates a decline of business loans by \$8,000,000 in the statement week, the total of \$1,425,000,000 being the lowest on record since the figures were compiled in their current form. Brokers' loans on security collateral fell \$4,000,000 to \$574,000,000.

Additions to American monetary gold stocks in the statement week were \$20,000,000, raising the total to still another record of \$14,091,000,000. The Treasury in Washington deposited \$29,998,000 gold certificates with the Federal Reserve banks, increasing their total holdings to \$11,317,698,000. Other cash held by the regional banks decreased, however, and total reserves were up only \$14,524,000 to \$11,-678,567,000. Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation were up \$35,998,000 to \$4,355,754,000. Total deposits with the regional banks receded \$33,600,000 to \$9,654,447,000, with the account variations consisting of a decline of member bank reserve balances by \$139,820,000 to \$8,546,166,000; an increase of the Treasury general account balance by \$1,822,000 to \$577,766,000; an increase of foreign bank deposits by \$16,761,000 to \$218,033,000, and an increase of other deposits by \$87,637,000 to \$312,482,000. The reserve ratio advanced to 83.4% from 83.3%. Discounts by the regional banks declined \$278,000 to \$7,800,000. Industrial advances were up \$15,000 to \$15,163,000, while commitments to make such advances declined \$2,000 to \$13,318,000. Open market holdings of bankers' bills increased \$4,000 to \$545,000, while open market holdings of United States Treasury securities remained entirely motionless at \$2,564,015,000.

Government Cotton Report

REDUCTION of 75,000 bales was made in the Nov. 1 cotton crop estimate of the Department of Agriculture as compared with the forecast of a month earlier. Actually, whether the crop amounts to 12,137,000 bales, as forecast on Nov. 1 conditions, or 12,212,000 bales, the Oct. 1 figure, makes little difference. But the market took consolation from the fact that a decrease was made rather than the generally anticipated increase. Some private estimators had, prior to the report, calculated the crop at as high as 12,400,000 bales. The current estimate compares with last year's record output of 18,946,000 bales and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 13,201,000 bales. However, as previously pointed out, since the present crop is probably in excess of the amount to be consumed and exported in the crop year, the statistical position of the crop next July 31 is likely to be inferior to that prevailing at the beginning of the crop year. At that time 13,405,000 bales, the largest on record, were on hand from previous crops.

Exports and domestic consumption in the first two months of the current crop year (August and September) aggregated only 1,684,952 bales, 17.5% below the 2,042,781 bales in the corresponding 1937 period. Ginnings to Nov. 1 from the 1938 crop totaled 10,124,708 bales, which compares with 13,160,423 bales in 1937 and 9,882,530 bales in 1936.

Government Crop Report

HE report of the Department of Agriculture, based on Nov. 1 conditions which is the next to the last report of the year, was issued at 3 p. m. Eastern Standard Time, Thursday afternoon. Greatest interest probably attached to the corn forecast, for it is on this figure that the law provides that Federal loans on the commodity shall be based. The estimate of this crop was 2,480,958,000 bushels, or 1% higher than the Oct. 1 forecast of 2,459,-316,000 bushels. Simultaneously with the crop estimate, it was announced that the loan rate would be 57c. a bushel on corn in the commercial corn area. This figure was also in line with expectations. Since loans at this rate are to be made on corn in cribs on farms, it is substantially under what farmers can realize by selling their product. Hence it is reasonable to assume that large quantities of the current crop will be withheld from the market.

Figures for other important grain crops in this latest report are not based on current indications, but carried forward from previous reports. Such crops include wheat, oats, barley and rye.

Reports this week that 15,000,000 bushels of wheat had been sold to Brazil under the Government subsidy plan brought the Argentine Ambassador to Secretary Hull for details of the deal. The Argentine Government is naturally aroused at the prospect of losing the Brazilian markets to subsidized United States wheat. Thus it appears that the "good neighbor" policy of the State Department is about to enter into conflict with the Wallace scheme to sell our wheat abroad at lower-than-market prices. And this is not likely to be a remote instance.

Oats and corn are the only important grain crops forecast smaller than 1937, and only the former is placed under the 10-year average. As forecast, these crops are as follows: All wheat, 940,229,000 bushels; oats, 1,041,577,000 bushels; barley, 252,578,000 bushels; rye, 52,500,000 bushels.

The New York Stock Market

N RESPONSE to the momentous political change implied in the elections of last Tuesday, prices of securities bounded upward in the few business sessions of the week now ending. Sentiment in financial circles for some time has been optimistic, possibly in anticipation of the election swing toward the Republican party and conservatism now a matter of record. Long of the opinion that the Administration extremes failed to reflect views actually entertained by the populace, business men found their contentions amply justified in the sharp swing away from Democratic candidates on Tuesday, and their satisfaction was expressed in the stock and bond markets. Prices already were moving forward in the session of last Monday, when wide gains were recorded in many sections of the list. Tuesday was a holiday, of course, for that was the occasion for the indication of distaste by the citizenry for Roosevelt extremes. The election results boomed stocks

and speculative bonds on Wednesday, and all leading market average compilations recorded fresh highs for the year. Scores of individual stocks forged into high ground for 1938. The session, moreover, was the most active in more than a year, with more than 3,000,000 shares traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Some profit-taking developed on Thursday, but in general the higher levels were maintained, and some sections continued to forge ahead. Dealings again were rather heavy on Thursday. Trading again was suspended yesterday, in observance of Armistice Day.

There is no need to look beyond the elections for causes of the sharp advance of the week now ending. Trade and industrial reports hardly differ from those of previous weeks. The foreign situation remains about as established after the Munich compact. International trade and currency problems are unchanged. But in the domestic political sphere a profound shift toward common sense in government plainly was indicated on Tuesday, as the earnest desire of the people. The reaction of the financial markets was instantaneous and profound. Industrial shares of virtually all descriptions surged forward, with steel stocks especially active and four to six points higher than at the close last week. Motor stocks were hardly less in demand, while aviation issues improved not only because of the political change, but also because of intimations that a vast increase of the American military air force will be urged by Mr. Roosevelt. Other special groups likewise joined in the advance. Railroad securities were in heavy demand, at times, and registered sizable net gains for the week. Utility stocks lagged somewhat, but also showed advances. The buying was heavy and well sustained, especially on Wednesday, and the profit-taking that developed Thursday at the higher levels was absorbed readily. Large blocks of market leaders were turned over in the initial trading after the election, with foreign buying an important element in the upswing.

In the listed bond market the main trend was higher, especially among the speculative groups. United States Treasury bonds and the best-rated corporate issues were held at previous figures. Secondary railroad bonds moved briskly forward, however, and the advance was paralleled by gains in New York City traction bonds, the latter group being stimulated by approval of the \$315,000,000 unification bond issue proposal at the polls. Foreign dollar bonds were relatively dull, save for scattered improvement in German and Japanese issues. The commodity markets contributed little to the enthusiasm, although bulges in grains developed after the election. Base metal prices merely were held to previous levels. Foreign exchange trading was quit, with the leading units fairly steady. Gold continued to move from Europe to the United States, but in much diminished amounts as compared to the September-October flow.

On the New York Stock Exchange 289 stocks touched new high levels for the year, while 4 stocks touched new low levels. On the New York Curb Exchange 117 stocks touched new high levels and 8 stocks touched new low levels. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange remained unchanged at 1%.

On the New York Stock Exchange the sales at the half-day session on Saturday last were 434,510 shares;

on Monday they were 1,761,890 shares; Tuesday was Election Day, and a holiday; on Wednesday the sales were 3,099,580 shares; on Thursday, 2,176,053 shares; Friday was Armistice Day and likewise, a holiday. On the New York Curb Exchange the sales last Saturday were 111,145 shares; on Monday, 258,800 shares; on Wednesday, 423,710 shares, and on Thursday, 339,245 shares.

On the threshold of the election, the stock market on Saturday last was content to follow a dull and narrow course, which resulted in irregularly higher changes for the day. Activity centered chiefly around the steel and automotive issues on the strength of fresh prospects of increased production at several major steel mills and the improved outlook for the motor industry. Electrical equipment, chemical and metal shares also received favorable notice and advanced from fractions to one point or better. Unusual activity characterized trading on Monday and caused prices to be lifted from one to five points on a sizeable turnover approximating 1,760,000 shares. Industrial news of late has been somewhat promising, but the display of confidence evidenced at Monday's session apparently reflected something of a more significant nature than that. In fact, a suspicion that the coming election would establish the ground work for a greater repudiation of the present National administration in 1940 seemed to offer a more logical answer to the question. Tuesday was Election Day, and a holiday on the various exchanges. On Wednesday the market was swamped with buying orders and in the opening hour about 1,000,000 shares changed hands. flood of orders was undoubtedly inspired by the opinion expressed in no uncertain manner on Tuesday by the American public of its attitude toward the Washington administration. Prices rose sharply most of the day with gains ranging from one to four points. Equities closed at their best levels for the day on a sales turnover of more than 3,000,000 shares. Some profit-taking was in evidence, but was quite readily absorbed. Firmness was a feature of trading on Thursday, but profit-taking at various intervals largely discouraged any effort to advance in a broad way. The morning session enjoyed the most activity and best prices were established at that time, but the afternoon session was attended by slack trading and equities in spots, shedded fractions to slightly upwards of a point. As compared with the close on Friday, a week ago, final quotations yesterday, showed marked gains in many issues. General Electric closed on Thursday at 475% against 451% on Friday of last week; Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. at 33¾ against 31¾; Columbia Gas & Elec. at 8¼ against 71/8; Public Service of N. J. at 331/8 against 325/8; J. I. Case Threshing Machine at 94 against 90; International Harvester at 66% aginst 64; Sears, Roebuck & Co. at 765/8 aginst 745/8; Montgomery Ward & Co. at 531/8 against 501/4; Woolworth at 527/8 against 511/4; and American Tel. & Tel. at 1481/2 aginst 1471/4. Western Union closed on Thursday at 281/8 against 281/4 on Friday of last week; Allied Chemical & Dye at 192 against 1863/8; E. I. du Pont de Nemours at 149 against 146; National Cash Register at 26 % against 25 ½; National Dairy Products at 145/8 against 133/4; National Biscuit at 273/4 aginst 26; Texas Gulf Sulphur at 341/8 against 32; Continental Can at 41% against 42%; Eastman Kodak at 1861/2 against 1823/4; Standard Brands at 7½ against 7½; Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. at 124

against $117\frac{1}{4}$; Lorillard at $21\frac{1}{2}$ against $20\frac{1}{2}$; Canada Dry at 18 against $17\frac{1}{8}$; Schenley Distillers at $20\frac{1}{8}$ against $19\frac{7}{8}$; and National Distillers at $29\frac{1}{2}$ against $28\frac{1}{8}$.

The advance in steel shares was quite vigorous this week. United States Steel closed on Thursday at 691/8 against 641/8 on Friday of last week; Inland Steel at 94 against 87; Bethlehem Steel at 74¾ aginst 68; and Youngstown Sheet & Tube at 54% against 49%. In the motor group, Auburn Auto closed on Thursday at 51/4 against 51/4 on Friday of last week; General Motors at 53 against 50\%; Chrysler at 86\% against 83; and Hupp Motors at $2\frac{1}{4}$ against $2\frac{1}{8}$. In the rubber group, Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed on Thursday at 35% against 33 on Friday of last week; B. F. Goodrich at 261/4 against 237/8, and United States Rubber at 55 against 52. The railroad shares moved forward the present week. Pennsylvania RR. closed on Thursday at 24 against 221/4 on Friday of last week; Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe at 441/4 against 40; New York Central at 211/4 against 193/4; Union Pacific at 98½ against 95½; Southern Pacific at 21½ against 197/8; Southern Ry. at 211/8 against 197/8; and Northern Pacific at 135/8 against 13. Among the oil stocks, Standard Oil of N. J. closed on Thursday at 55½ against 54 on Friday of last week; Shell Union Oil at 15 against 145/8; and Atlantic Refining at 233/4 against 23. In the copper group, Anaconda Copper closed on Thursday at 37% against 36 on Friday of last week; American Smelting & Refining at 57 against 53; and Phelps Dodge at 47 against 44%.

Trade and industrial indices reflect again the modest and scattered advance that has been current since last summer. Steel operations for the week now ending are estimated by the American Iron & Steel Institute at 61.0% of capacity, against 56.8% last week, 51.4% a month ago and 41.0% at this time last year, when the sweeping decline of business was in progress. The steel rate was not affected by the two holidays, neither of which causes suspension of operations in the industry. Production of electric power in the week ended Nov. 5 was reported by Edison Electric Institute at 2,207,444,000 kilowatt hours, against 2,226,038,000 in the previous week, and 2,202,451,000 in the corresponding week of last year. Carloadings of revenue freight for the week to Nov. 5 totaled 673,333 cars, the Association of American Railroads reports. This was a decrease of 35,507 cars from the preceding week and a drop of 55,432 cars from the loadings for same week of 1937.

As indicating the course of the commodity markets, the December option for wheat in Chicago closed on Thursday at 63\(^3\)4c. as against 64\(^1\)2c. the close on Friday of last week. December corn at Chicago closed on Thursday at 47\(^1\)2c. as against 45\(^1\)4c. the close on Friday of last week. December oats at Chicago closed on Thursday at 25\(^1\)8c. as against 25\(^1\)8c. the close on Friday of last week.

The spot price for cotton here in New York closed on Thursday at 9.18c. as against 8.87c. the close on Friday of last week. The spot price for rubber on Thursday was 17.08c. as against 17.03c. the close on Friday of last week. Domestic copper closed on Thursday at 11½c., the close on Friday of last week.

In London the price of bar silver on Thursday was 19⁵/₈ pence per ounce as against 19¹/₂ pence per ounce the close on Friday of last week, and spot silver in New York closed on Thursday at 42³/₄c., the close on Friday of last week.

In the matter of the foreign exchanges, cable transfers on London closed on Thursday at \$4.73 13-16 as against \$4.76½, the close on Friday of last week, and cable transfers on Paris closed on Thursday at 2.64½c. as against 2.66 5-16c., the close on Friday of last week.

European Stock Exchanges

RREGULAR tendencies prevailed this week on stock exchanges in the leading European financial centers. The London market had a strong and active tone, owing in large part to the speculative stimulus supplied by the conservative trend of the elections in the United States. It has been the custom in London for some time to look toward America for leadership in world economic trends, and immense encouragement was afforded by the indications on Tuesday that extreme measures of the New Deal no longer are palatable to the electorate. That business will improve in the United States was accepted as a foregone conclusion in the British market, and the natural assumption was that the benefits of such gains quickly will spread around the world. On the Paris market trading was listless and movements small, for a good deal of apprehension was apparent regarding new fiscal measures scheduled by the Finance Minister, Paul Reynaud, who recently took over the difficult task of directing French economic affairs from Paul Marchandeau. The closely controlled Berlin market also was dull, while further moves in Herr Hitler's international game were awaited. In view of the parallelism of Italian and German procedures, the Berlin Boerse probably found more than a little perturbing a Rome decree of last Monday extending to Italian industry the capital levy previously applied against owners of land and of securities in Italy.

On the London Stock Exchange a new account was opened last Monday, but the activity that usually develops on such occasions was lacking, pending clarification of political trends in the United States. Gilt-edged issues were in fair demand, and domestic industrial stocks held to former levels. There was a little demand for gold and base metal mining issues, but Anglo-American trading favorites were neglected and other international securities likewise were dull. Although American markets were closed on Tuesday, cheerful conditions prevailed in that session on the British exchange. British funds were steady, and some good features appeared among the industrial stocks. The mining group reflected insistent demand. In the Anglo-American division the tone was good. Election results in the United States impressed the London market in a highly favorable manner, Wednesday, and all departments reflected the greater optimism. Gilt-edged securities were marked slightly higher, while larger gains appeared in the industrial section. Mining stocks held their previous advances. The Anglo-American department was the feature of the London market, however, with sharp spurts apparent in all issues. Gilt-edged issues improved in a cheerful session on Thursday, while wide gains appeared in British industrial stocks. Transatlantic securities were subjected to profit-taking.

Trading on the Paris Bourse was active last Monday, and prices were marked generally higher, owing to a growing impression that the troublesome problem of State finances would be tackled realistically by the new Finance Minister, and a start made

toward adjustment of the many economic dislocations occasioned by the French New Deal. Rentes were in demand, and French equities of all descriptions advanced briskly. International stocks were neglected, as they always are when the French feel confident about their own securities. Rising prices again were the rule on Tuesday at Paris, but buying was less intensive. Rentes continued to forge ahead, while advances were noted both in French equities and in international securities. Some inquiry again appeared for gold-mining issues, indicating waning confidence in the franc. The dealings on Wednesday were marked by profit-taking and a general decline of values in rentes and French equities. International issues came into demand as inquiry waned for domestic issues. Although faced by a three-day Armistice Day suspension, the Bourse improved Thursday. Rentes and French equities were in best demand.

Little business was done on the Berlin Boerse in the initial session of the week, and levels were not much changed. Although the economic route down the Danube now appears to be open to German enterprise, traders and investors appeared inclined to await fresh developments in the international political and economic spheres. Small and irregular fluctuations reflected the prevailing uncertainty. another dull session on Tuesday, losses were slightly more pronounced than gains, but all movements were small. Heavy industrial stocks lost a little ground, but gains in a few specialties offset such variations. Fixed-interest issues hardly varied, with the tone soft. The market situation at Berlin was unchanged Wednesday, for apathy again prevailed. Small losses outnumbered the equally small gains, both in equities and in fixed-income securities. Prices drifted lower at Berlin Thursday. Leading issues were off one to three points, and fixed-income securities also lost ground.

Royal Visit

ONDON dispatches of Tuesday made it clear that King George VI and Queen Elizabeth have accepted an invitation from President Roosevelt to visit the United States when they make their previously announced journey to Canada next summer. The British monarch made the disclosure in his speech from the throne, and he expressed warm satisfaction over this practical expression of the good feeling that prevails between Great Britain and the United States. Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain remarked in a subsequent debate that the visit to the United States will be one of "outstanding importance." The coming occasion, which will be the first on which a British sovereign has set foot on our soil, will enable the King and Queen to "carry with them a warm message of goodwill from the people of these islands to the great republic of the New World," Mr. Chamberlain added. President Roosevelt contented himself with a brief announcement from his Hyde Park, N. Y., residence, that he felt "very happy" about the prospective visit. The State Department in Washington referred questioners to the presidential statement, leaving with some of them the impression that the visit will be personal, rather than official.

The proposed journey of the British royal couple to the United States may well be a matter of gratification in some respects, but in others it can hardly

fail to raise fresh doubts as to the haphazard foreign policy being pursued at Washington. King George and his consort have endeared themselves to Englishspeaking people everywhere by their admirable conduct during the two trying years since they ascended the British throne in difficult circumstances. In so far as their visit actually can be regarded as personal and unofficial, it is to be hoped that an unstinted welcome will be extended by all the people of the United States. Some question necessarily will exist, however, regarding the real significance in international affairs of a journey that has no precedent and that may be all too easily subject to misinterpretation by the people of other countries, and also by those of the two nations directly concerned. If the impression is permitted to grow that the good relations between the two countries are developing into an alliance, or that the interests of either country will be defended by the other, then a distinct and perhaps fatal disservice will have been done. Plainly, it behooves the authorities on both sides of the Atlantic to emphasize the purely personal character of the visit and to indicate beyond doubt that no arrangement directed against a third Power or any combination of Powers is intended or desired.

The Americas

LTHOUGH a clear statement of American for-A eign policy is highly necessary in the present confused state of the world, only fragmentary disclosures are being made at Washington, and those fragments are rather obvious. The unity of the American republics was urged in an international radio broadcast last Sunday by Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State. This long-standing program may need occasional reiteration, but insistence upon it adds nothing to general knowledge of the Administration aims. In the meantime the country is being deluged with news of armaments increases in all branches of defense. Naval building is to be hastened and construction facilities that long have been idle once again are being put to use. The American air force, according to rumors current in Washington, will be increased to an extraordinary extent. Army airplanes alone are to number 7,000 to 10,000, if the forecasts of Administration plans are correct. Equipment for a "nucleus" army of 400,000 men is to be assembled, other dispatches state. These measures may be necessary, but the American people surely are entitled to better information as to the essential meaning of the program, since they will have to pay the bills in ever higher taxation. A considerable degree of uneasiness as to the foreign policy is more than justified, for the record still holds the unrepudiated "quarantine" speech made by Mr. Roosevelt a year ago, and also his more recent and hardly less puzzling assurance that Canada will be defended by the United States against any attack that may develop from outside the British Empire.

The address made by Mr. Welles last Sunday was preliminary to the Inter-American Conference which is to assemble at Lima, Peru, on Dec. 9. Precisely because of the chaotic state of the world, that gathering will be of inestimable significance and will provide an opportunity for demonstrating the lack of suspicion or misunderstanding in the relations of the American republics, Mr. Welles remarked.

Previous comments by Secretary Hull, as to the need for observing treaties, were echoed by the State Department official, and the latest statement by President Roosevelt against hatred, persecution and force, was quoted outright. With respect to inter-American relations, Mr. Welles declared that Washington is attempting to foster in all respects the natural ties and mutual interests of the 21 American republics. Specific projects dealing with many subjects in the economic, financial, social and educational fields are under study and will be carried out as expeditiously as possible, he said. With bland disregard for some of the unfortunate measures of countries like Mexico and Panama, and the all but universal wave of defaults on dollar bonds, Mr. Welles asserted that the other American nations show the same interest and desire for healthy cooperation as is shown here in the United States. Underlying all of the complex pattern of international relations is the basic need for a real understanding among peoples, he remarked. Nation," Mr. Welles said in conclusion, "we will assure ourselves that we are in a position to defend ourselves from all aggression from whatever source it may arise, and prepared to join with our fellowdemocracies of the New World in preserving the Western Hemisphere safe from any threat of attack."

Europe Settles Down

CIGNS now are beginning to appear of a more Inearly normal course of political development in Europe than was common during the recurrent crises of the last few years. Whatever the future may hold, fears of an immediate world war have diminished to a remarkable degree since little Czechoslovakia was thrown to the land-hungry nations of Central Europe. The last stage of Czech dismemberment was carried out without a hitch beginning last Saturday, when Hungarian troops marched into the area allocated to Budapest by the German and Italian "arbitrators." Chancellor Hitler again warned the world that he is not finished with his demands, but confidence seems to prevail that the colonial question will not be pushed to the verge of warfare, for the time being at least. In an address at Munich, Tuesday, the German dictator remarked that it "only remains for us to agree over colonies which were taken away from us on pretexts contrary to justice." On this, as on other occasions, Herr Hitler fulminated about "war agitators" in other countries, but such comments can only be regarded as intended for home consumption. The British and French Governments, meanwhile, appear to have plans in mind for completing an adjustment of European affairs calculated to keep the peace of Europe. It was made known in London, late last week, that Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain and Foreign Secretary Lord Halifax have accepted an invitation to visit Paris on Nov. 23 for talks with Premier Edouard Daladier and his associates. This conversation probably will be preliminary to further talks with Herr Hitler and Premier Mussolini, on the general question of European appeasement.

Soviet Russia

SOVIET Russian authorities finally have broken the silence on international affairs which they observed for weeks after the European crisis re-

solved itself in the dismemberment of the Russian ally, Czechoslovakia, and the denunciation by Prague of the anti-aggression treaty between the two countries. One of those vast celebrations that mark the establishment of the Soviet Union was staged in Moscow last Monday, on the twenty-first anniversary of the communist regime. An enormous parade of military strength signalized the event. On the eve of the celebration Premier Vyacheslaff M. Molotoff declared at a Soviet rally that Russia now is prepared to fight alone against all enemies, whether in the East or the West. No reference was made to the alliance with France, which now is considered by international authorities as hanging in the balance, but Premier Molotoff indicated that Soviet plans are being made apart from that agreement. With usual references to "capitalist encirclement," the Premier promised that additions to armaments will continue. "If anyone doubts our strength, let him try us," M. Molotoff continued. "We will answer every blow by an aggressor, whether in the East or in the West, by double and triple blows." At Munich, he added, the British and German Governments compelled France to renounce her pact with Czechoslovakia, and the European Big Four then made the Czechs give in to Germany, Poland and Hungary. "The second world war already has begun," the Soviet Premier asserted. "The fascist Powers wage open war and the democratic Powers do nothing. The reason they do nothing is because the democratic Powers are more afraid of the workers' movement than of the fascist Powers."

Spanish War

NSURGENT forces in Spain were able to claim some sizable advances this week in the offensive against the perilously advanced positions held by the loyalists since last July, on the western bank of the Ebro River. Smarting continuously under the defeat administered by the loyalists last summer, the insurgents have attempted on many occasions to find a weak spot for fracture of the Government lines and recovery of the trans-Ebro salient. The offensive which they started two weeks ago apparently succeeded in this respect, for the loyalist lines were rolled back to the stream in heavy fighting. By last Monday General Francisco Franco was able to claim the recapture of Mora de Ebro, key town in the loyalist defense of the area. The Government troops attempted a diversion through an attack on the insurgent lines acress the Segre River, and in turn they appear to have achieved a considerable measure of military success. Fearful of extensive movements against their exposed flanks, the insurgents on Tuesday opened floodgates in the mountains that washed heavy streams down into the Segre. The loyalists denied, however, that the rising waters had impeded their operations. These movements have a certain importance, but in general it would seem that both sides are maneuvering for positions during the long winter months, when weather conditions make a virtual suspension of military operations necessary. There is still no definite indication of intentions that may be entertained with regard to Spain in the high European circles that lately arranged for the dismemberment of Czechoslovakia, and a degree of anxiety continues to prevail on this score.

China and Japan

LTHOUGH the Japanese military and naval forces now are in possession of a vast area of China proper, the invaders have resumed operations against the Chinese far in the interior, with the evident object of reducing the entire country to their The international aspects of the Japanese conquest remain dubious, however, and doubtless will plague international relations for a long time to come. Secretary of State Cordell Hull reiterated in Washington, late last week, his contention that the Nine-Power Treaty guaranteeing the territorial integrity of China remains in full effect. The Japanese authorities took umbrage at the statement, and intimated this week that retaliatory measures might be instituted against the United States. Difficulties presented by the accord apparently are too much even for Japanese diplomatists, for on Tuesday reports came from Tokio to the effect that the treaty would not be denounced but would be permitted to "die a natural death." There are indications that the issue of the pact will be raised by the British, French and United States Governments in formal representations at Tokio. It is questionable, however, whether the Japanese will be impressed by such diplomatic approaches by nations that calmly stood by while all their interests in China were being destroyed by the ever-advancing troops sent over from Japan.

Notwithstanding the enormous strains already endured by the Japanese people in the prosecution of the undeclared war against China, arrangements were made by the Japanese militarists this week to continue their endeavors. Other countries were notified that another great area west of Hankow now must be regarded as a war zone. No section of China now is to be regarded as safe from Japanese airplanes, it was added. The invaders promptly made these threats effective by dispatching river craft up the Yangtze from Hankow, and by airplane bombing of cities in the western Province of Szechwan. Chinese defense forces were reported to be reforming far in the interior, and it was indicated that there is no slpit between the forces of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and those of the communist commanders who gave able assistance throughout the defense of the last 16 months. In the huge area conquered by Japan during the latest assault on China only nominal control exists by the invaders. Guerrilla warfare remains the rule over most of the territory, and the passive resistance at which the Chinese are adept also prevails. The conquerors began to take practical steps, however, toward exploitation of the Chinese. The formation was announced in Tokio, Monday, of the Central China Development Co., with a capital of 100,000,000 yen, to put the great resources of China to Japanese uses. Officials of the new company promptly declared that there will be no interference with existing interests of other foreigners in China, but such declarations are entirely meaningless.

Palestine

FRESH attempts to solve the problem posed by the mutual antagonism of Arabs and Jews in the British mandated area of Palestine were announced in London, Wednesday, in the form of a Government statement presaging conferences in the British capital for adjustment of all differences.

The statement indicated that the plans for a division of Palestine between the opposing and war-like factions are to be laid aside, pending the outcome of the discussions. In the meantime the British Government will maintain the mandate, and other countries are assured that London will keep constantly in mind the international nature of the question. But a warning is added that failure of the London discussions to produce an agreement acceptable to all concerned would be followed by a decision on the part of the British Government "in the light of their examination of the problem and of the discussions in London." Political, administrative and economic difficulties involved in the proposal to partition the country and create independent Arab and Jewish States are so great that the proposal had to be abandoned, the report admitted. While this statement on Palestine was being elaborated, British troops continued their methodical pacification of the mandated area. Fresh outbursts of rioting occurred here and there, but a marked decline was noted in the wanton killings that were common during the months preceding the British insistence upon peace and a negotiated settlement. Finding their organized military activities increasingly dangerous, the Arabs turned rather to burning and pillage, and even such incidents seemed on the decrease this week.

Discount Rates of Foreign Central Eanks

THERE have been no changes during the week in the discount rates of any of the foreign central banks. Present rates at the leading centers are shown in the table which follows:

Country	Rate in Effect Nov.10	Date	Pre- vious Rate	Country	Rate in Effect Nov.10	Date	Pre- vious Rate
Argentina.	314	Mar. 1 1936	14117	Holland	2	Dec. 2 1936	234
Batavia	4	July 1 1935	434	Hungary	4	Aug. 24 1935	436
Belglum	214	Oct 26 1938	3	India	3	Nov. 29 1935	334
Bulgaria	6	Aug. 15 1935	7	Italy	434	May 18 1936	5
Canada	236	Mar. 11 1935		Japan	3.29	Apr. 6 1936	3.65
Chile	4	Jan. 24 1935	436	Java	3	Jan. 14 1937	4
Colombia	4	July 18 1933	5	Lithuania	534	July 1 1936	6
Czechoslo-				Morocco	636	May 28 1935	436
vakia	3	Jan. 1 1936	314	Norway	314	Jan. 5 1938	4
Danzig	4	Jan. 2 1937	5	Poland	436	Dec. 17 1937	5
Denmark	4	Oct. 19 1936	314	Portugal	4	Aug. 11 1937	436
Eire	3	June 30 1932	314	Rumania	436	Dec. 7 1934	6
England	2	June 30 1932	214	South Africa	314	May 15 1933	436
Estonia	5	Sept. 25 1934	516	Spain		July 10 1935	5
Finland	4	Dec. 4 1934	436	Sweden	234	Dec. 1 1933	3
France	3	Sept. 27 1938	234	Switzerland	136	Nov. 25 1936	2
Germany	4	Sept. 30 1932	5	Yugoslavia.	5	Feb. 1 1935	634
Greece	6	Jan. 4 1937	7				

Foreign Money Rates

IN LONDON open market discount rates for short bills on Thursday were ½@9-16%, as against ½@9-16% on Friday of last week, and 9-16% for three-month bills, as against 9-16% on Friday of last week. Money on call at London on Friday was ½%. At Paris the open market rate remains at 3½% and in Switzerland at 1%.

Bank of England Statement

THE statement for the week ended Nov. 9 showed a loss of £1,260,000 in note circulation which, brought the total outstanding down to £482,690,000, compared with £485,573,284 a year ago. As the decline in circulation was attended by a slight decrease of £15,899 in gold holdings, reserves rose £1,245,000. Public deposits increased £1,805,000 while other deposits declined £916,382. The latter consists of bankers' accounts which gained £16,070 and other accounts which lost £932,452. The proportion of reserves to liabilities is now at 27.9%; a week ago it was 27.3% and a year ago it was 26.9%. Government securities fell off £815,000 while other

securities rose £488,633. Of the latter amount £654,-000 was an increase in discounts and advances and £165,367 a decline in securities. The discount rate remains unchanged at 2%. Below we furnish the different items with comparisons for previous years:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Nov. 9, 1938	Nov. 10, 1937	Nov. 11, 1936	Nov. 13, 1935	Nov. 14, 1934
	£	£	£	£	£
Circulation	482,690,000	485.572.284	446,622,473	401,449,420	378,875,640
Public deposits	15,937,000		14.915.895	15.808.545	20.930.142
Other deposits	145,001,863	127,003,172	139,627,226	129,566,858	134,641,161
Bankers' accounts.	109.497.834	90,908,990		92,886,752	97.876.448
Other accounts	35,504,029			36,700,106	36,764,713
Government securs	101 571.164				79.051.413
Other securities	32.082.000				
Disc't & advances.					
Securities	20.979.005				
Reserve notes & coin.	45.016.000	42,361,993	62,951,165		
Coin and bullion		327,935,277	249,573,638	197.376.683	192,638,338
Proportion of reserve		021,000,211	210,010,000	201,010,000	100,000,000
to liabilities	27.9%	26.9%	40.70%	38.47%	47.41%
Bank rate	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

Bank of France Statement

HE weekly statement dated Nov. 3 showed an increase in note circulation of 111,000,000 francs, which brought the total outstanding up to 110,557,000,000 francs. Notes in circulation a year ago aggregated 91,891,193,150 francs and the year before 86,718,819,750 francs. An increase also appeared in credit balances abroad of 7,000,000 francs and in advances against securities of 184,000,000 francs. The Bank's gold holdings now total 55,808,-329,303 francs, compared with 55,805,022,187 francs last year. The reserve ratio rose slightly to 40.71%; a year ago it was 51.27% and two years ago, 64.46%. French commercial bills discounted registered a sharp decrease of 2,115,000,000 francs and creditor current accounts of 935,000,000 francs. Following are the different items with comparisons for previous years:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Mainto di Au	Changes for Week	Nov. 3, 1938	Nos. 4, 1937	Nov. 6, 1936
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings	+783	55.808.329.303	55.805.022.187	64.358.742.140
Credit bals, abroad.	+7,000,000			
a French commercial	1 1 1000 1000	20,000,000	21,100,1,000	-,00.,000
bills discounted	-2 115 000 000	13.804.000.000	9.553.262.230	6.352,263,071
b Bills bought abr'd	-,220,000,000	750,000,000		
Adv. agst. securities	+184,000,000			
Note circulation		110557,000,000		
Credit, curr. acc'ts.		26,534,000,000		
c Temp. advs. with-	930,000,000	20,334,000,000	10,044,007,078	10,121,000,000
out int. to State	No change	48,133,649,244	26 918 460 497	12 302 601 962
Propor'n of gold on	740 Onsinge	10,100,010,011	20,010,100,101	12,002,001,002
hand to sight liab.	+0.24%	40.71%	51.27%	64.46%

a Includes bills purchased in France. b Includes bills discounted abroad. c Authorized by convention of June 18, 1936, laws of June 23, 1936, convention of June 30, 1937, and decree of June 29, 1938. The last increased the June 30, 1937 allowance of 20,000,000 francs to 30,000,000,000 francs, of which 18,050,000,000 francs have been taken.

Since the statement of June 29, 1937, gold valuation has been at rate of 43 mg gold, 0.9 fine, per franc; previous to that time and subsequent to Sept. 26, 1936, gold valuation was 49 mg. per franc; prior to Sept. 26, 1936, there were 65.5 mg of gold to the france.

Bank of Germany Statement

HE statement for the first quarter of November showed a reduction in note circulation of 330,-400,000 marks, which brought the total outstanding down to 7,423,400,000 marks. Circulation a year ago totaled 5,025,008,000 marks and the year before 4,471,501,000 marks. A decline also appeared in deposits abroad of 25,000 marks, in bills of exchange and checks of 522,900,000 marks, in investments of 1,700,000 marks, in other daily maturing obligations of 122,500,000 marks and in other liabilities of 1,-922,000 marks. No change was shown in the Bank's gold holdings, the total remaining at 70,773,000 marks. The reserve ratio is now at 1.03%, compared with 1.51% last year and 1.55% the previous year. Reserves in foreign currency, silver and other coin, advances, and other assets recorded increases of 100,000 marks, 15,372,000 marks, 9,900,000 marks and 53,150,000 marks respectively. Below we furnish the various items with comparisons for previous years:

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	Nov. 7, 1938	Nov. 6, 1937	Nov. 9, 1936
Assets-	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks
Gold and bullion	No change	70.773.000	70.111.000	64,210,000
Of which depos, abr'd	-25.000			28.093.000
Res've in for'n currency	+100.000		5,940,000	5,014,000
Bills of exch. and checks	-522,900,000	7,020,958,000	5,249,075,000	4,640,869,000
Silver and other coin	+15.372.000		137,298,000	
Advances	+9.900.000	32,907,000	39,870,000	29,540,000
Investments	-1.700.000	847.915.000	397,408,000	523,864,000
Other assets	+53,150,000	1,307,272,000	747,474,000	573,888,000
Notes in circulation	-330,400,000	7,423,400,000	5.025.008.000	4.471.501.000
Oth. daily matur. oblig.	-122.500.000		671.661.000	
Other liabilities Proporn' of gold & for'n	-1,922,006		307,350,000	269,243,000
curr. to note circul'n.	+0.05%	1.03%	1.51%	1.55%

New York Money Market

THE New York money market was routine and dull this week, with the two holiday suspensions decreasing business even below the modest levels current as a rule in our era of controlled money and extremely cheap rates. Bankers' bill and commercial paper trading was at a minimum, with rates unchanged. Even the usual sale of Treasury bills was lacking, since this week's issue was marketed late last week in anticipation of the holiday suspensions of business. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange held to 1% for all transactions, whether renewals or new loans. Time loans were continued at 1¼% for maturities to 90 days, and 1½% for four to six months' datings.

New York Money Rates

DEALING in detail with call loan rates on the Stock Exchange from day to day, 1% was the ruling quotation all through the week for both new loans and renewals. The market for time money continues quiet. The only transactions reported were occasional renewals at rates previously reported. Rates continued nominal at 1½% up to 90 days and 1½% for four to six months maturities. The market for prime commercial paper has been moderately active this week. Paper has been available in fair supply and the demand has been good. Rates are unchanged at 58@34% for all maturities.

Bankers' Acceptances

THE market for prime bankers' acceptances has been very quiet this week. Few bills have been coming out and the demand has dropped off. Three has been no change in rates. Dealers' rates as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for bills up to and including 90 days are ½% bid and 7-16% asked; for bills running for four months, 9-16% bid and ½% asked; for five and six months, 5%% bid and 9-16% asked. The bill-buying rate of the New York Reserve Bank is ½% for bills running from 1 to 90 days. The Federal Reserve Bank's holdings of acceptances increased from \$541,000 to \$545,000.

Discount Rates of the Federal Reserve Banks

THERE have been no changes this week in the rediscount rates of the Federal Reserve banks. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate in Effect on Nov. 10	Date Established	Previous Kate
Boston	114	Sept. 2, 1937	2
New York Philadelphia	11/	Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 4, 1937	11%
Cleveland	114 114 114 114 114	May 11, 1935	2
Richmond	11/2	Aug. 27, 1937	2
Atlanta	11/2	Aug. 21, 1937	2
Chicago	1%	Aug. 21, 1937	2
St. Louis	136	Sept. 2, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937	2
Kansas City	11%	Sept. 3, 1937	2
Dallas	11/4	Aug. 31, 1937	2
San Francisco	114	Sept. 3, 1937	1 2

Course of Sterling Exchange

STERLING exchange, the entire foreign exchange market, and all financial markets have been listless during the past week. The tendency both here and abroad has been to await the outcome of the elections here. On Tuesday, Election Day, there was no market in New York, and on Friday, Armistice Day, markets generally were closed both here and abroad. The range for sterling this week has been between \$4.735% and \$4.76 9/16 for bankers' sight bills, compared with a range of between \$4.751% and \$4.761% last week. The range for cable transfers has been between \$4.73 11/16 and \$4.765%, compared with a range of between \$4.75 3/16 and \$4.765% last week.

There is a complete dearth of information relating to future monetary and economic trends abroad. In the reduced operation this week it is still clearly evident that the dollar is the most valued currency. Nevertheless business prospects are being viewed more hopefully in London, and the optimism is supported in some directions by actual facts.

The Federation of British Industries, in its forecast for the fourth quarter of this year, envisages the maintenance of the current level of trade activity, following dissipation of the immediate war fears and in view of the prospect of accelerated rearmament and of the recovery of business under way in the United States. British interests rely implicitly on this recovery, in the expectation that the Anglo-American trade agreement will soon be formulated and put in force, and that this agreement will improve Great Britain's balance of trade with respect to the United States.

British bankers' reports from the big industrial centers indicate as a rule some rise in trade in October, although the larger volume of new orders doubtless represents buying that was deferred during the recent European crisis.

The London money market is back to the so-called normal position that prevailed before the Munich crisis. But this position represents an artificially low rate basis induced by official policies. British Treasury bills are now being issued weekly at the usual rate of approximately ½%, while market discounts have reverted to within a few pence of that rate.

Clearing banks are operating with their customary freedom, and their deposits at the Bank of England have been completely restored to pre-crisis levels. This renewed confidence in the strength of British funds is shared by other gilt-edged securities in London.

However, reluctance is seen in the attitude of the investing public toward British industrial issues, although Mr. Chamberlain has made it clear that interference with industry resulting from rearmament expenditure and consequent defense borrowing and taxation will be substantially less than previously anticipated.

New capital offerings during October sank to the low total of £2,627,853, the smallest volume recorded during any month since 1931, and compare with £13,855,183 in October, 1937. They were only £1,648,504 in September, making the 10-month aggregate £95,699,454, compared with the total of £140,681,393 offered during the corresponding period of 1937.

Despite the most favorable interpretation that can be placed upon events, there is in the longer view not the slightest outlook for improvement in British overseas trade. Everywhere uneasiness is manifest respecting the British monetary position, with the result that money still continues to flow from London to the United States. It is true that the rate of this flow is less than a third of that witnessed during the September crisis, but the most favorable construction of the present slowing of the movement is that although the panic has subsided confidence has not been fully restored. Until Europe's estimates of the chances for peace become distinctly higher, the steady drift of capital to the United States seems likely to continue, with whatever added attraction the United States may offer through reviving trade and maintenance of its high favorable foreign trade balance.

Amsterdam bankers, whose views are representative of those held on the Continent, are distinctly of the opinion that the gold flow to the United States will continue. Many Europeans, including officials in charge of central bank operations, prefer to send part of their capital to the United States, and this policy is based on a continued distrust of the European situation and of the leading European currencies.

The attitude in Amsterdam is clearly reflected in the fact that the Netherlands gold stock earmarked abroad has increased since the middle of June by 226,000,000 guilders to 318,000,000 guilders, representing 21% of the Central Bank's gold stocks. Amsterdam further reflects confidence in the situation here and distrust of the trends abroad by constantly adding United States stocks to its trading list and by investments therein.

London money market rates are now quoted as follows: Two- and three-months' bills, 9/16%; fourmonths' bills, 19/32%, and six-months' bills, 3/4%. Fully two-thirds of the gold taken in the London open market this week is known to have been taken for transmission to the United States. On Saturday last there was on offer at the time of price-fixing £386,000; on Monday, £608,000; on Tuesday, £569,000; on Wednesday, £1,012,000, and on Thursday, £1,327,000.

At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week ended Nov. 9, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was as follows:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK, NOV. 3-NOV. 9, INCLUSIVE

Imports \$8,600,000 from England 1,760,000 from India \$10,360,000 Total

Exports None

Net Change in Gold Earmarked for Foreign Account Decrease: \$2,039,000 Note-We have been notified that approximately \$1,651,000 of gold was received at San Francisco from China

The above figures are for the week ended on Wednesday. On Thursday \$3,786,000 of gold was received from Canada. There were no exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account. On Friday, Armistice Day, no report was issued.

Canadian exchange is ruling firmer, with the discount less unfavorable to Canada. Montreal funds ranged during the week between a discount of 3/4% and a discount of 5/8%.

The following tables show the mean London check rate on Paris, the London open market gold price, and the price paid for gold by the United States:

MEAN LONDON CHECK RATE ON PARIS

Monday, Nov.	5178.77 7178.75 8178.71	Thursday,	Nov.	9178.83 10178.87 11
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LONDON OPEN MARKET GOLD PRICE

	Thursday,	Nov.	9146s. 3d. 10146s. 5½d. 11
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PRICE PAID FOR GOLD BY THE UNITED STATES

	(T TIP TITELT TOURS	man and ancestary	
	5\$35.00		
Monday, Nov.	7 35.00	Thursday, Nov.	10 35.00
Tuesday, Nov.	8Holiday	Friday, Nov.	11 Holiday

Referring to day-to-day rates, sterling exchange on Saturday last was quiet and steady. The range was \$4.75\%@\$4.76 for bankers' sight and \$4.76@ \$4.761/8 for cable transfers. On Monday the pound was slightly firmer in extremely limited trading. The range was \$4.75 11/16@\$4.76 9/16 for bankers' sight and \$4.753/4@\$4.765/8 for cable transfers. On Tuesday, Election Day, there was no market in New York; in London the dollar rate was quoted at \$4.75% for cables. On Wednesday the exchange market was dull, with an easy undertone. Bankers' sight was \$4.75 1/16@\$4.75\(\frac{3}{4}\); cable transfers, \$4.75½@\$4.75 13/16. On Thursday the market continued quiet. The range was \$4.735/8@\$4.74 13-16 for bankers' sight and \$4.73 11-16@\$4.747/8 for cable transfers. Closing quotations on Thursday were \$4.733/4 for demand and \$4.73 13-16 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at \$4.73½, 60day bills at \$4.72\%, 90-day bills at \$4.72\%, documents for payment (60 days) at \$4.723/4, and 7-day grain bills at \$4.731/4. Cotton and grain for payment closed at \$4.731/2.

Continental and Other Foreign Exchange

HE French franc situation shows at least a temporarily brighter outlook. This week the Paris Bourse showed advances of from ½ to 3 points in rentes, and domestic stocks rose about 5% on Tuesday, closing around the day's highs. In the early part of the week chemicals, steels, electricals and coal mining stocks advanced between 10% and 11%, and the franc was in demand in the foreign exchange market in London, Brussels and Amsterdam. Early next week, if not on Saturday, Nov. 12, Premier Daladier's economic decrees are expected to be promulgated when the new Finince Minister, M. Reynaud, is scheduled to make a radio broadcast outlining his plans.

The French market appears to be convinced that whatever steps are taken will be in the direction of increased industrial activity and cheaper money rates.

However, even in the light of the most favorable circumstances the fundamental situation is unchanged. M. Reynaud pointed out on Monday that he had finished his preparatory work, and that a balance sheet had been made. He disclosed that his findings were "very black." He evidently intended to convey the idea that this "blackness" will be made a warning to the country that there must be both sacrifices and discipline. His efforts will be to arouse the country to a sense of impending national disaster and to the indispensability of national unity if disaster is to be averted.

German marks have been showing a tendency toward weakness for some days, with the so-called free or gold mark ranging between 40.041/2 and 40.07½, par being 40.33. Commercial registered marks, also with a supposed par of 40.33, have been ruling between 17.72 and 18.30. Dispatches from Berlin clearly indicate that banking and commercial interests are concerned over the status of the mark. The problem of its value is linked with export subsidies and imports. Official economic authorities in Berlin, at a recent conference, made it clear that there will be an increase in the export subsidies, which are now estimated at 1,000,000,000 marks annually, to between 2,000,000,000 and 2,500,-000,000 marks, and that the subsidy on export items which now averages around 25% will be increased to a flat rate of approximately 45% on all categories. If this plan is put in force it will result, in effect, in the establishment of a devalued export Hitherto the export subsidy was paid largely either by Germany's foreign creditors with blocked mark accounts or by payment of foreign exports to Germany in Aski marks. According to new plans, the export mark would have to be paid largely by German business itself. The plan amounts to an indirect devaluation of the mark.

Italian lire are held steady through the control at Rome. An indication of the extreme financial difficulties in Italy is seen in a decree of the Cabinet on Nov. 7 imposing an extraordinary capital levy of 7½% on the capital of all partnerships and private companies whose gross earnings exceed \$526.50. It is estimated that the impost will yield \$63,180,000 yearly. The Cabinet justified the tax on the grounds that real estate owners and share companies already have been obliged to pay an extraordinary capital levy of 10%.

The Belgian currency continues to be the firmest of the Continental units, spot belgas ranging between 16.90¾ and 16.92. Par of the belga is 16.95. The National Bank of Belgium's statement has been reflecting increased gold holdings during the past several weeks. The gold stock on Nov. 3 stood at 3,370,300,000 belgas. Its ratio of gold to notes was 73.82%, and its ratio of gold to total sight liabilities was 66.88%. The Bank's rate of rediscount continues at 2½%.

Polish exchange is one of the minor currencies dealt in on the New York market. Par of the zloty is 18.99, and the rate has long been steady at around 18.85. Interest attaches to the unit at this time because of the presidential decree issued on Nov. 7 to tighten the foreign exchange regulations, especially forbidding the export of gold, platinum and precious stones.

The following table shows the relation of the leading European currencies to the United States dollar:

and and designation of	Old Dollar	New Dollar	Range
	Parity	Parity a	This Week
b c France (franc)	3.92	6.63	2.64 1/4 to 2.66 11-16
Belgium (belga)	_ 13.90	16.95	16.90% to 16.92
Italy (lira)	- 5.26	8.91	5.261/s to 5.261/2
Switzerland (franc)	_ 19.30	32.67	22.64 to 22.691/2
Holland (guilder)	_ 40.20	68.06	54.28 to 54.40

a New dollar parity as before devaluation of the European currencies between Sept. 30 and Oct. 3, 1936.

b Franc cut from gold and allowed to "float" on June 30, 1937.
c On May 5, 1938, the franc was devalued on a de facto basis of 179 francs to the pound, or 2.79 cents a franc.

The London check rate on Paris closed on Thursday at 178.87 against 178.77 on Friday of last week. In New York sight bills on the French center finished on Thursday at 2.64¾ against 2.66¼ on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 2.64⅓ against 2.66 5-16. Antwerp belgas closed at 16.91¼ for bankers' sight bills and at 16.91¼ for cable transfers, against 16.92 and 16.92. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 40.06 for bankers' sight bills and 40.06 for cable transfers, in comparison with

40.06 and $40.06\frac{1}{2}$. Italian lire closed at $5.26\frac{1}{8}$ for bankers' sight bills and at $5.26\frac{1}{4}$ for cable transfers, against 5.26 and $5.26\frac{1}{4}$. Exchange on Czechoslovakia finished at 3.44, against $3.44\frac{1}{4}$; on Bucharest at 0.74, against $0.74\frac{1}{2}$; on Poland at 18.85, against 18.85; and on Finland at 2.10, against $2.10\frac{1}{2}$. Greek exchange closed at $0.87\frac{1}{4}$, against $0.87\frac{3}{8}$.

XCHANGE on the countries neutral during the L war presents no new features of importance. These currencies are strongly inclined to move in sympathy with sterling, although the Holland guilder and Swiss franc are independent of the pound, from which they were detached on Sept. 26. Whatever apparent weakness there is in either the Swiss franc or the Holland guilder is due to the activity in those markets in American securities. Amsterdam reports a constant demand for American issues and the neglect of practically other foreign shares. Dutch imports for the past 10 months aggregated 1,180,000,000 guilders against 1,285,000,000 guilders in the corresponding period last year. Exports for the 10 months totaled 865,-000,000 guilders compared with 952,000,000 guilders last year. Amsterdam banking interests seem to be strongly of the opinion that gold will continue to flow to the United States for some time.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Thursday at 54.29, against 54.39 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 54.29, against 54.39½; and commercial sight bills at 54.24, against 54.35. Swiss francs closed at 22.63¾ for checks and at 22.63¾ for cable transfers, against 22.68 and 22.68. Copenhagen checks finished at 21.15 and cable transfers at 21.15, against 21.25 and 21.25. Checks on Sweden closed at 24.40½ and cable transfers at 24.40½, against 24.52½ and 24.52½; while checks on Norway finished at 23.80½ and cable transfers at 23.80½, against 23.92 and 23.92.

EXCHANGE on the South American countries is on the whole steady and but little affected by the dollar-sterling rate. The Argentine Government decreed on Nov. 7 that the official rate of the peso shall be 17 instead of 16 pesos to the pound sterling. Permits already granted may be liquidated at the old rate until Dec. 31. Beginning on Dec. 1 permits must be obtained in advance for all imports.

There is a determined move afoot in Washington by the Farm Administration to make an aggressive attempt to move wheat into South American markets in direct competition with grain from Argentina. It is planned to trade United States wheat for Brazilian coffee.

On Nov. 6 Sr. Fernando Guedes, President of the Brazilian National Coffee Department in Rio de Janeiro denied that Brazil would trade coffee for United States wheat. Brazil, he pointed out, already sells to the United States all the coffee it wants for cash, and trading coffee for wheat would not increase the United States market. Private dealers may plan a barter arrangement, he said, but he would block such an attempt. "When Brazil wants wheat," Sr. Guedes said, "she will purchase it for cash as hitherto. Barter trading, especially with coffee, would be tantamount to an attempt to commit national suicide."

Argentine paper pesos closed on Thursday at 31.60 for bankers' sight bills, against 31.73 on Friday of last

week; cable transfers at 31.60, against 31.73. The unofficial or free market close was 23.60, against 25.00@25.10. Brazilian milreis are quoted at 5.90 (official), against 5.90. Chilean exchange is quoted at 5.19 (official), against 5.19. Peru is nominally quoted at 21.00, against 21.00.

XCHANGE on the Far Eastern countries presents no new features of importance. These units move in close sympathy with sterling, to which they are allied. A few days ago the largest shipment of Chinese silver from London since the Chinese Government began selling silver to this country a year ago came to New York consigned to the Federal Reserve Bank. The number of ounces was not disclosed, but the shipment consisted of 4,640 boxes of silver coin, 620 boxes of silver bars, 2,769 silver bars, and 138 drums of silver coin.

Closing quotations for yen checks Thursday were 27.63, against 27.75 on Friday of last week. Hongkong closed at 29.60@29 13-16, against 29.68@ 29 13-16; Shanghai at 16.00, against 15 15-16@ 16 1-16; Manila at 49.90; against 49.90; Singapore at 55½, against 55½; Bombay at 35.43, against 35.56; and Calcutta at 35.43, against 35.56.

Gold Bullion in European Banks

HE following table indicates the amounts of gold bullion (converted into pounds sterling at par of exchange) in the principal European banks as of respective dates of most recent statements, reported to us by special cable Thursday; comparisons are shown for the corresponding dates in the previous four years:

Banks of-	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934
44 27 77	£	£	£	£	£
England	327,706,541	327,935,277	249,573,638	197,376,683	192,638,388
France	293,728,237	293,710,643	391,871,164	570,581,858	657,137,895
Germany b.	3,006,950	2,502,800	1,815,850	3,303,650	2,848,000
Spain	c63,667,000	87,323,000	88,092,000	90,329,000	90,647,000
Italy	a25.232.000	25,232,000	42,575,000	42.575,000	66.712.000
Netherlands	123,420,000	112.887.000	47,491,000	49.066.000	73,547,000
Nat. Belg	94.802.000	96,494,000	104.714.000	98,553,000	73.941.000
Switzerland.	114.928.000	78,269,000	80,766,000	46,707,000	68,229,000
Sweden	32,816,000	26,036,000	24,243,000	21,349,000	15,685,000
Denmark	6.537.000	6.547.000	6,553,000		7,336,000
Norway	8,205,000	6,602,000	6,603,000	6,602,000	6,580,000
Total week.	1,094,048,728	1.063.538.720	1.044.297.652	1.132.998.191	1.255 542 133
Prev. week.	1.092,492,374	1.061.618.683	1 044 138 843	1 137 155 545	1 258 221 814

a Amount held Dec. 31, 1936, latest figures available. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which is now reported at £525,700 c As of April 30, 1938, latest figure available. Also first report since Aug. 1, 1936.

The gold of the Bank of France was revalued on July 23, 1937, at 43 milligrams of gold, 0.9 fine, equal to one france; this was the second change in the gold's value within less than a year; the previous revaluation took place en Sept. 26, 1936, when the gold was given a value of 49 milligrams to the franc, as compared with 65.5 mgs, previously. On the basis of 65.5 mgs., approximately 125 france equaled £1 sterling at par; on basis of 49 mgs., about 165 france equaled £1 sterling, and at 43 mgs., there are about 190 france to £1.

The Roosevelt Foreign Policy

Except for a declaration of war or the ratification of treaties, custom, on a slender basis of constitutional warrant, entrusts to the President the direction of American foreign relations. With the passage of time his actual powers in this direction have become vast, and while much of his authority is exercised through or in the name of the Secretary of State, the Secretary is only the President's agent or spokesman, and what he says, writes or does is in effect the words or acts of the President himself. The President, accordingly, acting by himself or through the Secretary of State, has it in his power to determine whether the relations of the United States with foreign Powers, or with any of them, shall be friendly, strained or hostile, whether policies previously adopted, but for which he may not be responsible, shall be adhered to, modified or abandoned, whether international cooperation or

aloofness shall govern diplomacy in either theory or practice, or whether situations shall be so managed as to conduce to a peaceable settlement or bring the country to the verge of war. The reservation to Congress of the right to declare war does not in the least prevent the President from bringing about a situation in which war virtually exists or a formal declaration of war can be made to seem practically inevitable.

The policy, if it should be called such, that Mr. Roosevelt has been pursuing is such as to occasion a good deal of apprehension about the not distant future of American foreign relations. A number of significant things have happened in the international field since Mr. Roosevelt made his famous "quarantine" speech at Chicago. The clearly implied arraignment in that speech of Germany, Italy and Japan as treaty breakers and violators of international obligations, with the suggestion of a "quarantine" of lawless dictatorships by united democracies, startled the world with the prospect of something that might turn out to be a war of large proportions. The Brussels Conference, however, called by the League of Nations with the full approval of the United States to deal particularly with the Japanese policy toward China, showed itself more than cold to the "quarantine" idea, and that dangerous proposal, impracticable also from every point of view, appeared to have been placed on the shelf.

Meantime the political face of Europe and of a large part of the Far East has radically changed. Germany has freed itself from every important restriction imposed upon it by the Treaty of Versailles, has annexed Austria and large parts of Czechoslovakia, and is admittedly the most powerful and politically the most influential State in Europe. Italy has successfully completed its Ethiopian conquest, materially strengthened and improved its position in the Mediterranean and the Near East by a treaty with Great Britain whose ratification the British Parliament has just approved, and formed with Germany a Berlin-Rome "axis" around which the joint interests of the two dictatorships successfully revolve. Poland has taken a leaf from the book of German political policy and recovered substantial parts of Czechoslovakia, and Hungary, with open Italian backing and apparent German approval, is in process of reducing still farther what is left of Czechoslovak territory. The Little Entente, created under French influence to bar the territorial recovery of Germany and dominated by the patchwork State of Czechoslovakia, has ceased to be of any political importance, and everywhere in Eastern Europe the racial minorities are demanding recognition in place of the treatment, much less intelligent than is given to pawns on the chess board, which the Peace Conference accorded them.

The changes in the Far East have been almost equally significant. Japan has steadily enlarged the area of its occupation in China, has isolated Hongkong by its occupation of Canton and nearby territory, has warned France, in no uncertain terms, to cease allowing supplies to enter China through Indo-China, and has given notice informally that it regards the Nine-Power Treaty as no longer in force. The danger of a Russo-Japanese war over a boundary question seems to have disappeared, at least for the time being, although to what extent because of fear of Japan or because of political changes in Europe cannot now be determined.

If a joint "quarantine" of any kind seemed impracticable and inadvisable when the Brussels Conference met, it must be regarded as wholly out of the question in view of the changed positions of Great Britain and France. The catastrophic collapse of British and French prestige in face of the demands of Chancellor Hitler, and the recognition by the British and French governments that war had to be avoided at any cost because neither of their countries was in a position to fight Germany, have made the pretensions of British and French democracy a laughing-stock in large parts of Europe, and shown the smaller and weaker democratic nations how little support they could rely upon if Nazism or Fascism took the offensive. Just how much importance is to be attached to Chancellor Hitler's recent declarations in favor of peace, or to the efforts of France to smooth the diplomatic path in its relations with Italy, or to the good effects of the Anglo-Italian treaty if it actually goes into operation it would be difficult to say, but it is clear that if good understanding is reached or increased it will be because Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini see political advantage in it, not because Mr. Chamberlain or M. Daladier have sought it.

Mr. Roosevelt's reaction to these new situations has been confusing. His notes to Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini at the height of the Czechoslovak crisis expressed a hope for a peaceable settlement of the controversy, but nothing has come from the White House or the Department of State expressive of interest in Mr. Chamberlain's policy of maintaining peace with dictators and dealing with them as rulers who could be trusted. On the contrary, on the few occasions in which European affairs have been referred to by Mr. Roosevelt or Secretary Hull the tone of hostility to dictators or their methods has been obvious, and the superior advantages of democracy have been emphasized. There is, of course, no reason why, if the subject was to be discussed, the democratic position should not have been defended, but it has been difficult to resist the conclusion that the speakers were going out of their way to remind the country and the world that the United States proposed to have neither part nor lot in any rapprochement between dictatorial and democratic systems.

One result has been an increased volume of sharp and often violent criticism of Mr. Roosevelt and the United States in the German and Italian press. Many of these attacks have been exaggerated and unseemly, although no more so than the attacks which sections of the American press have continued to make against Fascism or Nazism and their respective leaders. They cannot be dismissed, however, as private or wholly unofficial expressions of opinion because in both Germany and Italy the press is controlled, and what is said is said with Government acquiescence if not at Government inspiration. As far as the treatment of the American Government in the press of those two countries is concerned the tone and manner could hardly be worse, and the persistent attacks serve to widen the breach which Mr. Roosevelt pointed to with a great show of feeling when he talked about a "quarantine."

The seeds of future trouble appear also to have been planted in the American attitude toward

Japan. Passing over the irritating notes which Secretary Hull addressed to Japan during the first year and more of the Sino-Japanese war, attention should be called particularly to the situation presented by Japan's reported intention to regard the Nine-Power Treaty as obsolete, and its apparent purpose to restrict materially, if not to abrogate, the commercial privileges which a number of foreign Powers enjoy in China. The British Government is reported to have taken the position, informally at least, that it intended to maintain as friendly relations as possible with Japan, notwithstanding the advance in China, in the hope that a considerable part of the large British investment in China could be retained under Japanese control, and that it expected that opportunities for profit would develop in connection with plans for the rehabilitation of China. It apparently expects and plans, in other words, to continue doing business in China even though a large part of the country is conquered by Japan.

American policy appears to be quite different. The Department of State has formally demanded that the so-called "open door" in China shall remain open, and has let it be known that there will be no American acquiescence in the setting aside of the Nine-Power Treaty. The most pronounced opponent of Anglo-American cooperation cannot fail to see that such a divergence of policy between the United States and Great Britain would be greatly to the disadvantage of the American Government in the difficult Sino-Japanese situation, and might make Japan more bellicose because the United States could not successfully fight Japan alone.

Meantime the American armament program is being pressed. The country is entitled to know from Mr. Roosevelt against whom or what the enlarged navy and other war services and organizations are being prepared. Is he still thinking of applying some kind of "quarantine" to dictatorships notwithstanding that no other country in the world is in the least likely to help in the task? He has tried to commit the United States to the defense of Canada if the Dominion were attacked, and has allowed some inspiring remarks to be made about the unity of all the Americas and the obligation which the United States feels for the safety and prosperity of the Latin American States. Is he proposing to proclaim and uphold a magnified Monroe Doctrine even to the extent, perhaps, of resisting the recovery by Germany of any colonial possessions that would bring it nearer to South America? Or has he in mind the creation of a situation which may lead to a conflict with Japan over treaty claims in China, or over a Nine-Power Treaty which is rapidly becoming obsolete, or over the maintenance of an "open door" which has never been of any marked commercial advantage to the United States? Both Congress and the country are entitled to know whether the Administration has a foreign policy and, if so, what it is.

n Extraordinary Electoral Campaign

The political campaign that ended with Tuesday's elections presented a greater variety of incidents and features than any electoral contest in recent years has offered to the voters of the Nation or the States. Personal elements were injected in ways almost unknown to American politics, party lines were emphasized or disregarded in bewildering fashion, national issues took precedence widely over State issues, and a huge army of voters whose financial support comes from the Federal or State treasuries seemed to many to threaten the freedom of choice among candidates which the voters are expected to enjoy. There have been confused campaign pictures before, but it would be hard to find one so confusing as the one just closed, or one in which veteran machine politicians found it more hazardous to predict what the outcome of the voting might be.

The most striking personal feature of the campaign was undoubtedly the intervention of President Roosevelt in a number of State primaries and his appeal, near the end of the campaign, for votes for Governor Lehman and Senator Wagner in New York and for the support of "liberals" throughout the country. It was a novel thing to see a President calling upon the voters to defeat at the primaries members of the Senate and House of Representatives who had exercised their constitutional right to differ with him on questions of policy and to vote against legislation which he demanded, and the results at the primaries showed that the interference was resented. It was with only a formal semblance of propriety that Mr. Roosevelt interfered directly in the campaign in New York, and that semblance quickly disappeared when it became plain that his speech, thin and commonplace as it was, was addressed about as much to the voters of other States as to those of his own. Nothing has shown more clearly Mr. Roosevelt's evident desire to have a hand in everything political, and to make acceptance of his ideas the test of devotion to the country's welfare, than his strenuous effort to keep certain persons out of office and put others in, regardless of the effect upon the morale of voters who, because of his official prestige, might feel themselves coerced.

Mr. Roosevelt's attitude toward charges of corruption has been confusing and disheartening. It is many years since so large a volume of allegations of improper use of money or influence by or on behalf of Administration candidates for Congress has been accumulated as has shown itself this year, or since Federal officials whose offices dispense huge sums of money have been mentioned so prominently in a campaign. Not all the allegations, certainly, can be true, and some have apparently been disproved, but the new Congress has promise of a longer list of contested election cases than has been seen for a long time. Mr. Roosevelt, although willing to use all the influence of his high office to defeat his opponents, has shown surprisingly little interest in the allegations of misconduct in quarters supposedly favorable to him. A single sharp order from the White House, a straightforward statement to the country, and an unequivocal assurance of the prompt removal of any Federal office holder against whom even a reasonable suspicion of improper political conduct was found to rest would have cleared the air at the outset and kept it clear, but we must await the report of the Sheppard Committee of the Senate and the action of Congress before we can know how free the choices of the voters in some States have been.

The party situation, again, has been both confused and confusing. Within the Democratic party there

was, as there had been for some time, a conflict between an "old guard" minority, influential in party management out of proportion to its numbers, who looked with suspicion or positive aversion upon Mr. Roosevelt and his policies, and a majority ready to shout for the New Deal, vote any ticket that had White House approval, and take all the loaves and fishes that Washington could be induced to hand out. How much of this latter contingent sincerely accepts the New Deal as the embodiment of Democratic principles, and how much is merely a Roosevelt personal following it would be hard to say. The American Labor party, backed by John L. Lewis and his Committee for Industrial Organization, and numbering among its friends or supporters a good many Federal office holders and New Deal beneficiaries, was an uncertain factor partly because of the open hostility of leaders in some affiliated unions of the American Federation of Labor, and partly because of the fear that, with New Deal principles given a pronounced labor slant, many Democrats and Republicans might be induced to support it. The result of Tuesday's voting, especially in New York, is not such as to encourage a belief that the American Labor party has a very bright future in either the State or the national political fields.

The Republicans entered the congressional campaign under a handicap. The National Committee had failed to suggest a program of opposition that went beyond a few obvious generalities, and it was doubtful how far such recognized leaders as Senator Vandenberg or former President Hoover expressed. in their speeches, the general opinion of the party membership at large. The idea of fusion with anti-Administration Democrats or the American Labor party in the hope of winning an election contest here or there was repugnant, also, to Republicans who believed that the surest way to regain the influence which the party had lost was to reject all compromises. The success which the party attained on Tuesday was, accordingly, as surprising as it was gratifying. There had been a general expectation that the Republicans would make encouraging gains in Congress, but the most optimistic forecasters had not expected to see such extraordinary gains as 80 in the House of Representatives and at least eight in the Senate, or to have these supplemented by the winning of 11 or more governorships and substantial gains in various State Legislatures. It was known that the long-time grip of the La Follettes in Wisconsin had weakened and that the grandiose announcement of a third party which Governor Philip La Follette was to head had proved to be nothing more than a political splurge, but it was not expected that the Republicans would break the La Follette hold, as they did, or that the alliance of Democrats and the C. I. O. in Michigan would be overthrown and Governor Frank Murphy retired to private life.

New Deal die-hards may be counted upon to minimize the significance of the great Republican comeback, and insist that it was the Roosevelt brand of "liberalism" that triumphed notwithstanding that it was presented under different names. The meaning of the Republican success, however, is reasonably clear. It means that great numbers of voters, however much respect they may have for Mr. Roosevelt personally, are disgusted with his New Deal, his repeated attacks upon business and the integrity of business men, his colossal expenditures of public

money and increase of public debt, and the alarming growth of executive dictatorship for which he is responsible. It means that his attempt to hold the support of organized labor has failed, for the labor vote was split. It means that the farmers, in spite of subsidies and bounties, are in revolt, for the Democratic farmer vote fell off. It means that the weird aggregation of economic theorists, brain trusters, political and social radicals, and climbers and job-hunters who have had the ear of the President and been given opportunities to experiment on the American people are no longer regarded as advisers whose advice should be listened to. It means that average citizens of all classes who have been coddled, wheedled, coerced or hypnotized by the New Deal have broken away and marshaled their votes for candidates of the party which, in spite of its shortcomings, is the only one from which a return to sound government and a reasonable measure of prosperity is to be expected.

The responsibility which rests upon the Republicans in the new Congress, accordingly, is almost unprecedentedly heavy. The seats which they have won in unexpected numbers are not the fruit merely of Republican votes, for many independent Democrats are known or believed to have supported Republican candidates. The Republicans are still a minority party notwithstanding their great increase

in numerical strength, and already talk is rife of a coalition with independent Democrats to gain working control of the House of Representatives. It is in the sphere of coalition that the greatest danger to Republican influence in the net Congress and a clear party comeback in 1940 lies. The Republicans have a bad record of split votes in Congress on New Deal measures which the historical principles of the party condemn, and they have been as willing as the Democrats to support demands for increasingly lavish Federal expenditures. If a coalition is to mean in fact only an agreement to divide places, honors and spoils somewhat more evenly, instead of a beginning of the thorough house-cleaning that the New Deal structure needs, there will be little gain to the country from the Republican victories on Tuesday. The voters who gave their support to Republican candidates have a right to expect of their chosen representatives a vigorous, disciplined and principled opposition in Congress. If, by joining forces with independent Democrats, the control of the House can be wrested from the New Deal "yes-men" and the return to sensible practices in government begun, so much the better, but an end should be put to compromise if the marked return of confidence with which the voters surprised the country on Tuesday is to do the Republican party any permanent good.

The New Capital Flotations in the United States During the Month of October and for the First Ten Months of the Calendar Year 1938

New capital flotations in October reached a grand total of \$762,948,132 for the month as against \$238,310,402 recorded for September, \$415,179,181 for August, \$470,208,890 for July, \$511,614,398 for June, \$219,587,172 for May, \$352,-212,019 for April. During the months comprising the first quarter of the year it is found that March accounted for a grand total of \$245,747,393, February showed \$200,518,612 of new issues, while for January the grand total was \$121,-544,413. The grand total of \$762,948,132 for October comprised \$337,158,754 of corporate issues, \$102,927,378 in the form of State and Municipal securities, and \$322,862,000 of issues falling under the head of Farm Loan and publicly-offered governmental agency securities. We mention here that our compilations, as always, are very comprehensive, and include the stock, bond and note issues by corporations, by holding, investment and trading companies, and by States and municipalities, foreign and domestic, and also Farm Loan issues and direct public offerings by governmental agencies.

mental agencies. Financing through the sale by borrowing corporations of bond issues directly to the ultimate investor, usually a group of life insurance companies, rather than through the medium of underwriters, continued during the month of October. During the month of October our records indicate that a total of five corporate issues aggregating \$10,700,000 were placed privately or semi-privately. In the month of September a total of six corporate emissions for a total of \$45, 790,000 were so placed. In this latter month we now include an issue of \$40,000,000 Union Carbide & Carbon Corp. 15year 3% sinking fund debentures, due Sept. 1, 1953. though this issue is reported as having been placed privately on Sept. 1, 1938, with the Prudential Insurance Co. of America, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, announcement of this fact was not made public until Oct. 13. Proceeds of the issue were used to redeem all of the \$16,000,000 15-year 31/2% sinking fund debentures, due July 1, 1950, and \$24,000,000 was set aside for general corporate purposes. In the month of August our records show that a total of 14 corporate issues, aggregating \$117,513,000, were placed privately. During the month of July, 14 different issues, amounting to \$48,592,000, were placed privately or semi-privately. In the month of June, 18 issues, amounting to \$87,135,000, were lso placed privately. During the month of May five issues. aggregating \$20,700,000, were placed privately. month of April, nine issues, amounting to \$17,117,780, were In the month of March, seven issues, amounting to \$61,035,000, were so placed. In the month of February, three issues, totaling \$35,050,000, were also placed privately, and in January last, three small issues, totaling \$1,401,000, were reported as having been placed privately. This makes were reported as having been placed privately. This makes a grand total of \$445,033,780 in corporate securities, covering 84 separate issues, placed privately or semi-privately in the

first 10 months of 1938, and compares with \$390,681,000 of corporate securities, comprising 93 different issues, so placed in the corresponding period of 1937.

United States Government issues appeared in the usual order during the month of October. The month's financing done publicly, in addition to "baby bond" sales, comprised four single Treasury bill issues sold on a discount basis. The details in respect to these offerings are recorded further below

New Treasury Financing During the Month of October, 1938

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau on Sept. 29 announced a new offering of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills. The bills were dated Oct. 5 and will mature Jan. 4, 1939. Tenders for the bills totaled \$455,786,000, of which \$100,125,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.992, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.032%. Issued to replace maturing bills.

On Oct. 6 Mr. Morgenthau announced a new offering of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills. The bills were dated Oct. 13 and will fall due Jan. 11, 1939. Application for the bills amounted to \$425,732,000, of which \$100,040,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.995, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.022%. Issued to refund maturing bills.

0.022%. Issued to refund maturing bills.

Mr. Morgenthau on Oct. 13 announced a new offering of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills. The bills were dated Oct. 19, and will mature Jan. 18, 1939. Subscriptions to the offering totaled \$320,338,000, of which \$100,028,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.995, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.018%. Issued to replace maturing bills.

On Oct. 20 Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau announced another new offering of 91-day Treasury bills in the amount of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts. The bills were dated Oct. 26, and will mature Jan. 25, 1939. Tenders to the offering totaled \$297,144,000, of which \$100,467,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.994, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.026%. Issued to refund maturing bills.

Baby bond sales during the month aggregated \$40,215,609. Total sales of this type of securities during the first 10

months of 1938 have amounted to \$466,846,411.

In the following we show in tabular form the Treasury financing done during the first 10 months of the current year. The results show that the Government publicly disposed of \$7,040,598,011 in that period, of which \$5,268,581,200 went to take up existing issues and \$1,772,016,811 represented an addition to the public debt. For October alone the disposals amounted to \$440,875,609, of which \$400,660,000 comprised refunding and \$40,215,609 constituted new debt.

UNITED STATES TREASURY FINANCING DURING THE FIRST TEN MONTHS OF 1938

(Detailed figures for first six months appeared in issue of the "Chronicle" dated
July 9, 1938, page 183)

Date Offered	Dated	Due	Amount Applied for	A mount A coepted	Price	Yteld
First six	months	total	8	3,953,914,491	Marie Marie	
June 28	July 6	91 days	189,753,000	100,001,000	Average 99 99	4 *0.023 %
	July 13					
July 14						6 *0.054%
July 21		91 days				5 *0.059%
	J'ly1-30					
July	total			444,290,877		111111
July 28	Aug. 3	91 days	289,356,000	100.315.000	Average 99.98	4 *0.062%
	Aug. 10					
Aug. 11		91 days			Average 99.98	
Aug. 18		91 days				
Aug. 25		91 days			Average 99.98	
Aug.1-31	Aug.1-31	10 yrs.	37,203,346	37,203,346		*2.9%
Augu	st total	******		538,599,346		
Aug. 30	Sept. 7	91 days	228,970,000	100,148,000	Average 99.98	8 *0.049%
Sept. 8		91 days				*0.103%
			4,884,592,750	858,920,200	100	2.50%
Sept. 8			3.088,775,200	368,940,300	100	1.125%
Sept. 15		91 days		100.043.000	Average 99.973	3 *0.106%
Sept. 22	Sept. 28	91 days	279,925,000	100.026,000	Average 99.96	*0.142%
Sept1-30		10 years		34,840,188	75	*2.90%
Septe	mber to	tal		1,662,917,588		TO BOS
Sept. 29	Oct. 5	91 days	455,786,000	100,125,000	Average 99.995	*0.032%
	Oct. 13	91 days	425,732,000	100,040,000		*0.022%
Oct. 13		91 days	320.338.000	100,028,000		*0.018%
	Oct. 26	91 days	297.144.000	100.467,000		*0.026%
Det 1-31		10 years	40,215,609	40,215,609	75	*2.9%
Octob	er total		PACTALL!	440.875,609		

^{*} Average rate on a bank discount basis.

Use of Funds

	Married .			New
Dated	Type of Security	Total Amount Accepted	Refunding	Indebtedness
First six months	total	\$ 3,953,914,491	3,392,224,100	\$ 561,690,391
July 6	91-day Treas. bills	100,001,000	100,001,000	
July 13	92-day Treas. bills	100,214,000	100,214,000	
July 20	91-day Treas. bills	100,124,000	100,124,000	
July 27	91-day Treas. bills	100,224,000	100,224,000	*******
July 1-30	U. S. Savings bonds	43,727,877		43,727,877
Total		444,290,877	400,563,000	43,727,877
Aug. 3	91-day Treas, bills	100,315,000	50,021,000	50,294,000
Aug. 10	91-day Treas, billis	100.025.000	50,109,000	49,916,000
Aug. 17	91-day Treas, bills	100,493,000	50,269,000	50,224,000
Aug. 24	91-day Treas, bilis	100.057.000	50,409,000	49,648,000
Aug. 31	91-day Treas. bilis	100.506.000	50,020,000	50,486,000
	U. S. Savings bonds	37,203,346	50,020,000	37,203,346
Total		538,599,346	250,828,000	287,771,346
Sept. 7	91-day Treas, bills	100,148,000	100,148,000	2012-121011
Sept. 14	91-day Treas, bills	100,000,000	100,000,000	441
June 15	21/4 % Treas. bonds	858,920,200	397,239,100	461,681,100
June 15	114 % Treas, notes	368,940,300	26,850,000	342,090,300
Sept. 21	91-day Treas, bills	100,043,000	100.043.000	322,000,000
Sept. 28	91-day Treas. bills	100,026,000	100.026.000	
Sept. 1-30	U.S. Savings bonds	34,840,188		34,840,188
Total		1,662,917,688	824,306,100	838,611,588
Det. 5	91-day Treas, bills	100,125,000	100.125.000	A PROPERTY OF THE
Det. 13	91-day Treas, bills	100.040.000	100,040,000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Det. 19	91-day Treas, bills	100.028,000	100,028,000	
Det. 26	91-day Treas, bills	100,467,000	100,467,000	
Det. 1-31	U.S. Savings bonds	40,215,609		40,215,609
Total		440,875,609	400,660,000	40,215,609
Grand total	Mary Alexander	7.040.598.011	5.268.581.200	1.772.016.811

* INTERGOVERNMENT FINANCING

1938	Issued	Retired	Net Issued
First six months total	1,467,706,000	1,018,785,000	\$ 448,921,000
July— Certificates Notes	135,708,000	1,000,000 47,000	x1,000,000 135,661,000
Total	135,708,000	1,047,000	134,661,000
August— Certificates Notes	82,000,000 52,900,000	500,000 2,048,000	81,500,000 50,852,000
Total	134,900,000	2,548,000	132,352,000
September— Certificates	1,000,000 34,520,000	5,500,000 40,146,000	x4,500,000 x5,626,000
Total	35,520,000	45,646,000	x10,126,000
October— Certificates Notes	33,500,000	14,600,000 2,564,000	x14,600,000 30,936,000
Total	33,500,000	17,164,000	16,336,060
Total ten months	1,807,334,000	1.085,190,000	722,144,000

^{*} Comprises sales of special series certificates and notes; certificates soid to Adjusted Service Certificate Fund and Unemployment Trust Fund, and notes to Old Age Reserve Account, Raliroad Retirement Account, Civil Service Retirement Fund, Canal Zone Retirement Act, Alaska Raliroad Retirement Fund, Postal Savings System and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. z Retired.

Features of October Corporate Financing

Making further reference to the new corporate offerings announced during October, we note that public utility issues accounted for \$279,100,000, which compares with \$44,386,000 in September. Industrial and miscellaneous issues totaled \$58,058,754 in October as against \$104,896,841 reported for

them in September (including \$40,000,000 Union Carbide & Carbon Corp. issue of debentures). There was no railroad financing during the month of October, while in September financing for this group totaled but \$740,000.

The total corporate securities of all kinds put out during October was, as already stated, \$337,158,754, of which \$334,190,000 comprised long-term issues, \$300,000 was of short-term maturity, and \$2,668,754 represented stock offerings. The portion of the month's corporate offerings devoted to refunding operations was \$273,237,144, or more than 81% of the total. In September the refunding portion was \$65,135,600, or more than 43% of the total. In August the refunding portion was \$211,140,930, or more than 62% of the total. In July the refunding portion was \$55,545,325, or more than 29% of the total. In June the refunding portion was \$98,791,000, or more than 35% of the total. In May the refunding portion was \$25,691,650, or more than 41% of the total. In April the refunding portion was \$66,750,000, or more than 84% of the total. In March it was \$57,643,000, or about 70% of the total. In February the refunding portion was \$62,325,590, or about 61% of the total, and in January the refunding portion was \$3,773,300, or about 7½% of the total. In October a year ago the amount for refunding was \$71,552,500, representing more than 51% of that month's total.

The largest corporate offering marketed during October, 1938, which was also the largest refunding emission for the month, was the \$80,000,000 Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois 1st mtge. 3½s, Oct. 1, 1968, priced at 103, to yield about 3.34%, the proceeds of which are to be used entirely for refunding. Other sizable issues worthy of mention were: \$55,000,000 the Ohio Power Co. 1st mtge. 3¼s, Oct. 1, 1968, offered at 101½%, to yield about 3.17%; \$55,000,000 Wisconsin Electric Power Co. 1st mtge. 3½s, Oct. 1, 1968, priced at 103½, to yield about 3.32%; \$50,000,000 the Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. 10-year 3½% debentures, Oct. 1, 1948, offered at 99½, to yield about 3.56%, and \$37,500,000 Virginia Electric & Power Co. 1st & ref. mtge. B, 3½s, priced at 103½, to yield about 3.32%.

Included in the month's flotations was an offering by the Treasury Department on an exchange basis of \$297,162,000 Reconstruction Finance Corporation three-year %% series P notes, dated Nov. 1, 1938, and due Nov. 1, 1941, and not subject to call for redemption prior to maturity: \$25,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Bank's 1% consolidated debentures dated Oct. 15, 1938, and due in six months and one year, offered at a slight premium over par value, and \$700,000 the Virginia-Carolina Joint Stock Land Bank 1% to 2½% bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1938, and due serially to Nov. 1, 1943.

During the month there were but two offerings carrying a right to acquire stock on a basis of one kind or another, namely:

\$2,500,000 Carrier Corp. convertible debenture 434s, Oct. 1, 1948, convertible into common stock of the company at the following rates: 40 shares through Oct. 1, 1941; 36 shares thereafter through Oct. 1, 1944, and 32 shares thereafter through July 15, 1948, in each case for \$1,000 of debentures.

60,000 shs Union Premier Food Stores, Inc., convertible preferred stock, convertible at the option of the holder into 1½ shares of the company's \$1 par common stock up to and incl. Jan. 1, 1940; 1 1-3 shares thereafter to and incl. Jan. 1, 1941; 1 1-5 shares thereafter to and incl. Jan. 1, 1943, and 1 share thereafter to and incl. Jan. 1, 1943, and 1 share thereafter to and incl. Jan. 1, 1945.

The following change should be made in our figures published for April, 1938:

Deduct	Classification— Public utility	Allocation of Proceeds Gulf Natural Gas Corp. 35,000 units, each unit
		consisting of 1 sh. of

conv. pref. stock and 1 sh. of common stock New cap.

The following changes should be made in our figures published for September, 1938:

LONG-TERM BONDS AND NOTES

Allocation of Proceeds

Other Ind. & mig. \$40,000,000 Union Carbide & Carbon

Add Other ind. & mfg. \$40,000,000 Union Carbide & Carbon Corp. deb. 3s 1953

* \$24,000,000 new capital, \$16,000,000 refunding.

The following changes should be made in our figures published for October, 1937:

	Classification-		Issue—	Allocation of Proceeds
		** *** ***		
Add	Public utility	\$1,600,000	Davenport water Co. 1st mtge. 4s, 1962	Refunding
Add	Public utility	1.200.000	El Paso Nat. Gas Co bds	New cap.
Add	Other indus, & mfg.	6.000.000	Amer. Cyanamid Co. bds	New cap.
Add	Other indus. & mfg.	400.000	Package Machinery Corp.	MARCHAR TO THE REST
	Other Indust to and	200,000	10-year notes	
* Ref	unding, \$300,000; new ca	pital, \$100.0	000.	
			a AND MOTEO	

SHORT-TERM BONDS AND NOTES

Classification—
Other indus. & mfg. \$240,000 Asbestos Mfg. Co. 1st mtge. 5-year loan

New cap.

In the elaborate and comprehensive tables on the succeeding pages we compare the foregoing figures for 1938 with the corresponding figures for the four years preceding, thus affording a five-year comparison. We also furnish a detailed analysis for the five years of the corporate offerings, showing separately the amounts for all the different classes of corporations.

Following the full-page tables we give complete details of the new capital flotations during October, including every issue of any kind brought out in that month:

390,000

83,000,000

157,138,75

35,318,982 4,318,982

121,819,773

368,120,766

219,658,932

148,461,834

465,595,933

277,508,454

188,087,479

205,736,090

96.832,000 108,904,090

164,682,388 598,265,744 762,948,132

Grand total

31,390,000

31,000,000

29,000,000

29,000,000

Total

83,000,000 38,429,773 390,000 390,000 New Capita 17.241.946 38.961.500 71.816.034 4.948,000 233,774,000 252,395,232 Total 1936 Refunding 23.961.500 12,527,011 3,778,000 163,690,475 179,392,421 15,701,946 15,000,000 59,289,023 1,170,000 New Capital 1.540.000 73,002,811 70,083,525 31,610,452 1,000,000 15,000,000 381,401,866 309,313,900 Total 1,000,000 1936 Refunding 249,392,500 18,188,000 271,516,500 13,422,452 78,202,113 109.885.366 59,921,400 15,000,000 New Capital 34,300,000 28,097,090 4,800,000 20,099,000 20,099,000 600,000 138,539,000 Total 34,300,000 1,551,590 1,500,000 71,552,500 Refunding 71,552,500 3.300.000 240,000 240,000 600,000 66,986,500 New Capital 34.190.000 1.950.000 7.18.754 322.862.000 337,158,754 334.1 322,862,000 1938 Refunding 273,237,144 272,705,890 531,254 61.484.110 300.000 1.950.000 187.500 63,921,610 100,760,778 New Capital notes. notes bonds and notes MONTH OF OCTOBER Total corporate
Canadian Government
Other foreign government
Farm Loan and Govt. ages
* Municipal—States, citles
United States Possessions erm bonds and term bonds and

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER FOR FIVE YEARS

CHARACTER AND CROIDING OF NEW CORPORATE ISSUES IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MONTH OF OCTORER FOR FIVE YEARS * These figures do not include funds obtained by States and municipalities from any agency of the Federal Government.

		1938			1937			1936			1935			1934	
MONTH OF OCTOBER	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	_	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total
Long-Term Bonds and Notes		8		8	8	*	8	1		*	•	*	*	*	60
nilroads				4.925,000	16,381,000	21,306,000	9,120,000		9.150,000	8 8 8 8 8				2,000,000	2,000,000
ublic utilities	19,991,110	258,658,890	278,650,000	32,046,500	52,617,500	84,664,000	5,585,900	242,083,000	247,668,900	11,090,060	153,851,940	164,942,000	********	8 8 8 8	9 8 8 8
on, steel, coat, copper, &c			******	9 9 9 9 9		********	2,302,000		1,000,000,7	25,000,000		25,000,000		0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
quipment manufacturers				9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				* * * * * * * *				1 0 0 0 0			
lotors and accessories				1000	1000	200	004 004 0	100	1000	1407	100 000	1000			
ther inquestral and manufacturing		1,100,000	4,000,000	6,100,000	300,000	0.400.000	0,523,500	000,100,1	000,670,0	3,043,400	0,700,030	9,250,000		8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8
and buildings for	1 190 000	1000 000	1 840 000	000,000	0 084 000	000,000	4 780 000	T KAO OOO	000 000 0	950 000	199 000	A89 000			
ubbos		10 000 000	1,040,000	1,970,000	000,402,2	4,400,000	4,100,000	1,000,000	0,020,000	000,000	100,000	404,000		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
dinning.		12,027,000	200,000,00						2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1			8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
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daipment manufacturers															
ther industrial accessories				000 000		000 010									
ther managerial and manufacturing	2000 0000		000 000	240,000		240,000							8 8 8 8 8 8	0 000 000	0 000 000
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IV trusta trading holding &c		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2 0 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9				8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3 3 3 3 3 3 3					9 1	
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iblic utilities	450.000		450.000		9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0 1	16.619.500	16.619.500		15.701.946	15,701.946			
on, steel, coal, copper, &c.							1.957.070	2.014.000	3.971.070						
quipment manufacturers			***************************************		***************************************					000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1000			
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ther industrial and manufacturing	000,181	102,150	118,794	20,000,000		20,000,000	42,000,184	3,403,000	40,000,184	1,140,490	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	061,011,1	non'nee	0 0 0 0 0 0	200,000
and buildings Lo							000,510		000,210	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
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hipping						8 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	9 1				0 0 0	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		
nv. trusts, trading, holding, &c.				000'66		000.66					************	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 0 0 0 0 0		
Miscellaneous			1,500,000	-	******		4,594,212		4,681,712	1,670,000		1,670,000		5 5 5 5 5 5	
Total	2,137,500	531,254	2,668,754	20,699,000		20,699,000	49,963,966	22,	72,087,966	2,919,286	15,701,946	18,621,232	390,000		390,000
Total				1 000 000	10 901 000	000 000 10	0000000		0 150 000					000 000 6	9 000 00
Public utilities	20 441 110	958 658 800	979 100 000	32,046,500	52,617,500	84 884 000	5,555,000	958 709 500	264 288 400	11.090.060	169.553.886	180.643.946	8 0 9 0 8 0 6 0 8 0 8 0 8 0	20,000,000	20.000.000
ron, steel, coal, copper, &c.		201000100				2001200120	4,259,070	6,712,000	10,971,070	55,000,000		25,000,000	1	8 8 8 8	
Equipment manufacturers		-			1					100	-	100 400			
Motors and accessories		1 891 984	4 710 754	96 040 000	200 000	97 940 000	40 000 GOA	4 484 800	59 678 184	4 689 963	5 706 535	10.396.498	390.000		390.00
officer and the second		1,001,001	300,000	1.000.000	000,000	000.000	812.500	200,101,1	812.500	one in one	on the same of the			9,000,000	0,000,00
Land, buildings, &c.	1,420,000	120,000	1,540,000	1,976,000	2,254,000	4.230,000	4.760,000	1,560,000	6,320,000	350,000	132,000	482,000			
Rubber		12,827,000	20,000,000				*******		-			1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-	
ny trusts, trading, holding, &c.				99.000		99.000					4,000,000	4.000,000	1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Miscellaneous	1,500,000		1,500,000	-			37,094,212	87,500	37,181,712	1,770,000	_	1.770,000			
Total cornorate securities		079 097 114	997 150 984	20 000 800	WI KED EAS	100 200 000	000 000	ONE PED BOO	901 401 000	79 000 611	170 209 491	9K9 20K 929	200 000	01 000 000	00 000 10

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED OCT. 31 FOR FIVE YEARS

MONTHS ENDED OCT. 31		1938			1937			1936			1936			1934	
orporate	w Capital	Refunding	Total .	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total
Domestic- Long-term bonds and notes. 71	714,826,110	916,698,585	1.631,524,695	713,047,149	797,661,851 1	88	623,757,960	2,611,428,8403	235,186,800	247,475,329 1	441.746.171	,689,221,500	70,345,900	143,960,200	\$14,306,100
Preferred stocks	3,542,000	1,202,800	35,979,225	195,354,601	263.579.066	458,933,667	73.844.534	161.863.230	235.707.764	35,010,000	65,035,746	100,045,746	2.908.800	133,705,000	165,255,000 2,908,800
Common stocks	8,515,767	102,150	170.010.0	Ton'tat'ner	020'711'00		000' 100'OLT	DE 11 100'01	700,000,001	10,010,010		12,070,200	866,005,05		30,365,399
Long-term bonds and notes.	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	-			8,000,000	30,000,000	38,000,000	-			8 8 8 8 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Short-term.							000 000 4	1 1 1 1 1 1	1000						8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Preferred stocks			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				10,000,000		000,000,61						
Common stocks	1 8 9 9 9 9 9														
Other foreign-															
Short-term	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									0 1 0 1	1.900.000	1 900 000
Preferred stocks			-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 9 9 9 3	3 3 3 3 3		1 1 1 1						200100=1=	4,400,000
Common stocks	62.500		62,500												0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total corporate	761.720.802	921,190,639	921,190,639 1,682,911,441	1,144,962,511	.186	0	887,667,283 2,8	2,854,362,313 3,	.742,029,596	303,543,535	1,546,026,917	1,849,570,452	135,170,099	278.865.200	414.035.299
anadian Government		1 1 1 1 1 1		3,250,000	200		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	48,000,000	48,000,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	76,000,000	76,000,000		50,000,000	50,000,000
Other foreign government.	425.850.000	623.247.000	1.049.097.000	132,000,000	231,014,000	363,014,000	21,900,000	322,198,600	344,098,600	109,762,000	00	998.317.200	395.111.100	298.300.000	698 411 100
Municipal States, cities, &c.	693,263,392	107,362,779	107,362,779 800,626,171	598,447,263	171		638,073,540	317.427.342	955,500,882	656,066,215	317,802,892	973.869,107	612,415,969	113,244,545	725,660,514
Inited States Possessions	0,230,000		000,000,0	000,000,0	000,000,1	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,130,000	000,020,0	1,730,000	0,200,000	9,940,000		- 1	
Grand total	1.886.070.194	,651,800,418	886 070 194 1 651 800 418 3 537 870 612	1.881,959,774	.881,959,774 1,809,053,032,3,691,012,806	1.691.012.806	1.549.215.823	5.823 3.598,738,255 5.147,954,078	147.954.078	07 100 750	07 100 750 2 846 503 000 3 007 709 750	2 907 709 759	1 149 607 168		740 400 745'1 882 108 019

* These figures do not include funds obtained by States and municipalities from any agency of the Federal Government.

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	Total	•	154,013,100 53,585,000		110	DC 000,000.				214,306,100	70.947.000				16,000,000	8 8 8 8 8	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	950 000	166.455.000		9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	588,750	1000	21,300,249	000 202	000,020	310,200		224,960,100 ON	588,750			193		007070
1934	Refunding		33,652,200		000 000 0	3,500,000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		E 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	143,960,200	63.947,000	52,500,000	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.958.000	15,500,000	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8	134.905.000		A A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	6 6 9 6 6 6 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9				168,447,000		8 8 8	5,266,000			1 1 2 2 2 1
	New Capital		49,513,100	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	500,000	400,000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	70,345,900	7,000,000	23,000,000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	800.000	500,000	8 8 8 8 8	4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	950 000	31.550.000		0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 0	988,750	01 950 040	45,000,12	505 000	000,000	310,200	33,274,199	56,513,100	588,750	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 000 000	400,000	310 900	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
-	Total	8	175,643,000 940,768,000	201,000,000	7.941,000	104.500.000	000,010,	2000 0000	7.844.000	,689,221,500	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20,000,000	200100010	4.730.000	6,000,000		6 6 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 1 6 1 6 1 6	6 000 000	47.730.000		22,487,196	21,311,920	17 800 218	5.075.000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 6 6 8 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1	46.041.800	112,618,952		263,311,920		226.345.748		4 000 000	200 200
1936	Refunding	8	123,889,680 888,393,940	128,640,000	150 052 625	100.281.250	2,136,000	000 000	7,744,000	1,441,746,171	100	20,000,000		2,245,000	000,000,9	8 8 8 8	5 5 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	6 000 000	39.245.000		20,701,946	13,762,000	11 900 000	000,000,11	1	1 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	19.371.800	65,035,746	123,889,680	168,007,666		173,403,635		4 000 000	99 11 000
	New Capital	9	52,374,060	100,101,00	44 056 865	4.218.750	1,110,000		100,000		1		1000	2,485,000		8 8 8 8			8,485,000		1,785,250	028,850,	887.201	5,075,000	1 1 1	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26.670.000	47,583,206	51,753,320	95,304,254	11.602.788	52.942.113	1,718,000		000 024 000
	Total	*	573,347,400	23,220,000	178 898 800	264,000,000	000,660,61	000,009	187,950,000	1,273,186,800	30,000,000	2,000,000	-	8,125,000	4,500,000	240,000	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7.750.000	54,470,000		45,215,263	7.462.400	4,485,000	31,702,343	200,000	3,509,330	81.349.653	414 372,796	730,443,900	342,057,726	4.485.000	300,317,581	20,344,000	4,109,330	077 040 650
1936	Refunding	•	484.876.315	20,723,450	127 177 958	240,041,963	11,512,000	-	31,420,570	2,641,428,840 3	15,000,000	800,000		8,125,000	2,287,500		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 750 000	35.762.500		42,446,628	0,198,000	72 172 996	16,143,749		3,509,330	673	-	499,876,315	226,493,752	20,723,450	218,475,592	=		74 946 600
	New Capital	•	75,725,866	2,496,550	20 640 944	23,958,037	000,150,0	600,000	156,529,430		15,000,000	1,250,000		8 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	2,212,500	249,000	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	8 9 0 0 2 3 3	18,707,500		2,768,635	7,462,400	3.961,100	15,558,594	200,000	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11,925,000	237,201,823	230,567,585	115,563,974	3,958,950	181,841,989	9,072,000	600,000	000 000
	Total		349,969,000 665,493,000	1.100,000	198,595,500	151.245.500	650,000	000 000	39,585,000	.510,709,000	5,800,000	350,000		2,740,000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1		35 950 000	83,190,000		91,288,394	467,500	12,734,553	167.474.802	2 176 900	000000000	95.107.960	737,271,188	355,769,000	229,076,753	23,434,553	400,595,736	33,056,000	349 000	170 649 041
1937	Refunding	8	532,398,813	24,010,000	4,934,600	27.348.000	000,010,00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3,200,500	197,661,851	1,450,000	34,573,920		800,000	-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 6 8 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 8		36.823.920		86,310,252	162,850	89 078 591	121.106.765	689 500	000,000	26.391.859	351,721,906	125,099,000	99,067,149	4.934.600	101,553,469	23,378,000		020 000 00
	New Capital		133,094,187	1,100,000	87 848 619	123,897,500	650,000	950 000	36,384,500	713.047,149	4,350,000	1.350.000		1,940,000			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	35.950.000	46,366,080		4.978,142	304,650	900 953 855	46,368,037	9 404 400	201,101,1	68.716.101	385,549,282	230,670,000	130,009,604	18,499,953	299,042,267	9,678,000	349.000	141 050 201
-	Total	500	997,660,195	000,100,001	194 945 000	211.000.000	95,000,000	1 000 000	1,250,000	.,631,524,695	100	2,000,000		150,000	1,400,000		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 000 000	6.300,000		3,541,425	1,048,929	96 700 979	862,500		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.734.520	45,086,746	25,993,000	155,305,929	1	161,894,372	18,169,500	4 100 000	E 004 F00
1938	Refunding	8	759,389,855	7,000,200,1	20 971	32,689,305	57,827	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	890,000	916,698,585 1	1 9 9 9 9 9 9	750.000		120.000	211,000		1 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 677 000	2.758.000			1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 710 751		8 8 8 8 8	1 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	20.300	1,734,054		5,302,000		40,705,579	12.478.600		000 402 0
	New Capital	*	238,270,340	140,000,000	ed 079 175	178,310,695	37.173.000	000 000	360,000	714,826,110		2,000,000			1,189,000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	393 000	00	The New York	3,541,425	1,048,929	200 200	862,500			2 714 220	43,352,692	15,993,000	150,003,929	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	121,188,793	5,690,900	4 100 000	000,001,1
	10 MONTHS ENDED OCT. 31	Term Bonds and Notes	Railroads Public utilities	ent manufacturers	and accessories	CONSTRUCTION AND INSTRUCTIONS	ulidings, &c.		sts, trading, holding, &c	al	t-Term Bonds and Notes	utilities	nent man facturers	Motors and accessories		oulldings, &c		ists, trading, holding, &c	al months		utilities	det, cont, copper, &c	and accessories	ndustrial and manufacturing	buildings, &c.		Inv. trusts, trading, holding, &c.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Railroads	Public utilities.	nent manufacturers	ndustrial and manufacturing	Land, buildings, &c.	M	ste, trading, nording, &c

DETAILS OF NEW CAPITAL FLOTATIONS DURING OCTOBER, 1938

LONG-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING LATER THAN FIVE YEARS) PUBLIC UTILITIES

\$6,500,000 Indiana General Service Co. 1st mtge. 33/4s, 1968. Refunding, discharge indebtedness to parent company, working capital. Price, 1011/4. Sold to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Equitable Life Insurance Society of the United States, and Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

300,000 Iowa Public Service Co. 1st M. 5s, 1957. Extension of distribution lines. Placed privately with John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co. and Investors Syndicate.

runding, discharge indeposedness to parkers, consultation of the control of the c Lynch & Co., Inc.; The Milwaukee Co.; Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc.; Mitchum, Tulley & Co.; Charles K. Morris & Co., Inc.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; Nichols, Terry & Dickinson, Inc.; Otis & Co.;Pacific Co. of California; Putnam & Co.; Riter & Co.; Sills, Troy all & Minton, Inc.; Starkweather & Co.; Stroud & Co., Inc.; Tarall, West Co.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; Stroud & Co., Inc.; Babcock, Rushton & Co.; Alfred L. Baker & Co.; Biddle, Whelen & Co.; Boettcher & Co.; Bosworth, Chantue, Loughridge & Co.; Burr & Co., Inc.; John W. Clarke, Inc.; R. S. Dickson & Co., Inc.; Doyle, O'Conner & Co.; Equitable Securities Corp.; Fred W. Fairman & Co.; Hickey & Co.; Hoyne, Mellinger & Co.; Alfred O'Gara & Co.; Reinholdt & Gardner; Singer, Deane & Scribner; Smith Bros. & Co.; Straus Securities Co., and Watling, Lerchen & Hayes.

250,000 Tunnel Water Co. 1st (closed) M. 4s, July 1, 1939-57.

General corporate purposes. Offered at prices to yield from 3.00% to 4.00%. Offered by Amos C. Sudler & Co., Denver, Colo.

Colo.

37,500,000 Virginia Electric & Power Co. 1st & ref. M. 3½s, series B, Sept. 1, 1968. Refunding. Price, 103½; to yield about 3.32% Offered by: Stone & Webster and Biodget, Inc.; The First Boston Corp.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Bonbright & Co., Inc.; Lehman Bros.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Smith, Barney & Co.; White, Weld & Co.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc.; Bosworth, Chanute, Loughbridge & Co.; Harris, Hall & Co. (Inc.); Hayden, Stone & Co.; Scott & Stringfellow; Coffin & Burr, Inc.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Estabrook & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; The Securities Co. of Milwaukee, Inc.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; Riter & Co.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; R. S. Dickson & Co., Inc.; Whiting, Weeks & Knowles, Inc.; Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

M.-P. Murphy & Co.; Riter & Co.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; R. S. Dickson & Co., Inc.; Whiting, Weeks & Knowles, Inc.; Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

54,500,000 Wisconsin Electric Power Co. 1st M. 3½8, Oct. 1, 1968. Refunding. Price, 103½; to yield about 3.32%. Offered by Dillon, Read & Co.; First Boston Corp.; Spencer Trask & Co.; Scurities Co. of Milwaukee, Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Smith, Barney & Co.; Shields & Co.; Bonbright & Co., Inc.; Coffin & Burr, Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Harris, Hall & Co (Inc.); Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; Union Securities Corp.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Otis & Co.; Riter & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; Edgar, Ricker & Co.; J. E. Baker & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co.; Mite, Weld & Co.; J. E. Baker & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co.; Inc.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; Central Republic Co.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Jackson & Curtis; Paine, Webber & Co.; H. F. Rothschild & Co.; Schroder Rockefeller & Co.; Hayden, Miller & Co.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; Alex. Brown & Sons; Estabrook & Co.; Morris F. Fox & Co.; Graham, Parsons & Co.; G. H. Walker & Co.; Hayden, Stone & Co.; R. W. Pressprich & Co.; A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.; Equitable Securities Corp.; Hornblower & Weeks; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; Arthur Perry & Co., Inc.; Schwabacher & Co.; William R. Staats Co.; Starkweather & Co.; Bacon, Whipple & Co.; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Y. E. Booker & Co.; Firate of Michigan Corp.; Hawley, Huller & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; First Of Michigan Corp.; Hawley, Huller & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; First Cleveland Corp.; Kaiser & Co.; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; Reinholdt & Gardner; I. M. Simon & Co.; Wertheim & Co.; Weith-Dickey Co.; Bosworth, Chanute, Loughridge & Co.; First Cleveland Corp.; Kaiser & Co.; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; Reinholdt & Gardner; I. M. Simon & Co.; Wertheim & Co.; Weithop, Mitchell & Co.

278,650,000

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING
\$2,500,000 Carrier Corp. conv. deb. 41/2s. Oct. 1, 1948. Retire bank
loans and provide working capital. Price, 100; to yield 4.50%.
Convertible into common stock at the rate of 40 shares through
Oct. 1, 1941, 36 shares thereafter through Oct. 1, 1944, and
32 shares thereafter through July 15, 1948. Offered by Hemphill, Noyes & Co. and Stern, Wampler & Co., Inc,
1,500,000 Okonite Co. 15-year 41/2% debentures, 1953. Refunding and
provide working capital. Placed privately with a life insurance company, the sale being negotiated through Paul Hammond Co.

\$4,000,000

LAND, BUILDINGS, &C.

\$120,000 St. George's Ronan Catholic Church (Mo.) 1st & ref' mtge. 3½s and 4s. Oct. 15, 1939-48. Refunding. Price on application. Offered by Dempsey-Tegeler & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Mo.

70,000 St. Joseph Congregation of Green Bay (West Bend, Wis.)
1st mtge. 3 ½s, 3 ½s and 4s, Sept. 1, 1941-50. New construction. Price, 100; to yield from 3.25% to 4%. Offered by B. C. Ziegler & Co., West Bend, Wisc.

1,350,000 Trustees of Purdue University (\$550,000 1st mtge. 3s. Mens' Residence Hall South, \$500,000 1st mtge. 3s. Purdue Memorial Union Annex, \$300,000 1st mtge. 3s. Hall of Music) Construction of buildings. Price 100 to 103.83, to yield from 1.50% to 3%. Offered by Harris, Hall & Co., (Inc.).

\$1,540,000

RUBBER

\$50,000,000 The Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. 10-year 3½% debentures, Oct. 1, 1948. Refunding, retire bank loans and provide working capital. Price, 99½; to yield about 3.56%. Offered by Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Otis & Co.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; First Boston Corp.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Lehman Brothers; Lazard Freres & Co.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Bonbright & Co., Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Hayden, Stone & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; Hayden, Miller & Co.; W. E. Hutte & Co., F. S. Moseley & Co.; White, Weld & Co.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; A. G. Becker & Co., Inc.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.; Dean Witter & Co.; Merrill, Lynch & Co., Inc.; Riter & Co.; Alex. Brown & Sons; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Union Securities Corp.; Central Republic Co.; Coffin & Burr, Inc.; Graham, Parsons & Co.; Jackson & Curtis; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; Mitthell, Herrick & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Securities Co. of Milwaukee, Inc.; A. C. Allyn & Co.: Bankamerica Co.; Brown Harriman & Co., Ltd.; Dick & Merle-Smith; Dominion Securities Corp., Ltd.; Eastman, Dillon & Co.; First of Michigan Corp.; Mackubin, Legg & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; L. F. Rothschild & Co.; Starkweather & Co.; Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc.; Wertheim & Co.; Hawley, Huller & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; G. H. Walker & Co.; Backer, Weeks & Harden; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Bodell & Co.; Baker, Weeks & Harden; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Bodell & Co.; Baker, Weeks & Harden; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Godell & Co.; Baker, Weeks & Harden; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Co.; Co.; Janney & Co.; Inc.; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; The Milwaukee Co.; Mannand & Co.; Godell & Co.; Baker, Weeks & Minton, Inc.; Singer, Deane & Scribner; Stein Bros. & Boyce; Stroud & Co., Inc.; Wells-Dickey Co.; J. G. White & Co., Inc.; Washburh & Co., Inc.; Wells-Dickey Co.; J. G. White & Co., Inc.; Yarnall & Co., and Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

SHORT-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING UP TO AND INCLUDING FIVE YEARS)

\$300,000 Universal Consolidated Oil Co. 2½ year serial notes. General corporate purposes. Placed privately.

STOCKS

Preferred stocks of a stated par value are taken at par, while preferred stocks of no par value and all classes of common stock are computed at their offering prices.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

\$450,000 Gulf Natural Gas Corp. 45.000 units, each unit comprising one share cum. pref. stock, no par, and one share common stock, no par. New capital. Price, \$10 per unit. Offered by G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., Inc.

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING

\$531,254 Clearing Machine Corp. 41,667 shares common stock, par \$1.
Retire 6% pref. stock. Price, \$12% per share. Offered by Bacon, Whipple & Co.; Paul H. Davis & Co., and Ralph A. Bard & Co.

187,500 Kirkham Engineering & Manufacturing Corp. 25,000 shs. common stock, par \$1. Retire debt and provide working capital. Price \$7\(\) per share. Offered by Robinson, Miller & Co., Inc., and Parrish & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS

\$1,500,000 Union Premier Food Stores, Inc., 60,000 shares cum. conv. pref. stock, par \$15. Establish additional supermarkets and acquire and improve a new warehouse and supermarket. Price \$25 per share. Offered by Childs, Jeffries & Thorndike, Inc.; Van Alstyne, Noel & Co., and Eastman, Dillon & Co.

FARM LOAN AND GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY ISSUES \$25,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Banks 1% consolidated debentures, dated Oct. 15, 1938 and due in six and twelve months. Refunding. Priced at a slight premium over par value. Offered by Chas. R. Dunn, New York, Fiscal Agent. 297,162,000 Reconstruction Finance Corp. 1/4% Series P notes, dated Nov. 1 and due on Nov. 1, 1941. Refunding. Priced at par. Offered by the United States Treasury.

700,000 Virginia Carolina Joint Stock Land Bank 1% and 21/2% bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1, 1939-1943. Refunding. Price, 100. Offered by R. K. Webster & Co., Inc.

322.862,000

ISSUES NOT REPRESENTING NEW FINANCING

\$6,049,000 The Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. 60,490 shares 4% series A preference stock, par \$100. Price, \$79½ per share. Offered by Kidder, Peabody & Co.; The First Boston Corp.; Lazard Freres & Co.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp. and Dick & Merle-Smith.

389,907 Clearing Machine Corp. 30,581 shares common stock, par \$1.
Price, \$12% per share. Offered by Bacon, Whipple & Co.;
Paul H. Davis & Co., and Ralph A. Bard & Co.

5,135,000 Crane Co. 130,000 shares common stock. Price, \$39½, per share. Offered by Clark, Dodge & Co. through a group of dealers.

\$11,573,907

Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of September

Railroads of the country are beginning to make a somewhat better statistical showing than was common in the earlier months of the latest depression which suddenly descended on all business late last year. Financial problems of the carriers are not becoming lighter, however, and in some respects are more trying than ever before. After a long, careful and well-documented endeavor to curtail railroad wages and bring this element of operating cost more into line with prevailing conditions, the carriers found their efforts defeated on Oct. 29. The evidence presented was carefully considered by the President's Emergency Fact-Finding Board, but the application for a reduction of railroad wages by 15% was denied. That the railroads need such relief can hardly be denied, but the Board held that the wages of rail labor are not high in comparison with those in other comparable industries. A horizontal reduction of wages would not meet the emergency of the industry, since it would apply to all carriers and not merely to needy roads, the Board added. It was declared also that a wage reduction would run counter to the general tendency. The Board finally maintained that the financial distress of the carriers which has obtained since October, 1937, is as yet a short-term situation, and cannot as such be regarded as grounds for a wage reduction.

On the basis of such findings the Board urged that the wage reduction proposal be not pressed by the carriers, and recommendation was made that the notices of wage reductions should be canceled. President Roosevelt again acted in this situation on Oct. 31, when he urged the railroad managers to accept the findings and abandon their proposal for a 15% cut in wages. In this situation the railroads were hardly able to do otherwise than comply with the Board findings and the entreaty of the Presi-Accordingly, announcement was made on Nov. 4 that the order for the wage cut had been withdrawn. Broad conferences were started in Washington this week between railroad executives and representatives of the employees, with a view to fashioning some scheme of relief for the railroads. But such consultations are not likely to prove very Meanwhile, the question may well be asked whether the presidential Board may not have been influenced in its findings by the prevailing temper of Government and its tendency to favor labor over capital. Apart from all such questions, the fact remains that the railroads now will have to seek other means of relief. Even labor is sure to suffer from the unreasonable state of affairs. Indeed, the carriers already have cut their employment rolls severely and are lowering their operating expenses in this manner.

Results of railroad operations for the month of September, as presented herewith, make an unfavorable comparison with the same month of 1937. The decline of gross and net revenues now is less pronounced than in earlier months of this year, however, both because business has shown a little improvement since summer and because the railroads are managing to effect economies here and there. Gross earnings of 136 roads in September aggregated \$322,107,807 against \$362,454,728 in the same month of last year, this being a decline of \$40,-346,921, or 11.13%. Operating expenses also were materially lower, and net earnings were \$90,537,737 against \$100,396,950 in September, 1937, a drop of \$9,859,213, or 9.82%. One special circumstance must be emphasized in this connection. Railroads in the New England area suffered heavy expenses late in September of an unusual sort, arising from the hurricane that swept over the section on Sept. 21. The financial showing of New England roads was especially unfavorable in September for this reason, and the statistics for all roads naturally are affected to a degree. We now present in tabular form the results for September:

Month of September-	1938	1937	Inc. (+) 5 . Dec., (-)
Mileage of 136 roads	234.423	235,308	-885 10.37
	\$322,107,807	\$362,454,728	-\$40,346,921 11.13%
	231,570,070	262.057.778	-30,487,708 11.63%
Ratio of expenses to earnings.		(72.30%)	
Net earnings	\$90,537,737	\$100,396,950	-\$9,859,213 4 9.82%

The business situation offers a little ground for hopefulness as to the situation of the railroads. The trend now has been upward for some months, although only to a modest degree. Late last year, however, the trend was sharply lower, with encouraging signs completely lacking. On this basis a degree of optimism prevails in carrier circles, notwithstanding the unfortunate ruling on wages by the Emergency Board.

In order to indicate in a simplified form the measure of trade activity in relation to its bearing on the revenues of the railroads during the month under review, we have brought together in the table below the figures indicative of activity in the more important industries, together with those pertainink to grain, cotton and livestock receipts and revenue freight car loadings for the month of September, 1938, as compared with the corresponding month in 1937, 1936, 1932 and 1929. On examination it will be readily seen that, with the exception of the building industry, the output of all the industries covered was on a greatly reduced scale as compared with September last year, the falling off in the case of the iron and steel industries having been exceptionally severe. It follows, of course, that the number of cars of revenue freight moved by the railroads was very much smaller than in September,

1937. Cotton receipts at the Southern outports also were very much smaller, as were the livestock receipts. On the other hand, receipts of the various farm products at the Western primary markets ran much heavier—with the exception of oats, barley and rye.

September	1938	1937	1936	1932	1929
Automobiles (units): Production (passenger cars, trucks, &c.) _a	83,534	171,213	135,165	84,150	415,912
Building (\$000):	100		The series		
Constr. contr. awarded b	\$300,900	\$207,072	\$234,272	\$127,527	\$445,402
Coal (net tons): Bituminous.c. Pa. anthracite.d			37,192,000 3,874,000		45,334,000 6,543,000
Freight traffic: Car loadings, all (cars) Cotton receipts. South-	x2,552,621	x3,169,421	x3,062,378	x2,306,045	x4,542,289
ern ports (bales) f Livestock receipts: g	949,388	1,603,194	1,276,010	1,065,623	1,327,471
Chicago (cars)	7.597	8,161	9,426	12,339	19,652
Kansas City (cars)	4,867				
Omaha (cars)	3,584	4,147	3,946	5,763	8,706
Flour (000 barrels)	1,740	1,525	1.574	1.524	1,804
Wheat (000 bushels)	39,502			36,152	
Corn (000 bushels)	13,648			17,770	
Oats (000 bushels)	10,607			9,639	
Barley (000 bushels)	12,135		9,269	314	
	4,279	4,701	1,962	5,716	3,182
Iron & Steel (gross tons): Pig iron production k			0 700 000	F00 F00	
Steel ingot production.1.	1,680,435 2,657,748		2,730,393	592,589	
Lumber (000 board feet):		7,209,507	4,151,388	991,858	4,527,887
Production_m		x1.001.112	x1 007 034	¥447 980	x1.556.355
Shipments_m	x842.613	x892.831	x979.717		x1,424,618
Orders received m	×769.219				x1.394.846

Note—Figures in above table issued by:
a United States Bureau of the Census. b F. W. Dodge Corp. (figures for 37 States east of Rocky Mountains). c National Bituminous Coal Commission. d United States Bureau of Mines. e Association of American Railroads. f Compiled from private telegraphic reports. g Reported by major stock yard companies in each city. h New York Produce Exchange. k "Iron Age." I American Iron and Steel Institute. m National Lumber Manufacturers' Association (number of reporting mills varies in different years). x Four weeks.

In all the foregoing we have been dealing with the railroads as a whole. Turning now to the separate roads and systems, we find the exhibits in consonance with the results shown in the general totals. Not one solitary road reports an increase in gross earnings in amount in excess of \$100,000, while the list of roads showing decreases in gross above that amount number 64. In the case of the net earnings, the showing is somewhat better, six roads reporting increases and 36 decreases. Heading the list of roads showing increases in net we find the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe with a gain of \$1,548,098 after reporting a decrease in the case of the gross of \$579,766. In the following table we show all changes for the reparate roads and systems for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net:

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR MONTH OF

THE CHANGE	SEPTEM	BER, 1938	on in
	Decrease	174	Decrease
Pennsylvania	\$7,200,668	Grand Trunk Western	
New York Central	a4.801.854		
Duluth Missabe & I R	2,329,352		
Baltimore & Ohio			
Southern Pacific (2 rds.) _		St Louis-San Fran (2 rds.)	
NYNH& Hartford	1,418,429		249.964
Great Northern	1,270,238		239,118
Bessemer & Lake Erie	909,485		230,556
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	897,752		
Chesapeake & Ohio	843.074	Del Lack & Western	
Boston & Maine	806,525	Kansas City Southern	213,656
Norfolk & Western	757.515	N Y Chicago & St Louis_	212,139
Northern Pacific	726,311		191,623
Erie (2 roads)	686.455	Chic R I & Pac (2 rds.)	188,555
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	659.527	Central RR of New Jer	186,858
Louisville & Nashville	650.575	Maine Central	184,226
Chicago & North Western	619,260	Itlinois Central	180,493
Atch Topeka & Santa Fe	579.766	Internat Great Northern	179,667
Missouri Pacific	547,272	Texas & Pacific	173,032
Denver & R G Western	476.540	N O Tex & Mex (3 rds.)	170.958
Reading	437,364	Yazoo & Miss Valley	164,123
Minn 8t P & 8 8 M	427,004		144.872
Wabash	391,770	Central of Georgia	143,529
Chicago Burl & Quincy	388,860	Detroit Toledo & Ironton	137.971
Chicago Milw St P & Pac	370,465	Colorado Sou (2 roads)	137,188
Missouri-Kansas-Texas	357,672	Virginian	124,094
Wheeling & Lake Erie	352,329	Bangor & Aroostook	108,934
Union Pacific	338,090	Alton	107,232
Lehigh Valley	335,536	Total (64 roads)	

■ a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central Cincinnati Northern and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. In cluding Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is a decrease of \$5,461,381.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF

Atch Top & Santa Fe Southern	810,701 357,847 233,037 229,253 123,516	Duluth Missabe & I R. Pennsylvania Union Pacific Great Northern Bessemer & Lake Erie	Decrease \$2,139,974 1,793,047 927,372 877,876 785,683 667,005
Total (6 roads)		New York Central	581,926 a549,066

- Land Co. L	Decrease	Sales of Charles over the board of the	Degraves
Minn St P & S S M	\$403.553	Denver & R G Western	\$152,711
Elgin Joliet & Eastern		Wheeling & Lake Erie	151.807
Erie (2 roads)	331.065	Chic St P Minn & Omaha	146,327
Illinois Central	327.200	Baltimore & Ohio	137.853
Northern Pacific		Missouri Pacific	
Delaware & Hudson	260.796	Grand Trunk Western	124,346
Southern Pacific (2 rds.)	257,971	Virginian	124.051
Lake Sup & Ishpeming	247,065	Kansas City Southern	119,090
Atlantic Coast Line	198,537	Chic Milw St P & Pac	105.231
Chesapeake & Ohio	189,096	N O Texas & Mex (3 rds.)	103.863
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie.	182.046	Internat Great Northern	103,747
Yazoo & Miss Valley	164.728		
Labiach Wallow	4 FF 400	60 - 1 /00	

In view of what has been said above, it is no surprise to find that when the roads are arranged in groups, or geographical divisions, according to their location, that all the three great districts, the Eastern, the Southern and the Western—as well as all the various regions grouped under these districtsshow losses in both gross and net earnings alike, with the exception that in the case of the net the Southern district (including the Southern region) and the Central Western region (in the Western district) report small increases. The losses in net earnings reported by the Eastern districts, due in great part to the terrific hurricane that swept New England the latter part of September, are, as might be expected, exceptionally heavy, the percentage of decrease in the New England region of that district being no less than 110.53%. Our summary by groups is as below. As previously explained, we group the roads to conform with the classification of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The boundaries of the different groups and regions are indicated in the footnote to the table:

SUMMARY BY GROUPS

469,680 12 877,663 12 922,710 16 714,658 4 802,085 5 516,743 4 730,446 13 118,812 8 1007,468 8	% 19.13 13.21 17.26 15.72 4.10 8.10
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35,950 8	8.63
59,213 9	9.82
	+) or Dec. \$ 280,706 11 332,158 157,034 1 169,898 1 169,898 1 167,745 171,110 2 166,635 2 185,915 2 185,915 2 185,915 2 185,915 2 185,915 2

NOTE—Our grouping of the roads conforms to the classification of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the following indicates the confines of the different groups and regions:

EASTERN DISTRICT

New England Region—Comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region—Comprises the section on the Canadian boundary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region—Comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region east of a line from Chicago through Peoria to St. Louis and the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg, W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomae River to its mouth.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT

Southern Region—Comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohlo River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic.

Pocahonias Region—Comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth.

WESTERN DISTRICT

Northwestern Region—Comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes Region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland, and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region—Comprises the section south of the Northwestern Pegion west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Southwestern Region—Comprises the section lying between the Mississippi River south of St. Louis and a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso, and by the Rio Grande to the Gulf of Mexico.

Western roads (taking them collectively) had a much larger grain movement in September the present year than in the month a year ago. This was due entirely to increased receipts of wheat and of corn at the Western primary markets, the movement of all the other cereals having been on a reduced scale as compared with September last year. Altogether, the receipts at the Western primary markets of the five staples, wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, in the four weeks ended Sept. 24, 1938, aggregated 80,171,000 bushels as against 71,871,000 bushels in the same four weeks of 1937, and but 33,324,000 bushels in the similar period of 1936. In 1932 the grain movement totaled only 69,591,000 bushels, but back in the corresponding period of 1929 it aggregated 86,869,000 bushels. In the subjoined table we give the details of the Western grain movement in our usual form:

4 Weeks						
Ended	Flour (Bbls.)	Wheat (Bush.)	Corn (Bush.)	Oats (Bush.)	Barley (Bush.)	Rye (Bush.)
Chicago-	,					
1938	922,000	1,694,000	7,257,000	1,895,000		591,000
1937	809,000	3,744,000	4,316,000	2,974,000	1,410,000	746,000
Minneapoli 1938		12,536,000	659,000	1,931,000	4,218,000	1,193,000
1937		10,966,000	142,000	3,980,000		975,000
Duluth-		2010001000		0,000,000	2,100,000	0,0,000
1938	*****	15,241,000	298,000	3,720,000	2,360,000	2,236,000
1937	65,000	10,213,000		3,075,000	3,824,000	2,435,000
Milwaukee-		407 000	1 044 000	*n 000	0.005.000	11 000
1938	86,000	437,000	1,044,000	53,000 159,000		11,000
Toledo—		193,000	35,000	159,000	2,372,000	201,000
1938		867.000	214,000	904,000	2,000	25,000
1937		516,000	38,000	181,000		83,000
Detroit-						
1938						
1937	- Couch		£		1	
Indiana poli	s & Omaho	2,191,000	1 402 000	1,236,000		58,000
1938	*****	1,592,000	1,493,000 620,000	1,615,000		38,000
St. Louis-	*****	1,002,000	020,000	1,013,000		30,000
1938	502,000	1,089,000	557,000	302,000	61,000	42,000
1937	423,000	1,492,000	340,000	262,000	177,000	25,000
Peorta-				- 440000		
1938	158,000	91,000	1,558,000	164,000	258,000	97,000
1937	171,000	105,000	993,000	419,000	200,000	164,000
Yansas City 1938	72,000	4.006,000	277,000	214,000		
1937	57,000	4,460,000	185,000	310,000		
St. Joseph		-12001000	200,000	0101000		
1938		287,000	52,000	146,000		
1937		315,000	60,000	110,000		
Vichita—		0.47 000	1 000			
1938		947,000	1,000	0.000		0.000
1937 loux City—	******	763,000	8,000	2,000		2,000
1938	1120000	116,000	238,000	42,000	84,000	26,000
1937		57,000	22,000	80,000	87,000	32,000
-						
rotal all-						
	1,740,000	39,502,000	13,648,000		12,135,000	4,279,000
1937	1,525,000	34,416,000	6,759,000	13,167,000	12,828,000	4,701,000
	WEST	TERN FLOU	JR AND GI	RAIN RECI	EIPTS	
Months	F11	1171				
Ended	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Barley	Rye
Sept. 24	(Bbls.)	(Bush.)	(Bush.)	(Bush.)	(Bush.)	(Bush.)
	7,863,000	25,907,000	90.251,000	19,049,000	6,751,000	1,992,000
	7,633,000	32,451,000	37,955,000	18,313,000	7,456,000	4,109,000
<i>Ainneapolis</i>					4	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1938	3,000	44,666,000	19,813,000	13,176,000	24,871,000	7,134,000
1937		40,618,000	2,597,000	16,689,000	18,725,000	6,133,000
nluth—		25 202 000	92 070 000	19 700 000	11 105 000	F 040 000
1938		35,303,000	23,079,000	13,790,000	8 410 000	5,840,000
fliwaukee-	-	18,386,000	106,000	4,195,000	6,410.000	4,959,000
1938	674,000	5,545,000	8.160.000	812.000	18,408,000	453,000
1937	557,000	5,210,000	1,888,000	1,238,000	9,372,000	987,000
'oledo-	1.00	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12			
1938		9,099,000	3,853,000	5,675,000	108,000	102,000
1937		8,812,000	1,321,000	4,099,000	89,000	264,000
Detroit—				and a		= g5%r
1938		67,000	2,000	54,000	80,000	62 000
ndiana polis	& Omaha-	- 000,10	2,000	34,000	80,000	63,000
1938		24.366,000	21,697,000	10,341,000	13,000	345,000
1937		25,101,000	13,482,000	13,403,000	1,000	593,000
t. Louis-						
1938	4,293,000	19,807,000	23,671,000	3,813,000	1,232,000	197,000
	4,261,000	20,555,000	11,866,000	5,451,000	1,775,000	343,000
1938	1,590,000	2 815 000	19.078.000	2 050 000	9 961 000	654 000
	1,568,000	2,615,000 1,663,000	10,487,000	2,950,000 2,827,000	2,261,000	654,000 1,386,000
ansas City-		1,000,000	10,401,000	2,021,000	2,465,000	1,380,000
1938	500,000	83,097,000	7.371,000	2,255,000		
1937	561,000	84,695,000	5,927,000	2,409,000		Y
t. Joseph-	and the first of the					
1938		5,538,000	1,967,000	1,566,000		
1937		7,722,000	699,000	1,384,000		
7ichita— 1938		17,038,000	51,000	4,000		
				4 1991		

821,000 1938___14,923,000 274,462,000 221,203,000 73,792,000 65,629,000 16,972,000 1937__14,520,000 270,144,000 87,213,000 71,023,000 46,847,000 19,041,000

1,769,000

1937 ...

2,000

202,000

474,000

As to the cotton traffic over Southern roads, this, though falling far below that of September last year so far as the port movement of cotton is concerned, was very much larger in the case of the overland

shipments of the staple. The latter aggregated 47,266 bales as against only 32,570 bales in September, 1937, but compared with 59,487 bales in September, 1936. Back in 1932 the shipment, we find, totaled only 20,166 bales, but in 1929 they reached 51,520 bales. Details of the port movement of cotton for the past three years are set out in the table which follows:

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN SEPTEMBER, 1938, 1937 AND 1936, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1938, 1937 AND 1936

Don't.	Mon	th of Septe	mber	Since Jan. 1					
Ports	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936			
Galveston	284.919	467.860	375.816	745.683	769.793	719,607			
Houston, &c	327,390	456,464	247,429	806,935	769,918	673,164			
New Orleans	189,326	329,585	336,447	830,647	1,023,101	919,482			
Mobile	14.948	50,595	55,027	88,171	222,809	134,833			
Pensacola	1,764	19,695	40,057	4,121	25,236	70,695			
Savannah	10,392	56,940	55,205	36,952	129,956	115,579			
Charleston	7,111	76,375	58,304	40,607	120,977	91,241			
Wilmington	1.305	1.647	2,406	21,356	13,213	10,393			
Norfolk	1,836	7,440	3,179	23,151	31,610	23,824			
Corpus Christi	75,768	104,011	72,929	324,062	432,980	273,282			
Lake Charles	26,085	27,237	23,560	31,544	52,312	37,904			
Beaumont	7.949	4.177	3,483	10,261	15,338	10,266			
Jacksonville	595	1,168	2,169	722	3,934	3,047			
Total	949,388	1,603,194	1,276,010	2,964,212	3,611,177	3.083,317			

In the table we now present, a summary of the September comparisons of the gross and net earnings of the railroads of the country is furnished for each year back to and including 1909:

Month		Gross Ea	rnings		Mlleage		
Month of September	Year Given	Year Preceding	Inc. (+) or Dec. (-)	Per Cent	Year Given	Year Preced'g	
1909	\$252,711,515	\$242,562,898	+810,148,617	+4.18	220,205	217,277	
1910	236,874,425	211,281,315	+25,593,110	+12.11	233,428	229,161	
1911	249.054.036	249,014,235	+39,801	+0.01	230,918	226,520	
1912	272,209,629	252,318,597	+19,891,032	+7.88	237,591	235,140	
1913	285.050.042	275,244,811	+9.805,231	+3.56	242,097	239,050	
1914	272,992,901	285.850.745	-12.857.844	-4.50	242,386	238,698	
915	294,241,340	276,458,199	+17,783,141	+6.43	245.132	243,463	
1916	332,888,990	294,333,449	+38,555,541	+13.10	248,156	247.466	
917	364,880,086	330,978,448	+33.901.638	+10.24	245.148	243.027	
918	487,140,781	357,772,850	+129,367,931	+36.16	232,186	232,378	
919	495,123,397	485,870,475	+9.252,922	+1.90	232,772	232,349	
920	594,192,321	480,408,546	+113,783,775	+23.68	226,955	224.922	
921	496,784,097	617.537.676	-120.753.579	-19,55	235,155	234,559	
922	498,702,275	496,978,503	+1.723.772	+0.35	235,280	235.20	
923	544,270,233	499.720.575	+44.549.658	+8.91	235.611	236.52	
924	539,853,860	544.970.083	-5,116,223	-0.93	235,178	235,646	
925	564,443,591	540,062,587	+24,381,004	+4.51	236,752	236.587	
926	588,948,933	564,756,924	+24.192,009	+4.28	236,779	235,977	
927	564.043.987	590,102,143	-26.058.156	-4.42	238.814	237.854	
928	554,440,941	564,421,630	-9,980,689	-1.77	240.693	239,499	
929	565,816,654	556,003,668	+9.812.986	+1.76	241.704	241,447	
930	466,826,791	566,461,331	-99.634.540	-17.58	242,341	242.322	
931	349,821,538	466,895,312	-117,073,774	-25.07	242,815	242,593	
932	272,049,868	349,662,649	-77,612,781	-22.19	242,292	242,148	
933	295,506,009	272,059,765	+23,446,244	+8.62	240,992	239,904	
934	275,129,512	291,772,770	-16.643.258	-5.70	238.977	240,563	
935	306.566.997	275,158,450	+31,408,547	+11.41	237,431	238,819	
936	356,633,472	306,552,878	+50,080,594	+16.34	236,686	236.918	
937	362,454,729	356,449,463	+6.005,266	+1.68	235,304	235,886	
938	322,107,807	362,454,728	-40.346.921	-11.13	234.423	235,308	

Month	Net Earnings							
of September	Year Given	Year Preceding	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)	Per Cent				
1909	891.444.754	\$78,939,440	+812,505,314	+15.84				
910	90,191,439	94,307,971	-4,116,532	-4.37				
911	90,720,548	89,398,733	+1.321.815	+1.48				
912	96,878,558	90,842,946	+6.035,612	+6.64				
913	92.847.193	98,000,260	-5.153.067	5.26				
914	92,022,947	91,274,033	+748,914	+0.82				
15	111.728.276	93.181.915	+18.546.361	+19.90				
016	124,447,839	111,875,296	+12,572,543	+11.24				
017	116.086.103	123,785,757	-7.699.654	-6.22				
918	117,470,621	114,280,071	+3.190.550	+2.79				
919	98,302,598	117,131,459	-18.828.861	16.08				
20	102,329,084	93,423,391	+8.905,693	+9.53				
21	120.604.462	109.232,938	+11.372,524	+10.41				
22	91.381.593	120,428,552	-29.046.959	-24.12				
923	129,300,309	91,858,924	+37,441,385	+40.76				
924	165.049.184	134.911.897	+30.137.237	+22.33				
925	177,242,895	159,216,004	+18.026.891	+11.32				
026	191,933,148	176,936,230	+14.996.918	+8.48				
927	179,434,277	193,233,706	-13,799,429	-7.14				
028	180,359,111	178,647,780	+1.711,331	+0.96				
929	181,413,185	178,800,939	+2.612.246	+1.46				
030	147.231.000	183,486,079	-36,255,079	-19.75				
931	92,217,886	147,379,100	-55.161.214	-37.42				
032	83,092,939	92.153.547	-9.060.608	9.83				
33	94,222,438	83,092,822	+11.129.616	+13.39				
34	71,781,674	92,720,463	-20,938,789	-22.58				
35	88,955,493	72,390,908	+16.564.585	+22.88				
36	108,659,760	88,910,238	+19,749,522	+22.21				
937	100,395,949	108,622,455	-8,226,506	-7.57				
938	90.537.737	100,396,950	-9.859.213	-9.82				

The Course of the Bond Market

In a week shortened by two holidays very little can be deduced about trends in bond prices. New highs were the rule on Wednesday, after the unexpected extent of gains by Republican candidates in Tuesday's elections. These new highs are only continuing trends of recent weeks, however, and are the result of strength in underlying factors. grades and Governments have responded to new highs in excess reserves and to new gains in gold stock, to mention only two factors that may influence bond prices, while lowergrade bonds are reflecting the improvement in business activity.

High-grade railroad bonds have moved to higher levels, in a few instances new highs being recorded. Texas & Pacific 1st 5s, 2000, have gained 1½ at 115¼, Chesapeake & Ohio 4½s, 1992, were up 1 point at 120. Medium-grade convertible rail bonds have exhibited conspicous improvement and speculative issues have been the feature of the week. Great Northern (G) 4s, 1946, have advanced $3\frac{1}{8}$ to $98\frac{3}{4}$; Southern Railway $6\frac{1}{2}$ s, 1956, scoring an advance of $3\frac{3}{4}$ points, reached a new 1938 high of $75\frac{1}{2}$, while Illinois Central 4s, 1955, at $55\frac{1}{4}$ advanced $1\frac{1}{4}$ points. Defaulted rail bonds of the Southeastern carriers have scored wide advances, in many cases new current yearly highs being attained. Florida East Coast 5s, 1974, were up 13% at 10½.

Utility bonds have advanced this week in response to the

election returns. Activity in medium-grade and speculative issues has been more pronounced than for some time. International Hydro-Electic 6s, 1944, have gained 2\(^3\)\(^8\) at 79\(^3\)\(^ have advanced ½ to 105; Northern States Power 3½s, 1967,

have gained ½ at 105½; Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. 3¼s, 1962, at 106 are up ¼. New York traction issues advanced following approval of the amendment providing transit unification bonds but subsequently lost a portion of the gains. Industrial bonds have remained firm this week, which has been interrupted by two holidays, but have not advanced on the election results to as great an extent as have rail and utility bonds. In the steel group, the best advance was one of 2¼ points to 76¼ of the Otis Steel 4½s, 1962. Gains in the oil group have been fractional. The Studebaker 6s, 1945, have advanced smartly, rising 2 to 86. Retail trade issues have been stronger, advances of 1½ to 75 being made by United Drug 5s, 1953, and of 1 to 75½ by Childs 5s, 1943. The foreign bond market has displayed a firmer tendency but only minor price changes have been noticeable. Ex-

but only minor price changes have been noticeable. Exceptions were Pirelli 7s, which have been inactive for some time and which have gained 6 points on a small turnover. Among German bonds the United Steel Works Corp. issues around 49 established new high levels for the year.

Moody's computed bond prices and bond yield averages are given in the following tables:

		MOOD			RICES (1 erage Yie		ED) †			MOOI			IELD A				†	
1938 Daily	U. S. Govi. Bonds	All 120 Domes-			tic Corpor Ratings	ate *		20 Dome rate by G		1938 Datly	All 120 Domes	12	O Domest	tic Corporatings	rate		00 Domes	
Averages	Donus	Corp.*	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	Averages	Corp.	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus
Nov. 11	Stock		ge Clo							Nov. 11	Stock	Exchar				1		
9	112.46 112.53	101.06 100.88	117.72 117.50		100.00 99.83	81.87	87.35 87.21	106.54 106.36		9	3.94	3.09	3.47	4.00	5.20 5.22	4.80	3.64	3.38
8	Stock 112.45	100.70	ge Clo 117.72	8 ed 109.64	99.66	81.09	86.64	106.17	111.43	8	Stock 3.96	Exchar 3.09	ge Clos	ed 4.02	5.26	A Change	115	LANCAL
5	112.46	100.53	117.50	109.44	99.48	81.09	86.50	105.98	111.43	5	3.97	3.10	3.48	4.02	5.26	4.85	3.66	3.39
4	112.48	100.35	117.50 117.29	109,44	99.48	80.84	86.50 86.50			Nov. 4	3.98	3.10	3.49	4.03	5.28	4.86	3.67	3.39
	112.55 112.61	100.35	117.29	109.24	99.48	80.96	86.50			2	3.98	3,11	3.50	4.03	5.28 5.27	4.86	3.67	3,40
	112.62	100.35	117.07	109.24	99.31	80.96	86.50	105.79	110.83	1	3.98	3.12	3.50	4.04	5.27	4.86	3.68	3.42
Weekly- Oct. 28	112.68	100.18	116.86	109.24	99,14	80.71	86.36	105.60	110.83	Oct. 28	3.99	3.13	3.50	4.05	5.29	4.87	3.69	3.42
21	112.59	99.83	116.64	109.05	98.80	80.20	85.65	105.41	110.83	21	4.01	3.14	3.51	4.07	5.33	4.92	3.70	3.42
	112.58 112.53	99.48	116.64 116.43	108.46 108.27	98.80 98.45	79.95 79.45	85.52 85.10	104.85 104.30		7	4.03	3.14	3.54	4.07	5.35 5.39	4.93	3.73	3.42
Sept.30	111,70	97.28	114.51	107.30	96.61	76.88	82.13	103.38	109.24	Sept. 30	4.16	3.24	3.60	4.20	5.60	5.18	3.81	3.50
	111.37 110.91	97.11	115.14 114.93	107.30	96.28 96.28	76.17	81.74	103.38 102.84		23	4.17	3.21	3.60	4.22	5.66 5.72	5.21 5.22	3.81	3.49
	111.85	97.95	115.78	107.69	97.45	75.47	83.33	103.74		9	4.19	3.18	3.61	4.22	5.56	5.09	3.79	3.52
2	112.07	98.11	115.57	107.69	97.61	77.72	83.19	103.93	110.24	2	4.11	3.19	3.58	4.14	5.53	5.10	3.78	3.45
Aug. 26	112.38	98.80 98.28	116.00 115.57	107.88	98.28 97.95	78.70 77.84	84.01	104.30		Aug. 26	4.07	3.17	3.57	4.10	5.45 5.52	5.04	3.76	3.42
12	112.32	98.28	115.78	107.69	97.61	77.96	82.93	104.30	110.63	12	4.10	3.18	3.58	4.14	5.51	5.12	3.76	3.43
July 29	112.16	98.45 98.45	115.78 115.57	108.08 107.88	97.61 97.45	78.58 78.82	83.46 83.46	104.30		July 29	4.09	3.18	3.56	4.14	5.46	5.08	3.76	3.42 3.42
22	112.04	97.95	115.35	106.92	97.11	78.08	82.70	104.11	109.84	22	4.12	3.20	3.62	4.15	5.50	5.13	3.77	3.47
15	112.12	96.94	114.72	106.92	96.28	76.17	80.96	103.74		15	4.18	3.23	3.62	4.22	5.66	5.27	3.79	3.49
1	112.04	96.28 95.29	114.51	106.73 105.98	95.78	75.12 73.76	79.70	103.38	109.44	8	4.22	3.24	3.63	4.25	5.75	5.37	3.81	3.49
June 24	111.80	93.85	114.09	105.22	93.21	71.36	75.82	102.12	108.46	June 24	4.37	3.26	3.71	4.41	6.09	5.69	3.88	3.54
	112.01 112.05	91.35	113.07	104.48 106.54	91.35	66.99	71.36	101.58	107.69	17	4.53	3.31	3.75	4.53	6.52	6.09 5.69	3.91	3.58
	112.10	94.01	114.93	106.92	94.01	69.78	76.29	101.76	108.66	3	4.36	3.22	3.62	4.36	6.24	5.65	3.90	3.53
May 27		93.85	114.72	107.30	93.85	69.37	76.53	101.23	108.46	May 27	4.37	3.23	3.60	4.37	6.28	5.63	3.93	3.54
	111.94 111.82	95.46 96.44	115.35	108.08 108.46	95.62	71.68	78.70 81.22	102.12	109.44	20	4.27	3.20	3.56	4.26	6.06 5.87	5.45	3.88	3.50
6	111.54	95.29	114.51	107.69	95.13	72.11	79.07	101.76	108.85	6	4.28	3.24	3.58	4.29	6.02	5.42	3.90	3.52
	111.42 111.48	93.69 92.90	114.09 113.89	106.92 105.79	93.85	69.37 68.97	76.76 75.82	100.35 99.48	108.27 108.08	April 29	4.38	3.26	3.62	4.37	6.28	5.61 5.69	3.98 4.03	3.55
	110.08	91.20	112.66	104.30	91.05	66.99	74.21	97.78	106.17	14	4.54	3.33	3.76	4.55	6.52	5.83	4.13	3.66
8	109.69	91.05	112.66	103.74	91.05	66.89	75.12	96.94	105.04	8	4.55	3.33	3.79	4.55	6.53	5.75 6.11	4.18	3.72
Mar. 25.	109.58	88.80 91.97	112.45 113.89	102.66 106.92	89.10 92.43	63.28 66.03	71.15	96.11 98.45	104.30 106.73	Mar. 25	4.70	3.34	3.62	4.68	6.62	5.76	4.09	3.63
18	109.97	93.21	114.72	107.11	93.37	68.17	76.76	99.14	107.88	18	4.41	3.23	3.61	4.40	6.40	5.61	4.05	3.57
	110.57 110.70	94.81	115.35 115.78	109.05	95.46 97.11	69.78 73.65	80.08	99.48	108.46	4	4.31	3.20	3.51	4.27	5.88	5.34 5.01	4.03	3.54
	110.50	97.28	115.78	109.44	97.11	74.44	85.65	99.48	108.46	Feb. 25	4.16	3.18	3.49	4.17	5.81	4.92	4.03	3.54
	110.21	96.44	115.57	109.24	96.28 95.95	73.20	84.55	98.80 98.62	108.08	18	4.21	3.19	3.50	4.22	5.92	5.00	4.07	3.56 3.58
	110.18 110.16		115.78 114.51	109.05 108.27	94.49	72.43	84.14	98.45	107.69	4	4.31	3.24	3.55	4.33	6.11	5.22	4.09	3.62
Jan 28	110.07	94.33	114.72	107.49	94.81	69.89	79.70	98.62	107.69	Jan. 28	4.34	3.23	3.59	4.31	6.23	5.37	4.08	3.58
	110.52 110.15		116.00 116.64	109.05	96.78 97.61	73.31 75.47	83.33	100.18	109.05 109.24	21	4.20	3.17	3.51	4.19	5.91 5.72	5.09 4.89	3.99	3.51 3.50
7	109.97	97.61	116.21	110.04	97.28	74.89	86.50	99.66	108.46	7	4.14	3.16	3.46	4.16	5.77	4.86	4.02	3.54
High 1938 Low 1938			117.72 112.45	110.24 102.66	100.00	81.87	87.35 71.15	106.54	111.64	High 1938	3.94	3.34	3.85	4.68	6.98 5.20	6.11 4.80	4.23 3.64	3.76
High 1937			112.45	113.89	89.10 104.67	62.76 92.43	101.41	96.11 106.17	112.45	High 1937	4.31	3.47	3.60	4.33	6.08	5.07	4.22	3.76
Low 1937			109.84	107.30	94.49	71.46	83.60	96.28	104.30	Low 1937	3.64	3.07	3.27	3.74	4.46	3.92	3.66	3.34
Yr. Ago Nov.10'37	108.62	96.94	114.51	108.46	96.28	75.35	86.50	98.97	106.54	Nov. 10, 1937	4.18	3.24	3.54	4.22	5.73	4.86	4.06	3.64
Yrs. Ago		252 320							1.07.20	2 Years Ago		The state of		A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		4.00	9.75	2 20
Vov.10'36	11.96	105.22	116.43	113.07	102.48	91.66	100.00	104.48	111.64	Nov. 10 1936	3.71	3.15	3.31	3.86	4.51	4.00	3.75	3.38

• These prices are computed from average yields on the basis of one "typical" bond (4% coupon, maturing in 30 years), and do not purport to show either the average environment of actual price quotations. They merely serve to illustrate in a more comprehensive way the relative levels and the relative movement yield averages, the latter being the truer picture of the bond market

The latest complete list of bonds used in computing these indexes was published in the issue of July 23. 1938. page 488

The Business Man's Bookshelf

Trade Associations in Law and Business

By Benjamin S. Kirsh, in Collaboration with Harold Roland Shapiro, both of the New York Bar. 399 pages. New York: Central Book Co.

The author of this book, which is concerned primarily with the legal and economic problems arising from the federahe se tuting a vast majority of the business community today, which is of the firm opinion that "one cannot fail to reach the conclusion, after long observation and reflection, that cooperation is a necessity in the modern business economy. In his introductory chapter he explicitly sets forth the view that "the preservation of the ideal of competition, while applicable to a relatively simple economic society, no longer exists as an actuality in our modern business organization.

. . Only a handful of public servants and scholarly commentators sincerely believe that the rigor of the present

anti-trust system, as presently constituted, can survive as a policy for the future and is more than a mere relic of out-moded conceptions."

The approach to the problems and the activities of the trade association and related organizations is accordingly distinctly sympathetic, although the author is certainly not an extremist. Indeed, to a good many of his conclusions it is doubtful if even the lineal descendant of Adam Smith

The most useful contribution of this fairly large, well-packed volume—and it is a real contribution—is to be found, however, in the exhaustive presentation of factual data con-cerning the work of trade associations and other kindred bodies and the authoritative exposition of the present standing of such activities in the law as nearly as the law on the subject can be definitely stated at this time.

The book contains ten chapters in addition to a general discussion of broad economic and legal principles to be found in an introductory chapter. These ten chapters are in turn devoted to (1) Statistical Reporting Service of Trade Associations, (2) Uniform Cost Accounting Methods of Trade Associations, (3) Trade Relations of Trade Associations, (4) Standardization by Trade Associations, (5) Credit Bureau Functions of Trade Associations, (6) Boycotts and Defensive Combinations, (7) Patent Interchange and Cross-License Agreements, (8) Uniform Basing Point Systems of Trade Associations, (9) Collective Purchasing Functions of Trade Associations, and (10) Foreign Trade Functions of Trade Associations, and (10) Foreign Trade Functions of Trade Associations.

The book is exceptionally well documented, and for that reason if for no other it can hardly fail to be of substantial usefulness to lawyers, trade association executives, and students of trade associations and the like generally.

Labor Problems and Labor Law

By Albion Guilford Taylor. 663 pages. New York: Prentice-Hall, Inc. \$5.

This book is a useful guide to the multiplying labor problems of the present time in their relation to legal principles, traditions and habits of thought. Beginning with a consideration of the nature and origin of labor problems as found in the economic and legal foundations of the labor movement and the effect of machines upon men, the author discusses the organization of American labor, its primary objectives, its social, educational and political program, and the interest of the wage earner in the cooperative movement; and the legal background of the labor movement as shown in the legality of labor organizations, the nature of the labor contract and labor law in relation to police, judicial review and other State powers. Following these topics we have an

examination of social and legal phases of labor problems as represented by unemployment, social insurance legislation, the Federal social security scheme, income and living standards, minimum wage laws, hours of work, child labor and women workers, immigration and convict labor; a survey of the position of government in industrial conflicts, including the various aspects of strikes, the anti-trust laws, labor injunctions and the settlement of labor disputes; and, finally, the status and problems of employers' associations and per-

sonnel management.

The author contents himself, in general, with reviewing carefully, without excessive detail, the historical, practical and legal aspects of a problem and framing guarded conclusions. One gathers the impression that most of the labor legislation that has passed an experimental stage has his commendation. The evaluation of "present trends" in the settlement of labor disputes, however, leaves much to be desired. After referring to the fact that "powerful forces" oppose such legislation as the National Labor Relations Act and that "demands are being made that laws which would parallel the Wagner Act be passed regulating the activities of labor organizations," the author adds that "the interests of employers, however, are presumably safeguarded against what might appear to be unfair decisions of the Board through the right of appeal to Federal courts, a right likewise enjoyed by labor." The average reader would be likely to infer from this that the Wagner Act safeguards the rights and interests of employers as fully as it does those of employees, and that the widespread and well-founded criticism of the Act as openly and heavily biased in favor of labor was not regarded as worthy of consideration, in view of the privilege of an employer, after being harried by adverse rulings of the Board, to carry the case to court if he feels able to stand the expense.

Indications of Business Activity

THE STATE OF TRADE-COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Thursday Night, Nov. 10, 1938.

Business activity continues at an encouraging pace, with indications of substantially better conditions as time goes on. The elections have had a most wholesome influence on sentiment in the business and financial world, and this is reflected in the buoyancy and vigor of the stock market. The Wall Street view was that the impressive defeat of New Deal representatives by their Republican opponents and the return to the Senate of the entire group of Democratic Senators listed by the President in his attempted purge, will insure a sanity block in Congress which can be counted upon to defeat anti-business legislation. While tax-payers and industry will have to carry the tax load created by the extravagance of the last few years for a long time to come, the hope that the brakes may soon be applied to Federal expenditures, stirred the imagination of investors. Recent announcement of a 61% rate of operations in the steel industry, of gains in carlcadings and power production and of more activity in the capital goods industries, have been contributing to the better tone of security markets, and the promise now of less political opposition to legitimate business from Washington is baying a most reassuring effect and from Washington is having a most reassuring effect and augurs well for the future. The dollar was strong in foreign exchange markets as international traders were encouraged by the conservative swing of American voters. The broader effects of the conservate trend upon business may not manifest themselves immediately, observers state, but over the longer run it should foster a more normal volume of capital expenditures and a reopening of the capital markets. It is pointed out that durable goods industries have been the chief sufferers from the economic and fiscal policies of the Roosevelt Administration. By the same token, they would benefit most from their modification, leading to a more balanced and lasting type of business recovery without the accompaniment of huge increases in national debt for unproductive purposes

Prospects of a high rate of residential construction activity during the winter and early spring months where weather conditions permit, were seen by Federal Housing Authority Administrator Stewart McDonald as a result of October operations of the agency. Reporting outlook for home construction "still further improved," Mr. McDonald announced that small home mortgages selected for appraisal during October amounted to \$97,467,205, an increase of 117% over October last year; mortgages accepted for insurance, \$64,-627,149, increase of 82%; and property improvement loans, \$22,367,119, the highest monthly volume since amendment

of the Act last February.

The principal feature of the week's weather was the generous to heavy precipitation over most agricultural areas which relieved or definitely broke the severe drought that had developed over much of the country at the close of October. The soil is now reported as in good moisture condition rather generally from the central Great Plains eastward, although rainfall was insufficient in parts of Texas.

the eastern Gulf area, eastern Kentucky, and parts of the lower Great Lake region. More moisture is needed in parts of New York and in New England, especially to reduce the forest fire hazard. In all other parts of the eastern United States soil moisture condition has been markedly improved. Farther west the situation is still variable. There was not enough moisture to be of material benefit in the Red River of the North Vally, in North Dakota, South Dakota, except the southeastern portion, the western half of Kansas, southwestern and south-central New Mexico, Arizona, and northeastern Wyoming. Conditions are especially critical in Arizona where cattle shipments are heavy and breeding stock shrinking rapidly because of the continued drought. Considerable snow is reported in the higher elevations of the Western States. The lowest temperature reported was 4 degrees above zero at Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, while in some Canadian provinces to the morthward, below zero readings were recorded. In the New York City area the weather has been generally clear and cool with conditions the past two days ideal.

Today it was fair and cool here with temperatures ranging from 43 to 60 degrees. The forecast was for partly cloudy and warmer tonight and Friday. Rain Saturday. Overnight at Boston it was 40 to 54 degrees; Baltimore, 38 to 54; Pittsburgh, 30 to 46; Portland, Me., 34 to 54; Chicago, 36 to 54; Cincinnati, 30 to 50; Cleveland, 36 to 52; Detroit, 36 to 50; Charleston, 52 to 62; Milwaukee, 34 to 52; Savannah, 54 to 68; Dallas, 42 to 58; Kansas City, 44 to 60; Springfield, Mo., 38 to 58; Oklahoma City, 42 to 58; Salt Lake City, 32 to 46; Seattle, 34 to 42; Montreal, 38 to 48; and Winnipeg, 16 to 40.

Moody's Commodity Index Higher

Moody's Commodity Index advanced slightly, from 144.2 last week Friday to 144.7 this Thursday. Silk, cocoa, rubber, wheat, corn, steel scrap and cotton advanced, while hog prices declined. There were no net changes for hides, silver, copper, wool, coffee and sugar.

The movement of the index was as follows:

Fri	Nov.	4144.2	Two weeks ago, Oct. 28 144.4
Sat	Nov.	5144.2	Month ago, Oct. 10144.0
Mon	Nov.	7144.3	Year ago, Nov. 10152.3
Tues	Nov.		1937 High-Apr. 5 228.1
Wed	Nov.	9144.4	
Thurs.	Nov.	10144.7	1938 High-Jan. 10152.9
Fri	Nov.		Low-June 1
* Holid	av.		

"Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices Rose 0.1 Point in Unimportant Advance During Week Ended Nov. 5

The "Annalist" announced on Nov. 7 that no definite trend in commodity prices was apparent during the week ended Nov. 5. The "Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Prices recorded an unimportant advance, rising 0.1 point to 79.8 on Nov. 5 from 79.7 on Oct. 29, and a low since 1934 of 79.2 on Oct. 22. The "Annalist" added:

The current slight upturn continues the generally indeterminate trend that has marked the index for the past seven months. Since the beginning

of April the index has moved only within the range of 2.2 points, between 79.2 and 81.4.

None of the component groups of the "Annalist" index showed any great change during the past week. Food products were 0.4 point higher, building material 0.3 up (compared with the month before; it is computed only monthly), and the miscellaneous group 0.2 higher. Four groups were unchanged, and only textiles (subject to revision), were lower, with a loss of 0.2 points.

Corn and oats advanced, as did steers, hogs, lambs and beef. Cocoa also was higher, as well as the fruits generally, wool and rubber. Wheat and flour lost ground, along with cows, pork loins, cotton, silk, hides, tin and bituminous coal.

"ANNALIST" WEEKLY INDEX OF WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICES
(1926=100)

110	20-100/		
	Nov. 5, 1938	oa. 29, 1938	Nov. 2, 1937
Farm products	78.1	78.1	91.0
Food products		72.1	83.4
Textile products		†59.6	64.6
Fuels	84.2	84.2	90.2
Metals		97.7	105.9
Building materials	69.3	69.0	73.5
Chemicals	87.1	87.1	89.8
Miscellaneous		71.1	76.6
All commodities	79.8	79.7	89.6

^{*} Preliminary. † Revised.

Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items of Class I Steam Railways for August

The Bureau of Statistics of the Interstate Commerce Commission has issued a statement showing the aggregate totals of selected income and balance sheet items of class I steam railways in the United States for the month of August.

These figures are subject to revision and were compiled from 136 reports representing 141 steam railways. The present statement excludes returns for class I switching and erminal companies. The report in full is as follows:

TOTALS FOR THE UNITED STATES (ALL REGIONS)

Income Name	For the Mon	th of August	For the Eight Months of			
Income Items	1938	1937	1938	1937		
Net railway operating income Other income	\$45,376,615 11,172,638	\$50,756.742 11,057,193	\$154,711,896 91,065,356	\$411,208,316 96,125,654		
Total income	\$56,549,253	\$61,813,935	\$245,777,252	\$507,333,970		
Misceil. deductions from income	1,837,999	1,718,572	16,037,589	13,649,781		
Inc. avail for fixed charges Fixed charges:	\$54,711,254	\$60.095,363	\$229,739,663	\$493,684,189		
Rent for leased roads & equip.						
Interest deductions	39,825.950 207,396		a317,103,846 1,698,896			
Total fixed charges	\$52,601,988	\$51,846,800	\$405,000,872	\$420,202,640		
Income after fixed charges	2,109,266		d175,261,209			
Contingent charges	1,012,573	1,007,740	8,103,286	8,149,620		
Net income	\$1,096,693	\$7,240,823	d\$ 18336449£	\$65,331,929		
Depreciation (way & structures and equipment)	16,919,602	16,451,079 3,540,320	134,740,433 8,888,517	130,317,463 25,382,351		
Federal income taxes	1,788.388	3,340,320	0,000,011	20,002.001		
Dividend appropriations: On common stock On preferred stock	8,764,992 2,593,446	14,708,457 2,172,630				

	Balance at F	end of August
	1938	1937
Selected Asset Items— Investments in stocks, bonds, &c., other than those of affiliated companies	\$653,807,733	\$6 99,576,98
Cash		
Demand loans and deposits	10,122,421	
Time drafts and deposits	18,410,141	41,560,54
Special deposits		155,002,74
Loans and bills receivable	1,558,775	13,551,10
Traffic and car-service balances receivable	53,465,683	57,515,69
Net balance receivable from agents and conductors		
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	127,728,224	
Materials and supplies	337,511,029	
Interest and dividends receivable	20,246,349	
Rents receivable	1,430,777	
Other current assets		8,465,211
Total current assets	\$1,052,846,505	\$1,324,329,556
Selected Ltability Items— Funded debt maturing within 6 months a	\$116,938,297	\$81,469,198
Loans and bills payable b		\$210,648,782
Traffic and car-service balances payable		
Audited accounts and wages payable		
Miscellaneous accounts payable		
Interest matured unpaid	761,260,284	608,888,260
Dividends matured unpaid	1,603,257	6,709,403
Funded debt matured unpaid	613,014,428	477,459,951
Unmatured dividends declared	11,744,862	15,890,136
Unmatured interest accrued		105,926,425
Unmatured rents accrued		33,743,398
Other current liabilities	22,994,407	22,356,212
Total current liabilities	\$2,134,150,557	\$1,917,351,832
Tax liability: United States Government taxes	\$53,335,225	\$115,935,213
Other than United States Government taxes	167.499.947	153.782 356

a Represents accruals, including the amount in default.
b Includes payments which will become due on account of principal of long-term debt (other than funded debt matured unpaid) within six months after close of month of report. c Includes obligations which mature not more than two years after date of issue. d Deficit or other reverse items.

Revenue Freight Car Loadings in Week Ended Nov. 5 Total 673,333 Cars

Loadings of revenue freight for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, totaled 673,333 cars, a loss of 35,507 cars, or 5.0%,

from the preceding week, a decrease of 55,432 cars, or 7.6% from the total for the like week a year ago, and a drop of 86,282 cars, or 11.4%, from the total loadings for the corresponding week two years ago. For the week ended Oct. 29, 1938, loadings were 7.7% below those for the like week of 1937, and 13.0% below those for the corresponding week of 1936. Loadings for the week ended Oct. 22, 1938, showed a loss of 8.4% when compared with 1937, and a drop of 13.6% when comparison is made with the same week of 1936.

The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, loaded a total of 317,418 cars of revenue fright on their own lines, compared with 334,841 cars in the preceding week and 343,145 cars in the seven days ended Nov. 6, 1937. A comparative table follows:

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS
(Number of Care)

		d on Owi eks Ende		Received from Connections Weeks Ended—			
	Nov. 5 1938	Oct. 29 1938	Nov. 6 1937	Nov. 5 1938	Oct. 29 1938	Nov. 6 1937	
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe	22,404	24,803	26,136	6.194	7.001	6,700	
Baltimore & Ohio RR	27,406						
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry	22,834						
Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR	17.296						
Chicago Milw. St. Paul & Pac. Ry	19,869	21.938	20,559	8,111	7.843		
Chicago & North Western Ry	15.974						
Gulf Coast Lines	3,326	3,361	3,277				
International Great Northern RR	1.937	2.003	2.036	2.114	2.082	2,758	
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR	4,264	4,550	5,279	2,794	2.642	3.028	
Missouri Pacific RR	14,252	15,640	17,832	8,82€	9,169	9,342	
New York Central Lines	37,30	37.314	41,675	40,143	39,708	41.806	
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis Ry	5,224	5,436	5,216	9,721	9,863	9,601	
Norfolk & Western Ry	22,530	23,704	22.35	4,186	4.633	4,467	
Pennsylvania RR	56,024	57,203	60,261	37,532	38,393	42,299	
Pere Marquette Ry	5.797	5,789	6,857	5,480	5,184	5,984	
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR	5,496	5,329	5,223	6,193	5,89	5,901	
Southern Pacific Lines	29,979	32,441	31,429	8,35	8.768	8,767	
Wabash Ry	5,501	5,767	5,990	8,152	8,323	8,112	
Total	317.418	334.841	343.145	193,479	197.398	208.255	

TOTAL LOADINGS AND RECEIPTS FROM CONNECTIONS

	Week Ended-				
Ellin Total Bellin (188)	Nov. 5, 1938	Oct. 29, 1938	Nov. 6, 1937		
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Illinois Central System St. Louis-San Francisco Ry	26,382 31,969 12,657	26,934 34,841 13,410	26,674 34,719 15,047		
Total	71,008	75,185	76,440		

The Association of American Railroads, in reviewing the week ended Oct. 29, reported as follows:

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended Oct. 29 totaled 708,840 cars. This was a decrease of 59,184 cars, or 7.7% below the corresponding week in 1937, and a decrease of 250,652 cars, or 26.1% below the same week in 1930.

Loading of revenue freight for the week of Oct. 29 was an increase of

3,212 cars, or 0.5 of 1% above the preceding week.

Miscellaneous freight loading totaled 284,765 cars, an increase of 578 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 25,701 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

corresponding week in 1937.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 158,880 cars, a decrease of 557 cars below the preceding week and a decrease of 10.867 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

10,867 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Coal loading amounted to 136,408 cars, an increase of 8,416 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 14,876 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 46,906 cars, an increase of 410 cars above the preceding week and an increase of 2,839 cars above the corresponding week in 1937. In the Western districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week of Oct. 29 totaled 29,999 cars, an increase of 1,870 cars above the preceding week and an increase of 1,328 cars above the corresponding week in 1937.

corresponding week in 1937.

Live stock loading amounted to 21,053 cars, a decrease of 255 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 1,660 cars above the corresponding week in 1937. In the Western Districts alone, loading of live stock for the week of Oct. 29 totaled 17,328 cars, a decrease of 468 cars below the preceding week but an increase of 1,131 cars above the corresponding week in 1937.

Forest products loading totaled 30,023 cars, a decrease of 2,399 cars below the preceding week, but a decrease of 4,266 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Ore loading amounted to 24,609 cars, a decrease of 3,455 cars below the preceding week, and a decrease of 6,253 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Week in 1937.

Coke loading amounted to 6,196 cars, an increase of 474 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 1,720 cars below the corresponding

All districts reported decreases compared with the corresponding weeks in 1937 and 1930.

A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	1938	1937	1930
Four weeks in January	2.256.423	2.714.449	3,347,717
Four weeks in February	2.155,451	2.763.457	3,506,236
Four weeks in March	2.222.864	2.986,166	3,529,907
Five weeks in April	2.649.894	3.712.906	4,504,284
Four weeks in May	2.185.822	3.098,632	3.733.385
Four weeks in June	2.170.984	2.962,219	3,642,357
Five weeks in July	2.861.762	3.794.249	4,492,300
Four weeks in August	2.392.040	3.100.590	3.687.319
Four weeks in September	2,552,621	3.169.421	3.759.533
Week of Oct. 1	697,938	843.861	950.663
Week of Oct. 8	702,964	812,258	971,255
Week of Oct. 15.	726.612	806.095	954.782
Week of Oct. 22	705.628	770.156	931,105
Week of Oct. 29	708,840	768,024	959,492
Total	24.989.843	32.302.483	38.970.335

In the following we undertake to show also the loadings for separate roads and systems for the week ended Oct. 29, 1938. During this period 29 roads showed increases when compared with the same week last year.

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (NUMBER OF CARS)—WEEK ENDED OCTOBER 29

Railroads		Total Reven Freight Load			in Received	Ratiroads		Total Reven Treight Load		Total Loads Received from Connections	
	1938	1937	1936	1939	1937		1938	1937	1 1936	1938	1937
Eastern District-						Southern District-(Cond.)					
Ann Arbor	669	634	625	1,090	1,151	Mobile & Ohlo	1,940	2,187	2,231	2,252	2,095 2,437
Bangor & Aroostook	1,177	1,687	1,565	214	261	Nashville Chattanooga & St. L.	2,930	2,836	3,316	2,430 1,146	1,246
Boston & Maine	7,353	7,792	8,857	9,578	9,968	Norfolk Southern	1,094	1,562	455	1,157	924
Chicago Indianapolis & Louisv.	1,812	1,813	1,929	1,788	2,107	Piedmont & Northern	347	365	397	3,437	4,507
Central Indiana	1 000	1,412	1,439	1,870	1,865	Richmond Fred. & Potomac Seaboard Air Line	8,583	9,311	8,903	4,548	5,096
Central Vermont Delaware & Hudson	4,984	5,228	5,189	7,274	7,912	Southern System	20,754	22,129	22,448	14,677	15,070
Delaware Lackawanna & West.		10,500	10,191	6,555	6,770	Tennessee Central	441	459	484	756	644
Detroit & Mackinac	634	631	631	140	132	Winston-Salem Southbound	218	189	182	799	882
Detroit Toledo & Ironton	2,153	2,272	2,348	931	1,176		100 544	110 070	114,378	65,125	70,387
Detroit & Toledo Shore Line		301	360	2,746	3,650	Total	102,544	112,670	117,010	00,120	10,001
Erie	12,732 4,775	12,666 5,204	13,164	12,342 6,762	14,658 8,577	Northwestern District-					
Grand Trunk Western Lehigh & Hudson River		206	153	1,784	1,997	Chicago & North Western	18,339	19,478	21,165	10,625	12,043
Lehigh & New England	1,481	1,548	1,654	1,061	1,186	Chicago Great Western	2,915	2,657	2,788	3,110	3,396
Lehigh Valley	8,145	9,127	9,612	7,440	8,069	Chicago Milw. St. P. & Pacific.	21,838	21,978	23,132	7,843	9,006
Maine Central	2,392	2,791	3,104	2,019	2,471	Chicago St. P. Minn. & Omaha.	4,174	4,262	4,393	3,395	4,190 185
Monongabela	4,115	4,610	4,922	232	272	Duluth Missabe & I. R.	6,175	7,606 1,147	13,632 1,039	152 324	485
Montour	2,185	2,312	2,492	20 700	42 050	Duluth South Shore & Atlantic.	636 5,932	5,806	7,423	4,626	5,515
New York Central System	37,314 9,589	43,956 10,226	46,192 11,362	39,708	43,652 11,870	Elgin Joliet & Eastern Ft. Dodge Des Moines & South.	558	545	414	176	180
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford New York Ontario & Western.		1,389	1,651	11,247	1,754	Chest Northern	14,944	16,517	16,738	2,606	3,057
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis		5,144	5,439	9,863	9,862	Green Bay & Western	741	721	719	544	574
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie		4,937	7,784	5,766	5,855	Lake Superior & Ishpeming	979	2,296	2,540	70	65
Pere Marquette	5,789	6,987	7,183	5,184	6,013	Minneapolis & St. Louis	2,464	2,376	1,980	2,101	2,019
Pittsburgh & Shawmut	322	481	462	33	19	Minn. St. Paul & S. S. M	6,565	6,920	7,668	2,078	2,623 3,794
Pittsburgh Shawmut & North	383	444	440	261	260	Northern Pacific	11,788	11,917	12,963	3,687	384
Pittsburgh & West Virginia	888	958	1,411	1,406	1,317	Spokane International	149 1,868	323 1,742	2,829	1,301	1,365
Rutland	574 5,767	625	680	894	928 8,949	Spokane Portland & Seattle	1,000	1,172	2,020	1,001	-,000
Wabash Wheeling & Lake Erie	3,458	4,122	5,884 4,413	8,323 2,973	3,239	Total	100,065	106,291	120,409	42,941	48,881
Total	141,737	156,098	165,878	151,228	166,015	Central Western District— Atch. Top. & Santa Fe System.	24,803	27,746	24,626	7.001	7,552
Allegheny District-						Alton.	3,131	3,488	3,346	2,353	2,362
Akron Canton & Youngstown	454	400	606	737	807	Bingham & Garfield	459	528	413	97	109
Baltimore & Ohio	29,010	31,500	35,059	15,459	17,437	Chicago Burlington & Quincy	19,334	20,862	20,274	8,591	9,901
Bessemer & Lake Erie	3,599	3,732	5,359	1,692	1,918	Chicago & Illinois Midland	1,932	1,843	2,316	604	1,056
Buffalo Creek & Gauley	270	325	395	6	6	Chicago Rock Island & Pacific.	14,032	14,171	12,948	8,704	9,409
Cambria & Indiana	1,507	1,479	1,407	15	23	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	2,897	3,216	3,356	2,534	2,749 1,647
Central RR. of New Jersey	5,507	6,631	7,209	10,927	11,079	Colorado & Southern	1,432	1,824 5,905	1,700 5,096	1,490 3,419	4,094
Cornwall	610 243	380 265	798	50	73 31	Denver & Rio Grande Western. Denver & Salt Lake	5,666 794	897	1,126	26	16
Cumberland & Pennsylvania Ligonier Valley	104	136	315 273	47 34	23	Fort Worth & Denver City	1,542	1.684	1,500	1,234	1,432
Long Island	862	680	842	2,544	2,524	Illinois Terminal	1,873	1,979	2,122	1,288	1,765
Penn-Reading Seashore Lines		1,301	1.335	1,312	1,377	Missouri-Illinois	447	563	-,	360	335
Pennsylvania System	57,203	64,355	71,228 15,039	38,393	43,215	Nevada Northern	1,501	1,684	1,724	111	129
Reading Co	12,487	14,198	15,039	15,790	15,467	North Western Pacific	751	968	1,139	340	433
Union (Pittsburgh)	8,177	9,900	14,993	2,716	2,969	Peoria & Pekin Union	22	442	407	5 240	5,602
West Virginia Northern	38	30	80	. 0	0	Southern Pacific (Pacific)	26,079	24,046	24,509	5,349 1,129	1,374
Western Maryland	3,154	3,383	4,066	5,285	5,852	Toledo Peoria & Western Union Pacific System	21,677	566 21,356	20,626	10,165	10,570
Total	124,268	138,695	159,004	95,007	102,801	Utah	469	659	524	8	17
Pocahontas District—					102,001	Utah	1,906	2,101	1,840	2,949	2,398
Chesapeake & Ohio	24,801	24,841	28,245	10,103	11,943	Total	131,262	136,528	130,023	57,752	62,950
Norfolk & Western	23,704	23,706	26,221	4,633	4,674						
Virginian	4,705	4,737	4,603	958	935	Southwestern District-					
						Burlington-Rock Island	148	197	202	345	441
Total	53,210	53,284	59,100	15,694	17,552	Fort Smith & Western	245	265	225	233	249
Caushan Distalat						Gulf Coast Lines. International-Great Northern.	3,361	3,090	3,051	1,316	1,691 1,959
Southern District—	219	918	972	140	100	Kansas Oklahama & Cult	2,003 165	2,077 260	2,398 191	2,082 1,200	1,325
Alabama Tennessee & Northern Atl. & W. P.—W. RR. of Ala.	774	215 790	273 866	1,466	1.309	Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf Kansas City Southern	1,905	2,476	2,232	1,862	2,053
Atlanta Birmingham & Coast.	563	619	641	833	877	Louisiana & Arkansas	1,695	1,665	1,456	1,321	1,290
Atlantic Coast Line	8,212	10,073	9,516	4,366	5,174	Louisiana Arkansas & Texas	121	251	165	406	472
Central of Georgia	3,866	3,865	4,601	2,699	2,593	Litchfield & Madison	279	359	382	740	863
Charleston & Western Carolinal	361	482	452	944	1,225	Midland Valley	702	866	905	303	270
Clinchfield	1,289	1,370	1,522	1,801	1,949	Missouri & Arkansas	158	245	165	292	327
Columbus & Greenville	421	534	472	317	268	Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines.	4,550	5,460	5,073	2,642	3,128
Durham & Southern	151	177	158	472	335	Missouri Pacific	15,682	18,134	18,414	9,169	9,876
Florida East Coast	671	705	815	778	969	Quanah Acme & Pacific	246	207	174	109	124
Gainsville Midland	36 924	944	1 200	1 479	1 404	St. Louis-San Francisco	7,918	9,881	9,549	4,405	4,652 2,710
Georgia & Florida	371	392	1,208	1,473 476	1,494 471	St. I.ouis Southwestern	2,880 7,768	3,733 8,546	3,174 8,276	2,158 2,918	3,264
Gulf Mobile & Northern	1,602	1,838	2,004	1,178	1,264	Texas & Pacific	5,686	6,472	5,642	3,836	4,070
Illinois Central System	24,556	27,463	25,809	10,860	13,243	Wichita Falls & Southern	212	256	317	60	82
Louisville & Nashville	21,484	23,361	25,494	5,256	5,250	Wetherford M. W. & N W	30	18	13	43	40
Macon Dublin & Savannah Mississippi Central	179	169	206	473	429						
	157	206	188	299	406	Total	55,754	64,458	64.865	35,440	38,886

Seven Percent Increase Noted in Bank Debits

Note-Previous year's figures revised. * Previous figures.

Debits to individual accounts, as reported by banks in leading cities for the week ended Nov. 2, aggregated \$9,-336,000,000, or 17% above the total reported for the preceding week and 7% above the total for the corresponding

week of last year.

Aggregate debits for the 141 cities for which a separate total has been maintained since January, 1919, amounted to \$8,635,000,000, compared with \$7,374,000,000 the preceding week and \$8,002,000,000 the week ended Nov. 3

of last year.

These figures are as reported on Nov. 7, 1938, by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

SUMMARY BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

Federal Reserve District	No. of				
2 COCTAGE 10 COCT DE 17 COST SCS	Incl.	Nov. 2, 1938	Oct. 26, 1938	Nov. 3, 1937	
1—Boston	17	\$557,772,000	\$456,102,000	\$583,709,000	
2-New York	15	4,443,622,000	3,480,535,000	3.701.966.000	
3 -Philadelphia	18	449,123,000	388,227,000	376.515.000	
4-Cleveland	25	558,025,000	465,303,000	604.642.000	
5-Richmond	24	319,169,000	284.863.000	323,427,000	
6-Atlanta	26	235.548.000	223,035,000	244.776.000	
7—Chicago	41	1,224,471,000	1.244.543.000	1.266,154,000	
8-St. Louis	16	249,672,000	233.659.000	258,916,000	
9-Minneapolis	17	180,050,000	148.043.000	178.867.000	
10-Kansas City	28	260,180,000	250,615,000	280,942,000	
11-Dalias	18	191,529,000	193.874.000	203,836,000	
12-San Francisco	29	666,369,000	622,765,000	700,792,000	
Total	274	\$9,335,530,000	\$7,991,564,000	\$8,724,542,000	

Wholesale Commodity Prices Remain Unchanged Dur-ing Week Ended Nov. 5, According to National Fertilizer Association

No change in the general level of commodity prices was recorded by the index of the National Fertilizer Association during the week ended Nov. 5, which remained at 72.9%, the same as in the preceding week. A month ago

the index (based on the 1926-1928 average of 100%) stood at 73.2% and a year ago at 81.7%. The lowest point registered by the index in the current year, and also the lowest since December, 1934, is 72.3% in the third week of October. The Association, under date of Nov. 7, went on to say:

A moderate upturn took place in the index of food prices, largely due to higher quotations for dairy products and beef. The food price average has

higher quotations for dairy products and beef. The food price average has not been lower than 71% nor higher than 75% since last January. Although cotton and grains were somewhat lower last week there was a fractional rise in the farm product average, reflecting advancing prices for eggs, wool, hogs and lambs. With corn, wheat, oats and rye all moving downward the grain price average dropped to the lowest point reached since June, 1933. The only other group index to show a rise during the week was that representing the prices of miscellaneous commodities, which rose slightly as a result of higher prices for hides and rubber. In the textile group lower quotations for burlap, jute, silk and cotton were more than sufficient to offset increases in cotton goods, yarns and wool.

Seventeen price series included in the index advanced during the week

and 23 declined; in the preceding week there were 38 advances and 15 declines; in the second preceding week there were 27 advances and 28 declines.

WEEKLY WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICE INDEX

Per Cent Each Group Bears to the Total Indez	Group	Latest Week Nov. 5, 1938	Preced'g Week Oct. 29, 1938	Month Ago Oct. 8, 1938	Year Ago Nov. 6 1937
25.3	Foods	72.4	72.0	72.2	83.2
	Fats and o'ls	55.3	55.5	57.5	67.1
23.0	Cottonseed oil	70.7	71.2	74.2	68.3
40.0	Farm products		64.6	64.9	74.2
	Cotton	48.3	48.8	47.5	42.7
	Grains	47.7	49.6	49.9	66.9
17.3	Livestock	73.3	72.4	73.3	84.0
	Fuels	75.6	75.6	77.2	84.7
10.8	Miscellaneous commodities	78.4	78.3	77.3	82.3
8.2	Textiles	59.4	59.5	58.9	66.1
7.1	Metals	90.9	90.9	89.8	99.6
6.1	Building materials	81.5	81.5	81.3	84.6
1.3	Chemicale and drugs	93.6	93.6	93.4	95.1
.3	Fertilizer materials	70.5	70.5	70.4	73.2
.3	Fertilizers	77.7	77.7	78.1	80.5
.3	Farm machinery	97.2	97.2	97.3	96.4
100.0	All groups combined	72.9	72.9	73.2	81.7

Fairchild Publications Retail Price Index Failed to Decline During October for Third Consecutive Month

Retail prices prolonged the period of stability for the third consecutive month, according to the index compiled by the Fairchild Publications. The Nov. 1, index of 89.0 (Jan. 3, 1931=100) was the same as reported on Aug. 1, Sept. 1 and Oct. 1. In comparison with a year ago the index shows a decline of 7% and is 7.9% below the 1937 high. Prices remained only 1.2% above the low recorded July 1, 1936, said an announcement issued Nov. 10 by Fairchild Publications, New York, which went on to say:

Of the major groups making up the Index, three remained unchanged; these were piece goods, men's apparel and women's wear. These main sub-divisions are, respectively, 5.3, 3.0 and 6.0% below the levels of a year ago. Minor declines below Oct. 1 were recorded in infants' wear and home fur-

nishings, but these were too small to influence the composite index.

Quite a few specific items remained unchanged in price from the Oct. 1. level; these were silk piece goods, women's hosiery, men's and infants' hose, corsets, men's and women's shoes, men's underwear, and infants' underwear, as well as furniture and floor coverings. Gains were recorded by cotton piece goods, sheets, furs and men's shirts and hats

It is probable that the present firm tendency in prices will be continued for a time, according to A. W. Zelomek, Economist under whose supervision the index is compiled. A slight gain may be recorded in coming months, but this should not be very rapid unless wholesale quotations advance much further than now seems likely.

FAIRCHILD PUBLICATIONS RETAIL PRICE INDEX—(JAN. 3, 1931=100)

The second second	May 1, 1933	Nov. 1, 1937	Aug. 1, 1938	Sept. 1, 1938	Oct. 1, 1938	Nov. 1, 1938
Composite index	69.4	95.7	89.0	89.0	89.0	89.0
Piece goods	65.1	89.2	84.8	84.5	84.5	84.5
Men's apparel	70.7	91.4	88.9	89.0	88.7	88.7
Women's apparel	71.8	95.1	89.0	89.4	89.4	89.4
Infants' wear	76.4	97.2	96.8	96.6	96.5	96.4
Home furnishings	70.2	97.9	91.5	91.3	91.1	90.9
Piece goods:	1.00					
Silks	57.4	65.3	64.0	64.0	64.0	64.0
Woolens	69.2	87.3	85.5	85.3	85.3	85.0
Cotton wash goods	68.6	115.0	104.8	104.1	104.1	104.5
Domestics:			1000	(C. 17)		
Sheets	65.0	107.2	93.5	93.5	93.5	93.8
Blankets & comfortables	72.9	110.7	105.0	105.0	105.0	104.G
Women's apparel:						
Hosiery	59.2	76.4	74.0	74.0	74.0	74.0
Aprons and house dresses	75.5	108.2	104.4	104.4	104.4	104.1
Corsets and brassieres	83.6	93.3	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5
Furs	66.8	117.7	90.4	93.0	93.0	93.5
Underwear	69.2	87.0	85.6	85.4	85.6	85.4
Shoes	76.5	87.8	87.2	87.2	86.7	86.7
Men's apparel:	10.0	00	0	01.2	00.1	00.
Hosiery	64.9	89.5	87.8	87.8	87.8	87.8
Underwear	69.6	93.4	91.1	91.1	91.1	91.1
Shirts and neckwear	74.3	87.6	86.0	86.0	85.7	86.0
Hats and caps	69.7	84.6	81.7	82.1	82.1	82.3
Clothing, incl. overalls	70.1	96.6	90.7	90.7	90.2	90.0
Shoes	76.3	97.6	96.2	96.2	95.0	95.0
Infants' wear:	10.0	01.0	00.2	00.2	00.0	00.0
Socks	74.0	100.7	100.6	100.4	100.4	100.4
Underwear	74.3	95.0	94.0	94.0	94.2	94.2
Shoes	80.9	96.C	95.8	95.4	94.9	94.5
Furniture	69.4	102.2	94.8	95.0	95.0	95.0
Floor coverings	79.9	124.3	112.0	111.0	110.0	110.0
Musical instruments	50.6	61.4	57.3	57.3	57.4	57.4
Luggage	60.1	80.7	75.5	75.5	75.3	74.8
Elec. household appliances	72.5	83.0	83.0	82.9	82.9	
China	81.5	97.0	94.5	94.2	94.0	82.4 94.0

August Statistics of the Electric Light and Power Industry

The following statistics for the month of August, covering 100% of the electric light and power industry, were released on Oct. 27 by the Edison Electric Institute:

SOURCE AND DISPOSAL OF ENERGY DURING MONTH OF AUGUST

Source of Energy				
Minerarchy (type) of the	1938	1937	Per Ct. Change	
Kilowatt-hours generated (net): By fuel-burning plants By water power	6,145,826,000 3,507,427,000	7,117,303,000 3,046,375,000	$-13.6 \\ +15.1$	
Total generation	9,653,253,000	10,163,678,000	-5.0	
Net purchases: From other sources Net international imports	320,978,000 97,980,000		+14.5 -10.6	
Total purchased power (net)	418,958,000	389,850,000	+7.5	
Total input	10,072,211,000	10,553,528,000	-4.6	

Disposal of Energy				
and sold sittle breathers.	1938	1937	Per Ct. Change	
Total sales	8,092,624,000	8,616,795,000		
Energy not reported as sold: Used in electric railway departments Used in electric and other departments Furnished free or exchanged in kind	28,552,000 147,711,000 1,459,000	140,151,000		
Total not reported as sold	177,722,000	186,689,000		
Total energy accounted for	8,270,346,000 1,801,865,000		-6.1 +3.0	
Total output (to check above "input")	10,072,211,000	10,553,528,000	-4.6	

(In T	nousanas oj	Kuowatt-Hours)	
Based on PPC Classificat August, 1938	TO THE	Based on EEI Classifica August, 1937	rion
Residential or domestic	1,526,834	Domestic	1,384,028
Commercial and industrial Public street & h'way lighting.	5,773,021	Small light and power	1,483,585 5,060,921
Other public authorities	199,361	Municipal street lighting	172,862
Saler to railroad & railways Inter-departmental	412,963 31,621	Street & interurban railways Electrified steam railroads	330,912 96,427
Other sales		Municipal and miscellaneous	88,060
Total sales	8,092,624	Sales to ultimate customers.	8,616,795

CIEDSITICSCION	or customers
Based on PPC Classification Aug. 31, 1938	Based on EEI Classification Aug. 31, 1937
Rural*	Domestie
Commercial and industrial 4,567,824 Public street & h'way lighting 26,188	Small light and power 3,848,704 Large light and power 565,391
Railroad and railways 280	Municipal street lighting 33,838 Street & interurban railways 322
	Electrified steam railroads 26 Municipal and miscellaneous 35,373
Total eustomers27,506,079	Total ultimate customers26,606,925

Based on FPC Classification	

Total revenue......\$182,380,300 **Estimated Domestic Electric Service Ratios**

A THE STREET SHEET AND A	12 Mor	ths Ended July	31
profited district opposite a wild to	1938	1937	1 % Change
Kilowatt-hours per customer	837 \$35.84 4.28e	778 \$34.87 4.48c	+7.6 +2.8 -4.5

a Data for two years not strictly comparable.

b Data not comparable because of an unascertainable amount of "revenue" tagust, 1938 which may or may not have been included in the 1937 data.

* Allocated to other classes.

Secretary of Labor Perkins Reports Increase of 21% in Total Permit Valuation of Building Construction During September as Compared with Year Ago-Value of Residential Buildings Increased 55%

An increase of 55% in the value of residential buildings, comparing the current month with the corresponding period of 1937, was the most striking feature of September building permit reports, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins reported on Oct. 29. "Comparing the same two months there was an increase of 6% in the value of new non-residential buildings," she said. "The value of additions, alterations and repairs to existing structures decreased 19%. Total permit valuations were 21% higher than during September, 1937." Miss Perkins also stated:

Contrary to the usual seasonal trend, total permit valuations were slightly higher during September than during August. This was entirely due to an increase of 7% in the value of new non-residential buildings. New residential buildings declined 1%, and the value of additions, alterative of the seasonal contember with August. Total tions and repairs declined 5%, comparing September with August. Total permit valuations during the current month were 1% higher than during August. These data are based on reports received by the Bureau of Labor

Statistics from 2,169 cities having an aggregate population of 59,861,000.

During the first nine months of 1938, as a whole, permits were issued in the cities reporting to the Bureau for buildings valued at \$1,252,727,000. This is a decline of approximately 2% as compared with the corresponding period of 1937. The value of new residential buildings over the same period showed a gain of 8%. There was a decrease of 4% in the value of new non-residential buildings and of 18% in the value of additions, altera-

tions and repairs.

The September figures show a continuation of a significant reversal of trend that has been noted in every month since July. For the first six months total permit valuation in 1938 was 11% under the corresponding months of 1937. For the three months, July to September, inclusive, it was 19% higher in 1938 than in 1937.

In making available the report the Department of Labor

also had the following to say:

The percentage change from August to September in the permit valuation of the various classes of construction is indicated in the following table for 2,169 cities having a population of 1,000 or over:

	Change from Aug., 1938 to Sept., 1938				
Class of Construction	All Cities	Excl. New York			
New residential	-1.0 +7.2 -5.3	-1.0 +13.0 -5.2			
Total	+0.6	+2.7			

There were 23,479 family-dwelling units provided in the new house-keeping dwellings for which permits were issued during September in these cities. This is an increase of more than 1% as compared with

The percentage change from September, 1937, by class of construction, is given below for 1,622 cities having a population of 2,500 or over:

	Change from Sept., 1937 to Sept., 1938				
Class of Construction	All Cities	Ezcl. New York			
New residential	+55.1 +5.7 —19.0	+36.5 +10.9 17.8			
Total	+20.6	+14.8			

Compared with September, 1937, there was an increase of 71% in the

number of family-dwelling units provided.

The changes occurring between the first nine months of 1938 and the like period of 1937 are indicated below:

Class of Construction	Change from First 9 Mos. in 1937 to First 9 Mos. in 1938				
		All Cities	Ezcl. New York		
New residential New non-residential Additions, alterations, repairs		+8.2 -3.7 -18.2	-6.9 -7.3 -17.8		
Tota	1	-1.5	-9.4		

The data collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics show, in addition to private and municipal construction, the number and value of buildings for which contracts were awarded by the Federal and State governments in the cities included in the report. For September, 1938, the value of these buildings amounted to \$17,068,000; for August, 1938, to \$10,598,000, and

for September, 1937, to \$12,407,000.

Permits were issued during September for the following important building projects: In Medford, Mass., for a school building to cost \$500,000; in New York City—in the Borough of the Bronx, for apartment \$500,000; in New York City—in the Borough of the Bronx, for apartment houses to cost over \$12,000,000; in the Borough of Brooklyn, for apartment houses to cost \$875,000; in the Borough of Queens, for one-family dwellings to cost over \$2,000,000, and for apartment houses to cost over \$3,400,000; in the Borough of Manhattan, for apartment houses to cost \$775,000; in Buffalo, N. Y., for apartment houses to cost over \$4,000,000 (this is a low-cost housing project erected under the jurisdien of the Vertex Boyeng Authority); in Mount Vernan, N. V., for two (this is a low-cost housing project erected under the jurisdiction of the United States Housing Authority); in Mount Vernon, N. Y., for two apartment houses to cost \$450,000; in Erie, Pa., for a hospital building to cost over \$500,000; in Philadelphia, Pa., for one-family dwellings to cost over \$1,150,000; in Pittsburgh, Pa., for a school building to cost \$456,000; in Chicago, Ill., for an aparement house to cost \$634,000; in Evanston, Ill., for an apartment house to cost \$634,000; in Evanston, Ill., for an apartment house to cost \$600,000; in Detroit, Mich., for one-family dwellings to cost over \$3,600,000, for factory buildings to cost nearly \$800,000, and for store and mercantile buildings to cost nearly \$600,000; in Canton, Ohio, for a school building to cost approximately \$660,000; in Dover, Del., for a school building to cost \$450,000; in Washington, D. C., for one-family dwellings to cost over \$1,400,000, for a school building to cost \$1,400,000; in Houston, Tex., for one-family dwellings to cost approximately \$1,100,000; in Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Tex., for barracks to cost over \$750,000; and in Los Angeles, Calif., for one-family barracks to cost over \$750,000; and in Los Angeles, Calif., for one-family dwellings to cost nearly \$3,000,000, for apartment houses to cost over \$750,000, and for school buildings to cost approximately \$600,000.

In Portsmouth, Va., a contract was awarded by the Navy Department

for the erection of a pier to cost over \$1,400,000.

PERMIT VALUATION OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION, TOGETHER WITH THE NUMBER OF FAMILIES PROVIDED FOR IN NEW DWELLINGS, IN 2,169 IDENTICAL CITIES IN NINE REGIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, SEPTEMBER. 1938.

		The state of	New Resident	ttal Building		
Geographic Division	No.	Permu V	aluation	Families Provided for in New Dwellings		
STATEMENT STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT OF	Cities	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	
All divisions	2,169	\$86,293,102	287,135,092	23,479	23,218	
New England 12 Middle Atlantic 51 East North Central 47 West North Central 22 South Atlantic 28 East South Central 10 West South Central 13 Mount din 10	129 516 476 220 280 109 132 106 201	\$2,895,093 33,692,845 15,296,002 3,806,173 8,219,487 1,387,807 5,395,580 2,039,246 13,560,869	30,988,610 15,115,045 4,777,835 9,094,759 1,659,988 5,638,235 1,768,553	3,127 1,117 2,342 563 1,817	813 7,965 3,130 1,358 2,731 600 1,896 616 4,109	
Percentage change		-1.0		+1.1		

	New Non-residential Buildings Permit Valuation			Total Construction (Incl. Alterations and Repairs) Permit Valuation			
	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	of 1930)		
All divisions	847,575,340	\$44,378,849	\$159,482,172	\$158,564,073	59,860,867		
New England Middle Atlantic	\$4,154,736 5,486,196			44,666,513	18,298,311		
East North Central West North Central	9,405,164	9,316,084 2,733,309	7,365,212		4,606,820		
South Atlantic East South Central West South Central	1,467,233 2,633,694	2,101,055 4,463,894	3,689,798 9,305,383	4,798,706 11,706,688	2,093,115 3,142,472		
MountainPacific	1,852,459 9,909,383			3,840,234 25,798,795			
Percentage change.	+7.2		+0.6				

Electric Output for Week Ended Nov. 5, 1938, 0.2% Above a Year Ago

The Edison Electric Institute, in its current weekly report, estimated that production of electricity by the electric light and power industry of the United States for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, was 2,207,444,000 kwh. Thus for the first time this year weekly output was above the corresponding week a year ago. The current week's output is 0.2% ing week a year ago. The current week's output is 0.2% above the output of the corresponding week of 1937, when production totaled 2,202,451,000 kwh. The output for the week ended Oct. 29, 1938 was estimated to be 2,226,038,000 kwh., a decrease of 1.3% from the like week a year ago.

Major Geographic Regions	Week Ended Nov. 5, 1938	Week Ended Oct. 29, 1938	Week Ended Oct. 22, 1938	Week Ended Oct. 15, 1938
New England	x6.4	13.7	x2.6	0.2
Middle Atlantic	x3.6	x2.1	0.2	0.5
Central Industrial	3.1	5.5	8.2	9.3
West Central	0.2	3.2	2.6	3.5
Southern States	1.4	1.7	x0.7	1.3
Rocky Mountain	3.5	4.9	9.2	14.5
Pacific Coast	x2.8	x2.0	0.3	x1.0
Total United States.	x0.2	1.3	3.0	4.1

DATA FOR RECENT WEEKS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Week Ended	1938	1937	Percent Change 1938 from 1937	1936	1932	1929
Aug. 6	2,115.847		-6.4	2,079,137	1,426,986	1,724,728
Aug. 13	2,133,641	2,300.547	-7.3	2,079,149	1,415,122	1,729,667
Aug. 20	2,138,517	2,304,032		2.093,928	1,431,910	1,733,110
Aug. 27	2,134,057			2,125,502	1,436,440	1,750.056
Sept. 3	2,148,954		-7.4	2,135,598	1,464,700	
Sept. 10	2,048,360			2.098.924	1,423,977	1,674,588
Sept. 17	2,214,775	2,280.792	-2.9	2,028,563	1,476,442	1,806,259
Sept. 24	2,154,218			2.170.807	1,490,863	1,792,131
Oct. 1	2,139,142	2,275,724		2,157,278	1,499,459	1,777.854
Oct. 8	2,154,449	2,280.065	-5.5	2,169,442	1.506,219	1.819.276
Oct. 15	2,182,751	2,276,123	-4.1	2,168,487	1,507,503	1,806,403
Oct. 22	2,214,097	2,281,636	-3.C	2,170,127	1,528,145	1,798,633
Oct. 29	2,226,038	2,254,947	-1.3	2,166,656	1,533,028	1,824,160
Nov. 5	2,207,444	2,202,451	+0.2	2,175,810	1,525,410	1.815,749
Nov. 12	11/12 13	2,176,557	edy vos	2,169,480	1,520,730	1,798,164
Nov. 19	Land Supple	2,224,213	-	2.169.715	1,531,584	1.793,584

Summary of Business Conditions in United States by Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System— Industrial Production, Employment and Retail Trade Trade Increased in September

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System issued on Oct. 27 its monthly summary of general business and financial conditions in the United States, based upon statistics for September and the first three weeks of October, in which it stated that "in September industrial production and employment continued to advance, and there was also an increase in the volume of retail trade. Building activity continued at the increased level reached in August. reflecting a large volume of awards for publicly-financed projects." The Board, in its summary, also stated:

Production

Volume of industrial production increased further in September and the Volume of industrial production increased further in September and the Board's seasonally adjusted index advanced to 90% of the 1923-25 average as compared with 88% in August. There was a substantial rise in pig iron production, and output of steel ingots continued to increase, averaging 45% of capacity. In the first three weeks of October activity at steel mills showed a further increase and was at a rate of about 50% of capacity. Plate glass production continued to advance rapidly in September. Output of lumber and cement was maintained, although at this season activity in these industries usually declines. Automobile prothis season activity in these industries usually declines. Automobile production in September remained at about the same low rate as in August; in October, however, output increased rapidly as most manufacturers began the assembly of new model cars. In the non-durable goods industries there were substantial increases in activity at meat-packing establishments, sugar refineries and tire factories. Output of shoes declined somewhat. Textile production, which had been rising sharply since spring, showed little change in September, although an increase is usual. Activity increased further at silk mills, but at woolen mills there was a decline, and at cotton mills output did not show the usual seasonal rise.

At mines, coal production increased considerably in September and there was also an increase in output of copper. Crude petroleum output declined as well in Texas were shut down on both Saturdays and Sundays, whereas

in August only Sunday shutdowns had been in effect.

Value of construction contracts awarded, which had increased considerably in August, showed little change in September, according to figures of the F. W. Dodge Corp. Awards for private residential building continued at the advanced level prevailing since early summer, and contracts for public residential projects were also maintained following a rise in the previous month. Other public projects continued in substantial volume.

Employment

Employment and payrolls increased further between the middle of August and the middle of September, reflecting principally increases at manufacturing concerns. Employment rose sharply at automobile factories and increased moderately in other durable goods industries. At factories producing non-durable goods there was slightly more than the usual seasonal rise in the number employed.

Distribution

Distribution of commodities to consumers showed a more than seasonal rise in September. There were increases in sales at department and variety stores, and mail order sales also increased. Department store sales for the first three weeks of October showed somewhat less than the usual seasonal rise.

Freight car loadings continued to increase in September and the first half of October, reflecting chiefly a further rise in shipments of coal and miscellaneous freight.

Commodity Prices

Prices of a number of industrial raw materials, particularly hides and copper, advanced from the middle of September to the third week of October. Crude oil and gasoline prices, on the other hand, were reduced. Livestock and meat prices showed large seasonal declines in this period. In the first half of October there were sales of many finished steel products at prices below those announced for the fourth quarter, but in the third week of the month it was reported that prices had been restored to former levels.

Bank Credit

During the four weeks ended Oct. 19 there were further substantial increases in the gold stock of this country. As a result largely of these gold acquisitions and of net expenditures by the Treasury from its deposits with the Reserve banks, excess reserves of member banks increased to a total of \$3,270,000,000 on Oct. 19.

Demand deposits at reporting member banks in 101 leading cities were so increased by the inward gold movement, and on Oct. 19 amounted to \$15,750,000,000, the largest volume ever reported by these banks. Following substantial increases during September, reflecting purchases of new issues of United States Government obligations, total loans and investments at reporting banks showed little change during October.

Money Rates and Bond Yields

The average yield on long-term Treasury bonds declined from 2.48% on Sept. 27 to 2.28% on Oct. 21. Yields on Treasury notes and Treasury bills also declined in the period.

Summary of Business Conditions in the Federal Reserve Districts

A survey of business conditions in the 12 Federal Reserve districts is presented in the following extracts which we take from the "Monthly Reviews" of the Federal Reserve banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas and San Francisco:

First (Boston) District

"In New England during September the level of general vailed in August, after allowances had been made for customary seasonal changes," states the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston in its "Monthly Review" of Nov. 1. In part, the "Review" also said:

On the afternoon and evening of Sept. 21 the hurricane which swept across New England resulted in severe wind and water damage and interrupted producing and distributing facilities. The actual damage was large and widespread, but, except in timber lands, was not permanent. . . . The amount of raw cotton consumed by mills in New England in September amounted to 61,673 bales as compared with 72,870 bales in August

and 73,921 bales in the corresponding month last year. Cotton consumption in this district for the first nine months of the current year was 35.0% lower than during the first nine months a year ago. Wool consumption in this district during September declined more than 19% from Wool consump-August, on a daily average basis, but was 6.4% larger than in September, 1937.

During September boot and shoe production in New England is estimated to have been 13,977,000 pairs, which was a total 11.1% lower than in August, but exceeded that of September last year by approxi-

mately 17%.

The total number of wage earners employed in representative manufacturing establishments in Massachusetts for the week including or ending nearest Sept. 15 was 262,678, which was a gain of 2.6% over the number employed in August. Aggregate weekly payrolls between August and September showed a gain of 4.0%. These increases were a little larger than the usual increases, which have averaged 1.7% for employment and 2.1% for payrolls during the 13-year period 1925-37, inclusive. In September, as compared with that month last year, the number of wage-earners was 15.0% smaller and the amount paid in wages was 18.1% less.

During September the sales volume of 715 retail establishments in Massachusetts was \$18,205,221, or a decrease of 8.8% from the volume of \$19,970,949 reported by these concerns for September a year ago.

Second (New York) District

In presenting its monthly indexes of business activity, in its "Monthly Review" of Nov. 1, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York states that during September business activity rose further following the pronounced gains in July and

August. The Bank added:
There were increases in steel production, pig iron output, copper mining, bituminous coal output, plate glass production, trie manufacturing, and meat packing. Automobile assemblies, which had reached a low point in August, were maintained at about that level in September instead of declining as in other recent years. On the other hand, the usual seasonal expansion in textile mill operations failed to take place and production of shoes was reduced.

Series reflecting the rate of distribution of goods, such as freight ship-ments by railway, and sales of department stores, mail order houses, and chain store systems, displayed a general tendency for a more than usual

rise from August to September.

Available weekly information indicates that the general level of business activity continued during October the advance which began in June. The operating rate at steel mills rose to 54% of capacity in the final week of the month, representing the highest level of activity within the past 12 months and a gain of seven points from the end of September. Reflecting attainment of large-scale production of new models, assemblies of passenger cars and trucks rose rapidly during the month. . . Production has recently been running only about one-fifth less than a year ago, as compared with as much as two-thirds less from May to August. The generaltion of electric power, bituminous coal mining, cotton mill activity, and the movement of freight over the railroads were seasonally higher in October. However, for the first three weeks of the month department store sales in this district appear to have shown less than the usual seasonal rise over September.

(Adjusted for seasonal variations, for estimated long-term trend, and where necessary for price changes)

And had been provided by	Sept., 1937	July. 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1938
Industrial Production—		11 4 1	17 17 17	110
Steel	103	48	59	63
Copper	110	42	58	65p
Passenger cars	145	30	29	49
Motor trucks	124	51	47	40
Pituminous coal	937	66	70	76p
Crude petroleum	98	85	88	84 p
Electric power	96	87	90p	89p
Cotton consumption	102	91	95	90
Wool consumption	827	92	107	94p
Shoes.	91	105	108p	99p
Meat packing	82	81	87	90
Tobacco products	93	86	91	90
Cement	59	54	52	54
Machine tool orders*	206	89	103	111
Employment—	-7 (10)			
Employment, manufacturing, United States	102	787	80	82 p
Employee hours, manufacturing, United States.	89	65	69	71p
Construction—	9 1	delu	DATE:	
Residential building contracts	27	39	43	41
Non-residential building & engineering contracts.	44	47	66	61
Primary Distribution—	of tell	-11 -12 1	In Tarre	
Car loadings, merchandise and miscellaneous	887	70	72	75
Car loadings, other	92	68	66	70
Exports	86	84	84	78
Imports	92	64	79	76
Distribution to Consumer—	-		41101	100
Department store sales, United States	89	81	81	83
Department store sales, Second District	83	77	76	80
Chain grocery sales	94	98	102	105p
Other chain store sales	98	94	89	92
Mail order house sales	98	87	89	90
New passenger car registrations	1127	417	44	
Money Payments—			THE STATE OF	
Bank debits, outside New York City	66	56	56	58p
Bank debits, New York City	37	35	32	34 p
Velocity of demand deposits, outside N. Y. City a	69	61	59	61
Velocity of demand deposits, New York City_a	45	40	367	38
General price level_b	161	155	154	154p
Cost of living b	153	149	148	148p
Composite index of wages_c	11	110	109	109p

^{*} Not adjusted for price changes. a 1919-25 average=100. b 1913 aver-ge=100; not adjusted for trend. c 1926 average=100; not adjusted for trend. p Preliminary. r Revised

Third (Philadelphia) District Industrial production in the Philadelphia Federal Reserve District in September increased for the second consecutive month, said the Philadelphia Federal Reserve Bank, in its "Business Review" of Nov. 1. Output rose 4%, reaching the highest level this year. This, however, was nearly one-fifth below the level in September, 1937, which was the third month of industrial recession in this district, according to

the Bank, which also had the following to say:
Substantial improvement in September occurred in the manufacture of durable goods and in the mining of both anthracite and bituminous coal. Preliminary reports indicate that productive activity increased further

early in October. .

Wholesale and retail trade increased sharply from August to September, showing the greatest gains for any month this year. Both lines, however, continued substantially below 1937. Inventories at retail stores increased for the second consecutive month, but were considerably below a year ago. Stocks in wholesale lines, however, declined in September and showed the greatest reduction from 1937 that has been registered so far this year. .

Manufacturing

Demand for factory products in this district has continued to show the improvement which has been in evidence for the past few months. Both inquiries and sales have increased recently, particularly in the case of textiles. Unfilled orders also have shown a tendency to expand but, owing to the prevalence of hand-to-mouth buying policies, continue substantially below a year ago.

Plant operations have shown a general increase. In most cases, however, the level of activity remains below that prevailing last year. Substantial inroads appear to have been made into stocks of finished goods in recent weeks, but inventories of raw materials have remained relatively unchanged. Compared with 1937, stocks of both types of goods show

substantial contraction.

Factory employment in this district increased slightly more than 2% in September, and payrolls advanced 8%. Compared with a year ago, however, employment and payrolls were smaller by 19% and 27%, respectively. In the fall last year the trend of activity was sharply downward, whereas this year it has been moderately upward.

Fourth (Cleveland) District

The Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, in its "Monthly Business Review" dated Oct. 31, reports that "in the second and third weeks of October there was a further extension of the upward business movement evident in September in the Fourth (Cleveland) District, and, since this improvement was more closely allied with the automobile industry than the gains experienced in the late summer and early fall, the rise has been particularly beneficial to local industries, many of which are greatly dependent on this field. Reports of increasing employment, larger payroll gains, and in a few instances restoration of pay cuts, have been received, and operating rates have risen in several important lines." The Bank further reported:

The spirit of caution which was so apparent in the first three quarters in most fields is still evident locally, though it has been less noticeable in recent weeks. Conditions responsible for inventory accumulation on a broad scale in early 1937 have not appeared in most lines, and buying is still chiefly for immediate needs. Department store stocks are smaller than since mid-1936. Reports from all sections of the district indicate that the small general manufacturing plants, as well as the durable goods lines, have experienced a pickup in recent weeks, and in some cases they are operating at higher levels than a year ago. Also the upward trend is occurring at a time when the contraction last year was becoming pro-

In some fields which were most depressed until recently, such as coal, sizable gains have been shown. Cement production in this district in September was ahead of last year, and electric power output showed a smaller decrease from 1937 than in recent months. Shoe production also was better by 2% than a year ago.

A favorable factor in the latest upturn locally is the broader base upon which it has been built. Activity in the construction field in August and September was at the best level since 1930, and maintenance of a fair rate of operations for some time to come is indicated by figures for construction work contemplated, and allocation of Government funds to the

Steel mill operations in this district are reflecting the greater activity in the auto field. Cleveland plants have expanded production to 74% of capacity, the best rate in a year, and a gain of over 20 points in the three latest weeks. Youngstown mills are at 61%, Southwestern Ohio 70%, and Wheeling 59%. Pittsburgh has shown only a little improvement recently, being more dependent on the heavy lines.

September retail trade figures have improved as a result of the increase in employment and payrolls in most centers. The seasonally adjusted index of department store sales rose eight points over August, but unusually warm weather in October was a retarding factor in retail circles; in the four latest weeks sales in the Fourth District were still 16% behind

Fifth (Richmond) District

The Oct. 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond reported that "trade in the Fifth Reserve District showed marked improvement in September over the previous month this year, though it continued somewhat behind September, 1937." The following is also from the "Review"

Department store sales showed an increase of 39% over those Department store sales showed an increase of 39% over those for August, 1938, and wholesale trade also showed some improvement—about 5%. The increase in retail sales was partly attributable to seasonal factors, but was greater than the normal seasonal rise, which is usually about 25% between August and September. The improvement is perhaps accounted for in part by partial recovery in building construction.

Tobacco production is approximately 7% lower than in 1937, and prices paid growers are also slightly lower this season. With a declining cotton yield equal to 38% in the Fifth District, and prices at about the same level as in 1937, farmers apparently will receive much less for the current level as in 1937, farmers apparently will receive much less for the current crop. A favorable factor in the situation has been the improvement in the textile industry, though the progress made has been somewhat mixed. Cotton textile mills are operating on increased schedules and most mills are working two eight-hour shifts five days per week. The status of rayon and hosiery mills is more favorable than that of cotton mills, in that the demand for rayon and hosiery has been sufficiently strong to absorb current production without much increase in inventories, while some cotton textile mills have produced more for inventory than for distribution. Nevertheless, there has been considerable improvement in emle impro in employment in the textile industry, with consequent increase in consumer demand for goods of all sorts. Farm crops other than tobacco and cotton show decreased production from 1937, especially the other leading cash crops, Irish potatoes, apples and peanuts, but production on the whole is up to ro slightly above the 10-year average.

(Sixth (Atlanta) District

"There were further gains in September of about the usual seasonal proportions in the volume of trade, at both retail and wholesale, in the Sixth (Atlanta) Federal Reserve District, and business failures declined in both number and liabilities," it was indicated in the Oct. 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. In part, the "Review" also said:

Pig iron production in Alabama increased substantially, following a large gain in August, and activity at textile mills increased seasonally. Value of construction contracts awarded increased in September, although a decline is usual at that time, and was substantially larger than a year ago. Contracts for residential construction, however, declined after reaching in August the highest level in nine years, and building permits also declined.

August the highest level in nine years, and building permits also declined. September sales by 49 reporting retail firms increased 13.8% in actual dollar amount over August. On a daily average basis, however, the increase in September, which had 25 business days, over August, which had 27, was 19.7%, only slightly less than the usual seasonal rise. . . . Wholeale trade, according to reports to the United States Department of Commerce by 154 firms in the Sixth District, increased further in September by 7.9%, but was 12.2% less than in September, 1937. . . . Cotton mills in Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee consumed an average of 6,981 bales of cotton for each of the 25 business days in September, an increase of 6.7% over the average for August and the largest since September last year, but 9.5% less than for that month. Operations at cotton seed oil mills showed a further substantial increase in September with the increased movement of cotton. with the increased movement of cotton.

Following an increase of 69% from July to August, the daily rate of pig iron production in Alabama increased further in September by 35%. September output was more than twice that in July, and was the largest since last October. . . . Electric power production in this district increased 9.6% in August to the highest point in available records, and employment and payrolls increased 3.9% and 6.0%, respectively, in August.

Seventh (Chicago) District

In the Oct. 28 "Business Conditions Report" of the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank it is stated that "the business trend in the Seventh (Chicago) District has continued to rise over the low level prevailing in the first half of the year. Although the improvement has become increasingly more marked, activity has not as yet reached a level equal to that operative a year ago, at which time recessions pre-dominated." The report also had the following to say:

Among the major industries of the district to show further expansion in activity has been iron and steel, the rate of steel ingot output in the third week of October averaging 46% of capacity as against a rate of only 36% two months earlier. Specifications from the automotive industry were responsible to a great extent for the increased operations. Actual productions of the contemplate and the results of the second of the contemplate and the second of the seco tion of automobiles reached a new low level for the year in September, but advanced rapidly in October. New business of steel and malleable casting foundries improved in September, and output of malleable castings increased, although that of steel castings declined. Stove and furnace factories had heavier orders and shipments in September, and a greater than seasonal gain was recorded over August in shipments by furniture manufacturers. Activity at paper mills eased off slightly, but was greater than a year ago.

Production of bituminous coal in Illinois and Indiana, which has been running throughout 1938 behind that of a year ago and the 1928-37 average, rose sharply in September to a level above the average for the month and within 11% of the volume last September. Daily average runs of crude oil to stills in this area increased in September over August and a year ago, and the operating rate at refineries advanced 10 points in the

period to 92% of capacity at the close of the month.

There was a sharp rise during September in Seventh District industrial employment and payrolls. Although almost all reporting groups shared in the aggregate gains, reemployment in the automotive industry was mainly responsible for the size of the increases.

Wholesale trade groups in the district reported continued expansion in sales in September, and retail trade phases experienced sharp increases in business, in accordance with seasonal trend. The gain over August in department store trade was greater than usual for the month, and the decline from a year ago only moderate. In the first half of October, however, department store sales showed a less favorable trend as compared with the recivil less traverses. with the period last year.

Eighth (St. Louis) District

In the Oct. 31 "Business Conditions" of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis it is stated that "general business activity in the Eighth District, which had increased substantially in the late summer, developed further betterment in September and the first half of October." The "Review" also had the following to say:

Gains recorded during the past six weeks, however, were somewhat more irregular and less widely spread than was the case in the earlier stage of

Production of lumber was well sustained, and new orders booked during the first half of October were measurably above those for the same period last year. Output of textile mills showed less than the usual increase in September over the preceding month, but was only slightly lower than a year ago. At district mines production of bituminous coal in September 1987 was 16% greater than in August, and 12% less than in September, 1937. Output of petroleum in States of the district continued the steady gains.

Production of lead and zinc in this area in September was unchanged Production of lead and zinc in this area in September was unchanged as compared with August, but shipments were about 18% higher. Reflecting the upturn in manufacturing activity and the absorption of workers in seasonal occupations, the employment situation showed further improvement during September and early October. Consumption of electric power by industrial users in the principal centers in September was slightly less than a month and a year earlier.

The volume of retail trade in September, as measured by sales of department stores in the principal cities was 37.8% greater than in August and 7.6% less than in September, 1937; for the first three-quarters this year cumulative total was 7.1% below that for the comparable period in 1937. Combined sales of all reporting wholesaling and jobbing firms in September.

Combined sales of all reporting wholesaling and jobbing firms in September were 3.8% greater than in August and 6.5% less than in September last year; for the first nine months cumulative total was smaller by 13.1% than the like interval in 1937.

Ninth (Minneapolis) District

The volume of business in the Ninth (Minneapolis) Federal Reserve District in September "was about the same as in August." In noting this in its "Monthly Review" of Oct. 28, the Minneapolis Reserve Bank also had the followFarm income decreased but prices averaged about the same as in

August.

Business recovery in this district, which had given some signs of slowing down in August, about stood still in September. The volume of business, which had been increasing each month during the summer, showed little change in September from that of August, according to our seasonally adjusted indexes, half of which increased a little and half of which declined.

Production during the third quarter of 1938 in the manufacturing lines that are important in this district averaged 9% lower than in the same quarter last year, despite the relatively high production in the milling industry. The greatest declines were shown by the iron and steel group, where production was about half as large as in the third quarter of 1937. The average was down 15%.

Department store sales were 6% smaller in dollar amount in September than in the same month last year, but total sales for the first three-quarters of 1938 were only 4% below the volume for the first nine months last year.

Business failures were larger in number and in liabilities than in September, 1937.

The number of non-farm real estate forcclosures in August was one-fourth smaller than in August last year.

Tenth (Kansas City) District

From the Oct. 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City we take the following regarding agricultural and business conditions in the Tenth Reserve District:

There were not many signs of improving conditions in the past month. Cash farm income is more than 30% under last year, and many lines of activity feel the influence of this adverse condition. Wholesale and retail trade show no improvement.

Production of crude petroleum is more than 20% under last year, and crude prices have recently been reduced 20c. a barrel. Zinc and lead ore shipments are not increasing.

The best record is being made by construction. Building permits and contracts awarded continue their gains over a year ago. Lumber sales are also increasing. Cattlemen report satisfactory conditions due to an abun-

dance of feed, cattle in good flesh, and favorable prices. Eleventh (Dallas) District

Consumer demand at department stores in the Eleventh (Dallas) District was retarded by unseasonably high temperatures during September and the first half of October, but distribution of merchandise through wholesale channels increased more than seasonally from the low level prevailing in the preceding two months, said the "Monthly Business Review" of Nov. 1 of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, which went on to say:

The production of petroleum declined sharply, reflecting the resumption of the five-day production week in Texas at the beginning of September. A general reduction in posted prices of crude oil was effected during the first half of October. Construction activity declined seasonally from August to September, but awards were considerably above those of a year ago. . . .

The unseasonably warm weather prevailing in September had a retarding influence on department store trade in principal cities of the Eleventh District. Sales increased considerably less than usual from August to September, and as a result this Bank's adjusted index, which had shown an upward trend in the preceding four months, declined to 105% of the 1923-25 average. This figure compares with 108% in August and 110% in September last year. The actual dollar volume of sales was 34% greater than in August, but 5% smaller than in September, 1937. . . .

The demand for merchandise at wholesale in this district increased more than seasonally in September, reflecting in part frequent re-orders and delayed buying by retailers. Although business remained considerably below that of a year ago, the comparison was slightly more favorable than in either of the two preceding months. The combined sales of 76 firms in eight lines of trade were 9% greater than in August, and the 10% decrease from September, 1937, compares with declines of 11% and 12%, respectively, for similar comparisons in July and August.

Twelfth (San Francisco) District

Further expansion in Twelfth (San Francisco) District industrial production, employment and payrolls took place during September, it was noted by the San Francisco Federal Reserve Bank in its "Business Conditions Report" dated Oct. 29. "The expansion in industrial activity was accompanied by a district-wide reduction in retail trade, as measured by the value of department store sales, which had been unusually stable in the preceding seven months," says the Bank, which also has the following to say:

District output of both lumber and cement expanded further in September but, as in the preceding few months, the level of production of other industries showed little or no change in the aggregate. In the lumber industry output increased for the fifth consecutive month, and this Bank's seasonally adjusted index advanced four points to 78% of the 1923-25 average. Data covering the first half of October indicate a possible average. Data covering the first half of October indicate a possible further small increase in that month, although, as in September, a moderate decline is customary. The increase in cement output during September brought the seasonally adjusted index to 99% of the 1923-25 average, compared with 92% in August and 97% in May, the previous high for 1938. Copper mining and smelting activity also increased, continuing the expansion evident in August from the severely curtailed level reached in July when a number of properties were closed down.

The number of wage earners employed at factories and mills of the Pacific Coast States increased during September, the seasonally adjusted

Pacific Coast States increased during September, the seasonally adjusted index advancing two points to 81% of the 1923-25 average. Total wages paid also increased more than seasonally, and were 3% higher than the January-August average. The increase reflected a rise in activity in Oregon and Washington; little or no change was recorded in California. Residential building activity, measured by the value of permits issued in 197 district cities and the unincorporated area of Los Angeles County.

in 197 district cities and the unincorporated area of Los Angeles County was about as high in September as in August. Because the value of permits did not show the usual moderate increase in September, the adjusted index declined for the first time in seven months.

Value of department store sales declined sharply in September after allowance for seasonal influences. Much of this decline was accounted for by the strike of department store employees in San Francisco. Even after making full allowance for this factor, however, a considerable decrease in sales of district department stores was recorded in September, owing to fairly sharp declines in practically all cities and regions for which adjusted indexes are computed.

Monthly Business Indexes of Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System issued on Oct. 26, its monthly indexes of industrial production, factory employment, &c., as follows:

BUSINESS INDEXES (1923-1925 Average=100)

fish all matatacasin as	Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			Without Seasonal Adjustment		
	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1937	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1937
Industrial production—Total	p90	88	111	p91	87	109
Manufactures	p89	87	110	p89	85	106
Minerals	p97	95	116	p102	97	125
Construction contracts, value—Total.	276	66	56	276	69	56
Residential	p55	53	37	p55	52	37
All other	p93	77	71	p94	84	72
Factory employment—Total	p87.0	84.9	107.2	p88.9	85.7	109.
Durable goods	p75.8	72.1	107.6	p75.3	71.8	106.
Non-durable goods	p97.6	97.1	106.8	p101.8	99.0	111.
Factory payrolls—Total				p80.7	76.8	104.
Durable goods				p68.3	63.5	105.
Non-durable goods				p94.6	91.6	102.
Freight-car loadings	64	62	78	71	63	87
Department store sales, value	86	83	94	91	65	100
Department store stocks, value	267	67	77	269	65	80

p Preliminary.

Note-Production, carloadings and department store sales indexes based on daily

averages.

Construction contract indexes based on three-month moving average of F. W.

Dodge data for 37 Eastern States.

Employment indexes, without seasonal adjustment, and payrolls index compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

MARKET STATES		djusted j nai Var		Season	Without al Adju	
	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept., 1937	Sept., 1938	Aug., 1938	Sept. 1937
Manufactures				ca of		
Durable Goods						
Iron and steel	76	70	125	75	69	123
Pig iron	59	51	119	57	49	116
Steel ingots	77	72	125	77	71	124
Automobiles_a		45	135	26	26	53
Locomotives	*	4	29		5	30
Cement		67	73	86	87	92
Plate glass	107	89	199	107	89	199
Tin deliveries				71	65	136
Bechive coke	25	5	25	p 5	4	22
Non-durable Goods	-ct/1411	1.30		Jaker	100	stini
Textiles		110	108	p103	103	107
Cotton consumption	108	115	121	104	103	118
Silk deliveries	111	102	103	116	106	109
Slaughtering and meat packing	98	89	87	90	77	83
Hogs	88	74	67	66	56	50
Cattle	106	103	109	118	101	121
Calves		115	140	113	106	134
Sheep		153	150	176	154	173
Wheat flour		87	83	104	94	98
Sugar meltings		86	45	114	97	48
Newsprint production		53	65	57	52	65
Newsprint consumption	130	123	147	127	110	144
Leather and products		107	98	p119	120	113
Tanning	*	82	86	*	84	91
Cattle hide leathers		86	87		85	91
Caif and kip leathers		76	60		92	70
Goat and kid leathers		75	108		73	113
Petroleum refining		203	216		202	216
Gasoline		200			264	277
Kerosene		104	109		99	112
Fuel oil					132	147
Lubricating oil					108	126
Rubber tires and tubes	1			96	91	106
Tires, pneumatic				100	94	110
Inner tubes				72	65	75
Tobacco products		161	162	177	172	179
		73	77	86	76	88
Cigars	229	232	231	252	250	254
Manufactured tobacco	84	81	81	91	84	88
Minerals	1	1000	100		W 3598	1155
Bituminous eoal	p71	64	87	p75	62	92
Anthracite		38	55	p51	38	55
Petroleum, crude		167	177	p164	170	182
	50	46	77	48	44	73
Lead		74	116	71	69	110
Zine	10	105	116	11	104	111
Silver	41	37	113	78	76	218
Iron ore	1 31	1 01	110	1 10	10	218

p Preliminary. * Data not yet available.

a Seasonal adjustment factors for August and September, 1938 revised due to earlier shift to production of new models. Tentative adjustment factors: August, 57; September, 56. Factors for later months subject to revision if necessary.

FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS (1923-1925 Average=100)

	11.00		Emple	oymeni				Payrol	ls
and the state of t	Adjusted for Sea- sonal Variation			Without Sea- sonal Adjustment			Without Sea- sonal Adjustmen		
	Sept. 1938		Sept. 1937		Aug. 1938			Aug. 1938	
Durable Goods	1000	2000	2001	-000	2000	2001	****	1000	1001
Iron and steel	81.2	79.4	115.4	81.8	79.4	116.1	68.5	65.3	115.0
Machinery	85.1	84.7	130.0	85.4	84.1	130.5	74.2		133.5
Transportation equipment	74.2	56.3	124.5	63.7	51.3	106.3	63.1	49.1	102.2
Automobiles	78.8		136.8	64.6		112.2			106.0
Nonferrous metals	86.4	84.4	110.8	87.6	83.0	112.1	80.1		110.3
Lumber and products	63.6	61.9	77.3	66.1	64.0	80.4	54.7		
Stone, clay and glass	65.0	64.0	80.8	67.3	66.3	83.6	54.1	56.5	76.9
Non-durable Coods	Top	Zer 1	1.00	Allo	11 11	1900	0/10	212	017
Textiles and products	96.9				95.1				90.1
A. Fabrics	87.1				85.2				84.2
B. Wearing apparel					116.3				
Leather products					92.6				74.7
Food products					138.3				
Tobacco products					64.4				61.2
Paper and printing					102.7				108.8
Chemicals & petroleum prods.	111.3	110.9	128.5	112.9	108.1	130.6	118.9	116.9	136.6
A. Chems. group, except	-	50.00	Carrie B				1000	burn it	1000
petroleum refining	109.2				104.8				
	119.8	121.3	129.6	121.0	121.9	130.9	134.9	138.1	144.3
Rubber products	75.8	73.4	97.5	75.6	72.5	97.5	76.6	69.5	97.d

Note—Indexes of factory employment and payrolls are to apayroll per earest the middle of the month. September, 1938 figures a repreliminar

National Industrial Conference Board Reports Improvement in Manufacturing Industry from August to September

Gains of 5.3% in total man hours worked, of 5.5% in payrolls, of 3.6% in average weekly earnings, and of 2.1% in employment were features of the improvement from August to September as reported by manufacturers in 25 industries to the Statistical Division of the National Industrial Conference Board. The Board, in its announcement of Oct. 27,

The advance in total man hours worked in September as compared with the preceding month was the result of increases both in the number of workers employed and of the average number of hours worked. increases in total man hours were reported by the automobile industry, 38.6%; the lumber and millwork industry, 17.0%; northern cotton, 13.2%; rubber, 12.4%; furniture, 7.5%; electrical manufacturing, 7.4%; and chemical industry, 7.2%. Declines in man hours occurred principally in the agricultural implement, wool, boot and shoe, and book and job printing industries.

In September the average work week was 36.3 hours as compared with 35.2 hours in August. Over the same period, average hourly earnings advanced from 71.1 cents to 71.3 cents.

With hourly earnings rising and the average work week longer, it is not surprising that average weekly earnings in September were \$25.82 as against \$24.93 in August, a gain of 3.6%. Largest increases in weekly earnings appeared in the lumber and millwork, rubber, hosiery and knit goods, and electrical manufacturing industries. Real weekly earnings, computed by adjusting the average weekly earnings for changes in the cost

of living, showed a 3.5% improvement in September.

Comparing conditions with those of a year ago, we find:

	Percentage Change in 25 Industries Combined—September, 1938, Compared With September, 1937
Total man hours Payrolls Employment	-27.2% -27.8% -23.3%
Average hourly earnings	-0.3% -5.0%
Average weekly earnings Cost of living	5.7% 3.9%
Real weekly earnings	-1.9%

Addition of 729,000 Workers to Nation's Payrolls in September as Compared with August Reports Na-tional Industrial Conference Board—Total Unemployed Estimated at 9,918,000

Gains in employment in manufacturing, trade, distribution and finance, agriculture and construction featured the addition of 729,000 workers to the Nation's payrolls in September as compared with August, according to the latest survey by the Statistical Division of the National Industrial Conference Board. The Board's announcement of Nov. 1 continued:

Total industrial employment rose 3.2%, as 479,000 workers were added. The extraction of minerals showed the largest percentage gain, 5.1%, with 35,000 employees hired. Manufacturing reported the greatest single advance in volume, as 316,000 workers joined the 9,251,000 already employed. Improved employment conditions continued in September in the construction industry, which hired an additional 100,000 persons. portation also added 28,000 workers, and the only decline in industrial employment occurred in public utilities, where the loss was only 0.2%.

A marked upturn appeared in trade, distribution and finance, where employment had decreased in recent months. The gain in September over August, however, amounted to 167,000 workers. Other advances in employment occurred in agriculture, 104,000 workers; miscellaneous industries and services, 17,000; and forestry and fishing, 3,000. In the service industries, according to the Conference Board survey, employment continued

to decline as 40,000 workers were dropped from the payrolls.

In September unemployment dropped sharply, 6.4%, as 675,000 fewer persons were reported unemployed than in August. The preliminary estimate of those unemployed in September is 9,918,000, including 3,510,000 workers in the government emergency labor force, as represented by the Works Progress Administration, Civilian Conservation Corps and the Federal Projects Works Program.

The distribution of employed workers in the major fields of activity is shown in the accompanying table, as well as comparative figures for total unemployment.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT

are product of tailors are	(In Thou	usands)		1		1013
The state of the state of the state of	1929 Aver- age	1933 March	1937 Sept.	1938		
- Man June all.				July	Aug.*	Sept.*
Unemployment total	469	14,706	5,651	10,887	10,593	9,918
Employment total	47,885	35,940	47,803	43,103	43,450	44,179
AgricultureForestry and fishing	10,539 267	9,961	11,962 225	11,535 188	11,443 194	11,547 197
Total industry Extraction of minerals	19,102 1,067	10,980 645	17,451 881	14,276 691	14,782 691	15,261 726
Manufacturing	3,340	6,980	11,308 2,160	8,921 1,930	9,251 2,056 1,840	9,567 2,156 1,868
Transportation	2,465 1,167	1,549 865 6,407	2,101 1,002 7,558	1,788 946 7.090	944 7.053	942 7,220
Trade, distribution and finance. Service industries	8,007 8,960 1,011	7,752	9,635 971	9,160 855	9,110 867	9,070

^{*} Preliminary

New York State Factory Employment Increased 0.4% from Mid-September to Mid-October—Payrolls Declined 0.2%

Preliminary tabulations showed little net change in either employment or payrolls in New York State factories from the middle of September to the middle of October. According to a statement issued Nov. 10 by Industrial Commissioner Frieda S. Miller, total employment rose 0.467, while total Frieda S. Miller, total employment rose 0.4%. while total

weekly payrolls dropped 0.2%. There is usually no appreciable net change in either employment or payrolls during this period as shown by the average movements from September to October over the last 24 years. Columbus Day was observed by many factories this period which lowered payrolls and hours somewhat. Employment and payrolls were from 10 to 11% lower than in October of last year. The following is also from Commissioner Miller. following is also from Commissioner Miller's statement of Nov. 10:

Seasonal factors entered into the changing trends in some industries this period. The canning and preserving industry, so highly seasonal, reported heavy recessions in October after operating on a high level in Septem-Seasonal reductions occurred in men's and women's clothing factories. On the other hand, seasonal expansions for Christmas were made in many glove, bag and canvas goods and silverware and jewelry concerns

Almost all metal and machinery industries reported net gains in forces. Index numbers for October, based on the average of the three years 1925-1927 as 100, were 80.7 for employment and 75.2 for payrolis. These indexes are based on reports collected and analyzed in the Division of Statistics and Information under the direction of Dr. E. B. Patton. This October's preliminary tabulations were based on reports from 2,103 rentative factories, employing 375,667 workers on a total weekly payroll of \$10.346,444.

Four Upstate Districts Report Greater Employment and Payrolis in October Four Upstate districts showed greater employment and payrolls in October: Buffalo, Albany-Schenectady-Troy, Utica and Syracuse. The remaining districts in the State reported net declines in both forces and

Buffalo's metal and machinery industries continued to expand, particularly iron and steel, electrical machinery and apparatus, railway repair and automobile and parts. In Albany-Schenectady-Troy, substantial ines occurred in railway repair shops and considerable gains were made in brush factories and knit goods mills. Greater employment in several metal and machinery factories in Utica, especially brass, copper and alumimetal and machinery factories in Utica, especially brass, copper and aluminum, helped to offset net losses reported by silk, cotton and knit goods industries. Large additional forces were taken on in some Syracuse automobile and parts factories and steel plants, but the sheet metal and hardware group showed a sharp net decline. New York City clothing and millinery industries began seasonal reductions. Most industries in Binghampton-Endicott-Johnson City, including the shoe industry, reported slight net losses. Canning and preserving factories and most of the large men's clothing establishments in Rochester made seasonal curtailments.

White is a self-shoot with 400	September to 0	September to October, 1938		
City	Employment Payroll			
Buffalo	+4.3	+5.2		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	+2.2	+4.5		
Utica	+1.8	+4.0		
Syracuse	+1.2	+3.4		
New York City	-0.4	-4.6		
Binghamton-Endicott-Johnson City	-0.6	-3.2		
Rochester	-4.2	-1.6		

Illinois Industrial Employment and Payrolls Increased from August to September

According to a statistical analysis and tabulation of the data reported to the Division of Statistics and Research of the Illinois Department of Labor by 6,656 manufacturing and non-manufacturing establishments, employment and payrolls in that State showed increases of 2.1% and 2.0%, respectively, during the August-September period. The current August-September changes represent a contra-seasonal increase in employment and a greater than seasonal increase in payrolls, the Department explained. It added:

For the 15-year period, 1923-37, inclusive, the records of the Division of Statistics and Research show that the average August-September change are a decline of 1.1% in employment and an increase of less than 0.1 of in payrolls.

The first increases in employment and payrolls since September, 1937 were reported by Illinois industry in August and September, 1938. All reporting groups, except leather and allied products, paper goods, printing and publishing, public utilities, and miscellaneous non-manufacturing, increased the number of workers and paid out more in wages during September than during August.

As compared with September, 1937, the September, 1938, indexes show decreases of 19.9% in employment and 23.0% in payrolls. The index of employment for all reporting industries dropped from 91.9 in September, 1937, to 73.6 in September, 1938, while the index of payrolls fell from 84.2 to 64.8 during the same position. 84.2 to 64.8 during the same period.

Seventeen reports of wage rate increases were received by the Division of Statistics and Research during the month of September. Wage rate increases affected the pay envelopes of 430 workers in manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries, or 0.1 of 1% of the total number of workers reported as employed. The weighted average rate of increase was 11.3%. Four reports of wage rate reductions, affecting 111 workers, or less than 0.1 of 1% of the total number of workers, were reported in September. The weighted average rate of decrease of 10.9%.

Changes in Employment and Total Wages Paid, According to Sex

Reports from 4,428 manufacturing and non-manufacturing enterprises which designated the sex of their working forces showed increases of 2.2% and 3.3%, respectively, in the number of male and female workers employed during September as compared with August. Total wage payments to male workers increased 2.7%, while total wages paid to female workers increased 5.3%.

Within the manufacturing classification of industry, 2,199 establishments reported increases of 2.5% and 3.1%, respectively, in the number of male and female workers employed. Total wage payments to men increased 2.8%, while those to women increased 5.2%

In the non-manufacturing classification of industrial enterprises, 2,229 establishments reported increases of 1.1% and 4.1%, respectively, in the number of male and female workers employed. Total wages paid to male workers increased 2.7% and those to women were 6.0% greater in Septem-

The 4,428 establishments which reported separately by sex showed greater ses in both employment and payrolls than the 2,228 enterprises which did not designate the sex of their working forces. For this reason the increases in employment and payrolls shown for both sexes combined are less than those reported separately for male and female workers.

Average Weekly Earnings-September

Weekly earnings for both sexes combined in all reporting industries averaged \$25.66; \$28.33 for men and \$15.87 for women. In the manufacturing industries, average weekly earnings were \$25.20 for men and women workers combined; \$27.97 for men and \$16.22 for women. In the non-manufacturing industries, weekly earnings averaged \$26.53 for both sexes combined; \$29.68 for male and \$14.60 for female workers.

Changes in Man-Hours During September in Comparison with August

In all reporting industries, 4,345 enterprises reported man-hours for male and female workers combined, and in these enterprises the total hours worked increased 1.7% during September in comparison with August. Hours worked in 3,661 establishments, reporting man-hours for male and female workers separately, increased 2.0% for male and 4.5% for female

In the manufacturing classification of industries, 2,213 enterprises reported an increase of 2.2% in total man-hours worked by male and female workers combined. Within this classification, 2,082 establishments showed increases of 2.5% in man-hours worked by male workers and 4.8%

in those worked by female workers.

In the non-manufacturing group, 2,132 firms reported an incresse of 0.7 of 1% in total hours worked by male and female workers combined. Within this classification of industries, 1,579 concerns showed increases of 0.6 of 1% and 3.0% in man-hours worked by men and women, respectively. Average actual hours worked per week in September by 443,142 workers, in all reporting industries, were 37.9 as compared with 38.0 in August, or a decrease of 0.3 of 1%.

In the manufacturing group the average actual hours worked per week were 37.2 in September as compared with 37.1 in August, or an increase of 0.3 of 1%.

In the non-manufacturing classification the number of hours worked per week during September averaged 39.8, or 1.2% less than in August.

Weekly Report of Lumber Movement-Week Ended Oct. 29, 1938

The lumber industry during the week ended Oct. 29, 1938, stood at 61% of the 1929 weekly average of production and 64% of average 1929 shipments. Production was about 60% of the corresponding week of 1929; shipments, about 67% of that week's shipments; new orders about 68% of that week's orders, according to reports to the National Lumber Manufacturers Association from regional associations covering the operations of important softwood and hardwood mills. In the week ended Oct. 29, 1938, reported production and shipments were less than in the preceding week. In similar comparison, new business showed somewhat less of a decline and was 24% above that booked in the corresponding week of 1937. Every reporting region but one showed gain over last year; that one reported orders 1% below. New business was 2% above, and shipments were 1% above output in the week ended Oct. 29. Reported production (hardwoods and softwoods) was 1% below the corresponding week of 1937; shipments were 3% below. Softwood production, shipments and new orders were, respectively, 0.4% greater, 3% less, and 22% greater than in last year's week. Total production reported for the week ended Oct. 29 by 8% fewer mills was 10% below the output (revised figure) of the preceding week; shipments were 13% below that week's shipments; new orders were 8% below the orders of the previous week. The Association further reported:

During the week ended Oct. 29, 1938, 502 mills produced 205,263,000 feet or softwoods and hardwoods combined; shipped 207,632,000 feet; booked orders of 208,482,000 feet. Revised figures for the preceding week were: Mills, 543; production, 227,272,000 feet; shipments, 238,-131,000 feet; orders, 226,051,000 feet.

Southern Pine, Northern Pine, California Redwood, Northern Hardwood and Southern Hardwood regions reported new orders above production in the week ended Oct. 29, 1938. These same regions except Redwood re-ported shipments above output. All regions but Southern Cypress reported orders above those of corresponding week of 1937; all regions but Southern

Pine and Northern Hemlock reported shipments below last year, and all except West Coast reported production below the 1937 week.

Lumber orders reported for the week ended Oct. 29, 1938, by 423 softwood mills totaled 198,209,000 feet, or 0.3% below the production of the same mills. Shipments as reported for the same week were 199,618,000

feet, or 0.4% above production. Production was 198,905,000 feet.

Reports from 95 hardwood mills give new business as 10,273,000 feet, or 62% above production. Shipments as reported for the same week were 8,014,000 feet, or 26% above production. Production was 6,358,000 feet.

Identical Mill Reports

Last week's production of 409 identical softwood mills was 196,941,000 feet, and a year ago it was 196,070,000 feet; shipments were, respectively, 197,826,000 feet and 203,508,000 feet, and orders received, 195,792,000 feet and 160,066,000 feet. In the case of hardwoods, 86 identical mills reported production last week and a year ago 5,333,000 feet and 8,697,000 feet; shipments, 6,677,000 feet and 8,219,000 feet, and orders, 8,990,000 feet and 5,074,000 feet.

Production and Shipments of Lumber During Four Weeks Ended Oct. 29,51938

We give herewith data on identical mills for four weeks ended Oct. 1, 1938, as reported by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association on Nov. 7:

An average of 512 mills reported as follows to the National Lumber Trade Barometer for the four weeks ended Oct. 29, 1938:

/*- 1 000 P0	Production		Shipments		Orders Received	
(In 1,000 Feet)	1938	1937	1938	1937	1938	1937
Softwoods	850,822 26,943	873.343 40,490	837,238 28,033	825,062 33,782	832,255 32,653	707,173 25,646
Total lumber	877.765	913 833	865.271	858.844	864.908	732 810

Production during the four weeks ended Oct. 29, 1938, as reported by these mills, was 4% below that of corresponding weeks of 1937. Softwood production in 1938 was 3% below that of the same weeks of 1937, and 18% below the records of comparable mills during the same period of 1936. Hardwood output was 33% below production of the 1937 period.

Shipments during the four weeks ended Oct. 29, 1938, were 1% above those of corresponding weeks of 1937, softwoods showing a gain of 1% and

hardwoods, loss of 17%. Orders received during the four weeks ended Oct. 29, 1938, were 18% above those of corresponding weeks of 1937. Softwood orders in 1938 were 18% above those of similar period of 1937 and 25% below the same

weeks of 1936. Hardwood orders showed a gain of 27% as compared with corresponding week of 1937.

On Oct. 29, 1938, gross stocks as reported by 430 softwood mills were 3,804,219 M feet, the equivalent of 109 days' average production (three-year average, 1935-36-37), as compared with 3,985,776 M feet on Oct. 30, 1937, the equivalent of 115 days' average production.

On Oct. 29, 1938, unfilled orders as reported by 425 softwood mills were 487,715 M feet, the equivalent of 14 days' average production, compared with 481,399 M feet on Oct. 30, 1937, the equivalent of 14 days' average production. average production.

Canadian Industry Made Greatest Advance in Present Recovery Period During October, According to A. E. Arscott of Canadian Bank of Commerce

During October Canadian industry "made its greatest advance of the present recovery period, one of about 3%," said A. E. Arscott, General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in his monthly review of business conditions. "Undoubtedly part of this advance was due to the resumption of certain operations which were held in abeyance during the critical weeks of September," Mr. Arscott said, "but while the upturn in October owes its crigin partly to the resumption of normal conditions, it was too widespread to be accounted for fully by lessened political tension." He added:

Only two industries were not included in the advance, namely, leather footwear and steel, out of the 15 groups analyzed. Sufficient new business for steel mills is in hand, however, to maintain operations at from 75 to $80\,\%$ of capacity, while there are prospects of expansion later in the current

The best explanation of the improvement in business appears to be found in a comparatively early start on production of new model automobile and The official index of retail sales rose by 16% in September in trade reports. over the preceding month, owing partly to the satisfaction of some deferred requirements of the former drought-sticken districts of the West. The sales in Saskatchewan were reported as about 45% greater than in Septem-

Statement of Sugar Statistics of AAA for Nine Months of 1938—Deliveries Below Year Ago

The Sugar Division of the United States Department of Agriculture on Nov. 1 issued its monthly statistical statement covering the first nine months of 1938, consolidating reports obtained from cane refiners, beet sugar processors, importers, and others. In issuing the statement, the Sugar Division said:

Total deliveries of sugar during the first nine months of 1938 amounted to 4,896,352 short tons, raw value. Deliveries during the same period, in terms of raw sugar value, totaled 5,336,849 short tons in 1937, totaled 5,039,183 tons in 1936, and 5,095,292 tons in 1935. (The total refiners' deliveries for domestic consumption during 1938 are converted to raw value by using the factor 1.059, which is the ratio of refined sugar produced to meltings of raw sugar during the years 1936 and 1937.)

Distribution of sugar in the continental United States, in form for consumption, during the period January-September, 1938, was as follows: By refiners, 3,236,368 short tons (deliveries shown in Table 2, less exports); by beet sugar factories, 849,326 short tons (Table 2); by importers, 460,377 short tons (Table 3); and by continental cane sugar mills, 63,230 short tons (Table 4). These deliveries, converted to raw value, total 4,896,352 short tons. The distribution of sugar for local consumption in the Territory of Hawaii for the first nine months of 1938 was 23,379 tons, and for Puerto Rico it was 47,349 tons (Table 5).

Stocks of sugar on hand Sept. 30 were as follows: Raw sugar held by refiners, 280,490 short tons; refined sugar held by refiners, 389,117 short tons; refined sugar held by tet factories, 337,775 short tons, and direct-consumption sugar held by importers (in terms of refined sugar), 108,650 short tons. These stocks, converted to raw value, equal 1,170,240 short tons as compared with 732,307 short tons on the same date last year. Such stocks do not include raws for processing held by importers other than refiners, or stocks of sugar held by continental cane factories.

The data which cover the first nine months of 1938 were obtained in the administration of the Sugar Act of 1937, which requires the Secretary of Agriculture to determine consumption requirements and establish quotas for the various sugar producing areas. The statement of charges against the 1938 sugar quotas during the period January-September was released on Oct. 7. [This statement given in "Chronicle" of Oct. 15, page 2409.]

TABLE 1—RAW SUGAR: REFINERS' STOCKS, RECEIPTS, MELTINGS AND DELIVERIES FOR DIRECT CONSUMPTION FOR JANUARY-SEPTEMBER, 1938 a

(In Short Tons, raw Sugar Value)

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1938		Meltings	Deliveries for Direct Consumption	by Fire,	Stocks on Sept. 30 1938
Cuba		1,340,454			625	97,237
Hawaii	28,747	705,129				39.245
Puerto Rico	54,296	631,112	576,802	2,470	699	105,437
Philippines	3,878	765,081	733,263	416	89	35,191
Continental	62,436	102,455	164,506	385		
Virgin Islands		3,911	3,482			429
Other countries	10,627	79,207				2.951
Misc. (sweepings, &c.)		582	582			
Total	201,591	3,627,931	3,539,591	8,028	1.413	280,490

a Compiled by the Sugar Division from reports submitted on Forms SS-15A by 18 companies representing 23 refineries. The companies are: American Suga Refining Co.; Arbuckle Brothers; J. Aron & Co., Inc.; California & Hawaitan Suga Refining Corp., Ltd.; Colonial Sugar Co.; Godehaux Sugars, Inc.; William Henderson; Imperial Sugar Co.; W. J. McCahan Sugar Refining & Molasses Co.; Nations

Sugar Refining Co. of New Jersey; Ohio Sugar Co.; Pennsylvania Sugar Co.; Revere Sugar Refinery; South Coast Corp.; Savannah Sugar Refining Corp.; Sterling Sugars, Inc.; Sucrest Corp., and Western Sugar Refinery.

BLE 2—STOCKS, PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF CANE AND BEET SUGAR BY UNITED STATES REFINERS AND PROCESSORS, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER, 1938

(In Terms of Short Tons Refined Sugar as Produced)

	Refiners	Domestic Beet Factories	Refiners and Beet Factories
Initial stocks of refined, Jan. 1, 1938 Production Deliveries	354,810 3,315,589 a3,281,272	1,007,951 179,150 b849,326	1,362,761 3,494,739 4,130,608
Final stocks of refined, Sept. 30, 1938.	389.117	337,775	726.892

Compiled by the Sugar Division from reports submitted by refiners and beet

sugar factories.

a Deliveries include sugar delivered against sales for export. The Department of Commerce reports that exports of refined sugar amounted to 44,914 short tons during the first nine months of 1938.

b Larger than actual deliveries by a small amount representing losses in transit through reprocessing, &c.

TABLE 3—STOCKS, RECEIPTS AND DELIVERIES OF DIRECT-CON-SUMPTION SUGAR FROM SPECIFIED AREAS, JANUARY-SEPTEM-BER, 1938 (In Terms of Short Tons of Refined Sugar)

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1938	Receipts	Deliveries or Usage	Stocks on Sept. 30, '38
CubaHawaii	a30,708	340,780 9,725	283,198 9,725	a88,290
Puerto Rico	14,708	99,049	106,197	7,560
Philippines	6,127	49,167	44,277	11,017
England	342	137	479	
China and Hongkong Other foreign areas	a7,428	10,832	16,477	a1,783
Total	59,313	509,714	460,377	108,650

Compiled by the Sugar Division from reports and information submitted on Forms SS-15B and SS-3 by importers and distributors of direct-consumption sugar. a Includes sugar in bond and in customs' custody and control.

TABLE 4—DELIVERIES OF DIRECT-CONSUMPTION SUGAR FROM CONTINENTAL CANE SUGAR MILLS

Deliveries of direct consumption sugar by Louisiana and Florida mills amounted to 63,230 short tons, in terms of refined sugar, during the first nine months of 1938. TABLE 5—DISTRIBUTION OF SUGAR FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION IN THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND PUERTO RICO, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER, 1938

(Short Tons, Raw Value) Territory of Hawaii 23,379
Puerto Rico 47,349

4,405,709 Short Tons of Sugar Received by United States from Offshore Areas During First 10 Months

The 10th monthly report on the status of the 1938 sugar quotas was issued on Nov. 8 by the Sugar Division of the Department of Agriculture. The report shows that the quantity of sugar charged against the quotas for all offshore areas, including the full-duty countries, during the period January-October, amounted to 4,405,709 short tons, raw value. For the corresponding period last year charges against the offshore areas totaled 4,597,267 short tons, raw The Sugar Division announcement also said:

The report includes sugar from all areas recorded as entered or certified for entry before Nov. 1, 1938. Statistics for foreign countries other than Cuba also include certifications for entry of sugar which was in transit on Nov. 1, 1938. The figures are subject to change after final outturn weight and polarization data for all importations are available.

There were 169,726 short tons of sugar, raw value, charged against the quota for the continental sugarcane areas and 908,779 short tons, raw value, against the quota for the continental sugar beet area during the first nine

months of this year. Data for October are not yet available.

The quantities charged against the offshore areas during the first 10 months of the year are as follows:

(Tons of 2.000 pounds=96 Degrees)

Area	1938 Sugar Quotas Established Under the Latest Regulations	Amounts Charged Against Quotas				
CubaPhilippines Less amount realloted on June 9	1,939,546 1,044,903 53,883	1,884,377				
Puerto Rico Hawali Virgin Islands Foreign countries other than Cuba	991,020 809,649 951,753 9,046 80,683	923,230 800,905 749,078 3,923 44,196				
Medal	4 701 807	4 405 700				

Direct Consumption Sugars

Direct consumption sugar is included in the above amounts charged against the various quotas, since the direct consumption sugar quota is included in the total quota for each area. The following tabulation indicates the 1938 direct consumption sugar quotas and charges against such quotas during the period January-October, showing separately sugar polarizing 99.8 degrees and above and sugar polarizing less than 99.8 degrees. The last column shows the balance available for entry during the remainder of the year. The separation of sugars into polarization groups is based on reports of the outturn weight and polarization for each cargo of direct consumption sugar entered against the quotas.

> QUANTITY CHARGED AGAINST QUOTA (In Short Tons=96 Degrees Equivalent)

Area	1938 Quota	Sugar Polarizing 99.8 Degrees and Above	Sugar Polarizing Less Than 99.8 Degrees	Total Charges	Balance Remaining
Cuba	375,000 126,033 29,616 80,214	349,338 111,562 8,668 58,260	25,662 8,631 2,161 4,127	375,000 x120,193 x10,829 x62,387	5,840 18,787 17,827
Total	610.863	527,828	40,581	568,409	42,454

x Does not include sugars certified for arrival after Oct. 31, 1938

Quotas for Full-Duty Countries

The 44,196 short tons, raw value, charged against the quota for foreign countries other than Cuba is the total of charges made during the first 10 months of the year against the quotas for the individual full-duty countries. The following table shows, in pounds, the 1938 quotas for those countries, the amounts charged against the quotas during the January-October period, and the amounts which may be admitted during the remainder of the year.

Area	1938 Quota	Charged Against Quota x	Balance Remaining
	(In Pounds)	(In Pounds)	(In Pounds
Belgium	3,019,051	1,052,964	1,966,087
China and Hongkong.	15,062	. 15,062	0
Czechoslovakia	2,700,983	969,750	1,731,233
Dominican Republic	12,336,500	12,336,500	0
Dutch East Indies	2.168,407	2.142,224	26,183
Guatemala	1.084,794	1,084,794	0
Haltl	9,454,044	6,468,890	2,985,154
Mexico	244,814	244.814	0
Netherlands	220,777	220,777	0
Nicaragua	10,910,101	10,910,101	0
Peru	114,009,942	50.327,205	03,682,737
Salvador	1,210,177	1,210,177	0
United Kingdom	3,597,193	1,247,942	2,349,251
Unallotted reserve	394,155	161,666	232,489
Total	161,366,000	88.392.866	72.973.134

x In accordance with Sec. 212 of the Sugar Act of 1937 the first 10-short tons of sugar, raw value, imported from any foreign country other than Cuba have not been charged against the quota for that country. There have been imported from Canada 628 pounds; Barbados, 1,138; France, 2,368; Germany, 98; Costa Rica, 231; Japan, 323; British Gulana, 7; and Sweden, 2,354; but, under the provisions of this Section of the Act, these importations have not been charged against the quota for foreign countries other than Cuba.

Decrease of 13.8% Noted in United States Exports of Refined Sugar During First Nine Months of 1938

Refined sugar exports by the United States during the first nine-months of 1938 totaled 40,103 long tons, as against 46,538 tons during the similar period last year, a decrease of 6,435 tons, or approximately 13.8%, according to Lamborn & Co., New York, which also said:

The refined sugar exports during the January-September period of 1938 went to over 50 different countries. The United Kingdom leads with 22,924 tons, being followed by Panama and Holland with 3,282 tons and 2,313 tons respectively. In the previous season, the United Kingdom with 21,772 tons also headed the list, while Colombia and Panama with 9,460 tons and 2,690 tons, respectively, followed.

National Coffee Department of Brazil Authorizes Check Be Made of Coffee Serving as Security for £20,-000,000 Loan

The New York office of the National Coffee Department of Brazil received the following cable from its headquarters, it was announced on Nov. 5 by the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange:

The Directors of the National Coffee Department have just authorized the representatives of the fiscal agents of the £20,000,000 coffee loan, Theodor Wille & Co., to immediately check the qualities of the piedged stocks, and the representatives of the bankers in Sao Paulo to check the quantities, which will be done with the assistance of Price, Waterhouse, Peat & Co., chartered accountants.

This procedure was adopted by the Directors of the National Coffee Department in order that holders of bonds of this loan should realize the incorrect and misleading nature of certain tendentious reports published about the coffee serving as security for the loan.

Third Quarter Rayon Production Increased 20% Above April-June Quarter but Was Below Same Period Last Year—October Shipments Declined Below September

Production of rayon yarn in the United States for the quarter ended Sept. 30 totaled 68,300,000 pounds, according to figures compiled by the "Rayon Organon," published by the Textile Economics Bureau, Inc., New York. This figure represents the largest output for any quarterly period thus far in 1938, but was substantially below the total production of 84,100,000 pounds reported for the 1937 September quarter, said an announcement issued by the Bureau Nov. 9, which continued:

Output for the September quarter represented an increase of 20% compared with the June quarter when production amounted to 56,300,000 pounds. Shipments of rayon yarn during the same period, however, increased 90%. This, naturally, resulted in heavy withdrawals from producers' yarn inventories, which were reduced by 50% from June 30 to Sept. 30. Producers' stocks amounted to 1.8 months' supply on Oct. 31, or no change from the Sept. 30 figure.

Quarterly production of rayon yarn of all types (acetate production partially estimated), but exclusive of rayon staple fiber, compares as follows (in pounds):

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
1938 1937 1936	78,900,000	81,800,000	68,300,000 84,100,000 72,100,000	74,900,000 70,100,000	321,700,000 277,600,000

October Shipments Show Decline

Shipments of rayon yarn from American mills declined during October, being measured at 677 by the "Organon's" index, as compared with 874 for September, when deliveries were at an unusually high level. October shipments, however, were still sizeable and compared favorably with the "high" shipment levels of June-August, 1937.

Petroleum and Its Products—Lon Smith Criticizes Week-End Shutdown in Texas—A. P. I. Convention Program Disclosed—Daily Average Crude Oil Output Rises—Dutch Seek Indemnity on Seized Mexican Oil Properties

A severe attack upon the week-end shutdown of Texas wells, voted by the majority faction of the Texas Railroad Commission for November, was made during the week by Lon A. Smith, minority. Mr. Smith's comment drew wide attention in the oil trade inasmuch as he will be the new head of the Railroad Commission with the turn of the year and will then be in the majority position himself.

"The holiday plan has not brought relief to the oil industry, has not stabilized production, has not satisfied market demand, has not established confidence," Mr. Smith said in urging a settled proration policy for the Commission. "Rather, it has disturbed labor conditions, encouraged importation of foreign oil, disrupted the price structure, and brought stagnation to business circles.

"It is a matter of greatest concern today to the oil industry in Texas as we contemplate the possibility of continued oil price slashing, of storage filled with cheap oil, and general unrest in all business circles in Texas," he continued. "We must and do recognize that the oil industry opens up wide fields to labor, brings abiding prosperity to our people, and vast revenue to our State.

"The unsettled, unstable and moody situation resulting from the unsettled, and the prosperity to the Texas Poil

"The unsettled, unstable and moody situation resulting from the uncertain and varying program of the Texas Railroad Commission touching oil production in Texas, announced each month, is calamitous and conducive to a continually disturbed condition in the oil industry. The laborer does not know if he will be permitted to earn his bread each succeeding month, the driller does not know whether to keep his rig in Texas or move elsewhere, the land owner and lease owner does not know whether or not to attempt to develop his properties, the banker does not know whether to set aside a fund for loans and renewals of loans for current development in oil fields. The entire situation is most ittery.

"The Commission should declare a policy and announce a program that would at least tend to a restoration of confidence in oil circles," Mr. Smith said in conclusion. "If the two-day-a-week, the one-day-a-week shutdown or a lifting of all such holidays is to be the program, the oil industry us entitled to something definite, positive and dependable in our orders."

The full program of the ninteenth annual meeting of the American Petroleum Institute, to be held in Chicago next week, was made public in New York early this week. On the speakers list for the division of marketing group session scheduled for Thursday, Nov. 17, were two trade association representatives and a university professor. The marketing session, first in two years, will be held in the Stevens Hotel under the gavel of C. E. Arnott, Vice-President of the Institute and Socony-Vacuum executive.

Institute and Socony-Vacuum executive.

The speakers and the announced subjects are: Wilmer R. Schuh, National Association of Petroleum Refiners, Milwaukee, Wis., "The Dealer Marketing Plan Today"; Leon A. Bosch, Northwestern University School of Commerce, Evanston, Ill., "Balanced Selling and Effective Merchandising"; and Hubert B. Fuller, Ohio Petroleum Marketers Association, Columbus, Ohio, "Margins and Other Problems of Marketing." The first general session will be on Wednesday, Nov. 16, with Donald R. Richberg, of Washington, D. C., the speaker. The second general session will be held the following afternoon with J. Howard Pew, head of the Sun Oil Co., scheduled to speak on "The Oil Industry; a Living Monument to the American System of Free Enterprise."

Living Monument to the American System of Free Enterprise."

Charles Rosser, President of the Independent Petroleum Association of America, on Nov. 8 announced in Tulsa the personnel of the committee of 36 men designated by the association to make a broad study of the petroleum industry. The committee's first meeting will be at Fort Worth on Nov. 11 when it will consider proposals advanced for the divorcement of pipe lines, division of integrated companies and other matters brought up at the national convention last month.

Daily average crude oil production for the initial week of November of 3,628,550 barrels represented an increase of 391,000 barrels over the previous week, according to the mid-week report of the American Petroleum Institute. The total compared with estimated November market demand of the United States Bureau of Mines of 3,391,300 barrels and was the closest that production has come to the Federal agency's estimate in several months.

Texas, with an increase of 394,450 barrels to 1,655,100 barrels, was solely responsible for the sharp rise in output. The Lone Star State's sharp spurt was due to the fact that the week-end shutdown orders were lifted for the final Saturday and Sunday in October. Oklahoma was the only other major oil producing State to show an increase, production there rising 5,000 barrels to 437,000 barrels. California production was off 2,900 barrels to 656,100 barrels daily while Kansas slumped 12,500 barrels to 144,600 barrels. Louisiana production was off 1,250 barrels to a daily average of 268,400 barrels.

Reports from Topeka in mid-week disclosed that the State Corporation Commission has scheduled a meeting for Nov. 11 to hear protests of southeast Kansas stripper well owners against the withdrawal of the Sinclair Prarie Oil Marketing Co., a subsidiary of the Consolidated Oil Corp., as a crude oil purchaser. It also was reported that purchases will be maintained until that date, but no well connections would be restored. The complaints filed by the well owners held that the company's withdrawal would result in waste the company's withdrawal would result in waste.

A United Press dispatch from Mexico City, dated Nov. 8,

reported:
"A demand by the Netherlands Government for prompt and effective indemnification of Dutch Oil properties ex-propriated along with American and British holdings last March 18 or their return to their owners, was disclosed today by the Foreign Office. The demand was contained in a note dated Oct. 27 and handed to Foreign Minister Eduardo Hay by A. Methofer, Charge D'Affaires of the Netherlands

Legation here.
"Mr. Hay replied laconically that Mexico maintains its well-known viewpoint in the matter and that there is nothing to add to the subject of expropriation. The properties referred to include the Mexican Eagle Oil Co., a subsidiary of the Royal Dutch Shell. The latter is incorporated in the Netherlands although a considerable amount of its shares

are held by British subjects." There were no crude oil price changes.

Prices of Typical Crudes per Barrel at Wells

(All gravities where A. P.	I. degrees are not shown)
Bradford, Pa\$1.80	Eldorado, Ark., 40\$1.05
	Rusk, Texas, 40 and over 1.02
	Darst Creek 1.09
Illinois 1.25	Central Field, Mich 1.42
Western Kentucky 1.20	Sunburst, Mont
Mid-Cont't., Okla., 40 and above., 1.02	Huntington, Calif., 30 and over 1.22
Rodessa, Ark., 40 and above 1.25	Kettleman Hills, 39 and over 1.42
Smackover, Ark. 24 and over	Petrolia, Canada 2.15

REFINED PRODUCTS—MOTOR FUEL STOCKS SHOW SHARP GAIN—REFINERY OPERATING RATES GAIN—KEROSENE PRICES WEAKEN WITH WARM WEATHER—PHILADEL-PHIA, BALTIMORE GAS PRICES EASING

The first week of November brought an end to the contraseasonal declines in motor fuel holdings, stocks of finished and unfinished gasoline for this period rising 646,000 barrels to 68,236,000 barrels, according to the holiday-delayed midweek report of the American Petroleum Institute. Stocks normally start on a rising trend after Labor Day but the abnormally warm weather this fall over most of the nation's touring areas aided stocks to dwindle in defiance of the normal seasonal trend.

Added to the other factors which brought about an increase in stocks of finished and unfinished gasoline for the first time in nearly a month was a rise in the refinery operating Although daily average runs of crude oil to stills showed little change from the previous week, refinery operating rates rose about one-half point to 78.4% of capacity,

against 78% in the previous week.

In a week abbreviated by two holidays, there was little to report in the general price structure of refined petroleum products. Kerosene weakened somewhat in New York in response to the lagging demand due to the prolonged Indian summer weather enjoyed by so much of the Nation. There seems little chance of any hardening of this price list until a cold spell develops. Gasoline prices at Philadllphia and Baltimore were subject to price-shading although there was no general price reduction. The New York harbor bulk gasoline market held firm as did retail prices in the metropolitan area for the meet part politan area, for the most part.

U. S. Gasoline (Above 65 Octane), Tank Car Lots, P.O.B. Refinery

New York— Stand. Oll N. J. 3.07½ Socony-Vacuum07½ Tide Water Oil Co08¼ Richfield Oil(Cal.)07½ Warner-Quinlan07½	Texas\$.07½ Gulf	Other Cities— Chicago \$.0505½ New Orleans 08½07 Cuif ports 04½04½ Tulsa 04½04½
Kerosene, 41-43	Water White, Tank Car,	F.O.B. Refinery
New York— (Bayonne)\$.04%	North Texas\$.04 Los Angeles	New Orleans \$.05140514 Tulsa
	oil, F.O.B. Refinery or Te	
N. Y. (Bayonne)— Bunker C\$0.95 Diesei1.75	California 24 pius D \$1.00-1.25	New Orleans C\$0.90 Phila., Bunker C 0.95
	il, F.O.B. Refinery or Ter	
	Chicago— 28-30 D\$.053 ne, Service Station, Tax In	

Daily Average Crude Oil Production During Week Ended Nov. 5, 1938, Placed at 3,628,550 Barrels

 New York
 \$.195
 Newark
 \$.159
 Buffalo
 \$.17

 Brooklyn
 .195
 Boston
 .185
 Philadelphia
 .17

a Not including 2% city sales tax.

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily verage gross crude oil production for the week ended No 1938, was 3,628,550 barrels. This was a gain of 391,000 barrels from the output of the previous week, and the current week's figure was below the 3,391,300 barrels calculated by the United States Department of the Interior to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various oil-producing States during November. Daily average production for the four weeks ended Nov. 5, 1938, is estimated at 3,346,300 barrels. The daily average output for the week ended Nov. 6, 1937, totaled 3,533,150 barrels. Further details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal United States ports for the week ended Nov. 5 totaled 1,141,000 barrels, a daily average of 163,000 barrels, compared with a daily average of 107,571 barrels for the week ended Oct. 29 and 154,036 barrels daily for the four weeks ended Nov. 5.

There were no receipts of California oil at Atlantic and Gulf Coast ports for the week ended Nov. 5, compared with a daily average of 9,286 barrels In the week ended Oct. 29 and 2,321 barrels daily for the four weeks ended

Reports received from refining companies owning 85.6% of the 4,211,000barrel estimated daily potential refining capacity of the United States indicate that the industry as a whole ran to stills, on a Bureau of Mines' basis, 3,160,000 barrels of crude oil daily during the week, and that all companies had in storage at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit and in pipe lines as of the end of the week, 68,236,000 barrels of finished and unfinished

gasoline and 154.576,000 barrels of gas and fuel oil.

Total gasoline production by companies owning 84.6% of the total daily refinery capacity of the country amounted to 9,495,000 barrels.

DAILY AVERAGE CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION (Figures in Barrels)

		War co III				
	B. of M. Calcu- lated Require- ments (Nov.)	State Allowable Nov. 1	Week Ended Nov. 5, 1938	Change from Previous Week	Four Weeks Ended Nov. 5, 1938	Week Ended Nov. 6, 1937
Okiahoma Kansas	515,000 164,300	d428,000 d163,400				582,400 174,250
Panhandle Texas North Texas West Central Texas East Central Texas East Texas Southwest Texas Coastal Texas			109,400 518,450 298,850	+100 -200 +66,400	76,950 31,150 215,950 95,000 407,000	73,450 34,800 206,550 109,700 482,900
Total Texas	1,371,000	ь1709272	1,655,100	+394450	1,352,900	1,425,100
North Louisiana Coastal Louisiana			76,850 191,550	$^{+1,400}_{-2,650}$		68,400 167,250
Total Louisiana	256,300	235,500	268,400	-1,250	268,250	235,650
Arkansas Eastern Michigan Wyoming Montana Colorado New Mexico	52,300 162,400 50,300 74,700 13,300 4,000 111,000		49,200 194,150 54,250 48,950 13,100 4,000 103,700	+400 -2,400 -400 +50	13,700	47,800 133,900 55,150 [56,600 17,700 4,150
Total east of Calif California	2,774,600 616,700	c615,000	2,972,450 656,100		2,680,850 665,450	2,836,850 696,300
Total United States.	3,391,300		3.628.550	+391000	3,346,300	3,533,150

a These are Bureau of Mines' calculations of the requirements of domestic crude oil based upon certain premises outlined in its detailed forecast for the month of November. As requirements may be supplied either from stocks or from new production, contemplated withdrawals from crude oil inventories must be deducted from the Bureau's estimated requirements to determine the amount of new crude oil to be produced.

b Above production estimates are for week ended 7 a. m. Nov. 5 and therefore include the production of Saturday, Oct. 29 and Sunday, the 30th—the previous week-end shut-down not being in force on those days, basic seven-day allowable having been approximately 1,709,000 barrels.

c Recommendation of Central Committee of California Oil Producers.

d October allowables. November allowables not available at time of publication: Note—The figures indicated above do not include any estimate of any oil which might have been surreptitiously produced.

CRUDE RUNS TO STILLS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED AND UNFINISHED GASOLINE AND GAS AND FUEL OIL, WEEK ENDED NOV. 5, 1938 (Figures in Thousands of Barrels of 42 Gallons Each)

	Daily Refining Capacity		Crude Runs to Stills		Stocks Unfin	Stocks			
District -						Fini	shed	Unfin'd	Gas and
	Poten-	Repor	ting	Datly Aver-	P. C.	At Re- Terms. No		Nap'tha	Fuel
	Rate	Total	P. C.	age		fineries	dec.	Distil.	ou
East Coast	615		100.0	472	76.7	4,372	11,781	1,222	16,889
Appalachian.	149	128		94	73.4	863	1,790		841
Ind., Ill., Ky	574	514	89.5	462	89.9	4,907	4,752	530	9,341
Okla., Kan.,							0 001	0.50	
Mo	419	342		230	67.3	3,396	2,701	353	4,746
Inland Texas	316	159		106	66.7		124		2,015
Texas Gulf	943	838		764 132	91.2 91.0		253 575		14,856 2,895
La. Gulf	149	145 55		47	85.5		96	81	858
No. LaArk. Rocky Mtn.	100 118	64	54.2	40	62.5		90	92	783
California	828	745		480	64.4	9,084	2,437	1,181	97,935
Reported		3,605	85.6	2.827	78.4	34,130	24.509	6.017	151.159
Est. unrptd.		606	1	333	10	2,810	660	110	3,417
xEst.tot.U.S.	0.0900	A WOOD	3 .00	W 20. 22	21911	V. Carry			
Nov. 5, '38	4,211	4,211	100	3,160		36,940	25,169		154,576
Oct.29, '38	4,211	4,211		3,145		37,208	24,225	6,157	153,719
U.S. B.of M. xNov.5,'37	diam't	o Du		23,388	1919	38,231	23,341	6 897	120,249

x Estimated Bureau of Mines' basis. z October, 1937, daily average,

Weekly Coal Production Statistics

The National Bituminous Coal Commission in its latest weekly coal report said that the total production of soft coal in the week ended Oct. 29 is estimated at 8,553,000 net tons, an increase of 460,000 tons, or 5.7% over the output in the preceding week. Production in the corresponding week of 1937 amounted to 9,269,000 tons.

Cumulative production of soft coal in the present calendar year to date stands 27.1% below that in 1937; cumulative production of anthracite to date, 13.6% below 1937; cumulation of both hard and soft coal in 1938 to date, 26.1%

below 1937.
The U. S. Bureau of Mines in its current weekly report stated that in spite of the observance of Mitchell Day, Oct. 29, the production of Pennsylvania anthracite for the week ended Oct. 29 gained 22,000 tons in comparison with the previous week. The total estimated output amounted to 881,000 tons, or 176,200 tons per day for the five working days of the week, an increase of 23% over the 6-day week of Oct. 22. Compared with the same week of 1937, however, there was a loss of 166,000 tons, or 16%.

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL WITH COMPARABLE DATA ON PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM (In Thousands of Net Tons)

	N	Veek End	ed	Calenda	Year t	o Date 1
	Oct. 29, 1938	Oct. 22, 1938 d		1938 e	1937	1929
Bituminous Coal a Total, including mine fuel Daily average Crude Petroleum c	8,553 1,426				367,452 1,444	
Coal equivalent of weekly output.	5,186	5,202	5,771	227,969	240,681	190,502

a Includes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience the production of lignite, semianthracite, and anthracite outside or Pennsylvania. c Total barrels produced during the week converted to equivalent coal assuming 6,000,000 B. t. u. per barrel of oil and 13,100 B. t. u. per pound of coal. d Revised. e Total for 1938 subject to current revision. f Sum of 43 full weeks ended Oct. 29, 1938, and corresponding 43 weeks in 1937 and 1929.

ESTIMATED PRODUCTION OF PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE AND BEEHIVE COKE (IN NET TONS)

	Week Ended			Calendar Year to Date			
	Oct. 29, 1938	Oct. 22, 1938	Oct. 30, 1937	1938	1937 с	1929 с	
Penn. Anthracite							
Total, incl. collier	881,000	850 000	1 047 000	36,777,000	42 445 000	59 815 000	
Daily average.	176,200	143,200					
Commercial pro-						M. W. S. S. S.	
duction-b Beehine Coke—	837,000	816,000	995,000	34,981,000	40,323,000	55,508,000	
United States total	14,300	14,200	46,900				
Daily average	2,383	2,367	7,817	2,769	11,006	21,770	

a Includes washery and dredge coal, and coal shipped by truck from authorized operations. b Excludes coiliery fuel. c Adjusted to make comparable the number of working days in the three years.

ESTIMATED WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF COAL, BY STATES (IN THOUSANDS OF NET TONS)

[The current weekly estimates are based on railroad carloadings and river shipments and are subject to revision on receipt of monthly tonnage reports from district and state sources or of final annual returns from the operators.]

		W	eek Ende	d—		Oct.
State	Oct. 22, 1938 p	Oct. 15, 1938 p	Oct. 23, 1937 r	Oct. 24, 1936	Oct 19, 1929	Arge. 1923 e
Alaska	2	2	3	3	(8)	(s)
Alabama	201	206	263	248	369	398
Arkansas and Oklahoma	62	60		93	131	88
Colorado	130	117	177	178	200	217
Georgia and North Carolina	1	. 1	1	1	(8)	(8)
Illinois	833	814	1.170	1.140	1.258	1,558
Indiana	282	298		384	390	520
Iowa	73	69	94	81	76	116
Kansas and Missouri	122	109	175	150	149	161
Kentucky-Eastern	757	809	862	919	1.008	764
Western	170	159	197	188	306	238
Maryland	27	27	35	32	55	35
Michigan		13	10	17	16	28
Montana	75	66	84	68	72	82
New Mexico	32	32	40		53	58
North and South Dakota	79	68	78	72	842	836
Ohlo	452	450	527	591	561	817
Pennsylvania bituminous	1.846	1.888	2.220	2,484	3.000	3.149
Tennessee	107	107	110	118	113	118
Texas	18	18	19	17	22	26
Utah	81	79	89	83	109	121
Virginia	310	299	328		265	231
Washington	53	45	46	40	44	68
West Virginia-Southern a	1.711	1.837	1.924	1.980	2.175	1.488
Northern_b_	510	535	555		764	805
Wyoming	152	122	157	145	170	184
Other Western States_c	*	*	1	1	s6	84
Total bituminous coal	8.093	8,230	9.619	9,937	11.354	11.310
Pennsylvania anthracite_d	859	1,172	1,184	890	1,895	1,968
Total, all coal	8,952	9,402	10.803	10.827	13,249	13.278

a Includes operations on the N. & W. C. & O.; Virginia; K. & M.; B. C. & G.; and on the B. & O. in Kanawha, Mason, and Clay counties. b Rest of State, including the Panhandle District and Grant, Mineral, and Tucker counties. c Includes Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, and Oregon. d Data for Pennsylvania anthracite from published records of the Bureau of Mines. e Average weekly rate for the entire month. p Preliminary. r Revised. s Alaska, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Dakota included with "Other Western States." * Less than 1,000 tons.

Consumption of Non-Ferrous Metals Shows Upward Trend-Undertone Firm

"Metal and Mineral Markets" in its issue of Nov. 10, reported that though buying of non-ferrous metals continued on a modest scale during the last week, sentiment in most directions continued quite optimistic, influenced by encouraging news on the general condition of business and the conservative political trend in the elections. The operating rate of the steel industry jumped to 61% of capacity. Actual consumption of major non-ferrous metals is still moving upward, according to producers. Prices abroad steadied toward the end of the week, which event strengthened the tops of the the end of the week, which event strengthened the tone of the domestic trade. The publication further reported:

Copper Operators in copper were a little nervous early in the last week, as foreign buying lags red and prices in London were more or less un that period of uncertainty abroad it was reported that business, involving was booked here at 11c., Valley bas industry thought that this business represented "undoing of hedges." However, the domestic market was quotable at 11½c., Valley, throughout the week, and this price appeared to be firmly established as the week ended. Buying for account of both Russia and Japan made its appearance, which strengthened the price structure abroad as well as here. Producers

are optimistic over what the October statistics will show.

Domestic sales of copper for the week amounted to only 2,860 tons, against 5,720 tons in the preceding seven-day period. Sales reported so far this month amounted to 3,751 tons. Demand was chiefly for January forward. Consumption of copper by the wire mills has been increasing.

Following is a record of sales of copper in the domestic market, by months.

tor 1990, 1991, and the	O THEFT	о шопы	is or one current year	, see manue o	COMM.
1936	1937	1938	1936		1938
January 33,165	58.819	25,543	August 25,25	3 69,225	23,19
February 78.654	74.912	23,518	September 40.76	9 28,936	62,232
March 35,948	53,101	22,012	October 178.80	1 23,238	78,288
April 158,064	26,143	22,790	November 88,17	7 21,035	
May 16,303	43,130	18,853	December 117,71	5 26,504	
June 16,521	35,395	87,730			
July175,484	62,298	124,054	Totals 964,85	4 517,736	

Lead

During the holiday week just ended, the lead market was quiet and sales for the period totaled 4,660 tons, against 7,193 tons in the previous Producers have been satisfied with the recent volume of business. The trade estimates that consumer requirements for November have been covered to the extent of 90% and 35% for December, on a monthly basis of 40,000 tons actual consumption. Purchases by battery makers and oxide manufacturers represented a good portion of the buying last week. Producers believe that improved sentiment, following the election, may en-

courage consumers to add to their working inventories.

Quotations remained firm at 5.10c., New York, which was also the contract settling basis of the American Smelting & Refining Co., and 4.95c.,

World production of lead during September amounted to 149,189 short tons, according to the American Bureau of Metal Statistics. This compares with 147,749 tons in August and 153,347 tons in July. Production during August and September of the leading lead-producing countries, in short tons, follows:

	16,865	16,925	Germany	Sept. 15,799 22,917
a Themselle ands				

Zinc

Buying of zinc was inactive in the last week, but the market ruled steady to firm, particularly after the London quotations showed a firmer tendency. The moderate volume of business booked during the week was closed on the basis of 5.05c., St. Louis, for Prime Western. A firm situation in zinc concentrate tends to strengthen the views of most sellers. statistics were regarded as favorable, stocks showing a reduction of 6,615 tons (all grades). Stocks at the end of October totaled 124,128 tons, which compares with 149,671 tons on hand in June, the last-named figure being the high for the year.

Correction—Three months zinc, London, sellers, Oct. 28, £15, 7-16s. making the average price for the month of October, £15.232.

Tin

Buying interest in tin during the holiday week was dull, but results of the elections here on Tuesday stimulated sentiment over the domestic outlook. Speculators abroad saw possibilities of higher prices for tin on the strength of the outcome of the elections here, and London quotations yesterday were moderately higher. Inquiries for tin were more numerous in the domestic market yesterday.

Chinese tin, 99%, was nominally as follows: Nov. 3, 44.875c.; Nov. 4, 44.850c.; Nov. 5, 44.775c.; Nov. 7, 44.750c.; Nov. 8, holiday; Nov. 9,

DAILY PRICES OF METALS ("E. & M. J." QUOTATIONS)

	Electrolytic Copper		Straits Tin Lea		ad	Zinc	
	Dom., Refy.	Exp., Refy.	New York	New York	St. Louis	St. Louis	
Nov. 3	11.025	10.775	46.375	5.10	4.95	5.05	
Nov. 4	11.025	10.800	46.350	5.10	4.95	5.05	
Nov. 7	11.025 11.025	10.800	46.275 46.250	5.10 5.10	4.95 4.95	5.05	
Nov. 8	Holiday	10.850	Holiday	Holiday	Holiday	Holiday	
Nov. 9	11.025	10.900	46.500	5.10	4.95	5.05	
Average	11.025	10.821	46.350	5.10	4.95	5.05	

Average prices for calendar week ended Nov. 5 are: Domestic copper f.o.b. refinery, 11.025c.; export copper, 10.796c.; Straits tin, 46.258c.; New York lead, 5.100c.; St. Louis lead, 4.950c.; St. Louis zinc, 5.050c.; and silver, 42.750c.

The above quotations are "M. & M. M. S" appraisal of the major United States markets, based on sales reported by producers and agencies. They are reduced to the basis of cash, New York or St. Louis, as noted. All prices are in cents per pound. Copper, lead and zinc quotations are based on sales for both prompt and future eliveries; tin quotations are for prompt delivery only.

deliveries; tin quotations are for prompt delivery only.

In the trade, domestic copper prices are quoted on a delivered basis; that is, delivered at consumers' plants. As delivery charges vary with the destination, the figures shown above are net prices at refineries on the Atlantic seaboard. Delivered prices in New England average 0.225c. per pound above the refinery basis.

Export quotations for copper are reduced to net at refineries on the Atlantic seaboard. On foreign business in copper sellers usually name a c.l.f. price—Hamburg, Havre, and Liverpool. The c.l.f. basis commands a premium of 0.325c. per pound above f.o.b. refinery quotation.

DAILY LONDON PRICES

	Copper, Std.		Copper, Std.		Copper Electro.		Std.	L	ead	Zi	nc
08.30	Spot	3M	(Bid)		3M	Spot	3M	Spot	3M		
Nov. 3 Nov. 4	45%		51 1/4 51 1/4	212 212	213	15%	151516	14716 14716	14111		
Nov. 7	451816	46116	51%	212	213	151516	16316	14916	141814		
Nov. 8	46 1/6	46%	51%	21214	21314	163/8	16516	14916			

Correction—Zinc, London, three months, sellers, Oct. 28, 15 7-16; monthly average, three months, 15.232.

Prices for lead and zinc are the official buyer's prices for the first session of the London Metal Exchange; prices for copper and tin are the official closing buyers prices. All are in pounds sterling per long ton (2,240 lb.).

October Steel Output 17% Above September

Production of open hearth and Bessemer steel ingots during October was 17% higher than the September total, and exceeded 3,000,000 tons for the first time since October of last year, according to a report released Nov. 8 by the American Iron and Steel Institute.

Output in October was 3,117,934 gross tons, which comwith 2,657,748 gross tons in September and with 3,392,924 gross tons in October, 1937.

In producing the October tonnage, the industry operated t an average of 52.45% of capacity during the month, the first time in a year that operations exceeded 50% of capacity. By comparison, the industry operated at 46.28% of capacity in September and 58.31% in October a year ago.

An average of 703,823 gross tons of ingots was produced weekly during October, as against ar average output of 620,969 gross tons per week in September, and 765,897 gross tons per week in October, 1937.

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF OPEN-HEARTH AND BESSEMER STEEL INGOTS—JANUARY, 1937, TO OCTOBER, 1938
(Calculations based on reports of companies which in 1937 made 98.26% of the open-hearth and 100% of the Bessemer ingot production)

Calculated Monthly Production Number of Weeks in Pertod-Weekly Per Cent of Capacity Production (Gross Tons) 1938-1,732,764 1,703,726 2,012,406 391,143 425,932 454,268 4.43 4.00 4.43 31.74 5,448,896 31.58 12.86 First quarter 423,709

1,925,166 1,806,805 1,638,277 448,757 407,857 381,883 4.29 4.43 4.29 une..... Second quarter..... 5.370.248 30.76 412,778 13.01 First six months.... 418.212 10,819,144 31.17 25.87 1.982.058 33.42 42.85 46.28 4.42 4.43 4.28 July 448,429 574,941 620,969 eptember 2,657,748 Third quarter..... 7,186,794 40.79 547,357 13.13 18,005,938 Nine months..... 34.41 461,691 39.00 3,117,934 703,823 4.43 4.43 4.00 4.43 February..... March..... 4,414,699 5,218,326 1,103,675 1,177,952 14,351,461 First quarter 85.20 1,115,977 12.86 1,182,020 1,162,959 975,460 5,070,867 5,151,909 4,184,723 4.29 4.43 4.29 90.25 88.79 74.48 Second quarter.... 14,407,499 84.55 1,107,417 13.01 First six months.... 28,758,960 84.88 1,111,672 25.87

Total 49.502.907 72.38 949.423 52.14

Note—The percentages of capacity operated are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,341,856 gross tons based on annual capacities as of Dec. 31, 1937, as follows: Open-hearth and Bessemer ingots, 69,964,356 gross tons.

78.48 83.83 76.30

79.58

83.09

58.31 38.23 25.37

40.68

1,030,838 1,101,089 1,002,221

1,045,212

1,089,297

765,897 502,183 333,263

534,270

4.42 4.43 4.28

13.13

39.00

4.43 4.29 4.42

13.14

4,556,304 4,877,826 4,289,507

13,723,637

42,482,597

3,392,924 2,154,365

1,473,021

7,020,310

Third quarter.....

Nine months.....

October November December

Fourth quarter

October Production and Shipments of Slab Zinc

The American Zine Institute on Nov. 7 released the following tabulation of slab zine statistics:

SLAB ZINC STATISTICS (ALL GRADES)—1929-1938 (Tons of 2,000 Pounds)

	-	1	1	1	1 Patrick	1	
	Produced	Shipped	Stock at	(a)	Retorts Operating	Average	
			End of	for			Orders
	During Period	During Period	Period	Export	Rnd of Period	During Period	End of Pertod
Year 1929	631,601	602,601	75,430	6.352	57,999	68,491	10 505
	504,463	436,275	143.618	196	31,240	47 700	18,585
Year 1930						47,769	26,651
Year 1931	300,738	314,514	129,842	41	19,875	23,099	18,273
Year 1932	213,531	218,517	124,856	170	21,023	18,560	8,478
Year 1933	324,705	344,001	105,560	239	27,190	23,653	15,978
Year 1934	366,933	352,663	119,830	148	32,944	28,887	30,786
Year 1935	431,499	465,746	83,758	59	38,329	32,341	51,186
Year 1936	523,166	561,969	44,955	0	42,965	37,915	78,626
1937							
January	40,047	51,227	33,775	0	40,285	40,513	76,544
February	37,794	46,953	24,616	0	42,786	39,948	77.969
March	53,202	59,635	18.183	0	43.635	40,588	89,846
April	52,009	56,229	13,963	0	43,660	41,177	81,448
May	55.012	55,201	13,774	0	43,724	43,429	67,143
June	50,526	50,219	14.081	0	44,186	43,205	59,209
	49.181	49,701	13.561	0	46,199	46,171	
July				ő	50,163		82,596
August	48,309	50,643	11,227	0		48,520	106,187
September	50,027	47,737	13,517		51,089	51,715	92,319
October	52,645	40,345	25,817	01	50,324	50,578	75,086
SOSAMI DIOLOTO	1.02.00	12.11.		- 1	*47,552	*48,110	1
November	49,393	32,676	42,534	0)	49,511	49,350	(61,151
			10-10-0	1	*46,311	*46,158	1
December	51,474	28,675	65,333	0{	48,812 *45,704	49,300 *46,192	48,339
							-
Total for yr.	589,619	569,241		0			
Monthly avge.	49,135	47,437	•	0		45,383	
1938						and a last	
January	48,687	24,931	88,532	20	42,423	44,623	345,400
					*38,030	*41,659	1
February	41,146	21,540	108,138	0[39,267	41,644	38,891
				- 1	*34,583	*38,180	1
March	43,399	33,528	118,009	01	36,466	38,923	29,023
				l l	*33,130	*34,977	1
April	38,035	20,806	135,238	0)	34,691	35,321	27,069
		310		11	*29,710	*31,769	1
May	37,510	24,628	148,120	01	31,525	33,818	23.444
				11	*27,549	*30,317	1
June	30,799	29,248	149,671	10	26,437	28,071	41.785
	,	,		-11	*23,451	*23,728	}
July	30,362	33,825	146,208	10	25,596	25,805	39,350
July	00,002	00,020	110,200		*22,073	*22,490	}00,000
August	32,296	36,507	141,997	0	29,767	29,805	30.554
August	32,230	30,507	141,997		*26,433		30,004
Contember	90 900	49 500	120 742			*26,471	140 49-
September	32,328	43,582	130,743	ol	31,555	30,940	40,435
	20 745	40.055	101 100		*28,099	*27,648	1
October	36,740	43.355	124,128	0	32,427	31,912	40,736
		-		1.	28,411	28.312	_

^{*} Equivalent retorts computed on 24-hour basis. a Export shipments are included in total shipments.

U. S. Steel Corp. Shipments Higher

Shipments of finished steel products by subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corp. for the month of October amounted to 663,287 tons. The October shipments compare with 577,666 tons in the preceding month, an increase of 85,621 tons and with 792,310 tons in October, 1937, a decrease of 129,023 tons. For the year 1938 to date, shipments were 5,251,511 tons compared with 11,749,156 tons in the comparable month of 1937, a decrease of 6,497,-645 tons or 55.3%.

In the table below we list the figures by months since January, 1934:

TONNAGE OF SHIPMENTS OF STEEL PRODUCTS BY MONTHS FOR YEARS INDICATED

Month	Year 1934	Year 1935	Year 1936	Year 1937	Year 1938
January	331,777	534,055	721,414	1,149,918	518,322
February	385,500	582,137	676,315	1,133,724	474,723
March	588,209	668.056	783,552	1.414.399	572,199
April	643.009	591,728	979,907	1.343.644	501.972
May	745.064	598,915	984.097	1.304.039	465.081
June	985.337	578,108	886,065	1,268,550	478.057
July	369,938	547,794	950,851	1.186.752	441.570
August	378.023	624,497	923,703	1,107,858	558.634
September	370.306	614,933	961.803	1.047.962	577,666
October	343,962	686.741	1.007.417	792,310	663,287
November	366,119	681.820	882.643	587,241	
December	418,630	661,515	1,067,365	489,070	H-100
Yearly adjustment.	-(19,907)	-(23,750)	-(40,859)	-19513 117	
Total for year	5,905,966	7.347.549	10.784.273	12.825.467	

Steel Production at 61%—Business Sentiment Improved

The "Iron Age" in its issue of Nov. 10 reported that business sentiment has been measurably improved by the substantial losses suffered by the New Deal at the polls on Tuesday. If these are followed by a restoration of the confidence that has been lacking in many quarters, an actual stimulation of new enterprise may develop, particularly in such strongly industrialized States as Pennsylvania, Ohio and Michigan. The "Iron Age" further stated:

A noteworthy result of the election is the heavy anti-New Deal vote in industrial areas that have been the scene of violent labor disturbances provoked by the C. I. O., indicating that the close tie-up of the Lewis organization and the New Deal Administration has been a liability to the latter rather than an asset.

Unless there is a revival of private undertakings, it is difficult to forsee a continuance of the present favorable trend in steel bookings and production beyond the time when lettings of Government-financed projects reach a peak, which probably will be about next March. Aside from the automobile industry, which is making rapid strides in getting back to a normal basis of operations, there is no outstanding improvement in any important steel-consuming channel.

Much of the current activity, which has lifted ingot production this week to 61%, as compared with an average output last month of 52.45%, emanates from the automobile industry and Government-financed construction work. Automobile companies are taking large shipments of steel and in some instances have asked for earlier devlieries than were originally specified, which accounts in part for the four-point rise in operations over last week.

Steel companies are insisting on immediate specification of recent low-priced commitments, and are taking a stand against acceptance of any that are received too late for rolling and shipment by Dec. 31. This policy seems to assure the continuance of sheet and strip rolling at a high rate to the end of the year. Meanwhile, a good many orders at the present prices have been placed by users who did not cover prior to the restoration of the current price level. In the case of a leading producer, delivery promises on sheets have lengthened to 11 or 12 weeks on light gage cold rolled, six to seven weeks on heavy gages; five to six weeks on hot rolled and three weeks or longer on galvanized sheets.

Continuous sheet mills, on which cold reduced black plate for tinning is produced, may be further loaded up with tonnage if announcement of a tin plate price, which is expected at any moment, should result in the release of a considerable volume of tin plate business that has been held back pending a decision on the 1939 contract price.

The immediate outlook for steel operations, therefore, is promising. No letdown this month is indicated, and, in fact, the rate may rise further during November and possibly December. It seems probable that the 1938 ingot total will be nearly 30,000,000 tons, output in 10 months having been 21,123,872 tons.

Scrap prices are moderately stronger at Pittsburgh, having advanced

25c. a ton, raising the "Iron Age" composite price to \$14.50 up Sc.
Railroad buying has improved moderately but is of no real consequence
in the total of all steel business. The prospect of Government assistance to
some of the weaker roads in making equipment and other purchases is encouraging to those who supply the railroads, but no important increase in
this neglected field of steel consumption is expected during the short time
remaining in 1938.

Construction work, however, is expected to supply some of the tonnage that will be needed to push steel operations higher. Plate business is one of the conspicious laggards, but Navy and commercial shipbuilding work promises some aid within the next few months. The Navy will require 42,000 tons of armor plate and 33,000 tons of plain steel, mostly sheared plates, for three battleships on which bids were taken last week, but these requirements will be spread over a long period. Navy needs for smaller boats on which bids are being taken this month are a more immediate prospect.

Structural steel leetings in the week were about 24,000 tons and new work out for bids totals 27,000 tons. The Chicago subway, for which requirements can only be estimated, probably will take about 85,000 tons of steel.

THE IRON AGE" COMPOSITE PRICES

Finished Steel

* ********	
Nov. 9, 1938, 2.286c. a Lb. One week ago	rolled strips. These products represen

B	toh	L	010
1938	May 17	2.211e.	Oot. 8
	Mar. 9	2.249e.	Mar. 2
	Dec. 28	2.016c.	Mar. 10
	Oct 1	2.056c.	Jan. 8
	Apr. 24	1.945c.	Jan. 2
1933	Oct. 3	1.792c.	May 2
	Sept. 6	1.870c.	Mar 15
	Jan. 7	1.962c.	Oct. 29
	Jan. 4	2.212c.	Nov. 1

Pig Iron Nov. 8, 1938, \$20.61 a Gross Ton
One week ago _______\$20.61
One month ago ________20.61
One year ago _______23.25

Based on average of basic iron at Valley furnace and foundry irons at Chirago, furnace and foundry irons at Chirago, Southern iron at Cincinnati.

	H	1gh	Low		
1938	23.25	June 21	\$19.61	July 6	
1937	23.25	Mar. 9	20.25	Feb. 16	
1936	19.73	Nov 24	18.73	Aug. 11	
1935.		Nov. 5	17.83	May 14	
1934	17.90	May 1	16.90	Jan. 27	
1933	16.90	Dec. 5	13.56	Jan. 3	
1932	14.81	Jan. 5	13.56	Dec. 6	
1930	18.21	Jan. 7	15.90	Dec. 16	
1927		Jan. 4	17.54	Nov. 1	

Steel Scrap Nov. 8, 1938, \$14.50 a Gross Ton Based on No. 1 heavy melting steel One week ago \$14.25 quotations at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Chicago.

One year ago 13.50	Week				
	High	L	Low		
1938\$14.	.83 Aug. 9	\$11.00	June 7		
1937 21	.92 Mar. 30	12.92	Nov. 16		
1936 17	.75 Dec. 21	12.67	June 9		
1935	.42 Dec. 10	10.33	Apr. 23		
1934 13	.00 Mar. 13	9.50	Sept 25		
1933 12	.25 Aug. 8	6.75	Jan. 3		
1932 8.	.50 Jan. 12	6.43	July 5		
1930 15.	.00 Feb. 18	11.25	Dec. 9		
1927 15	25 Jan. 17	13.08	Nov 22		

The American Iron and Steel Institute on Nov. 7 announced that telegraphic reports which it had received indicated that the operating rate of steel companies having 98% of the steel capacity of the industry will be 61.0% of capacity for the week beginning Nov. 7, compared with 56.8% one week ago, 51.4% one month ago, and 41.0% one year ago. This represents an increase of 4.2 points, or 7.4%, from the estimate for the week ended Oct. 31, 1938. indicated rates of steel operations since Oct. 25, 1937, follow:

1937-	. 1938—	1938	1 1934
Oct. 2552.1	% Jan. 31 30.5%	May 16 30.7%	Aug. 29 44.0%
Nov. 1 48.6	% Feb. 7 30.7%	May 2329.0%	Sept. 639.9%
Nov. 8 41.0			Sept. 1245.3%
			Sept. 1947.3%
Nov. 2231.0	% Feb. 2829.3%		Sept. 2646.7%
Nov. 2929.6			Oct. 3 47.9%
			Oct. 10 51.4%
Dec. 1327.4	% Mar. 2133.7%		Oct. 17 49.4%
			Oct. 24 53.7%
			Oct. 31 6 8%
1938			Nov. 761.0%
		Aug. 139.8%	
		Aug. 839.4%	
		Aug. 15 40.4%	
Jan. 2432.7	% May 9 30.4%	Aug. 22 42.8%	

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel

markets, on Nov. 7 stated:
Steel ingot production has been given an extra-seasonal boost to the year's best level by heavier output of flat-rolled steel and appears to be running ahead of the upturn in actual consumption.

At the same time, requirements of most steel users still are expanding, and total demand is bolstered by relatively brisk activity in the automotive industry. With mill operations up sharply in some districts to accommodate recent heavy bookings of sheets and strip, however, there is the suggestion that part of this additional output is going into stock rather into consumption.

A three-point rise to 57.5% in the national steel-making rate last week moved the average about 20% higher than a month ago. While this out-distanced the upturn in operations of some leading steel users during the same period, the rise in motorcar assemblies has been even more spectacular.

Automobile production of 80,030 units last week more than tripled the early October volume and compares with 73,335 units the week before. In addition to being the highest weekly output in 1938 to date, it made the best relative showing so far this year with the corresponding 1937 Automotive output was tending downward a year ago, ass for the week being 89,770 units.

October pig iron production totaled 2,067,499 gross tons, a gain of 22.8% over September output of 1,683,097 tons and the largest since October, 1937, with 2,891,026 tons. Daily average production of 66,694 tons was 18.9% ahead of September's, about equal to the 66,901 tons for

November last year, and comparing with 93,259 tons for October, 1937.

Pig iron output for the first 10 months this year totaled 14,390,284 tons against 33,198,634 tons in the 1937 period, a decrease of 56.7%, and well below the 24,601,570 tons for 1936. Seventeen blast furnaces became active last month, the largest addition in any month since April, 1936, Seventeen blast furnaces became when the same gain was made. Active furnaces the end of October totaled

114, best since November, 1937.
Practically all districts contributed to last week's rise in steel-making, with the national rate highest since the middle of October last year at 63%. Chicago mills stepped up 10 points to 56.5%, Pittsburgh rose 8 points to 45%, and Youngstown increased 2 points to 63%.

Gains at other centers included 1 point in eastern Pennsylvania to 35%, 2 points at Buffalo to 51%, 11 points at Birmingham to 68%, 16 points in New England to 71%, 5 points at Cincinnati to 75%, 2.5 points at St. Louis to 45.5%, 3 points at Detroit to 85%, and 3 points at Cleveland Wheeling was unchanged at 59%.

Outlook for steady or heavier steel demand varies among different cons sumers. In addition to the favorable situation in the automotive industry, shipwork and building and engineering construction are counted on for relatively good business. Little is looked for from the railroads in the near future, unless the recent rail wage decision prompts the release of some orders that were held up awaiting the Board's findings.

Freight car awards in October totaled 2,587 against 1,855 a year ago. Orders for 10 months of 12,520 cars, consisting principally of purchases by the Southern Ry., compare with 51,154 a year ago and 39,523 in the corresponding 1936 period.

Scrap markets are stronger as a consequence of latest steel-making Price advances at Chicago boost the scrap composite 25c. to \$14.29, while the iron and steel composite is up 2c. for the same reason to \$36.56. Finished steel prices are considerably steadier than a month ago, the composite being unchanged last week at \$57.20.

Export scrap business continues fairly active, outstanding being Japan's purchase of 160,000 tons. While Japan remains the leading foreign buyer of United States scrap, shipments to that country the first nine months dropped 47.5% to about 945,000 tons. Total movement in the same period was 2,164,857 tons, a decrease of only 34% since a year ago.

Steel ingot production for the week ended Nov. 7, is placed at 58% of capacity, according to the "Wall Street Journal" of Nov. 10. This compares with 54% in the previous week and 51% two weeks ago. The "Journal" further reported:

U. S. Steel is estimated at 541/2%, against 51% in the week before and 48% two weeks ago. Leading independents are credited with 601/2%.

compared with 56% in the preceding week and 53% two weeks ago.

The following table gives a comparison of the percentage of production with the nearest corresponding week of previous years, together with the approximate changes, in points, from the week immediately preceding:

	Industry	U. S. Steel	Independents
1938	58 +4	5414 +314	6014 +414
1937	47 —5	40 -3	53 -7
1936	741/2 + 1/2	68 - 1/2	7914 +114
1935	5216	42	63 +1
1934	2714 + 14	231/2	301/2 +1
1933	2514 -314	23 -4	2614 -314
1932	19 - 16	18 - 16	1914 - 14
1931	30 + 16	341/4 +11/4	2814
1930	43 -4	4736 -436	41 -3
1929	73 -416	75 -5	72 —3
1928	831/4 -31/4	80 —5	85 -3
1997	87 ±1	71 42	64

Current Events and Discussions

The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

During the week ended Nov. 9 member bank reserve balances decreased \$140,000,000. Reductions in member bank reserves arose from increases of \$58,000,000 in money in circulation, \$104,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts and \$2,000,000 in Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve banks and a decrease of \$13,000,000 in Reserve bank credit offset in part by a decrease of \$14,000,000 in Treasury cash and increases of \$20,000,000 in gold stock nad \$3,000,000 in Treasury cur-Excess reserves of member banks on Nov. 9 were estimated to be approximately \$3,130,000,000, a decrease of \$90,000,000 for the week.

The statement in full for the week ended Nov. 9 will be

found on pages 2968 and 2969.

Changes in the amount of Reserve bank credit outstanding

and related items were as follows	
	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)
Nov. 9, 1	938 Nov. 2, 1938 Nov. 10, 1937
Bilis discounted 8,000 Bilis bought 1,000	
U. S. Government securities 2.564,000 Industrial advances (not including	
\$13,000,000 commitm'ts—Nov. 9) 15,000 Other Reserve bank credit	
. Total Reserve bank credit	0,000 -13,000,000 -7,000,000 0,000 +20,000,000 +1,302,000,000
Member bank reserve balances 8,546,000 Money in circulation	0,000 —140,000,000 +1,667,000,000 0,000 +58,000,000 +200,000,000
Treasury deposits with F. R. bank. 578,000 Non-member deposits and other Fed-	
	0,000 +104,000,000 +44,000,000

Returns of Member Banks in New York City and Chicago-Brokers' Loans

Below is the statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the New York City member banks and also for the Chicago member banks for the current week, issued in advance of full statements of the member banks, which will not be available until the coming Monday. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES

(In Millions of Dolla

NTHIO	TO OF THE	nars)			
-Ne	w York	City-		Chicago	
Nov. 9 1938	Nov. 2 1938	Nov. 10 1937	Nov. 9 1938	Nov. 2 1938	Not.:10 1937
7.765	7.797	7.888	1.930	1.935	1.949
2,960				521	681
1.425	1,433	1.888	341	338	462
139	141	188	20	20	31
	578	709	31	36	38
	199	237	67	67	76
					14
92				7.5	2
			50		
2,923				957	
793	796	382	131	131	100
1.089	1,131	949	327	326	256
3.735	3.821	2.499	839	934	576
71	61	62	36	33	28
75	78	68	207	212	146
			- 51	51	
				1,673	1,474
598	619			465	453
114	118	228	62	62	45
	Nov. 9 1938 8 7,765 2,960 1,425 139 574 199 118 92 413 2,923 793 1,089 3,735 71 75 437	New York 6 Nov. 9 Nov. 2 1938 1938 \$ 5 7.765 7.797 2.960 2.968 1.425 1,433 139 141 574 578 199 199 118 119 92 86 413 412 2.923 2.902 793 796 1.089 1,131 3.735 3.821 75 78 437 442 6.607 6.607	Non. 9 Non. 2 Non. 19 Non. 2 Non. 19 Non. 19 Non. 2 Non. 2 <t< td=""><td> New York City</td><td> New York City</td></t<>	New York City	New York City

	-New York City Chicago					
Liabilities—	Nov. 9	Nov. 2	Nov. 10	Nov. 9	Nov. 2	Nov. 10
	1937	1938	1937	1938	1938	1937
Inter-bank deposits: Domestic banks Foreign banks	2,538 398	2,577 418	1,895 409	682	685 8	517 6
BorrowingsOther liabilities	338	375	377	17	17	19
	1,487	1,489	1,481	256	255	246

Complete Returns of Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week

As explained above, the statements of the New York and Chicago member banks are given out on Thursday, simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks in 101 cities covering the compiled cities cannot be compiled.

In the following will be found the comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the

close of business Nov. 2:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shows the following principal changes for the week ended Nov. 2: Decreases for the week of \$16,000,000 in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, \$22,000,000 in holdings of United States Government direct obligations, \$43,000,000 in "Other securities," \$84,000,000 in reserve balances with Federal Reserve banks, and \$229,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted.

Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans declined \$11,000,000 in New York City, and \$16,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Loans to brokers and dealers in securities increased \$7,000,000 at reporting member banks in New York City and declined a like amount at other reporting member banks. "Other loans" declined \$9,000,000 in the San Francisco district and \$10,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations declined \$16,000,000 in New York City, \$10,000,000 in the Cleveland district, and \$22,000,000 at all reporting member banks, and increased \$9,000,000 in the Chicago district. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government declined \$10,000,000 in New York City and United States Government declined \$10,000,000 in New York City and \$5,000,000 in the Cleveland district, and increased in most of the other districts. all reporting member banks showing a net decline of \$1,000,000 for the week. Holdings of "Other securities" declined \$62,000,000 in New York City and \$43,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Demand deposits—adjusted declined in nearly all districts, the principal decreases being \$131,000,000 in New York City and \$37,000,000 in the Chicago district, and the aggregate net decrease being \$229,000,000.

Deposits credited to domestic banks declined \$36,000,000 in New York City, and increased \$19,000,000 in the Chicago district. \$10,000,000 in

City, and increased \$19,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$10,000,000 in the Richmond district, and \$23,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Deposits credited to foreign banks declined \$21,000,000 in New York City.

Borrowings of weekly reporting member banks amounted to \$2,000,000

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of reporting member banks, together with changes for the week and the year ended Nov. 2, 1938, follows:

	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)
Nov. 2, 1938	Oct. 26, 1938 Nov. 3, 1937
Assets— \$	8 8
Loans and investments-total 21,408,000,000	-85,000,000 -246,000,000
Loans-total 8,327,000,000	-19,000,000 -1,298,000,000
Commercial, industrial and agri-	
cultural loans 3,899,000,000	-16,000,000 -862,000,000
Open market paper 347,000,000	+2,000,000 -130,000,000
Loans to brokers and dealers in	
securities	-173,000,000
Other loans for purchasing or	
carrying securities 571,000,000	
Real estate loans 1,164,000,000	
Loans to banks 110,000,000	
Other loans 1,508,000,000	
U. S. Govt. direct obligations 8,132,000,000	-22,000,000 + 164,000,000
Obligations fully guaranteed by	
United States Government 1,686,000,000	
Other securities	
Reserve with Fed. Res. banks 7,116,000,000	
Cash in vault	
Balances with domestic banks 2,466,000,000	-29,000,000 +722,000,000
Liabilities—	
Demand deposits—adjusted15,766,000,000	-229,000,000 + 1,156,000,000
Time deposits 5,155,000,000	
United States Government deposits 540,000,000	-6,000,000 +93,000,000
Inter-bank deposits:	
Domestic banks 6,219,000,000	
Foreign banks 475,000,000	
Borrowings 2,000,000	-1,000,000 -11,000,000

Secretary Hull Indicates United States Will Insist on Maintenance of 9-Power Treaty in China-State-ment Follows Japanese Announcemnet of Intention to Dominate Chinese Political and Economic Life—Three Powers May Protest to Japan on Order Closing Yangtze River

Secretary of State Hull declared on Nov. 4 that the United States Government will continue to support existing treaties applying to China, and will be guided by international law and fair play among Nations. His statement, made at a press conference, followed official announcements in Tokyo that Japan intends to assert exclusive economic and political control over China. Mr. Hull indicated that this country will insist on maintenance of the 9-power treaty of 1922, which a spokesman for the Japanese Foreign Office was reported as having characterized as "already dead." The United States, Great Britain, France, Japan and five other powers are signatories to the treaty, which guarantees the Open Door trade policy in China and the maintenance of Chinese territorial and administrative integrity. On Nov. 9, the adherence of Great Britain to the 9-Power treaty was indicated in the House of Commons by Richard Austen Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, who said the Government's attitude was the same as that of the United States as expressed by Secretary Cordell Hull

Mr. Hull's remarks, transcribed by the State Department, follow:

In response to requests by the press for comments on the statement issued by the Japan e Government in regard to the situation in the Far East, the Secretary of State said that he felt it very important to view the situation in accurate and comprehensive perspective.

The attitude of the United States and the position of the American Government in relations both with China and with Japan, as with other countries, are he said, governed and guided by the generally accepted principles of international law, by the provisions of treaties to which the United States and numerous countries—among them China and Japan—are parties, and by principles of fair dealing and fair play between and among nations.

This country's position with regard to the situation in the Far East has,

he said, repeatedly been declared, and this position remains unchanged.

The Japanese Government, in a formal statement issued Nov. 2, announced that it intends to create a political and economic bloc consisting of Japan, Manchukuo and China, in carrying out the Japanese "immutable policy" for Asiatic reconstruction, following the Sino-Japanese conflict. The statement indicated that Japan might be prepared to consider peace negotiations with the present Chinese Government "if it were to come forward to join in the establishment of the new order." of the new order.

The Sino-Japanese war was referred to in these columns Oct. 29, pages 2607-08. On Oct. 28 Japan protested to France against furnishing arms to China by way of French Indo-China, and said that if this continued Japan might take measures in "self-defense." This protest was described as follows in Associated Press Tokyo advices of Oct. 29 to the New York "Times.":

Japan protested to France yesterday against the alleged shipment of arms to China and warned of possible consequences unless the traffic was prohibited immediately.

In Paris the Foreign Office denied there was any such traffic and expressed surprise that Japan should protest again after representations early in the year in which she "was unable to substantiate her charges."]

A Japanese Foreign Office spokesman at the same time said the Govern-

ment would reply soon to the United States note of Oct. 6 insisting upon maintaining the Open Door in China.

The newspaper "Asahi" predicted that the Government would attempt

"to induce the United States Government correctly to recognize the new Far Eastern situation," which it said, had modified the 9-Power pact

"Must" Modify 9-Power Pact

The Foreign Office spokesman agreed the 9-Power pact "must be modified" and admitted there probably would be many changes affecting foreign

fied" and admitted there probably would be many changes affecting foreign settlements and concessions and previous foreign privileges.

[Under the 9-Power pact of Feb. 6, 1922, the United States, Belgium, the British Empire, China, France, Italy, Japan, The Netherlands and Portugal agreed, among other things, to use their influence for establishing and maintaining the principle of equal opportunity for the commerce and industry of all nations in China. They also agreed to refrain from taking advantage of conditions in China to seek special rights or privileges that would abridge the rights of foreigners.]

A Except Office statement issued after Premier Prince Furnimers Konova

A Foreign Office statement issued after Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye had conferred with French Ambassador Charles Arsene Henry disclosed the warning to France. It said Yotaro Sugimura, Japanese Ambassador to Paris, had delivered a protest against the alleged arms traffic, with a request that it be halted immediately, otherwise "Japan might be compelled in self-defense to take such measures as she deems necessary.

United States Ambassador Joseph C. Grew on Oct. 31 called at the Japanese Foreign Ministry, and was reported to have urged Japan to reply to the American note of Oct. 6, demanding that the Japanese cease interfering with American rights in China. As to this, a Tokyo dispatch of Oct. 31 to the "Times" added:

Earlier today a Foreign Office spokesman said the suddenness of the appointment of Hachiro Arita as Foreign Minister had not permitted him to formulate a new foreign policy as yet. When it was pointed out that Mr. Arita had told the Japanese press that the Japanese policy had pre-iously been decided and that he would carry it out, avoiding friction with other powers as far as possible, the spokesman replied that Mr. Arita might have ideas of his own, but that at present they were not known.

The spokesman did not know when Japan would be ready to reply to

the United States note of Oct. 6, nor could be understand why the Japanese press had suddenly included America among the "bad boys" of the world. He said Japan's attitude in East Asia was not connected with the Munich

In summarizing the official Japanese statement on policies in China, Associated Press Tokyo advices of Nov. 2 said:

agreement despite the Japanese press emphasis upon it.

The statement expressed gratitude to those nations "which are in sympathy with us"—presumably Germany and Italy, Japan's allies in an anti-communist pact. The other western Powers were not mentioned. The declaration was issued in commemoration of tomorrow's national

holiday, the birthday of the Emperor Meiji, grandfather of Emperor Hiro-

hito and considered the founder of the modern Japanese empire. Born on Nov. 3, 1852, Meiji reigned from 1867 until his death in 1912. his reign covering the period during which Japan emerged from isolation to become one of the great Powers.

The Government's declaration said:

The Government's declaration said:

"Owing to the august virtue of his Majesty (Emperor Hirohota), our naval and military forces have captured Canton and the three cities of Wuhan (Hankow, Wuchang, Hanyang), and all vital areas of China thus have fallen into our hands.

"The Kuomintang Government (the regime headed by Generalissimc Chiang Kai-shek) exists no longer except as a mere local regime. However, so long as it persists in its anti-Japanese and pro-communist policy, our country will never lay down its arms until that regime is crushed.

"What Japan seeks is establishment of a new order which will insure permanent stability in East Asia. In this lies the ultimate purpose of our military campaign.

"This new order will have for its foundation a tripartite relationship of mutual aid and coordination between Japan, Manchoukuo and China in the political, economic, cultural and other fields. The object is to secure international justice, to perfect a joint defense against Communism, to create a new culture and to realize closer economic cohesion throughout East Asia.

"This indeed is the way to contribute toward the stabilization of East Asia and the progress of the world.

"What Japan desires of China is that she shall share the task of bringing about this new order. Japan confidently expects that the people of China will respond to the call of Japan for cooperation.

"Even the cooperation of the Kuomintang Government would not be rejected if, repudiating the policy which has guided it in the past and remolding its personnel so as to translate its rebirth into fact, it were to come forward to join in the establishment of the new order."

It was reported from London on Nov. 8 that the United States, France and Great Britain might make parallel diplomatic protests to Japan against the Japanese intention to close the Yangtze River to neutral shipping in China.

Comparative Figures of Condition of Canadian Banks

In the following we compare the condition of the Canadian banks for Sept. 30, 1938, with the figures for Aug. 31, 1938, and Sept. 30, 1937:

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

Assets	Sept. 30, 1938	Aug. 31, 1938	8 Sept. 30, 1937
Current gold and subsidiary coin-	8	8	8
In Canada	5,282,417		
Eisewhere			
Total	10,610,436	11,582,436	9,121,338
Dominion notes	52,829,014	54,472,989	52 716 400
Deposits with Bank of Canada	211,484,816		53,716,466 179,361,600
Notes of other banks	5.086.264	5.838.326	5,112,944
United States & other foreign currencie	5,086,264 28,548,736 127,776,485	5,838,326 27,492,536	24,176,317
Cheques on other banks	127,776,485	104,545,832	116,954,863
Loans to other banks in Canada, secured including bills rediscounted	•	ut e	1
Deposits made with and balance du			
from other banks in Canada	4,419,390	3,555,227	4,421,761
Due from banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom	33,496,842	33,774,357	24,297,260
Due from banks and banking correspond-	-		
ents elsewhere than in Canada and the		05 500 570	70 050 707
United Kingdom Dominion Government and Provincia	118,672,683	95,520,576	72,956,767
Government securities	1,128,974,762	1,144,968,680	1,119,772,593
Canadian municipal securities and Brit-	-		
ish, foreign and colonial public se- curities other than Canadian	165,722,461	167,907,137	192,587,428
Railway and other bonds, debs. & stocks		126,987,569	133,270,530
all and short (not exceeding 30 days)			
loans in Canada on stocks, deben- tures, bonds and other securities of		11.00	
a sufficient marketable value to	and the said	A Transport	de la constitución de la constit
cover	60,134,869	70,533,480	99,933,164
Elsewhere than in Canada	44,963,394	55,048,243	63,966,296
Other current loans & discts. in Canada	828,903,218 143,100,257	781,010,385	
cans to the Government of Canada	140,100,207	144,215,066	172,420,943
oans to Provincial governments	22,303,236	18,727,850	20,128,052
oans to cities, towns, municipalities		110 007 004	01 040 000
and school districts	114,110,233	112,987,304	91,648,032
vided for	9,817,994	9,861,505	11,611,623
teal estate other than bank premises	8,328,235	8,335,581	8,710,298
fortgages on real estate sold by bank ank premises at not more than cost	4,352,966	4,387,920	4,239,310
less amounts (if any) written off	73,459,400	73,618,458	74,326,931
labilities of customers under letters of	of the second	Marian Carlos	The state of the state of
credit as per contra	57,104,867	57,749,144	67,196,172
Peposit with the Minister of Finance for the security of note circulation	5,468,814	5,462,755	5,975,111
hares of and loans to controlled cos	11,249,363	11,292,882	11,039,077
other assets not included under the fore- going heads	2,163,532	2,230,370	1,981,052
Total assets	3,399,779,941	3,334,330,390	3,339,010,384
Liabilities			
otes in circulation	104,044,340	98,661,488	108,225,813
ducting adv. for credits, pay-lists, &c.	48,693,138	51,995,451	45,136,007
dvances under the Finance Act			
alance due to Provincial governments.	40,526,894	44,028,550	37,976,774
Deposits by the public, payable on de- mand in Canada	725,046,724	687,159,311	713,627,549
peposits by the public, payable after	1 020 505 000	1 004 054 050	1 574 500 100
notice or on a fixed day in Canada Deposits elsewhere than in Canada	1,632,585,066 425,218,339	1,634,654,979 400,442,302	
oans from other banks in Canada,	120,210,000	100,112,002	420,100,122
secured, including bills rediscounted			
Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada	17,692,959	12,370,669	14,504,962
ue to banks and banking correspond-	11,002,000	12,070,000	11,001,002
ents in the United Kingdom	11,264,393	10,167,292	13,683,503
Elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	35,904,380	36,911,022	37,699,635
ills payable	356,006	296,206	1,217,569
coeptances and letters of credit out-			
standing incl. under foregoing heads	57,104,867 3,002,413	57,749,144 2,887,791	67,196,172 2,921,611
dividends declared and unpaid	1,416,864	2,374,943	821,743
lest or reserve fund	1,416,864 133,750,000	2,374,943 133,750,000	821,743 133,750,000
apital paid up	145,500,000	145,500,000	145,500,000
whiten hair ab	-10,000,000		

Note—Owing to the omission of the cents in the official reports, the footings in the above do not exactly agree with the totals given.

France to Exchange 5% Treasury Bonds Maturing Dec. 1—Banks to Reopen Saturdays

The French Treasury on Oct. 27 made known that the 145,000 francs of 5% five-year Treasury bonds maturing Dec. 1 may be exchanged between Nov. 2 and Nov. 30 for one-year Treasury bills bearing interest from the date of Exchange, according to a Paris dispatch to the "Wall Street Journal" of Oct. 28.

It is also learned from the same paper that French banks will reopen Saturdays during November and December. Regarding this decision the advices stated:

An agreement has been reached between bankers and bank employees whereby banks will reopen Saturday mornings during November and December, thus recuperating the hours lost through holiday closings without infringing on observance of the 40-hour week over the entire year. uncertain, however, whether the Bank of France will follow suit. Hitherto banks have remained shut all day Saturday except in country towns where markets were held on Saturdays and where banks were closed on Mondays.

Italian Capital Levy of 7½% Decreed on Private Industry

According to United Press advices from Rome, the Italian Cabinet on Nov. 7 approved a decree imposing a 7½% capital levy on the capital of all partnerships and private companies with gross earnings of more than \$526.50 a year. It was estimated that the new levy would yield about \$63,-180,000. The advices continued:

The cabinet justified the tax on the grounds that real estate owners and share holding companies already have been obliged to pay an extraordinary levy of 10% as a result of devaluation of the lira.

It was announced that the new measure would be the last of a series of finincial taxes decreed since the devaluation of the lira in 1936.

Decrease of 3% in Savings of School Depositors During Year Ended June 30 Reported by American Bankers Association

A total of \$13,825,508 was deposited by 2,753,682 school A total of \$13,825,508 was deposited by 2,753,082 school children in 8,483 schools in school savings during the year ending June 30, 1938, according to reports made to the Savings Division of the American Bankers Association and made public Nov. 11 by W. Espey Albig, Sceretary of the Division. Of this amount, \$3,240,460 remained on deposit at the close of the year, the reports reveal, which is a decrease of \$1,420,372 or 30% in net savings over the previous year. Total deposits decreased \$433,281 or 3% and total number of participants decreased 69 564 or 2% and number number of participants decreased 69,564 or 2% and number of schools participating decreased 551 or 6%. The decrease was attributed to the effects of the depression by Mr. Albig, deputy manager of the national bankers organization, who said:

The decrease in net savings pay eloquent tribute to the value of the amassed savings in aiding the family. The deposits decreased by less than \$450,000 but the net deposits, the amount remaining in the bank after

withdrawals, decreased by more than three times that amount.

The story of this depression as written in school savings runs parallel with that of the previous one. Some banks, because of the expense, cease to act as depositaries, and the funds achieved through school savings are used to aid the family budget. When conditions become more nearly normal, the slow accumulation begins again.

Short Interest on New York Stock Exchange Increased During October

The total short interest existing as of the close of business on the Oct. 28 settlement date, as compiled from information obtained by the New York Stock Exchange from its members, was 669,530 shares, compared with 588,345 shares on Sept. 30, it was announced Nov. 9. Of the 1,245 individual stock issues listed on the Exchange on Oct. 28, there were 38 issues in which a total short interest of more than 5,000 shares existed, or in which a change in the short position of more than 2,000 shares occurred during the month, the Exchange's announcement said. The total number of issues in which a short interest was reported as of Oct. 28 was 474, compared with 443 on Sept. 30.

In the following tabulation is shown the short interest existing at the opening of the last business day of each month since Oct. 30, 1936:

1936—	1937—	1938—
Oct. 30	June 30 944,957	Mar. 311.097.858
Nov. 301,230,579	July 30 1,007,736	Apr. 291,384,113
Dec. 311,136,814	Aug. 31 966,935	May 311,343,573
1937—	Sept. 30 967.593	June 301,050,164
Jan. 291,314,840	Oct. 291,214,082	July 29 833,663
Feb. 261,426,522	Nov. 301,184,215	Aug. 31 729,480
Mar. 311,199,064	Dec. 311,051,870	Sept. 30 588,345
Apr. 301,012,186	1938— Jan. 311,228,005	Oct. 28 669,530
May 281,040,964	Jan. 311,228,005	
-114120000000000000000000000000000000000	Feb 99 1 149 499	

New York Stock Exchange Changes Symbols of 12 Issues to Improve Ticker Service

The first in a series of changes in stock ticker symbols on the New York Stock Exchange to become effective Nov. 14 were announced on Nov. 4. These changes, affecting 12 securities, are part of the plans to improve the stock ticker reporting service by shortening the symbols of the most active stocks to two letters and assigning new three-letter symbols to inactive securities, as was announced by the Exchange Nov. 1 and reported in these columns of Nov. 5, page 2804. The changes for stocks follow:

Simms Petroleum Co., from SV to SMP; Dome Mines, Ltd., D to DM; United States Rubber Co., RU to R; Curtiss-Wright Corp., CWZ to CS; Republic Steel Corp., RBC to RS; United Aircraft Corp., UAR to UA; Republic Steel Corp., RBC to RS; United Aircraft Corp., American Radiator and Standard Sanitary Corp., ADT to DT; and Radio Corporation of America, RCA to RC.

The bond changes were:

Minneapolis & St. Louis RR. Co., MS to MSL; Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban RR. Co., BN to BQS; New York Telephone Co., NT to NTC; and Republic of Cuba, CU to CBA.

Further changes will be announced by the Exchange either at weekly or bi-weekly intervals.

New York Stock Exchange Sends Questionnaire to Member Firms Requesting Detailed Data on Margin and Cash Trading for Week of Nov. 14-19

On Nov. 4 the New York Stock Exchange, at the sugrestion of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, sent to member firms a request to provide figures relating to purchases and sales of stocks for the week of Nov. 14-19, the information to be supplied separately for margin and cash accounts and for round-lot and odd-lot purchases. In a letter, accompanying three forms on which the data is to be compiled by Dec. 12, Charles E. Saltzman, Secretary of the Exchange, explained:

Figures for the month of November are also requested which will show separately the number of accounts in each of these two classes in which there were purchases or sales of stocks during the month, and which will in addition show the total number of margin accounts carried at the end of the The figures of the individual firm will, of course, be treated confidentially.

This survey will provide the responsible authorities with information as to how much of the total trading in stocks during the given period has been "on margin," and how much "for cash," and as to which class of trading showed ruing that period a net balance on the buying side or on the selling The principal purpose in developing this and other information covered by the survey is to assist the authorities in deciding whether collection currently of similar but less detailed reports would be of sufficient value to justify the work involved—and if so, in what degree of detail, at what intervals, and by what methods.

The data desired by the three separate forms, outlining the information requested and specifying various sub-divisions into which the data should be classified, follows:

- 1. (a) Your firm except for joint international arbitrage.
- (b) Joint international arbitrage—firm's interest.
 (c) Joint international arbitrage—foreigner's interest.
 Your firm's partners, including special partners.
- Individual members of the NYSE (excluding those of your firm) and partners in other NYSE member firms (wherever domiciled).
- 4. Non-member persons or organizations domiciled in foreign countries and the foreign branches of non-member domestic brokerage and banking firms, except joint international arbitrage accounts.
- Domestic branches of foreign brokerage and banking firms.
- Domestic non-member brokers and dealers.
- Domestic commercial and savings banks and trust companies, as prin-
- cipals and as agents.
 Other domestic corporations.
- Other domestic non-member customers.
- 10. Total.

New York Stock Exchange Members Approve Amend-ments Requiring Non-Member General Partners of Member Firms to Become Allied Members

The members of the New York Stock Exchange on Nov. 9 approved the amendments to the Constitution of the Exchange which require all non-member general partners in member firms to become allied members of the Exchange, directly subject to Exchange control and discipline by Jan. 1, 1939. The total vote cast was 734, with 712 approving, 18 disapproving and 4 defective. The Exchange further announced on Nov. 9:

In the near future pledge forms for the signatures of general partners will be sent to all member firms. The form will contain the pledge which, pursuant to Section 6, Article XI of the Constitution, as amended, must be signed by a general partner in order for him to qualify as an allied member. Pursuant to Section 6, Article IX of the Constitution, as amended, no member shall after Jan. 1, 1939, continue to have as a general partner in a member firm any person who is not a member or an allied member of the Exchange; therefore all persons who are at present general partners in member firms must, before Jan. 1, 1939, file with the Committee on Admissions the signed pledge mentioned above if they are to continue as general partners after that date.

The allied membership proposal was approved by the Board of Governors on Oct. 26, as was reported in our issue of Oct. 29, page 2610.

Two Improvements in Odd-Lot System on New York Stock Exchange Announced by Three Leading

Two improvements in the odd-lot system on the New York Stock Exchange were announced Nov. 9 by the three principal odd-lot dealer firms which do exclusively an odd-lot business. They are Carlisle, Mellick & Co., De Coppet & Doremus and Jacquelin & De Coppet. The new rules go into effect on Nov. 14. A joint announcement by the three firms said, in part:

The first has to do with the present rule on "selling through the limit." The customer, under the new rule, will receive better than his limited price in any situation in which the effective round-lot sale is more than $\frac{1}{2}$ point better than his limited price, when the effective round-lot sells at 40 or lower. Also, when the effective round-lot sells at 40% or higher, he will receive better than his limited price in any situation in which the effective round-lot is more than one point better than his limited price. The effective round-lot is that on which the odd-lot order is executed.

Under the present rule, the odd-lot customer receives better than his limited price only when the effective round-lot sale is the very first round-lot transaction after the odd-lot order is in the hands of the odd-lot broker or, on "open" or standing odd-lot orders which were unexecuted the previous day, when the opening round-lot sale is better than the odd-lot limited

price. rule at the limit price even when the effective round-lot sale was more than one-eighth from that limit was because they wished to make the trading conditions in odd-lots as nearly on a par with the trading conditions in If the limited orders they execute were round-lots instead of odd-lots, the sale in the round-lot market in most cases would not have occurred at the gap price, but at the price of the limited order of the

Limited orders in the round-lot market are usually executed at the limit. However, there are some cases where these limited round-lot order prices are improved. The odd-lot dealers are changing their method of executing limited orders to meet this situation.

The purpose of the second change is to provide a method of bringing together the buyer and seller of odd-lots in inactive issues without awaiting the sale of a round-lot in the open market. The odd-lot dealer's will establish fair prices on two days each week which will be used as the basis of executing such orders, subject to the usual differential of one-eighth. These prices will be established as promptly after the close of the market as possible on the last day before the settlement which at present will be Wednesday and Saturday. To obtain the advantage of this privilege, such orders must be entered before the opening on these days and the customer must decide before 3 o'clock whether he wishes the order executed on the "basis" price. This service is offered only in those stocks in which the spread between round-lot bid and offer is more than two points. If the difference is two points or less, the odd-lot customer will still have the privilege of trading on the bid and offer, subject to the one-eighth differential.

The second change was due to the fact that the dealers realize that al-

though the odd-lot system was most efficient in stocks that were selling frequently in the open market, it did not provide a completely adequate machinery in very inactive stocks. At times the odd-lot dealers have on their books orders to buy odd-lots and orders to sell odd-lots at the same time in inactive issues and these orders cannot be executed until a sale occurs in the round-lot market, causing delay for the public, or unless customer wishes to trade on the wide-spread bid or offer. It is felt that the machinery they are now setting up will supply a necessary method to meet that situation.

York Stock Exchange Rule on Short Sale of Round Lots Rescinded by Board of Governors

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange at its meeting on Nov. 9 eliminated Rule No. 616 of the Exchange, which is non-operative because it no longer has any meaning or effect, says an announcement from the Exchange, which also states:

The rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission prohibit a short sale of a security on a national securities exchange either at or below the

last sale of the security on such exchange.

The odd-lot short selling rule of the Exchange, which provides that a short sale in an odd-lot must be based upon a round-lot sale at a higher price than the last round-lot sale, was amended to provide an exemption similar to the one contained in the round-lot short selling rules of the SEC for short sales involved in certain arbitrage transactions.

Questionnaire on Working of Semi-Weekly Settlements Sent to New York Stock Exchange Member Firms

The New York Stock Exchange sent a questionnaire to its member firms on Nov. 9 requesting an expression of opinion with respect to various methods of settling and clearing contracts in stocks. "Our member firms," says the question-naire, "have now had two months of experience with semiweekly settlements, a period sufficiently long for them to have familiarized themselves with the procedure involved in clearances and settlements on a term basis. The Board of Governors of the Exchange is interested in learning the results of your experience." To that end, the Exchange requests answers to a number of questions, according to the announcement of the Exchange, which added:

The purpose in issuing the questionnaire is to learn, on the basis of the actual experience of member firms, what the informed judgment of such firms is with respect to three methods of clearing and settling, viz., semiweekly settlement, weekly settlement and skip-a-day settlement. The present method of settling semi-weekly was introduced on Sept. 1, 1938, Prior to that time, the skip-a-day system was in operation.

The report of the Exchange summarizing the results of the new system was referred to in these columns Sept. 24, page 1852.

New Class of Associate Specialist Created by New York Stock Exchange

The Committee on Floor Procedure of the New York Stock Exchange announced Nov. 9 that, effective Jan. 1, four classes of specialists had been established, namely, regular specialists, relief specialists, associate specialists and temporary specialists. In describing its action the Exchange said "it will be noted that a new category of specialists (associate specialists) has been created; also that notice of all specialist and relief specialist applications will be posted on the bulletion boards on the Floor." From the announcement we also quote:

No member will be permitted to act as regular specialist, relief specialist or associate specialist unless he is registered with the Committee. registration will be required for temporary specialists, but no member will be permitted to act as such unless authorized by the Committee.

Concern Seen in Mounting Costs of State and Local Governments—First National Bank of Boston Points Out that Massachusetts Federation of Tax Payers Demonstrates that Governmental Costs Can

"The mounting costs of State and local governments is a matter of deep concern to everyone," says the First National Bank of Boston in its current "New England Letter." Continuing, the bank says:

With the Federal Government continually encroaching upon the sources with the Federal Government continually encroaching upon the sources of revenue, local communities are largely dependent upon taxes on real estate for their governmental expnses, with the result that real estate taxes are now well nigh confiscatory and the cost of shelter for rich and poor alike is unduly high. While real estate values have shrunk from 35% to 50%, depending upon location, taxes on real estate remain at boom high levels. high levels.

"The situation is critical," the bank notes, and it adds: "The only solution is reduction in Government spending. So long as spending is politically popular spending will continue. When spending ceases to be a political asset governmental costs will come down." According to the bank, "the Massachusetts Federation of Tax Payers Associations has demonstrated that governmental costs can be controlled by informed and organized public opinion. An informed electorate abhors a reckless spender of public funds." The

bank goes on to say:

Massachusetts has made a start. In 1934 the Massachusetts Federation of Taxpayers Associations was formed from local taxpayers' groups numbering over 200 scattered in cities and towns throughout the State. This strictly non-partisan voluntary association of public-spirited citizens has as its sole objective the obtaining of honest and efficient government at

as its sole objective the obtaining of honest and efficient government at the lowest possible cost. It represents no special interests but fights governmental waste and extravagance for the benefit of all.

It has furnished the leadership in arousing public opinion and making it effective. It prepares and submits to the voters the record of their State Senators and Representatives on fiscal measures together with the position taken by the Federation on these measures. In consequence a gratifying number of reckless spenders regardless of party affiliation have failed of reelection.

failed of reelection.

October Short Position in Stocks on New York Curb **Exchange Increased Above September**

Announcement was made on Nov. 10 that the total short position in stocks dealt in on the New York Curb Exchange for the month of October, reported as of Oct. 31, amounted to 20,714 shares. This compares with 14,209 shares on Sept. 30. Three issues had a short interest of more than 1,000 shares, the leader being Electric Bond & Share Co. common stock with 5,987 shares, an increase of 5,529 shares since Sept. 30. The short interest in Cities Services Co. since Sept. 30. The short interest in Cities Service Co. 60-cent "B" preferred stock amounted to 1,760 shares, against none the previous month. Fisk Rubber Co. common decreased 200 shares to 1,100 at the end of October.

Failure of Bank Loans to Expand as Viewed by Guaranty Trust Co.—Due to Lack of Active Demand, It Says, in Taking Issue with Those Who Attribute Cause to Strike of Capital

Taking issue with those who attribute the failure of bank loans to expand to a "strike" of capital, the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, in its monthly "Guaranty Survey," dated Oct. 31, says:

While no interpretation so obviously at variance with the fact will gain wide belief among the well-informed, there are apparently some who attribute the meager flow of capital to excessive timidity on the part of individual lenders. The inference is that business is ready to expand but is prevented from doing so by the refusal of those in control of loanable funds to lend. Views of this kind, in so far as they apply to the banking situation, rest in part on "ignorance or misinterpretation of the facts and in part on misunderstanding of the proper functions of commercial banks."

In part, the "Survey" goes on to say:

Those who allege that the banks have neglected their duty to business and industry apparently forget two things. One is that the money lent by bankers belongs to their depositors, and that a banker's paramount duty is to safeguard the funds of his depositors and to invest them in such a manner as to be able to meet the demands of their owners. other is that a loan is a transaction between two parties, a lender and a borrower. It is as impossible for a lender to make loans unless someone wishes to borrow as it is for a borrower to obtain loans unless someone is willing to lend.

The truth of the matter is that the large majority of banks in this country are not only willing but eager to make sound loans, and that their inability to do so on a large scale is due to the fact that no active demand for such loans exists. Lending money is a bank's main source of income. If banks invest their funds in Government obligations yielding very low rates of interest, and if member banks have more than \$3,000,000,000 of excess funds on deposit with the Federal Reserve banks earning no interest whatever, it is not because they profer to put their money to such purpose. whatever, it is not because they prefer to put their money to such unremunerative uses. It is because they have no alternative consistent with

the protection of the interests of their depositors.

Banks would welcome new and sound means of expanding their services to the public. Many banks, in fact, are extending their facilities in various ways. Some are increasing their small loans to individuals. Some are setting up instalment loan departments and amortized mortgage departments. Others are lending for longer terms than heretofore. Still others are participating with Federal Reserve banks in their loans to industry. Practices of this kind illustrate the eagerness of the banks to find safe and productive uses for their paper. productive uses for their excess funds.

Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System Rules Special Partners of Member Firms May not Guar-

Special partners of a national securities exchange member firm are subject to the same restrictions as general partners in the guaranteeing of a general account, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ruled on Nov. 8. The ruling follows:

Guarantee of Account by Special Partner of Member Firm

Section 6(c) of Regulation T provides that a guarantee of a general account may not be given effect for the purposes of the regulation if the guarantor is a "creditor."

It was pointed out at page 90 of the February, 1938 "Federal Reserve Bulletin" that the term "creditor" is defined in Section 2(b) of the regulation to include, among others, every member of a national securities exchange, and the term "member" is defined in Section 3(a)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to include, among others, "any firm transacting a business as broker or dealer of which a member is a partner, and any partner of any such firm." It was stated there, accordingly, that a partner of of any such firm." It was stated there, accordingly, that a partner of such a member firm is a creditor within the meaning of the provision regardless of whether or not he holds an exchange membership, and that a guarantee executed by such a partner may not be given effect under Section 6(c)

In reply to a recent inquiry, the Board stated that this restriction applies to a guarantee executed by a special partner of such a firm as well as to guarantee executed by a general partner.

Two New Rulings by Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System Bearing on Regulation T—Broker Transacting Business Through Member Subject to Regulation—Withdrawals from General Account Also Ruled on

Regulation T is the subject of two rulings by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, according to the November issue of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin"; in one it is held that "a broker or dealer who transacts a business 'in securities through the medium' of any member of a national securities exchange is subject to Regulation T to the same extent as a member." The second ruling has to do with the restrictions governing the "withdrawal of cash or registered or exempted securities from a general account," as to which the Board states that the provisions of the section 3(b) of Regulation T "clearly forbid a withdrawal of cash or securities if the withdrawal, in combination with the other transactions on the same day, would create or increase an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account." The rulings of the Board follow:

Broker or Dealer Who Transacts a Business in Securities Through the Medium of a Member

Under section 7(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, "any mem-ber of a national securities exchange or any broker or dealer who transacts a business in securities through the medium of any such member" is subject to the Board's Regulation T, which relates to the extension and maintenance of credit by such persons. In this connection the Board has had occasion to consider certain questions as to what brokers or dealers "transact a business in securities through the medium of a

The general question of whether or not a particular broker or dealer "transacts a business in securities through the medium of a member" must turn upon all the relevant facts involved in the business of that broker or dealer. It has not seemed feasible to attempt to specify any conditions or factual situations which would prevent a broker or dealer

from coming within the description.

The Board has, however, expressed the view that the mere failure to handle any business in registered securities would not, in itself, be sufficient to keep a broker or dealer from being one who transacts a business in securities through the medium of a member. This is because the relevant language does not refer to transacting a business in registered securities but to transacting a business in securities.

Similarly, it has expressed the opinion that the fact that a firm does not carry any so-called margin accounts would not, in itself, be sufficient to keep the firm from being a broker or dealer who transacts a business in securities through the medium of a member, because the Act refers to transacting a business in securities rather than to transacting a margin

A "broker or dealer who transacts a business in securities through the medium" of any member of a national securities exchange is subject to Regulation T to the same extent as a member. Accordingly, if a broker or dealer is one who transacts a business in securities through the medium of a member, he is subject to the regulation even as to a particular transaction which is not effected through a member.

Withdrawal from General Account Followed by Other Transactions on Same Day

The second paragraph of section 3(b) of Regulation T provides, in part,

"A transaction consisting of a withdrawal of eash or registered or exempted securities from a general account shall be permissible only on condition that . . . the transactions (including such withdrawal) on the day of such withdrawal would not create an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account over the maximum loan value of the securities in the account or increase any such excess."

In order to insure compliance with this provision many brokers make it a practice to permit no withdrawals from the account without being assured that trading in the account has been concluded for the day. The Board, however, recently received inquiries regarding two situations in which a broker, having failed to take this precaution, permitted a withdrawal that was followed by transactions which, in combination with the withdrawal, would create or increase an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account unless margin was deposited in the account on the

From simplicity of exposition these cases may be assumed to be alike in that at the beginning of the day the adjusted debit balance of the account exactly equaled the maximum loan value of the securities in the

account, and that early in the day \$2,500 of registered non-exempted securities were sold. Under present loan values of 60%, this released margin in the complementary percentage of 40%, i.e., \$1,000. The creditor permitted the customer to withdraw this \$1,000 in cash.

Later in the day other securities were purchased in the account.

In one case \$2,000 of registered non-exempted securities were purchased, requiring \$800 of margin, i.e., \$200 less than the \$1,000 withdrawn.

In the other case \$4,000 of such securities were purchased, requiring

\$1,600 of margin, i.e., \$600 more than the amount withdrawn.

The question in each case related to the time within which the required

margin must be obtained from the customer.

The provision of section 3(b) quoted above clearly forbid a withdrawal of cash or securities if the withdrawal, in combination with the other transactions on the same day, would create or increase an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account. Accordingly, in the case of the subsequent transaction requiring \$800 margin it would be necessary for the creditor to obtain the full amount of such margin before the end of the day on which the withdrawal took place.

In the other case, in which the subsequent transaction required \$1,600 margin, or \$600 more than that originally withdrawn, it would be necessary to obtain, on the date of the transactions in question, the \$1,000 which had been withdrawn. The remaining \$600 required could be obtained, as provided for ordinary transactions by the first paragraph of section 3(b), "as promptly as possible and in any event before the expiration of three full business days following the date of such transaction."

New Offering of \$100,000,000, or Thereabouts, of 91-Day Treasury Bills, to Be Dated Nov. 16, 1938

Tenders to a new offering of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills to be received at the Federal Reserve banks, or the branches thereof, up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, Nov. 14, were invited on Nov. 9 by Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. Tenders will not be received at the Treasury Department, Washington. bills, which will be sold on a discount basis to the highest bidders, will be dated Nov. 16, 1938, and will mature on Feb. 15, 1939, and on the maturity date the face amount of the bills will be payable without interest. There is a maturity of a similar issue of Treasury bills on Nov. 16 in amount of \$100,493,000. The following is from Secretary Morgenthau's announcement of Nov. 9:

They [the bills] will be issued in bearer form only, in amounts or denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000. \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 (maturity

No tender for an amount less than \$1,000 will be considered. Each tender must be in multiples of \$1,000. The price offered must be expre on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimal places, e. g., 99.125. Fractions must not be used.

Tenders will be accepted without cash deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investnt securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated

Immediately after the closing hour for receipt of tenders on Nov. 14, 1938, all tenders received at the Federal Reserve Banks or branches th up to the closing hour will be opened and public announcement of the acceptable prices will follow as soon as possible thereafter, probably on the following morning. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders, and to allot less than the amount applied for, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. Payment at the price offered for Treasury bills allotted must be made at the Federal Reserve Banks in cash or other immediately available funds on Nov. 16, 1938.

The Treasury bills will be exempt, as to principal and interest, and any gain from the sale or other disposition thereof will also be exempt, from all taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes. (Attention is invited to Treasury Decision 4550, ruling that Treasury bills are not exempt from the gift tax.) No loss from the sale or other disposition of the Treasury bills shall be allowed as a deduction, or otherwise recognized, for the purposes of any tax now or hereafter imposed by the United States or any of its ssions.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418, as amended, and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of

Treasury Revises Monthly and Annual Averages of Yields of Long-Term Bonds from 1926 to October, 1938

The Treasury Department released on Nov. 5 revised monthly and annual averages of the yields of long-term Treasury bonds from 1926 to date. The revised averages, prepared by the Treasury Department's Division of Research and Statistics, are based upon the daily yields of all outstanding Treasury bonds not due or callable for 12 years for more. The new averages will replace these these contracts of the part of the The new averages will replace those previously in use which were based upon Treasury bonds not due or callable for eight years or more. The Treasury, in its announcement of Nov. 5, said:

Prior to 1935 there was very little difference between the yields of Treasury obligations of medium- and longer-term maturities. Since then, however, significant differences have appeared, thereby impairing the usefulness of the earlier averages as representative of the yields of long-Treasury bonds.

The most striking aspect of the table of average yields is the substantial

decline in long-term interest rates that is reflected even with the exclusion of the medium-term bonds. The average yield in January, 1926, was 3.77%. In October, 1938, it was 2.48%.

The monthly and yearly averages of the daily yields of all Treasury bonds not due or callable for 12 years or more, from January, 1926, through October, 1938, are presented in Table I. The differences between the old and the new averages are shown in Table II. The two averages were based upon the identical bonds between Jan. 1, 1926 and July 16, 1928.

TABLE I-AVERAGE YIELDS OF ALL TREASURY BONDS NOT DUE OR CALLABLE FOR 12 YEARS OR MORE (PERCENT) Average of Daily Figures. Yield to Earliest Call Date if Market Price is Above Par; to Final Maturity Date if Below Par

		1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931
January		3.77	3.51	3.18	3.52	3.43	3.20
February		3.71	3.48	3.19	3.62	3.41	3.30
March		3.71	3.37	3.17	3.74	3.29	3.27
April		3.70	3.35	3.20	3.64	3.37	3.26
May		3.67	3.31	3.24	3.64	3.31	3.16
June		3.67	3.34	3.29	3.69	3.25	3.13
July		3.68	3.36	3.42	3.64	3.25	3.15
August		3.70	3.32	3.48	3.71	3.26	3.18
September		3.70	3.30	3.46	3.70	3.24	3.25
October		3.68	3.29	3.47	3.61	3.21	3.63
November		3.62	3.23	3.38	3.35	3.19	3.63
December		3.56	3.17	3.45	3.36	3.22	3.93
Year		3.68	3.34	3.33	3.60	3.29	3.34
7-3-1-19	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938
January	4.26	3.22	3.50	2.88	2.80	2.47	2.65
February	4.11	3.31	3.32	2.79	2.77	2.46	2.64
March	3.92	3.42	3.20	2.77	2.71	2.60	2.64
April	3.68	3.42	3.11	2.74	2.68	2.80	2.62
May	3.76	3.30	3.02	2.72	2.66	2.76	2.51
June	3.76	3.21	2.98	2.72	2.66	2.76	2.52
July	3.58	3.20	2.92	2.69	2.65	2.72	2.52
August	3.45	3.21	3.03	2.76	2.61	2.72	2.51
September	3.42	3.19	3.20	2.85	2.60	2.77	2.58
October	3.43	3.22	3.10	2.85	2.62	2.76	2.48
November	3.45	3.46	3.07	2.83	2.53	2.71	
December	3.35	3.53	3.01	2.83	2.51	2.67	
Year	3.68	3.31	3.12	2.79	2.65	2.68	

TABLE II-COMPARISON OF NEW AND OLD AVERAGES OF YIELDS OF LONG-TERM TREASURY BONDS (PERCENT)

	Avge. a	Old Avge.*	Differ- ence	1	New Ange, a	Old Avge.*	Differ- ence
926 927 928	3.68 3.34 3.33	3.68 3.34 3.33	****	1933 1934 1935	3.31 3.12 2.79	3.31 3.10 2.70	+.02 +.09
929	3.60	3.60 3.28	+.01	1936 1937	2.65 2.68	2.47 2.57	+.18 +.11 b +.19
			+.01 +.03 +.03				

* Based upon daily yields of all Treasury bonds not due or callable for 12 years or more. a Based upon daily yields of all Treasury bonds not due or callable for eight years or more. b First 10 months of 1938.

Tenders of \$331,119,000 Received to Offering ot \$100,-000,000 of 91-Day Treasury Bills Dated Nov \$100,729,000 Accepted at Average Rate of 0.022%

Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. announced on Nov. 4 that the tenders as to the offering last week of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills totaled \$331,119,000, of which \$100,729,000 were accepted. As noted in our issue of Nov. 5, page 2807, the tenders to the offering were received at the Federal Reserve banks and the branches thereof up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, Nov. 4. The Treasury bills are dated Nov. 9, 1938, and will mature on Feb. 8, 1939.

Regarding the accepted bids to the offering, Secretary Morgenthau's announcement of Nov. 4 had the following

Total applied for, \$331,119,000.	Total accepted, \$100,729,000
Range of accepted bids:	
High	100
Low	99.994-Equivalent rate, 0.024%
Average price	99.994-Equivalent rate, 0.022%
(73% of the amount bid for at the lo	w price was accepted.)

Two New Internal Revenue Divisions to Be Established by Treasury Department, Secretary Morgenthau Announces—Will Cover New England States and Michigan, Ohio and Kentucky

Two additional field divisions of the Technical Staff of the Office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue will be established early in 1939-one embracing the New England established early in 1939—one embracing the New England States, the other the States of Michigan, Ohio, and Kentucky, Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, announced on Nov. 4. This will bring to five the number of regions within which, under the decentralization program inaugurated by the Secretary of the Treasury and Commissioner Guy T. Helvering, facilities of the Bureau of Internal Revenue will be available locally for the final settlement of Federal income and estate tax cases, according to the Treasury Department's approuncement which also said. the Treasury Department's announcement which also said:

The first field division was set up July 1 on the Pacific Coast, with jurisdiction over cases originating in the States of Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, and Arizona, and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii. A division was established at New York City on Aug. 1 to handle cases originating in the State of New York; and a third division was created at Chicago on Sept. 1 which has jurisdiction of cases arising in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North and South Dakota

The Central Division of the Technical Staff, embracing Michigan, Ohio and Kentucky, will commence operations on Jan. 1, with local offices at Detroit, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and Louisville. Heads of the division will divide their time between the cities in proportion to the business of each. The personnel to be assigned to the division will include attorneys countants, auditors, engineers, valuation experts, and specialists in various lines of Federal tax administration, who, together with the necessary complement of cierical employees, will be transferred from the Bureau at Washington. The Central Division win be in charge of Freeman R. Pauson, who for many years has been a ranking technical adviser on the Staff of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. DeWitt M. Evans, who has served as attorney in the office of the Chief Counsel of the Bureau of Internal Revenue

since 1926, will be in charge of the legal staff attached to the new division.

The New England Division will be opened on Feb. 1, with headquarters at Boston, and a branch office at New Haven. As in the case of the Central Division, the technical and clerical personnel to be assigned to the New England Division will be transferred from the Bureau at Washington. The Head of the Division will be Charles A. Drake, an expert on the staff of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who has a record of 22 years in various branches of the Federal internal revenue service. C. P. Reilly, now a senior attorney in the office of the Chief Counsel of the Bureau, will be in charge of the legal staff. Mr. Reilly has been employed in the Internal Revenue service since 1920.

Treasury Department Statement Showing Amount of Government Securities Held as Investments in Trust Funds as of Sept. 28

Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. on Nov. 1 made available the figures relative to the amount of Govern-ment and other securities held in governmental trust accounts and by governmental corporations and agencies as of Sept. 28, 1938. This is the eighth of a new series of monthly reports issued by the Treasury Department. The previous statement was given in our issue of Oct. 8, page 2173. The present statement—that for Sept. 28—shows a total of \$4,766,825,000 of securities held as investments in trust funds and in accounts of governmental agencies, of which \$4,452,234,000 were Government securities, \$269,902,000 Government-guaranteed securities and \$44,689,000 other securities. The statement in full follows: SECURITIES HELD AS INVESTMENTS IN TRUST FUNDS AND IN ACCOUNTS OF CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND AGENCIES ON DATES INDICATED

Fund or Agency	Government Securities	Government- Guaranteed Securities	Other Securities a
As of Sept. 28, 1938-	8	8	8
Postal Savings System	943,488,000	166,834,000	
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.	369,094,000		
Individual Indian trust funds Mutual mortgage insurance fund and	42,459,000	71,000	21,000
housing insurance fund	19,686,000		
Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp. Civil Service retirement and disability	10,015,000	102,887,000	
fund	465,900,000		40 DOT 000
U. S. Government life insurance fund (1)	770,782,000	0000000	42,067,000
D. C. teachers' retirement fund (2)	5,702,000	95,000	1,965,000
Alien Property Custodian fund	30,810,000		*****
Panama Canal Zone funds (1)	1,850,000	5,000	290,000
tration	1,067,000		1,000
Library of Congress trust fund (2)	1,000	******	291,000
D. C. workmen's compensation fund (1). Longshoremen's and harbor workers'	10,000		11,000
compensation fund (1)	117,000	10,000	43,000
German special deposit account	3,957,000		
National Institute of Health gift fund Comptroller of the Currency employees'	83,000		*******
retirement fund	1,243,000		
Pershing Hall memorial fund	198,000		******
National Park trust fund (2) Ainsworth Library fund, Walter Reed	12,000		*******
General Hospital	10,000		
District of Columbia water fund	736,000	******	
Unemployment trust fund	950,000,000		
Railroad retirement account	69,700,000		******
Old-age reserve accountForeign service retirement and disability	733,300,000		
fundCanal Zone retirement and disability	3,626,000	0 ******	
fund (1)	4,086,000		
Adjusted service certificate fundAlaska railroad retirement and disability	23,800,000		******
fund	502,000		
Totals	4,452,234,000	269,902,000	44,689,000
As of Sept. 30, 1938-	8	8	8
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation		******	764,305,000
Federal Land banks	61,710,000		2,500,000
Federal Intermediate Credit banks	64,935,000	9,000,000	
Banks for cooperatives	64.284.000	23,995,000	8,275,000
Production credit corporations	5.156,000	13,930,000	25,917,000
Production credit associations	1,899,000	11,028,000	75,283,000
Joint Stock Land banks, b.	2,055,000	6,897,000	25,000
Federal Home Loan banks	29,616,000	9,063,000	*******
Home Owners' Loan Corporation	1,100,000		
Reconstruction Finance Corporation	48,020,000	******	
nland Waterways Corporation_b	3,487,000		*******
J. S. Spruce Production Corporation	125,000		
U. S. Housing Authority	250,000		
Totals	282,637,000	73,913,000	876,305,000

Note—All trust funds may be invested in Government and Government-guaran teed securities, and certain funds may also be invested in additional securities as indicated: (1) In Federal Farm Loan bonds. (2) No limitations.

a Consist principally of Federal Farm Loan bonds and Federal Intermediate Credit banks debentures. b Latest figures available.

President Roosevelt Issues Proclamation Modifying Postage Rate on Books

President Roosevelt issued a proclamation on Oct. 31 modifying the postage rate on "books consisting wholly of reading matter other than incidental announcements of books." Beginning Nov. 1 and ending June 30, 1939, the rate "shall be one and one-half cents a pound or fraction thereof, irrespective of the zone of destination." The proclamation follows:

Modification of Postage Rates

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas I find after survey that the interests of the public, in the promotion of the cultural growth, education, and development of the American people, require that the postage rates on books of the class hereinafter

described be modified:
Now, Therefore, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 2 of the Act of June 16, 1933, 48 Stat. 254, as amended by section 515 of title III of the Act of May 10, 1934, 48 Stat. 760, Public Resolution 36, approved June 28, 1935, 49 Stat. 431, and Public Resolution 48, approved June 29, 1937, 50 Stat. 358, do proclaim that the postage rate on books consisting wholly of reading matter and containing no advertising matter other than incidental announcements of books, when mailed under such reguations as the Postmaster General shall prescribe, shall be for the period commencing Nov. 1, 1938, and ending June 30, 1939, one and one-half cents a pound or fraction thereof, irrespective of the zone of destination.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of

the United States of America to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-eight and of the Independence of the United States of America the one-hundred and sixty-third. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

(SEAL)

CORDELL HULL,

Heretofore the rate had ranged from 7 cents for a local zone to 15 cents for the 8th zone.

President Roosevelt Appeals to Nation for Support of American Red Cross in Annual Roll-Call

President Roosevelt on Nov. 10 issued a statement urging the people of the Nation to support the annual roll-call of the American Red Cross, which began Armistice Day, Nov. 11, and will continue to Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 24. The President said that "in order that we may continue to rely upon this great institution of mercy to thus serve suffering humanity in our name, we must all do our part" to help finance the "ever-increasing demands for Red Cross service, both at home and abroad." The statement follows: THE WHITE HOUSE Washington

Nov. 11, 1938.

The American people rightly look upon the American Red Cross as their great national relief agency whenever and wherever disaster strikes. They know that when their sympathetic instincts are aroused by the human suffering which follows in the wake of catastrophe it is the Red Cross, representing all of the people, which speeds practical, sympathetic relief to the families of the stricken community. We have had very recent evidence of that in the wake of the tragic hurricane which devastated New England and parts of New York.

Immediately after the disaster the various Federal agencies, working in close cooperation with State and municipal officers and with the Red Cross, were able to be of tremendous service in their respective fields to the afflicted communities, and are continuing their activities.

In order that we may continue to rely upon this great institution of mercy to thus serve suffering humanity in our name, we must all do our part when the Red Cross calls upon us. Each year there seems to be ever-in-creasing demands for Red Cross service, both at home and abroad. We

have learned through the years that these calls are never in vain.

Once each year, during the period between Armistice Day and Thanksgiving, the Red Cross appeals to all of our people to share in its work for the coming year through individual memberships. The memberships dues paid at that time make possible its continued service—local, national and international. I urge most earnestly that this appeal be answered by our people everywhere.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

Report to President Roosevelt on Wage and Hour Law Indicates "Lay-offs" of Between 30,000 to 50,000-Administrator Andrews Says, However, Not All Are Due to Act

In a memorandum to President Roosevelt on industrial lay-offs alleged to be due to the Wage and Hour Law Administrator Elmer F. Andrews reports that earlier news accounts "considerably exaggerated the difficulties experienced because of the new law," and he says that the number affected by plant lay-offs is apparently not more than 30,000 to 50,000. From Mr. Andrews' memorandum, made public at Hyde Park, N. Y., on Nov. 9 we quote:

A number of field reports suggest that when all readjustments are completed total employment will have been increased rather than decreased as

Many of the lay-offs reported are not due primarily to the new act. Among the more important contributing factors are seasonal changes in activity, substitution of efficient for inefficient workers, and curtailment as an offset to abnormally increased activity prior to the effective date of

Field reports on plant lay-offs attributed to the operation of the Fair Labor Standards Act indicate that the total number of workers affected in the United States is not more than 30,000 to 50,000. This number represents less than one-half of 1% of the total number of workers coming under the provisions of the act, and about one-tenth of 1% of all gainful workers.

The significance of the lay-offs is still further reduced by the fact that a large share of the total consists of marginal and handicapped workers, se position in the economic system has long been insecure. inefficient workers laid off are already being replaced by more efficient workers able to earn the minimum hourly rate. This transfer process will rate to reduce further the net effect of the act on employment volume.

It is noteworthy that the lay-offs have been concentrated in a very few industries in the South, most of which are characterized by wretchedly low wage rates and other special conditions, or make use of a particularly inefficient part of the labor supply.

About 90% of all the workers reported laid off were employed in one of the following industries: Pecan shelling, tobacco stemming, lumber and bagging. A considerable number of persons employed in the home production of garments and candlewick bedspreads have also been affected by the act, but most of these workers appear to be secondary wage-earners supplementing other family income.

Two industries, pecan shelling and home production of bedspreads, have long been notorious for extremely low wages. Firms paying 5 cents an hour for home work or \$2 to \$2.50 for a full working week should receive little sympathy because of forced curtailment.

Some increases in employment as a result of the shortening of hours have been noted. In 32 States no instances of lay-offs have been found, and in each of five additional States there is evidence of only one situation.

in each of five additional States there is evidence of only one situation

Field reports indicate that in many cases where lay-offs have actually occurred factors other than the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act have been primarily responsible. Such factors are:

Normal ending of seasonal activity.
 Chronic unstable condition of plants concerned.
 Substitution of efficient workers for inefficient employes.
 Reductions as an effect of abnormally increased activity prior to Oct. 24, to avoid payment of minimum rates.
 Uncertainty as to application of act. . . .

Lay-offs of tobacco stemmers in Georgia, southern Virginia and some areas of North Carolina are definitely attributable to seasonal factors.

Most of the lumber mill workers reported to be laid off (between 7,000

and 8,000) are in Georgia and Alabama. Because of the considerable number of small mills in these States, generalizations are difficult, but evidently some of the lay-offs have occurred in the marginal firms which, because of fear and uncertainty about the act, are suspending operations to await price increases.

Widespread shut-downs in the pecan industry, especially in Texas, have occurred while exemptions from the wage provisions are being discussed.

. . . Both employers and leaders of the employes contend that the minimum wage rate cannot be paid immediately. Meanwhile, it is estimated that 10,000 to 12,000 Texas pecan workers are unemployed.

Two other types of employes whose status is being defined are Red Caps and telegraph messengers. The exact number affected by lay-offs or furloughs is not known but apparently does not exceed two or three thousand.

Interpretation by Counsel for National Association of Manufacturers of Wage and Hour Law as Applied to Salaried Employees Disputed by Administrator Andrews

A legal opinion that the Fair Labor Standards (wagehour) Act permits employment of salaried workers for more than 44 hours a week at their existing weekly compensation, if the base rate is not less than 25c. an hour for the first 44 hours and not less than 371/2c. for the remaining hours, was transmitted on Nov. 5 to its members by the National Association of Manufacturers. The opinion was prepared by John C. Gall, Counsel of the Association. The Association, in making the opinion public, said:

Our members are making every effort to comply with the new law. In many cases, however, there is extreme difficulty in determining whether certain employees are covered by the law. Our Counsel advises us that out of many hundreds of questions so far submitted by members, not a single one indicated that the member was paying less than the minimum base rate required by the Act, even before the Act was effective. Many cases of extreme difficulty, however, are evidence in application of the overtime provisions to special classes of employees.

It is further stated:

In his opinion Mr. Gall pointed out that although the Act is being applied to salaried employees as well as wage workers, the word "salary" cases of extreme difficulty, however, are evidenced in application of the opinion, that salaried employees are covered by the overtime provisions. opinion, that salaried employees are covered by the overtime provisions. He expressed the view that if the employer could not modify the basic rate so as to work salaried employees for the same weekly hours as before, at the same total compensation, the employer was forever prevented from lowering a present wage rate even if it resulted in no lowering of the total compensation. Mr. Gall also held that if the latter view prevailed it would operate as an inducement to an "unscrupulous employer" to discharge some present employees and to employ new ones, in which case—the law clearly permitted a base wage of 25c. for the first 44 hours and 3714c, thereafter first 44 hours and 371/2c. thereafter.

Announcement of Mr. Gall's opinion was followed by a statement by Elmer F. Andrews, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, that the opinion "seems to adopt an interpretation of the law which, in effect, would make overinterpretation of the law which, in effect, would make over-time benefits available only to employees compensated obasic minimum wage. If this had been the intention of Congress," said Mr. Andrews, "it would have been simply expressed. No such intention can be derived from a fair reading of Section 7." According to advices from Washington, Nov. 6 to the New York "Journal of Commerce," in commenting on Mr. Gall's reference to "certain im-promptu remarks," the Administrator made following a speech at Birmingham, Ala., in September, Mr. Andrews cited the Wage-Hour Board's interpretative bulletin No. 4, "in order that Mr. Gall's published opinion may not, how-"in order that Mr. Gall's published opinion may not, however unintentionally, create in the minds of employers the misapprehension that the Wage and Hour Division is in agreement with his interpretation of the law." From the same advices to the paper indicated we also quote

Previously, the Administrator had made the following explanation:
"I feel obliged to comment upon an opinion just rendered by John C.
Gall, Counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, on the method of determining regular wage as a basis of computing overtime under the terms of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

"That Act had two distinct objectives

Floor for Wages

"In Section 6 Congress laid a 'floor for wages' in providing a minimum wage rate of not less than 25c. an hour. Benefits of this section apply immediately only to the lowest paid category of workers in so-called 'sweated' industries; though provision is made for gradually stepping up the minimum wage rate to 40c. an hour.

"In Section 7 Congress was concerned not with minimum wage rates but with achieving a shorter work week, which would have the incidental desirable effect of tending to spread employment. The benefit of Section 7 was evidently not intended to be limited to the depressed category or workers benefited by Section 6. Congress refrained from taking the more drastic step of prescribing an absolute maximum work week, but made it drastic step of prescribing an absolute maximum work week, but made it unlawful for an employer to work an employee for longer than 44 hours a week 'unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in economically disadvantageous to an employer to maintain a work week in times the regular rate at which he is employed.' Congress thus made it economically disadvantageous to an employer to maintain a work week in excess of 44 hours. The expectation evidently was that this provision would tend to bring down the customary work week to 44 hours. The question now is whether this expectation can be defeated by various devices, with the probable result that the coming Congress will renew consideration of more far-reaching proposals."

United States Supreme Court Upholds Right of Virginia to Impose Income Tax on Trust Estate Taxed in New York—Decision Given in Case of T. F. Ryan Estate

A decision uphoiding the right of the State of Virginia to impose an income tax on the proceeds of a trust estate which previously had been subjected to an income tax in New York was handed down by the U. S. Supreme Court Nov. 7. Regarding the Court's ruling, Associated Press accounts from Washington had the following to say:

This affirmed a ruling by the Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals upolding that State's assessment on income received from 1930 to 1933 inclusive by Mary T. Ryan, widow of Thomas Fortune Ryan, while a resident of Lynchburg.

Mrs. Ryan paid the \$8,996 Virginia tax and brought suit to recover it on the ground that New York had taxed the same income from a trust set up the will of her husband.

She contended it was unconstitutional for two States to tax the same

Mrs. Ryan died after the Virginia court gave its decision. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court here by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, executor of her estate.

Justice McReynolds delivered today's decision. "Here," he said, "the thing taxed was receipt of income within Virginia by a citizen residing there. The mere fact that another State lawfully taxed the funds from which the payments were made did not necessarily destroy Virginia's right to tax something done within her borders."

United States Supreme Court Rules that Producer of Cotton Who Paid Taxes Under Repealed Bankhead Act Might Sue to Recover

The U.S. Supreme Court ruled on Nov. 7 that a producer of cotton who paid taxes imposed on ginners by the Bankhead Production Control Law might sue to recover the money. This ruling, it was noted in Associated Press advices from Washington, reversed a decision by the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals that because the tax was imposed on ginners, the producers could not bring recovery litigation. Associated Press we also quote:

Directly involved was an attempt by Stahmann Farms Co. of Dona Ana County, N. M., to recover \$13,064 paid on cotton produced in 1934-35 in excess of the allotment made under the legislation.

Stahmann Farms contended that it had to pay the tax because Santo Tomas Gin Co. of Mesquite, declined otherwise to deliver the ginned It argued also that the tax was invalid on the ground that the Bankhead Act was unconstitutional.

The Government denied that the legislation was invalid. The Bankhead Act was repealed by Congress after the Supreme Court held the Agriculture Adjustment Act unconsitutional.

The Government's brief said also that Congress had provided for refund of amounts collected as a tax under the Bankhead Act, adding:

"The refund is to be made either to the ginner of the cotton or to the owner of the cotton, according as it is shown that the claimant bore the burden of the tax.

"The Act thus makes prevision for payment to petitioners of everything which they seek to recover in this suit, except their claims for interest on the amounts paid as taxes."

Justice Roberts delivered today's decision. No dissent was announced. but Justice Reed did not participate.

United States Supreme Court Agrees to Review Act Abrogating Gold Clauses in Securities—Justice Black Dissents to Three Opinions Handed Down

The United States Supreme Court on Nov. 7 agreed to review a suit involving the scope of the 1933 law abrogating the gold clauses in securities. The case had been appealed from the Eighth Circuit Court by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, which contended that the law did not annul a contract providing for the payment of Netherlands guilders instead of United States dollars.

Three dissents were recorded on Nov. 7 by Justice Black. In one of those cases the Justice inferentially criticized the other seven Justices for not dismissing what he considered a needless attack on the rights of State legislators. The case was described as follows in a Washington dispatch of Nov. 7 to the New York "Times"

The case involved a Florida law requiring the word "Florida" to be stamped or embossed on containers of Florida citrus fruit products. Through a per curiam opinion read by Chief Justice Hughes the court returned the

case for further argument in the Southern Florida Federal District Court.

It is most unusual for a justice to dissent to a per curiam opinion, but Mr. Black did so in the Indianapolis water case at the last term as well as in the Florida lawsuit today.

The Alabama justice objected to returning the case for argument to determine further facts instead of passing upon it now. He also asked if a court should determine whether the Florida law violated the due process clause because the court was convinced that the Florida Legislature could have chosen a "wiser, less expensive and less burdensome" regulation. To this he replied:

"If a court in this case and under this bill has this power, the final de-termination of the wisdom and choice of legislative policy has passed from elected by and responsible to the people—to the courts."

Reviews History of Law

"The case," he added, "is now sent back to a Federal District Court to review the facts underlying the policy enacted into law by the Legislature. The legislators of Florida are peculiarly qualified to determine the policies

relating to one of their State's greatest industries."

Then reviewing the legislative history of the law. Justice Black said it as carefully considered by a special joint committee for six we 16 to 0, and passed by a vote of 24 to 1 in the Senate and 70 to 0 in the

"In the face of this history," he remarked, "petitioners insist that this harsh and arbitrary measure. The case is remanded for the court below to determine whether the legislative requirement that cans and labels be truthfully marked is arbitrary, unreasonable, capricious, unjust or harsh. "This makes it necessary for the court to weigh and pass upon the relative judgment, poise and reasoning ability of the one legislator who voted against the law, as contrasted with the 94 legislators and the Governor who favored it."

Justice Black asserted that even after the district court holds further hearings in the matter it may be appealed again to the Supreme Court, and "in the meantime the State of Florida is forced to litigate the validity of its newly enacted law

In summarizing the gold clause case, Associated Press Washington advices of Nov. 7 said:

The New York bank's action was brought against Berryman Henwood, trustee of St. Louis Southwestern Railway Co., the debtor reorganization

In 1912 the railway company issued mortgage bonds calling for payment in gold dollars or the equivalent, if demanded, in Dutch guilders, German marks, French francs or British pounds sterling. In 1936 the company failed to pay interest due on the coupons. The Guaranty Trust Co., as trustee under the mortgage, then made formal demand for payment in

Dutch guilders Principal claimed for the bondholder was 14,033,640 guilders with a dollar value of \$9,512,001 at the stipulated exchange rate of 67.78 cents to the guilder. The demand was refused.

The Eastern Missouri Federal District Court disallowed the guilde

claim, but allowed dollar claims in the amount of \$5,636,000. Guaranty Trust contended the sole purpose of the Congres es, and that there was no intent on tion was to nullify gold-payment claus the part of Congress to interfere with obligations payable in foreign currencies.

Government Ends Anti-Trust Suits Against Ford and Chrysler Motor Companies—Files Consent Decrees, in Return for Certain Reforms in Automobile Financing-To Continue Action Against General Motors Corp.

The Department of Justice on Nov. 7 announced that it had concluded consent decrees under which it dropped the anti-trust cases against the Ford and Chrysler Motor companies in return for certain important reforms in the conduct of automobile financing by their subsidiaries. The decrees were filed in the United States District Court at South were filed in the United States District Court at South Bend, Ind. The Department also announced that it would "vigorously" continue the prosecution of the General Motors Corp., also indicted in the Government's drive against alleged coercive practices in financing. The indictments were described in the "Chronicle" of June 4, 1938, page 3603.

A Washington dispatch of Nov. 7 to the New York "Times" outlined the Department's announcement as follows:

The consent decrees were filed at South Bend, Ind., where the cases had been brought, and were announced here by Thurman Arnold, Assistant Attorney General in charge of anti-trust cases.

Mr. Arnold stated that they were conditional on the successful pros cution of an indictment pending against the General Motors Corp., which had not submitted an acceptable program of reforms that would entitle it to similar treatment. He added that the General Motors case would be "vigorously prosecuted."

Extension of Reforms

He commended the Ford and Chrysler companies for submitting plans which not only corrected practices for which they were indicted, but represented new and voluntary steps by which "the decrees accomplish far more for the general good than could be secured by continuing the prosecution."

The three large automobile manufacturers were indicted at the same time

for unfair competition in forcing their dealers to use the services of their own financing subsidiaries to the exclusion of several hundred independent financing agencies.

The cases also revolved largely, in the view of the Department of Justice, around a heretofore unremarked factor, the force of advertising and the advantage given the subsidiary financing companies in having their names placed constantly before the public in advertisements primarily designed to push the sale of automobiles.

Restriction of Advertising

The consent decrees, therefore, involve stipulations that neither the Ford nor Chrysler companies will hereafter "endorse or advertise any named finance company at all."

The Chrysler decree specified, according to the Department of Justice, that if it named one company it would name all which "conform to the plan of financing considered most efficient in distributing the maximum of automobiles

The Ford decree prohibits that company from naming any finance company at all, restricting advertising to "the recommendation of a plan of financing, leaving it to the finance companies themselves to compete in selling their own services on the basis of their individual merits."

The Department of Justice accepted these decrees, Mr. Arnold wrote, on the basis of reasoning that "the anti-trust laws should be used as a constructive element as well as a mere preventive force."

In this case, acceptance of consent decrees removed unfair competition which had crippled 375 independent finance companies, frozen out from

Protecting Dealers and Buyers

In addition, the decrees contain other broad protective features for dealers and purchasers. In the first category, they stipulate that no threats or jeopardies must be used hereafter to force dealers to give "competitive

For the consumers' part it is provided that hereafter no wage assignments will be accepted on cars purchased for less than \$1,000, no salaries may be garnisheed in case of default; deficiency judgments may not be taken against purchasers of private cars who have paid more than 50% of the price of

It is further provided that no more than 5% interest may be charged on delinquent instalments; there shall be no additional interest charges for re-writing contracts, and no dealer may assign to a finance company any chattel mortgage on property other than the automobile being financed.

Four hundred independent finance companies on Nov. 8 registered their opposition to the consent decrees, as described in the following United Press advices of Nov. 8 from South

Attorney George Omacht, representing the independents, filed a petition with Federal Judge Thomas W. Slick, asking him to delay approval of the decrees for two weeks. He said the provisions of the decrees would affect business interests of the independents, 12,000 employees and 18,000

stockholders. He asked also to be appointed a "friend of the court" so that he could file a brief advising the court of the terms of the decrees.

Judge Slick indicated he would ignore the latter request. He said he will announce his decision before Nov. 18, the day he is scheduled to hear arguments on a demurrer of General Motors against the anti-trust charges.

Assistant Attorney General Thurman Arnold, head of the Department of Justice's anti-trust division, objected to Justice Omacht's petition, asserting that the decrees were voluntary agreements by the companies involved and of on concern to other parties. He said that if the independents were admitted to the proceedings, then "in fairness we would have to admit also the declar companies to the proceedings." also the dealer organizations, and perhaps consumer organizations in the

The decrees, in addition to ending the allegedly "coercive" finance practices, carry provisions relating to automotive advertising in general as well as regulation of advertising of finance plans.

The United Press advices from South Bend, Ind., on Nov. 8 stated that General Motors has decided to fight the case rather than file consent decrees.

Federal Agencies to Cooperate in Aiding Timber Owners in New England Area Devastated by Recent Hurricane, Jesse Jones Reports

After conference with President Roosevilt, Jesse Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, an-

nounced Oct. 31 that several Federal agencies will cooperate in a sisting timber owners in New England to salvage their blown down timber due to the recent hurricane. The Disaster Loan Corporation will make loans to the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, which will make advances to the owners of the timber when placed in designated ponds or lakes or other delivery points. It is expected that the advances will not exceed 80% of the average market price of such logs during the past three years. Where necessary advances will also be made for processing the logs and stacking the lumber. The RFC announcement, also said:

The operation should in large measure be a cooperative one, each owner's timber being appraised when placed in the pond, the FSCC accounting to the owner for the ultimate sale price of the timber when the logs or lumber are sold, less advances and carrying charges.

F. A. Silcox, Chief of the Forest Service, will supervise the work of the

The staffs of the Forest Service, FSCC, DLC and RFC will be drawn upon to carry out the program, but the timber owners will be expected to deliver their logs to the ponds.

Timber owners who wish to do so may apply directly to the DLC, but cooperation between the timber owners is necessary if sacrifice prices are to be avoided.

Non-Farm Real Estate Foreclosures During September Showed Slight Decline from August, According to **FHLBB**

During September estimated non-farm foreclosures in the United States numbered 9,538 as compared with 9,575 in August, according to an announcement issued by Corwin A. Fergus, Director of the Division of Research and Statistics of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. "This slight decline of only 0.4%, however," Mr. Fergus said, "appears more favorable in light of the 3.7% increase between these months shown by the four-year average. According to the nonfarm index, September foreclosures were nearly 50% below the level of the average month of 1934. September was the third consecutive month to show fewer cases than the average month of 1928, and was the twelfth consecutive month to remain below the average month of 1929." Mr. Fergus further reported:

Four districts, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and Little Rock reported increases over August. Movements from August to September, however, in relation to the four-year average change, were favorable in all districts

except the first three mentioned above.

Of the 48 States, 24 and the District of Columbia showed decreases from August totaling 915 cases; one showed no change, and 23 revealed advances aggregating 878.

Only five States reported more non-farm foreclosures this September than during the same month last year, with the result that the country as a whole registered 21.7% fewer cases. The New York Bank District was the only one to show an increase over September, 1937.

All four size groups manifested decreases from September a year ago. These declines, which range from 40.1% to 10.0%, varied inversely with

the size of community.

All Federal Home Loan Bank districts and all but the following eight States disclosed recessions in the first three-quarters of 1938 from the like period of 1937:

State-	Increase	State— %	Increase
Vermont	31.5%	Nebraska	1.1%
Delaware	3.0	Idaho	11.4
Indiana	6.6	Oregon	5.8
New Maries	194 6	Nevede	7 1

The decline for the United States between these nine-month periods of 1938 and 1937 was 23.1% and compare favorably with movements between earlier years for the same periods. For instance, nine-month period comparisons for 1937-36 disclosed a 15.2% drop; for 1936-35, a 20.6% de-

annual basis, was 6.0 foreclosures for each 1,000 non-farm dwellings, which compares favorably with the rate of 6.8 shown for the 12-month period ending Aug. 31, 1938. All Federal Home Loan Bank districts, except New York and Pittsburgh, disclosed improved rates.

Secretary Hull Approves Measures to Assist Refugees from Sudeten Areas of Czechoslovakia Taken Over by Germany

Approval by Secretary of State Hull of the extension of international cooperation to assist refugees from the Sudeten areas of Czechoslovakia was made known on Nov. 7. According to advices from Washington to the New York "Herald Tribune" on that date, Mr. Hull's action was in response to a request for an expression on the subject from the Intergovernmental Committee on Political Refugees in London, which was established at the suggestion of the United States. From the same advices we quote:

"The Intergovernmental Committee has been advised," the State Department announced, "that this Government considers the situation of involuntary emigrants from the Sudeten areas to be such as to bring them within the spirit of this Government's initiative for intergovernmental action on behalf of involuntary emigrants from Germany, and that it therefore considers that they should be included in the scope of activity of the committee."

fer of the Sudeten areas from Czechoslovakia to Germany has led to an extension of the problem of involuntary emigration from Germany.

"A number of persons are likely to wish to leave the transferred areas by reason of the treatment to which they are subjected on political, religious or racial grounds, while others have already taken temporary refuge in Czechoslovakia for a similar reason," it continued. "Of these involuntary emigrants, those who are of German origin are in precisely the same sition as involuntary emigrants from Germany and Austria.

'It is desirable on ground of equity that no individuals or groups should be placed either in a more or less favorable position than other individuals or groups who are forced by the same causes to emigrate.'

The four-power accord reached at Munich on Sept. 30 providing for the transfer to Germany of the Sudeten German territory of Czechoslovakia was referred to in these columns Oct. 1, page 2014.

Jerome Frank of SEC Defends Government Agencies Against Criticisms of Roscoe Pound

The practices of quasi-judicial Government agencies were defended on Nov. 9 by Jerome Frank, a member of the Securities and Exchange Commission, in taking exception to remarks of Roscoe Pound, former Dean of the Harvard Law School, in referring to their activities as involving what he termed "administrative absolutism." Mr. Frank's criticisms were directed against a report presented by Mr. Pound as chairman of the Administrative Law Committee of the American Bar Association last July. Speaking before the Georgetown Law Alumni Club at Washington on Nov. 9, Mr. Frank said he differed with Mr. Pound primarily "because he is grossly mistaken as to the facts on which he purports to rely." We quote from Washington advices Nov. 9 to the New York "Times" which also reported Commissioner Frank as saying:

"He errs basically," Mr. Frank said, "in picturing commissions as hostile to the courts. That is a mischievous factual error. The SEC, for instance, I can say from first hand knowledge, has no such hostility. It does not regard the administstive process as opposed to the judicial."

Agreeing that there were always some men who are "greedy for absolute power" and who abuse by indirection the limited powers assigned to them, Mr. Frank said it was sometimes whispered that such men were found even in law school faculties.

that they are men mindful at all times of the legal limitations on their powers; scrupulous in respecting those limitations; untiring in their efforts to preserve the rights of citizens to full, fair hearings; and, above all, entirely re of the immediate value of our judicial system and the importance of

Commissioner Frank was particularly severe in his attack upon a proposed bill which accompanied the report of Mr. Pound's committee, one of the provisions of which, he said, was that within one year from the date of the enactment of a statute conferring new powers each Commission or other administrative agency shall issue the rules and regulations required "to implement" such statutes that affect "the rights of persons or property." . . .

"I invite you to consider the disastrous effects on the business community of such a statute," Mr. Frnak said. "Plainly it would mean that each Commission would be obliged within a year to put into effect its maximum discretionary rule-making powers. The SEC, for instance, would have to comb through the several statutes empowering it to act, and would have sert, promptly, every last bit of its discretionary powers over the Stock Exchange, over investment bankers and concerning the utility holding companies and their operating subsidiaries. Consternation inevitably result."

Mr. Frank cited the policy adopted by the SEC of gradually perfecting programs which had to deal with the stock exchanges, the utilities and the over-the-counter industry. Had the statute which accompanied the Pound report been in effect, Mr. Frank said, "the number and variety of regulations which would have been heaped on the financial community is so great that it is difficult to visualize the fantastic confusion which would have resulted."

Moreover, Mr. Frank said, "it would offer to industry a diet of regulation

which industry would be unable to digest.

Asks "Living Law" for Business

Describing businesses and industries as "living things," Mr. Frank such that if they were t live they must be governed by living law.

"It is the obligation of administrative agencies," Mr. Frank added, "to help keep the law alive and equal to the problems of those businesses and industries which are under regulation. The proposed statute would not only the regulatory agencies, but businesses and industries as

Mr. Frank said that in the Pound report much was said designed to create the impression that most of those favorably disposed to administrative agencies were vigorously opposed to any adequate judicial review of the orders of such agencies when acting quasi-judically. That again, he said, was a misstatement of the facts, adding that no person holding a responsible administrative post in Washington today "has ever taken such a position.

It was significant, Mr. Frank said, that within the last few weeks the Bar of the City of New York adopted a report by a committee "including such eminent and conservative lawyers as Arthur Ballantine, Bruce Bromley, William Chadbourne, Grenville Clark, Alfred A. Cook, Frank L. Polk and former Solicitor General Thomas D. Thatcher, recommending against the adoption of an amendment to the New York Constitution which would be counted the duty of making a general region both of the law impose on the courts the duty of making a general review both of the law and the facts of all decisions made by administrative agencies exercising

Sumner Welles Says United States Armament Program Is Designed to Prevent Foreign Aggression in Western Hemisphere-Under Secretary of State Broadcasts to Latin America

The present rearmament program of the United States was adopted to assure adequate defense against any foreign aggression in the Western Hemisphere, Under Secretary of State Sumner Welles said in a special broadcast to Latin America on Nov. 6. Mr. Welles indicated that the program is part of a policy intended to protect all nations in this Hemisphere. He urged a further tightening of the ties among the 21 American Republics, which will be the broad objective of the 8th Inter-American Conference beginning at Lima, Peru, on Dec. 9.

In describing Mr. Welles' address, United Press advices of Nov. 6, from Washington said in part:

Indicating that the United States does not expect world peace to continue if maintained on the present basis, Mr. Welles said that treaty revisions and international adjustments should be made in a spirit of

equity rather than by use of force or the threat of force."

He called upon the 21 American republics to maintain "continued solidarity" in order to save "not only the physical integrity of the nations of the new world, but the security of the individual rights and liberties of our citizens." The declaration generally was interpreted here to cover Canada as well as Latin America.

The address coincided with the speeding of American military and naval plans to strengthen the nation's defenses with air and sea power as well as the coordination of various industries to permit facile mass production of

munitions and supplies in event of war.

In part Mr. Welles said:

The Inter-American Conference which is to convene at Lima on Dec. 9 will be of outstanding importance. The world situation today makes it necessary as never before that there should not exist between the American republics any shadow of misunderstanding or suspicion in their common relations, and that the difficulties which may still exist between some of them be solved in that spirit of friendly tolerance, and of mutual forbearance, which I am glad to say is becoming proverbial in our inter-American

The preservation of peace, the revitalization of international law, the settlement through pacific negotiation of international differences, the removal of trade barriers and equality of commercial opportunity among nations are all of them fundamentals of inter-American policy. fundamentals must be understood and supported by a strong public opinion not only as abstract principles but in practical application if they are to become an effective force in assuring peaceful and understanding relations

At a time of great crisis not many weeks ago, a practical demonstration was given to the world of the great moral force that can be exercised by public opinion. The unanimous appeal of the 21 American republics for

the maintenance of peace in Europe cannot be overestimated in its effect.

The American republics today are bound more closely together by understanding and by identity of purpose than they have ever been in their history, but that relationship is clearly something that by its very nature cannot remain static. It requires the will for betterment, for enhancement, for perfection, not only on the part of the governments of our republics, but on the part of the 21 American peoples to whom their governments are responsive.

On this continent we have had an exceptional opportunity to establish an order based upon justice and upon law, and it is clear to all of us that we

are making progress in taking advantage of that opportunity. Permanent peace will come only when nations observe the sanctity of

the pledged word, when they refrain from intervention in the internal affairs of other countries, when they settle their disputes by peaceful means, when they make necessary adjustments and revisions of treaties and agreements in a spirit of equity, rather than by the use of force or the the threat of force, and when all nations respect the just rights of others in the same measure in which they expect their own just rights to be observed. .

The system of consultation and cooperation which crystallized in such an initially satisfactory form in the last Inter-American Conference at Buenos Aires indicates, I believe, the course which we must pursue in our inter-American relations in order to achieve the objectives we have set for ourselves. It has already been proved good in practice. It holds even greater promise for the future.

That it be strengthened and upheld is of vital importance to every one of our nations. Our respective freedom, independence and future welfare

may depend upon our continued solidarity.

Changes in Industrial Life Insurance Practice Recommended by New York Insurance Superintendent Louis H. Pink—Seeks to Give Workers Better Protection

Recommendations for changes in industrial insurance practice, designed to counteract defects and render this form of workers' protection cheaper and more elastic, are contained in a report by Louis H. Pink, Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York, made public Oct. 27. Mr. Pink presented his recommendations to the Joint Legislative Committee for the Recodification of the Insurance Law, of which R. Foster Piper is Chairman. This committee of the Legislature is investigating the subject of industrial insurance in connection with the recodification of the insurance laws. The Superintendent's recommendations are designed to reduce the cost of industrial life insurance, to discourage the sale of larger amounts of insurance than families of small incomes can continue to pay, and to encourage the conversion of industrial policies into less expensive forms of life insurance.

Superintendent Pink makes 15 recommendations which he believes will help to eliminate the weaknesses in industrial life insurance. In order to direct the agent's interest to the more socially desirable and less expensive forms of insurance, it is suggested that higher commissions be paid for ordinary than for industrial insurance; higher commissions for monthly than for weekly premium insurance, and higher commissions for insurance on adults than for insurance on children:

The department outlines Mr. Pink's further recommenda-

tions as follows:

In order to discourage high-pressure salesmanship, Mr. Pink recommends that the law prohibit paying managers and of increases in business, and that agents be allowed additional compensation of not more than \$5 per week and managers and assistant managers additional remuneration of not more than \$10 per week when their records of conservation of business compare favorably with that of the company as a whole.

The present practice of some companies of returning a dividend of 10% of the premium for payments at company offices would be incorporated in the law as a standard provision by Mr. Pink.

To carry out the purpose of encouraging the less expensive forms of insurance, the department would limit the insurance on one individual to

not more than \$1,000 for weekly premium business and would ultimately reduce the amount to \$500. A standard provision in weekly premium policies is recommended which would permit the assured to convert such policies is recommended which would permit the assured to convert such policies to a monthly premium basis at a proper discount. Another standard provision recommended would enable the insured, on proof of insurability, to change industrial policies on his life to ordinary insurance when the amount exceeds \$1,000 in one company.

To encourage more insurance on the head of the family, the loss of whom would be a great economic handicap to most families, and to discourage high amounts of insurance on children, the department urges that the amount of insurance on juveniles should be limited by law as

that the amount of insurance on juveniles should be limited by law follows: Under one year of age, \$100; under two years of age, \$2 under three years, \$300; three years old but under 10 years old, \$400.

A standard provision requiring the payment of cash surrender values on industrial policies in force more than four years is recommended by Mr. Pink. He also suggests a standard provision in industrial policies providing for the payment of policy proceeds to a named beneficiary in case of death.

The Superintendent asks authority to disapprove provisions in insurance policies which are not clear or might be misleading, so that the basic cause of dissatisfaction with disability and double indemnity provisions might be removed. He also would have the law require companies to inform holders of lapsed policies within six months after the lapse of the amount and form of non-forfeiture benefits available to them.

It was discovered during a survey made by the Insurance Department that while industrial life insurance is conducted on sound actuarial principles there are some weaknesses, many of them due to the retail nature of the businesss, which result in excessive lapse ratio and in cost which appear too high in relation to the cot of ordinary life insurance. The high lapse ratio, the survey indicated, results largely from high-pressure selling methods which persist despite efforts of company management to curtail such practices. The high lapse ratio contributes to the high cost of industrial life insurance.

"It is recognized that the companies themselves have done much to ameliorate the abuses of industrial insurance," Superintendent Pink's report states. "For years the primary purpose of industrial insurance was to provide money for the funeral of the insured or relatives. Largely, due to progressive company administration, it has in recent years become more like ordinary insurance in purpose and in form. The purpose of this report, however, is to expedite modernization of the business.

In submitting his recommendations, Superintendent Pink states that "life insurance companies doing business in New York State had approximately 69,476,000 industrial policies in force insuring approximately \$16,851,000,000 at the close of 1937." "Industrial policies, he says, "were 83% in number of all policies in force by these companies and 37% in

Managed Currency Believed Permanent in United States Says Dean Madden of Institute of International Finance-Return to Gold Standard Not Likely

Managed currency is here to stay and not only is there no desire on the part of monetary authorities in any of the leading countries of the world to return to the gold standard, but under present political and economic conditions the adoption of the gold standard with fixed gold points does not seem to be warranted, according to a bulletin entitled "Managed Currency in the United States" issued Nov. 7 by Dean John T. Madden, Director of the Institute of International Finance of New York University.

The bulletin states:

Even if the value of the currencies of the leading nations were to be fixed in relationship to gold, it is obvious that the exchange stabilization funds would not be abolished. The governments would still use them in the attempt to insulate the domestic credit structure against international

In conclusion the bulletin states:

The increased powers of the monetary authorities over the money and capital markets are likely to continue. These powers may even be further broadened through the creation of new governmental institutions engaged in granting short and long-term credit. Such institutions would increase the powers of the Government to direct the flow of capital and credit into

The success of managed currency does not depend alone on actions taken by the monetary authorities in the field of credit control. To a much larger extent does it depend on the fiscal policies of the Government and until the Government has learned to adapt, properly and in time, its fiscal policy to changing business conditions managed currency cannot be even partially successful. The great powers of the money managers have not been effective in preventing considerable fluctuation of business conditions.

Managed currency has not achieved stable commodity prices. Not only have the democratic countries been unable to attain a stable wholesale price level, but even in the so-called authoritarian states, where the entire economic life is regulated by the government, prices have fluctuated materially. Where an increase in prices was prohibited by law and rigid penalties were imposed for the infraction of such laws, the quality of com-modities has deteriorated markedly.

Managed currecy has not been able to maintain stable prices of bonds, not even those of the highest rating. In the United States the wide fluctuation of bond prices has probably been due in part to psychological influences over which the money managers had no control and in part to the untimely actions of the monetary authorities in raising and lowering rerve requirements and sterilizing and desterilizing gold. The fluctuation of high-grade bonds in the United States during the past few years may also also be ascribed, at least in part, to the inexperience of the money managers

Managed currency in the United States is still in the experimental stage. The powers at the disposal of the Government and their agencies have not yet been coordinated and at times their policies have even conflicted. Nor have the mutual relations among the Government, capital and labor been such as to make the measures of the money managers fully effective.

Railroad Situation Discussed by Vice-President Benson of A. B. A. Before New England Bank Management Conference—Notes Suggestions by Roads to Better

In discussing the railroad situation, in Boston, on Nov. 4, Philip A. Benson, First Vice-President of the American Bankers Association and President of the Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn, New York, declared that "what should be brought about for the good of this important industry is legislation which will require a fair basis of rate making, elimination of unnecessary burdens, placing competing agencies on an equal basis, abandonment of unnecessary lines and consolidations of other lines where it is economically desirable. If these are obtained, we may yet have a great deal of railroad mileage operated on a profitable basis." Mr. Benson, who spoke before the Bank Management Conference, went on to say:

The thing that naturally occurs to us is what are the remedies for the difficult situation confronting the railroads? It is apparent that unless measures can be taken so that they can operate profitably, Government ownership is inevitable. I do not believe anyone really desires Government ownership.

A number of suggestions have been made that would better the conditions of the railroads. It will be seen that they have one thing to sell—service. They ought to be able to sell this at cost and, in fact, to adjust their selling price to meet expenses. The railroads themselves have a program which was discussed at a recent meeting held at the United States Chamber of Commerce at Washington and attended by those who were particularly interested in railroads. The points in the program were:

"1. Revision of the rate-making rule so as to require the ICC to make rates that will secure as far as possible a fair return and eliminate to present rule requiring ICC to consider effect of rates on movement of traffic.

"2. Power of the States as to rates—Commission to control intrastate rates.

"3. Consolidations—adopt policies favorable to them.

"4. Loans to railroads—remove some existing requirements.

"5. Repeal of land-grant statutes—the Government has been well paid for its land.

"6. Grade crossings and railroad bridges—those for the public benefit should be at public expense.

at public expense.

"7. Railroad boards of adjustment.

"8. Government competition.

"9. Reparation.

If some great mind, with unlimited power to command, could apply self to this problem, a useful and efficient railroad machine would be evolved. Waste, inefficiency, duplications could be removed. Rates would reflect the cost of the service, with fair wages to labor and a fair return on the capital invested. I believe shippers could and should pay freight rates that would support an adequate railroad system—one that would fully serve the needs of the Nation. But I'm afraid such ideas are but a dream of Utopia. It is not likely to happen!

Mr. Benson declared that "considering the difficulties with the roadroads and the present situation with respect to railroad earnings, there will be little institutional money available for roalroad bonds. This may be different if conditions change," he went on to say, "but the railroads, if their securities are to be attractive, have to be given more of a chance than they have had in the past." Adding an optimistic note, however, Mr. Benson remarked: "In order not to appear too pessimistic, let me say that there is a definite trend towards recovery. That is being reflected by increased car loadings, and this means increased earnings.

W. R. White Urges Next Congress to Reject Radical Amendments to Banking Laws—Says Changes in Past Five Years Are So Complex Bankers Are Still Studying Requirements—Other Speakers Before Convention of Supervisors of State Banks

The hope that Congress would reject any proposals for radical amendments to the banking laws during the next session was expressed Nov. 10 by William R. White, President of the National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, in a speech opening the annual convention of the Association at Hot Springs, Ark. Mr. White said that during the past five years so many changes in the banking laws have been adopted that banks are still busy familiarizing themselves with new requirements.

Other speakers at the convention included Edward A. Wayne, Chief Examiner of the Board of Bank Control of the State of South Carolina; Jackson S. Hutto, Deputy Superintendent and Counsel of the New York State Banking Department, &c.

Mr. White, who is also New York State Superintendent of Banks, said, in part:

Only a few years ago the banker was being criticized for policies of easy credit which in some cases resulted in unsound business expansion. Today he is accused of hoarding and is urged to "loosen up" and make long-term loans for the purpose of stimulating business.

Most of us have found, I am sure, that banks are willing, even eager, to make loans to applicants who demonstrate their ability to meet interest and principal payments at maturity. This is the fundamental consideration in negotiating any loan, long-term or short-term, and the banker must subordinate to it his natural desire to help a prospective customer.

subordinate to it his natural desire to help a prospective customer.

Some banks can no doubt safely and profitably make business loans for reasonably long periods, but there is a serious question as to the proportion of the bank's funds that can prudently be placed in this type of asset. Our experience with certain classes of securities and with real estate mortgages also indicates the advisability of providing for amortization whenever a long-term bank loan is made.

Supervisors recognize that banks must serve the credit needs of their communities, but in any discussion of this subject we should not lose sight of the fact that the primary responsibility of bankers and bank supervisors is to protect the funds of the depositing public.

It is doubtless true that many business units are in need of additional funds, but in many instances what the business man really requires is, not a loan, but capital to be employed at the risk of the business. Sound

bankers realize that they have no right to employ their depositors' funds

purchase a partnership in any business. We do not question the fact that it may be desirable to supply needed funds to prospective borrowers whose credit standing does not justify a bank loan, but such funds should be supplied in the capital market, where the investor is conscious of the risk involved.

Mr. Wayne, discussing credit analysis of smaller municipalities on Nov. 10, urged the adoption of a form of municipal statement prepared by the Association's Committee on Municipal Obligation. He continued:

We have taken from our files our statement of one of our county units and, omitting the name of the county, have prepared copies which have been distributed to you. I shall not undertake to discuss that statement or evaluate the factors which it discloses affecting the debt of the county and its subordinate districts. It is believed that the statement itself tells a far better story than I could hope to tell.

The statement form has been designed with the idea of flexibility; it has been tested in my State and found went inches and valuable. Your

has been tested in my State and found practicable and valuable. Your committee, whose report will be in your hands before the close of the convention, is considering the advisability of recommending, among other things, "that each State Supervisor of Banks encourage the gathering of credit information on the suggested form and, further, that the respective banking departments be responsible for the gathering of these data, either through their own efforts, the efforts of other State departments and commissions charged with the supervision of municipal credits, such as local government commission, &c., or through cooperation with the State Bankers Association, or such other plan as appears feasible." And that these statements and information regarding intangible factors of management and the classification of these securities be exchanged among State Supervisors and between State and Federal supervisory agencies as any other confidential information is now being exchanged.

Is the task outlined too great a one for us to undertake? I think not. Is there any other group of men more vitally interested, or better equipped to carry such a task to a successful conclusion? Again, I think not. The program which I have outlined and recommended is not essentially one of reform, though it no doubt will have that effect in many places, but it is simply an honest effort to fulfill our responsibilities and to do an honest and creditable job as supervisors of the banks of the country to whom the public looks for the preservation of its funds.

In an address on Nov. 10 Mr. Hutto summarized banking legislation proposed during the last session of Congress and discussed the outlook for 1939. In the latter connection he said:

It may seem strange that a discussion of possibilities for future legisla-tion should have dealt almost exclusively with bills which have been before Congress and have failed of enactment. But let me repeat that while those bills, as such, are dead, the forces which inspired them survive and must be contended with at the next session of Congress. No exhaustive study of legislative history is necessary to demonstrate that many of our most important laws have not been passed by the Congress in which they were originally introduced. This Association therefore cannot afford to relax its efforts merely because measures to which it is opposed have once been rejected by Congress. The course dictated by experience, and the only safe one, is a continuation of the aggressive and vigorous opposition to these and other proposals which are in conflict with the principles recognized and supported by this Association.

Federal and State Governments Should Discourage Rather Than Encourage Debt Financing, Says Twentieth Century Fund in Criticizing Discrimi-nations Through Income Tax Policy

Criticizing the "discriminations in favor of debt in our present Government policies," a statement issued Nov. 6 by the Twentieth Century Fund in behalf of its Committee on Debt Adjustment called for a program of reform whereby "Federal and State governments, and regulatory agencies should strive to discourage debt financing rather than encourage it—as they now do through income tax policy, regulation of utility rates and control of local government debts." The committee report recommends that "the nature and extent of such discriminations" be given detailed study; and that those in the tax structure-especially under the general property tax-be carefully examined with a view

Besides forcing trustees and institutions to invest rather in debts, such as bonds and mortgages, and diverting private funds into debt investment by tax exemption, established government policies favor debt financing in other ways, the committee report finds. The most important listed are:

1. The treatment of interest payment in corporation income taxes.

The handling of utility rates

3. The financing of local public works.

The committee report terms the "discrimination" it finds in the Federal income tax on corporations "a major flaw in our tax structure which should be remedied as soon as possible." It further says:

The Federal income tax on corporations provides that the "income" of a corporation includes sums paid to stockholders as dividends and sums added to surplus, but not sums paid to bondholders as interest. Since dividends have ceased to be exempt from normal tax for the individuals receiving them, this means that income accruing to stockholders is taxed (once as earned by the corporation and once as received by the stockholders); while income accruing to bondholders is taxed only once (as received by the bondholders). This discrimination—especially with our present corporate normal tax rate of 19% of "income"—imposes a heavy penalty on equity financing as opposed to debt financing.

If it is not legally possible to treat interest paid out as part of corpo-

income, the double taxation of dividends should be eliminated, the loss of revenue made up by taxes which would fall both on bondholders

Concerning regulatory agencies, the committee report declares that they "should reconsider their formulas with a view to making debt less, rather than more attractive."

The report points out that the rates charged by railways, power companies and other public utilities are fixed by Federal and State public authorities; and that the fairness of rates is ordinarily judged by the "fairness" of the return (after deductions of interest) earned by the company on its investment. The report goes on to say:

This creates a discrimination in favor of debt financing. The rate of return considered "fair" is invariably higher than the prevailing yield on sound domestic bonds. When plant expansion is contemplated, therefore, present owners can improve their incomes more by floating bonds than by selling new shares of stock and thus taking in partners in direct ownership. This discrimination in rate-fixing formulas is among the major causes of over-indebtedness of railways, power companies and other public

Concerning the financing of local public works, the committee report asserts that State governments, on the whole, "have been too complacent toward the debt of local govern-ments under their authority." The report grants that a "pay-as-you-go" policy does not fit all conditions, and that very small units (such as school districts) cannot smooth out their public works expenditures. It adds that fairness requires debt financing for streets and other public facili-ties in rapidly-growing areas, to avoid favoring families which will move in during the next few years at the expense of those already there. "But," the report continues, "'payas-you-go' does fit the situation of large cities and other units which are large enough so that public works outlays are reasonably regular, and where population growth is not phenomenally rapid. Communities in this more normal condition should be put under pressure to avoid debt."

Lasing of Legal Restrictions with Respect to Investments of Insurance Companies and Savings Banks **Urged by Twentieth Century Fund**

The easing, and possible eventual abolition, of the legal restrictions on insurance companies, savings banks and trus-tees which force them to invest in fixed-interest and repayment obligations, such as so-called high grade bonds and mortgages, is advocated in a report to the Twentieth Century Fund by its Committee on Debt Adjustment. The committee takes occasion to praise the recent action of New York State in authorizing life insurance companies to invest up to 10% of their assets in housing projects as "an important step in the right direction." The committee bases its con-clusions on a three-year investigation by research specialists into the Nation's post-war debt structure, and its widespread shifts. The report, according to the announcement by the Twentieth Century Fund issued Nov. 4, says:

Most States allow insurance companies and savings banks to invest only in certain types of securities—chiefly mortgages and listed bonds of government bodies, railways and utility companies—all of which are fixed interest and repayment obligations. This same list of "legal investments" is commonly specified in trust agreements. The example of the institutional investors to whom these rules apply is widely followed by the managers of endowments and by individual investors.

This nearly universal bias in favor of debt as an investment diverts a large part of the Nation's savings away from investment in "equities," which have no fixed interest and repayment provisions—that is, from direct ownership of real estate and from partnership or common stock ownership in To cast such a large share of the country's financial pattern into the rigid mold of debt is dangerous.

The committee report also questions the standard of "conservatism" which limits investment to debts, characterizing it as "artificial." The report asserts that the Nation's experience from 1929 to 1933 shows clearly that this standard does not fully protect the investor against loss in times when business and prices are declining. The report further asserts:

Still less does it protect the investor against loss of commodity purchasing power when prices rise sharply, as happened during the war and may happen again in the next few years. Judged by the security of purchasing power, an investment in common stocks of a well-managed corporation without heavy debts, or in full ownership of unencumbered real estate, may be more truly conservative than an investment in present "legals."

From the announcement bearing on the report we also

The scope of the legal investment field with which the committee recommendation is concerned is illustrated by some of the findings of the Fund's research investigators. Data on life insurance companies, for instance, shows that their mortgage holdings for 1929 and 1937 totaled \$7,300,000. 000 and \$5,100,000,000 respectively; government bond holdings, \$1,300,-000,000 and \$6,500,000,000; other bonds (railways, utilities, &c.), \$4,-600,000,000 and \$6,800,000,000. Total life insurance investments of the fixed interest and repayment obligation type were thus \$13,200,000,000 in 1929 and \$18,400,000,000 in 1937.

Mutual savings banks' mortgage holdings totaled \$5,900,000,000 in 1931 and \$4,800,000,000 in 1937; government bonds, \$1,700,000,000 and \$3,200,000,000; railway and other bonds, \$2,400,000,000 and \$1,800,000,000. Mutual savings bank assets in these same years (including also cash and bank deposits, &c.) totaled \$11,000,000,000 and \$11,500,000,000

The committee report observed that stock investments for insurance companies and savings banks "should be restricted to a small proportion ments and the training of an investment organization make larger commitments safe. Stock investments should also be limited to companies with a reasonably stable earnings record. Furthermore, no one institution should be allowed to hold more than a very small proportion of the stock of a given corporation—both to spread the risks and to prevent a dangerous concentration of economic power in any one concern. The same widened powers of investment in real estate and in stocks (with the same restriction on stock ownership) should be extended to trustees and trust companies investing

Definite Policy for "Long-Run Liquidation of 'Tem-Federal Credit Agencies" Advocated by porary' Federal Credit Agencies' Advocated by Twentieth Century Fund—Coordination as to Action Affecting Debts Urged

A definite policy for long-run liquidation of the "temporary" Federal credit agencies-particularly the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Home Owners' Loan Corporation and some of the Farm Credit Administration units-and the formation of an interim program whereby these and other Government agencies affecting debt would be better coordinated was recommended in an advance statement made public on Oct. 31 by the Twentieth Century Fund in behalf of its Committee on Debt Adjustment. The committee report urged further that, pending liquidation, the action of all Government agencies affecting debts should be better coordinated. In addition, the report recommends that "an appropriate Federal agency should be charged with the duty of watching the activities of all Government agencies as they affect debt and of formulating proposals for debt policy.

The Fund announced also that the committee had voted to recommend a wide expansion in the statistical and in-formational services of both Government and private agencies to improve available data on the debt problem, and to provide a systematic method to keep the public continuously informed on the debt question and Government policies relating to it. A statement issued by the Fund likewise says, in part:

These recommendations on public policy are part of a series based by the committee on the findings of a staff of research specialists who for three years pursued an investigation into the Nation's debt structure during the 1929-37 cycle.

Concerning liquidation of Federal credit agencies, the committee report concedes that it should not in all cases begin yet, and that most of these agencies will take five to 20 years to wind up. It points out, however, that the various Federal credit institutions do not make a well-intergrated structure (except for the group under the FCA), and that, pending liquida-tion plans, a more coordinated system should be worked out.

The committee report points out that most of the lending agencies set up by the Federal Government during the depression were meant to be temporary, although the legislation creating them envisaged a long period of liquidation. These provisions applied to the three largest agencies (RFC, HOLC and the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation), as well as such minor groups as the Regional Agricultural Credit Corporation and the Railroad Credit Corporation.

The magnitude of Federal credit operations is indicated by the research section of the Fund's study. Due to its enormous refinancing program during the depression and recovery years, the Federal Government now holds more than a third of all the Nation's farm mortgages and nearly

one-sixth of urban home mortgages.

All the farm loan agencies, after 1933, were consolidated under the FCA. The Land Bank lending was financed by the Treasury under the name of the FFMC. The debt study points out that the FFMC lasts until

name of the FFMC. The debt study points out that the FFMC lasts until the beginning of 1940, and that over \$500,000,000 of its power to issue bonds is unexhausted, while the bond-issuing power of the Land banks is not limited either as to time or amount.

On the urban mortgage side, the HOLC, by the time of its loan suspension in June, 1936, had made 1,018,000 loans amounting to nearly \$3,100,000,000. It is estimated that the HOLC held 16.4% of the total home mortgage debt in 1936. In addition, other home mortgage refinancing has been conducted by the Federal Housing Administration, and by building and loan associations belonging to the FHLB system.

As an example of other Federal credit activities, the Fund's report points to the railroad lending program of the RFC, the RCC and the Public Works Administration. In 1932, bottom year of the depression, the RFC loaned \$284,000,000 to the railroads, while the RCC loaned out \$47,000,000. In 1933 railway loans of the RFC rose by \$65,000,000, and those of the RCC by \$20,000,000. Beginning in 1934 PWA made important advances, the maximum outstanding totaling \$145,000,000, in April, 1935.

The committee report points out the crucial effect that activities of these agencies have on the debt structure, and calls for better coordination control of their operations.

"Having been set up as emergency agencies," it says, "the various Federal credit institutions do not make a well-integrated structure, except for the Farm Credit Administration group. This is not now so important as it was in their active phase, since most of the agencies (excepting the RFC) are now on a routine basis. But if the becomes necessary in the future to set up further lending agencies, or revive some of the present ones, the committee urges that a more coordinated structure should be worked out. As a minimum, the Treasury Department or the Director of the Budget should be represented, with substantial supervisory powers, on each agency which has authority to commit the Government's credit.
"In addition, an appropriate Federal agency should be charged with the duty of watching the activities of all Government agencies as they affect debt and of formulating proposals for debt policy. This is particularly important since many branches of government, both Federal and State, make decisions which bear on some aspect of the debt problem; while only a few—the general, rather than the specialized, Federal financial agencies—can be expected to conduct their operations with a view to the effects of their policies on the nation's financial structure as a whole."

The committee also recommends that the Federal Government publish

The committee also recommends that the Federal Government publish some of the enormous amount of its usable information on the debt position of corporations. It further stresses the deficiency of information on Government debt, urging specifically that the report on Financial Statistics of Cities be broadened; that the interval between census studies be reduced, and that, in order to clarify Federal finance, either the Treasury or the Federal Reserve publish a monthly or quarterly analysis and explanation of changes in the debt position of the United States Government. Government.

Members of the Twentieth Century Fund Committee on Debt Adjustment are:

- J. Lionberger Davis, Chairman of the Board Security National Bank Savings & Trust Co., St. Louis, Chairman. Frederick L. Ackerman, architect and technical director New York City
- George P. Auld, member of the firm of Haskins & Sells and formerly Accountant-General, Reparations Committee.
 - Walter Frank of the law firm of Kurzman & Frank. Jacob Viner, Professor of Economics University of Chicago.

- W. W. Waymack, editor of editorial pages, Des Moines "Register and Tribune.
- Maurice Wertheim, senior partner Wertheim & Co., investment bankers. Stillman F. Westbrook, Vice-President Aetna Life Insurance Co.

Research director of the investigation was Dr. Albert Gailord Hart of the University of Chicago; and Alfred L. Bernheim, who directed two of the Fund's previous studies, submitted a preliminary report. Evans Clark, the Fund's director, and J. Frederic Dewhurst, its economist, reviewed the research.

National Foreign Trade Convention in Declaration Adopted at Convention Urges Return to Stabilized Currencies to Further World Economy—Also Endorses Trade Agreements—Opposed to Subsidies to Farmers on Exports

In the final Declaration adopted at the closing session of its Annual Convention in New York City, the National Foreign Trade Council reaffirmed its conviction "that a return to stabilized currencies at a fixed ratio is one of the urgent demands for the improvement of world economy.

The National Foreign Trade Convention was held in New York City from Oct. 31 to Nov. 2, and reference was made in our issue of a week ago (page 2808) to a message received during the deliberations from President Roosevelt, as well as to an address of Secretary of State Hull and others whose remarks featured the program.

In declaring for a return to stabilized currencies, the

Declaration said:

Stabilization of World Currencies

Since Sept. 25, 1936, the "Tripartite Agreement" has undoubtedly rendered good service. It has brought about some stability in the exchanges in spite of the fact that the French franc has suffered considerable further devaluation since the date of the agreement. Its influence has been felt beyond the six countries which have adhered.

We realize that the budgetary problems of individual countries are important in the consideration of this subject and that the hampering effects on world trade of tariffs, quotas and exchange restrictions are all related to the problem. We believe that this relation is not such that any corrective must be accomplished as a condition precedent to removing any of the other obstacles, but rather that progress in removing any one of them makes it easier to correct all of the other impediments. We affirm our conviction that a return to stabilized currencies at a fixed ratio is one of the urgent demands for the improvement of world economy.

From the Declaration we also quote:

It is of importance that exporting nations, particularly countries producing raw materials, be not confronted with excessive trade restrictions. Their economic difficulties may be traced largely to the growth of bilateralism in international trade and the creation of exclusive economic groups for trade purposes. Bilateraiism is a backward trend in world commerce which is incompatible with freedom of multilateral trade in that it tends to substitute government barter for private initiative.

The practice of accepting barter credits in exchange for their products iimits the amount of free exchange necessary for meeting their normal com-mercial and national obligations and, therefore, tends to reduce their volume of trade. This practice is not in harmony with the spirit and letter of the reciprocal trade agreements program.

Reciprocal Trade Agreements

This convention continues its support of the reciprocal trade agreements program as a most effective instrument for the expansion of world trade. The convention commends the objectives of the agreements designed to enlarge and stabilize foreign markets for American products of agriculture and industry. The results to date have been encouraging. It is significant that the value of American exports to the countries with which reciprocal agreements have been concluded have shown a greater rate of growth than the non-agreement countries.

The convention looks forward to the early conclusion of agreements with Great Britain and the British Crown Colonies and with Canada for the benefits they will bring themselves, and for the impetus they will give to the expansion of world trade on a nondiscriminatory basis.

Export Outlets for Agricultural and Forest Products

Agriculture-The prices of agricultural products, such as cotton and wheat. are fixed by the free play of competitive buying and selling in the markets of the world. Agricultural production in the United States far beyond the requirements of domestic consumers demands retention and development of foreign markets. A thriving agriculture is essential to the prosperity of the nations.

The reciprocal trade agreements program is designed in large part to increase foreign outlets for American agricultural products. As in previous years, this convention urges agricultural producers to support the trade agreements program in their own and the national interest.

The convention recommends that any governmental financial aid to the agricultural producer be limited to that portion of the crop which is domesticagricultural producer be limited to that portion of the crop which is domestically consumed, and that surplus production be allowed to reach export markets at world prices. We again urge that the long-established methods of moving American farm products be undisturbed by experimental compulsory controls. Our Government's agricultural policy should avoid restrictions on production which encourages additional growth in foreign countries and lead to reduction of our normal agricultural exports and

The convention, as in previous years, urged the Congress "to extend the life of the Export-Import Bank for an additional period of not less than five years and that the bank continue to assist foreign trade by financing sound, inter-mediate and long-term commitments." "Where difficulties exist as to availability of foreign exchange and the discounting of notes issued in settlement of American blocked bal-ances under refunding agreements," said the Declaration, "the bank should be in a position to provide reasonable

As to frozen and blocked funds the convention reaffirmed "that the freezing and blocking of international remittances is still largely due to the insufficiency of foreign commerce," and in part added:

The convention reaffirms that trade agreements should include a guaranty of equitable treatment for Americans in the matter of allocation of exchange. The convention also notes that guaranties of such a nature contained in some agreements negotiated to date have not been complied with. Tariff consions under any trade agreement are worthless if the American exporter is deprived of payment, or is obliged to wait for a period beyond that which is customary in normal commercial practice. The convention urges that a means be sought to obtain compliance with commitments under agreements already negotiated as well as similar commitments under future agreements.

Secretary of Labor Perkins Suggests Minimum Pay for Steel Industry

A minimum wage for the steel industry under the Walsh-Healey Act of 62.5 cents an hour for 36 States and 45 cents an hour for 12 Southern States was proposed on Nov. 5 by Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins. Hearings will be held

About 5% of the 375,000 workers in the industry would receive pay rises of from 2 to 10 cents an hour under the proposed scales, it was estimated.

Plants having Government contracts of \$10,000 or more would be affected. It was estimated that about 95% of the industry would be included.

The scales were recommended by Thomas Holland, Chairman of the Public Contracts Board. He proposed that the 45 cents minimum apply in Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Oklahoma, Texas, Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia and Virginia. All other States and the District of Columbia fall on the 62.5-cent

The Board recommended, in addition to the wage minima, the following:

"That further study be made of minimum wages paid in the manufacture of tin plate, tin mill black plate and terne plate;

at further study be made of the effect of the prevailing minimum wage found for the South on the competition in the industry for Government

"That further study be made of the position of the smaller companies in

the competition for Government business;

"That an allowance be made in the determination of this case for the employment of apprentices at wages less than the prevailing minimum wages, provided that the employer has on file an active indenture entered into in accordance with the studies of the Federal Committee on Apprenticeship." The definition of the steel and iron industry, agreed upon at hearings before the Board July 25 and 26, excluded tin plate, tin milled black plate and terne plate. At and after the hearings a total of 99 companies operating 234 plants submitted wage data to the Board, which announced that 8.6% of the workers in plants covered by a survey were common laborers.

Shipowners and National Maritime Union Sign Agree ment Covering Wages and Working Conditions of 20,000 Atlantic and Gulf Coast Seamen

An agreement covering the wages and working conditions of approximately 20,000 seamen employed on ships operating from Atlantic and Gulf ports was signed on Oct. 31 by officials of the National Maritime Union, a Committee for Industrial Organization affiliate, and representatives of the American steamship companies following extended negotiations between the American Merchant Marine Institute and the union. It was estimated that about 43% of the indusry on the East Coast and the Gulf of Mexico would come under the scope of the agreement; others having been covered under collective pacts. The agreement had been previously ratified by the membership of the union and the shipowners in a referendum. The following regarding the signing of the agreement is from the New York "Journal of Commerce" of Nov. 1:

Frank J. Taylor, President of the Institute, who headed the shipowners' committee during the negotiations, expressed great satisfaction at the conclusion of the agreement as forming a sound and constructive basis for orderly labor relations and for assuring stability in the industry in the future. "The agreement," Mr. Taylor said, "lays the foundation for close teamwork between the seamen and the steamship operators in the rendering of courteous and efficient service to the traveling public and in the upbuilding of the American merchant marine."

The agreement provides for recognizing the union as a sole collective bargaining agency pursuant to law, direct preference of employment to members of the union, elimination of any company-sponsored clubs, provision of safe working conditions for the unlicensed personnel, adequate overtime payments, grievance clauses to deal with the rights of employees, granting of holidays, vacations for all members of the unlicensed personnel, general conditions--crew equipment, personnel comfort, traveling expenses, and general welfare.

The agreement also contains a strong arbitration clause to deal with any future controversies. Mr. Taylor called particular attention to this provision as guaranteeing the continuance of satisfactory relations between the unlicensed personnel and the shipowners.

Strike at P. Lorrilard Co. Plant in Middletown, Ohio, Ended After Governor Davey Orders Out National Guard Troops for Strike Duty

The tobacco plant of the P. Lorillard Co. in Middletown, Ohio, which has been closed by a strike of the Pioneer Tobacco Workers Union, a Committee for Industrial Organization affiliate, since Oct. 3, resumed operations on Nov. 3. At a meeting of the union members on Nov. 2 it was At a meeting of the union members on Nov. 2 it was decided to abandon the strike after Governor Marcin L. Davey had ordered National Guard troops to Middleton to protect workers returning to their jobs. Further action in the settlement was described in the following Associated Press dispatch of Nov. 3 from Middletown:

Peace reigned as 850 day-shift workers returned to their jobs as troops ood by. E. P. Harpring, plant manager, assigned 250 other employees

on a night shift as full production was resumed.

Pickets, who blocked an attempt to reopen the plant Oct. 25, were withdrawn when the union voted before arrival of the troops to end the strike at the suggestion of Paul W. Fuller of Cincinnati, Regional Director of the CIO.

Mr. Fuller said he intended to file with the National Labor Board charge that the company violated Wagner Labor Act bargaining provisions. He described bargaining rights as the primary object of the strike in which demands also were made for a closed shop and a dues checkoff system.

Republicans Make Wide Gains in General Elections Throughout Nation—New Deal Loses 8 Senate Seats, 81 in House, and 11 Governorships—Governor Lehman Defeats Republican Thomas E. Dewey in New York-President Roosevelt, in Election-Eve Appeal, Urged Election of Liberal Candidates

A marked trend against the New Deal was registered in many States throughout the Nation in the general elections held Nov. 8, when the Republicans recorded a net gain of 11 Governorships, 8 Senatorial seats, and approximately 81 seats in the House of Representatives. In 81 States the Republicans elected either a Governor, a Senator, or both, including such so-called pivotal States as Ohio, Pennsylvania, neluding such so-called pivotal States as Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Michigan and Kansas. Democratic candidates for Governor and for Senator were victorious in California, but the principal New Deal achievement was in President Roosevelt's home State of New York, where the Democratic Governor, Herbert H. Lehman, was re-elected by the narrow margin of approximately 67,000 votes over his young Republican opponent, Thomas E. Dewey. Senator Robert F. Wagner, Democrat, also won re-election, while Representative James M. Mead, Democrat, was elected to fill the short term caused by the death of Senator Royal S. Copeland. Copeland.

The success of the Democratic ticket in New York State was partially ascribed, in some quarters, to a personal appeal made by President Roosevelt in a nation-wide radio broadcast from Hyde Park, N. Y., on Nov. 4, when he urged the Nation to preserve the advances of liberalism in the general elections. He specifically asked for the re-election of Governous and the control of nor Lehman and Senator Wagner, as well as for that of Governor Frank B. Murphy of Michigan. Governor Murphy was defeated in the Nov. 8 election by his Re-

publican opponent.

President Roosevelt in his address warned of the dangers "an ill-advised shift from liberal to conservative leader ship." He continued:

On the eve of another election, I have come home to Hyde Park and am sitting at my own fireside in my own election district, my own County and my own State.

I have often expressed my feeling that the mere fact that I am President should not disqualify me from expressing as a citizen my views on candidates and issues in my own State.

We all remember well-known examples of what an ill-advised shift from liberal to conservative leadership can do to an incompleted liberal program. Theodore Roosevelt, for example, started a march of progress during his seven years in the Presidency but, after four years of President Taft, little was left of the progress which had been made. Think of the great liberal achievements of Woodrow Wilson's New Freedom and how quickly they have been been progressed to the progress of the were liquidated under President Harding. We have to have reasonable continuity in liberal government to get permanent results.

The whole United States concedes that we in New York State have carried

out a magnificent liberal program through our State government during the past 16 years. If the continuity of that liberal government had been broken in this State during that time, we would be nowhere near the point we have reached today.

The voters throughout the country should remember that need for con-

tinuous liberal government when they vote next Tuesday.
On that day the oldest of modern democracies will hold an election. A

free people will have a free choice to pick free leaders for free men In other lands across the water the flares of militarism and conquest. terrorism and intolerance, have vividly revealed to Americans for the first time since the Revolution how precious and extraordinary it is to be allowed this free choice of free leaders for free men.

No one will order us how to vote, and the only watchers we shall find at the polls are the watchers who guarantee that our ballot is secret. Think how few places are left where this can happen.

But we cannot carelessly assume that a nation is strong and great merely because it has a democratic form of government. We have learned that a democracy weakened by internal dissension, by mutual suspicion born of social injustice, is no match for autocracies which are ruthless enough to repress internal dissension.

Democracy in order to live must become a positive force in the daily lives of its people. It must make men and women whose devotion it seeks, feel that it really cares for the security of every individual; that it is tolerant enough to inspire an essential unity among its citizens; and that it is militant enough to maintain liberty against social oppression at home and against military aggression abroad.

President Roosevelt compared Fascism, Communism and "old-line Tory Republicanism." He said:

I reject the merely negative purposes proposed by old-line Republicans and Communists alike—for they are people whose only purpose is to survive against any other Fascist threat than their own.

As of today, Fascism and Communism—and old-line Tory Republican-

are not threats to the continuation of our form of government. But I venture the challenging statement that if American democracy ceases to move forward as a living force, seeking day and night by peaceful means to better the lot of our citizens, Fascism and Communism, aided, unconciously perhaps, by old-line Tory Republicans, will grow in strength.

It will take cool judgment for our people to appraise the repercussions of change in other lands. And only a nation completely convinced—at the bottom as well as at the top-that their system of government best serves their best interests will have such a judgment.

The President compared modern society with a factory, in which is a mass of conveyor belts, and said if these belts get tangled up, no one can "do his own particular job." He continued:

Dictators have recognized that problem. They keep the conveyor belts moving—but at a terrible price to the individual and to his civil liberty. The New Deal has been trying to keep those belts moving without paying such a price. It does not wish to run or manage any part of our economic machine which private enterprise can run and keep running. That should

be left to individuals, to corporations, to any other form of private management, with profit for those who manage well. But when an abuse interferes with the ability of private enterprise to keep the national conveyor belt moving, government has a responsibility to eliminate that abuse. We do not assume for a minute that all we have done is right or all that

we have done has been successful, but our economic and social program of the past five and a half years has definitely given to the United States a more stable and less artificial prospertly than any other nation in the world has enjoyed.

The very fact that the business slump beginning last fall and running into last summer, did not become a major economic disaster like the slump that ran from 1929 to 1933, is the best kind of proof that fundamentally we have found the right track.

You have just heard the news about the automobile factories and many other industries that are opening up for full employment again. And during the month of October alone over-all employment has risen nearly

3½%.

I have been very happy in the last six months to see how swiftly a large majority of business men have been coming around to accept the objectives of a more stable economy and of certain necessary supervision of private activities in order to prevent a return of the serious abuses and conditions of the past. But if there should be any weakening of the power of a liberal government next Tuesday, it would resurrect false hopes on the part of some business men, now beginning to change antiquated ideas, that if they can hold out a little longer no adaptation to change will be necessary

There is no doubt of the basic desires of the American people. And

because these basic desires are well known you find all parties, all candidates, making the same general promises to satisfy these desires.

New ideas cannot be administered successfully by men with old ideas, for the first essential of doing a job well is the wish to see the job done at all.

Judge parties and candidates, not merely by what they promise, but by what they have done, by their records in office, by the kind of people they travel with, by the kind of people who finance and promote their cam-By their promoters ye shall know them.

No national Administration, however much it may represent the genuine popular will of the people, can in the long run prove enduringly effective if that Administration can be cut off from the people by State and local politi-

cal machinery controlled by men who are hostile.

My own State of New York is to choose a Governor. Ours is the most complex State in the Union—thirteen million population, great farming areas, hundreds of small communities, one huge city of seven million people,

and many other cities, great and small.

Governing the State of New York requires the skill which comes from long experience in public affairs.

In 1918 when I was 36 years old, I was invited to run for the Govern-orship of this State. I was then Assistant Secretary of the Navy. I declined the offer, because my job required me at that time to sail on a destroyer for overseas service. I am glad I did, for, looking back on that time, I do not think that I had experience and knowledge of public affairs wide enough to qualify as Governor. Besides I did not think it quite right to abandon in midstream an important public job that I had undertaken.

Governing the State of New York is more than being an Assistant Secre-

tary of the Navy or a District Attorney. New York has State laws matching every progressive Federal measure of the last five years. They were all enacted under the guiding hand and driving energy of Governor Herbert H. Lehman.

Mr. Roosevelt than urged the election of Governor Lehman, Senator Wagner and Mr. Mead, speaking in part as follows:

As a resident and voter in the State of New York I urge my fellow citizens and voters, who are interested in preserving good government and American democracy, to vote for Herbert H. Lehman.

If you were to list some of the newly recognized major responsibilities of government to meet the complexities of modern life—security in old age, unemployment insurance, protection of the rights of labor, low-cost housing and slum clearance—you would have a virtual resume of the Acts of the Congress which bear the name of Robert F. Wagner. So often since 1933 has new legislation been described as "The Wagner Act" that the phrase has become confusing because there have been so many Wagner Acts. For example, there is not only the Wagner Labor Relations Act; there are the Wagner Social Security Act and the Wagner Housing Act; and although you might feel uncertain as to which particular Act is meant by the phrase, you can feel no uncertainty as to this—that any one of the Wagner Acts was an Act intended for the benefit of those who need the help and support of government against oppression and intolerable conditions of living. His name stands for courageous and intelligent leadership, constructive state-craft and steadfast devotion tot the common man and the cause of civil

With him I hope the voters of this State will send to the Senate an experienced Member of the House of Representatives—James M. Mead—known through many years for his expert knowledge of three fields whose intricate problems press heavily upon government today, railroads, aviation and Civil Service, and for his unflagging support of every liberal measure that has come before the Congress. We need that legislative experience, that temper of mind, that expert knowledge in the United States

Look over the rest of the names on the ballot next Tuesday. Pick those who are known for their experience and their liberalism. Pick them for

what they have done, and not just for what they say they would do.

And one last but important word: Pick them without regard to race, color or creed. Some of them may have come of the earliest Colonial color or creed. stock; some of them may have been brought here as children to escape the tyrannies of the Old World. All of them are American citizens now

Remember that the Fathers of the American Revolution represented many religions and came from many foreign lands.

Remember that no matter what their origin they agreed with Benjamin Franklin: "We must indeed all hang together or most assuredly we shall all hang separately."

Remember that in these grave days in the affairs of the world we need internal unity—national unity. For the sake of the Nation that is good advice—and it never grows old. In summarizing the results of the Nov. 8 elections, the New York "Sun" of the following day said in part:

The Nation registered strong disapproval at the polls yesterday of the New Deal leftist trend by electing Republican Governors in 14 States, including many of the big industrial States of the North, and impressively increasing Republican delegations in Congress. All told, the Democrats

and New Dealers lost ground in 22 States.

The sweep against President Roosevelt's policies reached across the country, recording reversals from coast to coast. The Republican added 8 seats in the United States Senate and appear to have won 75 or more

additional places in the House of Representatives.

Excepting in New York, where Governor Lehman won by a slim 66,164 in contrast with the pluralities of more than 500,000 in former years, the election returns tell the same story. Senator Wagner was reelected with a plurality of 468,494 and that is the big prize claimed by the Administration in Washington. The rest of the State ticket was elected, but the Republicans increased their lead in the State Assembly and won control of the State Senate, with results still undecided in about 60 districts.

Groundswell Works West

From New England through Pennsylvania into the great Mid-West and on across the prairie States to the Far West, the Republican groundswell toppled New Deal Democratic State administrations and challenged the leadership of Mr. Roosevelt. The old-line Democrats who battled Mr. Roosevelt through the primary purges came through to victory, with the possible exception of Senator Van Nuys in Indiana, where the race is close and still in doubt.

As the count stood this afternoon, the Republicans had elected 65 new members of the House to replace Democrats. There were still at that hour There were still at that hour 40 or more undecided contests in close races in the congressional district, with the Republicans showing leads in nearly half. The probability is that the Republican gain will exceed 80 on the final count.

Ohio made a clean sweep of its State Government and elected 14 new Republican Representatives. Pennsylvania followed with a new State administration gain and with 13 new House members.

Shake-up in New Yo."

Even in New York there is a turnover of more than a million votes against the New Deal in two years and the run made by District Attorney Dewey was extraordinary. He was beaten only because of the weakness of his own party in his own borough-Manhattan.

The Republicans take a long stride toward 1940 with their impressive victories in State after State. They have strong candidates for the nomination for President in some four or five States.

Will Rogers Museum Dedicated at Claremore, Okla.-President Roosevelt Pays Tribute to Memory of Humorist in Radio Address—Jesse H. Jones Makes Dedicatory Speech

President Roosevelt, in a radio address on Nov. 4, paid tribute to the memory of the late Will Rogers, as part of ceremonies in front of the newly-completed Rogers Museum at Claremore, Okla., built at a cost of \$200,000, which was raised by thousands of donations averaging less than 50 cents each. The principal address was made by Jesse H. Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The President, in his speech, said that from Will Rogers "we can learn anew the homely lesson that the way to make progress is to build on what we have, to believe that today is better than yesterday and that tomorrow will be better than either."

Mr. Roosevelt's address, delivered from Hyde Park, N. Y.,

follows:

This afternoon we pay grateful homage to the memory of a man who helped the Nation to smile. And, after all, I doubt if there is among us a more useful citizen than the one who holds the secret of banishing gloom. of making tears give way to laughter, of supplanting desolation and despair with hope and courage. For hope and courage always go with a light

There was something infectious about his humor. His appeal went straight to the heart of the Nation. Above all things, in a time grown too solemn and somber, he brought his countrymen back to a sense of proportion.

With it all, his humor and his comments were always kind. His was not

biting sarcasm that hurt the highest or the lowest of his fellow-citizens.

When he wanted people to laugh out loud he used the methods of pure fun. And when he wanted to make a point for the good of all mankind, he used the kind of gentle irony that left no scars behind it. That was an accomplishment well worthy of consideration by all of us.

From him we can learn anew the homely lesson that the way to make progress is to build on what we have, to believe that today is better than yesterday and that tomorrow will be better than either.

Will Rogers deserves the gratitude of the Nation and so it is fitting that the dedication of this memorial should be a national event made so by the magic of radio. The American Nation, to whose heart he brought gladness. The American Nation, to whose heart he brought gladness, will hold him in everlasting remembrance.

In dedicating the museum, Mr. Jones characterized Will Rogers as follows:

Will Rogers was a friend alike to the mighty and the weak—a friend for friendship's sake. His understanding and generosity helped many a discouraged traveler over a rough spot.

He was strong and brave and true. He rode straight and hard, and played the group scrupped and true.

played the game square.

His wit was keen but never barbed. Within the shell of humor was the kernel of great wisdom. He brought the precious gift of laughter to a somber world.

British King and Queen to Visit United States Next Summer-King George Accepts President Roosevelt's Invitation at Opening of Parliament-President Expresses Pleasure

In his speech opening the new session of Parliament on Nov. 8, King George VI announced that he had been "happy to accept" the invitation extended by President Roosevelt to visit the United States with Queen Elizabeth next summer during their Canadian visit. The King said: "I warmly welcome this practical expression of the good feeling that

prevails between our countries." A statement issued Nov. 8 from President Roosevelt's home in Hyde Park, N. Y., stated that "the President is very happy" over the coming visit of the King and Queen. The brief statement follows:

The President is very happy to know that the King and Queen of Great Britain hope to be able to accept his invitation to visit the United States

While no definite plans have been made, it is expected that Their Majesties will be able to stay in this country for four or five days.

The following regarding the announcement of the planned visit is from Associated Press advices from London Nov. 8:

In the House of Commons, Prime Minister Chamberlain drew cheers from all parties with a warm statement on the King's plan to visit the

United States, which he said was of "outstanding importance."
Such a visit, the Prime Minister said, would be the first time a King and Queen of England had "set foot in the land of a great democracy which for the past 150 years has played so increasingly important a role in the history of the world and has contributed so much to politics and in economics and in commercial enterprise and in culture to the progress of the human race."

Their Majesties, he added, would take "a warm message of goodwill from the people of these islands to the great republic of the New World."

King George did not disclose how the North American trip would be made. There has been speculation regarding the possibility that the Hood, the world's largest battle cruiser, might take him and the Queen across the ocean. It will be the first time a British sovereign has ever set foot in a former British colony.

The King prefaced his announcement of the visit to the United States with the declaration that "the Queen and I are anticipating with the keenest pleasure the visit which we are hoping to pay to my Dominion of Canada

RFC to Provide Any Funds CCC Needs to Carry Out Agricultural Commitments, Jesse H. Jones, Chairman, Announces

Jesse H. Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, announced on Nov. 9 that the RFC would provide Commodity Credit Corporation with any funds, in addition to those made available to it pursuant to the Act of March 8, 1938, which CCC may require to carry out its present commitments on agricultural commodities, and such additional loans as it may be required to make under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938. The RFC further said:

Banks and others acting as lending agencies in making Commodity Credit Corporation loans may rely upon this commitment for their take out.

T. C. Stitts Appointed Head of Cooperative Research and Service of Division of Research of FCA

Appointment of Thomas G. Stitts to head the newly created subdivision of Cooperative Research and Service of the Division of Research was announced Nov. 2 by F. F. Hill, Governor of the Farm Credit Administration. For the past several years, Dr. Stitts has been in charge of the research and service work of the Cooperative Division in dairying. The FCA further reported:

Dr. Stitts joined the staff of the Cooperative Division in its early days under the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and remained with the division when it was transferred to the Federal Farm Board and later in 1933 when it became a part of the FCA.

United States Building and Loan League to Hold National Convention in Chicago Nov. 16-18

The United States Building and Loan League will hold its national convention in Chicago, Nov. 16-18. It will be addressed by Governor Clyde R. Hoey of North Carolina; Leo T. Crowley, Chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Attorney General Otto Kerner of Illinois, and John H. Fahey, Chairman of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, in addition to leaders in the savings, building and loan and cooperative bank business, and State supervisors. E. C. Baltz, Washington, D. C., President of the League, will deliver his annual address at the opening session. The convention will then discuss both the inside and outside of home financing, treating the general business factors which influence home building and home owning and investing, and the vital present-day developments in association operations.

Mr. Crowley will discuss the relationships of savings and loan associations and commercial banks; Governor Hoey will be the banquet speaker; Mr. Kerner will give the wel-coming address, and Mr. Fahey will speak from the point of view of the Washington instrumentalities directly connected with savings and loan work.

Speakers Announced for National Security Traders Association Convention to Be Held Next Week in Miami, Fla.

Joseph Gannon of May & Gannon, Boston, Mass., Chairman of the Committee on Speakers of the National Security Traders Association, announces that the following will address the members of the Association at the fifth annual convention, to be held at Miami, Fla., from Nov. 15 to

Dr. John Thom Holsworth, Dean of the School of Business Administra-tion of the University of Miami, address, "Outlook for Business and the Security Markets.

The Municipal Forum, to be held Nov. 17, will be addressed by ex-Congressman Mark Wilcox on "Enforceability of Municipal Bonds." Louis Walker, President of the National Quotation Bureau, will speak at the Corporate Forum, to be held on Nov. 16, on "Accurate Quotations."

Reference to the nomination of W. M. Summers for the presidency of the Association for the 1938-39 term was made in these columns Oct. 22, page 2477.

Opening of Annual Convention of American Bankers Association in Houston, Texas, on Monday Next, Nov. 14—Sessions to Continue Through Nov. 17

The annual convention of the American Bankers Association will be brought under way at Houston, Texas, on Monday next, Nov. 14. and will continue up to and including Thursday, Nov. 17. Tomorrow (Sunday, Nov. 13) some committee meetings are scheduled and these likewise will be held at various other times during the period of the convention. The general convention will take place Nov. 15, 16 and 17 and details of its program as well as of the National 16 and 17, and details of its program as well as of the National Bank Division, Trust Division, State Bank and Savings Bank Divisions were given in our issue of Oct. 22, page 2475. We also indicated in the same item the plans respecting the sessions of the State Secretaries Section, the Clearing House Round Table (Bank Management) conference and the Constructive Customer Relations Clinic. Jesse H. Jones, as beretofore noted, is one of those who will speak at the general convention. Besides the other speakers mentioned on page 2475 who are due to address the various sessions throughout the convention, an additional name appears in the list of those on the program of the Clearing House Round Table Conference, viz: H. H. Griswold, President of the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Elmira, N. Y., whose subject will be "Augmenting Bank Earnings." The entertainment features of the convention were noted in our Nov. 5 issue, page 2813.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, &c.

The New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange announced (Nov 5) the sale of a membership at \$3,100, an increase of \$100 over the last previous sale.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Bank of New York on Nov. 9, Thomas E. Murray Jr. was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the Board. Mr. Murray, Receiver of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co., is a director of American Radiator Co. and the Welfare Council of New York City, and a trustee of the National Foundation for Infantile paralysis. He is a member of the Governing Committee of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences. A graduate of Yale University, in the class of 1911, Mr. Murray is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and a Fellow of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

Charles A. Kimball, member of the New Business Department of Greenwich Savings Bank, N. Y. City, who recently completed his 50th year as an employee of the bank, was presented with a silver service on Nov. 1 by the trustees of the bank, in recognition of his loyal and faithful record. Clarence M. Fincke, President of the bank, made the presen-Clarence M. Fincke, President of the bank, made the presentation on behalf of the trustees. Mr. Kimball, born in 1868, entered the employ of the Greenwich Savings Bank as a clerk in October, 1888, when the total number of officers and employees was only 19. John Harsen Rhoades was President of the institution and there were 45,700 depositors with total deposits of \$18,750,478. Today, the bank employs 178 persons and 149,314 depositors have a total of \$150,692,-870 in savings accounts. Mr. Kimball has been with the bank for almost half of the institution's existence, the bank having been 55 years old when he joined it. having been 55 years old when he joined it.

H. Stacy Smith of Short Hills, N. J., Senior Vice-President of the Fidelity Union Trust Co. of Newark, N. J., and head of H. Stacy Smith, Inc., makers of tanners materials, died of a heart attack on Nov. 7. Mr. Smith was born in Newark 65 years ago and attended the public schools of that city. After engaging in the leather business, he entered the banking field, becoming a Vice-President of the North Ward National Bank and President of the Equitable Trust Co. of Newark. Upon the merger of these banks in May, 1930, with the Fidelity Union Trust Co., Mr. Smith was elected Senior Vice-President of the enlarged bank, the office he held at his death.

Concerning the affairs of the defunct D'Auria Bank & Trust Co. of Newark, N. J., the Newark "News" of Oct. 26 carried the following:

State Banking Commissioner Reilly of New Jersey was authorized by Vice-Chancellor Stein yesterday (Oct. 25) to sell remaining assets of the D'Auria Bank & Trust Co. of Newark publicly or privately for the best prices obtainable.

Assets were given a book value of \$441,535 in a report by Commissioner to wind up the bank's affairs.

The D'Auria Bank & Trust Co. was taken over by the New Jersey State Banking Department at the close of business July 15, 1936, as noted in our issue of July 25 of that year, page 526.

The State Secretary of Banking for Pennsylvania, Irland McK. Beckman, announced on Nov. 4 that a 5% dividend would be paid on Nov. 22 to the depositors of the defunct

Indiana County Deposit Bank of Indiana, Pa. In noting this the Philadelphia "Inquirer" of Nov. 5 also said:

This brings the bank's total distribution to 77%, or within three-tenths of a percentage point of the amount it was estimated depositors would receive when the bank was closed in September, 1933.

Earl M. Amick, a Vice-President of the Riggs National Bank of Washington, D. C., died of a heart attack on Nov. 3 while playing golf at the Capital Golf and Country Club. Born in Cumberland, Md., the deceased banker, who was 52 years old, joined the Riggs National Bank as Auditor in Three years later (1921) he was promoted to an Assistant Vice-President and served in that capacity until January, 1937, when he was made a Vice-President, the office he held at his death.

From the "Commercial West" of Oct. 29 it is learned that Isaac S. Moore will retire as President of the First & American National Bank of Duluth, Minn., on Dec. 31, completing 51 years of banking service. Mr. Moore, who will continue as a director of the bank, will be succeeded in the presidency by George P. Tweed, the Chairman of the Board of Directors. Born in Maryland, Mr. Moore went to Duluth in 1887, where he joined the American Exchange Bank as a messenger and eventually became President. In 1929, when the First National Bank and American Exchange Bank were consolidated under the present title, Mr. Moore assumed the presidency of the enlarged institution, the office he now

A small Missouri banking institution, the Fayette Bank at Fayette, was closed by its directors on Nov. 3 and its affairs placed in the hands of the State Finance Department. In noting this, advices from Jefferson City to the Kansas City "Star" gave the following details:

The institution had total resources of \$357,451, deposits of \$313,000, and loans of \$221,000. Its deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Alvin Kirby was President and E. J. Bedford, Cashier. Sam J. Ross

Deputy Finance Commissioner, is in charge of the bank.

Slow payment of a few large loans on farm land were given as the reason for the closing. There will be practically no loss to depositors, as there were very few accounts exceeding the \$5,000 limit covered by the bank's Federal insurance.

The Citizens National Trust & Savings Bank of Los Angeles, Calif., on Nov. 7 opened a new branch at Western Avenue and Third Street, transferring to that location the business of its oldest branch, which had operated for the past 19 years at Western and Second Streets. The new quarters are in a building purchased by the bank last May and remodeled for the purpose. W. L. Rodman, with the bank since 1920 and Manager at Western-Second since 1935, continues in charge at the new location.

The 117th half-yearly statement of the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd. (head office Yokohama), covering the six months ended June 30, 1938, and presented to the share-holders at their semi-annual meeting on Sept. 10, has recently been received. It shows net profits for the period, after providing for all bad and doubtful debts, rebate on bills, &c., of 16,672,028 yen, inclusive of 10,484,426 yen brought forward from the previous six months' account. Out of this sum the directors propose to pay a dividend at the rate of 10% per annum, calling for 5,000,000 yen, and to add 1,250,000 yen to the reserve fund, leaving a balance of 10,422,028 yen to be carried forward to the current half-year's profit and loss account. Total resources are given in the statement as 1,543,008,519 yen (as compared with 1,798,238,478 yen on June 30, 1937), of which cash in hand and at bankers amount to 84,852,751 yen (as against 72,474,702) years Inno 20 legt with 1,798,238,478 years Inno 20 legt with 1,798,238 years Inno 20 legt with 1,798,238 years Inno 20 legt with 1, 72,474,702 yen on June 30 last year). On the debit side of the statement total deposits are given as 805,229,413 yen (as compared with 656,174,781 yen on June 30 last year). The bank's paid-up capital is 100,000,000 yen and its reserve fund, including the 1,250,000 yen mentioned above, 137,-150,000 yen. Toshikata Okubo is Chairman of the Board of Directors and President of the institution.

TREASURY CASH AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood Sept. 30, 1938 are set out in the following. are taken entirely from the daily statement of the United States Treasury of Sept. 30, 1938.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Gold (os. 393,124,180.5)	\$13,759,346,315.83
Total	\$13,759,346,315.83
Gold certificates—Outstanding (outside of Treasury) Gold certificate fund—Board of Governors, Fed. Res. System Redemption fund—Federal Reserve notes Gold reserve	8.092.769.058.79
Note—Reserve against \$346.681.016 of United States notes and \$1,168,422 of Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding. Treasury notes of 1890 are also secured by silver dollars in Treasury. Exchange stabilization fund	1,800,000,000.00

Assets— SIL	VER	
Silver (os. 828,680,993.8) Silver dollars (os. 389,314,611.2)		\$1,071,425,931.49 503,356,265.00
Total		\$1,574,782,196.49
Silver certificates outstanding Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding Silver in general fund		\$1,559,833,470.00 1,168,422.00 13,780,304.49
Total		\$1,574,782,196.49
Assets— GENERA	AL FUND	
Gold (as above)		\$808,771,935.70
Silver-At monetary value (as above)		13.780.304.49
Subsidiary coin (os. 6,584,282.1)		9.102.169.80
Bullion-At recoinage value (os. 194,7	73.6)	269,256.71
At cost value (oz. 917,078,531.5)a		498.542,231.28
Minor coin		4.743.517.96
United States notes		3.381.540.00
Federal Reserve notes		13,180,140.00
Federal Reserve bank notes		278,966.50
National bank notes		757.250.50
Unclassified—Collections, &c		7.569,210.79
Deposits in—Federal Reserve banks		963,178,151.20
Special depositaries account of sales of G National and other bank depositaries:		791,484,000.00
To credit of Treasurer United States.		15,180,983.06
To credit of other Government office	A	28.693.850.05
Foreign depositaries—To credit of Treas		1.332.154.73
To credit of other Government office		1.341.161.76
Philippine Treasury—To credit of Treas	surer United States	2,184,233.11
Total		\$3,163,771,057.64
Liabilities-		
Treasurer's checks outstanding		\$6,687,858.90
Deposits of Govt. officers—Post Office De Board of Trustees, Postal Savings Syste	partment	2,690,914.21
5% reserve, lawful money		55,300,000.00
Other deposits		5.894.905.55
Postmasters, cierks of courts, disbursing Deposits for:	c officers, &c	63,287,925.95
Redemption of National bank notes (5%	fund, lawful money)	335,031.62
Uncollected items, exchanges, &c		47,114,201.06
		\$185,310,837.29
Balance today—Increment resulting from duction in the weight of the gold dolla Seigniorage (silver) (see Note 1)	\$142,111,999.48 460,353,232.84	
Working balance	2,375,994,988.03	\$2,978,460,220.35
m-set	The Development of the Company of th	en 100 721 072 24

under the President's p Note 2—The amount was \$2,873,746,006.88.

TREASURY MONEY HOLDINGS

The following compilation, made up from the daily Government statements, shows the money holdings of the Treasury at the beginning of business on the first of July, August, September and October, 1938:

Holdings in U. S. Treasury	July 1, 1938	Aug. 1, 1938	Sept. 1, 1938	Oct. 1, 1938
	8	8	8	*
Net gold coin and bullion.	439.060.870	497,138,578	618.414.346	964.811.367
Net silver coin and bullion			521,013,074	
Net United States notes	2,871,295			
Net National bank notes.	1,353,384			
Net Federal Reserve notes	13,777,498			
Net Fed Res. bank notes	378,678			
Net subsidiary silver	8,734,294			
Minor coin, &c	7,590,599			
Total cash in Treasury.	986.245.420	*1042 059,367	*1178.799566	*1516 415,955
Less gold reserve fund	156,039,431	156,039,431	156,039,431	
Cash balance in Treas	830,205,989	886,019,936	1,022,760,135	1,360,376,524
Dep. in spec'l depositories account Treas'y bonds,				011-111
Treasury notes and cer-				
tificates of indebtedness	610,534,000			
Dep. in Fed. Res. banks	929,359,113	777,224,848	778,208,617	963,178,151
Dep. in National banks-				
To credit Treas. U. S	15,380,811	16,363,528	16,509,491	15,180,983
To credit disb. officers.	28,889,530		28,936,859	28,693,850
Cash in Philippine Islands	1,738,384	1,889,887	2,025,087	2,184,233
Deposits in foreign depts.	2,909,903	2,807,880	2,401,843	2,673,316
Net cash in Treasury				
and in banks			2,407,154.032	3,163,771,057
Deduct current liabilities.	203,099,817	182,638,488	147,578,569	185,310,837
Available cash balance	2.215.917.913	2.116.011.180	2,259,575,463	2,978,460,220

* Includes on Oct. 1 \$498,811,488 silver builion and \$4,743,518 minor, &c., coin as included in statement "Stock of Money."

COMPARATIVE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

	Mar. 31, 1917, Pre-War Debt	Aug. 31, 1919, When War Debt Was at its Peak	Dec. 31, 1930, Lowest Post-War Debt
Gross debt	\$1,282,044,346.28 74,216,460.05	\$26,596,701,648.01 1,118,109,534.76	\$16,026,087,087.07 306,803,319.55
Gross debt less net bal. in gen. fund	\$1,207,827,886.23	\$25,478,592,113.25	\$15,719,283,767.52
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int. per annum on interest-	\$12.36	\$250.18	\$129.66
bearing debt outstand- ing (percent)	2.395	4.196	3.750
	Sept. 30, 1937, a Year Ago	Aug. 31, 1938, Last Month	Sept. 30, 1938
Gross debt Net bal. in gen. fund	\$37,045,040,598.38 2,902,190,851.04	\$37,593,031,708.14 2,259,575,462.81	\$38,392,725,250.15 2,978,460,220.35
Gross debt less net bal. in general fund	\$34,142,849,747.34	\$35,333,456,245.33	\$35,414,265,029.80
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int.per annum on intbearin-	a284.83	b288.68	b294.67
debt outstanding (per cent)	2.550	2.581	2.582

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers today the details of Government receipts and disbursements for September, 1938 and 1937, and the three months of the fiscal years 1938-39 and 1937-38:

and 1937-38:					
General & Special Account	1938	of September- 1937	1938-3		-
Internal Revenue: Income tax	497,934,2				
Unjust enrichment tax	169,499,2 687,5	529 555,9	73 1,996,	416 1,122,1	105
Taxes under Social Secur. A Taxes upon carriers and the	eir			-	
employees	4,6 28,589,5				
Proceeds of Govt,-owned a	10-				
curities: Principal—for'n obliga'ns					
interest—for'n obligation	2,271,9		20 16,102,		772
Panama Canal tolls, &c Seigniorage	1,909,9				
Other miscellaneous	5,679,7			210 30,032,9	32
Total receipts	710,602,9	98 788,072,1	45 1.509,182,0	1,650,690,7	64
Expenditures— 1. General:—Departmental a.	48,017,1	81 47,835,36	69 179,354,3	150,469,2	95
Public buildings a	19,335,9				
River and harbor work an	18,814,63	78 14,795,54	46 52,041,8	93 43,664,15	57
Panama Canal	2,364,61				
Railroad Retirement Board.	262,83				
U S. Housing Authority a	368,34		1 000 0		78
Dist. of Col. (U. S. share) National defense: a			5,000,0	00 5,000,00)0
Navy	46,489,98	6 44,466,63			
Agricultural Adjust. Program	- 47,315,68				
Farm Tenant Act. Civilian Conservation Corps		4 29,415,32			9
Farm Credit Administration. Tennessee Valley Authority.	4,135,35	9 4,875,95	1 11,442,0	15 11,901,90	16
Interest on the public debt Refunds:		8 159,267,79	4 175,775,2	77 192,237,95	1
Customs	_ 3,631,07				
Processing tax on farm prod	1,638,88	9 355,81	5 4,243,10	00 1,245,57	8
Sub-total	453,421,85	1 445,988,58	6 1,245,562,60	22 1,092,961,26	0
2. Recovery and relief: Agricultural aid:					
Federal Farm Mtge. Corp					
on mortgages Federal Land banks	1.629.83		1,629,83 2 14,215,29		3
Relief	212.41				
Reclamation projects Public highways					
River and harbor work and flood control					
Rural Electrification Adm. Works Progress Admin	70,583	546,968	338,47	9 2,011,433	3
Pub. Wks. Adm. grants (Act June 21, 1938)	8		12,513,00		
All other	17,125,086				0
Home Loan system Emergency housing	19,062	329 5,692,662		. 1,516,970 0 17,055,408	
U. S. Housing Authority Federal Housing Admin	801.538		2,657,26	8	
Farm Security Administra's Miscellaneous:	7,418,336				
Admin, for Indus. Recovery	b22	220	b9	0 b 5,206	
Sub-total	243,122,515	156,504,842	695,414,54	2 527,137,557	-
8. Revolving funds (net): Agricultural aid:					
Farm Credit Administra'n. Public works:	b 791,646	1,180,530	b 1,937,038	b 4,694,053	1.
Loans and grants to States, municipalities, &c	11,040,677	14,742,795	30,236,610	51,910,389	
Loans to railroads	22,010,011	b 31,885		\$ 100 100	
Bub-total	10,249,031	15,891,440	28,299,471	47,107,871	
4. Transfers to trust accts., &c.:		41 000 000			
Old-age reserve account Railroad retirement account	33,000,000 11,500,000	41,000,000 14,000,000	109,000,000 43,000,000		
Govt. employees' retirement funds (U. S. share)	********	{ ·······	75,106,600	73,255,000	
Sub-total	44,500,000	55,000,000	227,106,600	241,255,000	
5. Debt retirements (sinking fund, &c.)	12 644 750	29 222 200	12 790 160	00 200 250	
Total expenditures	13,644,750	29,272,200	13,782,150		
Excess of receipts	764,938,147	702,657,068 85,415,077	2,210,165,385		
Excess of expenditures	54,335,149	*********	700,983,353	287,073,674	
Summary					
Excess of expenditures (+) or receipts (-)	+54,335,149	-85,415,077	+700,983,353		
Less public debt retirements	13,644,750	29,272,200	13,782,150	29,302,750	
Excess of expenditures (+) or receipts () (excluding public		Then.		A Company of	
debt retirements)	T-40,690,399	-114,687,277	+687,201,203	+257,770,924	
&c., excess of receipts (—) or expenditures (+)	+40,118,385	-7,918,731	-216,261,270	-98,644,760	
Tempet hank not suffer to	+80,808,784	-122,606,008	+470,939,933	+159,126,164	
Less nat. bank note retirem'ts		4,814,680	5,497,305	14,836,940	1
Total excess of expenditures (+) or receipts ()	+80,808,784	-127,420,688	+465,442,628	+144,289,224	
general fund balance	+718,884,758	-42,529,079	+762,542,307	+306,187,875	
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in the gross public debt	+ 700 603 542	-169 949 767	-1.227 084 935	+450 477 000	1
Gross public debt at beginning of month or year					-
Gross public debt this date 3					1

Chiomete				2303
Trust Accounts, Increment		of September-		o Sept. 30
Receipts—(See note 1)	1938	1937	1938-39	1937-38
Trust accounts Increment resulting from redu	21,165,81	15,001,6	138,441,36	6 111,584,71
tion in weight of gold dollar.	166.62			
Beigniorage Unemployment trust fund	35,401,98	6 48,415,1	96 202,222,23	7 155,259,84
Old-age reserve account Rairoad retirement account	33,000,00 11,500.00			
Total	106,498,18			
EZDERGHUZER- (See note 1)				
Trust accounts. Transactions in checking acc	23,853,70 ta	9 11,211,6	16 136,507,058	129,999,38
of Govt. agencies (net), & Commodity Credit Corp	26,248,91	5 1,637,00	67,916,980	b59,492,23
Export-Import Bank of Was Rural Electrification Admin.	h. 615,36	6 b723,18	38 415,243	b 818,30
Reconstruction Finance Corp	23,868,35	8 3,149,89	b225,936,194	b65,450,288
Chargeable against increment of	b7,961,44	4 b 8,836,54	19 b 37,160,496	37,312,886
gold: Melting losses, &c	. 1,44	9 1,47	7 2,372	31,618
Payments to Fed. Res. bank (sec. 13b, Fed. Res. Act, a	E8			
For retirement of nation				*******
bank notes		4,814,68	5,497,306	14,836,940
Investments Withdrawals by States	b 4,000,00			
Old-age reserve account:				plant manager
Investments Benefit payments	_ 33,000,000 _ 853,250			
Railread retirement account: Investments	_ 1,500,000	10,000,00		
Benefit payments	8,597,418	4,454,13	6 25,046,370	11,849,807
Total	146,616,538	117,593,73	1 290,930,949	382,973,352
Excess of receipts or credits	40,118,386	7,918,73	1 216,261,270	98,644,769
	- 40,110,000			
Public Debt Accounts Receipts—Market operations:		000 111		* *** ***
Cash: Treasury bills	_ 400,217,000 _ 342,091,300		1,302,177,000 342,091,300	1,101,047,000
Treasury bonds	_ 461,689,100)	461,689,100	*********
unclassified sales) Treasury savings securities.	34,840,188	28,127,016		98,776,317 42
Sub-total				1,199,823,359
Adjusted service bonds				4,111,060
Exchanges: Treasury notes.				775,514,200
Treasury bonds	404,707,100		404 707 100	********
Sub-total	423,957,100		423,957,100	775,514,200
Special series: Adjusted service certif.		1.79	p.	04.9
fund (certificates)	1,000,000	47,955,000	83,000,000	145,639,000
Old-age reserve acc't (notes). Railroad retirem't acc't (notes)	33,000,000 1,500,000		5,000,000	123,000,000 20,000,000
Civil serv. retire't fund (notes)	********	******	81,100,000 374,000	71,300,000 367,000
For. Serv. retirem't f'd (notes) Canal Zo. retire't fund notes)		********	459,000	469,000
Alaska RR retire't fund (notes) Postal Savs. Sys. (notes)	********	*********	195,000	201,000
Govt. life insur. fund (notes Federal Deposit Insurance	•	**********	2,000,000	T _p . This is a second
Corporation (notes)			20,000,000	*************
Sub-total	35,520,000			360,976,000
Total public debt receipts	1,698,900,588	1,254,285,116	2,953,842,661	2,340,424,609
Expenditures — Marketoperations Cash: Treasury bills		589,435,000	1,187,752,000	1,004,200,000
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes	18,000	14,750 30,554,500	124,650	506,050 31,382,800
Treasury bonds	5,000	*******	5,000	10,000 13,328,311
U. S. savings bonds Adjusted service bonds		4,835,352 8,468,400	14,563,150	29,461,750
First Liberty bonds Fourth Liberty bonds	275,100 546,250	307,750 849,200	937,450 1,423,400	1,108,000 2,373,550
Postal Savings bonds	1,100	3.080 24,571	201,280 69,583	718,440 77,469
Other debt items				Market and
Fed. Res. bank notes		5,377,080	10,416,545	16,963,940
Sub-total	429,603,946	639,869,683	1,252,659,626	1,100,630,310
Exchanges: Treasury notes	423,957,100	775,514,200	423,957,100	775,514,200
Treasury bonds	••••••	**********		
Sub-total	423,957,100	775,514,200	423,957,100	775,514,200
Adjusted service certificate fund (certificates)	500,000	1,800,000	2,000,000	4,800,000
Unemploy, trust fund (ctfs.) - Railroad retirem't ace't (notes)	5,000,000	******	5,000,000	********
Civil serv. retire't fund (notes)	2,100,000 30,000	2,000,000 25,000	4,100,000 106,000	3,900,000
Canal Zo. retirem't f'd(notes)	16,000	26,000	35,000	41,000
Postal Savings System (notes) Govt. life ins. fund (notes)	13,000,000 25,000,000	**********	13,000,000 25,000,000	***********
Fed. Dep, Ins. Corp. (notes).	********	5,000,000		5,000,000
Sub-total	45,646,000	8,851,000	49,241,000	13,803,000
Total public debt expend's.	899,207,046	1,424,234,883	1,725,857,728	1,889,947,510
Excess of receipts	799,693,642	169,949,767	1,227,984,935	450.477,099
Increase (+) or Decrease (-)= in Gross Public Debt-				
Market operations: Treasury bills	-60,000	-238,954,000	+114,425,000	+96,847,000
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes	-18,000 -77,210,450	-14,750 -30,554,500	-124,650 -79,863,450	506,050 31,882,800
BondsOther debt items	+889,997,262 -28,010	+14,871,134 -24,571	+947,147,162 -69,583	+55,887,316 -77,427
National bank notes and Federal Reserve bank notes	-2,861,260	-5,377,081	-10,416,545	-16.963,941
Mary leaves at Field County (Asylledes Line)	+809,819,542	-260,053,767		+103,304,099
	-10,128,000	+90.104,000		+347,173,000
Special series				
Total	T 799,593,542	-109,949,767	1,467,904,930	100,117,000

b Excess of credits (deduct). c Excess of redemption (deduct).

Note 1—Beginning Dec. 31, 1937, transfers from the Genderal Fund have been treated as receipts instead of offissts against expenditures. The figures for the month and the fiscal year 1938 have been revised accordingly in and that respect disagree with the figures published prior to Dec. 31, 1937

a Additional expenditures on these accounts are included under "Recovery and relief" and "Revolving funds (net)." the classification of which will be shown in the statement of classified receipts and expenditures appearing on page 7 of the daily Treasury statement for the 15th of each month.

Condition of National Banks June 30, 1938—The statement of condition of the National banks under the Comptroller's call of June 30, 1938, has just been issued and is summarized below. For purposes of comparison, like details for previous calls back to and including March 31, 1937, are included.

ABSTRACT OF REPORT OF CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES ON MARCH 31, JUNE 30, AND DEC. 31, 1937, AND MARCH 7 AND JUNE 30, 1938

DEC. 81, 1981, AND	MARCH / AL	ID JUIL DO. I.			
	Mar. 31, 1937 (5,311 Banks)	June 30, 1937 (5.299 Banks)	Dec. 31, 1937 (5,266 Banks)	Mar. 7, 1938 (5,256 Banks)	June 30, 1938 (5,248 Banks)
Assets— Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) Overdrafts United States government securities, direct obligations Converting quarteed by United States government as to interest	\$8,469,204,00 5,368,00 6,813,206,00	\$8,807,782.000 5,113.000 6,902,521,000	4,099,000	4.980.000	4,056,000
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) Overdrafts United States government securities, direct obligations Securities guaranteed by United States government as to interes and principal Other bonds, stocks, and securities. Customers' liability account of acceptances Banking house, furniture and fixtures Real estate owned other than banking house. Reserve with Federal Reserve banks Cash in vault	1,352,019,00 4,082,065,00 101,869,00 636,352,00 175,104,00 3,918,035,00 483,510,00	$egin{array}{cccc} 0 & 3,903,092,000 \\ 0 & 96,441,000 \\ 0 & 635,670,000 \\ 0 & 162,409,000 \\ 0 & 4,152,889,000 \\ \end{array}$	3,690,122,000 77,127,000 632,244,000 155,625,000 4,172,915,000 422,490,000	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54,621,000 629,398,000 153,975,000 4,618,177,000 528,305,000
Cash in vault Balances with other banks and cash items in process of collection Cash items not in process of collection Acceptances of other banks and bills of exchange or drafts sold with endorsement. Securities borrowed Other assets	483,510,000 3,876,071,000 7,166,000 7,014,000 368,000 121,821,000	8,265,000 229,000	19.965.000	5,039,000	9,522,000
Total		\$30,337,071,000			
Liabilities— Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations	\$12,132,545,000 7,401,394,000 2,119,798,000 378,020,000 4,111,092,000 372,261,000	3,790,587,000	7,501,101,000 2,019,528,000 588,166,000 3,\$32,898,000	7,531,158,000 2,044,926,000 574,899,000 3,922,807,000	7,548,899,000 2,106,342,000 467,338,000
Total deposits. Secured by pledge of loans and/or investments Not secured by pledge of loans and/or investments	\$26,515,110,000 2,136,482,000 24,378,628,000	\$26,765,913,000 2,246,824,000 24,519,089,000	\$26,540,694,000 2,208,074,000 24,332,620,000	\$26,238,242,000 2,176,884,000 24,061,358,000	\$26,815,894,000 2,130,455,000 24,685,439,000
Agreements to repurchase U. S. government and other securities sold_Bills payable	751,000 12,155,000 112,000 10,000	562.000	\$996,000 8,508,000 1,328,000 7,000	\$970,000 12,362,000 904,000 7,000	\$560,000 7.731,000 1,289,000 6.000
endorsement Acceptances executed for customers Acceptances executed by other banks for account of reporting banks Securities borrowed Interest, taxes, and other expenses accrued and unpaid Dividends declared but not yet payable and amounts set aside for dividends not declared.	7,014,000 104,243,000	13,616,000 229,000	$\begin{array}{c} 19,965,000 \\ 78,378,000 \\ 9,785,000 \\ 188,000 \\ 45,260,000 \end{array}$	$\substack{19,077,000\\67,449,000\\6,960,000\\178,000\\55,817,000}$	9,522,000 53,707,000 7,248,000 203,000 49,129,000
dividends not declared Other liabilities Capital stock (see memorandum below) Surplus Undivided profits, net Reserves for contingencies Preferred stock retirement funds	19,442,000 118,587,000 1,586,072,000 1,059,257,000 385,445,000 157,929,000 8,700,000	148,949,000	27,403,000 147,485,000 1,577,831,000 1,100,308,000 399,969,000 154,235,000 11,885,000	8,278,000 155,896,000 1,575,898,000 1,106,495,000 403,705,000 159,292,000 11,970,000	27,780,000 140,194,000 1,572,900,000 1,118,413,000 409,167,000 159,309,000
		\$30,337,071,000			14,030,000
Class A preferred stock	\$285,826,000 18,653,000 1,287,222,000	\$281,012,000 17,965,000 1,288,749,000	\$267.361,000 17.470,000 1,297,882,000	\$251,833,000 17,210,000 1,310,987,000	\$248,885,000 17,210,000 1,311,326,000
Total	\$1,591,701,000	\$1,587,726,000	\$1,582,713,000	\$1,580,030,000	\$1,577,421,000
Loans and investments pledged to secure liabilities: U. S. government obligations, direct and fully guaranteed Other bonds, stocks, and securities Loans and discounts (excluding rediscounts)	\$1,948,458,000 601,497,000 24,891,000	\$2,063,195,000 574,946,000 24,768,000	\$2,126,393,000 550,725,000 32,260,000	\$2,100,719,000 544,743,000 31,449,000	\$2,028,789,000 547,836,000 27,341,000
Total	\$2,574,846,000	\$2,662,909,000	\$2,709,378,000	\$2,676,911,000	\$2.603,966,000
Pledged: Against United States government and postal savings deposits Against State, county, and municipal deposits. Against deposits of trust department. Against other deposits. Against borrowings. With State authorities to qualify for the exercise of fiduciary powers. For other purposes.	\$463,089,000 1,317,797,000 534,252,000 154,933,000 11,508,000	\$527,465,000 1,365,989,000 515,425,000 151,281,000 9,506,000	\$642,388,000 1,404,318,000 407,789,000 153,866,000 10,454,000	\$644,021,000 1,388,425,000 380,619,000 157,057,000 14,993,000	\$522,413,000 1,402,654,000 432,627,000 144,985,000 10,337,000
	76,015,000 17,252,000	76,266,000 16,977,000	76,338,000 14,225,000	76,061,000 15,735,000	76,027,000 14,923,000
	\$2,574,846,000 \$2,132,545,000 291,704,000	\$12,430,183,000 379,331,000 1,973,578,000			\$2,603,966,000 12,138,047,000 394,272,000
State, county and municipal deposits. Deposits of other banks in the United States (except private banks and American branches of foreign banks). Deposits of private banks and American branches of foreign banks Deposits of banks in foreign countries (including balances of foreign	1,917,084,000 3,647,308,000 97 183,000	1,973,578,000 3,313,532,000 102,701,000	1,660,287,000 3,411,660,000 102,000,000	1,682,631,000 3,555,531,000 83,523,000	1,752,256,000 3,845.719,000 107,070,000
Details of demand deposits: Deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations. United States government deposits State, county and municipal deposits Deposits of other banks in the United States (except private banks and American branches of foreign banks). Deposits of private banks and American branches of foreign banks Deposits of banks in foreign countries (including balances of foreign branches of other American banks, but excluding amounts due to own foreign branches). Certified and cashiers' checks (including dividend checks), letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash, and amounts due to Federal Reserve Bank (transit account).	234,232,000 372,261,000	266,661,000 403,962,000	210,843,000 429,894,000	171,430,000 271,351,000	150,137,000 344,167,000
Details of time deposits: State, county and municipal deposits Certificates of deposit Deposits evidenced by savings pass book Christmas savings and similar accounts Open accounts	202,714,000 600,688,000 6,413,936,000 41,510,000 345,260,000 86,316,000	229,888,000 591,423,000 6,511,352,000 61 352,000 305,715,000 88,542 000	359,241,000 582,583,000 6,646,098,000 18,912,000 253,508,000 83,888,000	362,295,000 584,652,000 6,658,001,000 40,233,000 248,272,000 79,270,000	354,086,000 585,963,000 6,638,177,000 65,900,000 258,859,000 73,066,000
Deposits of other banks in the United States (except private banks and American branches of foreign banks). Deposits of private banks and American branches of foreign banks. Deposits of banks in foreign countries (including balances of foreign branches of other American banks, but excluding banks, bu	123,472,000 4,027,000	98,368,000 3,956,000	95,169,000 3,935,000	98,818,000 3,984,000	96,306,000 4,191,000
Ratio of required reserves to net demand plus time deposits:	4.870,000	5,369,000	9,291,000	9,521,000	7,678,000
Central Reserve cities Other Reserve cities All Reserve cities Country banks Total United States.	20.69% 13.52% 16.30% 8.55% 13.65%	23.82% 15.39% 18.69% 9.79% 15.63%	26.40 % 18.28 % 21.37 % 12.96 % 18.43 %	23.77 % 15.16 % 18.51 % 9.64 % 15.45 %	20.88% 13.10% 16.25% 8.09% 13.52%

THE CURB EXCHANGE

Price movements on the New York Curb Exchange were moderately brisk on Monday but moved forward with considerable vigor following the Election Day holiday. During the early part of the week the aircraft stocks led the advance, but renewed activity was apparent all along the line on Wednesday and substantial gains were recorded by many of the market leaders. The volume of sales climbed rapidly higher as the buying improved, and while there was some irregularity apparent, it failed to check the brisk advance. There were only four trading days this week, the market being closed on Election Day and Armistice Day.

The market held fairly steady during the two-hour session on Saturday, but trading was comparatively light and changes were unimportant. Pittsburgh & Lake Erie attracted some buying and advanced 2 points to 56 at its top for the day. Industrial specialties were moderately active, Axton Fischer advancing 11/2 points to 431/2, while Montgomery Ward A climbed up 1 point to 156. In the public utility group United Gas pref. sold up to 921/2 with a gain of 2½ points, Niagara Hudson 2 pref. moved ahead 1 point to 781/2 and Pacific Power & Light pref. improved 1 point to 74. The market, as a whole, was slightly higher, the advances totaling 87 while the declines registered 72. The transfers for the day were approximately 111,000 shares.

Aircraft issues were in brisk demand as trading was resumed on Monday. The opening hour showed modest advances over the preceding close and as the day progressed the gains extended to practically every section of the list. Public utilities forged ahead and there was a good demand for the industrial specialties. Outstanding among the gains in the aircraft section were Lockheed Aircraft Corp. which forged ahead followed by Bell Aircraft Corp., the former breaking into new high ground for the year while Bell moved close to its peak. Niles-Bement-Pond climbed 41/4 points

All markets were closed on Tuesday in observance of

General Election Day.

Stocks moved briskly forward as the market resumed its sessions following the Election Day holiday. few laggards as the upswing extended all along the line and a lengthy list of advances were registered as the market came to a close. The gains ranged from 1 to 7 or more points and included among others such active stocks as Aluminum Co. of America, 7 points to 124, Jones & Laughlin Steel, 3 points to 37³/₄, Lockheed Aircraft Corp., 2³/₈ points to 27³/₈, New England Power pref., 2¹/₂ points to 53, Niles-Bement-Pond, 3 points to 59³/₄, and Pittsburgh Plate Glass, 3 points to 112.

Opening prices were fairly firm on Thursday but profit taking appeared as the session progressed, and while a fairly large number of the more active stocks continued to show modest gains, the strength of the advance was checked to some extent and the volume of transfers dropped to 339,000 shares against 424,000 on the preceding day. through the list were a number of slow moving stocks that held to their modest gains, but most of the changes in the general list were in small fractions and about evenly divided between advances and declines. As compared with Friday of last week the range of prices was higher, Aluminum Co. of America closing on Thursday night at 121½ against 116 on Friday a week ago, American Cyanamid B at 29¾ against 25½; Carrier Corp. at 22¾ against 21½; Creole Petroleum at 23½ against 22½; Electric Bond & Share at 13½ against 12½; Fairchild Aviation at 9¼ against 8⅓; Humble Oil (new) at 66⅓ against 64; New Jersey Zinc at 69 against 64¼; Newmont Mining Corp. at 85 against 84 and United Shoe Machinery at 83¼ against 80½. and United Shoe Machinery at 83 ¼ against 80 ½.

All markets were closed on Friday in observance of

Armistice Day.

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

	Stocks				Bonds (Pe	r Value)		
Week Ended Nov. 11, 1938	(Number of Shares)	D	omestic		reign rnment	Foreign Corporal		Total
Saturday	111,145 258,800 423,710 339,245	1 2	\$798,000 ,750,000 ,357,000 ,596,000	но	\$2,000 6,000 LIDAY 18,000 45,000 LIDAY	\$13,0 25,0 28,0 22,0	00	\$813,000 1,781,000 2,403,000 2,663,000
Total	1.132,900	87	,501,000		\$71,000	\$88.0	00	\$7,660,000
Sales at	Week B	nde	& Nov. 1	1		Jan. 1 to	N	ov. 11
New York Curb Ezchange	1938	1	1937		193	8		1937
Stocks—No. of shares_ Bonds Domestic Foreign government Foreign corporate	1,132,9 \$7,501,0 71,0 88,0 \$7,660.0	00 00 00	\$7,333,000 153,000 135,000		\$297,814,000 6,114,000 5,771,000		95,287,612 \$373,353,000 10,957,000 9,014,000 \$393,324,000	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for

Foreign Exchange orders transacted in all currencies quoted in the New York market.

MANUFACTURERS TRUST COMPANY

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND FOREIGN DEPARTMENT 55 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

European Representative Office: 1, Cornhill, London, E.C.3

Member Federal Reserve System Member New York Clearing House Association Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just passed:

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1930 NOV. 5, 1938, TO NOV. 11, 1938, INCLUSIVE

Country and Monetary	Noon Buying Rate for Cable Transfers in New York Value in United States Money							
One	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 11		
Europe-	8	8	8	8	8	2		
Belgium, beiga	.169097	.169133		.169061	.169075	Lorent To be		
Bulgaria, lev	.012325			.012325	.012325*			
Czechoslov'ia, koruna		.034410		.034414	.034387			
Denmark, krope	.212428	.212394		.212271	.211859			
Engl'd, pound sterl's		4.758194		4.756388	4.746597			
Finland, markka	.020966	.020995		.020968	.020937			
France, franc	.026621	.026620		.026584	.026533			
Germany, reichsmark	.400500	.400425		.400462	.400507			
Greece, drachma				.008723*	.008716*			
Hungary pengo	.196375			.196375*				
Italy, lira	.052603	.052604		.052600	.052600			
Netherlands, guilder,	.543783	.543711		.543522	.542872			
Norway, krone	239128	.239075		.238921	.238465			
Poland, sloty	.188100	.188100		.187900	.187900			
Portugal, escudo		.043196		.043045	.042954			
Rumania, leu	.007285			.007307*	.007308*			
Spain, peseta	.050833*			.051000*				
Sweden, krona	.245150	.245097		.244975	.244487			
Switzerland, franc	.226780	.226811		.226722	.226463			
Yugoslavia, dinar	.023020	.022983		.022800	.022850			
Asia-	.023020	.022983	Holl-	.022000	.02200	Holl-		
China-		0.0 0000	day			day		
Chefoo (yuan) dol'r	.160791*	.162208*	uay	.162208*	.161583*	awy		
Hankow (yuan) dol				.162208*				
				.158531*	.157750*			
Shanghal (yuan) dol Tientsin (yuan) dol	.161218*			.164781*				
	.296125	.296156		.296125	.295531			
Hongkong, dollar.	.355333	355311		355110	.354467			
British India, rupee.		.277350		.277034	.276491			
Japan, yen	.277366	.552750		.552500	.551500			
Str its Settlem'ts, dol	.553500	.552750		.002000	.001100			
Australasia-	3.792000	3.790156		3.789375	3.782312			
Australia, pound		3.804375		3.803437	3.796750			
New Zealand, pound	3.805781	3.804370		J.OUGTOI	0.100100			
Africa— South Africa, pound. North America—	4.712083	4.710125		4.709062	4.698750			
Canada, dollar	.992832	.992812		.993164	.992910			
Cuba, peso	.999000	.999000		.999333	.999333			
Mexico, peso	.199583*	.201883*		.199420*	.199840*			
Newfoundi'd, dollar.	.990156	.990234		.990703	.990416			
South America-	.990130	.550204		.000.00				
	.317265*	.317210*		.216960*	.316500*			
Argentina, peso	.058460*	.058440*		.058700*	.058500*			
Brazil, milreis	.051766*	.051833*		.051766*	.051766*			
Chile, peso-official.		.040000*		.040000*	.040000*			
export.	.040000*	.573100*		.572300*	.571500*			
Colombia peso	.573100* .625833*	.625855*		.625514*	.624670*			

^{*} Nominal rate.

COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS

Bank clearings this week will show an increase compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country indicate that for the week ended today (Saturday, Nov. 12) bank clearings from all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly clearings will be 23.8% below those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary total stands at \$3,945,370,120, against \$5,176,819,381 for the same week in 1937. At this center there is a loss for the week ended Friday of 28.8%. Our comparative summary for the week follows: the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph Week Ending Nov. 12	1938	1937	Per Cent
New York	\$1,551,641,590	\$2,179,273,058	-28.8
Chicago	156,626,093	202,274,453	22.6
Philadelphia	174,000,000	241,000,000	-27.8
Boston	141.282.569	138,940,471	+1.7
Kansas City	46,217,237	61,720,692	-25.1
St. Louis	46,100,000	59,500,000	-22.5
San Francisco	73,120,000	92,495,000	-20.9
Pittsburgh	56.721.731	77,070,779	-26.4
Detroit	46,706,826	58,950,155	-20.8
Cleveland	49.386.907	56,711,384	-12.9
Baltimore	34,773,012	44,585,614	22.0
Eleven cities, five days	82.376,575,965	83,212,521,606	-26.0
Other cities, five days	582,451,625	700,874,895	-16.9
Total all cities, five days	\$2,959,027,590	\$3,913,396,501	-24.4
All cities, one day	986,342,530	1,263,422,880	-21.9
Total all cities for week	3,945,370,120	\$5,176.819.381	-23.8

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot masmuch as the furnish them today, inasmuch as the week ends today (Saturday) and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon today. Accordingly in the above the last day of the week in all cases has to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous—the week ended Nov. 5. For that week there was an increase of 6.3%, the aggregate of clearings for the whole country having amounted to \$6,166,723,825, against \$5,800,299,372 in the same week in 1937. Outside of this city there was a decrease of 0.1%, the bank clearings at this center having recorded a gain of 10.9%. We group the cities according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) the totals register an increase of 10.9%, in the Boston Reserve District of 5.4% and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 17.2%. In the Cleveland Reserve District the totals are smaller by 3.5% and in the Richmond Reserve District by 0.4%, but in the Atlanta Reserve District the totals are larger by 7.8%. The Chicago Reserve District suffers a loss of 10.0% and the St. Louis Reserve District of 0.8%, but the Minneapolis Reserve District records a decline of 1.8%, the Dallas Reserve District records a decline of 1.8%, the Dallas Reserve District of 3.2% and the San Francisco Reserve District of 5.9%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve districts:

districts: SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARINGS

Week End. Nov. 5, 1938	1938	1937	Inc.or Dec.	1936	1935
Federal Reserve Dists.	8	8	%	8	
1st Boston 12 cities	309,421,089	293,602,653	+5.4	310,141,188	287,380,372
2nd New York 13 "	3,681,362,766	3,320,465,730	+10.9	3,608,028,941	3,034,514,672
3rd Philadelphia10 "	416,744,655	355,473,111	+17.2	350,806,049	322,163,871
4th Cleveland 5 "	277,448,995	287,615,251	-3.5	271,780,552	221,448,666
5th Richmond . 6 "	149,919,772	150,584,731	-0.4	133,939,354	118,338,332
6th Atlanta 10 "	164,606,418	152,660,667	+7.8	147,768,231	130,707,139
7th Chicago18 "	468,982,571	521,301,507	-10.0	474,223,827	419,720,569
8th St. Louis 4 "	146,375,271	147,524,824	-0.8	151,213,399	132,234,461
9th Minneapolis 7 "	111,634,530	111,051,463	+0.5	99,344,809	98,517,445
10th Kansas City 10 "	133,248,173	135,636,312		131,522,270	115,188,367
11th Dalias 6 "	66,214,564	68,406,553	-3.2	62,039,042	56,039,102
12th San Fran11 "	240,775,021	255,976,570	-5.9	245,953,763	216,981,317
Total 112 cities	6,166,723,825	5,800,299,372	+6.3	5,986,761,425	5,153,234,313
Outside N. Y. City	2,601,558,904	2,601,757,215	-0.1	2,492,846,686	2,216,115,914
Canada 32 cities	465,083,243	434,941,157	+6.9	525,337,994	392,652,083

We now add our detailed statement showing last week's figures for each city separately for the four years:

Clearings at-		W CCK	Ended .		-
	1938	1937	Inc. or Dec.	1936	1935
	8	8	%	8	8
First Federal	Reserve Dis	rict-Boston	-	100	
Me.—Bangor	603,28	717,146	-15.9		
Portland	2,311,918		-0.5		
Mass.—Boston Fall River	268,638,358 850,819	254,000,334 1,096,440	+5.8 -22.4	272,133,768 821,375	251,000,000
Lowell	631.42	579.867			
New Bedford	631,428 1,023,926	579,867 1,051,478	-2.6		
Springfield	3,937,344	4,426,555	-11.1	4,304,110	6,525,513
Worcester	2,723,934	2,398,731	+13.6		1,795,841
Conn. — Hartford New Haven	12,704,310 4,529,149		+10.7	11,298,946 4,209,791	
R. I.—Providence	10,919,500			10,064,000	
N.H.—Manches'r				567,620	
Total (12 cities)	309,421,089	293,602,653	+5.4	310,141,188	287,380,372
Second Federa	1 Reserve Die	trict-New	York-		Dec 1997
N. Y.—Albany	7,779,007	12,464,928	-37.6	9,158,229	7,409,593
Binghamton	1,139,326	1,177,149	-3.2	1,136,033	
Buffalo Elmira	30,000,000	31,600,000	-5.1	30,500,000	27,000,000
Jamestown	541,033 636,240	970 593	-5.6 -27.7	736,258	582,868 489,176
New York	3.565.164.921	3.198.542.157	+11.5	583,485 3,493,914,739	2,937,118,399
rtocnester	8,114,471	8,545,011	-5.0	7.949,832	6,684,220
Syracuse	4,498,542	4,478,242	+0.5	3,869,187	3,145,630
Westchester Co	4,645,219	3,767,581	+23.3	2,551,256	2,173,397
Conn.—Stamford N. J.—Montelair	4,562,782 574,013		-5.7 +1.5	4,303,047 529,638	3,120,003 235,000
Newark	20,458,318	20,547,870	-0.4	20,504,744	15,746,961
Northern N. J.	33,238,894	32,487,327	+2.3	32,292,493	29,833,039
Total (13 cities)	3,681,352,766	3,320,465,730	+10.9	3,608,028,941	3.034,514,672
Third Federal			delphi	-	Corner and spec
Pa.—Altoona	440,330	638,608	-31.0	608,040	447,624
Bethlehem Chester	484,275 457,357	504,491 397,713 1,296,790	-4.0	*490,000	483,363
Lancaster	1,119,050	1 296 790	+15.0 -13.7	353,143 1,411,512	308,632 1,146,093
Philadelphia	404,000,000	341,000,000	+18.5	338,000,000	310,000,000
Reading	1,777,417	1,582,567	+12.3	1,595,269	1,186,298
Scranton	2,379,562	2,284,626	+4.2	2,469,115	2,078,876
Wilkes-Barre York	944,221 1,714,743	1,450,744 1,728,572	-34.9 -0.8	920,869 1,513,101	961,977 1,300,008
N. J.—Trenton	3,427,700	4,589,000	-25.3	3,445,000	4,251,000
Total (10 cities)	416,744,655	355,473,111	+17.2	350,806,049	322,163,871
Fourth Feder Ohio—Canton	al Reserve D	istrict-Clev			
Cincinnati	56,221,815	58,420,078	-3.8	56,789,628	50,840,746
Cleveland	92,882,360	89,820,639	+3.4	77.255.444	66,410,080
Columbus	10,631,600	11,880,300	-10.5	77,255,444 11,536,700	9,528,000
Mansfield	1,734,309	1,922,043	-9.8	1,015,068	1,187,093
Youngstown Pa.—Pittsburgh _	115,978,911	125,572,191	-7.6	125,183,712	93,482,747
Total (5 cities) .	277,448,995	287,615,251	-3.5	271,780,552	221,448,666
Fifth Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Richm	ond—		
w.va.—Hunt ton	410,915	411,553	-0.2	311,367	182,915
VaNorfolk	2,447,000	2,862,000	-14.5	2,676,000	2,193,000
Richmond	48,019,965	45,696,104	+5.1	40,413,371	38,101,287
Md.—Baltimore	*1,150,000 73,312,739	1,261,276 71,651,375	$\frac{-8.8}{+2.3}$	1,263,997 63,492,952	1,119,844
D. C.—Wash'g'n	24,579,153	28,702,423	-14.4	25,781,667	56,966,933 19,774,353
Total (6 cities)	149,919,772	150,584,731	-0.4	133,939,354	118,338,332
Sixth Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Atlant	-	Une (2 and	
enn.—Knoxville	4,311,167	3,759,342	+14.7	3,314,267	3,070,836
Nashville	18,211,494	17,462,451 53,700,000	+4.3	15,727,389	13,225,197
Augusta	59,000,000 1,078,630	1 230 115	+9.9	57,100,000	1 210 435
Macon.	1,225,361	1,230,115 1,146,905	-12.3 + 6.8	1,393,288 1,195,653	1,219,435 900,000
laJack'nville.	15,459,000	16,658,000	-7.2	14,474,000	13,326,000
	21,135,279	18,494,881	+14.3	19,285,190	15,269,687
la.—Birm'ham.					
la.—Birm'ham	1,761,986	1,643,604	+7.2	1,610,108	1,340,942
Mobile	1,761,986 x	1,643,604 x	x		X
la.—Birm'ham	1,761,986	1,643,604		1,610,108 220,130 33,448,206	1,340,942 x 196,318 36,958,724

Chromer					
Clearings at-		Week	k Ended		
	1938	1937	Inc. or		1935
Seventh Fede			ni cago	\$ 381,21	8 6 435,04
MichAnn Arbo Detroit Grand Rapids	98,961,98	2 128,786,92	22 -23.	2 89,078,28	9 78,466,62
Lansing Int.—Ft. Wayn	1,590,67	2 2,406,24	8 -33.	9 1,558,01	0 1,224,30
Indianapolis Fouth Bend	19,303,00	0 19,767,00	0 -2.	3 18,626,000	0 17,325,000
Terre Haute Wis Milwauke	4,506,14	5,613,63	7 -19.	9 20,232,56	0 4,368,184 7 17,606,344
Ia.—Ced. Rapid Des Moines	8 1,477,72 10,784,05	5 10,253,17	6 +5.3	9,437,57	9,449,04
Sloux City Ill.—Bloomington	3,534,91 412,80	5 411,20	5 +0.4	360,844	360,530
Chicago Decatur	1,327,14	2 1,173,87	8 +13.1	904,530	680,093
Peoria	1,039,30	5 1,195,23	7 -13.0	1,138,258	861,513
Springfield Total (18 cities)					
Eighth Feders	l Reserve Di	trict-St. L.	o uis—	20 510 000	
Mo.—St. Louis Ky.—Louisville	36,470,333	33,787,24	0 +7.9	34,609,474	28,298,774
Tenn.—Memphis Ill.—Jacksonville	X	x	x	x	x
Quincy Total (4 cities).	146,375,271				
Ninth Federal	Reserve Dia	trict - Mint	eapolis	_	The Control of
Minn.—Duluth Minneapolis	, 68,865,798	74,062,313	2, -7.0	64,432,402	62,871,451
St. Paul N. D.—Fargo	28,881,609 2,460,348	25,722,849	+12.3 -4.5	2,315,528	2,110,269
S. D.—Aberdeen. Mont.—Billings .	820,515 783,970	873,311	+19.4 -10.2	726,099	608,597
Helena	3,177,801				
Total (7 cities). Tenth Federal	111,634,530 Reserve Dis	trict - Kan			90,017,110
Neb.—Fremont Hastings	87,355 139,729	99,116 144,626	-11.9		112,070 180,956
Lincoln Omaha	2,502,956 34,068,793	2.720.823	-8.0	9 060 649	9 200 995
Kan.—Topeka Wichita	2,465,554 3,673,345	2,413,839	+2.1	31,054,390 1,825,116 3,395,722	2,348,521 2,773,319
MoKan. City_ St. Joseph	86,471,091 2,779,905	92,019,747	-6.0 -9.3	87,788,705 2,709,544	2,773,319 72,759,960 2,957,899
Colo.—Col. Spgs. Pueblo	528,958 530,487	678,431 617,002		637,069 790,584	639,944 619,975
Total (10 cities)	133,248,173	135,636,312	-1.8	131,522,270	115,188,367
Eleventh Fede Texas—Austin	ral Reserve 1,488,032	District—Da 1,614,153		1,558,536	1,204,551
Dallas	51,150,201 7,048,566	50,484,710 8,165,648	-13.7	46,144,425 6,547,443 3,594,000	41,374,575 6,781,597 2,804,000
Galveston Wichita Falls	2,599,000 931,855	3,398,000 1,136,725	-18.0	809,911	883,169
Total (6 cities)	2,996,910 66,214,564	3,607,317 68,406,553		3,384,727 62,039,042	2,991,210 56,039,102
Twelfth Feder	al Reserve D	istrict—San	Franc	isco-	
Wash.—Seattle Spokane	32,808,182 a5,854,200	36,483,165 10,644,000	-10.1 -45.0	31,888,887 10,586,000	29,836,812 9,030,000
Ore.—Portland Utah—S. L. City	1,311,239 28,282,914 14,316,130	1,316,217 33,239,594 14,984,974	-0.4 -14.9 -4.5	1,319,515 28,298,483 15,237,807	954,433 24,229,832 13,578,990
Calif.—L'g Beach Pasadena	3,890,308 3,579,976	3,985,324 3,915,312	-2.4 -8.6	3,637,549 3,808,411	3,448,794 2,947,651
San Francisco San Jose	143,859,261 2,815,950	143,775,000 3,539,468	$^{+0.1}_{-20.4}$	144,771,131 2,821,775	126,914,710 2,926,627
Santa Barbara. Stockton	1,627,101 2,429,760	1,676,608 2,418,908	-3.0 +0.4	1,457,582 2,126,623	1,253,452 1,860,016
Total (11 cities)	240,775,021	255,976,570	-5.9	245,953,763	216,981,317
Grand total (112 cities)	6,166,723,825	5.800.299.372	+6.3	5,986,761,425	5.153.234.313
Outside New York				2,492,846,686	
		Week	Ended N	or 3	
Clearings at—			Inc. or	1	1005
Canada—	1938	1937	Dec.	1936	1935
Toronto	161,014,231 138,995,392	142,433,100 131,683,373	+13.0 +5.6	169,304,738 178,077,234	118,604,943 109,279,764
Winnipeg Vancouver	61,916,079 20,911,853	55,323,697 22,184,935	+11.9	71,478,956 21,466,917	62,887,369 19,069,120
OttawaQuebec	22,636,697 6,437,699	26,698,060 6,927,126	-15.2	28,723,917 7,504,755	28,142,600 6,501,917
Halifax	3,072,967 5,817,759	2,872,374 6,595,461	-7.1 +7.0 -11.8	2,603,508 5,492,513	2,655,708 5,119,496
CalgarySt. John	10,060,899	5,300,583 2,106,275	+89.8	6,300,780 2,157,348	8,136,367 1,986,014
Victoria London	1,887,053 2,788,177 4,531,963	2,028,450 3,406,918	-7.0 -18.2	1,922,821 3,122,780 5,288,256	1,991,455 3,122,001
Edmonton	0,031,400	4,836,818 4,831,955 507,596	$\frac{-6.3}{+37.2}$	5,288,256 5,053,033	4,492,866 4,870,208 421,070
Brandon Lethbridge	570,815 763,141	815,639	+12.5	5,053,033 451,700 643,912	676,564
Saskatoon Moose Jaw	1,769,444 856,317 1,024,910	1,644,571 743,669 1,146,614	$+7.6 \\ +15.1 \\ -10.6$	2,072,759 926,895 1,060,302	2,115,356 907,088 976,445
Brantford Fort William New Westminster	832,527 561,967	980,789 813,280	-10.6 -15.1 -30.9	905,476 792,212	976,445 828,378 692,085
Medicine Hat	414,249 671,880	350,372 763,991	+18.2 -12.1	303,361 703,922	307,204 747,167
Sherbrooke Kitchener	678,850 1,298,026	739,595	-8.2 -3.9	683,681 1,370,413	701,670 1,215,625
Windsor	9 724 448	3,215,195 427,395 1,018,788 654,615	-15.0 -8.2	2,842,471 457,867	2.438.897
Moneton	392,468 976,821 683,184 647,979	1,018,788 654,615	-4.1 +4.4	894,154 666,304	423,405 793,728 684,083
Chatham	480,440	512,585	+45.2	610,236 502,501	466,040 544,429
Total (32 cities)	1,016,829	842,680 434 941 157	+8.9	952,272	853,021 392,652,083
Total (32 cities)	465,083,243	434,941,157	+6.9	320,337,994	392,032,083

x No clearings available. * Estimated.
a The Spokane Clearing House declines to continue to report bank clearings for the stated reason that the discontinuance of the Federal Reserve Bank branch in that city on Oct. 1, 1938. has resulted in a sharp decline in the clearings figures from those for periods prior to Oct. 1, 1938. We have calculated the estimated figures for the week on the basis of the percentage of decline in the October, 1938 figures from October, 1937 instead of omitting Spokane from our tabulation for the time being.

THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

	Sat., Nov. 5	Mon., Nov. 7	Tues Nov. 8	Wed., Nov. 9	Thurs., Nov. 10	Frt., Nov. 11
Boots Pure Drugs		40 /1 34	40 /-	40 /-	40/136	
British Amer Tobacco.		101/-	100/734	101/-	102/-	
Cable & Wordinary		£4134	£4136	£4214	£43 1/6	
Canadian Marconi		5/-		5/-	5/-	
Central Min & Invest.		£22	£2234	£21 1/6	£21	
Cons Goldfields of S A.		71/101/2	71/101/2	71/1036	71/1036	
Courtaulds 8 & Co		29/-	29/434	30 /-	30/6	
De Beers		£854	£9	£834	£9	
Distillers Co		90/6	90/6	90/6	90/6	
Electric & Musical Ind.		12/-	11/434	12/-	12/-	
Ford Ltd		17/3	17/-	17/-	17 -	
Gaumont Pictures ord.		5/-	*****	5/-	5/-	
A		1/6		1/6	1/6	
Hudsons Bay Co	Holiday	24/6	24/6	29/9	30/-	
Imp Tob of G B & I		136/-	135/-	136/-	136/-	
London Midland Ry		£121/2	£121/2	£123%	£131/4	
Metal Box		74/6	74/6	74/6	74/6	
Rand Mines		£9 ¾	£9 1/4	£91/4	£914	
Rio Tinto		£14	£141/2	£14%	£14%	*****
Roan Antelope Cop M.		19/-		19/-	19/-	*****
Rolls Royce		103/9	105/714	105/71/	106/3	
Royal Dutch Co		£37 %	£381/6	£36	£3814	*****
Shell Transport		£4516	£43%	£41/4	£43 1/8	*****
Swedish Match B		29/-	29/9	29/-	29/6	
Unilever Ltd		36/6	00/	36/6	37/-	*****
United Molasses		21/9	23 /-	22/-	23/-	
Vickers		24/11/	24/41/6	24/9	24/101/	
Areas		£734	£734	£7 1/4	£73%	*****

THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of Oct. 26, 1938.

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,414,273 on Oct. 19 showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday. In the open market about £4,075,000 of bar gold was disposed of at the daily fixing during the week. The main proportion of the supplies available was taken for shipment to New York, but there was also some demand from the Continent and, on occasion, prices were fixed slightly above dollar parity.

Quotations—	Per Fine Oz.	Quotations-	Per Fine Oz.
Oct. 20	145s. 91/4d.	Oct. 25	_145s. 11d.
Oct. 21	146s. 2½d.	Oct. 26	_145s. 9d.
Oct. 21 Oct. 22 Oct. 24	146s. 1½d.	Average	_145s. 11.42d.
Oct. 24	145s. 11d.		

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold, registered from mid-day on the 17th inst. to mid-day on the 24th inst.:

Imports		Exports
British South Africa	£184,141	United States of America £5,077,370
British West Africa	271.697	Netherlands 441.542
British East Africa		Belgium
British India	183.750	France
Australia	127.364	Switzerland 108,772
Venezuela	27.284	Syria 5,290
Peru	53.524	Morocco
Egypt	35,648	Other countries 4.536
Germany	437.738	
Netherlands	256.395	
France	20,002	
Switzerland	26,459	
Other countries		

£1,663,937 £5.944.298 The SS. Comorin which sailed from Bombay on Oct. 22 carries gold to the value of about £317,000.

SILVER The week opened with a return to the American buying level which has, of course, varied slightly with movements in the exchange. However, on Friday and again yesterday, on both occasions as the result of moderate Indian bear covering, prices were fixed a shade too high to interest the bulk of American purchasers.

India has also sold and resold during the week but the general volume of business has not been large.

Failing any wide movement in the dollar-sterling exchange or the emergence of some fresh factor, silver prices are not likely, at least in the immediate future, to move far from the present level.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver, registered from mid-day on the 17th inst. to mid-day on the 24th inst.:

Imports

Exports

British South AfricaGermany Belgium France	£7,111 4,216 10,549 2,910	United States of America Denmark Sweden Germany	£61,890 1,840 2,000 5,700 1,644
MoroccoOther countries	x9,070 y3,632 813	Aden & Dependencies Other countries	y6,425 3,138

£38,301 x Coin of legal tender in the United Kingdom. y Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.

Quotations during the week: IN LONDON

-(Bar Silver per Oz. S Cash 2 Mo	s. (Per Ounce .999 Fine)
Oct. 20 19 11-16d. 19 1/4d.	Oct. 19 43 cents
Oct. 2119%d. 199-16	
Oct. 2219 11-16d. 19½d. Oct. 2419¼d. 19 7-16	Oct. 21
Oct. 2519 11-16d. 19 \(\)4d. Oct. 2619 \(\)4d. 19 7-16d.	Oct. 2443 cents
Average19.677d. 19.490d	

The highest rate of exchange in New York recorded during the period from the 20th to the 26th October was \$4.78 and the lowest \$4.74.

ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKET—PER CABLE

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

	Sat., Nov. 5	Mon., Nov. 7	Tues., Nov. 8	Wed., Nov. 9	Thurs., Nov. 10	Frt., Nov. 11	
	19%d.	19 9-16d.	19 9-16d.	19%d.	19%d.		
Gold, p.fine oz. 1	46s. 1d.	146s.134d.	1458.ll 1/4 d.		146s. 514d.	*****	
Consols, 214 %-	Holiday	£72%	£721/2	£72%	£72016		
British 31/2 %	7						
	Holiday	£99%	£9934	£99%	£9934		
British 4%			managed I was	-	77777		
	Holiday	£10934	£109%	£109%	£109¾		

The price of silver per ounce (in cents) in the United States on the same days has been: Bar N.Y.(for'n) Closed 42% U. S. Treasury (newly mined) 64.64 64.64 Holiday 4234 64.64 64.64 Holiday

REDEMPTION CALLS AND SINKING FUND NOTICES

Below will be found a list of bonds, notes and preferred stocks of corporations called for redemption, together with sinking fund notices. The date indicates the redemption or last date for making tenders, and the page number gives the location in which the details were given in the "Chronicle":

Company and Issue—	Date	Page
Addressograph-Multigraph Corp., serial debentures	Dec. 15	2520
*Akron Barberton Belt RR., 1st mtge. 4% bonds	Dec. 1	3002
Alleghany Corp., 20-year 5s, 1930		2382 2673
Altoona & Logan Valley Electric Ry. 1st lien 4s	Nov. 29	2673
Aluminum, Ltd., 5% sinking fund debentures	Jan.	2521
Athens Railway & Electric Co., 1st mtge. 5s 1950	Jan. 1	2860
Chippens Pop or Co. let mige. 68 1941	Dec. 1	2861
Cincinnati Gas & Flectric Co. 1st mtgs. bonds 1067	Dec. 1	2678 2862
*Akron Barberton Belt RR., 1st mtge. 4% bonds. Alleghany Corp., 20-year 5s, 1930. Altoona & Logan Valley Electric Ry. 1st lien 4s. Aluminum, Ltd., 5% sinking fund debentures. Athens Railway & Electric Co., 1st mtge. 5s 1950. Budd Realty Corp., 1st mtge. 6s 1941 Chippewa Power Co. 1st mtge. bonds. Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co., 1st mtge. bonds 1967. *Cleveland Cinc. Chicago & St. L. Ry. 1st mtge. bonds. Colon Development Co., Ltd. 6% pref. stock. *Connecticut Ry. & Lighting Co. 1st mtge. 4½s. Detroit City Gas Co. (Michigan Consolidated Gas Co.): 1st mtge. 6s srries A.	Nov 15	3009
Colon Development Co., Ltd. 6% pref. stock	Nov 15	2387
*Connecticut Ry. & Lighting Co. 1st mtge, 41/68	Jan. 1	2011
Detroit City Gas Co. (Michigan Consolidated Gas Co.): 1st mtge. 5s, series A 1st mtge. 5s, series B Dominion Gas Co., 5% coll. trust bonds, East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co.— First mortgage bonds, series A & B Flat (Turin, Italy) 7% bonds, 1946 Fairbanks, Morse & Co. preferred stock. Frick-Reid Supply Corp., 15-yr. 6% debs. 1943 Gair Realty Corp., 1st mtge. 5s Hackensack Water Co., ref. mtge. 5s, 1977 First mortgage 4s 1952 *Hines Land & Timber Co.—1st mtge. bonds. Conv. & non-conv. scrip certificates *Holly Sugar Corp. preferred stock Indiana General Service Co., 5% 30-year 1st mtge. bds. International Paper Co., 1st mtge. 5s Michigan Consolidated Gas Co. Midil RR. Co. 4% bonds, 1960		0022
1st mtge. 6s, srries A.	Dec. 9	2399
1st mtge. 5s, series B	Dec. 9	2399
Dominion Gas Co., 5% coll. trust bonds,	Jan. 1, '39	1034
East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co.—	To- 1 100	000
First mortgage bonds, series A & B.	Jan. 1, 39	268
Fairbanks Morse & Co. professed stock	Nov 15	2683 1775
Frick-Reid Supply Corp. 15-yr 6% debt. 1043	Dec 1	2866
Gair Realty Corn 1st mtge 5a	Jan 1	2866
Hackensack Water Co., ref. mtge, 5s. 1977	Dec. 15	2533
First mortgage 4s 1952	Apr. 26 '39	2533
*Hines Land & Timber Co.—1st mtge, bonds	Nov. 30	3016
Conv. & non-conv. scrip certificates	Nov. 30	3016 3016
*Holly Sugar Corp. preferred stock	Nov. 19	3016
Indiana General Service Co., 5% 30-year 1st mtge. bds.	Jan. 1	2395
International Paper Co., 1st mtge. 5s	Nov. 14	2868
Michigan Consolidated Gas Co. Midi RR. Co. 4% bonds, 1960. Nashville Railway & Light Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1953. National Acme Co. 1st mtge. 4½s, 1946. National Steel Corp., 1st mtge. 43 1965. New York Shipbuilding Corp., 1st mtge. 5s 1946. Ohio Power Co., 1st mtge. 4½s 1956. Okonite Co., 15-year 5½s, 1942. Paris-Orleans RR. 6% bonds, 1956. Pennsylvania Glass San Corp., 1st mtge. 4½s, 1960. Pennsylvania Water & Power Co., 1st mtge. 4½s, 1968. Phelps Dodge Corp. 3½% debentures, 1954.	Dec. 9	2399
Macharillo Pollman & Light Co. 1st rates 5s 1052	Dec. 1	2691 2695
National Acme Co. 1st mtga 41/e 1046	Doc 1	2695
National Steel Corn 1st mage, 4728, 1940	Dec. 1	2871
New York Shipbuilding Corp., 1st mtge, 5s 1946	Nov. 25	2871
Ohio Power Co., 1st mtge, 41/68 1956	Dec. 1	2873 2873
Okonite Co., 15-year 51/28, 1942	Dec. 1	2873
Paris-Orleans RR. 6% bonds, 1956	Dec. 1	2698
Pennsylvania Glass San Corp., 1st mtge. 41/s, 1960	Dec. 1	2873 2873
Pennsylvania Water & Power Co., 1st mtge. 41/28, 1968.	Dec. 3	2873
Phelps Dodge Corp. 3½% debentures, 1954	Dec. 15	2699
Platte Valley Telep. Corp. 1st mtge. 6s, 1947	Jan. 1	3025 2874
Public Service Co. of Nov. III. let lien & ref. bonds:	Dec. 1	2014
Pennsylvania Water & Power Co., 1st mtge. 4½s, 1968. Phelps Dodge Corp. 3½% debentures, 1954 *Platte Valley Telep. Corp. 1st mtge. 6s, 1947 Power Securities Corp., collateral trust 6s. Public Service Co. of Nor. Ill. 1st lien & ref. bonds: Series D. Series E.	Nov 25	2600
Series I	Nov. 25	2600
Series E	Jan. 3	2600
Series F *Riordon Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd., 30-year 1st mtge. 6s Ban Antonio Public Service Co., 1st mtge. 6s Sibley Manufacturing Co., 1st mtge. 7s Spang Chalfant & Co., Inc., 1st mtge. 5s *Sisters of St. Joseph in Arizona 1st mtge. 5½s *Turner Glass Co. 6% bonds	Jan. 3	2600
*Riordon Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd., 30-year 1st mtge. 6s	Dec. 31	3026 2875 2876
San Antonio Public Service Co., 1st mtge. 6s	Jan. 1 '39	2875
Sibley Manufacturing Co., 1st mtge. 7s	Jan. 1	2876
Spang Chalfant & Co., Inc., 1st mtge. 5s.	Dec. 10	2404 3027
*Sisters of St. Joseph in Arizona 1st mige. 5/18	Dec. 1	3028
*United States Cold Storage Co. 1et mtge 6g	Ian 1	3030
*United Wall Paper Factories Inc. 1st mage. 6s	Dec. 1	3030
Virginia Elec & Power Co., 1st & ref. mtge, bonds	Mar. 7	2406
Washington Gas Light Co., ref. mtge. 5s	Jan. 3	2878
Washtenaw Gas Co., 1st mtge. 5s, 1953	Dec. 9	2406
West Virginia Pulp & Paper Co. 1st mtge. 41/28	Dec. 1	2709
*Whitaker Paper Co. 1st mtge. 7s	Nov. 22	3031 2710
White Motor Co.—White Motor Realty Co. 6% debs	Dec. 1	2710
*Sisters of St. Joseph in Arizona 1st mtge. 5½s *Turner Glass Co. 6% bonds *United States Cold Storage Co. 1st mtge. 6s *United Wall Paper Factories, Inc., 1st mtge. 6s *Uriginia Elec. & Power Co., 1st & ref. mtge. bonds Washington Gas Light Co., ref. mtge. 5s Washtenaw Gas Co., 1st mtge. 5s., 1953 West Virginia Pulp & Paper Co. 1st mtge. 4½s *Whitaker Paper Co. 1st mtge. 7s White Motor CoWhite Motor Realty Co. 6% debs Ist mtge. 4s. B Ist mtge. 4s Ist mtge. 4s	Doc 1	2879
let mige, 48, B	Dec. 1	2879
Wisconsin Electric Power Co.— 1st mtge. 4s, B.————————————————————————————————————	Dec. 1	2879
A Annuary company this work	2200. 1	20.0
* Announcements this week.		

NATIONAL BANKS

The following information regarding National banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

COMMON CAPITAL STOCK REDUCED

Amt of I	Reduction
Oct. 31-Union Trust Co. of the District of Columbia, Washing-	
ton, D. C. From \$2,000,000 to \$1,000,000\$1	,000,000
CONSOLIDATION	THE STORY
	Amount

AUCTION SALES

The following securities were sold at auction on Wednesday of the current week:

By Crockett & Co., Boston:

By R. L. Day & Co., Boston:	
Shares Stocks	\$ per Share
50 Farr Alpaca Co., par \$50	3%-3%
5 Metropolitan Petroleum of Oklahoma, par \$100	
100 South Street Trust, par 100	51/2
Bonds-	Percent
\$1,250 Robert Gair, Inc., 6s, 1972	45 flat
\$10,000 Old Colony RR, 4s, Jan, 1938 registered	9 flat

CURRENT NOTICES

-Albert Gautier and Michael Steiner have joined the sales staff of Leach Bros., Inc. -Philip B. McGhie is now in the sales department of J. W. Gould & Co.

DIVIDENDS

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid. Further details and record of past dividend payments in many cases are given under the company name in our "General Corporation and Investment News Department" in the week when declared.

The dividends announced this week are:

The dividends uniousless this week		1	1
Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	of Record
Abbotts Dairies, Inc. (quar.)	25e	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Achortis Dairies, Inc. (quar.) Acme Steel Co. (quar.) Alabama Water Service Co. \$6 pref. (quar.) Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.	25c	Dec. 12 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 22 Nov. 20 Nov. 30 Nov. 15
Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co	37 1/2 c	Dec. 22 Dec. 1	Nov. 30 Nov. 15
American Business Shares, IncAmerican Enka Corp. (resumed)American Factors, Ltd. (monthly)	\$1 10c	Nov. 1	Oct. 31
Monthly American Gas & Electric Co. (quar.)	10c 35c	Nov. 1 Nov. 10 Dec. 10 Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Preferred (quar.) American General Corp., \$2 pref. (quar.)	@A 72	rou. I	Jan. 9
*2½ preferred (quar.)	623/2c 75c	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
American Thread Co., pref. (semi-annual)	1216c	Jan. 1	Nov. 30
American Public Service, 7% preferred Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	12 1/4 c †\$2 1/4 25 c	Dec. 1	Nov. 19
Arkansas Missouri Power, 6% pref. (8a.) Armstrong Cork Co., 4% pref. (quar.)	\$11/4 \$1 \$1/4	Dec. 15	Nov. 30 Dec. 1
\$2 ½ preferred (quar.) \$3 preferred (quar.) American Thread Co., pref. (semi-annual) American Public Service, 7% preferred Archer-Daniels-Midland Co. Arkansas Missouri Power, 6% pref. (sa.) Armstrong Cork Co., 4% pref. (quar.) Artloom Corp., preferred Asbestos Corp., Ltd. (quar.) Extra	50c	Dec. 31	Nov. 15 Dec. 15
ExtraBadger Paper Mills, 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1 ½ 75c \$1 ¾ \$1 ½ 8c	Dec. 31	Dec. 15 Oct. 21
Badger Paper Mills, 6% pref. (quar.) Bangor Hydro-Electric, 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/2	Jan. 2	Dec. 10 Dec. 10
6% preferred (quar.) Bankers National Investing, class A & B 60c. preferred (quar.)	15c	Nov. 25 Nov. 25	Nov. 10 Nov. 10
Barlow & Seelig Mfg., class A (quar.) Bastian-Blessing Co. (extra)	30c 20c	Nov. 25	Nov. 19 Nov. 15
Beech-Nut Packing Co. (special) Belding-Corticelli, Ltd. (quar.)	50c	Dec. 15 1 Jan. 3 1	Nov. 22 Dec. 15
Bankers National Investing, class A & B. 60c. preferred (quar.) Barlow & Seelig Mfg., class A (quar.) Bastian-Blessing Co. (extra) Beech-Nut Packing Co. (special) Beiding-Corticelli, Ltd. (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Bird & Son, Inc., 5% pref. (quar.). Birmingham Water Works, 6% pref. (quar.) Borg-Warner (special) Boston Woven Hose & Rubber Co., preferred Bridgeport Gas Light (quar.).	\$1 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/2 25c	Jan. 3 1 Dec. 1 1	Dec. 15 Nov. 21
Birmingham Water Works, 6% pref. (quar.)	\$112 1 25c 1	Dec. 15 I	Dec. 1 Nov. 29
Boston Woven Hose & Rubber Co., preferred	50e 1 10c 2	Dec. 15 I Dec. 30 I	Dec. 1 Dec. 15
Brown Fence & Wire	10c 1 50c	Nov. 30 1	Nov. 15
Butler Water Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1 1 I	Dec. 15 I	Dec. 16
Preferred (quar.)	\$114	an. 2 I	Dec. 16
Comment Co. Inc. class A	\$1 1/4 1 \$1 1/4 1 \$1 1/4 1	Dec. 24 I	Dec. 20
Canadian Car & Foundry, preferred. Carter (Wm.) Co., Inc., 6% pref. (quar.) Cattawissa RR. Co., 5% 1st & 2nd pref. (sa.) Central & South West Utilities, \$7 prior lien	44c J	an. 10 I	Dec. 23
Cattawissa RR. Co., 5% 1st & 2nd pref. (sa.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$123	Nov. 22 N	ov. 7
\$6 prior lien	Sig t	ec. 20 N	ov. 30
Sentral & South West Utilities, \$7 prior liea. \$6 prior liea. Champion Hardware Co. (quar.) Clity of New Castle Water Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Clark Equipment Co. (resumed) Preferred (quar.) Coca-Cola Co. Extra. Class A.	150c	Dec. 1 N	ov. 15
Clark Equipment Co. (resumed)	\$1½ C 25c \$1¾ C 75c	ec. 15 N	ov. 18 ov. 28
Coca-Cola Co	75c	ec. 15 D	ov. 28
Extra Class A Coca-Cola International Corp. (year-end)\$	\$11/5	ec. 15 D	ec. 2
Coca-Cola International Corp. (year-end) 3. Class (semi-ann.) Collins & Aikman Corp.	\$3 25c D	ec. 15 D	ec. 2 ec. 2
Preferred (quar.)	50c D	ec. 1 N	ov. 18 ov. 18
Collins & Alkman Corp. Preferred (quar.). Consolidated Paper Co. (resumed) Consolidated Rendering Co. (irregular) Continental Can Co., Inc., \$4½ pref. (quar.). Extra	50c D	ec. 1 N ov. 14 N	ov. 21 ov. 8
Continental Can Co., Inc., \$4½ pref. (quar.) Continental Casualty (quar.)	\$1 N 11/4 Ja 30c D	ec. 1 N	ec. 10 ov. 15
Continental Oil Co	40c D 25c D	Dec. 1 Jan. 2 Nov. 25 Dec. 15 Jan. 3 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Nov. 25 Dec. 15 Jan. 3 Jan.	ov. 15 ec. 2
Creole Petroleum Corp	25c D 25c D	ec. 15 No	ov. 30 ov. 30
Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., Ltd	\$3 D 25c N	ec. 1 No	ov. 14 ov. 16
Cushman's Sons, 7% preferred	7 1/2 D \$25 D	ec. 15 No	ov. 19
Capital distribution	\$25 Ja \$1 14 D	n. 16 No	ov. 30 ov. 19
Creole Petroleum Corp. Extra. Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., Ltd. Curtis Mfg. Co. (monthly) Cushman's Sons, 7% preferred. Davis Coal & Coke Co., capital (distribution) Dayton Power & Light Co., 4½% preferred. Dictaphone Corp. Preferred (quar.) Diversified Investment Fund, class A. East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co.— 7% preferred (quar.). 6% preferred (quar.). Eastman Kodak Co. (quar.) Eastman Kodak Co. (quar.) Eastern Utilities Assoc. (quar.) Electric Boat Co. Electrical Products Corp. Electrical Products Corp. Electrolux Corp. (quar.) En Paso Natural Gas. preferred (quar.) Empire Capital Corp., class A (quar.)	25c D	ec. 15 No ec. 1 No ov. 23 No ec. 1 No ec. 15 No ec. 1 No ec. 1 No ec. 1 No ec. 1 No ec. 1 No	ov. 10
Diversified Investment Fund, class A East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co.—	4c /N		0
7% preferred (quar.)	\$1% B	ec. 1 No ec. 1 No n. 3 De	ov. 18
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/2 Ja \$1 1/2 Ja	n. 3 De n. 3 De	c. 6
Electric Boat Co	50c No 60c D	ov. 15 No ec. 8 No	ov. 9 ov. 23*
Electrical Products Corp.	50c No 40c D	ov. 25 No ec. 15 No	ov. 14 ov. 15
El Paso Natural Gas, preferred (quar.) Empire Capital Corp., class A (quar.)	10c No	ov. 30 No	v. 18
Class A (extra) Equity Fund, Inc. (quar.)	5c No	ov. 30 No	v. 15
Equity Shares (liquidating) Esquire-Coronet, Inc. (quar.)	30c Ja	ov. 29 No	v. 17
Empire Capital Corp., class A (quar.) Class A (extra) Equity Fund, Inc. (quar.) Equity Shares (liquidating). Esquire-Coronet, Inc. (quar.) Federal Compress & Warehouse Co. (quar.) Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., 6% pref. A. Ford Motor of Canada, class A & B (quar.) General America Corp. (quar.) General Motors Corp. Preferred (quar.) Golden Cycle Corp. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Preferred (quar.) Great Northern Paper (quar.) Extra.	40c De	c. 1 No	v. 17 v. 15
Ford Motor of Canada, class A & B (quar.)	75c De	c. 17 No	v. 26
General Motors Corp	75c De 114 Fe	c. 12 No b. 1 Jan	v. 17
Golden Cycle Corp	\$1 De	c. 10 No	v. 30
Preferred (quar.) Great Northern Paper (quar.)	25c De	c. 1 No	v. 10
Extra Green Mountain Power Corp., \$6 pref. Hanna (M. A.) Co., \$5 cum. preferred (quar.). Harbison-Walker Refractories, pref.	63c De	c. 1 No	v. 19
Hanna (M. A.) Co., \$5 cum. preferred (quar.) Harbison-Walker Refractories, pref	1 1 De	c. 1 No	v. 18
Hart-Carter Co. (resumed) Hawalian Electric Co., Ltd. (monthly) Hobart Mfg. Co., class A (quar.) Huntington Water Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	50c No 15c No	v. 25 No	v. 15 A
Hobart Mfg. Co., class A (quar.)	15c De	c. 1 No	v. 15 v. 18
6% preferred (quar.)	1 12 De	c. 1 No	v. 18 E
6% preferred (quar.) Illinois Central, 4% leased lines (sa.) International Nickel of Canada International Power Security \$6 pref. A Interstate Natural Gas.	50c De	c. 31 De	c. 12 c. 1 E
Interstate Natural Gas. Kansas City Stockyards of Maine (quar.)	SI De	c. 15 No	v. 30 B
5% preferred (quar.)	No No	v. 1 Oct	. 20 B
Kresge (8. S.)	30c De	c. 12 De	v. 17 e. 1 B
Lexington Water Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	1% De	c. 1 No	v. 18 B
Lockhart Power Co., 7% preferred (sa.)	31/2 Ma	r. 25 Ma	r. 25 v. 15
Macassa Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	5c De	. 15 No	v. 30 B
McKenzie Red Lake Gold Mines (qu.)	3c Dec	c. 15 Dec	v. 30 B
Interstate Natural Gas Kansas City Stockyards of Maine (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Kobacker Stores, Inc., preferred (quar.) Kresge (S. S.) Lesington Water Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Lesington Water Co., 7% preferred (sa.) Lockhart Power Co., 7% preferred (sa.) Lockhart Power Co., 7% preferred (sa.) Mid-Continent Petroleum Corp. Macassa Mines, Ltd. (quar.) Extra. McKenzie Red Lake Gold Mines (qu.) Midoo Oil Corp. vot. tr. ctfs. (qu.) Missouri Gas & Electric. Monarch Machine Tool. Montgomery & Erie Ry. Co. (semi-ann.) 17 Mt. Diablo Oil, Mining & Development.	\$1 Dec	ec. 1 None n. 3 De ec. 8 No ec. 18 No ec. 18 No ec. 11 No e	v. 30 v. 21 B
Montgomery & Erie Ry. Co. (semi-ann.) 17	15c No	v. 10 Oct	7. 21 B 31 B 7. 15 B
T. Diable On, Mining & Development	1c D60	. IINO	1. 15 B

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Munice Water Works Co., 8% pref. (quar.) Murphy (G. C.) Co. (quar.) Muskegon Piston Co. (resumed)	\$2 75c	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Murphy (G. C.) Co. (quar.)	75c 50c	Dec. 1	Nov. 19 Nov. 23 Nov. 30 Nov. 14
Muskegon Piston Co. (resumed) National Transit Nebraska Power Co., 7% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) (quar.) New Mexico Gas Co., common 6% cumul. preferred (quar.) Northland Greyhound Lines, Inc. 6½% conv. preferred (quar.) North Pennsylvania RR. (quar.)	40c	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Nebraska Power Co., 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$135	Dec. 1	Nov. 14
6% preferred (quar.)	\$136	Dec. 1	Nov. 14
Newberry (J. J.) (quar.)	50c	Nov. 15	Nov. 14 Nov. 14 Dec. 10 Nov. 9 Nov. 5 Dec. 10 Nov. 14 Nov. 15 Dec. 1
6% cumul preferred (quar.)	\$11/2 \$21/2 \$15/4 \$1	Nov. 15	Nov. 9
Northland Greyhound Lines, Inc.	\$214	Nov. 15	Nov. 5
61/3 % conv. preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Dec. 20	Dec. 10
Ohio Oil Co		Dec. 15	Nov. 15
Preferred (quar.) Ohio Power Co., 6% preferred (quar.) Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., (quar.)	\$11/2 \$11/2	Dec. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Jan. 16 Dec. 20 Dec. 1 Jan. 3 Jan. 3 Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Ohio Power Co., 6% preferred (quar.)	811/2	Dec. 1	Nov. 7
Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., (quar.)	10c 50c	Dec. 1	Nov. 18
Preferred (quar.) Parkersberg Rig & Reel, pref. (quar.) Paymaster Consol. Mines, Ltd.	\$1%	Dec. 1	Nov. 21
Paymaster Consol, Mines, Ltd	1c 50c	Jan. 16	Dec. 31
Pennsylvania RR	50c	Dec. 20	Nov. 19
Pennsylvania RR Pennsylvania State Water, \$7 pref. (quar.) Penna. Water & Power Preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134	Jan. 3	Dec. 15
Preferred (quar.)	\$134	Jan. 3	Dec. 15
Preferred (quar.) Peoples Drug Stores, final Preferred (quar.) Pitt Oil & Gas Co. (resumed) Pittsburgh & Lake Eric RR. Procter & Gamble, 5%, pref. (quar.)	75c		
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 % 10c	Dec. 15	Dec. 2
Pittshurgh & Lake Erie RR	\$114	Dec. 15	Nov. 19
Procter & Gamble, 5% pref. (quar.)	\$114	Dec. 15	Nov. 25
Public Electric Light Co. 6% pred. (qu.)	\$136	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Public Finance Service, Inc., \$6 pref. (qu.)	\$11/4 \$11/4 \$11/4 \$11/4 55c	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Reeves (Daniel), Inc. (quar.)	121/2c	Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Opt. div. of 1 sh. of pref. for each \$100 in			
Purity Bakeries Corp. Reeves (Daniel), Inc. (quar.) Opt. div. of 1 sh. of pref. for each \$100 in div. or cash. Preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Dec. 15	Now 201
Preferred (quar.) Reinhardt Brewery Co., Ltd Reybarn Co. (liquidating) Roxborough Knitting Mills, pref. (quar.)	15c	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Reybarn Co. (liquidating)	15c \$2½ 8c	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Roxborough Knitting Mills, pref. (quar.)	8c		
Roxborough Knitting Mills, pref. (quar.) Roxy Theatre, Inc., preferred (quar.) St. Joseph Water Co., 6% pref. (quar.) San Carlos Milling Co. (initial) Savannah Gas Co. 7% pref. (quar.) Spear & Co., preferred (quar.) 2d preferred (quar.) Standard Oil Co. (Indiana) (quar.) Standard Oil Co. (Ohio) 5% cumul. preferred Sterling, Inc. (extra)	37 1/2 c \$1 1/2 20c	Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Jan. 14 Dec. 20 Dec. 11 Nov. 25 Dec. 7 Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 17
San Carlos Milling Co. (initial)	20c	Nov. 15	Nov. 2
Savannah Gas Co. 7% pref. (quar.)	3 % c \$1 % \$1 % 25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 21
2d preferred (quar.)	21 22	Dec. 1	Nov. 22
Standard Oil Co. (Indiana) (quar.)	25c	Dec. 15	Nov. 15
Standard Oil Co. (Ohio)	25c. \$1¼	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
5% cumul. preferred	8114	Jan. 14	Dec. 31
Terre Haute Water Works Corp., 7% of (qu.)	\$136	Dec. 1	Vow 18
Standard Or Co. (Omb) 5% cumul. preferred Sterling, Inc. (extra) Terre Haute Water Works Corp., 7% pf. (qu.) Texas Hydro-Electric, preferred Toronto Elevator Ltd., 54% pref. (qu.)	10c 3134 †25c	Nov. 25	Nov. 18 1
Trust Shares of Amer. (registered)	66c	Dec. 7	Vov. 23
Coupon	7e 7e	Nov. 15	NOV. 5
Coupon United Biscuit Co. of America (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	25c i	Dec. 111	Vov. 14
Preferred (quar.)	8134	Feb. 1	an. 16
United States Commune Co. (commune)	15c 50c	Dec. 15 1	Nov. 30
Preferred (quar.)	\$134	Jan. 31	Dec. 13
United States Potash Co., Inc., 6% pref. (quar.)	134	Dec. 15 I	Dec. 1
Universal Winding Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	8134	Nov. 1	et. 21
United States Gyptam Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) United States Potash Co., Inc., 6% pref. (quar.) Universal Winding Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Van Raalte Co., Inc. 7% ist preferred (quar.)	50c	Dec. 113	lov. 18
Walker (H.) Gooderham & Worts (quar.)	81	Dec. 15 N	lov. 25
7% 1st preferred (quar.) Walker (H.) Gooderham & Worts (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	25c	Feb. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	lov. 25
Weisbaum Bros. Brower.	10c	Nov. 15 N	ov. 15
West Canada Hydro-Electric Corp.	200		
Cumul. partic. preferred (initial)13	1-3c	Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N	ct. 17
Western Public Service \$11/ prof A	25c I	Dec. 1 N	ov. 18
Wheeling Electric, 6% pref. (quar.)	13C 1	Dec. 1 N	ov. 14
Weisbaum Bros. Brower. Wentworth Mfg. Co., \$1 conv. pref. (qu.). West Canada Hydro-Electric Corp Cumul. partic. preferred (initial)	136 1	Dec. 1 N	ov. 18
Westweeth /B W VAA 0 /	0 au	Dec. 8 N	ov. 10

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. The list does not include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company	Per Share		Holders of Record
Acme Wire Co	25c	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
Aetna Ball Bearing (resumed)	25c	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Agnew-Surpass Shoe Stores preferred (quar.)	31%	Jan. 3	Nov. 1 Dec. 15
Albany & Vermont RR. Co	8112	Nov. 15	Oct. 30
Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.— Preferred (initial, quar.)		-	
Allied Laboratories (quar.)	\$134	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Allied Laboratories (quar.) Allied Products class A (quar.)	15c	Jan. 3 Jan. 2 Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Aluminum More Inc (quar.)	43%c 50c	Dan. 2	Dec. 14
Aluminum Mfrs., Inc. (quar) 7% preferred (quarterly)	\$1%	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
American Arch Co	25c	Dec. 1	Nov 18
American Arch Co. American Box Board Co., 7% pref. (quar.) American Can Co. (quar.) American Capital Corp. prior pref. (quar.)	134 %	Nov. 22	Nov. 18 Nov. 8 Oct. 25* Nov. 15
American Can Co. (quar.)	\$1	Nov. 15	Oct. 25*
American Capital Corp. prior pref. (quar.)	\$134	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
American Unicie Co. (quar.)	\$1	Dec. 15	Dec. 2
Extra	\$1	180 48	T
American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (qu.)	3134	Dec. 1	Nov. 25 Nov. 15* Nov. 18 Nov. 18 Nov. 5 Oct. 31
American Home Products Corp. (monthly)	20c	Dec. 1	Nov. 15*
American Metal Co., Ltd.	25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 18
Preferred (quar.)	\$11% 25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 18
American News Co. (bi-monthly)	250	Nov. 15	Nov. 5
American Re-Insurance Co	40c 50c	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
American Smelting & Refining Co. (quar.)	5UC		
American Thermos Bottle pref. (quar.) American Tobacco Co. com. & com. B (quar.)	87 14c \$114 5% 20c	Jan. 2 Dec. 1 Nov. 23 Nov. 25	Dec. 20
Angle-Ironian Oil Am den rea (interim	1 24	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Anglo-Iranian Oil Am. dep. rec. (interim)	300	Nov. 23	Oct. 28
Argo-Oil (irregular) Associated Dry Goods 1st pref. (quar.)	200	Dec. 1	Nor 10
		Nov 15	Nov. 1
\$6 1st preferred	42c	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Atlas Powder Co.	75c	Dec. 10	Nov 20
Atlantic Refining Co. (quar.)	25c	Dec. 15	Nov. 22
\$6 1st preferred Atlante Refining Co. (quar.) Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Bandini Petroleum Co. (quar.) Bangor & Aroostook RR. (quar.)	5c	Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 10 Dec. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 21 Jan. 1	Nov. 15
6% preferred (quar.)	15c	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Bandini Petroleum Co. (quar.)	3c	Nov. 21	Nov. 2
Bangor & Aroostook RR. (quar.)	62c	Jan. 1 Jan. 1	Nov. 29
Preferred (quar.) Bank of America (Los Angeles) (quar.) Bankers & Shippers Insurance (N. Y.) (quar.)		Jan. 1	Nov. 29
Bank of America (Los Angeles) (quar.)	60c	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Bankers & Snippers Insurance (N. Y.) (quar.)	51 14	Nov. 17 Nov. 15	Nov. 7
Beacon Mfg. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1 14 \$1 14 12 14c 25c	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
Bellows & Co. class A (quar.)	12720	Nov. 30 Dec. 16	Nov. 4
Root & Co. (irrogular)	40c	Nov. 15	Dec. 1
Best & Co. (irregular). Bethlehem Steel Corp., 7% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.)	2134	Jan. 3	Dec. 25
5% preferred (quar.)	\$134 25c	Jan. 3	Dec. 2 Dec. 2
Blauners, Inc. (quar.)	75e	Nov. 15	
Blauners, Inc. (quar.) Blue Ridge Corp., preferred Opt., 1-32nd sh. of com. for each pref. or cash.	75c		Nov. 5
Opt., 1-32nd sh. of com. for each pref. or cash.		200.	
Borg-Warner (special)	25c	Dec. 15	Nov. 20
Borg-Warner (special) Boss Manufacturing Co. (quar.)	950	Mare 151	Q-4 94
	14c	Nov. 21	Oct. 31
Bourjois, Inc., \$2 % preferred (quar.)	68%c 7%c \$1%	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Bright (T. G.) & Co., Ltd. (quar.)	736c	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
6% Dreferred (quar)	\$11/2	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Bristol-Myers Co. (quar.) Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.) Brooklyn Teleg, & Messenger Co. (quar.)	60c	Nov. 21 Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 1 Nov. 30 Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.)	\$2	Nov. 30	Nov. 10
Brooklyn Teleg, & Messenger Co. (quar)	\$114	Dec. 1'1	Nov. 19

Name of Company	Per Share		Holder of Reco
Brown Shoe Co. Buck Hills Falls Co. (quar.)	50c 12½c 50c	Dec. 1 Nov. 15	Nov. 18 Nov. 1 Nov. 28 Nov. 28 Oct. 28 Nov. 5 Nov. 10 Oct. 31 Dec. 15
Buck Hills Falls Co. (quar.) Buckeye Pipe Line (irregular) Buffalo Ankerite Gold Mines (quar.) Bunte Bros., 5% pref (quar.) Burroughs Adding Machine Co. Burlington Mills Corp. (quar.) Butler Bros. preferred (quar.) Byron Jackson Co. Calamba Sugar Estates (quar.)	\$1 16 \$1 10 \$100	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 28
Burroughs Adding Machine Co- Burlington Mills Corp. (quar.)	10c 25c	Dec. 5 Nov. 15	Nov. 5
		Nov. 15 Jan. 1	Oct. 31 Dec. 15
7% preferred (quar.) Calgary & Edmonton Corp., Ltd. California Packing Corp. (quar.)	300	Thee 95	Dec. 15 Nov. 15
California Water Service preferred (quar.)	\$25c 62½c \$1½ \$1½ \$1½ \$1½ \$25c \$156 \$156 \$156 \$156 \$156 \$156 \$156 \$156	Jan. 2 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Oct. 31 Oct. 31
Canada iron Foundries, preferred	‡37 ½	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Canada & Dominion Sugar Co. (new) Canada Foundries & Forgings, Ltd., A Canada Wire & Cable preferred (quar.) Canadian Investment Fund (ord. shares)	\$156 ‡3c	Dec. 15 Nov. 13	Nov. 30 Oct. 15
Canadian Oil Cos., Ltd. (quar.)	11275C 132	Jan. 2 Dec. 21	Oct. 20 Dec. 14
Caterpillar Tractor (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Central Illinois Public Service \$6 pref 6% preferred	50c \$1 1/4 †\$1	Dec. 1 Dec. 15 Nov. 13 Nov. 15 Jan. 2 Dec. 21 Nov. 25 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Lec. 1 Lec.	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
6% preferred Central Ohio Light & Power \$6 pref. (quar.) Central Vermont Public Service \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$11/5	Dec. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 19 Nov. 19
Central Vermont Public Service \$6 pref. (quar.). Centrifugal Pipe Corp. (quar.). Century Ribbon Mills. pref. (quar.)	\$11/2 \$11/2 10c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 5 Nov. 18
Centrifugal Pipe Corp. (quar.) Century Ribbon Mills, pref. (quar.) Chain Belt Co. Champion Paper & Fibre pref. (quar.)	\$134 20c \$134	Nov. 15 Jan. 1	Nov. 1 Dec. 15
Chester Water Service Co., \$5½ preferred (qu.)_ Chicago Yellow Cab Co. (quar.)	\$13%	Nov. 15	Nov. 5
Chemier Corp	50c	Dec. 1 Nov. 29 Dec. 12 Jan. 1 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 10 Nov. 14
Cincinnati Union Terminal 5% pref. (qu.)	50c \$1 ¼ \$1 ¼ †\$1 ½ 87 ¼c 12 ½c 12 ½c	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 5 Nov. 10
Special (guaranteed) (quarterly) Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Extra	121/2C	Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 10 Oct. 18 Oct. 18
Columbia Broadcasting System Inc.—	25c	Dec. 9	Dec. 1
Class A and B (quar.) Class A and B (special) Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.— 6% cumulative preferred series A (quar.)	10c		Dec. 1 Oct. 21
6% cumulative preferred series A (quar.) 5% cumulative preferred (quar.) 5% cumulative preference (quar.)	\$114 \$114 \$114	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 31	Oct. 21 Oct. 21
Columbia Pictures preferred (quar.) Commonwealth International Corp., Ltd. (qu.) Commonwealth Utilities \$6\forall pref. C (quar.) Community Public Service (irregular)	68%c 4c \$1%	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Oct. 15 Nov. 18
Companies Wift Internacional (quar.)	50c 50c	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Oct. 25 Nov. 15 Dec. 25
Connecticut Light & Pow. Co., 5½% pref. (qu.) Connecticut Power Co. (quar.)	\$1 % 50c 50c \$1 % 62 % \$1 % \$1 %	Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Consolidated Cigar Corp., preferred (quar.)_ Consolidated Diversified Standard Securities—	\$132	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Compania Swift Internacional (quar.) Confederation Life Assoc. (Toronto) (quar.). Connecticut Light & Pow. Co., 5½% pref. (qu.) Connecticut Power Co. (quar.). Consolidated Cigar Corp., preferred (quar.). Consolidated Cigar Corp., preferred (quar.). Consolidated Ciyar Corp., preferred (semi-ann.). Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. (quar.). Consolidated Edison Co. (year-end div.). Continental Can Co. (year-end div.). Copperweld Steel Co.	3714c 50c 20c	Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 10 Nov. 15	Nov. 30 Nov. 10
Continental Can Co. (year-end div.) Copperweld Steel Co. Corporate Investors, Ltd. (reduced)	50c 30c	Nov. 15 Dec. 10	Oct. 254 Dec. 1
5% preferred (quar.)	\$114	Jan. 14	Dec. 31
Crane Co. preferred (quar.) Creameries of America, Inc., preferred (quar.) Crowley, Milner & Co. prior preferred	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 87 1/4c †\$1 1/4 56 1/4 c 25 c	Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Nov. 25 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Nov. 30 Dec. 24 Dec. 15 Jan. 15 Jan. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 28 Jan. 2	Dec. 2 Nov. 10 Nov. 15
Crowley, Milner & Co. prior preferred. Crown Cork & Seal, Inc., \$2½ cum. pref. (qu.) Crown Cork & Seal Co., Ltd. (quar.)	56 ¼ c 25c	Dec. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 29 Oct. 31
Crown Zellerbach Corp. \$5 cum. perf. (quar.)	43 1/4 \$1 1/4 30c	Dec. 1 Nov. 30	Nov. 15 Nov. 18
Crum & Forster Insurance Shares A & B Preferred (quar.) Crum & Forster pref. (quar.) Cuneo Press, Inc. 6½% pref. (quar.) Darby Petroleum Corp. (semi-annual) Deere & Co. preferred (quar.) Dentist's Supply Co. of N. Y. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$2 \$1 1/4 25c 35c 75c	Dec. 24 Dec. 15	Dec. 14 Dec. 1
Darby Petroleum Corp. (semi-annual) Deere & Co. preferred (quar.) Dentist's Surply Co. of N. (quar.)	25c 35c	Jan. 15. Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Deposited Bank Shares N. Y., series A			
Payable in stock. Detroit Gasket & Mfg., preferred (quar.) Detroit Gray Iron Foundry (semi-annual)	30c	Dec. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Nov. 15 Dec. 20
Detroit Motorbus Co. (liquidating) Diamond Match Company (quar.) Partic. preferred	10c 25c 75c	Nov. 21 Dec. 1 1 3-1-39	Nov. 10 Nov. 10
Partic. preferred Diem & Wing Paper, 5% preferred (quar.) Dr. Pepper Co. (quar.) Dominion & Anglo Investment Corp., Ltd.—	25C	3-1-39 Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 18
5% preferred (accumulated)	\$21/2 \$30c	Dec. 11 Nov. 15	Nov. 15 Oct. 31
Dominion Bridge, Ltd. (quar.) Douglas Aircraft Co. (resumed) Dow Chemical Co. Preferred (quar.)	\$2 % #30c	Dec. 1 I I Nov. 15 I Nov. 15 I Nov. 15 I Nov. 15 I Nov. 12 I Dec. 31 I I 3-31-39 6 30-39 6 Dec. 1 Nov. 18 I Nov. 18	Nov. 1
Preferred (quar.) Duquesne Brewing Co Early & Daniel Co., pref. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134	Nov. 12 N Dec. 31 I 3-31-39 3	lov. 2 Dec. 20 -20-39
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Eastern Shore Public Service Co. \$6 1/4 pref. (qu.)	\$1.2	0-30-39 6 Dec. 1 1	-20-39 lov. 10
\$6 preferred (quar.) Electric Power Assoc., Inc., class A & common Stock div. of ¼ of a sh. of com. stk. of Amer.	91 72	Nov. 18	ov. 2
Water Works & Elec. Co., Inc., for each sh. of class A & com. stk. held. In lieu of fractional shs., cash will be paid. Class A and common (additional cash div.)			
Ont dir of 44 1000ths of a corn sh or cosh	\$1 14 11	Nov. 18 N Dec. 1 N	lov. 5
Electrol, Inc., 6% preferred	†\$3 \$1	Nov. 28 N Dec. 1 N	ov. 1 ov. 19
Emsco Derrick & Equipment (quar.) Every Ready Co., Ltd. (Great Britain) ord stk.	56 x c 15c 15%	Nov. 25 N Dec. 1 N	ov. 8
Preference (interim) Ewa Plantation Co. (quar.) Ex-Cell-O Corp. (increased)	15% 1 5% 1 20c 1 20c 1	Dec. 1 N Nov. 15 N Dec. 22 D	ov. 5 ov. 4
Ex-Cell-O Corp. (increased) Faber, Coe & Gregg, Inc. (quar.) Fajardo Sugar Co Fajatdf Brewing Corp. (quar.)	50c 1 \$1 15c 1	Dec. 1 N	ov. 15
Extra	30c 1	Nov. 28 Nov. 28 Nov. 28 Nov. 25 Nov. 25 Nov. 25 Nov. 25 Nov. 30 Nov. 15 Nov. 1	ov. 15 eb. 13
Quarterly Preferred (semi-ann.) Faultiess Rubber Co	15c N 3c A 25c J	pr. 1 M	lar, 18 lec. 15
Federal Light & Traction preferred (quar.) Fire Assoc. of Phila. (semi-annual) Extra	\$1 % II \$1 P	Dec. 1 N Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 O	ov. 15 ct. 21
Discovered Income and Cla (Nowagh N I) (a a)	150 13	Nov. 15 O. Dec. 31 D	ct. 20 ec. 24
First National Bank of Jersey City (quar.) First National Bank (Toms River, N. J.) (quar.) Fishman (M. H) Co. (quar.) Florida Power Corp., 7% preferred (quar.) The correct Sulphus Co. (quar.)	15c I \$1% I	an. 3 D Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N	ec. 28 ov. 15 ov. 15
7% preferred (quar.) Freeport Sulphur Co. (quar.) Gatineau Power Co. (quar.)	1% II 87 4c J 15c II 87 4c II 87 4c II 50c II 20c II \$1 14 J	Nov. 15 O Dec. 31 D Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Dec. 15 N an. 1 D	ov. 15 ov. 15 ov. 19
Preferred (quar.)	\$1½ J	an. 1D	ec. 1

Name of Company	Per	When	Holders of Record
		Non 15	Non "
General Acceptance Corp. \$1½ pref. (quar.) 6% conv. preference (quar.)	30c	Nov. 15	Nov. 5
General Cigar Co., Inc., preferred		Nov. 15	Nov. 15 Oct. 25
General Foods Corp. (quar.) General Metals Corp. (quar.) General Outdoor Advertising, class A	25c \$1	Nov. 15 Dec. 22	Oct. 31 Dec. 15
Preferred (quar.) General Tire & Rubber Co	\$1 1/2 50c	Nov. 15 Nov. 25	Nov. 5 Nov. 15
Georgia RR. & Banking Co. (quar.)	\$214 \$134 \$114	Jan. 15	Jan. 1 Nov. 18
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., \$5 pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c	Dec. 15	Nov. 15
General Outdoor Advertising, class A Preferred (quar.) General Tire & Rubber Co. Georgia RR. & Banking Co. (quar.) Globe-Democratic Publishing Co. 7% pref. (qu.) Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., \$5 pref. (quar.) Gorham Mfg. Co. common Gossard (H. W.) Co. Grand Union Co preferred Graton & Knight Co. 7% pref. (quar.) \$1.80 prior preferred (sa.) Great Lakes Dredge & Dock (quar.)	50c	Nov. 21	Nov. 5 Nov. 5 Nov. 15 Oct. 25 Oct. 31 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Jan. 1 Nov. 18 Nov. 18 Dec. 1 Nov. 10 Nov. 10
Graton & Knight Co. 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1% 90c	Nov. 15	Oct. 29
Extra	81	Nov. 15	Nov. 2
Great Western Electro-ChemicalGreene Cananea Copper	80c	Nov. 15	Nov. 5
Gunnar Gold Mines, Ltd.	30	INOV. 15	Oct. 31
Gurd (Chas.) & Co., pref. (quar.) Hackensack Water (semi-ann.)	\$134 75c		Nov. 16
Hale Bros. Stores (quar.)	25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
7% preferred (quar.) Hale Bros. Stores (quar.) Hamilton Watch Co., preferred (quar.) Hamilton Watch Co., preferred (quar.) Hamnermill Paper Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Hancock Oil Co. of Calif. A and B (quar.) Class A and B (extra) Havana Electric & Utilities Co. pref.	43 % c 25 c \$1 1/2 \$1 1/2 50 c	Jan. 3	Dec. 15
Class A and B (extra) Hayana Electric & Utilities Co. pref	25c †75c \$13	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. (quar.) Heileman (G.) Brewing Co. (quar.) Hercules Powder Co., pref. (quar.)		Jan. 3	Dec. 16*
Hercules Powder Co., pref. (quar.) Hershey Chocolate (quar.)	1 1/4 % 75c	Nov. 15	Nov. 4
Preferred (quar.) Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)	31	Dec. 1 Jan. 3 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Jan. 3 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 25 Dec. 30 Dec. 1 Nov. 25 Dec. 1	Oct. 25
Monthly		Dec. 30	Dec. 20
Holt (Henry) & Co. partic. class A.	45c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Hires (Chas. E.) Co., class A com. (quar.) Holt (Henry) & Co. partic. class A. Homestake Mining Co. (monthly) Hooven & Allison Co., 5% pref. (quar.) Horn (A. C.) Co.—	3716c \$114	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
	8%c \$1.45	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
7% non-cum. prior partic. preferred (quar.) 6% non-cum. 2d partic. preferred (quar.) Horn & Hardart (N. Y.), preferred (quar.) Household Finance Corp. (quar.)	\$1 1/4	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
	\$1	Dec. 6	Nov. 29
Howey Gold Mines, Ltd. (interim)	\$114 4c	Dec. 1	Oct. 31
Preferred (quar.) Howey Gold Mines, Ltd. (interim) Hudson Bay Mining & Smelting Co., Ltd Idaho Maryland Mines (monthly) Illuminating & Power Securities Corp 7% preferred (quar.)	‡75c 5c	Dec. 1 Jan. 14 Dec. 6 Jan. 14 Dec. 1 Dec. 12 Nov. 21	Nov. 10
7% preferred (quar.)	31%	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
7% preferred (quar.) Imperial Life Assurance Co. (Canada) (quar.) Indiana Assoc. Telep. Corp., \$6 pref.(qu.) Indiana Pipe Line Co.	\$1% \$3% \$1% 20c	Nov. 15 Jan. 3 Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Ingerson-Rand Co	\$11/5 50c	Dec. 1	Nov. 9 Nov. 15
Infand Steel Co	\$1%	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 4
Third liquidating payment	\$7.50	Nov. 16	Oct. 14
International Rys. of Central Amer., preferred_ Intertype Corp	\$1¼ 25c	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Intertype Corp. Iron fireman Mfg. v. t. c. conv. (quar.). Ironwood & Bessemer Ry. & Lt. Co. 7% pf. (qu.) Irving Air Chute (quar.).		Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Ditra	25c 25c	Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Nov. 15	Dec. 1
Island Mountain Mines, Ltd	50c	Nov. 23	Nov. 3 Nov. 10
Island Mountain Mines, Ltd. Jaeger Machine (resum 3d). Jantzen Knitting Mills pref. (quar.). Jewel Tea Co., Inc., (quar.). Kansas City Southern Ry, preferred. Kansas Pipe Line & Gas Co. Kemper-Thomas, 7% special pref. (quar.). Kendall Co. partic. preferred A (quar.). Kentucky Utilities, ir. preferred. Junior preferred (quar.). Keystone Custodian Fund B-2 (sa.). Kirkland Lake Gold Mining Co. (sa.). Extra	\$114 \$1 \$1	Nov. 15 Nov. 23 Dec. 21 Dec. 20 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 19 Nov. 19 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Dec. 6
Kansas Pipe Line & Gas Co	20c	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Kendall Co. partic. preferred A (quar.)	20c \$1 1/4 \$1 1/5 \$62 1/5 c 87 1/5 c 84 c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Junior preferred (quar.)	87 15c	Nov. 19	Nov. 1
Kirkland Lake Gold Mining Co. (sa.)	4c 2c	Dec. 1	Oct. 31
Riein (D. Emil) (quar.)	25c 6234c	Jan. 21 Feb. 1	Dec. 20 Jan. 20
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Kroger Grocery & Baking (quar.)	62 14c \$1 14 40c	Feb. 1 Dec. 31 Dec. 1 Jan. 2	Nov. 8
6% preferred (quar.)	\$1 kg	Jan. 2 Feb. 1	Dec. 20 Jan. 17
Kundsen Creamery Co.— \$1.50 cumulative classs A (quar.)	371/se	Nov. 25	Nov. 15
Lake of the Woods Milling, preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Doc 17	VOT 15
Kroger Grocery & Baking (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) \$1.50 cumulative class A (quar.) Lake of the Woods Milling, preferred (quar.) 1.6% cumulative preferred (quar.) 1.6% cumulative preferred (quar.) 1.6% cumulative preferred (quar.) 1.6% cumulative preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$125 25c \$134 \$1 6235c 25c	Dec. 11 Dec. 11	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
1 Landis Machine (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Lanston Monotype Machine Leath & Co., preferred (quar.). Lee (H. D.) Mercantile Co. (resumed) Lehigh Portland Cement Co. 4% pref. (quar.).	25c	Nov. 15 1 Dec. 15 1	Nov. 5 Dec. 5
Leath & Co., preferred (quar.)	62 1/3 c	Nov. 30 P De 3. 22 P	Nov. 18 Dec. 7
	25c \$1 2c	Nov. 15 1 Jan. 2 1	lov. 5 Dec. 13
Le Tourneau (R. G.). Inc.	2c 50c	Nov. 15 C Dec. 1	ot. 31 Nov. 15
	40c 40c	Dec. 1 1 Nov. 16 Nov. 30 Nov. 30 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Jan.	lov. 10 lov. 10
Special	\$1	Dec. 1 N	lov. 15 lov. 15
Line Material CoLink-Beit Co. (quar.)	20c 25c	Jan. 15 I Dec. 1	Dec. 27 Nov. 8
Preferred (quar.) Little Miami R.R. special guaranteed (quar.)	25c \$156 50c	Jan. 3 1 Dec. 10 1	Dec. 15 Nov. 25
Preferred (quar.) Little Miami RR. special guaranteed (quar.) Original capital Lobiaw Groceterias Ltd., class A and B (quar.)	\$1.10 25c	Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Jan. 16 I Jan. 3 I Dec. 10 N Dec. 10 N Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Nov. 30 N Dec. 31 I Jan. 3 I Dec. 22 N	lov. 25 lov. 10
Lock Joint Pine (monthly)	25c 1214c 67e	Nov. 30	lov. 10
Monthly 8% preferred (quarterly)	66c \$2 \$1%	Jan. 3 L	ec. 24
Monthly 8% preferred (quarterly) Loew's. Inc \$6½ pref. (quar.) Lone Star Gas	20c	Dec. 22 N	ov. 22
5% refunding participating pref. (quar.)	\$114	Dec. 1 N	Tov. 21 Tov. 21 Dec. 19
Extra Loose-Wiles Biscuit pref. (quar.)	\$1 14	Dec. 1 N Jan. 1 D Dec. 1 N	ec. 19
Ludiow Mfg. Associates	25c 31 ½ 31 ½ 31 ½ 31 ½ 25c 31 ½	Dec. 1 N Dec. 1 N Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 N	ov. 5
Lunkenheimer Co.	25c	Nov. 15 N Jan. 1 D	lov. 5
Lumbermen's Insurance (semi-ann.) Lunkenhelmer Co	\$134		
1st \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 50c	Nov. 15 O	ct. 31
Lynchburg & Abingdon Teleg. Co. (sa.)	\$3 43 % c *50c	Jan. 3 D	ec. 15
McIntyre Porcupine Mines (quar.)	*50c	Dec. 15 D	ov. 1
MacMillan Co. (quar.)	75c 1 25c 1 50c 1	Nov. 15 N Dec. 1 N	ov. 10 ov. 4
Madison Square Garden Maginn (I.) & Co. 6% pref, (quar.) Manhattan Shirt Co. Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.)	50c 1 25c 1 25c 1 20c 1	Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 O Nov. 15 N Jan. 3 D Nov. 30 N Dec. 15 D Nov. 15 N Oec. 1 N Nov. 30 N Nov. 30 N Nov. 30 N Nov. 15 N Nov. 16 N Nov. 16 N Nov. 17 N Nov. 18 Nov. 18 N Nov. 18 N	ov. 15
Manhattan Shirt Co	20c 1	Dec. 1 N Nov. 15 N	ov. 10 ov. 1
Masonite Corp. common (quar.)	10c 1 25c 1	Nov. 15 N Dec. 10 N	ov. 1 ov. 21
Preferred (quar.)	\$1% 1	Dec. 1 N	ov. 21

Name of Company	Per	e Payab	Holders
Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Co. (qu.)	- 8714	c Nov.	5 Oct. 27 5 Nov. 10 1 Nov. 15 5 Oct. 24 1 Nov. 15 5 Oct. 31 5 Nov. 15 5 Nov. 9 5 Dec. 5 1 Nov. 21 1 Nov. 21 1 Nov. 21 1 Nov. 21 1 Nov. 25
Matson Navigation Co. (quar.)	87 14 25 75 - \$1.6	e Dec.	Nov. 15 5 Oct. 24
Mead Corp., \$6 preferred A (quar.) \$5½ preferred B (quar.)	\$13 \$13 3715 15	Dec.	1 Nov. 15 1 Nov. 15
May Department Stores (quar.) Mayflower Assoc.(liquidating) Mead Corp., \$6 preferred A (quar.) \$5½ preferred B (quar.) Meadville Telep. Co. (quar.) Meier & Frank Co., Inc. (quar.) Merchants & Mfrs. Security A & B (quar.) Participating preferred (participating)	3712	c Nov. 1	5 Oct. 31 5 Nov. 1
Participating preferred (participating)	- 15 - 26 - 25	Nov. 1	5 Nov. 9
Messenger Corp. Metal Textile Corp. (initial) \$31/4 partic. preference (quar.)	81 10	Dec.	1 Nov. 21 1 Nov. 21
\$3 ¼ partic. preference (extra) Middlesex Water (quar.)	- 81 10 - 10 - 75	Dec.	Nov. 21 Nov. 25
Midland Grocery Co., 6% pref. (sa.)	500	Dec. 1	Dec. 26 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 21
Minneapolis Gas Light Co. (Del.) 6% pf. (qu.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1 kg	Dec.	Nov. 21 Nov. 21
\$3 ½ partic. preference (extra) Middlesex Water (quar.) Midland Grocery Co., 6% pref. (sa.) Midwest Oil Co. (sa.) Minneapolis Brewing Co. Minneapolis Gas Light Co. (Del.) 6% pf. (qu.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5½% preferred (quar.) \$5.10 ist preferred (quar.) Minneapolis Honeywell pref. (quar.) Regulator	\$1.27	Dec.	Nov. 21 Nov. 21 Nov. 21 Nov. 19
Regulator	500 \$214	Nov. 19	Nov. 19 Nov. 3 Nov. 10 Oct. 31 Nov. 1 Jan. 2
Monsanto Chemical Co., \$4 ½ class A pref. (qu. Montreal Light Heat & Power Co. (quar.)	750	Nov. 1. Nov. 1	Oct. 31 Nov. 1
Moore (W. R.) Dry Goods (quar.) Moran Towing 7% cum. partic. pref. (quar.) Morris Plan Insurance Society (quar.)	350	Jan. Dec.	Nov. 1 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 Nov. 26 Oct. 27 Nov. 18 Nov. 17 Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Morse Twist Drill & Machine Co	500	Nov. 15	Oct. 27
Motor Finance Corp. (quar.) Motor Wheel Corp. (quar.) Mountain Fuel Supply	20c 25c	Dec. 10 Dec. 8	Nov. 18 Nov. 17
Motor wheel Corp. (quar.) Mountain Fuel Supply Mountain Producers Corp. (sa.) Mueller Brass Co. (year-end div.) Muskogee Co., preferred (quar.) Mutual Chemical Co. of Am. 6% pref. (quar.) National Riscuit Co.	25e 30e 35e	Dec. 15 Nov. 23	Nov. 15 Nov. 9
Muskogee Co., preferred (quar.) Mutual Chemical Co. of Am. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$114	Dec. 28	Nov. 15 Dec. 15
Preferred (quar.)	\$134	Nov. 30	Nov. 15 Oct. 31
National Credit Co. (Md.), class A (quar.) National Lead Co., preferred A (quar.) National Power & Light Co., (quar.)		Nov. 15 Dec. 15	Nov. 1 Dec. 2
National Power & Light Co., (quar.)	15c 25c	Dec. 23	Nov. 1 Dec. 13
New York & Oueens Elec. Light & Power (qu.)	25c 50c	Dec. 10	Nov. 19
National Power & Light Co., (quar.) National Steel Corp. Neisner Bros., Inc. (quar.) New Jersey Zinc. New York & Queens Elec. Light & Power (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) Co. 5% preferred A (quar.) Nineteen Hundred Corp. class A (quar.)	\$114 \$114 50c	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 21 Nov. 16
Nineteen Hundred Corp. class A (quar.) Class B (quar.) Norfolk & Western Railway (quar.)	50c 121/sc \$21/s \$1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 10
Preferred (quar.) North American Aviation	\$1 40c	Nov. 19 Dec. 1	Nov. 1 Nov. 15
North American Edison Co. pref. (quar.)	\$116	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 10
Northwestern Public Service, 7% preferred	150	Dec. 1	Nov. 18 Nov. 19
6% preferred Northwestern Yeast (liquidating) Nova Scotia Light & Power preferred (quar.)	\$136 \$136 \$136 \$136 15c	Dec. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Monthly	15c 15c	Oct. 15 Nov. 15	Oct. 12 Nov. 12
Monthly Oahu Sugar Co. (monthly) Occidental Insurance (quar.) Oceanic Oil Co. (musr.)	15c 10c 30c	Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 16 Dec. 10 Dec. 10 Dec. 11 Dec. 1	Nov. 5
Ohio Public Service 5% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly)	41 2-3c 50c	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Oahu Sugar Co. (monthly) Occidental Insurance (quar.) Oceanic Oil Co. (quar.) Ohio Public Service 5% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 7% preferred (monthly) Ohio River Sand Co. 7% preferred Oil & Industries, Inc Participating preferred Oklahoma-Interstate Mining, preferred A. \$ Okonite Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Old Dominion Co. (Me.) (irregular)	58 1-3c †\$1	Nov. 22 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 10 Nov. 22 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Participating preferred. Oklahoma-Interstate Mining, preferred A\$	37 1/sc 1.57 1/s	Nov. 15 Dec. 10	Nov. 4 Dec. 1
Okonite Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Old Dominion Co. (Me.) (irregular)	30c 25c	Dec. 1 Nov. 22	Nov. 17 Nov. 4
Oklahoma-Interstate Mining, preferred A. \$ Okonite Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Old Dominon Co. (Me.) (irregular) Ontario Mg. (resumed) Ontario & Quebec Ry. (semi-ann.) Debenture (semi-ann.) Ontario Steel Products, preferred (quar.) Owens-Illinois Glass Co. Pacific Fire Insurance Co. Pacific Gas & Electric, 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% preferred (quar.) Parker Pen Co. Parker Rust Proof (quar.)	234%	Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 1 Nov. 1
Ontario Steel Products, preferred (quar.)	214% \$114 50c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Oct. 31 Oct. 29
Pacific Gas & Electric, 6% pref. (quar.)	3714c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 4 Oct. 31
Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Parker Pen Co Parker Rust Proof (quar.)	37 %c 34 %c 75c 25c 22 %c	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Oct. 18 Nov. 15
Preferred (semi-ann.)	2214c 35c	Dec. 1	Nov. 8
Preferred (semi-ann.) Peerless Woolen Mills, 6½% ist pref (sa.). Pender (D.) Grocery class A (quar.) Peninsular Telephone Co. common (quar.)	871/2c 40c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 19 Dec. 15
7% A preferred Penmans, Ltd. (quar.) Pennsylvania Power Co. \$6 preferred (quar.) \$6.60 preferred (monthly) Petroleum Corp. of America (trregular) Philling Petroleum Co.	75c	Dec. 1 Jan. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 5 Nov. 5
Pennsylvania Power Co. \$6 preferred (quar.) \$6.60 preferred (monthly) Petroleum Corp. of America (tracquiar)	\$114 550 250	Dec. 1	Nov. 21 Nov. 21
Phillips Petroleum Co. (quar.) Phoenix Acceptance Corp. class A (quar.)	50c	Jan 16 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 4
Phoenix Hosiery 1st preferred	12 1/2 c 87 1/2 c \$1 1/2	Dec. 1	Nov. 18 Nov. 12
Stk. div. of 16 shs. of com. for ea. sh. held	\$114	Nov. 15	Nov. 1 Nov. 15
5% conv. cum. pref. (quar.) Pillsbury Flour Mills (quar.) Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter Co. (quar.)	\$134 40c 10c 10c	Nov. 15 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 21 Nov. 21	Nov. 15 Nov. 1
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Eric RR.—	10c	Nov. 21	Nov. 1
Diese de W & Citteres D- Box 6	\$11/3 \$1/4 \$1/4 \$1/4	Dec. 1 1 1-3-39 4-1-39 7-1-39 10-1-39 1-2-40	12-10-38 3-10-39
7% preferred (quar.). 85% preferred (quar.).	11%	7-1-39	-10-39 9-10-39
Pittsburgh Suburban Water Service Co.— \$5½ preferred (quar.)	1 030527241	Nov. 15 1	
\$5½ preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry.— 7% preferred (quarterly)		Charles and the second	
7% preferred (quarterly). Polaris Mining (increased). Pollock Paper & Box Co. 7% preferred (quar.). Portland & Ogdensburg RR. (quar.). Potomac Electric Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.). 514% preferred (quar.).	\$134 500	Nov. 29 N Dec. 15 I	Nov. 4 Dec. 15
Potomac Electric Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% preferred (quar.)	\$134	Dec. 1 De	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Public Service Co. of Colorado 7% pref. (mo.)	50c 58 1-3c	Nov. 15 C Dec. 1 N	Oct. 25 Nov. 15
5% preferred (monthly) Public Service of N. J. 8% pref. (quar.)	41 2-3c	Dec. 1 N	Nov. 15
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134	Dec. 15 N	lov. 15 lov. 15
6% preferred (monthly)	50c	Nov. 15 C Dec. 15 N	ov. 15
Quebec Power Co. (quar.) Radio Corp. of America common	125c 20c	Nov. 15 C Dec. 14 N	oct. 25 lov. 7*
\$3½ cum. conv. 1st preferred. B preferred. Reading Co. first preferred (cure)	8716c	Dec. 14 N	lov. 7*
Potomac Electric Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% preferred (quar.) Procter & Gamble Co. (quar.) Public Service Co. of Colorado 7% pref. (mo.) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) Public Service of N. J. 8% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) Radio Corp. of America common \$3½ cum. conv. 1st preferred B preferred Reading Co., first preferred (quar.) Regent Knitting Mills, Ltd., \$1.60 pref. (qu.) Regina Corp.	40c	Dec. 1 N	lov. 18 lov. 15
Regina Corp. Republic Insurance Co. (Texas) (quar.) Republic Petroleum, preferred (quar.)	30c 68%c	Dec. 12 Nov. 29 M Dec. 15 I Nov. 30 N Dec. 1 Dec.	lov. 10 lov. 5
Commence of the Property of th		THE REAL PROPERTY.	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

Name of Company	Per Share	Daughla	Holders of Record
Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco Co	50c 50c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 25 Dec. 1 Nov. 25 Dec. 1 Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Jan. 3	Oct. 25 Oct. 25
Robert's Public Market, Inc. Rochester Gas & Electric, 5% pref. E (quar.) 6% preferred C and D (quar.) Rolland Paper Co. (quar.)	10c \$114	Dec. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 30 Nov. 10
60% proferred (dilar)	\$114 \$114 25c \$114 4.7c	Nov. 15 Dec. 1	Nov. 5 Nov. 15
Royalty Income Shares class A	4.7e 62½c 25c 75c	Nov. 25 Dec. 1	Oct. 31 Nov. 15
San Francisco Remedial Loan Assn. (quar.)	75c \$2	Dec. 15 Jan. 3	Nov. 30 Dec. 9
7½% debenture B (quar.) 7% debenture C (quar.) 6½% debenture D (quar.)	\$1 1/6 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/4	Jan. 3	Dec. 9
Scotten Dillon Co. (irregular)	†\$1 ½ 40c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 5
Searce Poobust & Co. (quar.)	40c 75c	Nov. 15 Dec. 10	Oct. 31 Nov. 10
Servel, Inc. Preferred (quar.) Shawinigan Water & Power (quar.) Shenango Valley Water Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Sherwin-Williams Co. Preferred (quar.)	25c \$1 1/4 20c	Jan. 3 Nov. 15	Dec. 17 Oct. 26
Shenango Valley Water Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Sherwin-Williams Co	500	Dec. 1	Nov. 21
Skelly Oil Co. Solvay American Corp. 54%, preferred (quar.)	\$11/4 50c \$11/4 \$11/4	Dec. 15 Nov. 15	Nov. 15 Oct. 15
Skelly On Co. Solvay American Corp. 51/3 % preferred (quar.) - Soundview Pulp & Paper 6 % preferred (quar.) - South Bend Lathe Works (quar.) - Southern California Edison Co., Ltd (Quarerly) - 4 % pref B (Cu.)	\$114 30c	Dec. 1 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Nov. 25 Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Southern California Edison Co., Ltd (Quarerly) 6% pref B (qu.)	3714c	Nov. 15 Dec. 15	Oct. 20 Nov. 20
(Quarerly) 6% pref B (qu.) Southern Canada Power Co., Ltd. (quar Spiegel, Inc., 5½% preferred (quar.) Stamford Water Co. (quar.) Standard Brands, Inc. pref. (quar.) Standard Cap & Seal (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	3714c 3714c 120c \$114	Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 15 Nov. 15 Dec. 15	Dec. 2
Standard Brands, Inc. pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 40c		
Standard Oil Co. (Calif.) (quar.)	40c 25c	Dec. 1 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15	Nov. 15 Nov. 15
Extra Standard Oil Co. (N. J.) (sa.) A div in cap stock of 3 shs of Standard Oil	10c 50c		
Extra Standard Oil Co. (N. J.) (sa.) A div. in cap. stock of 3 shs. of Standard Oil Co. for each 200 shs. \$25 par value held Stanley Works 5% pref. (quar.) Sterling Aluminum Products Sterling Products Inc.	31 ¼c 15c	Dec. 15 1 Nov. 15	Nov. 16 Nov. 4
Sterling Aluminum Products	50c 95c	Dec. 15 Dec. 11	Nov. 1 Nov. 15*
Sterling Products, Inc	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 25c \$1 1/2 10c 25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 15 Nov. 14
Sun Oil Co., common Preferred (quar.) Superior Tool & Die Co	\$1½ 10c	Dec. 13 Dec. 11 Nov. 20	Nov. 10 Nov. 10
Preferred (quar.) Superior Tool & Die Co. Sylvania Industrial Corp. (quar.) Tampa Electric Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Tenn-ssee Electric Power Co.—	25c 56c	Nov. 15 Nov. 15 Opec. 15 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Nov. 21 Nov. 15 Opec. 1 Nov. 15 Opec. 1	Nov. 12 Oct. 31
Preferred (quar.) Tenn-ssee Electric Power Co.— 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Jan. 3 1	Dec. 15
6% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	\$132	Jan. 3 I Jan. 3 I	Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15
7.2% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly)	50c 50c		
7.2% preferred (monthly)	60c	Dec. 1 N Jan. 3 N	ov. 15 lov. 15
Tenn-ssee Electric Power Co.— 5% preferred (quar.). 6% preferred (quar.). 7.2 preferred (quar.). 6% preferred (monthly). 6% preferred (monthly). 7.2% preferred (monthly). 7.2% preferred (monthly). Texas Guif Producing. Texas Hydro-Electric Corp. \$3½ cum. pref. Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. (quar.). Thatcher Mfg. Co., pref. (quar.) Tide water Associated Oil Co. (quar.).	15c 25c 10c	Jan. 3 I Dec. 1 M Jan. 3 M Dec. 15 M Nov. 25 M Nov. 15 M Dec. 1 M	ov. 18 lov. 18 lov. 10
Thatcher Mfg. Co., pref. (quar.) Tidewater Associated Oil Co. (quar.)	90c 25c	Nov. 15 N Dec. 1 N	
Timken-Detroit Axle, preferred (quar.) Timken Roller Bearing Tobacco Products Export Corp	\$1 % 25c 35c	Dec. 1 N Dec. 5 N Nov. 15 N Dec. 1 N	fov. 21 fov. 16 fov. 1
6% preferred (monthly)	50c	Dec. III	OV. 15
5% preferred (monthly) Trane Co. (no action) Preferred (quar.) Troy & Greenbush R.R. Assoc. (sa.) (Semi-annual y) Truax-Traer Coal Co. 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% preferred (quar.) Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp Preferred (quar.) Union Gas of Canada (quar.) Union Tank Car (quar.)	11 2-3C	Dec. 1 N	ov. 15
Troy & Greenbush RR. Assoc. (sa.) (Semi-annual y)	\$134 1	une 15 J	ec 1
5½% preferred (quar.) Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp	\$1% II	Dec. 15 D	ec. 1
Preferred (quar.) Union Gas of Canada (quar.)	37½c II ‡20c II 30c II	Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 N	ec. 1 ov. 21
United Dyewood Corp. pref. (quar.) United Engineering & Foundry Co	31 % J	an. 3 D Nov. 15 N	ec. 9 ov. 4
Preferred (quar.) United Gas Corp., \$7 preferred. United Gas Improvement (quar.)	\$134 N \$134 I 25c I	Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 D Dec. 15 D Nov. 15 N Nov. 15 N Dec. 22 N Dec. 22 N Dec. 21 N Dec. 21 N	ov. 4 ov. 10
	\$1 1/4 I	Dec. 22 N Dec. 20 N	ov. 29 ov. 30
United Light & Railways 7% prior pref. (mo.) 5	8 1-3cJ	Dec. 1 N an. 2 D Dec. 1 N an. 2 D	ov. 15 ec. 15
6.36% prior preferred (monthly)	50c I	Dec. 1 N	ov. 15
United Gold Mines Co United Light & Railways 7% prior pref. (mo.) 5 7% prior preferred (monthly) 5 6.36% prior preferred (monthly) 6.36% prior preferred (monthly) 6% prior preferred (monthly) 100 prior preferred (quar.) 100 prior preferred (quar.) 100 prior pr	50c J	an. 2D	ec. 15 ec. 20
United States Pipe & Foundry Co., com. (quar.) United States Playing Card Co	50c I	ec. 20 N	ov. 30° ec. 16
United States Steel Corp., pref. (quar.) United States Sugar Corp. preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$134 N \$134 J \$134 A \$134 J 25c D	ov. 19 Oc an. 16 Ja pr. 15 A	n. 5
Preferred (quar.) Universal Insurance Co. (quar.) Upper Michigan Power & Light Co.	\$112 Ji 25c D	Dec. 1 No. 1 Doc. 1 No. 1 Doc. 1 No. 1 Doc. 1 Doc. 1 Doc. 1 Doc. 1 Doc. 1 No. 1 Doc.	ly 5 ov. 15
6% preferred (quar.). Vapor Car Heating Co., Inc., 7% pref. (quar.).	A444 170		
Vick Chemical Co. (quar.)	50c D	ec. 1 No	ov. 15 ov. 15
Warren (Northam) Corp. \$3 pref. (quar.)	31 1/4 D 75e D 30c N	ec. 1 No ov. 15 Oc	ov. 15 t. 31
Walgreen Co. 4½% pref. ww (quar.) Warren (Northam) Corp. \$3 pref. (quar.) Washington Gas Light Co. (quar.) Washington Ry. & Electric Co. 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (sa.) Wentworth Mfg. Co. \$1 conv. pref. (quar.) Wesson Oil & Snowdrift, pref. (quar.) West Penn Electric Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	\$1 14 D \$2 15 D 25c N	ec. 1 No	ov. 15 ov. 15
Wentworth Mfg. Co. \$1 conv. pref. (quar.)	25c N 31 D	ov. 15 No	ov. 1 ov. 15
West Penn Electric Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) West Virginia Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.) Western Real Estate Trustees (Boston)	\$1 D \$1 \(\text{N} \	ov. 15 Oc ov. 15 No	t. 21 ov. 1
Western Real Estate Trustees (Boston) Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Professed (current)	50c N	eb. 1 De ec. 1 N.	ov. 21
Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Preferred (quar.) Westvaco Chlorine Products (quar.) Whitaker Paper Co. 7% pref. (quar.) White (S. S.) Dental Mfg. (quar.) Whitman (Wm.) Co., Inc., 7% preferred (quar.) Williams (J. B.) Co. (quar.) 75c. cum, preferred (quar.) Woolworth (F. W.) Co. (quar.) Worcester Salt Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly)	7½c N 25c D 81¾ Ja 15c N 81¾ Ja 25c N 80c D	ec. 1 No n. 1 De	ov. 10 c. 17
White (S. S.) Dental Mfg. (quar.)	\$134 Ja 25c N	ov. 15 Oc ov. 15 No	c. 17 ov. 7
75c. cum, preferred (quar.) Woolworth (F. W.) Co. (quar.)	25c N 60c D	ov. 15 No	v. 7 v. 10
Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly) Monthly			v. 19 c. 20
* Transfer books not closed for this dividend. † On occount of accumulated dividends.		Heykky	

† Transfer books not closed for this dividend.
† On occount of accumulated dividends.
‡ Payable in Canadian funds, and in the case of non-residents of Canada.
deduction of a tax of 5% of the amount of such dividend will be made.

Weekly Return of the New York City Clearing House

The weekly statement issued by the New York City Clearing House is given in full below:

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION FOR THE WEEK ENDED SATURDAY, NOV. 5, 1938

Clearing House Members	* Capital	* Surplus and Undivided Profits	Net Demand Deposits Average	Time Deposits, Average
	8		8	3
Bank of New York	6.000.000	13.552,100	160,227,000	9,194,000
Bank of Manhattan Co.	20,000,000	26,107,900	472,600,000	40,129,000
National City Bank	77,500,000	59,145,000	a1,583,390,000	169,655,000
Chem Bank & Trust Co.	20,000,000		510,984,000	6,034,000
Guaranty Trust Co	90,000,000	182,041,200	b1,433,053,000	52,876,000
Manufacturers Trust Co	42,305,000	45,129,400		98,474,000
Cent Hanover Bk&Tr Co	21,000,000	71,133,600	c783,827,000	45,050,000
Corn Exch Bank Tr Co.	15,000,000	18,549,700	255,752,000	25,015,000
First National Bank	10,000,000	108,404,000	487,038,000	2,450,000
Irving Trust Co	50.000.000	61.239,800	519,800,000	5,143,000
Continental Bk & Tr Co.	4,000,000	4,279,200	42,802,000	6,396,000
Chase National Bank	100.270.000	131,406,300	d2,174,081,000	45,629,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000	3,679,600	46,405,000	4,122,000
Bankers Trust Co	25,000,000	78,313,600	e818,512,000	34,190,000
Title Guar & Trust Co	10,000,000	1.055,600	12,896,000	2,433,000
Marine Midland Tr Co	5,000,000	9,088,100	102,455,000	5,906,000
New York Trust Co	12,500,000	27,938,900	337,472,000	22,149,000
Comm'l Nat Bk & Tr Col	7,000,000	8,229,500	80,133,000	2,868,000
Public Nat Bk & Tr Co.	7,000,000	9,238,600	84,406,000	52,173,000
Totals	523,075,000	913,814,700	10.398,881,000	629,886,000

Includes deposits in foreign branches as follows: a \$271,223,000; b \$85,256,000: c \$5,542,000; d \$112,642,000; e \$35,629,000. *As per official reports: National, Sept. 30, 1938; State, Sept. 30, 1938; trust companies, Sept. 30, 1938.

The New York "Times" publishes regularly each week returns of a number of banks and trust companies which are not members of the New York Clearing House. The following are the figures for the week ended Nov. 4:

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN CLEARING HOUSE WITH THE CLOSING OF BUSINESS FOR THE WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, NOV. 4, 1938 NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—AVERAGE FIGURES

17 = 1	Disc. and	Other Cash, Including Bank Notes	N. Y. and	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	8		3	8	\$
Grace National	23,579,900	114,100	8.040.100	2,252,500	29,972,100
Sterling National	21,878,000	490,000	7,288,000	2,425,000	28,219,000
Trade Bank of N. Y. Brooklun-	5,218,032	335,512	1,998,611	227,030	6,651,401
Lafayette National	6.744.800	288,900	1.670.800	420,100	8,272,400
People's National	5,150,000	111,000	623,000	692,000	5,938,000

TRUST COMPANIES-AVERAGE FIGURES

	Loans, Disc. and Investments	Cash	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	8	8		3	8
Empire	55,673,100	*6.505.100	11.019.300	2.943,400	66,680,400
Federation	9,460,419		1.455.496	1.656.955	10.723,310
Fiduciary	11,777,904		985,330	21,415	11,244,635
Fulton	19.302.000		372,200	245,600	20.982.000
Lawyers	28,525,200	*10,998,100			37,872,900
United States	62,791,781		*58,101,782	*****	91,452,568
Brooklyn	81,787,000	3,578,000	28,835,000	9,838,000	116,191,000
Kings County	33,323,729		14,910,003		44,188,410

Includes amount with Federal Reserve as follows: Empire, \$4,443,800; Fiduciary, \$667,795; Fulton, \$5,230,600; Lawyers, \$10,354,300; United States, \$40,403,797.

Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business Nov. 9, 1938, in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding date last year:

	Nov. 9, 1938	Nov. 2, 1938	Nov. 10, 1932
Assets	8	8	8
Cold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury.x. Redemption fund—F. R. notes	4,754,358,000 874,000 102,893,000		1,183,000
Total reserves	4,858,125,000	4,920,651,000	3,639,943,000
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations, direct or fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	2,278,000 322,000		6,917,000 2,218,000
Total bills discounted	2,600,000	2,649,000	9,135,000
Bills bought in open market	216,000 3,632,000		1,009,000 4,641,000
United States Government securities: Bonds	250,391,000 370,360,000 194,671,000	370,360,000	332,964,000
Total U. S. Government securities	815,422,000	815,422,000	729,064,000
Total bills and securities	821,870,000	821,910,000	743,849,000
Due from foreign banks Federal Reserve notes of other banks Uncollected items. Bank premises All other assets	64,000 3,472,000 126,559,000 9,808,000 15,451,000	69,000 4,612,000 143,849,000 9,808,000 15,149,000	7,168,000 198,309,000
Total assets	5,835,349,000	5,916,048,000	4,611,852,000
Liabilities— F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member bank reserve acc't U. S. Treasurer—General account Foreign bank Other deposits	991,040,000 4,252,888,000 101,027,000 78,266,000 161,571,000	984,961,000 4,341,321,000 102,543,000 72,730,000 153,692,000	948,408,000 3,035,501,000 64,485,000 98,706,000 148,146,000
Total deposits	4,593,752,000	4,670,286,000	3,346,838,000
Deferred availability items	128,241,000 50,903,000 51,943,000 7,744,000 8,210,000 3,516,000	138,651,000 50,903,000 51,943,000 7,744,000 8,210,000 3,350,000	195,151,000 51,077,000 51,474,000 7,744,000 9,117,000 2,043,000
	5,835,349,000	5,916,048,000	
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined Contingent liability on bills purchased	87.0%	87.0%	84.7%
for foreign correspondents	116,000	116,000	934,000
Vances	3,505,000	3,450,000	4,956,000

† "Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes or a bank's own Federal Reserve bank notes

x These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was, on Jan. 31, 1934, devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, giving the principal Items of the resources and liabilities of the reporting member banks in 101 leading cities from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The comment of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions, mmediately preceding which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

Commencing with the statement of May 19, 1937, various changes were made in the breakdown of loans as reported in this statement, which we described in an announcement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of April 20, 1937, as follows:

The changes in the report form are confined to the classification of loans and discounts. This classification has been changed primarily to show the amounts of (1) commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, and (2) loans (other than to brokers and dealers) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. The revised form also eliminates the distinction between loans to brokers and dealers in securities located in New York City and those located outside New York City. Provision has been made also to include "acceptances of own bank purchased or discounted" with "acceptances and commercial paper bought in open market" under the revised caption "open market paper," instead of in "all other loans," as formerly.

Subsequent to the above a nouncement, it was made known that the new items "commercial industrial and agricultural loans" and "other loans."

Subsequent to the above announcement, it was made known that the new items "commercial, industrial and agricultural loans" and "other loans ald each be segregated as "on securities" and "otherwise secured and unsecured."

A more detailed explanation of the revisions was published in the May 29, 1937, issue of the "Chronicle," page 3590

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN 101 LEADING CITIES BY DISTRICTS ON NOV. 2, 1938 (In Millions of Dollars)

Federal Reserve Districts-	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. Ctty	Dallas	San Fran.
ASSETS		8	8	8	8	8	8	3	8	8	8	8	
Loans and investments-total	21,408	1,137	8,651	1,149	1,842	887	588	2,993	691	376	649	526	2,139
Loans—total	8,327	585	3,350	418	653	667 237	588 301	828	314	163	251	243	984
Commercial, indus, and agricul, loans	3,899	264	1,541	182	240	107	167	466	198	81	151	158	344
Open market paper	347	66	150	23	11	11	3	35	4	5	18	1	20
Loans to brokers and dealers in securs.	728,000	25	584	18	26	2	- 6	41		1	4	2	11
Other loans for purchasing or carrying	120,000	20	901	10	20	0	0	41			-		**
	571	32	267	92	34	16	18	70	13	7	12	14	50
securities	1,164	82	222	33 58	171	31	90	78 93	48		23	21	381
Real estate loans	110	02	86	90	1/1	01	40	90	10	0	20	-1	901
Loans to banks	1.508	113	500	103	140	68	01	110	37	62	42	40	177
Other loans				103	169		81	110				100	718
United States Government obligations	8,132	390 30		346	816	324	156	1,449	218	157	221	186	117
Obligations fully guar. by U. S. Govt.	1,686		855	96	93	40	44	243	60	15	51	42	
Other securities	3,263	132	1,295	289 249	280	66	87	473	99	41	126	55	320
Reserve with Federal Reserve Banks.	7,116,000	343	3,953		358	147	102	1,135	159	70	160	111	329
Cash in vauit	419	140	77	16	38	17	11	63	11		11	10	19
Balances with domestic banks	2,466	145	176	175	278	153	141	405	130	115	272	211	265
Other assets—net	1,243	74	528	83	102	37	40	84	23	16	22	27	207
LIABILITIES													
Demand deposits—adjusted	15,766	1,047	7,165	773	1,107	427	340	2,380	433	277	486	416	915
Cime deposits	5,155	251	1,012	773 290	743	199	184	881	186	119	144	133	1,013
Inited States Government deposits	540	10	131	38	29	21	34	100	18	2	20	31	106
nter-bank deposit	0.0	-	-0-	-			-			_			
Domestic banks	6.219	249	2,651	321	357	253	226	904	281	120	365	215	277
Foreign banks	475	19	420	7	1	200	1	9	201	1		1	16
orrowings.	2	10	220	'	-		-	-		0.00	17 202000		1500
	822	26	386	16	19	26	8	21	5	7	3	6	301
Other liabilities	3,673	237	1.618	227	362	05	91	385	91	57	96	83	331

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The following was issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 10, showing the condition of the 12 Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. The first table presents the results for the System as a whole in comparison with the figures for the eight preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the 12 banks. The Federal Reserve note statement (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve Agents and the Federal Reserve banks. The comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the returns for the latest week appear in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS NOV. 9, 1938

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted	Nov. 9, 1938	Nov. 2, 1938	Oct. 26, 1938	Oct. 19, 1938	Oct. 12, 1938	Oct. 5, 1938	Sept. 28, 1938	Sept. 21, 1938	Sept. 14, 1938	Nov. 10, 1937
ASSETS Gold etfs on hand and due from U. S. Treas. x. Redemption fund (Federal Reserve notes) Other cash *	\$ 11,317,698 9,071 351,798	8,141	8,803	9,668	9,669	9,138	9,611	8,690	\$ 10,629,733 9,432 379,412	9,38
Total reserves	11,678,567	11,664,043	11,640,299	11,581,186	11,393,091	11,343,769	11,255,354	11,111,770	11,018,577	9,440,28
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Government obligations. direct or fully guaranteed	4,680 3,120		4,365 2,870	3,470 2,602			6,008 3,033		3,826 3,128	
Total bilis discounted	7,800	8,078	7,235	6,072	9,299	7,345	9,041	8,212	6,954	20,976
Bills bought in open market	545 15,163	15,148			15,507	541 15,455			540 15,847	19,332
United States Government securities—Bonds Treasury notes Treasury bilis	787,327 1,164,565 612,123	612,123	1,164,565 612,123	787,327 1,164,565 612,123	1,164,565	612,123	789,327 1,166,065 608,623	1,165,205 610,155	744,105 1,196,188 623,722	738,073 1,158,463 640,054
Total U. S. Government securities	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,536,590
Other securities Foreign loans on gold					*****					******
Total bilis and securities	2,587,523	2,587,782	2,587,127	2,586,074	2,589,362	2,587,356	2,589,274	2,588,450	2,587,356	2,579,730
Gold held abroad	176 22,447 556,371 44,203 49,544	180 21,908 621,464 44,202 48,917	180 23,103 586,654 44,282 48,567	180 24,375 718,302 44,305 47,732		180 23,569 632,117 44,304 47,853	180 26,494 560,579 44,348 47,607	181 27,031 610,821 44,405 46,715	181 27,292 739,744 44,407 57,002	173 25,427 638,847 45,365 41,720
Total assets	14,938,831	14,988,496	14,930,212	15,002,154	14,715,713	14,679,148	14,523,836	14,429,373	14,474,559	12,771,542
LIABILITIES Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member banks' reserve account	4,355,754 8,546,166	4,319,756 8,685,986	4,284,377 8,740,083	4,288,820 8,693,189	4,281,103 8,400,218	4,262,860 8,320,636	4,219,484 8,197,488	4,201,169 8,013,536	4,200,829 8,425,336	4,277,419 6,879,403
United States Treasurer—General account Foreign banks	577,766 218,033 312,482	575,944 201,272 224,845	584,153 212,494 161,598	609,102 197,372 144,453	703,407 199,462 176,287	770,086 195,056 150,924	864,481 183,225 153,686	917,078 195,499 146,010	346,305 166,660 249,328	139,237 272,742 209,879
Total deposits	9,654,447	9,688,047	9,698,328	9,644,116	9,479,374	9,436,702	9,398,880	9,272,123	9,187,629	7,501,261
Defected availability items Capital paid in Burplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13-B) Reserve for contingencies	575,025 134,003 147,739 27,683 32,707	627,645 133,992 147,739 27,683 32,707	593,878 133,988 147,739 27,683 32,707 11,512	716,050 133,983 147,739 27,683 32,707 11,056	601,672 133,954 147,739 27,683 32,741	626,685 133,985 147,739 27,682 32,741 10,754	552,626 133,998 147,739 27,683 32,741 10,685	603,701 133,998 147,739 27,683 32,741	730,948 133,991 147,739 27,683 32,775 12,965	642,771 132,541 145,854 27,615 35,742
Total liabilities.	11,473	10,927	14,930,212	15,002,154	11,447		14,523,836	10,219	14,474,559	8,339 12,771,542
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	83.4%	83.3%	83.2%	83.1%	82.8% 157	82.8%	82.6%	82.5%	82.3%	80.1%
Commitments to make industrial advances	13,318	13,320	14,541	14,537	13,696	13,599	13,597	13,553	13,481	13,522
Maturity Distribution of Bills and										
Short-Term Securities 1-15 days bills discounted 1-80 days bills discounted 11-90 days bills discounted 1-90 days bills discounted Over 90 days bills discounted	5,353 967 530 367 583	6,147 493 530 401 507	5,579 416 457 404 379	4,535 346 496 435 260	7,663 596 546 278 216	5,818 369 722 261 175	7,610 450 427 405 149	6,858 533 428 265 128	5,477 537 593 225 122	18,533 704 426 347 966
Total bills discounted	7,800	8,078	7,235	6,072	9,299	7.345	9,041	8,212	6,954	20,976
1-15 days bills bought in open market 6-30 days bills bought in open market 11-60 days bills bought in open market 11-90 days bills bought in open market 11-10 ver 90 days bills bought in open market	198 264 83	128 154 94 165	83 199 94 165	165 197 85 94	165 83 199 94	94 166 281	94 166 281	111 313 116	94 248 198	232 485 1,919 196
Total bills bought in open market	545	541	541	541	541	541	541	540	540	2,832
1-15 days industrial advances	1,338 308 947 463 12,107	1,273 326 738 553 12,258	1,283 277 640 766 12,370	1,361 226 718 702 12,439	1,110 356 547 891 12,603	1,131 453 573 847 12,451	1,303 108 743 663 12,860	1,250 158 757 653 12,865	1,104 355 576 473 13,339	1,032 337 916 791 16,256
Total industrial advances	15,163	15,148	15,336	15,446	15,507	15,455	15,677	15,683	15,847	19,332
1-15 days U. S. Government securities 6-30 days U. S. Government securities 1-60 days U. S. Government securities 1-90 days U. S. Government securities ver 90 days U. S. Government securities	95;810 11;1623 174,968 175,847 2,006,867	105,835 98,243 177,688 187,657 1,994,592	97,675 95,810 186,413 200,487 1,983,630	70,178 105,835 193,573 188,358 2,006,071	128,887 97,675 206,333 179,228 1,951,892	101,409 70,178 204,078 177,688 2,010,662	106,500 79,757 191,385 186,413 1,999,960	105,370 101,409 174,113 191,473 1,991,650	110,650 106,500 170,432 198,040 1,978,393	31,370 28,285 57,016 141,932 2,277,987
Total U. S. Government securities	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,536,590
1-15 days other securities										
Total other securities.					*****					
Pederal Reserve Notes	4,616,904	4,579,253	4,583,137	4,580,026 291,206	4,575,270	4,545,148	4,515,397	4,514,135	4,507,813	4,609,218
In actual circulation	261,150 4,355,754	4,319,756		4,288,820	4,281,103	4,262,860	4,219,484	312,966 4,201,169	4,200,829	331,799 4,277,419
Coliateral Held by Agent as Security for Notes Issued to Bank—	4,683,000 6,936			4,663,000 5,308	4,648,000 8,446	4,639,000	4,604,000 8,267	4,604,000 7,373	4,585,000 6,062	4,643,132 20,443 20,000

^{• &}quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes.

These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents on Jan. 31, 1934, these certificates being worthlass to the extent of the difference the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Concluded)

WREKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS NOV. 9, 1938

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Agent at-	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran
ASSETS	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	\$	\$	8	8	8	
Gold certificates on hand and due		077 610	4 754 950	520.984	720,336	362,024	971 047	2,133,294	334,381	245,761	317.652	209,358	792.88
from United States Treasury	11,317,698 9.071	501	4,754,358 874	502	1.064	1.292	209		912	636	568	228	
Other cash *	351,798	37,909		29,270	24,087	18,749	11,413		17,232	9,199	13,335	12,954	
Total reserves	11,678,567	694,029	4,858,125	550,756	745,487	382,065	282,669	2,180,979	352,525	255,596	331,555	222,540	822,24
Bills discounted:					6 V 1 10					TOWN I	100		12.00
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations.	4 600	32	2.278	857	266	99	153	110	208	128	134	137	27
direct and (or) fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	4,680 3,120		322	529	254	110	412	101	155	187	882	107	
Total bills discounted	7,800	32	2,600	1,386	520	209	565	211	363	315	1,016	244	33
Bills bought in open market	545	41	216	55	50	23	19	67	2	2	16	16	3
Industrial advances.	15,163	2,242	3,632	3,048	639	1,460	152	415	43	1,037	396	799	
U. S. Government securities—Bonds	787,327	59,255	250,391	68,403	79,168	36,947	32,096	84,870	32,792	17,446	34,774	28,943	62,24
Treasury notes	1,164,565	87,647	370,360	101,177	117,101	54,649	47,473	125,535	48,504	25,805	51,438	42,812	92,06
Treasury bills	612,123	46,069	194,671	53,181	61,551	28,725	24,953	65,984	25,495	13,564	27,036	22,503	
Total U. S. Govt. securities	2,564,015	192,971	815,422	222,761	257,820	120,321	104,522	276,389	106,791	56,815	113,248	94,258	202,697
Total bills and securities	2,587,523	195,286	821,870	227,250	259,029	122,013	105,258	277,082	107,199	58,169	114,676	95,317	204,374
Due from foreign banks	176	13	64	18	17	8	6	22	3	2	5	5	13
Fed. Res. notes of other banks	22,447	481	3,472	614	1,296	2,612	1,688	2,618	3,068	1,826	1,362	409 23,366	3,001 25,607
Uncollected items	556,371	54,114	126,559	38,414	59,364	53,734	24,948 2.083	79,347	25,069 2,301	16,857 1,539	28,992 3,097	1,267	3,260
Bank premises	44,203	2,954	9,808	4,720 4,629	6,041 5,487	2,634 2,885	2,083	4,499 4,692	1,848	1,300	1,965	1,792	4,032
All other assets	49,544	3,195	15,451					-					
Total assets	14,938,831	950,072	5,835,349	826,401	1,076,721	565,951	418,920	2,549,239	492,013	335,289	481,652	344,696	1,062,528
LIABILITIES					410 ==0	200 005	140 001	070 045	101 202	104 045	100 157	01 100	352,398
F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits:	4,355,754	378,622	991,040	312,394	416,779	209,965	149,261	978,245	181,785	134,945	169,157	81,163	100000
Member bank reserve account	8,546,166	437,245	4.252.888	379,291	479,396	232,470	177,770	1,248,795	226,704	118,202	229,558	177,485	586,362
U. S. Treasurer—General account.	577,766	40,899	101,027	31,428	58,545	37,615	41,687	78,108	33,230	49,874	32,938	37,318	35,097
Foreign bank	218,033	15,699	78,266	21,368	20,060	9,376	7,632	25,948	6,542	5,015	6,323	6,323	15,481
Other deposits	312,482	4,584	161,571	8,437	11,534	2,483	5,512	85,529	5,508	2,202	891	2,802	21,429
Total deposits	9,654,447	498,427	4,593,752	440,524	569,535	281,944	232,601	1,438,380	271,984	175,293	269,710	223,928	658,369
Deferred availability items	575.025	48,568	128.241	40,419	57,514	58,838	23,895	87,033	27,478	15,537	32,502	28,409	26,591
Capital paid in	134,003	9,412	50,903	12,213	13,390	4,998	4,471	13,296	3,924	2,906	4,195	3,948	10,347
Surplus (Section 7)	147,739	9,900	51,943	13,466	14,323	4,964	5,626	22,387	4,667	3,153	3,613	3,892	9,805
Surplus (Section 13-B)	27,683	2,874	7,744	4,411	1,007	3,409	730	1,429	545	1,001	1,142	1,270	2,121
Reserve for contingencies	32,707	1,448	8,210	2,000	3,176	1,401	1,603	7,063	1,215	1,880	935	1,776	2,000 897
All other liabilities	11,473	821	3,516	974	997	432	733	1,406	415	574	398	310	
Total liabilities	14,938,831	950,072	5,835,349	826,401	,076,721	565,951	418,920	2,549,239	492,013	335,289	481,652	344,696	1,062,528
for foreign correspondents	324	23	116	32	30	14	11	39	10	8	9	a	23
Commitments to make indus. advs.	13,318	1,341	3,505	250	1.470	1.646	172	13	587	226	576	50	

^{• &}quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

	FEDERAL RESERVE NOIE STATEMENT												
Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. Otty	Dallas	San Fran
Federal Reserve notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	\$ 4,616,904 261,105	\$ 392,203 13,581	\$ 1,079,355 88,315	\$ 325,391 12,997	\$ 438,856 22,077		\$ 160,245 10,984	\$ 999,004 20,759	\$ 201,351 19,566			\$ 88,621 7,458	\$ 395,678 43,280
In actual circulation		378,622 400,000 32	991,040 1,092,000 2,495			209,965 225,000 209	149,261 164,000 538	978,245 1,010,000 211	181,785 207,000 863			81,163 90,500 241	352,398 404,000 340
Total collateral	4,689,936	400,032	1,094,495	328,001	442,320	225,209	164,538	1,010,211	207,363	141,688	180,998	90,741	404,340

United States Treasury Bills-Thursday, Nov. 10

Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	B44	Asked		Bid	Asked
Nov. 16 1938	0.05%		Jan. 4 1939	0.05%	
Nov. 23 1938	0.05%		Jan. 11 1939	0.05%	
Nov. 30 1938	0.05%		Jan. 18 1939	0.05%	
Dec. 7 1938	0.05%	*****	Jan. 25 1939	0.05%	*****
Dec. 14 1938	0.05%		Feb. 1 1939	0.05%	
Dec. 21 1938	0.05%	*****	Feb. 8 1939	0.05%	
Dec. 28 1938	0.05%				

Quotations for United States Treasury Notes-Thurs. Nov. 10

Figures after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Maturity	Int. Rate	Bid	Asked	Maturity	Int. Rate	B44	Asked
June 15 1943	116%	101.6	101.8	June 15 1940	116%	102.12	102.14
Dec. 15 1938	116%	100.3		Dec. 15 1940	116%	102.22	102.24
Dec. 15 1941	114%	102.12		Mar. 15 1940	1%%	102.11	102.13
Sept. 15 1939	1%%	102		Mar. 15 1942	1%%	103.20	103.22
Dec. 15 1939	1%%	102		Dec. 15 1942	1%%	103.29	103.30
June 15 1941	1%%	102.17	102.19	Sept. 15 1942	2%	104.24	104.26
Mar. 15 1939	11/2%	101.17	101.19	June 15 1939	214%	102.6	102.8
Mar. 15 1941	116%	102.22	102.24				

THE BERLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing prices of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

each day of the past week:						
1	Vos.		Nov.		Nov.	Nov.
The state of the s	0		Per Cer			11
Aligemeine Elektrizitaets-Gesellschaft (4%)1	22	123		121	120	
Berliner Kraft u. Licht (8%)1	63	163		164	164	
Deutsche Bank (6%)1	20	120		120	120	
Deutsche Reichsbahn (German Rys.pf.7%)_1:	26	126		126	126	
Dresdner Bank (5%)	13	113		113	113	
Farbenindustrie I. G. (7%)1	53	153		152	151	
Mannesmann Roehren (5%)		114		113	111	
Reichsbanks (8%)	93	193		193	193	
Siemens & Halske (8%)2		201		200	200	
Vereinigte Stahlwerke (5%)		112		109	108	

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange—See following page.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly—See page 2985.

Stock and Bond Averages-See page 2985.

THE PARIS BOURSE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

each day of the past w	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 11
	Franco			7.100	7.300	
Bank of France		7,200	7,250			
Banque de Paris et Des Pays Bas		1,245	1,288	1,268	1,305	
Banque de l'Union Parisienne		445	468	461	468	
Canadian Pacific		243		248	257	
Canal de Suez cap		19,900	20,250	19,600	19,400	
Cie Distr d'Electricite		657	691	669	693	
Cie Generale d'Electricite		1,360	1,437	1,390	1,430	
Cie Generale Transatlantique		27	28	29	32	
Citroen B		548	555	540	576	
Comptoir Nationale d'Escompte		778	791	765	799	****
Coty S A		190	202	190	200	
Courriere		247	253	247	255	
Credit Commercial de France		485	493	475	503	
Credit Lyonnaise		1.590	1.649	1.600	1.650	
Eaux des Lyonnaise cap		1.370	1.308	1.390	1.440	
Energie Electrique du Nord		293	-,	297	302	
Energie Electrique du Littoral		518	630	534	539	
Kuhimann	HOLI-	645	680	657	680	
		1.250	1.295	1,270	1,300	
L'Air Liquide	DAL	810	804	799	813	
Lyon (P L M)		754	775	775	775	
Nord Ry		384		369	388	
Orieans Ry 6%		28	30	31	31	****
Pathe Capital		1.700	1.755	1.720	1.773	
Pechiney				79.75	80.10	
Rentes Perpetual 3%		79.30	79.85	78.70	80.50	
Rentes 4%, 1917		78.00				
Rentes 4%, 1918		76.90		77.90	79.40	
Rentes 41/2 %, 1932, A		82.10		82.30	83.70	
Rentes 414 %, 1932, B		80.10		80.60	81,70	
Rentes, 5%, 1920		96.90	82.90	98.60	99.00	
Royal Dutch		6,710		6,870	6,850	
Saint Gobain C & C		2,075	2,137	2,105	2,170	
Schneider & Cle		1,112	1,173	1,110	1,148	
Societe Francaise Ford		59		61	64	
Societe Generale Fonciere		73	80	- 77		
Societe Lyonnaise		1,370	1,440	1,391	1,440	
Societe Marseilles		600	602	607	609	
Tubize Artificial Silk preferred		113	120	122	124	
Union d'Electricite		425	440	429	440	
Wagon-Lits		79	82	83	84	
H SEOR THE			-	-		

Stock and Bond Sales-New York Stock Exchange

DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Occupying Altogether Sixteen Pages-Page One

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the day's range, unless they are the only transaction of the day. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange

Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Treasury, Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds on the New York Stock Exchange during the current week.

Quotations after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Daily Record of U.S. Bond Price	Nov.	Nov. 7	Nov.	8 Nov.	9 Nov. 10	Nov. 1
Treasury 414s, 1947-52	118.28	118.26	3	118.29 118.29	118.20	3
Total sales in \$1,000 units		118.28		118.29	118.26	
4s, 1944-54		114.14 114.11		114.11		
Total sales in \$1,000 units	114.9	114.14		114.11		
3%s, 1946-56	113.10	113.7 113.7		113.6 113.6	113.9 113.6	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	113.10			113.6	113.6	
(High	105.16		1			
3 %s, 1940-43Low. Close	105.16					
Total sales in \$1,000 units		1 400 00			107.2	
3 %s, 1941-43 Low. Close		106.28			107.2	1
Total sales in \$1,000 units	109.30	109.29		109.31	109.30	
3 %s. 1943-47	109.30 109.30	109.29 109.29		109.31 109.31	109.29 109.29	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	2	2		107.11	107.10	
31/48, 1941		107.11 107.11 107.11		107.11 107.11 107.11	107.12 107.12 107.12	
Total sales in \$1,000 units		1	- 1	1	3	
High	109.23 109.23	109.22 109.22	HOLI-		109.23 109.21	HOLI
3 1/8, 1943-45 Low. Close Total sales in \$1 000 units	109.23 5	109.22	DAY	109.23	109.21 13	DAY
(High	109.23 109.23	109.23 109.23		109.26 109.25	109.24 109.24	
Low. Close	109.23	109.23		109.26	109.24	
Total sales in \$1,000 units		108.31			108.31	
8 14 s. 1946-49		108.31 108.31			108.31 108.31	
Total sales in \$1.000 units		1			1	
High Low.					108.23 108.23 108.23	
Total sales in \$1,000 units					1	
High		108.7		108.11 108.8		
Ss, 1946-48 Low_ Close Total sales in \$1,000 units		108.7		108.8		
(High	106.30	106.26		107	106.29	
la, 1951-55	106.30	106.24 106.26	HEIM	106.28 107 27	106.26 106.26	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	104.10	104.10		104.14	104.11	
2%s, 1955-60	104.6 104.6	104.5 104.10		104.10 104.13	104.8 104.8	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	3	13	71	30	17	
8%s, 1945-47				106.30 106.30 106.30		
Close			- 1	100.00		

Total sales in \$1,000 units ...

Daily Record of U. S. Bond	l Prices	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 1
Treasury	(High				105.15		
2%8, 1948-51	Low.				105.15		
*/***	Close				105.15		
Total sales in \$1,000 u	nils				1	****	
	High		103.30		104.1	104.1	
2%s, 1951-54			103.30		103.28	103.31	
	Close		103.30		104.1	103.31	
Total sales in \$1,000 w	ntts		1		41	20	
	High				103.9	103.11	
21/18, 1956-59	Low. Close	103.10 103.10			103.9 103.9	103.9 103.11	
Total sales in \$1,000 w		200.10	2		100.0	2	
10101 30103 \$14 \$1,000 10	High	102.21	102.20		102.24	102.24	
2% s, 1958-63		102.17	102.16		102.21	102.19	
	Close	102.17	102.20		102.23	102.19	
Total sales in \$1,000 un		8	18		99	59	
01/- 1045	High		106.8		106.8		
2 1/38, 1945	Low.		106.8 106.8		106.4 106.8	****	
Total sales in \$1,000 un			100.5		15		
1000 0000 00 01,000 00	High	104.30					
2 1/28; 1948	Low.	104.30			****		
	Close						
Total sales in \$1,000 un		50	100 10		100 10		
21/48, 1949-53	High	102.12 102.8	102.10 102.7	- 1	102.13 102.9	102.13	
2738, 1949-33	Close	102.8	102.7	1	102.13	102.9	
Total sales in \$1,000 un		20	28		2	26	
	High	102.13	102.11		102.14	102.14	
	Low.	102.10		HOLI-	102.13	102.10	HOLL
	Close	102.10	102.11	DAY	102.14	102.12	DAY
Total sales in \$1,000 un Federal Farm Mortgage	High	107.7	107.4	- 1	118	28	
		107.7	107.4	- 1			
-/-	Close	107.7	107.4				
Total sales in \$1,000 un		1	‡1				
Federal Farm Mortgage	High	106.16	106.17	- 1	106.19	106.17	
3s. 1944-49	Low. Close	106.16	106.14 106.17	- 1	106.19	106.17	
Total sales in \$1.000 un		106.16	53	- 1	106.19	106.17	
	High	106		- 1		106	
3s, 1942-47	Low.	105.29		- 1		105.29	
	Close	106				105.29	
Total sales in \$1,000 un		5				2	
	High Low.				105.4		
	Close				105.4 105.4		
Total sales in \$1,000 un	148			1	1		
Home Owners' Loan	High	106.17	106.16		106.19	106.18	
3s, series A, 1944-52	Low_	106.16	106.16		106.17	106.15	
Total sales in \$1 500	Close	106.17	106.16		106.18	106.15	
Total sales in \$1,500 uni	High	102.18	102.18		109 19	100 10	
	Low.	102.18	102.18		102.18 102.15	102.18 102.17	
	Close	102.18	102.18		102.18	102.17	
Total sales in \$1,000 uni	ts	2	5		13	25	
Home Owners' Loan	High	104.9	104.10		104.10	104.9	
2348, 1942-44	Low_	104.9	104.10		104.9	104.9	
Total sales in \$1,000 und	Close	104.9	104.10		104.10	104.9	
		11			131	11	

[•] Odd lot sales. † Deferred delivery sale.

United States Treasury Bills—See previous page.
United States Treasury Notes, &c.—See previous page.

New York Stock Record

			S-PER SHA			Sales for the	NEW YORK STOCK	Range Str. On Basts of 1	ice Jan. 1 00-Share Lots	Range for Year	
Nov. 5	Monday Nov. 7	Tuesday Nov. 8	Wednesday Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 11	Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest Highest		Lo west	Highest
*5612 5712 *119 13018 *3614 45 *4514 46 1178 1178 *22 2314 29 2912 6384 64 *1114 188 *65 938 912 *115 114 1178 1212 1212 1212 1212 1278 1212 1278 1212 1286 186 *1112 1218 1212 1212 1286 186 *1112 1218 1212 1212 1286 186 *1112 1218 1212 1212 1286 186 *1112 1218 6712 68 50 5014 *1818 1812 *278 318 *2112 234 *2112 234 *	\$ per share	Stock Exchange Closed— Election Day	\$ per share 5712 5812 \$ 1119 1018 \$ 4018 45 \$ 4714 45 \$ 1258 1258 2214 2212 2212 2212 114 114 114 155 115	*119 13018 *3718 45 4834 49 1212 1234 2314 2314 28 29 67 6734 114 114 *65	Stock Exchange Closed— Armistice Day	Shares 900 1,200 1,400 8,600 500 13,200 3,300 8,300 2,500 300 22,900 28,200 2,900 1,400 5,700 30,500 6,700 30,500 6,000 1,400	Abbott Laboratories No par 4½% conv pref	\$ per share 3614 Feb 4 11945 July 19 3014 Mar 23 18 June 3 614 Mar 30 1412 Mar 31 1695 Mar 31 40 May 2 55 Mar 30 57 Aug 3 884 Mar 31 57 Amr 30 512 June 17 78 June 17 78 June 18 1458 Sept 26 412 Mar 30 124 Mar 31 7 Mar 31 7 Mar 31 7 Mar 31 114 Apr 14 114 Apr 14 114 Apr 26 10 Mar 30 55 May 27 23 Nov 1 10 Mar 30	59% Nov 10 123% Oct 6 45 Oct 15 52 Jan 14 12% July 19 24 Oct 22 30 Aug 30 67% Nov 10	1712 Oet 1612 Oet 1612 Oet 14412 Nov 12 Oet 146 Oet 11 Oet 11 Oet 11 Oet 10 Oet 100 Oet 145 Nov 714 Dec 10 Oet 49 Dec 34 Oet 114 Oet 114 Oet 119 Oet	5 per share 55 Mar 69 Mar 85 Aug 85 Aug 2224 Mar 2825 Feb 36 Jan 8014 Jan 1534 Feb 594 Feb 5812 Feb 5812 Feb 5812 Feb 5214 Feb 5214 Feb 2376 Apr 25812 Mar 1718 Aug 3314 Jan 2176 Mar 8512 Jan 3934 Jan 2178 Mar 5214 Mar 11478 Mar 11478 Mar

a Def. delivery.

‡ In receivership.

· Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day.

z Ex-div.

y Ex-rights.

LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICE	g8—PER SHARE	E, NOT PER CENT	Sales	STOCKS	Range Since Jan. 1	Range for Previous
Saturday Monday Tuesday Nov. 5 Nov. 7 Nov. 8		Thursday Friday Nov. 10 Nov. 11	the Week	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Lowest Highest	Year 1937 Lowest Highest
Nov. 5 Nov. 7 Nov. 8 Sper share ** ** ** ** ** ** **	\$ \$ per share	## Share 712 4712 2784 288 684 712 2119 22 219 30 75 80 84 87 218 218 219 338 338 341 0318 104 688 678 918 988 384 384 385 338 384 384 385 338 384 384 385 338 384 384 385 338 384 384 385 378 168 1612 99 9518 168 1612 99 9518 168 1612 99 9518 168 1612 168 1612 192 97 418 4218 15 18 108 11 353 3614 108 11 353 3614 108 11 353 3614 108 11 353 3614 108 11 353 3614 108 1612 2912 2912 4014 4314 90 9014 4214 4314 4314 4314 4314 4314 4314 4314	## Shares	Congoleum-Nairn Inc. No par Congress Cigar. No par Conness Cigar No par Conness Lig 4 ½% prefe 100 Consol Airerat Corp. 10 6 ½% prior pref w w 100 6 ½% prior pref w w 100 6 ½% prior pref w w 100 Consol Film Industries. 1 \$2 partic pref No par Consol Edison of N Y No par Consol Collo Of N Y No par Consol Collo Corp. No par Consol RR of Cuba 6% pf. 100 Consol Coal Co (Del) V t e . 25 5% preferred v t c 100 Consumers P Co\$4.50 pNNo par Containent Corp of America. 20 Continental Bak d A No par Class B . No par Class B . No par Continental Corp of America. 20 Continental Diamond Fibre. 5 Continental Insurance. \$2.50 Continental Insurance. \$2.50 Continental Steel Corp. No par Corn Exch Bank Trust Co. 20 Corn Products Refining. 25 Freferred. 100 Cots Inc	3 per share 37g Apr 1 15 Mar 29 6 Mar 29 434 Mar 30 147g July 6 101g Sept 17 2214 Nov 9 41g Mar 26 117 Mar 26 118 Q Ct 24 41g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 104 Nov 9 27g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 104 Nov 9 27g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 104 Nov 9 27g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 104 Nov 9 27g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 104 Nov 9 27g Mar 30 78 Apr 16 105 June 17 14 Mar 29 15 Jan 12 10 Mar 31 22 Jan 12 14 Mar 29 15 Jan 20 107 Jan 5 116 Nov 9 6 June 17 214 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 116 Nov 9 6 June 17 214 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 116 Nov 9 6 June 17 214 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 116 Nov 9 6 June 17 214 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 10 Mar 26 211 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 116 Nov 9 6 June 17 214 Mar 30 107 Jan 5 10 Mar 26 291g Nov 10 40 Apr 1 58 Jan 12 215 Apr 1 214 Mar 30 3614 Nov 10 28 Mar 26 170 Oct 24 211 Mar 30 170 Oct 24 212 Mar 26 170 Oct 24 212 Oct 31 22 Apr 11 24 Mar 30 109 June 30 109 June 30 109 June 30 109 June 30 107 June 5 116 Nov 10 24 Mar 31 25 June 25 176 Nov 10 25 June 27 26 June 27 26 June 27 27 June 27 28 June 20 28 June 20 29 June 30 20	\$ per share \$ per share 418 Oct 20 Dec 1918 Feb 20 1918 Jan 65 Oct 65 Oct 65 Oct 65 Oct 67 Oc

*** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****	The part	The part										. 48	,, ,		Nov. 12	, 1938
Part	The color of the	Part Apr		Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	for the	NEW YORK ST	OCK .	On Basis of 1	00-Share Loss	Yea	7 1937
9/8 9/8 1012 620 RR See etts external 100 23 Mar 30 44 Nov 10 34 Dec 72 Jan	a Def. delivery. " New stock, r Cash sale. z Ex-div. y Ex-rights, ¶ Called for redemption.		*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** **	Nov. 5	Nov. 7 Sper share 24½ 24½ 25½ 24½ 25½ 24½ 27½ 25½ 26½ 27½ 25½ 26½ 27½ 27½ 26½ 27½	Nov. 8 \$ per s \$ per s \$ tock change continue	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 11 \$ per share tock thange thange tock thange thange tock tock tock thange tock tock tock tock tock tock tock tock	Shares S	Firestone Tire & Rubble 6% preferred series Filints National Stores Filints Note Co. (The) Fibrorenee Stove Co. Florsheim Shoe class A. 2 Follansbee Brothers. Food Machinery Corp. 4½% conv preferred Francisco Sugar Co. Freeport Sulphur Co. Garnes Co. (The) Garnes Co.	Par Par	S	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Section Sect	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##

1.	Marches Marc	Volume 147	NEW TOLK STOCK	, Mecc	oru—continueu—ra	ge o	2010
Section Process	## Company Com	LOW AND HIGH SALE PRIC	CES-PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT				
The color of the	Second Column	2 110000		the			
1.	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			_		2 per share 2 per share	S per share S per share
a Did and eated prices; no cales on this day t in receiverable. a Def delivery n New stock, 7 Cash sale, 2 Ex-div, 9 Ex-rights, 7 Cashed for recemption.	* Pid and asked prices; no sales on this day. ‡ In receivership. a Def. delivery. n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex-div. y Ex-rights. T Caned for redempsion.	Nov. 5	8	### Shares	Indian Refining	Section	\$ per share \$ per share 5 pe

LOW AND HIGH	SALE PRIC	ES-PER SH	ARE, NOT F	ER CENT	Sales	STOCKS		nce Jan. 1 100-Share Lots	Range for	Previous
Saturday Monda Nov. 5 Nov.	Tuesday Nov. 8	Wednesday Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Friday Nov. 11	the Week	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
\$ per share 1948 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1148 1158 1148 1158 1168 11	\$ per share 1955 \$ per share 1955 \$ 1112 \$ 1184 \$ 88 \$ 1012 \$ 138 \$ 88 \$ 4 \$ 184 \$ 66 \$ 66 \$ 66 \$ 68 \$ 3 \$ 3 \$ 88 \$ 4 \$ 12 \$ 4 \$ 184 \$ 38 \$ 8 \$ 12 \$ 22 \$ 12 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13	## \$ per share 1934 201 11:2 11:2 15:3 21:4 20:3 11:2 11:2 15:3 21:4 20:3 13:8 38 105s 11 95 95 13:8 18:1 95 95 13:8 48:1 6:4 6:4 6:2 62 6:4 42:2 43:3 13:4 13:1 16:2 17 28:2 29 109 109 884 89!1 16:6 65 63 62:4 62 12:2 73 13:8 14 258 20:2 13:8 14 258 20:2 13:8 14 258 20:2 10:10:	\$ per share 1978 2018 1978 2018 1112 1112 1513 4 2112 2214 8 3812 391 1078 1114 95 95 138 14 8 68 74 14 68 27 13 15 44 13 133 14 34 34 2 13 133 1678 1714 29 2912 199 10934 1878 89 1661 667 668 3 63 1678 1714 29 2912 199 10934 1878 89 1661 667 678 3 13 2 12 12 199 10934 110 110 110 1	Stock Exchange Closed— Armistice Day	Shares 2,800 4,800 23,100 4,300 2,100 4,300 2,100 4,300 2,500 8,500 13,700 2,700 2,700 2,700 1,500 5,000 1,500 5,000 1,500 6,000 1,500 2,900 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600 2,500 3,6	McGraw-Hill Pub Co. No par McIntyre Porcupine Mines. 5 McKeesport Tin Plate 10 McKeesson & Robbins 5 \$3 conv preferred 10 McKeesson & Robbins 5 \$3 conv preferred 10 McMesson & Robbins 5 McClellan Sterered 100 McMesson & Robbins 10 McMesson & Manhine Co 5 McMesta Machine Co 10 McMesta Machine Potroleum 10 McMesta Machine Potroleum 10 McMesta Machine Co 10 McMesta Medica McMesta Medica McMesta Medica McMesta Medica McMesta McMesta McMesta Medica McMesta McMest	\$ per share 10 Jan 31 7 Mar 26 3512 Mar 26 1335 Mar 26 1343 Mar 26 55 Mar 26 55 Mar 26 55 Jan 4 3212 Apr 1 315 Mar 30 14 May 31 11 June 13 263 Mar 30 11 June 13 263 Mar 31 1 Seb 2 3 Mar 31 1 Seb 3 3 Mar 31 1 Seb 3 3 Mar 31 1 Mar 26 10 Mar 30 67 May 2 111 Jan 5 122 Mar 31 1012 Mar 31 1012 Mar 31 1012 Mar 31 1012 Mar 31 1014 Mar 26 10 Mar 30 915 Apr 6 4 Mar 26 10 Jan 17 344 Mar 26 1512 Mar 31 1112 Mar 30 114 Mar 29 63 Mar 30 114 Mar 29 64 Mar 30 114 Mar 29 65 Mar 31 100 Jan 17 101 Mar 30 114 Mar 30 114 Mar 29 65 Mar 31 100 Jan 17 101 Mar 30 114 Mar 30 114 Mar 30 115 Mar 30 116 Jan 17 105 Mar 30 117 Mar 30 118 Mar 30 119 Mar 30 119 Mar 30 119 Mar 30 110 Jan 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 26 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 174 Mar 30 175 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 174 Ma	\$ per share 2018 Nov 19 1228 July 27 5 2648 Jan 12 819 Nov 10 1114 Nov 10 95 Nov 20 1273 Nov 4 5714 July 22 164 Nov 10 275 Nov 3 1612 July 22 166 Nov 9 174 July 25 1144 Nov 10 171 July 25 172 July 25 173 Nov 4 1712 July 25 174 July 29 172 Oct 22 176 Nov 9 271 July 11 172 July 25 174 July 11 172 July 25 174 July 11 175 Sept 22 175 Nov 9 177 Nov 9	\$ per share 11 Dec 784 Oct 1882 Dec 6 0 Dec 6 59 Dec 6 161 Dec 6 6 Dec 6 161	211 Sep 2812 Jan 4212 Jan 4212 Jan 4212 Jan 4214 Man 4712 Jan 11212 Jan 162 Fel 472 Man 2614 Man 162 Jan 163 Man 1618 Man 1618 Man 1618 Man 1618 Man 1618 Man 1618 Man 1618 Jan 1619 Sep 164 Jan 1671 Jan 1672 Jan 1673 Jan 1674 Jan 1675 Jan 1675 Jan 1676 Jan 1677 Jan 1678 Jan 1678 Jan 1679 Jan 1

						ora continuea ra	800			2911
Saturday Monday					_ for	NEW YORK STOCK		ince Jan. 1 100-Share Lots	Range for Year	r 1937
Nov. 5 Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Wednesday Nov. 0	Nov. 10	Friday Nov. 11	Week Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
	Stock Exchange Closed— Election Day	Nov. 9	Nov. 10 Sper share 16	Stock Exchange Closed— Armistice Day	Week Shares 1,100 1,200 76,600 1,1	Pacific Mills	\$ per share 94 Mar 36 27 Apr 213212 Mar 36 18 June 21 314 Mar 36 612 Oct 1 29 Mar 31 65 Mar 26 615 Mar 26 615 Mar 31 16 Mar 29 312 Mar 31 11 Mar 31 11 Mar 31 11 Mar 31 11 Mar 31 12 Mar 30 13 Mar 31 13 Mar 31 13 Mar 31 14 Mar 29 312 Mar 30 10 Mar 31 19 Mar 26 13 Mar 26 13 Mar 26 15 Mar 26 15 Mar 26 15 Mar 26 15 Mar 31 17 Mar 28 15 Mar 30 17 Mar 30 18 Mar 30 18 Mar 30 19 Mar 30 19 Mar 31 30 Mar 31 18 Mar 30 11 Mar	\$ per share 19% July 19 116% Aug 17 149 Nov 3 30 June 27 914 Feb 25 2 Aug 3 6012 Nov 10 10012 Oct 5 1314 July 19 101 Ody Cot 5 1314 July 19 101 Ody Cot 5 1314 July 20 30 July 29 38 Oct 17 428 Oct 10 2112 Oct 22 148 Nov 10 212 July 25 885 Aug 24 558 Aug 24 558 Aug 25 855 July 25 212 Jan 10 55 July 25 30 July 25 1512 Jan 11 2412 Jan 15 31 Feb 4 11212 Feb 9 412 July 25 43 July 25 44 July 25 43 July 26 44 July 27 1434 Oct 10 1444 July 23 5012 May 10 17 Jan 17 8 Nov 9 75 Nov 10 52 May 10 52 Jan 13 17 Jan 17 8 Nov 9 75 Nov 10 18 Nov 10 18 Jan 17 18 Nov 9 17 Jan 17 18 Nov 10 18 Jan 12 18 Jan 12 19 Jan 12 11 Jan 5 10 July 25 11 Jan 15 11 Jan 5 10 July 25 11 Jan 15 11 Jan 5 10 July 25 11 Jan 15 11 Jan 5 11 Jan 15 11 Jan	\$ per share 1016 Oct 110 Nov 205 Sept 120 Oct 2012 Oct 28012 Oct 1812 Oct 1812 Oct 1812 Oct 1812 Oct 1812 Oct 1812 Nov 62 Oct 1812	\$ per shar. \$ per shar. \$ 447s Jain. \$ 152 Jain. \$ 149 Jain. \$ 129st Ap. \$ 129st Ap. \$ 1097 Main. \$ 28st Jan. \$ 20012 Jan. \$ 34st Feb. \$ 44st Feb. \$ 29st Feb. \$ 23st Feb. \$ 61st Feb. \$ 23st Feb. \$ 61st Feb. \$ 29st Feb. \$ 2

2010			- 110			1				1.	
	ND HIGH 8		S-PER SHA			Sales for the	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		nce Jan. 1 100-Share Lots	Range for	r 1937
Saturday Nov. 5	Monday Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Nov. 11	Week		Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
\$ per shard 2612 27 *78 79 *96 993 104 104 151 198 195 7512 751 *162 78 *24 49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *49 *	\$ per share	Stock Exchange Closed— Election Day	\$ per share 273 283 80 80 98 981 1034 104 16 1612 20 2012 76 76 1 1 118 7 7 7 50 5014 212 233 24 334 338 24 334 378 174 171 20 2044 68 75 4678 471 1084 1114 2774 2774 2812 20 21 1084 1114 2774 2774 2812 2714 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 11	\$ per share 27 2814 281 280 18 98 1047s 105 1647s 105 1648 2018 2038 775 76 1 1 148 2018 2018 2038 775 785 312 238 334 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 812 2014 2158 7714 775 3412 3514 2812 2038 1051 10412 2812 2938 1155 116 117 117 117 118 117 118 117 118	Stock Eachange Closed— Armistice Day	Shares 15,200 300 310 1,400 2,400 2,200 1,500	5% preferred	12 Mar 30 58 Mar 29 68 Mar 29 68 Mar 29 134 Sept 27 62 June 14 14 Sept 26 3 Mar 30 244 Mar 32 3 June 16 12 Jan 6 115 Mar 29 3 June 16 47 Mar 30 10 Mar 26 45 Mar 31 3 Mar 30 64 Mar 12 2058 Apr 1 10 Mar 20 93 Mar 30 1258 Mar 30 1812 Mar 29 11 Mar 31 1258 Mar 31 1258 Mar 30 1812 Mar 31 11 Mar 31	881	70	103 Ma 103 Ma 103 Ma 113 Ja 113 Ja 113 Ja 113 Ja 113 Ja 113 Fe 123 Ja 124 Fe 124 Ja 125 Ja 120 Ma 121 Ja 120 Ma 121 Ja 120 Ma 121 Ja 120 Ma 121 Ja 120 Ma 120 Ma 120 Ma 121 Ja 120 Ma 121 Ja 127 Ma 127 Ma 127 Ma 128 Ja 128 Ja 129 Ja 135 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ma 178 Ma 178 Ma 178 Ma 178 Ma 178 Ma 179 Ma 1012 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 138 Ja 139 Ja 139 Ja 131 Feb 132 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 138 Ja 139 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 138 Ja 139 Ja 139 Ja 139 Ja 136 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 138 Ja 139 Ja 139 Ja 139 Ja 130 Ja 137 Ja 137 Ja 138 Ja 139 Ja 130 Ja 140 Ja

n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex-div. y Ex-rights. ¶ Called for red

* Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Bond Record, Thursday, Weekly and Yearly

NOTICE—Prices are "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds. Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

	1 22	Thurs.	Week's	_	11	1	. 3	Thurs	W	ek's		
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interes		Range or Thursday's Bid & Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interest	Last Sale Price	Ran	ge or sday's Asked	Bonds	
U. S. Gevernment			Low High	No.	Low High	Foreign Govt. & Mun. (Cont.)			Low	High	No.	Low High
Treasury 43/s					116.4 119.5 111.22114.23 110.8 113.18 104.13106.27 106.16108.2 107.18110.25	Copenhagen (City) 5s	M N F A F A		94%	98½ 95¾ 75 63¾ 83	18 2 2	83 1003 55 80 43 643 80 90
Treasury 4s 1944-1954 Treasury 3\(\) 1946-1956 Treasury 3\(\) 1940-1943 Treasury 3\(\) 1941-1943 Treasury 3\(\) 1943-1947 Treasury 3\(\) 1943-1947 Treasury 3\(\) 1943-1947 Treasury 3\(\) 1943-1945 Treasury 3\(\) 1944-1946 Treasury 3\(\) 1946-1949 Treasury 3\(\) 1946-1949 Treasury 3\(\) 1946-1948	FAOODD DD DD M S	107.12 109.21 109.24 108.31 118.23	107.11 107.12 109.21 109.23 109.23 109.26 108.31 108.31 118.23 118.23 108.7 108.11 106.24 107	11 63	106.26 108.14 107.2 110.5 107 110.3 105.27 109.10 105.19 108.31 105.2 108.15 103.26 107.7	Costa Rica (Rep of) 7s1951 Cuba (Republic) 5s of 19041944 External 5s of 1914 ser A1949 External loan 4 1/4s ser C1949 4 1/4s external debt1977 Sinking fund 5 1/4sJan 15 1953 Public wks 5 1/4sJune 30 1945	M S F A F A J J J	100 ¾ 56 ¼ 103	*20 *104 ½ 103 ½ 100 ¾ 56 ¼ 103 69 ½	20 % 103 ½ 100 ¾ 57 % 103 70 ¼	1 3 50 7	16 ½ 24 101 ½ 106 ½ 102 ½ 110 ½ 96 ½ 102 52 ¾ 62 ½ 100 106 62 ½ 78 ½
Treasury 3a 1946-1948 Treasury 3a 1951-1955 Treasury 275s 1955-1960 Treasury 235s 1946-1947 Treasury 235s 1948-1951 Treasury 235s 1948-1951 Treasury 235s 1951-1954 Treasury 235s 1956-1959 Treasury 235s 1958-1963 Treasury 235s 1958-1963 Treasury 235s 1958-1963 Treasury 235s 1945	MS	103.31 103.11 102.19	103.28 104.1 103.3 103.11 102.16 102.24	1 62 7 184	101.24 104.21 103.25 107.4 101.27 105.17 100.26 104.7 100.14 103.17 100.6 102.29 102.14 106.12	Czechoslovak (Rep of) 8s1951 Sinking fund 8s ser B1952 Denmark 20-year extl 6s1942 External gold 5 ½s1955 External g 4 ½sApr 15 1962 Deutsche Bk Am part ctf 6s1932	A O J J F A	1041/2	*70 75 104 1/4 101 1/4 99	77 75 104% 101% 99%	18 18 1 31	50 104 50¼ 105 93 106¾ 93¾ 104 91¼ 102
Treasury 2½8	J D M S M B	102.9 102.12	102.7 102.13 102.10 102.14 107.4 107.7	50 84 215 2 100	101 105.7 99.18102.20 100.4 102.23 103.28107.10 103.4 106.23	\$*Stamped extd to Sept 1 1935 Dominican Rep Cust Ad 5 1/8s. 1942 1st ser 5 1/8 of 19261940 2d series sink fund 5 1/8 2d ser 1940 Customs Admins 5 1/8 2d ser 1961 5 1/8 1st series1969	M 8 A 0 A 0 M 5 A 0	651/2	*100 65 \ *57 *65 \ 65 *60	65 1/2 64 68 65 70	5	83 100 55 67 55 654 56 654 55 654 554 644
3s Jan 15 1942-1947 2\(s \) Mar 1 1942-1947 Home Owners' Loan Corp— 3s series A May 1 1944-1952 2\(s \) series B Aug 1 1939-1949 2\(s \) series G 1942-1944	M N F A	102.18	105.4 105.4 106.16 106.19 102.16 102.18	58 45	103.22 106.18 102.13 105.11 103.9 106.23 101.9 103.13 101.5 104.15	5 ½s 2d series	M N J J M S M N	10514	23	16 100 106 14 23	2 4 8 1	51 65 19 22 15% 30 95 100% 104% 108% 19% 23
Foreign Govt & Municipal— Agricultural Mtge Bank (Colombia) • Gtd sink fund 6s1947 • Gtd sink fund 6s1948	FA	251/4	25¼ 25¼ *25¼	3	16% 25% 17% 25% 94% 96%	French Republic 7 1/4s stamped . 1941 7 1/4s unstamped	D		*101% *115 *106		209	99 108% 93% 102% 104% 115 99% 107 16% 29%
Akershus (King of Norway) 4s.1968 *Antioquia (Dept) coll 7s A1945 *External s f 7s series D1945 *External s f 7s series D1945 *External s f 7s series D1945 *External s f 7s 1st series D1957 *External sec s f 7s 2d series.1957	MS	914 914 914 814	96 9 94 94 94 *94 94 9 94 84 84	4 3 6 11	94 ½ 96 ½ 6 10 6 10 6 9½ 4 ½ 8½ 5 8½	+5 ½s unstamped1965 +5 ½s stamp(Canad'n Holder) '65. +German Rep ext 17s stamped1949. +7s unstamped1949. German Prov & Communal Bks +(Cons Agric Loan) 6 ½s1958. +Greek Government s f ser 7s1964.	D	34 27½ 27½	23 1/4 33 1/4 27 27 1/4	28 2735	5 107 18 7	16% 26 23 23 23% 38% 20 28% 24% 29 29% 33
*External sec s 1 7s 3d series. 1957 Antwerp (City) external 5s1958 Argentine (National Government)— B f external 4 3/s1971 B f exti conv loan 4s Feb1972 B f exti conv loan 4s Apr1972	A O J D M N F A	90% 81% 81%	8¼ 8¼ 8½ 8½ 95 95¾ 90¼ 91¼ 81¼ 81¼ 81¾ 81¾	27 10 4 38 73 85	51/4 81/4 851/4 1001/4 861/4 961/4 78 881/4 781/4 881/4	•7s part paid 1964 •8ink fund secured 6s 1968 •6s part paid 1968 •1s part paid 1968 •1s part paid 1968 •Haiti (Republie) s f 6s ser A 1952 •Hamburg (State) 6s 1946	A	261/2	*25 26 ½ 22 ½ 84 22 ½ 2	28 27 1/8 23	3 6	19 30 % 22 % 29 19 % 27 70 85 18 % 22 %
Australia 30-year 5s	MS	104 1/2	104% 104% 104% 104%	34 39 219 33	88 106 % 87 % 106 % 85 % 102 % 17 105 %	*Heidelberg (German) extl 73/s 50 J Helsingfors (City) ext 63/s1960 J Hungarian Cons Municipal Loan— *73/s secured s f g1945 J *Hungarian Land M Inst 73/s.1961 B	N		*19	20 106 14 14 14	4 1	16 ½ 20 102 105 ½ 7% 19 9 18 ½ 9 18
Belgium 25-yr ext1 6 ½s	10000		106 ½ 107 103 ½ 104 ½ 113 113 22 22 ½ *21 23 14 ½ 15 ½	8 3 4 31	98 108 96¼ 107¼ 105 115¾ 18 23¼ 18 24 12¼ 23	*Sinking fund 7 ½s ser B 1961 8 *Hungary (Kingdom of) 7 ½s. 1944 F Extended at 4 ½s to	AAAND	40 1/2	80 1/4	14 48 40 1/2 113 80 1/4	3 3	9% 14 37 59% 32% 43 112% 117% 54 52
*External s f 6 1/2s of 1926	D M B A D	11 ¼ 11 100 99 ½	10% 11% 10% 11% 10% 11 99% 100 99% 99% 102 102%	15 39 6 2 10	08 103	Italian Cred Consortium 7s ser B '47 R Italian Public Utility exti 7s1952 J Japanese Govt 30-yr s f 6 1/2s1954 R Extl sinking fund 5 1/2s1965 R *Jugoslavia (State Mtge Bk) 7s 1957 A *Lelpzig (Germany) s f 7s1947 F *Lower Austria (Province) 7 1/2s 1950 J	ANOA	64 1/4 85 3/4 69 1/4	81 ¼ 63 ½ 85 69 ¼ 43 *21 ½ *25	431/6	20 64 113 2	63¼ 81¾ 43 65⅓ 61⅓ 86 44 72 30 46 20¼ 23 24¼ 27⅓
*Budapest (City of) 6s 1962 *Buenos Aires (Prov) extl 6s 1961 *6s stamped 1961 *6 ½s stamped 1961 External s f 4½ 4½s 1977 Refunding s f 4½s 4½s 1976 External re-adj 4½s 4½s 1976 External s f 4½s 4½s 1976	WS	1	13% 14% *75 90 *60 78 *60 55% 57% 57 57%	38 25 2 1	7¼ 23 78¼ 85 65 78¼ 64 79¼ 49¼ 70¼ 47 70¾ 53 70¼	•Medellin (Colombia) 6 1/8 1984 J •Mexican Irrig assenting 4 1/8 1943 M •Mexico (US) extl 5s of 1899 £ 1945 Q •Assenting 5s of 1899 1945 Q •Assenting 5s large 1945 Q •Assenting 5s small 1954 J •Assenting 4s of 1904 1954 J	N.	9%	8% 1% *1 1 1	9% 1% 1% 1% 1%	13 4 5 53 1	6 11 36 236 136 4 1 436 1 4 1 3
• % external a 1 \$ 000ms	J		59 59 41 41 *34¼ 35 *34¾ 36	17	50 72 1/3 36 1/4 53 31 1/4 36 1/4 32 1/4 35 1/4 103 110 1/4	*4s of 1904 1954 J *Assenting 4s of 1904 1954 J *Assenting 4s of 1910 large 1954 J *Assenting 4s of 1910 small 1955 Assenting 4s of 1910 small 1955 Assenting 4s of '13 assent (large) '33 J *Small 1952 Assenting 4s 1952 Assenting 4s 1952 Assenting 4s of 1954 J Milan (City, Italy) extl 6 1/4s 1952 Assenting 4s 1954 Assenting 4s 195	J	65	*1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	236	9 2 38	1 3 3 4 2 5 4 1 3 4 1 67
56- 1952 10-year 2 ½s Aug 15 1945 R 25-year 3 ¼s 1961 7-year 2 ¼s 1944 J 30-year 3s 1967 J ◆Carisbad (City) s f 8s 1954 J ◆Cent Agric Bank (Ger) 7s 1950)	LILAN	111 ¼ 1 103 1 103 ¼ 1 102 98 ¾	110 % 111 % 102 % 103 % 103 % 103 % 103 % 102 % 98 % 99 % 20 % 21	54 21 28 22 155 5	106 113 ½ 98 103 ½ 98 ¼ 104 ¼ 97 ¾ 102 ½ 92 ½ 99 ½ 16 ½ 62 ½	Minas Geraes (State)— *Sec extl s f 6 ½s	S D	8 8 511/4	8 8 51 1/4 *50	8¼ 8½ 51¼ 54	12 8 2	6¼ 13 7 13 38¼ 61 37 57¼ 88 104¼
*Farm Loan s t 6sJuly 15 1960 J *6s July coupon on1960 *Farm Loan s t 6sOct 15 1960 A *6s Oct coupon on1960 *Chile (Rep)—Extl s t 7s1942 N	0 1 N	31%	33¾ 33¼ 31¼ 31¼ 26 30 31¼ 31¾ 26 29½ 16¼ 16¼ 16¼ 16¾	1 5 59 21 34	27 31 1/4 26 32 1/4 18 26 1/4 14 1/4 19 1/4 14 1/4 19 1/4	External s f 5s	SO AD	105 1/4 106 1/4 105 1/4 102 1/4	105% 1 106% 1 105% 1 102% 1	06 14 06 16 05 16 02 14	17 27 10 63	88¼ 103¼ 103¼ 107¼ 104 107¼ 99¼ 107¼ 98¼ 104¼ 98¼ 103¼ 99¼ 103¼
Extl sinking fund 6sFeb 1961 Ry ref extl s f 6sJan 1961 Extl sinking fund 6sSept 1961 External sinking fund 6s1962 External sinking fund 6s1963 Chile Mtge Bank 6 %s1957	AJ SOND	16¼ 16¼ 14¾	16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 14% 14%	13 13 23 1 6 10	15 19% 15 19% 15 19% 15 19% 14% 19% 12% 18%	*Nuremburg (City) extl 6s 1952 F Oriental Devel guar 6s 1958 M Extl deb 5½s 1958 M Oslo (City) s f 4½s 1955 A *Panama (Rep) extl 5½s 1953 J *Extl s f 5s ser A 1963	NODN	58 1/4 54 1/4	22 58¼ 54¾ 103 199 •57¾	55½ 03 99 60¾	5 14 39 3 2	18 22 43 4 62 4 41 57 4 96 4 103 4 86 104 4 40 62
•Sink fund 6 % of 19261961 J •Guar sink fund 6e1961 A •Guar sink fund 6e1961 A •Chilean Cons Munic 7s1960 M •Chinese (Hukuang Ry) 5s1951 J •Cologne (City) Germany 6 % s.1950 M •Cologne (Republic of)—	ON S D	14%	15 15 12¼	3 5	12 18 13 18 16 11 16 16 18 30 18 21 14	*Stamped	8 S D O	12¼ 10¾	6¼ 12¼ 10¾ 11	53 ½ 6% 12% 11% 11% 49%	5 5 48 14 2 17	32 62 14 514 914 714 15 7 13 7 13 7 13 87 67 14
*6s of 1928	JON	18% 25¼		67 64 1	10 20¼ 10 20¼ 17¼ 25¼ 16¼ 25¼ 17 25¼	Stabilisation loan s f 7s1947 A External sink fund g 8s1950 J	0	44%	57%	59 14 44 14	17 6	42 82 1 31 62
For footnotes see page 2935.												

Volume 147	,	New York	Bo	nd Reco	ord—Continued—Page 2	981
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov 11	Thur Las Sale Price	Range or Thursday's	-	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11 Sale Price Bid & Ask	Range Since Jan. 1
Foreign Govt. & Mun. (Concl.) Porto Alegre (City of) 8	M N M S	Low History 8 14 17 14 18 14 17 14 18 14 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		Low High 7½ 11½ 5½ 10½ 53 98½ 17 22½ 18½ 23½	Bell Telep of Pa & series B 1948 J J	0 48
External s f 6s	M S T	105% 105% - 106% 106% - *27% 36%	2 2	101% 108% 94% 109% 25 31 6% 12 5% 10%	*Bertin City Elec Co deb 6 1/2s. 1951 J D 291/4 29 7 20 1	29% 28% 2% 29% 3% 107
Rio Grande do Sul (State of)— *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	J D 7 7 J D 7	7 736 734 6 736 734	3	71/4 13 6 101/4 51/4 101/4 6 101/4 45 731/4	3 1/48 s f conv debs	99% 99% 14 107% 14 45% 14 45
*Roumania (Kingdom of) 7s1959 *February 1937 coupon paid *Saarbruecken (City) 6s1953 Sao Paulo (City of, Brazil) *8s ext secured s f1952	F A	*22 16 26 1		20 % 38 19 20 % 21 22	1 st g 4%s series JJ	34 41 34 12 54
**************************************	J J S S S	7% 7% - 10% 11% 6 8% 8% 8 8%	7 5 15	10½ 17 7½ 13¾ 6¼ 13	Skiyn Qu Co & Sub con gtd 5s. 1941 M N 35% 35% 1 1 20 1st 5s stamped	86 10834 54 10634
•6s ext dollar loan	A 0 21 J D	40 514		6% 11% 14% 47% 23 26% 23% 26% 20 35	1st lien & ref 5s series B 1957 M N 96 ½ 96 ½ 97 ½ 46 78 Brown Shoes f deb 3½s 1950 F A 107 107 26 105 Buffalo Gen Elec 4½s series B 1981 F A 110 109 ½ 110 19 106 Buff Niag Elec 3½s series C 1967 J D 109 ½ 110 106	9% 80% 8% 99 5% 108% 9 111% 109% 3% 44
+7s series B sec extl	M N 28	28 28 28 41 41 - *33 14 40 - *27 14 32 34	78 10	26 60% 25 38 90 104%	\$\frac{1}{2} *Burl C R & Nor lat & coll 5s 1934 A O	10 9 84 854 84 494 84 61
Taiwan Elec Pow s f 5½s1971 Tokyo City 5s loan of 19121952 External s f 5½s guar1961 •Uruguay (Republic) extl 8s1946 •External s f 6s1960	M S A O 58	56 1/4 56 1/4 52 1/4 57 1/4 58 1/4 1/5 1/4 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5	30	41 60 37 52 1/3 42 60 1/4 41 54 1/4 38 1/4 54	Canadian Nat gold 41/8 1957 J 1153/4 1153/4 125/4 32 108	14 109 14 11516 14 11716
*External s f 6a. 1964 33(4-44)s (\$ bonds of '37) external readjustment	M N 42	4134 4234 41 41 41	42	40% 53% 37% 53 40% 43%	Guaranteed gold 5s	120 118 14 118 14 34 116 14 34 115 14 74 125 14
33/44/44/se exti conv	A O M N	*44 ½ 46 ½ *44 ½ 46 ½ *56 75 *22 26 40 40		42 1/4 43 1/4 38 50 38 42 1/4 50 1/4 69 1/4 18 100 1/4 30 62	Coll trust gold 5sDec 1 1954 J D 98 98 98 98 56 13 92 Collateral trust 4 15s1960 J J 94 5 86 15 Car Cent 1st guar 4s1949 J J *50 6033	0 103 14 0 114 14 2 104 3 109
41/s assented	F A	- *33 1/4 40		4314 65	Carro Clinch & Ohlo 1st 6a ser A 1952 J D 105 105 5 94 Carriers & Gen Corp deb 5s w w 1950 M N 93 94 ½ 6 86 Cart & Adir 1st gu gold 4s 1981 F A 98 48 ½ 53 ½ 34 Celotox Corp deb ½s w w 1947 J D 92 92 92 92 ½ 15 56	1% 108 0% 94% 5 56 9 92%
### COMPANIES ###################################	M 8 M D 100	66¼ 70 100 100¼ 100 100¾ 105¾ 105¾	5		*Consol gold 5s	7% 26 7% 50 7% 12% 8% 7 8% 7%
Adriatic Elec Co exti 7s1952 Ala Gt Sou 1st cons A 5s1943 1st cons 4s series B1943 Albany Perfor Wrap Pap 6s1948 6s with warr assented1948	J D	70 70 *105 4 103 4 4 36 4 38 4 38 4 38 4	8 4 1	58 78 100 105 95 103 13 35 54 35 57	•Mac & Nor Div 1st g 5s. 1946 J - 13 - 13 •Mid Ga & At Div pur m 5s. 1947 J 7 7 7 7 •Mobile Div 1st g 5s. 1946 J 10 10 2 3 Central Foundry mtge 6s. 1941 M 110 110 5 9 Gen mortgage 5s. 1941 M - 72 75 - 56	1 78
Alb & Susq 1st guar 31/s 1946 Alleghany Corp coll trust 5s 1944 Coll & conv 5s 1949 •Coll & conv 5s 1950 •5s stamped 1950 Allegh & West 1st gu 4s 1998	F A 84		36 21 133	70 90 45 84¼ 44 75 25 47 16¼ 39¼	Cent Hud G & E lst & ref 3 \(\frac{1}{2} \)s. 1965 \(\text{M} \) S \\ \tag{102 \\ \psi} \\ 102 \\ \psi \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ \psi \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ \psi \\ 10	9 102% 5% 110% 5 46 0 34%
Allegh Val gen guar g 4s1942 Alled Stores Corp deb 4 1/2s1950 4 1/2s debentures1951 Allis-Chalmers Mfg conv 4s1952	F A 941	6 104 104% 6 96% 96% 94 94% 111 112	16 3 11 94	101 109 79 96% 79 95 96 115	Central N Y Power 3\(s \)	
• Alpine-Montan Steel 7s1955 Am & Foreign Pow deb 5s2030 American Ice s f deb 5s1953 Amer I G Chem conv 5 ½s1949 Am Internat Corp conv 5 ½s1949 Amer Telep & Teleg	M S 56 J D 104	*36¾ 40 53 56 *101 103¼ 104¼ 99¾ 101	77 33 30	27 100 38¼ 63 95 100¼ 99¼ 105¼ 80 101¾	Certain-teed Prod 51/48 A 1948 M 8 *83 1/4 84 49 Champion Paper & Fibre- 8 f deb 41/48 (1935 issue) 1950 M \$ 991/4 991/4 991/4 8 95	% 117 85% % 106
20-year sinking fund 53/s1943 33/s debentures1961 33/s debentures1966 *Am Type Founders conv deb.1950 Amer Wat Wks & Elec 6s ser A.1975	A O 105) J D 105 J J 113 M N	104 105 105 107 114 102 103	54 86 182 12 7	112¼ 113¾ 99¾ 105¾ 99¾ 105¾ 97¾ 115 84 103	S f deb 4%s (1938 issue) 1950 M S 99% 99% 99% 10 976 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	14 106 14 121 14 9714 14 9714
Anacoada Cop Min s f deb 4 1/2 1950 *Anglo-Chilean N!trate— S f income deb	Jan Q J M 8	32 1/4 33 35 1/4 36 1/4 94 1/4 96 97 1/4 98 1/4	72 22 8 	102 % 107 % 25 % 38 23 41 94 % 100 88 99 %	Potts Creek Branch 1st 4s 1946 J J 105 105	% 115
1st m s f 4s ser Č (Del)1957 Atchison Top & Santa Fe— General 4s1995 •Adjustment gold 4s1995 •Stamped 4s1995	J 979 A O 1063 Nov M N 91	97% 98% 106 106% *90 92 89% 91	36 169 	86% 99% 98% 110% 75% 103 75% 103%	General 4s	111 14 14 109 105
Conv gold 4s of 1909 1955 Conv 4s of 1905 1955 Conv gold 4s of 1910 1960 Conv deb 4 ½s 1948 Rocky Mtn Dlv 1st 4s 1965 Trans-Con Short L 1st 4s 1958	D 1013	92 92 92 92¼ *87 100¼ 101¼ 100 100 108 108	1 2 41 2 52	82 102 81 104 \(\mathbf{H}\) 79 \(\mathbf{H}\) 101 87 \(\mathbf{H}\) 106 \(\mathbf{H}\) 95 \(\mathbf{H}\) 103 \(\mathbf{H}\) 100 112 \(\mathbf{H}\)	•Certificates of deposit	
Cal-Aris 1st & ref 4 1/2 A1962 Atl Knox & Nor 1st g 5s1946 Atl & Charl A L 1st 4 1/2 A1944 1st 30-year 5s series B1944 Atl Coast Line 1st cons 4s July 1952	M S 863	106 106 106 106 106 106 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11	4 2 64	98% 112 105 109 84% 97 67 104% 69 94	*Chie Ind & Louisv ref 6s1947 J J 17 16¾ 17 2 9 •Refunding g 5s series B1947 J J 15 11¾ 15% 8 •Refunding 4s series C1947 J J 15 13¾ 15 10 10 •1st & gen 5s series BMay 1966 J J 7 6 7 4 3	17 18 18 15 7%
General unified 4 1/28 A	MN 683 I J 36 I J 303	34 36	28 54 42 12 8	53 77 14 63 88 45 76 14 14 36 14 14 32 14 50 60	Chie Ind & Sou 50-year 4s1956] J J 62 62 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	14 3514
*Auburn Auto conv deb 4%s.1939 Austin & N W 1st gu g 5s1941 Baldwin Loco Works 5s stmpd.1940 Bait & Ohio 1st g 4sJuly 1948	MN 983	*25¼ 30 *69¼ 78 98¼ 99¼ 48 51½	10 124	15 30 70 85 96 102 34½ 78½	•Gen 4½s series CMay 1 1989 J J 29½ 28½ 29½ 30 20 •Gen 4½s series EMay 1 1989 J J 29½ 28 29½ 27 21 •Gen 4½s series FMay 1 1989 J J 29½ 27½ 29½ 7 ‡•Chie Milw St P & Pac 5s A1975 F A 11½ 10½ 12 515 7 •Cony adj 5sJan 1 2000 A O 4 3½ 4½ 785 2	36 35 16 14 34 16 13 16 14 4 16
Refund & gen 5e series A1995 1st gold 5s	A O 513 D 22		187 99 118 41 87	14 39 34 37 82 34 15 45 27 34 70 19 59 34	*Stpd 4s non-p Fed ine tax 1987 M N 16¾ 16¾ 1 13 *Gen 4¾s stpd Fed ine tax1987 M N 16⅓ 16⅓ 17⅓ 14 14 *Gen 5s stpd Fed ine tax1987 M N 18 18 18⅓ 12 14 *A ¼s stamped 1987 M N 16 18⅓ 16	18%
Tol & Cin Div 1st ref 4s A 1959. Ref & gen 5s series D 2000 Conv 4 ½s 1960. Ref & gen m 5s series F 1996. Bangor & Aroostook 1st 5s 1943. Con ref 4s 1951.	M S 22 F A 153 M S 223 J 1093	20% 22% 15% 16% 20% 22% 109% 109% *102%	10 86 346 81 1	17 1/4 46 13 1/4 38 1/4 11 1/4 34 14 39 103 112 1/4 95 106	\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$	
4s stamped1951	J 105		13	99 108		

Bennett Bros. & Johnson

MUNICIPAL BONDS

New York, N. Y.

One Wall Street

Digby 4-5200

N. Y. 1-761 + Bell System Teletype + Cgo. 543

	PONDS	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Thurs.		ek's ge or	t de	Range
14 15 16 17 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 18 18 19 19	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interes	Sale Price	Thur	sday's	Bonds	
Congress of deposits	‡‡+Chicago Railways Ist 5s stpd Aug 1938 25% part paid ‡+Chic R I & Pac Ry gen 4s1988	FA	18%	4134	42 18%	5 45	41 51 1414 2214
Congress of deposits	Certificates of deposit Preferring gold 4s	A O	8% 8	814	8%	35 22	5 10%
Chesgo Union Station	Certificates of deposit Conv g 4 1/8. Ch St I & New Orleans 5s. 1951	MN	814	7 % 3 %	81/2	26 45	3 5%
Guaranteed 48	Inc gu 5sDec 1 1960	J D J D J D M S	68 53	67	59 69¼	1 7	45 78% 46 70%
Chie & West Indians con 4s. 1992 J J 90% 89 90% 90 71 100 1st & ref M 4/5 series D . 1992 M N 90% 89 90% 90% 71 100 1st & ref M 4/5 series D . 1992 M N 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	Guaranteed 4s	1 1	105%	107 1/4	108 ½ 106	27	99 10934
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1st & ref M 4 ¼s series D1962 Childs Co deb 5s	M S	90 1/2	89 89	901/4	90 38 11	71 100 71 92 16
Cleve Cin Chie & St. L gen 4s 1993. J D	J. Choe Okia & Guit cons os 1932	IN A		17 107 % *110 %	17 107 1/8	12	102¼ 108 106¼ 109¾
Centeral Se series B	Cin Leb & Nor 1st con gu 4s1942 Cin Un Term 1st gu 5s ser C1957 1st mtge guar 3 ½s series D1971 Clearfield & Mah 1st gu 5s1943	M N M N J J	1081/2	107%	108	12	107% 110%
Cair O Div 1st gold 49. Cla W bash & M Div 1st 4a. 1990 M N	General 5s series B	JD		*70 59 1/4	90 60 ½	27	73¼ 92½ 41 73½
W W Val Div Lieg 4s. 1940 M N 106 106 106 44 103 108	Cairo Div 1st gold 4s	JJ		*66	60 75		50 57 61 7816
Series B 3 ½ guar	Cleve Elec Illum 1st M 3 4 8 1965	MN	10814	106 108	95%	4	87 97¾ 103¼ 106¾
Cleve Bhort Line 1st gu 4 1/6 1961. A O 831/4 86	Clare 4 Teh men au 41/a ace D 1049			*105%			107 107 105 % 106 %
Cleve Bhort Line 1st gu 4 1/6 1961. A O 831/4 86	Series D 3½s guar	FA			105		100 106%
Table 1	Cleve Short Line 1st gu 4 1/281961 Cleve Union Term gu 5 1/281972 1st a f series B guar1973	A O A O	87¼ 80½	86 78¼	8714	10 35	73 104 ½ 77 105 ½ 71 102 ½
Columbia G & E deb 5s	Coal River Ry 1st gu 4s1945 Colo Fuel & Iron Co gen s f 5s1943	JD	10 /8	100	100	<u>î</u>	95 16 103
Debenture 5s.	Columbia C & P dah Es May 1089	-	0574	44%	4514	18	30 49
2348 debentures	Debenture 5sApr 15 1952 Debenture 5sJan 15 1961 Columbia & H V 1st ext g 4s1948	A O J J A O	94%	93 91½ *109	94 1/8	87	85 96 ¼ 104 ¼ 112 ¾
Commercial Invest Tr deb 3 1/58 1951 J J				10934	10314	31	105 110 95 14 103 14
1st mtgc 3 \(\frac{3}{4} \) series I	Commonwealth Edison Co-		5.5519	"June 1	10614	102	100 108%
Conn Ry & L lat & ref 4/ss 1951 J J 103 / 109 / 109 / 107 / 108 / 108 / 108 / 109	1st mtge 3 ¼s series I1965 1st mtge 3 ¼s series I1968 Copy debs 3 ¼s	D	107¾ 106%	1071/4	10634	81	103% 106%
Stamped guar 4 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 108 \(\frac{1} \) 108 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 108 \(\frac{1}{4} \	Conn Dv & 1. let & rof 4 14s 1951;				100		100% 101
3 ½s debentures	Stamped guar 4 1/8	FA		*108 1/4 109 1/4 106 1/5	109¾ 106¾	7 37	107 1 108 1 109 1 100 106 1 106 1
Of Upper Wuertemberg 78 1956 J J 26% 24 26% 6 22% 26% 26% 27% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26	3 1/48 debentures	AO	105	1041/	105	29	103 1 107 97 1 105 99 1 104 16
*Debenture 4s	of Upper Wuertemberg 78 19561	J J		10314	10356	80	9234 104
*Consolidation Coal s f 5a	• Debenture 4s	AO		*101/6	11 1214		10 16%
Cuba RR 1st 5s g	*Consuldation Coals f 5s1960 Consumers Power 3¾s.May 1 1965 1st mtge 3 ¼sMay 1 1965	MN	108½ 107¾	108½ 107½	56 109 107%	13	40 56
Cuba RR 1st 5s g	1st mtge 3 ½s	M N M N		10736	10736	7	102 107 107 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Cuba RR 1st 5s g	15-year deb 5s	DANI	105¼ 104½ 103½	99 1/4 105 1/4 104 103 1/4	100 105¾ 104¼ 103¾	1 14 21	99% 105%
Dayton Pow & Lt lat & ref 43 \(\) 1981 MN \\ 58 \\ 584 \\ 108\\ 1	Cuba RR 1st 5s g1952 7 1/4s series A extended to 1946	1 1	39	3836	39 % 46 37 %	8	31 % 54 % 40 58 %
1st & ref 4½s 1969 J J 104½ 103 105 1st mortgage 4½s 1969 J J 106½ 106½ 106½ 7 105 108 Den Gas & Ellst & ref s f 5s 1951 M N 106½ 106½ 107½ 25 105½ 108½ Stamped as to Penna tax 1951 M N 107½ 107½ 107½ 1 106½ 108½ 108½ \$b Den & R G lst cons g 4s 1936 J J 14 13½ 14½ 55 8½ 15	Dayton Pow & Lt 1st & ref 3 1/8 1960. Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s1943. Del Power & Light 1st 4 1/4s1971.	M N J	1081/2 58	108% 56% 106%	10814	11 123	105% 109% 28 59 106 108%
11 Den & R G 1st cons g 4s 1936 J J 14 13 14 55 81 15	lst & ref 4 1/8	J M M M M N	1061/2	106¾ 106¾ 107¾	10734	25	105 108 105% 108% 106% 108%
9 16	\$ Consol gold 4 1/2	3 J		131/4	1434		

ord —Continued—Page	3			No	v. 1	2, 1938
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interest	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Rang Thurs Bld &	day's Ask	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
†*Den & R G West gen 5s. Aug 1955 *Assented (sub) to plan) *Ref & impt 5s ser B	A O J J J D M N J D A O J J	112%	3% *20 ½ 112% 110 % *45 *26 97 *105 ½ 104 % 14 %	High 7 6% 10% 3% 113 111% 110% 59 97% 106% 104% 15	No. 111 499 211 33 18 5 9 15 6	Low High 8 314 8 314 74 54 12 42 1115 1144 107 1124 1035 1105 32 41 20 33 88 109 1025 106 14 23 14 23
Duquesne Light 1st M 3½81965 East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s1948 East T Va & Os Div 1st 5s1956 Ed E! Ill Bklyn 1st cons 4s1939 Ed E! Ill (N Y) 1st cons g 5s1995 Electric Auto Lite conv 4s1952 Elgin Jollet & East 1st g 5s1941 E! Paso Nat Gas 4½s ser A1951 E! Paso & S W 1st 5s1965 5s stamped	AMN JJ AMN DOOD JJ JJ JJ		*100 *99 82 ¼ *100 ¼ 109 *106 ½ 105 *50 *50 *22 21 ½	110 % 105 85 102 % 134 109 % 105 % 78 95 % 45 23 % 22 %	17 25 1 24 5 	98 ½ 108 68 ¼ 90 ½ 100 ½ 103 ½ 131 ½ 134 94 ¼ 109 ¼ 106 109 ¼ 102 ½ 106
*Conv 4s series A. 1903 *Series B. 1953 *Gen conv 4s series D. 1953 *Ret & impt 5s of 1927 1967 *Ret & impt 5s of 1927 1967 *Erie & Jersey 1st s f 6s 1955 *Genessee River 1st s f 6s 1955 *N Y & Erie RR ext 1st 4s 1947 *§*3d mtge 4½s 1938 Ernesto Breda 7s 1954 Fairbanks Morse deb 4s 1956 Federal Light & Traction 1st 5s 1942	AAMAJJMS ADS	22 22 14 14 14 	21 ½ 22 13 ¼ 13 ½ 49 *45 *86 *60 80 105 ¼ 100 ½ -99	22 % 22 % 14 % 14 % 49 51 88	15 1 92 141 2 2 	10¼ 36¼ 15 23 9¼ 43 9¼ 42¼ 38 105 33⅓ 85 75 101¼
lst lien s f & stamped	J D J D M S M N M N M N	101½ 	101½ *93 *105¼ 45 63¾ 8¾ 8¾ *3 *1 *1 *98¼ *47	101 % 98 45 64 10 ½ 10 17 % 1 % 100 49 ½	3 	89% 101% 75 91% 93% 101% 35% 45 49 64% 3% 10 3% 10 2% 2% 1% 2% 297 103% 34 49%
Gas & El of Berg Co cons g 5s 1949 Gen Amer Investors deb 5s A 1952 Gen Cable 1st s f 5 ½s A 1947 *Gen Elec (Germany) 7s 1945 *Sinking fund deb 6 ½s 1940 *20-year s f deb 6s 1948 Gen Motors Accept Corp deb 3s 1946 15-year 3 ¼s deb 1951 Gen Pub Serv deb 5 ½s 1939 Gen S'eel Cast 5 ½s with warr. 1949 †Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons 5s Oct 1 '45' 1\$*Ga Caro & Nor 1st ext 6s 1934 *Good Hope Steel & Ir sec 7s 1945 Goodrich (B F) conv deb 6s 1945 1st mtge 4 ½s 1956 Goodyear Tire & Rub 1st 5s 1956	J A J J J D N A A J J	104¼ 106¾ 70¼ 40½ 100 99¼ 103¼	*120½ 104 104¼ *57 *57 *57 *57 106 105¼ * 67 *18 *17 40½ 100 99¼ 103½ *87¼ *25	104 104½ 75 61¾ 106¼ 106¼ 100 70½ 21½ 40½ 1003¾ 89 85 104	2 11 47 12 76 3 36 106 72	121 121 100 105 85 104½ 39 60 39 51 39 60 101½ 106¼ 89 100¼ 37¼ 70½ 13½ 21 13 25 25¼ 40½ 78¼ 100¼ 84 99½ 101¼ 106¼ 74⅓ 94⅓
Grays Point Term 1st gu 5s 1947 Gt Cons El Pow (Japan) 7s 1944 1st & gen s f 6 1/4s 1950 Great Northern 4 1/4s series A 1961 General 5 1/4s series B 1952 General 5 1/4s series B 1973 General 4 1/4s series D 1976 General 4 1/4s series E 1977 General mtge 4s series G 1946 Gen mtge 4s series H 1946 Gen mtge 18 1/4s series I 1967 Green Bay & West deb ctfs A 1940 Oulf Mob & Nor 1st 5 1/4s B 1950 1st mtge 5s series C 1950	FA J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	81 34 80 99 34 97 34 90 85 98 34 89 76 34	81 1/4 80 98 96 88 1/4 83 1/4 85 1/4 86 1/4 *64 6 1/6	83 81 ¼ 99 ¼ 97 ¾ 90 85 98 ¾ 89 76 ¼ 60 7	4 13 52 32 9 16 122 141 61 33	60 83 83 49 83 34 111 34 80 104 67 99 34 68 89 34 74 103 34 69 82 53 60 63 103 34 55 81 55 82 90 34 93
Guif States Util 4s series C 1966 10-year deb 4 1/5s 1946 4 Hackensack Water 1st 4s 1952 4 Harpen Mining 6s 1949 Hocking Val 1st cons g 1/5s 1999 Hocking Val 1st cons g 1/5s 1999 Hocking Val 1st cons g 5s 1992 15* Housatonic Ry cons g 5s 1937 Houston Oil sink fund 5 1/5s A. 1940 Hudson Coal 1st g 5s 1949 Hudson Co Gas 1st g 5s 1949 Hudson & Manhat 1st 5s ser A. 1957 *Adjustment income 5s. Feb 1957 Illinois Bell Telp 3 1/5s ser B 1970	JA OO J J J O M N D M A O O	95 108¾ 101¾ 38 48¾ 111	*45 93 107½ *105½ *106½ *36½ 117½ 72½ *23 101½ 34 *121¼ 48 13¾	100 95 108 ½ 117 ½ 72 ½ 31 101 ½ 38 49 14 ¼ 111 ½ 85	28 20 20 10 16 83 123 145	91 ¼ 93 76 95 ½ 99 ¼ 108 ½ 100 ¼ 105 ¼ 106 ¾ 109 27 35 108 119 ¾ 52 81 29 38 ¾ 99 ¼ 103 13 38 118 ½ 122 ½ 40 61 ¼ 11 ½ 24 ½ 106 ½ 111 ½ 85 98
Illinois Central 1st gold 4s 1951 1st gold 3 \(\frac{1}{2} \struct \) 1951 Extended 1st gold 3 \(\frac{1}{2} \struct \) 1951 1st gold 3s stering	A O S O M O M O M O M O M O M O M O M O M	59 55¾ 51¾ 64 48¾	*77 ½ *77 ½ *77 ½ 57 ½ 54 ½ 62 ½ 40 ½ *71 ½ 60 *52 *55 ½ *75 60		66 6 86	79¼ 93¼ 77¾ 79¼ 37¾ 59 34¾ 57 44¾ 48¼ 31 52¼ 39 64 23 49¼ 78 84 61 63 47 72 5 5 53 52 55⅓ 50 75
						0 m/ 2 m/ 1

Volume 147			lew You	k Bo	ond Reco	ord—Continued—Page	4				2983
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	ertod	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Thursday's Bid & Ask	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interest	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Thursday Bid & As	2 2 2	Range Since Jan. 1
Ill Cent and Chie St L & N O— Joint 1st ref 5s series A	J D A O F A O J J J J M S F A J J	54 51 1/2 105 40 108 1/2 66 1/2 37 1/4 62 1/4	52% 55 49% 51 105 105 40 40 *	122 123 134 134 134 134 136 136 136 132	28 51½ 105 107¾ 27 40 66¾ 90 12¾ 18 96 100¼ 101¾ 108¾ 42¾ 67 42¾ 63 10 39	Manila Elec RR & Lt s f 5s 1953 Manila RR (South Lines) 4s 1939 1st ext 4s 1959 † Man G B & N W 1st 3 ½s 1941 Marion Steam Shovel s f 6s 1947 Market St Ry 7s ser A April 1940 Mead Corp 1st 6s with warr 1945 Metrop Ed 1st 4 ½s series D 1968 Metrop Wat Sew & D 5 ½s 1950 ‡§*Met West Side El (Chic) 4s 1938 † Met West Side El (Chic) 4s 1977 * 4s (Sept 1914 coupon) 1977 * Miag Mill Mach 1st s f 7s 1956 Michigan Central Detroit & Bay	MNN JOUNS	101	*81 *100 10 *84 8 * 1: 80 8: 59 5 104 10 109% 11: 101 10 8	5 3½ 0 1 9 4½ 21 0 1	99 1/4 103 1/4
*Certificates of deposit	A O M N J J J J A O O J J M S M K A J J J A	91 ½ 102 ½ 20 ½ 18 ½ 19 79 ½ 56 ½ 96 ½ 85 ½ 66 100 ½ 70	58 60 90 % 91 102 ½ 102 19 ½ 20 4 % 4 18 ½ 19 177 80 51 56 89 90 84 84 85 % 85 66 67 100 ½ 100 70 71	3 12 12 13 13 13 11 5 99 14 50 14 59 14 59 15 16 17 18 18 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	40 60 65 92 100 102% 113% 21 2% 6 111% 20 12 19% 48% 80% 35% 56% 56% 98 54 90 77 84 75 94	City Air Line 4s	MIADIDI MIMMO JI	15½	*71½ 9. *71½ 113½ 11. *38½ 5. *32 42. 16 11. *23½ 7. 8½ *5½ *5½	5 ¼ 5 ½ 6 2 2 2 2 3 8 ¼ 2 3 10 3 9 ¼ 27	80 101 79% 103 60 89% 12 19% 98% 104% 97 104% 97 77 77 31% 52 31% 60 13% 3% 1% 3% 1% 3% 1% 3% 1% 3%
James Frankl & Clear 1st 4s1959 Jones & Laughin Steel 4½ 8 A1961 Kanawha & Mich 1st gu g 4s1990 14 K C Ft S & M Ry ref g 4s1936 Certificates of deposit Kan City Sou 1st gold 3s1950 Ref & Impt 5sApr 1950 Kansas City Term 1st 4s1960 Kansas Gas & Electric 4½ s1980 *Karstadt (Rudolph) 1st 6s1943 *Ctfs w w stmp (par \$645)1943 *Ctfs w w stmp (par \$255)1943 *Ctfs w w stmp (par \$255)1943 *Ctfs with warr (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs with warr (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs w th warr (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs w the warr (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs w the warr (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs with Warr	M S A O A O J J J J J D M N		*53 82 90	107 28 202 34 61 34 15 34 5	103% 106% 40 41 14% 20% 19 25	\$\frac{1}{1}\$ ist cons 5s gu as to int	JM SJM SJM SM	45 56½ 43¼ 34½ 18¾ 20	*3½ 66 ½ 66 ½ 66 ½ 54 ½ 5 39 4 33 ¾ 3 35 31 18 ½ 11 19 ½ 21 19 19 ½ 21 19 19 21 19 19 21 19 19 21	3½ 37 4½ 10	634 1434 3 634 1 534 6034 7034 1834 4534 48 67 2834 50 28 4234 25 4534 10 24 1434 2534 1434 2534 15 23
4 ½s unguaranteed	AFJJJD- MNJFA- MSG- FFAA- JJ-	82 54 52 ¼	103¼ 103 103¾ 104 69½ 99 14¾ 14 81½ 82 64 55 52¼ 54 50 50 *45½ 54	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	95½ 104½ 85½ 100 11½ 31½ 75 90½ 47 61¼ 47 60 41½ 53½ 44 49½ 70 90½		M N O M S A M S M N O A O D	24½ 31½ 36 53¼ 107½ 99¼ 98¾	19½ 21 *18½ 21 19¾ 21 *18¾ 21 65 6 *33 3 23 2 28 3 53¼ 5 *102½ 10 98¾ 99	3½	50 90 1374 2834 834 32 9 37 5034 6734 9834 10734 99 10736 85 9934 84 99
2d gold 5s	J J J J A O - M S F A -	65% 89% 31% 60 60 37% 28 47% 52	65 65 8934 89 3014 32 60 60 60 88434 88 8734 37 88 89 8774 47 2634 32 2734 28 47 44 47	86 7 1 1 2 3 3 1	26¼ 45 18¼ 39¼ 19¼ 40 72 85 30 62	Montreal Tram 1st & ref 5s1941 Gen & ref s f 5s series A1955 Gen & ref s f 5s series B1955 Gen & ref s f 5s series C1955 Gen & ref s f 5s series D1955 Morris & Essex 1st gu 3 ½2000 Constr M 4 ½s series B1955 Mountain States T & T 3 ½s1968 Mutual Fuel Gas 1st gu g 5s1947 Mut Un Tel gtd 6s ext at 5 %1947 Nash Chatt & St L 4s ser A1978 Nassau Elec gu g 4s stpd1951 Nat Aeme 4 ½s extended to1946 Nat Dairy Prod deb 3 ½ w w1951 Nat Distillers Prod deb 4 ½s1945 Nat Oppum 4 ½s s f debs1950 Nat Oppum 4 ½s s f debs1950	AAAAJMMN AJDNN FJJMN	57 53 104 	*74 7' *	5 5 1 10 7 10 3 22 4 1 72 6 1 6 1 10 7 3 2 2 3	100 107
Lehigh Val (Pa) cons g 4s	MNN MNN AAOO	24¾ 25¾ 25 27 26¼ 128¾ 1126⅓ 101¼	21½ 25 22 26 21½ 27 25 26 27 25 26 *56 69 *109¾ 109 128¾ 129 126 126 110 111 101¼ 102; 62 63 *60 75 84 84 883½ 83	13 64 22 1 8 4 1 8 2 1 1 8 2 1 3 21 2 3 4 4 4 4 4	14 25 13 33 4 15 4 25 16 4 40 16 4 26 4 45 65 105 4 118 128 131 121 4 126 4 99 112 4 50 63 4 55 90 80 87 73 88 44	National Rys of Mexico— 44/5s July 1914 coupon op1957 44/5s July 1914 coupon op1957 44/5s July 1914 coupon of1957 48/5s July 1914 coupon of1957 48/5s April 1914 coupon op1977 48/5s April 1914 coupon op1977 48/5s April 1914 coupon op1977 Nat RR of Mex prior lien 4/5s— \$4/5s ent warr & rets No 5 on '77 Nat RR of Mex prior lien 4/5s— \$4/5s ent warr & rets No 4 on '26 48/6 April 1914 coupon op1951 48/5 April 1914 coupon op1951 Assent warr & rets No 4 on '51 Nat Steel 1st coll s f 4s—————————————————————————————————	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	11/4	*1 *1 *1 *1 * *2 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1	74 5 14 50 14 3 18 3 18 59	34 24 23 23 36 24 36 34 13 13 14 13 103 108 116 121
4s stamped	M S	100 ¼ 109 ½	104% 104% 100 ½ 1009 97 97, 91 91 90 90 81 81 97 ¼ 97, *80 96 109 ½ 1099 74 ½ 75 *103 ½ 1059	6 6 4 4 4 4 4 6 2 8 8 5 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 6	73¼ 88⅓ 126 129⅓ 115⅓ 125 60 85⅓ 101⅓ 107 102 107⅓ 97⅓ 105 83⅓ 102 75 93⅓ 74 90 65 85 96 107⅓ 76 82 109 112 68 80 98 111⅓	*New England RR guar 5s1945 *Consol guar 4s	MA A D J O D J O O A F A F	123 1/4 124 107 1/4 101 1/4 101 36	123½ 124 124 124 107½ 107 72 73 *51½ 101 100¼ 101 100¼ 101 72 73 33 a33 34 36 *23½ 36 32 32	2 % 20 20 20 11 2 6 5 % 42 2 5 1 14 1 8 8 5 5 5	24 32 14 24 31 120 126 120 124 14 104 108 14 38 75 34 53 86 14 101 14 47 76 23 35 22 38 24 36 22 37 23 36 14 22 40 26 14 35 14
• Lower Austria Hydro El 6 1/48. 1944 McCrory Stores Corp s t deb 5s. 1951 McKesson & Robbins deb 5 1/85. 1950 Maine Central RR 4s ser A	MN I	35 33½	*25 106% 103% 1049 75 75 43 43 33 35 31 35		22 98% 97% 106% 93% 104% 70 91% 37 55 20 35 17% 35 16% 33 10 23%	Newport & C Bdge gen gu 4 1/4s. 1945. N Y Cent RR 4s series A	J A000	69% 78 60 65% 69%	108½ 108 67 70 76 78 57 60 62% 65	97 22 182 126	110 11114 4834 82 62 914 3834 6554 42 73 51 84
For footnotes see page 2985.											

2984		New \	ork E	ond Reco	rd—Continued—Page		<i>m</i>		ov. 1	2, 1938
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	police R	ast ale Thurse	e of agay's	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE v eek Ended Nov. 11	Interes	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Thursday's Bid & Ask		Range Since Jan. 1
N Y Cent & Hud River 3 1/28 1997. Debenture 48 1942. Ref & impt 4 1/28 ser A 2013. Lake Shore coll gold 3 1/28 1998. Mich Cent coll gold 3 1/28 1998. N Y Chic & St Louis 1974. Ref 4 1/28 series C 1978. 3-year 68 Oct 1 1938. 4s colinteral trust 1946. 1st mtge 3 1/28 extended to 1947. N Y Connect 1st gu 4 1/28 A 1953. Ist guar 5s series B 1953. N Y Dock 1st gold 48 1951. Conv 5 % notes 1947. N Y Edison 3 1/28 ser D 1965.	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		81 60 65 1/4 66 3/4 66 3/4 59 3/4 11 3/4 79 3/4 12 75 3/4 10 3/4 2 10 3/4 10 3/	4 67 94¾ 64 98¾ 66 38 65¾ 8 53 82¾ 58 84 2 26¾ 62 27 30 99¾ 51 99 99¾ 51 99 98 108 102¾ 109¾ 9 39¾ 61 45¾ 53 101 107¾	Penn-Dixie Cement 1st 6s A 1941 Penn Glass Sand 1st M 4½s 1960 Pa Ohlo & Det 1st & ref 4½s A. 1977 4½s series B 1981 Pennsylvania P & L 1st 4½s 1981 Pennsylvania RR cons g 4s 1943 Consol gold 4s 1948 4s steri stpd dollar. May 1 1948 Gen mtge 3¾s series C 1970 Consol sinking fund 4½s 1960 General 4½s series A 1965 General 5s series B 1968 Debenture g 4½s 1970 General 4½s series B 1981 Gen mtge 4½s series E 1984 Conv deb 3½s 1952	J DO J A O J A O O J A O O J	104¾ 108 109¼ 87¼ 96¼ 104 85½ 93½ 92½ 82¾	Low 89 90 **105 95 **95 95 **105 95 **108 108 **109 110 109	152 10 12 12 12 7 4 81 44 44 44 44 44 36 36 13	Low High 77 94 100 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 103 1 11 1 11
N Y & Erie—See Erie RR N Y Gas El Lt H & Pow g 5s1948. Purchase money gold 4s1949 N Y & Greenwood Lake 5s1946. N Y & Greenwood Lake 5s1946. N Y & Hariem gold 3½s2000. N Y Lack & West 4s ser A1973. 4½s series B1973. N Y L E & W Coal & RR 5½s42. N Y L E & W Coal & RR 5½s42. N Y & Long Branch gen 4s1941. 1.*N Y & N E (Bost Term) 4s1939. 1.*N Y & N E (Bost Term) 4s1939. 1.*N Y & N E (Bost Term) 4s1939. 1.*N Y & N E (Bost Term) 4s1947. Non-conv debenture 3½s1956. Non-conv debenture 4s1955. Non-conv debenture 4s1956. Conv debenture 6 31956. Conv debenture 6 31948. Collateral trust 6s1948.	J D I D I D I D I D I D I D I D I D I D	534 11534 	14 1	85 96¼ 81 13 19¼ 86 11 1 121 81 1 20¼ 61 13 23½	Peop Gas L & C 1st cons 6s	M S A O A A P A D D M S A D D M S A D D M S A D D M S A D D M S A D D M S D M	46¾ 61¾ 114¾ 106 100 109¾ 15¾ 15⅓ 110	116 116 114 114 114 114 115 116 116 116 117 117 117 117 117 117 117	14 2 9 9 14 5 14 4 9 4 9 4 15 15 1 15 1 1 2 6 15 1 2 6 14 2 0 4 1 2 0	113 ¼ 117 107 114 ½ 40 60 4 8¼ 100 107 53 ½ 80 ¾ 49 ¼ 75 ½ 50 76 99 ½ 116 105 ½ 110 104 115 97 ½ 110 ¾ 99 109 ½ 78 ½ 100 10 20 3 6 ½ 11 31 105 111 ¼ 80 ½ 89 ¾
*Debenture 4s	M 8 1 D	5% 15 *57 8% 8% 5% *50 49% *109 % *104 % *10 % *65 % *65 % *73 % 40 % 109 % *65 % *73 % 109 % *65 % *73 % 109 % *65 % *73 % *65 % *74 % *65 % *75 % *65 % *76 % *77	16		Pitts Coke & Iron conv 4 ½s A. 1952 Pitts C C C & St L 4 ½s A. 1940 Series B 4 ½s guar. 1942 Series C 4 ½s guar. 1942 Series C 4 ½s guar. 1942 Series D 4s guar. 1945 Series E 3 ½s guar gold. 1953 Series F 4s guar gold. 1953 Series G 4s guar. 1957 Series H cons guar 4s. 1960 Series I cons guar 4½s. 1963 Series J cons guar 4½s. 1964 Gen mtge 5s series B. 1975 Gen 4½s series C. 1977 Pitts Va & Char 1st 4s guar. 1943 Pitts & W Va 1st 4½s series B. 1959 1st mtge 4½s series C. 1960 Pitts Y & Ash 1st 4s ser A. 1948 1st gen 5s series B. 1962 1st gen 5s series B. 1962 1st gen 5s series C. 1964	M S A O O M N N M A A O O M N N M A A J D N A J M N D O J M N D O A A O D A A O D A A D A		92 93 103 103 103 107 108 107 108 107 108 107 108 107 108 107 108 107 108 108 107 108 109 107 108 109 107 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	17 34 1 34	80½ 89½ 77½ 93 101½ 108½ 103 110½ 105 109 103½ 104½ 106 105½ 104 105½ 100 109 101½ 101½ 107 110½ 90 112½ 90 112½ 90 112½ 108 108 40 52 38 55½ 106 109½ 109 115½
## Norfolk South 1st & ref 5s. 1961 *Certificates of deposit	M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9¼ 18 7¼ 17¼ *57¼ 118¼ 55½ 105½ 55½ 105¼ 105¼ 4 103½ *105 *42¼	19½ 5 17½ 2 17½ 2 19½ 4 106½ 105½ 106½ 104 104 2 114 107 82 65 85 3 51¼ 2 57¼ 1 661 2 661 61 61	1 8% 19% 9 17% 43% 56 111 119% 197 107% 6 99% 105% 101 107 196% 104% 116% 23 23 23	1st 4½s series D	TOPOL LUCITION TO THE TOPOL SWIN TOPOL SWIN SWIN SWIN SWIN SWIN SWIN SWIN SWIN	64 105¼ 46 17 82 96 79¼ 57¼ 76¾	6134 64 10334 105 45 46 *46 47 1614 17 *107 107 82 84 *5 5 43 43 96 96 77 764 76 10214 103 118 118	17 3 14 151 14 4 13 13 14 62 15 46 14 5 20	43 64¼ 101 105¾ 40 55 9¾ 18¾ 103¼ 108¼ 74¾ 85 4⅓ 8 322 43 82¾ 98 52¾ 81 483 75 58 93 ⅓ 67 93 84 103⅓ 100 118¾
Northern States Power 3/5s 1997 Northwestern Teleg 4/5s ext. 1944 *Og & L Cham 1st gu g 4s 1948 *Stamped 1948 Ohio Connecting Ry 1st 4s 1943 Ohio Edison 1st mtge 4s 1967 1st mtge 4s 1967 1st mtge 3/5s 1972 Oklahoma Gas & Elec 3/4s 1996 4s debentures 1946 Ontario Power N F 1st g 5s 1946 Ontario Transmission 1st 5s 1945 Oregon RR & Nav con g 4s 1946 Ore Short Line 1st cons g 5s 1946 Ore-Wash RR & Nav 4s 1961 Otis Steel 1st mtge A 1/5s 1962 Pacific Coast Co 1st g 5s 1946	M S M N M S M N	**************************************	107 % 2 103 ½ 114 2 113 108 1 114 % 1 115 ½ 104 % 8 78 7	5% 13 3½ 12 107 108% 1 98 106½ 98 106½ 5 91¾ 101 5 98¾ 107¾ 6 96¾ 104¾ 1 111¼ 114¾ 1 10 113 1 103 110 2 109 116¾ 1 10% 118¾ 4 90¾ 106¾ 9 59 78¾ 3 45 59 9 106% 111¾ 9 106% 111¾	Gen mtge 4 1/5s series B 1961 Purch money 1st M conv 5 1/5s 5/4 Gen mtge 4 1/5s series C 1956 Revere Cop & Br 1st mtge 4 1/4s 1956 Rheinelbe Union s f 7s 1946 Rhine-Ruhr Water Service 6s 1953 Phine-Westphalia El Pr 7s 1950 Direct mtge 6s 1952 Cons mtge 6s of 1930 1955 Richfield Oil Corp— 4s s f conv debentures 1952 Richm Term Ry 1st gen 5s 1952 Richm Steel 1st s f 7s 1955 Rich Grande West 1st gold 4s. 1939 Pitic Grande West 1st gold 4s. 1939 Pitic con & coil trust 4s A 1949 Roch G & E 4 1/5s series D 1977 Gen mtge 5s series E 1962 Gen mtge 3 1/5s series H 1967 Gen mtge 3 1/5s series H 1967 Gen mtge 3 1/5s series H 1967	MNNJJJNNNAO S JADJOSS MMSS	95 108¾ 96 100¼ 25 33¼ 33¼ 103¼	92¼ 95 108⅓ 109 93 96 100 100 *41¼ 25 32 32 31⅓ 33 33⅓ 33 33 103 103 104¼ 104 *16⅓ 20 *35 39 18 19 *121⅓ -109⅓ 110 *108⅓ -1109⅓ 110	17 4 4 49 4 5 4 8 4 14 1 1	71 14 95 94 12 12 72 96 92 101 15 28 14 45 20 25 14 33 14 24 14 33 14 24 14 33 14 24 15 35 10 15 50 35 41 12 20 18 18 12 20 118 12 20 118 12 20 118 12 20
1st & ref mtge 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) ser H1961 1st & ref mtge 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) ser I 1966 \[\frac{1}{2}\)^*Pac RR of Mo Ist ext g 4s 1938 \[\frac{1}{2}\)^*2d ext gold 5s 1938 Pacific Tel & Tel 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) ser B 1966 Ref mtge 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) ser B 1966 Paducah & Ill 1st s f g 4 \(\frac{1}{2}\) s 1955 Panhandle Eastern Pipe L 4s 1952 Paramount Broadway Corplist M s f g 3s loan etts 1955 Paramount Pictures deb 6s 1955 Paramount Pictures deb 6s 1947 Paris-Orleans RR ext 5\(\frac{1}{2}\) s 1968 Parmelee Trans deb 6s 1944 Pat & Passaic G & E cons 5s 1949 Paulista Ry 1st s f 7s 1942 Penn Co gu 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) s coll tr ser B 1941 Guar 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) s trust etts C 1942 Guar 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) s trust etts C 1942 Guar 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) s trust etts C 1944 Guar 4s ser E trust etts 1955 28-year 4s 1963	F A O 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	72	72 70 107 ½ 107 ¾ 1 103 ¼ 61 ½ 99 85 ¾ 91 ½ 151 102 100 100 ¾	2 98¼ 104¾ 105% 82 60 70 102¾ 107¾ 102¾ 107¾ 103 98 104 56 % 63 81 100 157 87 1 105	18	A O J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	105 105% 58% 15 134 11 13 1114 12 10% 594	*5% 8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7½ 14 6¼ 11½ 38 67½
					*2d 4s inc bond etfsNov 1989 \$*list terminal & unifying 5s. 1952 *Gen & ref g 5s series A1990	1 1	23¼ 15¼	35 35 20% 23 14% 15	14 55	20 38

For footnotes see page 2985.

Volume 147	111	N	ew	York	RO	nd Reco
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interest	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Ran Thur	ek's ge or sday's Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
St Paul & Duluth 1st con g 4s1968 \$\$ Paul E Gr Trk 1st 4\(\frac{1}{2}\)s1947	J D		Low *	High 90 14 1/2	No	Low High 88 98 714 914
to St Paul & K C Sh L gu 4½51941 St Paul Minn & Man— †Pacific ext gu 4s (large)1940	FA	******	7¾ *95	8½ 99	26	6 11 97 102 14 109 14 118 14
8 A & Ar Pass 1st gu g 4s1943 ¶San Antonio Pub Serv 1st 6s1952	1 1	63	62 110°10	63 110 ²¹ 82	1 11 2	45 81 1/4 109 1/4 1131 as
San Diego Consol G & E 4s1965 Santa Fe Pres & Phen 1st 5s1942 \$*Schulco Co guar 6 1/2s1946	M S		*111 *1071/2 *161/4	108		108 111 14 104 112 14 15 20 12 23
*Stamped *Guar # f 6 ½s series B 1946 *Stamped	A O	28½ 117	*16½ *28½ 28½ 116¾	18 34 29% 117	8	24 30 24 31 109 ½ 117
\$\cdot\\$^\$\cdot\\$^\$\cdot\\$^\$\cdot\\$^\$\cdot\\$^\$\displays \text{stamped}_{\text{1940}} \text{-1950} \\ \text{Adjustment 5s}_{\text{cond}} \text{Oct 1949} \\ \end{array}^\$\text{Refunding 4s}_{\text{cond}} \text{1959} \end{array}	FA	17 173/2 37/6 8	17 15% 3% 7%	17 17½ 3% 8%	3 60 14 48	111/4 20 9 171/4 21/4 41/4 4 81/4
Certificates of deposit St cons 6s series A1945 Certificates of deposit	M S	11 9%	6 914 834	7 11 9%	76 328 53	5 1 11 5 1 9 1 1
\$ Atl & Birm 1st gu 4s 1933 \$ Seaboard All Fla 6s A ctfs 1935	FA	5	20 ¼ 4¼ 4¼ 4¼	20 ¼ 5 ½ 5	5 87 17	2% 5% 2% 5
Shell Union Oil deb 3 ½s1951 Shinyetsu El Pow 1st 6 ½s1952 ‡•Siemens & Halske s f 7s1935 •Debenture s f 6 ½s1951	JD		104¼ 63¾ 84	104 % 63 % 85 ¼	50 24 6	96 1/4 105 48 70 1/4 61 1/4 85 1/4
Silesian Elec Corp 6 1/48	FA		24 86 99	24 87 99¼	1 3 29	20 1/2 24 64 90 79 1/2 99 1/4 90 1/4 104 1/4
Skelly Oil deb 4s	A O	1061/4	103¾ 106¼ *108¼ 105¼	104 106 1/2	18 5	103 % 108 110 120 %
Southern Calif Gas 4 1/25 1961 1st mtge & ref 4s 1965 Southern Colo Power 6s A 1947 Southern Kraft Corp 4 1/25 1946	JA	100	*106¾ 109¼ 100 93	107 % 110 102 93 ½	. 8 16 4	105 ¼ 108 ¼ 106 ¾ 110 87 ¼ 100 ¼ 83 94 ¾
Southern Natural Gas— 1st mtge pipe line 4 1/4s1951 So Pac coll 4s (Cent Pac coll)1949	A O	102 571/4	101 551/2	102 57½	20 51 71	91 102 35% 69% 41 76
1st 4½s (Oregon Lines) A1977 Gold 4½s1968 Gold 4½s1969 Gold 4½s1981	MN	57 57 57 1/4	58¾ 54¼ 54¾ 54¾	61 % 57 ½ 57 ½ 57 %	74 140 229	31 1 63 1 63 1 63 1 63 1 63 1 63 1 63
10-year secured 334s1946 San Fran Term 1st 4s1950 So Pac RR 1st ref guar 4s1955	JJ	90	64¼ 89 69¾	66 ½ 90	97 12 130	43 16 83 % 77 104 16 52 93
1st 4s stamped	JJ	82 59%	79¼ 55⅓ 67¼	82 1/4 59 1/4 71 1/4	133 226 88	45¼ 83 23¾ 59¾ 26 71½
Devel & gen 6 1/28	1 1	74% 67%	70¾ 67⅓ 66	75 1/2 67 1/3 67	108 3 8	28 75½ 64 70 35 67
So'western Bell Tel 3 1/4s ser B _ 1964 3s _ 1968 So'western Gas & El 4s ser D _ 1960 +‡Spokane Internat 1st g 5s _ 1955	MN	102 %	109¾ 102¾ 106¾ 19	110 ½ 102 ¾ 107	12 93 21 2	106% 110% 99% 102% 101 107 9 19%
Staley (A E) Mfg 1st M 4s1946 Standard Oil N J deb 3s1961 2 ³ 4s1953 Staten Island Ry 1st 4 ½s1943	JD	105¼ 104¼ 102¼	105¼ 103¾ 101¾	105 1/4 104 1/4 102 1/4	3 58 114	101 105¾ 100 104¼ 98 102¼ 95 102
Studebaker Corp conv deb 6s_1945 Swift & Co 1st M 3\frac{3}{8}1950 Tenn Coal Iron & RR gen 5s1951	MN	86 107	*103 ¼ 82 ¼ 106 ¾ *121	106 87 107	89 35	46% 87% 105% 108 119% 125
Tenn Cop & Chem deb 6s B1944 Tennessee Corp deb 6s ser C1944 Tenn Elec Pow 1st 6s ser A1947 Term Assn of St L 1st g 4 1/5s1939	J D	95	94¼ *103¾	951/4	24	95 103 701 981 103 1061
1st cons gold 5s 1944 Gen refund s f g 4s 1953 Texarkana & Ft S gu 5 1/4s A 1950 Texas Corp deb 3 1/4s 1951	FA	103	*113 10214 *8914 106	1131/2	47	10934 114 99 10834 70 90
Texas & N O con gold 5s1943 Texas & Pacific 1st gold 5s2000 Gen & ref 5s series B1977	AO	115%	115 85	94 % 115 % 85 % 86 %	11 18	103 ½ 107 ½ 81 ½ 81 ½ 104 ½ 116 ½ 70 88 ½
Gen & ref 5s series C1979 Gen & ref 5s series D1980 Tex Pac Mo Pac Ter 5 1/28 A1964	M S	865%	85 851/2 97	86 1/2 86 1/3 98	17 11 3	69 88 14 71 14 87 90 104
Third Ave Ry 1st ref 4s	AO		39 1/4 8 *85 1/4 105 1/4	81/4 871/4	19 49 35	24% 45 3% 9 71 90 98 105%
Tokyo Elec Light Co Ltd— 1st 6s dollar series——————————————————————————————————	J D		58% *86%	60 1/2	42	4014 6314 8414 102 50 80
Tol W V & Ohio 4s series C 1942 Toronto Ham & Buff 1st g 4s 1946 Trenton G & El 1st g 5s 1949 Tri-Cont Corp 5s conv deb A 1953	MS		*95 ¼ *120 ¾	9734		95 103% 117% 120 103 110
•Guar sec s 1 7s1952	FA		*23 *23			20 97 18 96
Ujigawa Elec Power s f 7s1945 Union Electric (Mo) 3½s1962 1§*Union Elev Ry (Chic) 5s1945 Union Oli of Calif 6s series A1942	A O	108%		1081/4	9	59 1 87 105 110 1 7 10 1 116 119
3 1/48 debentures	JJ	108% 110% 105% 115	108%	109	13 30 24 10	104% 113% 107% 114% 97 107% 109% 116
35-year 3 1/28 debenture1971 United Biscuit of Am deb 581950	MN		95 94 % 107 %	95½ 95¼ 107¾	9 12 1	83 14 96 82 95 14
United Cigar-Whelan Sts 5s1952 United Drug Co (Del) 5s1953 U N J RR & Canal gen 4s1944 \$1*United Rys St L 1st g 4s1934	M S M S J J	79 75	78 72% *108% *27	79 75	15 28	103 108¼ 69¾ 80⅓ 60 81¾ 107 109¼ 19¼ 27⅓ 107 123⅓
U S Pipe & Fdy conv deb 3½s.1946 U S Steel Corp 3½s debs1948 •Un Steel Works Corp 6½s A1951 •Sec s f 6½s series C1951) D	1041/4	121 1041/4 48 49	121	7 184 2 4	101 104 % 27 % 49 %
•Sink fund deb 6 1/48 ser A 1947 United Stockyards 4 1/48 w 1951 Utah Lt & Trac 1st & ref 5s 1944 Utah Power & Light 1st 5s 1944		9234	46 9214 92	49 92¾ 93½	8 4 32	27% 49 88% 94 73 93%
\$ Debenture 581959	FA	57 1/6 57	93 1/2 57 57	57 1/2 58	7	45 60 45 5934
Vanadium Corp of Am conv 5s. 1941 Vandalia cons g 4s series A1955 Cons s f 4s series B1957 \$•Vera Cruz & P 1st gu 4 1/5s1934	IF A		*105¼ *1	100 1/2	22	77 100 1/4 104 1/4 105 1/4 104 104 1/4 2 1/4
Va Iron Coal & Coke 1st g 5s1949	ME	43	43 *651/6 *50	43 100 6414	1	35 45 75 75 39 6334
1st cons 5s1958			30	3471		

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Nov. 11	Interest	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Wee Rang Thurs Bid &	e or day's	Bonds	Ran Sin Jan	ice
Virginian Ry 3%s series A1966 \$\$^Wabash RR 1st gold 5s1939 *2d gold 5s1939	MN	105½ 46 30	Low 105 4214 2614	High 1051/4 46 30	No. 32 54 32	Low 99 % 32 16 %	High 105 1/4 67 1/6 35
◆1st lien g term 4s1954 ◆Det & Chic Ext 1st 5s1941 ◆Dec Moines Div 1st g 4s1949 ◆Omaha Div 1st g 3 ½s1941	1 1		*20 451/4 *14	32 1/4 45 1/4 23 27 1/4	2	38 1514	48 30
*Toledo & Chic Div g 4s1941 *Wabash Ry ref & gen 5 1/4s A. 1975 *Ref & gen 5s series B1976	M S M S F A	14½ 13½	*35 12% 12	45 14¾ 13¼	62 43	42 6% 6%	42 14% 13%
•Ref & gen 4 ¼s series C1978 •Ref & gen 5s series D1980	A O	131/4	1111/2	13¾ 13¾	87 117	634	13¾ 13¾
Walker (Hiram) G&W deb 4 1/4 s 1945 Walworth Co 1st M 4s 1955 6s debentures 1955	A O	67%	108½ 67½ *80¾	1081/4 681/4 821/4	16 20	100 55% 68%	1081/4 71 82
Warner Bros Pict deb 6s1939 Certificates of deposit	M S	90 89 44%	89 1/4 88 1/4 41	90 1/4 89 45 1/4	29 7 211	63¼ 72¼ 28	91 1/2 90 48
Warren RR 1st ref gu g 3½s2000 Washington Cent 1st gold 4s1948 Wash Term 1st gu 3½s1945	Q M		*35	48 90 1073		104	10814
1st 40-year guar 4s	J		*108 *102% *122%	1091/4		107 1/4 102 1/4 121 1/4	10536
Gen mtge 3 1/4s 1967 West Penn Power 1st 5s ser E 1963 1st mtge 3 1/4s series I 1966	M S	1103	105% 119% 110	105% 120% 110%	19 3 10	116	105% 120% 110%
West Va Pulp & Paper 43/4s1952 Western Maryland 1st 4s1952	A O	85%	106%	106% 85%	11 101	6814	93
lst & ref 5 1/2s series A1977 West N Y & Pa gen gold 4s1943 \$• Western Pac 1st 5s ser A1946	A O		88 1041/4 25	881/2 1041/4 261/2	6 2 15	73¾ 97¾ 16	98% 108% 26%
◆5s assented 1946 Western Union g 4 1/48 1950 25-year gold 5s 1951	MN	23 63½ 66¾	22¼ 63 66¼	23½ 64 67%	16 17 17	1514 5114 4816	25 . 74 ¼ 77 ¾
30-year 5s	M S	67	66 25 55¾	67 25 581/2	17 6 18	47% 18 47	77 25 75%
Registered2361 Wheeling & L E Ry 4s ser D1966 RR 1st consol 4s1949	M S M S	50	49% *102% *107	10834	13	100 105	63 105 14 110 14
Wheeling Steel 4 1/28 series A1966 White Sew Mach deb 6s1940 \$\$ Wilkes-Barre & East gu 5s.1942	F A M N J D		93½ *101¾ 6¾	96 1/4 101 1/2 6 3/4	64	4	10116
Wilson & Co 1st M 4s series A 1955 Conv deb 3 4s 1947 Winston-Salem S B 1st 4s 1960	AOJ	101 1/4	101 3/6 *91 *108	101 1/2	30	105%	101% 94% 110
**Wis Cent 50-yr 1st gen 4s1949 *Certificates of deposit **Sup & Dul div & term 1st 4s '36	1 1	101/	1036 *9 636	10 1/2 14 61/2	16	8 6% 4%	814
*Certificates of deposit	J D		*	20 1081/2 93/4	5	104	1081/4 51/4
Youngstown Sheet & Tube— 1st mtge s f 4s ser C1961			102%	103%	86	1150	103%

e Cash sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

No sales

No sales

r Cash sale; only transaction during current week. a Deferred delivery sale; only
transaction during current week. n Odd lot sale, not included in year's range.

x Ex-interest. Negotiability impaired by maturity. † The price represented is
the dollar quotation per 200-pound unit of bonds. Accrued interest payable at
exchange rate of \$4.8484.

exenange rate of \$4.8484.9

¶ The following is a list of the New York Stock Exchange bond issues which have been called in their entirety:
Flat 7s 1946. Jan. 1, 1939 at 105.
Hackensack Water 4s 1952, April 26, 1939 at 105.
Milwaukee Electric Rallway & Light 5s series B 1961, Dec. 1 at 103.
First mortgage 5s 1971, Dec. 1 at 104%.
San Antonio Pub. Serv. 6s 1952, Jan. 1, 1939 at 110.

‡ Companies reported as being in bankruptcy, receivership, or reorganized under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

* Friday's bid and asked price. No sales transacted during current week.

Bonds selling flat
 Deferred delivery sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:
 No sales.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

Week Ended Nov. 11, 1938	Stocks, Number of Shares	Ratiroad & Miscell. Bonds	State, Municipal & For'n Bonds	United States Bonds	Total Bond Sales
Saturday	434,510 1,761,890	\$2,542,000 6,256,000	\$500,000 934,000 HOLIDAY	\$194,000 178,000	\$3,236,000 7,368,000
Wednesday Thursday Friday	3,099,580 2,176,053	10,297,000 9,981,000	1,112,000	458,000 302,000	11,867,000 11,389,000
Total	7 472 033	\$29,076,000	\$3,652,000	\$1,132,000	\$33,860,000

Week Ende	ed Nov. 11	Jan. 1 to Nov. 11				
1938	1937	1938	1937			
7,472,033	6,999,806	253,850,511	364,269,000			
\$1,132,000	\$1,713,000	\$118,453,000	\$331,673,000			
			305,602,000 1,856,244,000			
	1938 7,472,033 \$1,132,000 3,652,000 29,076,000	7,472,033 6,999,806 \$1,132,000 \$1,713,000 3,652,000 7,303,000 29,076,000 32,428,000	1938 1937 1938 7,472,033 6,999,806 253,850,511 \$1,132,000 \$1,713,000 \$118,453,000 3,652,000 7,303,000 209,720,000 29,076,000 32,428,000 1,222,482,000			

Stock and Bond Averages

Below are the daily closing averages of representative stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co.:

97	10.1966	Sto	cks		Bonds								
Date	30 Indus- trials	20 Rati- roads	15 Utili- ties	Total 65 Stocks	10 Indus- trials	10 First Grade Ratis	Second Grade Ratis	10 Utili- ties	Total 40 Bonds				
Nov. 11 Nov. 10 Nov. 9 Nov. 8	157.47 158.08	HOLI 33.17 33.18 HOLI	24.72 24.97	52.49 52.69	HOLI 107.16 107.04 HOLI	94.36 94.28	55.77 55.20	HOLI 106.24 106.21 HOLI	90.88				
Nov. 7	154.91	32.04	24.01	51.39 50.56	107.05	93.80		106.00 105.89					

New York Curb Exchange—Weekly and Yearly Record Nov. 12, 1938

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range unless they are the only transactions of the week and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for the week beginning on Saturday last (Nov. 5, 1938) and ending the present Thursday (Nov. 10, 1938), Friday (Nov. 11) being Armistice Day and a holiday on the Exchange. It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Exchange itself and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bond, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered.

		Thurs.	Week's Range	Sales for	Range Since	Jan 1 19	138	1	Thurs.	Week's Range	Sales	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938
I	STOCKS	Sale	of Prices	Wack	Low	. High		STOCKS	Sale	of Prices	Week	Low	High
I	Acme wire v t c com20		30 30	25	17½ June		Feb	Birdsboro Steel Foundry	-				
	Aero Supply Mfg class A.* Class B	4	3% 4%		141/4 Feb 21/4 Apr	1914 S	ept	& Machine Co com* Blauner's common*	914	814 914	1,800	6 Sept 10 Mar	9% Nov 11 Feb
I	Agfa Anseo Corp com1 Ainsworth Mfg common.5		35 35	100	23 Jan 514 Mar	37 J	uly	Bliss & Laughlin com5	13 1/4 20 1/4	12¾ 14¼ 19¼ 20¾	4,200 175	4% Mar 11 Mar	141 Oct 21% Jan
II	Air Associates Inc com1 Air Investors common*	9	8 9	900	7% Oct 1 Mar	10% 8	ov	Blue Ridge Corp com1 \$3 opt conv pref*	4314	11/4 11/4 42/4 43/4	1,000	34 June 34 Apr	1% July 43 Nov
I	Conv preferred* Warrants	21	19% 21	400	1116 Mar sis Sept	21 N	Jan	Blumenthal (S) & Co* Bohack (H C) Co com*	91/2	914 914	400	4 Mar 1 Mar	12% July 5% Oct
I	Alabama Gt Southern 50	7314		170	33% Apr 50% Mar		Oct	7% 1st preferred100 Borne Scrymser Co25		23 23	10	10% Mar 9% Nov	31 Oct 13 Aug
I	\$6 preferred* Alles & Fisher Inc com*	6614		20	441/4 Mar 2 Mar	67	Oct Jan	Bourjois Inc* Bowman-Biltmore com*	5%	5¼ 5% 1¼ 1¼	1,200 200	2% Apr % Mar	5% Nov 1% Feb
I	Alliance Invest com* Allied Internat Invest com*		1% 1%		54 Apr	36 I	Oct Feb	7% 1st preferred100 2d preferred*	1814	17½ 18½ 3½ 3½	100 200	7 Jan 11/4 Jan	18½ Nov 4¼ July
I	\$3 conv pref* Allied Products com10		10% 10%	100	8 May	11 A	lug	Brazilian Tr Lt & Pow* Breeze Corp1	11¾ 6¼	11% 11% 5 6%	2,900	7% Mar 3 Sept	7% Jan
II	Class A conv com25 Aluminum Co common*	121 16	19 19 115¼ 124	100 4,350	12% Mar 58 Mar	124 N	lov	Bridgeport Gas Light Co.*	9	7% 9%	23,500	2% Mar 25 Apr	9% Nov 33 Oct
I	6% preference100 Aluminum Goods Mfg*	113 1/2	109% 113%	1,200 300	93 Apr 1416 Oct	16¼ M	lov far	Bridgeport Machine* Preferred100	754	614 714	12,900	76 May	101/4 Jan 88 Mar
I	Aluminum Industries com* Aluminum Ltd common.*	3¾ 144	3% 3% 138% 144%	3,500	3 June 67 Mar	144% N	ov	Bright Star Elec class B* Brill Corp class B*		1% 1%	100	1/4 June 1/4 Mar 2 Apr	214 Oct
I	6% preferred100 American Airlines Inc10	2014	108¼ 109 16¾ 20¼	3,400	94 % Feb 8 Mar	201/2 N	ov	Class A* 7% preferred100		4% 4% 29% 29%	50	2 Apr 15 Apr 6% Mar	51 Oct 30 Oct 11 Oct
I	American Book Co100		61 61	100 20	14 Mar Mar	64 (Oct	Brillo Mfg Co common* Class A* British Amer Oil coupon*	10%	10 10 10 10 10	200	28½ Mar 18 Apr	30 May 2114 June
I	Amer Box Board Co com.1 American Capital— Class A common10c	12	11% 12%	600	616 Mar 2 Mar		uly	Registered* British Amer Tobacco—		21 21	200	19% Apr	21 July
II	Common class B10c \$3 preferred*				34 Mar 10% Mar	36 A	pr	Am dep rcts ord bearer£1 Amer dep rcts reg£1				22% Mar 23% Sept	27 1/4 Apr 26 1/4 Jan
II	\$5.50 prior pref* Amer Centrifugal Corp1	11/4	70 70 1¼ 1¾	50 2,800	56 Apr 114 Sept	70% A	ug far	British Ceianese Ltd— Am dep rcts ord reg10s				¾ July	1516 Nov
I	Am Cities Power & Lt— Class A		29 30	300	16 Apr		Det	British Col Power cl A* Brown Co 6% pref100		28 28½ 23 24¾	75 250	28 Nov 1514 Mar	33 Jan 33 July
	Class A with warrants_25 Class B1	2914	28 16 29 16 2 16 2 16	700 1,600	16 % Apr 1% Mar		Oct an	Brown Fence & Wire com. 1 Class A pref*	7 3/4 22 3/4	6¼ 7¾ 22¾ 22¾	900	5 Jan 14 Apr	8 Mar 221 Nov
	Amer Cyanamid class A. 10 Class B n-v10	29%	2514 3014	17,500	25 July 151 Mar	2716 J	ov	Brown Forman Distillery_1 \$6 preferred*				11/4 May 28 Oct	3¼ Jan 40 May
	Amer Foreign Pow warr	11 1/4	11% 11%	800 300	% Mar 8% Mar		uly eb	Brown Rubber Co com1 Bruce (E L) Co com5	6¾	614 614	7,300	6 May	6% Nov 17 Oct
I	Amer Gas & Elec com*	35 1/8 113	33¼ 36% 112 113	9,900 250	1916 Mar 104 Apr	11416 Se	ept	Buckeye Pipe Line50 Buff Niag & East Pr pref 25	29 1/4 21 1/8	29 29¼ 21¾ 22	200 700	24% Oct 18% Apr	39 Jan 22% Mar
I	American General Corp 10c \$2 preferred1	51/4	51/4 51/4 26 26	1,900 100	21/4 Mar 23 Apr	2814 Ju	ov	\$5 1st preferred* Bunker Hill & Sullivan 2.50	181/8	105¼ 106¼ 17 18¼	1,900	88 Apr 10 Mar	106½ Nov 18½ July
I	\$2.50 preferred1 Amer Hard Rubber Co50	13%	131/4 14	300	25 Mar 8 Mar	14% Ju	ov	Burma Corp Am deprets Burry Biscuit Corp12 1/2 c Cable Elec Prods v t c*		31/6 31/6	100	1% Aug	3¼ Jan 3¼ July
I	Amer Laundry Macy20	1814	17% 18%	400	21 June 14 1/2 Mar 10 Mar	20 A	oet ug oet	Cables & Wireless Ltd— Am dep 5 ½ % pref shs £1	1116	1116 3/4	900	4% Apr	% Nov
I	Amer Lt & Trac com25 6% preferred25 Amer Mfg Co common 100	1736	15% 17% 25% 26 17 18	3,000 200 275	22 June 11% Apr	26¼ O	et an	Calamba Sugar Estate20 Camden Fire Ins Assoc5		21 21	50	18 Apr 21 Oct	22 Jan 21 Oct
II	Preferred100 Amer Maracaibo Co1	5/4		1,100	54 Apr	70 Se	pt	Canadian Car & Fdy pfd 25 Canadian Indus Alcohol A*	3	3 3	200	19 Mar 114 Sept	30½ Nov 4½ Jan
l	Amer Meter Co* Amer Pneumatic Service.*		30 % 30 %	200	16 Apr		et	B non-voting* Canadian Marconi1	114	114 114	1,400	1% Sept % Sept	3% Jan 1% July
I	Amer Potash & Chemical.* American Republics10	10%	48½ 48½ 10½ 10½	7,600	30 Jan 5 Mar	4816 N	ov	Capital City Products* Carib Syndicate25c	8%	8% 9	200 1,600	7 Apr 36 Jan	10½ Jan 1½ July
I	Amer Seal-Kap com2 Am Superpower Corp com*	51/2	51/4 51/4	1,700 20,500	3 Mar 14 Mar		an	Class B*		4% 4%	100	15 Feb 2 Aug	16 Apr 4% Nov
I	1st \$6 preferred* \$6 series preferred*	74 24 36	73 1/4 74 23 1/4 25 1/4	500 2,000	81/ June 81/ Mar	27% 0	an Oct	Carnegie Metals com1	34	23 1/4 23 1/4	300 700	17% Apr	24 1/2 July 11/2 Jan
I	American Thread pref5 Anchor Post Fence*	3%	3¼ 3¼ 1¼ 1¼	200 400	3% Sept 1% Mar	2 1/4 Ju		S6 preferred*	80	80 80	10	65¼ Mar 60 Mar	87 Oct 80 Jan
	Angostura Wupperman_1 Apex Elec Mfg Co com*	31/4	31/4 31/4	1,500	2% Oct 7% Apr	16 % F	an eb	Carrier Corp new conv1 Carter (J W) Co common.1	2234	211/4 221/4	3,300	16 Sept 4% May	32 Jan 7¼ Aug
	Appalachian El Pow pref * §Arcuturus Radio Tube1 Arkansas Nat Gas com*	10914	108% 109% % % 3 3%	190 500	96 Apr	716 F	eb	Casco Products* Castle (A M) common10 Catalin Corp of Amer1	1814	17 1814	1,000	6% Mar 17 Apr	23% Aug 25 Jan 4 Oct
I	Common class A* Preferred10	314	314 314	700 2,300 1,600	2½ Mar 2½ Mar 4½ Mar		an	Celanese Corp of America 7% 1st partic pref100	3%	3¼ 3¾ 85¼ 87	2,700	1% Apr 50 June	4 Oct
I	Arkansas P & L \$7 pref* Art Metal Works com5	6	5% 6 86 86 8 8	100	59 Mar 5 Mar	86 No. 9 Ju	ov	Celluloid Corp common 15		514 514	300	3 Mar 14 Mar	6¾ Oct 30 Oct
	Ashland Oil & Ref Co1 Associated Elec Industries	5	5 5%	3,300	314 Mar	5% No		1st preferred* Cent Hud G & E com*	62	62 62 14 14¼	300	48 Sept 10% Mar	69 Jan 1414 Oct
I	Amer deposit rets£1				81/4 Mar		an	Cent Maine Pow 7% pf 100 Cent N Y Pow 5% pref. 100 Cent Obio Steel Prod1	90 1/2	90 1/4 91	60	68½ May 75% Apr	84 Feb 92 June
I	Class A1	11/4	1% 1%	2,300	1/4 Aug 1/8 Apr	1% 0	et	Cent Pow & Lt 7% pfd 100	734	7¾ 7¾ 85¼ 86	100 50	4½ June 64 Mar	8% Jan 86 Oct
	\$5 preferred* Option warrants	10	9 10 1/2	500 400	3% Mar	116 J1	an	Cent & South West Util 50c Cent States Elec com1	2 34	2 2 36 010	3,000	1 Mar 14 Sept	2% Oct % Jan
	Assoc Laundries of Amer. * Common v t c*				Mar Mar	10 M		6% preferred100 7% preferred100	1436	516 616 1314 1516	425 350	3 Mar 6 Mar	7% May 17 July
	Assoc Tel & Tel class A* Atlanta Gas Lt 6% pref 100 Atlantic Coast Fisheries*	334	314 314	200	2 Sept 67 Mar 214 Mar	214 Ser 89 Ser 514 Ju	nt	Conv preferred		5% 5%	75	7 Oct 3 Mar 31 Mar	10 Apr 7½ Feb 4% Aug
	Atlantic Coast Line Co 50	28%	3½ 3½ 28 28¼ 1 1½	70 1,600	16 Mar 11 ₁₆ Sept	30 Ja	an an	Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip Co	734	7 7%	300	5 June	4% Aug 8% Jan
	Atlas Corp warrants* Atlas Plywood Corp* Austin Silver Mines1	22%	21 23	2,000 12,400	6% Mar	2514 O	et	Charls Corp	16%	614 614 1514 1614	100	5 Mar 1214 June	7% Jan 21 Jan
	Automatic Voting Mach. *		1% 1% 8 8%	600 1,200	14 Mar 14 Mar 614 Mar	2¼ Ja 9¼ Ju	an	Chesebrough Mig25 Chicago Flexible Shaft Co 5	7014	116 116 67½ 70½	50 1,150	97 Mar 40 Jan	116 Nov 79% July
	Avery (B F)5		17% 17%	75	4 Mar 15 Apr	8 1/4 Ja 21 Ja	an	Chicago Rivet & Mach4 Chief Consol Mining1	936	934 935	300 400	516 Mar 36 June	9% July
I	6% preferred xw25		11/4 11/4	100	13 Mar 13 Nov	17% At 2% Ja	an	Citles Service common_10	876	814 9	2,100	2014 Mar 514 Sept	53 July 11 May
	Aviation & Trans Corp1 Axton-Fisher Tobacco—	314	2% 3%	22,100	11/4 Mar	3½ No		Preferred B.	41	41 4314	1,200	21 1/4 Mar 2 Mar	5 May
	Class A common10 Babcock & Wilcox Co* Baidwin Locomotive—	42 34 1/4	41 45 16 32 16 35	6,000	13 1/2 Mar 19 June	451/2 No 37 O	et	Preferred BB				20 Mar 29 Feb 26 Feb	46 May 72 Feb 67 Feb
ı	Purch warrants for com. 7% preferred30	736	7 8 2014 2214	8,300	216 Mar 1116 Apr	8 No 2214 No	vo	\$6 preferred	736	71/2 8	1,600	4 Mar 2% Mar	814 Oct 414 Oct
	Baldwin Rubber Co com. 1 Bardstown Distill Inc 1	91/8	8% 9%	1,500	11½ Apr 4¾ Mar ¾ June	9% Ja	AD	Clark Controller Co1 Claude Neon Lights Inc. 1	11/	11/4 11/4	1,200	13 Sept	20 Jan 234 Jan
ш	Barlum Stainless Steel 1 Barlow & Seelig Mfg A 5	1% 9%	11/4 11/4 91/4 91/4	2,200	1 Mar 7 June	2% Ja 10 Ja	an I	Clayton & Lambert Mfg. * Cleveland Elec Illum. *	3514	34 36	400	214 Mar 3014 Feb	4 Mar 3914 Oct
	Basic Dolomite Inc com1 Bath Iron Works Corp1	7¼ 8¼	7 7½ 8¼ 8½	1,200	5 June 414 May	716 No 916 Ju	OV	Cleveland Tractor com* Clinchfield Coal Corp100	5%	5% 5%	400	3¼ Mar 1¾ June	6% Feb 3% Jan
ı	7% 1st prferred100				4% July 51 Mar	43% Ju 63 % M	ly ar	Club Alum Utensil Co* Cockshutt Plow Co com*	21/6	2 21/8	1,200 100	1 Mar 7 Mar	21/4 Aug
ı	Beaunit Mills Inc com10		12 12	100	3 May 11 Oct	6½ Jul 12 Ju	ne ly	Colon Development ord 6% conv preferred£1	2%	21/4 27/4	1,600	1% June 3% Mar	3% Jan 4% Aug
	Beech Aircraft Corp1 Bell Aircraft Corp com1	21%	2% 3% 18% 21%	4,900 12,400	11/4 Mar 81/4 Mar	3% No 21% No	W	Colorado Fuel & Iron warr. Colt's Patent Fire Arms. 25	91/6 691/6	7% 9% 67% 70%	4,600 1,200	314 Mar 45 Mar	914 Nov 7034 Nov
п	Bell Tel of Canada100	736	7 7%	7,300	216 Mar 147 Apr	7% O	et	Columbia Gas & Elec— Conv 5% preferred_100				4714 June	70 Oct
	Bell Tel of Pa 6 1/2 pf. 100 Benson & Hedges com*		20 2012		514 Mar	119% Fe	ng	Columbia Oli & Gas1 Columbia Pictures Corp	31/4	314 314	2,900	21 Sept 131 July	16 Aug
1	Conv pref	*	28 28¼ ¾ 1516 516 516	50 800 500	1414 Mar 14 May	29% At		Commonwealth & Southern Warrants	116	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	18,100	116 Aug 14 Feb	1% Jan 1% Oct
1	Bickfords Inc com	716	35 35	25	916 May 916 Mar 30 Mar	13 O 37 O	et	Community P & L % pref * Community Pub Service 25	32 16	32 14 33 25 14 27	100 625	16 Mar 1716 Sept	3514 Oet 27 Oet
				-				Community Water Serv. 1		% %	100	36 Apr	1 Jan
	For footnotes see page 2	1001	170/										-
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STOCKS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938	STOCKS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938
Par		Low High		Low	High	Par	Price	Low High		Low	High
V t c ext to 19461	4 -0/2	16% 16%		11 Mar						7% Jan 2% Apr	
Consol Biscuit Co	8 8%	614 614 716 814	400 15,200	3½ Jan 3½ Mar	8% Oct	Common	9%		800	614 Mar	9% Nov
5% pref class A100 Consol Gas Utilities1	0		1,600	55 Mar 113 Aug	116% June	Fruehauf Trailer Co	18	17% 18 11% 12	150 600	5% Mar	12 Oct
Consol Min & Smelt Ltd. & Consol Retail Stores1	5	9 ₁₈ 11 ₁₆		48% Apr 2% Mar	11/4 May 65% Oct 5 July	#3 conv preferred			75	614 Mar 18 Mar	2514 Sept
8% preferred100 Consol Royalty Oil10	0	1% 1%	200	70 July 134 June	8714 Oct	Gamewell Co \$6 conv pt		42 43	75	28 Mar 80 Aug 714 Mar	
Consol Steel Corp com* Cont G & E 7% prior pf 100	7% 85%	6% 7%	4,800	2½ Mar 67½ Apr	734 Oct 86 Oct	5% preferred100 General Alloys Co		2 21/4	500	75 Apr 134 Mar	89 Oct 2% July
Continental Oil of Mex1 Cont Roll & Steel Fdy* Cook Paint & Varnish*			3,600	*10 May 4% May	Jan 11 Nov	Amer dep rets ord reg. £1		18% 18%	500	16% Mar	19% Jan
\$4 preferred*				6% Mar 51 Apr	5414 Mar	Gen Fireproofing com Gen Gas & El 6% pref B	141/2	14 1436 46 46	400 50	9 Mar 41½ Nov	15% Oct 46 Nov
\$3 prior preference* Copper Range Co*	20	9 10 10 16 20 20	3,100	4½ Mar 14 Mar	20% Oct	General Investment com. 1	11116	3/8 11 ₂₆	900	40% Sept	58 Oct
Copper Range Co10 Corroon & Reynolds—	636	6 614	1,400	4½ May 18% June	8 July 30 Aug	Warrants Gen Outdoor Adv 6% pi100 Gen Pub Serv 86 pref.				65 Feb	80 July
Common 1 \$6 preferred A*		3 3	100	1% Mar 53% May	3¼ July 75 Nov	Gen Rayon Co A stock		47% 50	500	30 Mar % Aug 8% Mar	53 July 114 Jan 15 Oct
5% conv preferred50	734	1 1½ 7½ 7½	800 1,100	1/4 June	2% Jan 13% Jan	General Tire & Rubber—		14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1	100	40 Mar	48 Sept
Courtaulds Ltd£1 Cramp (Wm) & Sons com.1		36 36	100	6% Oct % May	12 Jan 1% Feb	6% preferred A100	95	9134 95	30	72 July 414 Apr	95 Nov 7 Oct
Creole Petroleum	936	22 14 23 14 8 10 14	7,000 6,800	1714 Mar 316 Mar	27 1/2 Jan 1036 Nov	\$3 preferred *		81% 82	150	2614 Mar 58 Apr	31 1/4 June 82 1/4 Nov
Croft Brewing Co1 Crowley, Milner & Co* Crown Cent Petrol (Md) 5	78	36 36	1,700	3 Jan	5 Jan 5 Jan	Georgia Power \$6 pref\$5 preferred		714 714	100	57 May 414 Mar	62 June 714 Oct
Crown Cork Internat A* Crown Drug Co com25c	10%	3 3½ 10½ 10½ 1½ 1½	300 300 2,400	2% Sept 8 Sept 1 Mar	11½ July 1½ Jan	Gilchrist Co Glen Alden Coal		31 1/4 31 1/4	7 700	30 June 5 Apr 4% May	6% Jan 7 July
Preferred25 Crystal Oil Ref com*	11,0	11,6 176	400	14 June	20 Sept 114 July	Class B		11% 11%	7,700	26 Mar 914 Sept	35 Jan 1714 Feb
6% preferred10 Cuban Tobacco com v t c.*		-10 /6		7 Jan 2% Mar	5% July	Goldfield Consol Mines_1		1179 1179	1,600	88 Sept	98 Oct
Cuneo Press Inc* 6½% preferred100		44 45	200	25 May 102 Jan	46½ Oct 109% Nov	Gorham Inc class A	2014	201/ 211/	150	2 Feb 16 Apr	3¼ Oct 24 July
Darby Petroleum com5 Davenport Hoslery Mills.*		8% 8% 16% 16% 16% 17%	700 100	514 Mar 10 May	1014 Aug 1614 Oct	V t c agreement extend.		2114 22	500	1314 Mar	221 Nov
Dayton Rubber Mfg com.* Class A		25% 26	2,000 250	5% Apr 17 Apr	17% Nov 26 Nov 7% Jan	Grand Nation'l Films Inel Grand Rapids Varnish	9	9 914	400	514 Mar	114 Jan 914 Jan
Dennison Mfg 7% pref 100 Derby Oil & Ref Corp com*	32	514 514 32 32 2 2	100 50 500	314 Mar 25 Mar 134 Sept	7% Jan 40 Jan 3% Jan	Great Atl & Pac Tea— Non-vot com stock		10 10% 5714 8784	1,300	3% Mar 36 Mar	11% Oct 267% Nov
A conv preferred* Detroit Gasket & Mfg1	914.		300	37 1/4 June 51/4 June	58 Feb 914 July	7% 1st preferred100 Gt Northern Paper25	3934	x123 1243%	1,875 150 750	11714 Apr 2514 Apr	125 Aug 3914 Nov
6% pref w w20 Detroit Gray Iron Fdy1	134	151 151	200 1,900	1014 Mar 114 Mar	15½ Nov 2¼ July	Greenfield Tap & Die* Grocery Sts Prod com25c	736	7¼ 8 1¼ 2	1,200	414 Mar 36 Mar	8% Aug 3 Jan
Det Mich Stove Co com1 Detroit Paper Prod1				1½ May 1% May	3¼ Jan 3¼ July	Grumman Aircraft Engr.1 Guardian Investors	1736	15% 17%	13,600 200	814 May 14 Sept	1716 Nov % June
Detroit Steel Products* Diamond Shoe Corp com.*		1514 1514	25	14 Mar 11 May	35% Oct 16% Sept	Gulf Oil Corp25 Gulf States Util \$5.50 pref *	4016	39 41 901/4 901/4	6,600	33 Mar 72 Feb	46 % July 90 % Nov
Distilled Liquors Corp5 Distillers Co Ltd£1 Diveo-Twin Truck com1		3 314 2114	700 100	2% Oct 21% Nov	9 Jan 24% Feb	\$6 preferred* Gypsum Lime & Alabast.* Hell Lemp Co.	1001/2	100 100 1/3	40	5 June	101 Oct 714 Oct 344 July
Dobeckmun Co common. 1 Dominion Steel & Coal B 25		3% 3%	900	2% Mar 8% Sept 9 Sept	3% Jan 13 Jan 16% July	Hall Lamp Co		10% 10%	100	9 Mar 50 Apr	3% July 12 Jan 64 July
Draper Corp* Driver Harris Co10		12 % 13 65 % 67 21 22 %	300 110 800	9 Sept 47 Mar 1114 Mar	67 Nov 24 Oct	Hartford Rayon v t c1 Hartman Tobacco Co*		60% 61	150	1 Apr	2% Aug
7% preferred100 Dubilier Condenser Corp. 1	134	1% 1%	500	103 June 108 Sept	110 Mar 2 Feb	Harvard Brewing Co1 Hat Corp of Am cl B com.1	434	1% 1% 4% 4%	300	% Mar 2% June	1% Oct 6 Jan
Duke Power Co100 Durham Hoslery el B com *	67	67 67 456 536	325 2,000	54 Mar 14 Jan	67 Nov	Hazeltine Corp* Hearn Dept Store com5	2914	28 2914	900	13% Mar 4% May	1936 Oct 9 Jan
Duro-Test Corp com1 Duval Texas Sulphur*	5	5 5¾ 8 8¾	700	6 May	6% Jan 9% Feb	6% conv preferred50 Hecla Mining Co25c		28 28 11 12	5,600	20 Apr 61 May	30 1/4 Oct 12 Oct
Eagle Picher Lead10 East Gas & Fuel Assoc—	14	13% 14%	7,000	7 Mar	14% Nov	Helena Rubenstein*				2% Mar 5% Sept	3% Oct 8 Sept
Common* 4 1/2 % prior preferred. 100		214 214 2314 2714	900 950	114 Sept 2114 Sept	3¼ Jan 52 May	Preferred w w25 Hewitt Rubber common 5	26	26 26	100	514 Mar 18 Mar 6 Mar	8% Oct 26 Nov 11% Sept
6% preferred100 Eastern Malleable Iron25 Eastern States Corp*		13% 15%	700	10 Sept 614 Apr	31 Jan 12 July 114 Jan	Hewitt Rubber common_5 Heyden Chemical10 Hires (Chas E) Co cl A*	10 41 1/4	9¾ 10 41 41¾	300 700	6 Mar 27 Mar 40 Mar	11% Sept 41% Nov 56% Nov
\$7 preferred series A*	24 14	1% 1% 24% 24% 24 24%	300 100 225	14 Mar 13 Mar	1% Jan 26 Jan 26 Oct	Hoe (R) & Co class A10 Hollinger Consol G M5	91/2	914 914 1414 15	100	514 Mar 1114 Mar	13½ July 15¾ Aug
Economy Grocery Stores.*	3 1/8	3% 3% 14% 15	800 200	2% June 13 Jan	4% Jan 15 Nov	Holophane Co common* Holt (Henry) & Co cl A*	1479	13% 14	300	9 May 514 Mar	16% July 8% Oct
Edison Bros Stores2 Eisler Electric Corp1	1614	16% 16% 1% 1%	700 500	1016 Apr % Mar	1614 Nov	Hormel (Geo A) & Co com* Horn (A C) Co common1		211/4 211/4	100	18 June 214 Sept	22 Oct 4 Feb
Elec Bond & Share com5	1314	11 1/4 13 1/4 59 1/4 63 1/4	81,800 1,900	4 1/4 Mar 36 Mar	15% Oct 64 Oct	Horn & Hardart* 5% preferred100		3414 35	250	21 1/4 Jan 98 1/4 Jan	36 Oct 105% Oct
\$6 preferred1	6935	234 3	4,900	42 Mar 2 Mar	70 Oct 7 Oct	Hubbell (Harvey) Inc5 Humble Oil & Ref*	66%	12 15 64% 66%	5,300	8 Mar 56 Mar	15 Nov 72% July
Class A	21/6	2% 2% 32 32%	1,400	2 Mar 15½ Mar	636 Oct 35 Jan	Hummel-Ross Fibre Corp 5 Hussmann-Ligonier Co* §Huylers of Del Inc—	41/5	12 12	100	214 Mar 1114 Sept	614 Jan 12 July
Electric Shareholding— Common	234	216 256	1,400	21/4 Mar 11/4 Apr	5% July 2% July	Common	56	56 34	200	14 Mar 454 Mar	9 July
Elec Shovel Coal \$4 pref. *	73%	73% 76	50	60 Apr 236 Sept	76 July 6 Jan	Hydro Electric Securities.* Hydrade Food Prod5		5 5 1% 1%	100	3 Mar 1% June	514 July 214 Jan
Electrographic Corp1	1%	1% 1%	300	10 Mar	13 Jan 214 Oct	Hygrade Sylvania Corp* Illinois Iowa Power Co*	51/6	23¼ 23¼ 4¾ 5¼	50 600	15 June 2 Mar	3314 Jan 5% Nov
Elgin Nat Watch Co15 Empire Dist El 6% pf 100	58%	24¼ 24¼ 58¾ 58¾	25 50	16% June 31% Jan	2414 Nov 5834 Nov	5% conv preferred50 Div arrear ctfs*	614	61/6 61/8	2,300 1,800	12 Mar 3 Sept	22% Nov 6% Oct
Empire Gas & Fuel Co— 6% preferred100 6½% preferred100		-1614 -1614		28 Jan	56 May	Illimois Zinc* Illuminating Shares A* Imperial Chem Indus£1	56	8½ 9½ 56 56	25C 50	514 Mar 4814 Jan 714 Oct	13½ Jan 56 Nov 8¾ Jan
7% preferred100 8% preferred100		46% 46% 48	25 50	28 Feb 28 Jan 32 Jan	5514 May 5714 May 58 May	Imperial Oil (Can) coup* Registered*	17%	17% 17% 17% 17%	1,700	1414 Sept 1514 Sept	1916 Mar 19 Mar
Emseo Derrick & Equip5	22	22 22 10% 11	200 300	17% May 6% Mar	22 Feb 12 Oct	Imperial Tobacco of Can. 5 Imperial Tobacco or Great				131 Mar	15% July
Equity Corp common10e Esquire-Coronet	1114	11 ₁₆ 18 ₁₆ 11½ 11½	5,500 3,400	7 May	13 Jan	Britain & Ireland£1 Indiana Pipe Line10		321/6 321/6	100	31 % Oet 6% Jan	371/4 Jan 93/4 Aug
Eureka Pipe Line com50 . European Electric Corp				19 Sept	31 Jan	Indiana Service 6% pt.100 7% preferred100				5 Sept 814 Oct	16 Mar 1916 May
Option warrants	974		16,300	114 Mar 2 Mar	1036 Nov	Indpis P & L 6 1/2% pf100 Indian Ter Illum Oil—				The state of	103 Oct
Faistaff Brewing	814	814 814	200	61/4 Mar 161/4 Mar	10 Apr 22 Nov	Non-voting class A* Class B*	1	1 1	300	16 Oct 16 Sept	1 1/4 Jan 1 1/4 Feb
Fansteel Metallurgical* Fedders Mfg Co	716 21%	516 516 716 716 1976 22	200 300 800	4 Mar 414 Mar 1414 Sept	6% July 8% Jan 23 Jan	V t e common1 7% preferred100	%	36 %	300	7 Nov	13 July 13 Oet
Fiat Amer dep rights	2174	1976 22	300	11 % Mar	14% Mar	Insurance Co of No Am. 10 International Cigar Mach *	69 21 1/2	67¼ 69% 21½ 21½	2,150 100	4814 Mar 1634 Mar	69% Nov 23 Nov
Fire Association (Phila) 10 . Fisk Rubber Corp1	10%	65 68 9% 10%	300 5,700	3914 Apr 414 Mar	68 Nov 11% Oct	Pret \$3.50 series50	22	20 2234	3,100	8% Apr	23 Oet
Florida P & L \$7 pref*	73	76 76 73 74	25 400	4814 Mar 26 Mar	7714 Oct 7514 Oct	A stock purch warrants. Internat Metal Indus cl A *				6 Apr	% May 814 Aug 4% Nov
Ford Hotels Co Inc				2814 Sept	2814 Sept	Internat Paper & Pow warr International Petroleum*	2736	26% 27%	8,000 1,500	11/4 Mar 21 Sept 221/4 Sept	31 Mar 31 Mar
Am dep rets ord reg£1 Ford Motor of Can el A*	23 14	22 14 23 14	1,100	314 Sept 1454 Mar	5% Jan 24 Oct	International Products*	416	4% 4% 11% 14%	800	22 % Sept 2 % Mar 5 Mar	4% Feb 14% Nov
Ford Motor of France	24	23 24%	100	15 Mar	2414 Oct	Internat Radio Corp1 Internat Saiety Razor B.* International Utility—	1314	11 14 14 14	100	1 Jan	1 June
Amer dep rcts100 frcs		1% 1%	100	1% Mar	2% Apr	Class A	34	814 814	300 400	6 Mar	9 Jan 1 Jan
			1			Class B		35 35	100	716 May 2416 Apr	914 Oct 35 Nov
military limited to the		4 7 7 9		AN AUTO	el-benze.	Warrants series of 1940	4.	4. 4	400	2% Mar	4% July
						Interstate Home Equip1	53%	5% 6	2,200	2% June	6 Nov
					1		1		1		
For footnotes see page 29	001										aut 3.45

STOCKS	Thurs.	Week's Range	Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938	STOCKS	Thurs.	Week's Range	Sales for	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938
(Continued) Par	Sale Price	Low High		Low	High	(Continued) Par		of Prices Low High	Week Shares	Low	High
Interstate Power \$7 pref Investors Royalty1 Iron Fireman Mig v t c*				2¼ Mar *16 May 11% Mar	1/2 Jan	Nat Bellas Hess com1	9%	9¾ 10 ¾ ¾	300 1,100	3½ Mar ¼ Sept	
Irving Air Chute1 Italian Superpower A*	17%	16% 17%	2,300 100	7% Mar % Oct		\$3 conv pref50	736	7% 7%	400	6% Apr 25 Apr 5% Sept	37 Jan 9 Feb
Jacobs (F L) Co1 Jeannette Glass Co*	4%	1% 4% 1% 2		2 May 1¼ Sept	714 Jan	National Fuel Gas	1414	14% 14% 3% 4	2,700 400	111% Sept 2 Mar	14% Jan 4 Nov
Jersey Central Pow & Lt— 5½% preferred100 6% preferred100		80 80	50	52 14 Apr 61 Apr	73 Oct 80 Oct		35¼ 74	34 35¼ 70% 74	500 600	15 Mar 3814 Mar 234 Sept	38 July 74 Oct
7% preferred100 Jones & Laughlin Steel_100		80 80 89¼ 90¼ 33¼ 39¼	40	68 Apr 21 Mar		Nat Rubber Mach*	5%	5% 6 % %	900 200	2¼ Sept 2½ Mar	4% Jan 7% Aug 816 Feb
Julian & Kokenge com* Kansas G & E 7% pref. 100				24 Aug 106 May	32 1/2 Aug 113 1/2 Oct	National Steel Car Ltd*		6914 70%	100	1 Aug 32 Mar	2 Feb 70% Nov
Kennedy's Inc	5%	11 11	1,200 200	5% Apr 104 Sept	7½ Mar 11¾ Jan 106 Aug	National Sugar Refining.* National Tea 5½% pref. 10 National Transit12.50	75%	7 7%	400	10% May 4% Jan 6% Sept	18¼ Jan 5½ Jan 9¼ Jan
Kings Co Ltd 7% pf B 100 5% preferred D100		6514 6514 50 5214	10 80	2814 Mar 22 Mar	67 Nov 54% Oct	Nat Tunnel & Mines* Nat Union Radio Corp1	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2% 2% 1% 1%	1,000 800	1½ Jan ¼ Mar	3 Jan 1% July
Kingston Products1 Kirby Petroleum1 Kirkl'd Lake G M Co Ltd 1	21/4	2% 2% 3% 3% 1% 1%	1,100 100 1,000	1% June 2% Sept 36 Sept	3½ Jan 5 Feb 1½ Jan	Nebel (Oscar) Co com* Nebraska Pow 7% pref. 100		15 15%	200 700	12½ May 714 Feb 105 May	17 July 11 Nov 111 Jan
Klein (D Emil) Co com* Kleinert (I B) Rubber Co 10				13 Oct 5% Mar	15½ Jan 8½ Oct	Nehi Corp common* 1st preferred*	4214	4214 4214	100	2914 Mar 79 July	501/2 July 79 July
Knott Corp common1 Kobacker Stores Inc* Koppers Co 6% pref100	8314	83 1/4 83 1/4	75	25% Mar 10% Jan 69% Sept	14½ July 12½ Feb 102½ Jan	Nelson (Herman) Corp5 Neptune Meter class A* Nestle Le Mur Co cl A*		614 614	100	3¼ June 4⅓ June	8¼ Oct 7¾ Jan 1¼ Oct
Kresge Dept Stores 4% conv 1st pref100	0073			371/2 June	45 Sept	Nevada Calif Elec com_100 7% preferred100	⁵ 16	*16 3½	900	5 Aug 45 June	5% Apr 51 July
Kress (S H) special pref. 10 Kreuger Brewing Co1 Lackawanna RR (N J) .100	514	12 12 12 14 5 14 5 15	300 400	11 1/4 June 4 1/4 Sept 38 May	12½ Feb 11 Jan 49 Aug	New Engl Pow Assoc* 6% preferred100 New England Tel & Tel 100	52%	50 1/4 53 1/4	275	10 Apr 36 Mar	12¼ July 62 Jan 108 July
Lake Shores Mines Ltd1 Lakey Foundry & Mach.1	50%	50¼ 51¾ 2¾ 2¾	3,800 500	441/4 Sept 15/4 Mar	5814 Feb 314 Jan	New Haven Clock Co* New Idea Inc common*	102 ¼ 9 ½ 14 ½	102 102 ¼ 9¼ 9¾ 14¼ 14½	20 800 400	85 Mar 41 Mar 210 Sept	108 July 11 Oct 17 Oct
Lane Bryant 7% pref100 Lefcourt Realty common.1 Conv preferred*	12	1¼ 1¼ 11¼ 12¼	100	63 ¼ July ¼ Jan 11 ¼ Nov	85% Jan 1% July 15 July	New Mex & Aris Land1 Newmont Mining Corp.10	85	66½ 69½ 83½ 86½	2,100	45½ Mar 1½ Mar 42 Mar	721/4 Jan 25/4 Jan 881/4 Oct
Lehigh Coal & Nav* Leonard Oil Develop25	456	4 3/6 4 3/6	2,900 1,400	2% May 516 Sept	5¼ July	N Y Auction Co com* N Y City Omnibus —				1% Mar	2 Jan
Le Tourneau (R G) Inc1 Line Material Co5 Lion Oil Refining*	32 15¾ 21¼	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	600 450 3,900	13 Mar 11¼ June 15% Mar	32 Nov 16% Oct 25% Jan	Warrants N Y & Honduras Rosario 10 N Y Merchandise10		26 26 8 8	100	51/4 Mar 20 Mar 61/4 Apr	20% July 30 Jan 10 Jan
Lipton (Thos J) class A1 6% preferred25				10 Sept 19 Sept	14 Feb 25 Jan	N Y Pr & Lt 7% pref100 \$6 preferred*	10114	108 108¼ 101¼ 101¼	20 10	91¼ Apr 81 Apr	109¾ Oct 103 Oct
Lit Brothers common* Lobiaw Groceterias ci A* Locke Steel Chain5	14%	21/4 21/4 23 1/4 24 14 14 14 14 14	400 50 350	1 Mar 19 Mar 714 Mar	3 July 24 Nov 1614 Aug	N Y Shipbuilding Corp— Founders shares1 New York Transit Co5		11% 13	2,400	5 Mar 4 Jan	13 Nov 414 Jan
Lockheed Aircraft	27¼ 10	22¼ 28 10 10¼	50,000 9,200	5% Mar 6% Mar	28 Nov 10% Oct	N Y Water Serv 6% pf_100 Niagara Hudson Power—				1014 Mar	211/2 Oct
Long Island Lighting— Common* 7% preferred100	1 1/4 36 1/4	11/4 1% 34% 38	6,200	% Sept 28% Aug	1% Jan 42 Jan	Common 10 5% 1st pref 100 5% 2d preferred 100	85 1/2	8% 9% 84 85% 78 78%	15,900 800 125	70 Mar 60 May	10% Oct 89% July 78% Nov
6% pref class B100 Loudon Packing*	32%	30 1/4 32 1/4 1 1/4 1/4	350 100	23 % Aug 1 % Sept	3414 Jan 234 Jan	Class A opt warrants Class B opt warrants	2 316	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,900 1,400	116 Sept 36 Apr	2 Oet
Louisiana Land & Explor.1 Louisiana P & L \$6 prei* Lucky Tiger Comb G M.10	734	7½ 7½	300	614 Mar 88 July 14 Mar	93% Jan 90 Oct 36 Jan	Niagara Share— Class B common5 Class A preferred100	634	6 6%	700	3¼ Mar 79¼ Oct	714 Oct 8914 Jan
Lynch Corp common5	34%	3214 3414	200	1 July 24 Mar	4 Oct 39 July	Niles-Bement-Pond* Nineteen HundredCorp B 1	59	52 1/4 60	2,500	2414 Apr 734 Mar	60 Nov 914 Feb
Majestic Radio & Tel1 Manati Sugar opt warr Mangei Stores1	234	1 1 56 56 2% 2%	500 100 200	1% Sept	1% July % July 3% Jan	Nipissing Mines5 Noma Electric1 Nor Amer Lt & Power-	51/2	1% 1% 5% 5%	1,400	1 % Sept 3 Mar	214 Feb 614 Oct
\$5 conv preferred* Mapes Consol Mfg Co* Marconi Inti Macine		20 20	100	29½ June 15 May	45 Feb 20 Nov	Common1 \$6 preferred	1 1 1 1 1 56 56	1¾ 2 55 56	1,900	31 Mar	2% Oct 56 Nov
Communica'ns ord reg £1 Margay Oil Corp*		5% 5%	100	5% Nov 16 June	71 Jan 24 Mar	North Amer Rayon el A Class B common 6% prior preferred50	24	23 1 24 1/2 23 24	300 500	12 1/4 Mar 11 3/4 Mar 42 Apr	29 Aug 2714 Aug 47 Oct
Marion Steam Shovel* Mass Util Assoc v t c1 Massey Harris common*	51/8	5 514	700	3 Sept 136 Mar 436 Mar	814 July 214 July 10 July	No Am Utility Securities.* Nor Central Texas Oil5		1% 1%	100	3% Mar 3% Mar	1½ Oct 4% July
Master Electric Co1 May Hosiery Mills Inc-	1834	16% 18%	800	1136 Mar	181 Nov	Nor European Oil com1 Nor Ind Pub Ser 6% pf.100 7% preferred100				116 June 47 Apr 50 Apr	82 Nov 911/2 Nov
McColl-Frontenac Oll—				47 Feb 93 Oct	55 July 9954 Aug	Northern Pipe Line10 Nor Sts Pow com cl A100 Northwest Engineering*	12%	5½ 5½ 11¾ 13½	3,500	4 Mar 6% Mar 8% Mar	6 Feb 14% Oct 218% Oct
McCord Rad & Mfg B* McWilliams Dredging*	1814	17% 18%	1,200	1½ Mar 7¼ Mar	3 1/2 Jan 20 1/4 Oct	Novadel-Agene Corp* Ohio Brass Co el B com*	2934	29 29¾ 31 31	400 125	18 Mar 20¼ June	30 Nov 34% Jan
Memphis Nat Gas com5	125 4 1/6 20	125 125 3% 4% 20 20	100 200 100	90 Mar 3 Sept 1314 Mar	130 Oet 4% Mar 20% Nov	Ohio Edison \$6 pref* Ohio Oil 6% pref100 Ohio Power 6% pref100	11176	97 97 111 % 112 112 % 112 %	100 200 40	87 May 100 May 109½ Apr	97½ July 112½ Oct 113¾ Oct
Merchants & Mfg cl A1 - Participating preserred.*				3 Mar 21 Mar	5% Oct 28 Aug	Ohio P 8 7% 1st pref100 6% 1st preferred100		103% 103%	20	93 1/4 June 85 Apr	104% July 95 Oct
Warrants	436	3% 4% 53 59	2,500	Mar M Apr	5 July 54 July 59 Nov	Oilstocks Ltd common5 Oklahoms Nat Gas com.15 \$3 preferred50	125%	12¼ 12¼ 37¼ 39	1,300	8% Mar 6% Mar 21% Jan	10% July 14% Oct 39% Oct
Metal Textile Corp25c		710 1/2	1,100	16 Mar 16 Jan	1½ Feb	6% conv prior pref100	2	103 105	175 500	89 May 1% Sept	105% Oct 2% Jan
Participat preferred15 Metropolitan Edison— \$6 preferred*				25 Apr 7414 May	29½ Feb 85 May	Omar, Inc	41/4	5½ 5½ 4% 4¼	100 200	4 June 2% June 4% Mar	9% Oct 4% July 12 Oct
Mexico-Ohio Oil* Michigan Bumper Corp Michigan Gas & Oil	2%	15 15 16 15 215 236	100 2,600 1,800	14 Sept	16 Jan 36 Jan 556 Jan	Pacific G & E 6% 1st pf_25 51/2% 1st preferred25	31 27%	30 % 31 ¼ 27 ½ 27 %	2,200 750	27¼ Mar 25% Apr	31% Oct 30% Oct
Michigan Steel Tube2.50*	3%	8% 10%	1,100	5 May	10% Nov	Pacific Ltg \$6 pref* Pacific P & L 7% pref100 Pacific Public Serv n-v*		73½ 74 7% 8	20 1,100	98¼ Mar 46 Apr 3¾ Mar	108% Nov 74 Nov 8 Nov
Preferred 10 Middle States Petrol— Class A v t c *	3%	3% 3% 3% 4	200 400	3¼ May 1¾ Apr	M Jan 5 Feb 5 Oct	\$1.30 1st preferred* Page-Hershey Tubes com.*	151/8	19 201/2	400	1516 Apr 87 June	2014 Nov 96 Aug
Middle West Corp com5	%	7 736	500 500	Mar 4% Sept	11/4 July 83/6 Oct	Pan-Amer Airways* Pantepec Oil of Venezuela 1 Paramount Motors Corp.1	5¾ 3½	14¼ 15% 5¼ 5¾ 3½ 3½	4,200 22,700 200	11% Sept 3% Sept 3% June	7% Feb 4% Sept
Warrants Midland Oil Corp— \$2 conv pref*	316	10 1/4	1,500	3% Apr	1 June 10 Feb	Parker Pen Co	161/2	15½ x16½ 14¾ 15¾ 19¼ 19¼	300 1,200 30	14 Feb 12 Sept 13 May	216 % Nov 19 Jan 23 Jan
Midland Steel Products— \$2 non-cum div shs* Midvale Co		14 14	100	7½ June	2141/2 Mar	Pender (D) Grocery A*	8	7% 8	400	18 Mar 214 Mar	37½ Nov 8% Oct
Mid-West Abrasive50c Midwest Oli Co10	99%	90 101 2½ 2½ 9½ 9¾	800 400 700	59% May % June 6% Mar	101 Nov 2% Nov 9% Nov	Peninsular Telephone com * Preferred100 Penn Edison Co-				21 Jan 10714 Apr	2814 Oct 112 Sept
Midwest Fiping & Sup* Mining Corp. of Canada.* Minnesota Mining & Mig.*	39	39 3934	150	814 Mar 114 Mar 2414 Feb	13½ July 2¾ Oct 40 Oct	\$2.80 preferred				24 Mar 45 July	29 Nov 50 July
Minnesota P & L 7% pt 100 - Miss River Power pref_100		112% 113%		69 June 103 May	78 Aug 1141/4 Sept	Penn Traffic Co2.50				2% Apr 1 Aug 1% Sept	8½ Feb 1½ June 2½ Mar
Missouri Fub Serv com* Mock, Jud, Voehringer— Common\$2.50	1616	151/4 161/4	2,800	2½ Mar 6¾ Jan	4% June 16 Nov	Pennroad Corp v t c1 Penn Cent Airlines com1 Fa Pr & Lt \$7 pref*	8 % 100 ½	1 % 2 % 7 % 8 % 96 % 100 %	4,100 700 425	1% Mar 4% May 79% Mar	2¾ Jan 9 Oct 100% Nov
Molybdenum Corp1 Monarch Machine Tool*	614	6 6%	5,600	3½ Mar 12% Mar	61/4 July 20 Aug	Penn Salt Mfg Co50	156	90 90 155% 157	20	74 Mar 1211/4 May	90 Nov 160 July
Monogram Pictures com.1 Monroe Loan Soc A1 Montana Dakota Util10	736	7% 7%	1,600	1¼ Sept 1¼ June 4¼ Apr	316 July 216 Sept 716 Nov	Pennsylvania Sugar com 20 Pa Water & Power Co* Pepperell Mfg Co100	731/2	72¼ 74¼ 76¼ 77¼	1,300	19 Aug 59 Mar 54% Apr	19 Aug 74½ Nov 86 July
Montreal Lt Ht & Pow		156 159 30 30 %	90 150	122 Mar 26 Sept 2014 May	159% Sept 31% Oct 31% Oct	Periect Circle Co* Pharis Tire & Rubber1 Philadelphia Co common.*		26 26 7% 8%	50 800	24 Mar 3% Apr	28 Aug 8% July
Moore Corp Ltd com* Conv preferred A100				28¼ May 145 Jan	3834 Oct 162 Oct	Phila Elee Co \$5 pref. * Phila Elee Pow 8% pref 25. Phillips Packing Co*		7 7¼ 30¼ 30¾	300	2914 Mar	8 Oct 11714 July 3114 Feb
†Moore (Tom) Distillery 1 - Mtge Bank of Col Am shs - Mountain City Cop com 5e	456	4% 4% 7 8	300 8,100	3% Feb 3% May	2 Jan 5 Oct 9% Jan	Phillips Packing Co* Phoenix Securities— Common	3 5%	3 3 5% 6	2,000	2% Sept 1% Mar	4% July 6% Oct
Mountain Producers 10 Mountain Sts Tel & Tel 100 Murray Ohio Mfg. Co*	124%	5¼ 5½ 124¾ 124¾ 10¼ 10⅓	1,500 10 200	416 Mar 100 Mar 6 Mar	5% Oct 124% Nov 12 July	Pierce Governor common.*	30 35	29½ 31 18¾ 19	450 400	10% Mar 210% Mar	31 Oct 2134 Aug
Miskegon Piston Ring 21/2 Muskogee Co com*		11% 12%	1,500	6 June 10 Sept	12% Nov 10% Aug	Pines Winterfront Co1 Pioneer Gold Mines Ltd1	2%	2% 2%	1,100 3,100	% Sept 2% Sept	1½ Jan 3½ Jan
Nachman-Springfilled*				7 June	9% Oct						
For footnotes see page 29	91.										396.0

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New York Curb Exchange—Continued—Page 4

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STOCKS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices	Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938 High	STOCKS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Since .	Jan. 1, 1938 High
Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter	11 60 10 11214	6% 7% 42% 42% 10% 11% 55 62% 9% 10 109 112%	1,000 75 900 380 300 2,700	5½ Jan 37½ Mar 4½ Mar 34½ Mar 4½ Mar 55 Mar ½ June	7½ July 42½ Nov 11½ Nov 62½ Jar 10 Oct 115½ Oct	Southern Union Gas	5 5 % 31	2¼ 2½ 5½ 5¾ 31 32¾	180 100 2,100 1,900	135 June 314 Oct 2 Mar 10 July 534 Mar 2814 Apr 19 May	151½ Sept 5¾ Jan 3 Apr 17 Oct 7¼ Jan 39 Mar 22½ Jan
Plough Inc	10% 4%	2½ 2½ ¼ ¾ 4 4½	300 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400	6 June 214 Feb 36 Sept 214 Mar 10 June 95 Feb 17 June 114 Mar	11 Nov 3% Mai 1% Jan 5% Au 16% Au 97 July 24 July 24 July 24 Au	Am dep rets ord reg £ Am dep rets ord bearer £ Spencer Shoe Co Stahl-Meyer Ine Standard Brewing Co Conv preferred 10 Standard Dredging Copp	18	17¾ 18 17¾ 18 22½ 23⅓	500 600 550	14 Feb Mar 14 Nov 14 July 12 Mar 18 Jan	34 June 34 Jan 5 Aug 134 Oct 34 Jan 1834 Aug 2334 Aug
6% 1st preferred	814	21% 21% 5 5 8% 8%	100 200 700	33 June 914 Mar 116 Apr 314 Mar 314 Mar 314 Mar 83 Aug	40 Au 22½ Nov 10 Jan 6% Jan 7¼ Jan 8½ Nov 98 Jan 103 July	\$1.60 conv preferred20 Standard Invest \$55\performal preferred20 Standard Oil (Ky)	1414	2% 2% 14% 14% 13 14% 17% 18 6% 6% 6% 21 21% 103 103% 1% 1%	100 50 400 2,400 100 200 150 800	2 Apr 11 Apr 5 Mar 15 Mar 614 Mar 1614 Mar 90 June 14 June 14 June	2% Feb 14% Nov 14% Nov 18% July 8% Aug 22% June 104 Oct 1% Jan
6% lst preferred100 7% lst preferred100 Public Service of Indiana- \$7 prior preferred* \$6 preferred* \$9 prior len pref100 \$7 prior len pref100 \$7 prior len pref100 \$Pub Util Secur \$7 pt pf* Puget Sound F & L— \$6 preferred	4634 28	44¼ 47¼ 26 28	150 470	22 Jan 1114 Jan	108% Oc 48% Not 28 Not 91 Oc 97% Oc 34 Ap	Standard Products Co. Standard Silver Lead Standard Steel Spring Standard Tube cl B. Starttt (The) Corp vt c	37%	36 37¾ 9¼ 11¾ ½ 21¾ 24¾ 3¾ 4	200 3,900 1,600 5,600	17¼ June 3½ Mar 16 Mar 6½ Mar 2 Apr 2½ Jan 62 June 10½ Apr	40 Oct 1134 Nov 1134 Oct 2434 Oct 434 July 534 Apr 69 July 1534 Oct
Pyle-National Co com 5	1136	111/6 111/6	50	7 May 41 Sept 90 Mar	47% July 23% July 7% Jan 11% Nov 7 Jan 116 Oc 152 Oc 17% Sep	5% 2d preferred24 Sterling Aluminum Prod. Sterling Brewers Inc Sterling Inc	41/4	314 314	900 300 11,600 800	214 Apr 2414 Mar 6 June 314 Apr 224 Aug 2 Mar 514 Mar 114 Jan 734 Mar	5½ Nov 35 Oct 103 Sept 8¼ Oct 4¾ Jan 4¼ Nov 9¾ Aug 2 Peb 13 Jun
Pyrene Manufacturing10 Quaker Oats common	341/4	11½ 11½ 21 22 34½ 34½	500	7% Mar % Feb 10% Feb 29 Feb 11% Mar 31% Jan 19 Mar	14 Oc 14 Fel 23% Oc 40 Oc 5 July 8 May 36% Oc	sullivan Machinery Sunray Drug Co Sunray Oil 55/4% conv pref. 5 Superior Oil Co (Calif) 2 Superior Port Cement 5.3.30 A part Class B com	*	11¾ 13 12¼ 12¼ 2¼ 2¼ 36¾ 36¾	600 100 700 100 200	7 Jan 8 Mar 234 Mar 2934 Apr 39 Oct 4334 Nov 8 Apr	13 Nov 1314 Feb 314 Jan 39 Aug 4314 Nov 44 Nov 1515 Oct
Reybarn Co Inc	4 % % 2 %	4% 4% % % 4% 4% 2% 3%	2,900 700 100 2,100	2¼ May 14 June 8¼ May 2¼ Mar ¼ June 4 Mar 1 Mar	5% No 16 Jai 14% Oc 4% Oc 1% Jai 6 Jul 3% Oc	Taggart Corp comt Tampa Electric Co comt Tastyeast Inc class A Taylor Distilling Co Technicolor Inc common.t Tenn El Pow 7% 1st pf. 10 Texas P & L 7% pref10 Texon Oil & Land Co	1 634 1 22 0 2	33½ 33½ 1½ 1½ 21½ 22¾ 70½ 72½	900 200 100 3,700 100	2634 Feb 34 Mar 34 Mar 1434 Mar 44 Mar 83 Oct	8 Sept 6½ July 33¼ Jan 1¼ Jan 26½ July 76½ Oct 102 Jan 5¼ Oct
Voting trust ctfs	2 1/4 6 3/4	14 14¼ 2 2½ 6¼ 6¾ ¾ ¾		90 Apr 1114 Apr 4 Mar 1 Jan 114 Mar 376 Mar 376 Mar 376 Sept	96¼ Fe 17 Au 14½ Oc 2½ Jul 3½ Ja 9½ Ja 71 Fe 46¼ Jul	Thew Shovel Co com Tile Roofing Inc Tishman Realty & Constry Tobacco Alied Stocks Tobacco Prod Exports Tobacco Secur Tr- Ordinary reg	1 1414	16½ 17 14¼ 14¼ 4¼ 4¾	300 1,100 600	614 Mar 716 Mar 3 Apr 50 Mar 216 Mar 1416 Nov 134 Feb	21 July 15 Oct 5 Feb 63 Oct 516 Oct 1614 Jan 2 Sept
Royal Typewriter	10%	9 10%	950 100 6,900 100 200 500 450	30¼ Apr 4¼ Mar 5 Mar 35 Mar 2¼ Mar 36 Mar 48 Mar 4 Sept 12¼ Apr	74½ No 814 Jul 10¾ No 39 Oc 4 Jai 1½ Jai 92 Jai 6 Jul 18% Jul	Toledo Edison 6% pref. 10 7% preferred A	0	4% 5%	200 1,100 1,400 1,700	85½ Apr 98½ Mar 113 Jan ½ Sept 1¾ Oct 4½ June	69 Nov 104 Oct 108½ Nov 34 Aug 134 Jan 336 Jan 736 Jan 134 June
St Regis Paper com	3% 68 18 2% 12% 28%	68 68 17 18% 2% 2% 12% 13% 26% 29	4,200 250 3,200 200 200 1,500	2½ Mar 42 Mar 16¾ Nov 1¼ Mar 1 Sept 8 Mar 15¼ June	4¼ Oc 71 Oc 18¼ No 3½ Au 2¼ Ja 15 Ja 113 Sep 25 Fe	t Truns Pork Stores Inc Truns Pork Stores Inc Tubise Chatillon Corp Tuns-Sol Lamp Works Sod div. preferred Ulen & Co ser A pref Series B pref Unexcelled Mfg Co	11 11 334	11 11 3 3 3 3 3 4 6 4 6 6 5 5 5 3 6	700 1,500 100 200 100 300	7 July 51 Mar 18 June 2 Mar 41 Apr 11 Mar 2 Mar 14 Mar	8½ Oct 12½ Aug 42¾ Oct 3½ Oct 8¼ Nov 7¼ Oct 7½ Oct 1½ Mar 15 Jan
Scranton Spring Brook Water Service pref* Scullin Steel Co com* Warranta Securities Corp general* Seeman Bros Inc Segal Lock & Hardware!	14 2	14 14% 1% 2%	2,400 1,700 3,400 2,800	16 1/4 Jan 3 1/4 Mar 3/4 Mar 1 Mar 29 1/4 June 1/4 May 2 Mar	26¼ Au 14% No 2¼ No 2% Oc 35 Ma 1¼ Ja 5 No	Union Investment com Union Premier Foods Sts. United Chemicals com 3 cum & part pref Un Cigar-Whelan Stslor United Corp warrants United Gas Corp com 1st 37 pref non-voting	1 13 1 13 1 13 1 13 1 13 1 13 1 33 93	13 13 114 114 56 1116 3 4 4 92 93	700	3 1/4 Mar 10 Jan 2 Mar 30 Mar 1/4 Mar 2/4 Mar 2/4 Mar	6 14 Jan 14 14 July 4 14 Aug 38 14 Nov 114 Nov 14 Oct 5 14 Jan 100 Jan 114 Jan
Selby Shoe Co	12	10 12 75 75	10,600 1,700 100	5 Mar 5 Mar 4814 Mar 4914 Mar 1 Sept	17 Jan 1% Jun 12 No 75½ Au 75½ Au 1% Fe % Jun	United G & E 7% pref-10 United Lt & Pow com A. Common class B	314	76 78 3 3½ 3½ 3½	1100 4,800 100 5,500 25	62 Apr 134 Mar 134 Apr 134 Mar 174 Jan 65 Apr	78 Oct 3½ Oct 4½ Jan 34¼ Oct 24 Aug 70 May 6¾ Jan
Seversky Aircraft Corp1 Shattuck Denn Mining5 Shawinigan Wat & Pow* Sherwin-Williams com25 5% 'cum pref ser AAA 100 Sherwin-Williams of Can* Shrevenort El Dorado Pipe	3% 9% 110% 112	3¼ 3¾ 8¾ 9¼ 20¼ 20¼	100 1,750		117% Oe 114% Au 14 Oe	t United Profit Sharing25 10% preferred	1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10% 10% 1% 1% 81% 83% 42 43% 4% 4% 6% 7%	400 300 900 110 400 8,700	8½ July 2½ Jan ½ May 50½ Mar 39 Jan 2½ July 3½ June	230 Jan 1 Jan 854 Sept 1034 Oct 3 Feb 83 4 Oct 43 4 Oct 634 Jan 834 July
Line stamped	12¼ 	354 4 226 235	2,000 150	THE DIVINERS	16¼ Ma 14¾ Oc 16¼ Ma 2¾ Au 5¾ Jan 254 Juh	V U S and Int'l Securities. 1st pref with warr U S Lines pref U S Playing Card U S Radiator com U S Rubber Reclaiming U S Stores Corp com \$7 conv lst pref	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 ₁₆ 1 67½ 67½ 1½ 1½ 31 32 4½ 5 2½ 2½ 4½ 5	700 50 700 150 1,000 100	42 Mar 1 Mar 22 Fab 2 Mar 14 Mar 14 Sept 3 Feb	134 Jan 6734 Nov 134 Jan 32 Oct 634 Aug 34 Aug 34 Jan 634 Aug 54 Jan 634 Aug
Amer dep rets ord reg. £1 Sloux City G & E 7% pf 100 Smith (H) Paper Mills Solar Mfg. Co	61/4	3¼ 4¾ 1½ 1½ 6 6½	2,400 100 300	4½ Nov 85 Oct 13 Mar 1½ Mar 1½ Mar 2½ Sept 34½ Apr	51 Oc 16 Au 42 Oc 11/4 Jan 7 Au 33/4 Jan 39/4 Oc	t United Verde Exten	2 3 0 5 4 8 1 19 4 5 1 4	3 ¹ / ₃ 3 ¹ / ₈ 5 ¹ / ₈ 5 ¹ / ₈ 5 ¹ / ₈ 17 ¹ / ₈ 19 ¹ / ₈ 1 ¹ / ₈ 1 ¹ / ₈	2,100 3,400 2,300 2,300 1,500	1 Sept 1 Mar 7 Jan 1 June 7 May 3 Mar 9 May 1 Mar	1% Aug 3% Oct 19 Aug 5% Oct 8% Oct 8% Oct 19% Nov 1% Jan
6% preferred B25 53/4% preferred B25 53/4% preferred C25 Southern Colo Pow el A _25 7% preferred100	28% 26%	261 2614	700 500 200	2514 Mar 2314 Mar 114 Mar 30 June	28% Au 26% Au 3 Oc 45 May	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref	593		100		5914 Nov
For footnotes see page	2991						1	1			

STOCKS (Concluded)	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's Range	Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 193	38	BONDS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week		Jan. 1, 1938
Utah Radio Products1	Price	Low High		Low 114 June		Det	Delaware El Pow 5 1/s 1959		103 % 104 107 % 108 %	21,000 14,000	9714 Mar 10714 Nov	
\$5.50 priority stock Utility & Ind Corp com5		53 54 14	200	1% Apr 31% June % June 1% Mar	5316 N	OV AB	Denver Gas & Elec 5s.1949 Detroit Internst Bridge +634sAug 1 1952 • Certificates of deposit		3¼ 3½ ‡3¼ 3½	17,000	2% Oct 2% Sept	5% July 5 Feb
Conv preferred		1% 1% 1% % 5 ₁₀	3,700	14 Mar 14 Sept 7 Mar	2 J	an an	*Deb 7sAug 1 1952 *Certificates of deposit Eastern Gas & Fuel 4s.1956		56 % 69% 71	5,000 13,000 94,000	1/4 Oct 1/4 Oct 05 June	134 Apr 8134 May
Valspar Corp com1 \$4 conv pref5 Van Norman Mach Tool.5	34	2¼ 2½ 32¾ 34½ 27 28¾	1,700 125	1¼ Mar 20% June 11 Mar	314 Ju 36 Ju	nly nly	Edison El III (Bost) 3 1/4 65 Elec Power & Light 5s_2030 Elmira Wat Lt & RR 5s '56	109% 78	109 % 110 75 80 107 % 107 %	3,000 83,000 1,000	106 Apr 5314 Mar 9714 Apr	110½ Oct 80 Nov 108% Oct
Venezuela Mex Oil Co10 Venezuelan Petroleum1 Va Pub Serv 7% pref100	6%	6% 7% % 1%	1,000	214 Mar 14 Mar 59 Apr	7½ N 1% Ju	ov ily	Expire Dist El 5s1950 Empire Dist El 5s1952 Ercole Marelli Elec Mfg	9914	104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	6,000 28,000	98 Mar 831/4 Mar	
Vogt Manufacturing Waco Aircraft Co Wagner Baking v t c	414	9 9½ 4 4½ 7½ 8	200 1,000 300	4% June 1% Mar 8% Mar	1014 Ju	ov an	6 1/4s series A 1953 Erie Lighting 5s 1967 Federal Wat Serv 5 1/4s 1954	79	55 56 107¼ 108¼ 77¼ 79	3,000 3,000 25,000	38 Sept 102% Feb 58 Apr	56 Feb 108½ Nov 79¾ Oct
Waitt & Bond class A		7 7	100	6 Apr	736 Be	far ept uly	Finland Residential Mtge Banks 6s- 5s stpd1961 Firestone Cot Mills 5s1948	104 102 1/4	103 1/4 104 102 1/4 102 1/4	3,000 3,000	98 Sept 1011 July 52 Sept	105 Feb 1051 Jan 95 Jan
Wayne Knitting Mills5 Weisbaum Bros-Brower1		1% 2 5% 5%	1,300	6 Mar 414 Apr	10 N 8 A	ov ov ug	First Bohemian Glass 7s '57 Florida Power 4s ser C 1966 Florida Power & Lt 5s_1954	90 95 1/4	\$914 90 9514 9514	13,000 89,000	76 Apr 74 Mar	90 Oct
Weilington Oil Co1 Wentworth Mfg1.25 Western Air Express1	3 3 1/4	3 3½ 3½ 3½		314 Sept 114 Mar 114 Sept	3% C	oct an	Gary Electric & Gas— 5s ex-warr stamped_1944 Gatineau Power 1st 5s_1956	96¼ 104¾	95¼ 96⅓ 104¼ 104⅓ 79⅓ 79⅓	20,000 22,000 2,000	78 Apr 99% Sept 63 Apr	9614 Nov 10414 Feb 81 July
Western Maryland Ry— 7% 1ss preferred100 Western Tab & Stat—	1000	53 54	. 60	3014 Mar		an	General Bronse 6s1940 General Pub Serv 5s1953 Gen Pub Util 6 1/18 A.1956 •General Rayon 6s A.1948	93 84 1/4 75	91 93 83¼ 84¼ 75 75	2,000 15,000 1,000	75% Apr 62 Mar 72% Sept	93 Nov 851 Oct
Westmoreland Inc Westmoreland Coal Co		*****		1314 Sept 8 Oct 814 Oct 6714 Mar	914 M	lar lay Det	Gen Wat Wks & El 5s.1943 Georgia Power ref 5s1967 Georgia Pow & Lt 5s1978	86 97 1/2	85% 86 96% 97% 57% 59%	10,000 113,000 6,000	65% Apr 78 Mar 49% June	97½ Nov 68 Jan
West Texas Util \$6 pref West Va Coal & Coke Weyenberg Shoe Mfg1 Williams (R C) & Co		1% 1%	100	14 Mar 414 Sept 414 Apr	216 J	an an ug	*Gesfurel 6s	73	131 1/4 71 1/4 73 1/4 158 62	15,000	30 Sept 62 Feb 53 Apr	75 July 66 July
Williams (R C) & Co* Williams Oil-O-Mat Ht* Wilson-Jones Co* Wilson Products Inc1	91/4	314 314 9 914 714 814	700	2% Apr 6% June 6 May	5% Ju 10% Ju	uly	Grand Trunk West 4s.1950 Gt Nor Pow 5s stpd1950 Grocery Store Prod 6s.1945		88% 89 1108% 111 52 52	1,000	81% June 107 Jan 47 Oct	10814 Oct 65 Jan
Wisconsin P & L 7% pf 100 Wolverine Porti Cement 10 Wolverine Tube com2		8% 9%		5814 Apr 2 Mar 314 Mar	70 Ju 3% J	an Oct	Guantanamo & West 6s '58 Guardian Investors 5s. 1948 THackensack Water 5s 1977	4616	\$52 53 % 46 % 47 \$101 % 102 %	3,000	51 June 29 Mar 101% Oct	50% Oct 107% Mar
Woodley Petroleum1 Woolworth (F W) Ltd- Amer dep rets5c		13% 13%		5% May 13% Nov		an	Hall Print 6s stpd1947 Hamburg Elec 7s1935 Hamburg El Underground	100	99% 100 ‡32 40 27% 27%	1,000	7614 Jan 2714 Sept 20 Sept	3416 May
6% preferred£1 Wright Hargreaves L4d* Yukon-Pacific Mining Co5	756	7% 7% 1% 1%	8,300 600	6% Mar 1 Sept		eb an	& St Ry 51/s1938 Heller (W E) 4s w w1946 Houston Gulf Gas 6s1943 61/4s ex-warrants1943		94 1/4 94 1/4 102 102 102	3,000 15,000 55,000	8314 Feb	97 Aug 10414 Oct
BONDS Abott's Dairy 6s1942		1103 104	Bonds Sold	102 Jan	104 0	Det .	Houston Lt & Pr 3 1/2s_1966 Hungarian Ital Bk 7 1/2s 63 Hygrade Food 6s A 1949	10814	108 ¼ 108 ¼ 111 20 63 64 ¼	1,000	103 Apr 1214 May 43 Mai	108% Nov 15 June 68 July
Alabama Power Co- 1st & ref 5s1946 1st & ref 5s1951		7757 8310	\$24,000 55,000	89 Jan 78 Apr	10216 N	iov	6s series B	101%	164 68 106% 106% 100% 101%	1,000 37,000	43 Mai 106 June 85% Apr	110 Feb 101% Nov
1st & ref 5s 1956 ist & ref 5s 1968 lst & ref 4½s 1967 Aluminium Ltd debt 5s1948	97 1/2 91 86	96 1/4 97 1/2 90 91 84 5/4 86	14,000 13,000 94,000	7614 Apr 7014 Apr 65 Jan	9714 N 9114 C 8614 N	lov Oet lov	1st & ref 536s ser B_1954 1st & ref 5s ser C1956 8 f deb 536sMay 1957	9934 9654 8934	98¼ 99⅓ 95¾ 97 87¼ 90	20,000 123,000 50,000	79 Apr 76 Mai 68 Mai	97 Nov
Amer G & El debt 5s2028 Am Pow & Lt deb 6s2016	105 107¾ 88¾	104 % 105 % 107 % 108 % 86 % 88 %	14,000 32,000	104 Sept 106 Apr 58 Mar	107% A 109% A 91% C	ug Oct	Indiana Electric Corp— 6s series A1947 6 1/2s series B1953	99%	99 99% 99 100%	10,000	84 Apr	10016 Nov
Amer Radiator 434s1947 Amer Seating 6s stp1946 Appalae Power Deb 6s 2024		106 106 ½ 101 101 ½ ‡100 ½ 101 ½	6,000	104 Aug 79 Jan 10716 Feb	10136	ept Oct Oct	5s series C1951 Tindiana Gen Serv 5s.1948 Indiana Hydro Elec 5s 1958 Indiana & Mich Elec 5s '55	89%	89 89% 88% 88% 1106% 106%	1,000	10516 Sept	1 109% Mar 89 Nov
Ark-Louisiana Gas 4s_1951 Arkansas Pr & Lt 5s1956 Associated Elec 4½s1953 Associated Gas & El Co—	100%		14,000 120,000 45,000	96 % Apr 86 Jan 30 Mar	100% N	IOV IOV	56	59 1/4 58 1/4	\$109% 110	66,000 12,000	109% Apr 45% Mai	63% May
Conv deb 5 16 1938 Conv deb 4 16 C 1948 Conv deb 4 16 1949	99%	9914 9914 3314 35 33 3514	2,000	62 Jan 20% Mar 20% Mar	35 N	Oct lov	•Indianapolis Gas 5s A 1952 International Power Sec— 61/4s series C	67%			49% Jan 40 Sep	74 July
Conv deb 5s1950 Debenture 5s1968 Registered	37 36 36	36 37 3 35 36 36	29,000	21 Mar 21 Mar 26 Mar	3734 C	Oet Oet	7s series E		66 6735 60 60 10835 109	7,000 5,000 5,000	107 Jan	60 1/2 June 109 1/2 Nov
Conv deb 51/81977 Assoc T & T deb 51/8.A'55 Atlanta Gas Lt 41/81955	10214	\$45 47 77% 78% 102% 102%	5,000	23 Apr 62 Apr 9214 Feb	80 16 J	Oct Jan Oct	Interstate Power 5s1957 Debenture 6s1952 Interstate Public Service		58 60 ¼ 38¾ 42¾	56,000 27,000	1834 Ma	1 4214 Nov
Atlantic City Elec 41/8 '64 Avery & Sons (B F)— & with warrants1947		102% 102%		96% Apr 89% Oct 82% Oct	95 M	Oes far	5s series D	85 79 101 1/4	84 ½ 85 ½ 78 ½ 79 ½ 100 101 ½	13,000 51,000 46,000	5716 Ma 90 Ma	r 8014 Oct
5s without warrants1947 Baldwin Locom Works— *Convertible 6s1950	85 106¾	85 85 100% 110	1,000	8234 Oct	19657 0 1	Oct Tov	5s series B	101 105 62	101 101 1106 1/4 108 105 105 1/4 58 1/6 62	2,000 44,000 3,000	10516 Mai 9816 Jan	108 Aug 1051 Nov
let M & series A19& let M & series B19& & let M & series B19& & & let M & series B19& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	1111%	111 1/4 111 5/ 121 1/4 121 1/4 122 5/4 122 5/	7,000	11736 Apr	12216 F	Feb une	Isotta Fraschini 7s1942 Italian Superpower 6s.1963 Jacksonville Gas	4816	180 36 98	8,000	76 Sep	t 85 Feb t 53 July
Bethlehem Steel & 1998 Birmingham Elec 4 1 1968 Birmingham Gas 54 1959		142 142 89 893 731 743	1,000		142 N 90 C	Oct ept	5s stamped 1942 Jersey Central Pow & Lt- 5s series B 1947		43 43 104 10434	5,000	100 Ap	106 Jan
Broad River Pow 5e1954 Canada Northern Pr 5e '53 Canadian Pac Ry 6e1942	104%	86 1/4 86 1 104 1/4 105 103 1/4 104 3	9,000	71 % Mar 101 % Mar 100 Sept	90 0 105 N 1081 J	Oct lov Jan	4 ¼s series C1961 Kansas Elec Pow 3 ¼s. 1966 Kansas Gas & Elec 6s. 2022	105	105 105 105 105 105 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 11	2,000	97 Ma 112 Ma	r 10316 Oct
Carolina Pr & Lt 5s1956 Cedar Rapids M & P 5s '53 Central III Public Service—		97% 97% \$114% 1143		73 Mar 111 Sept	11516 M	lay	Kansas Power 5s1947 Kentucky Utilities Co- lst mtge 5s ser H1961	8714	101 ½ 102 86 87 ½	19,000	65 Ma	8734 Oct
5s series E1956 1st & ret 41/s ser F .1967 5s series G1968	101%	105 105 99% 101% 102% 1033	19,000	9414 Mai 8514 Apr 92 Apr	101% N 103% J	vov uly	6 %s series F 1948 5 %s series F 1955 5s series I 1969 Lake Sup Dist Pow 3 %s '66	93	101 101 92¾ 93 85 87 100 100¾	1,000 6,000 18,000 46,000	78 Ma	r 93 Nov r 87 Oct
4 1/16 series H 1981 Cent Ohio Lt & Pr 5s 1950 Cent Power 5s ser D 1957 Cent Pow & Lt 1st 5s 1956	101%	99% 1013 101% 1013 85 863 96% 98	97,000 9,000 19,000 150,000	85 Mai 88 Api 6614 Jan 7914 Mai	101% N	Nov Aug	Lehigh Pow Secur 6s2026 *Leonard Tiets 7½s1946 Lexington Utilities 5s1952	105	100 100% 105 105% \$26 30 98 98%	54,000	84 Ap 25 Ms 84 Ap	r 106 Oct 28 Aug r 98% Sept
Cent States Blee 5s1948 51/48 ez-warrants1954 Cent States P & L 51/48 '53	3714	3514 373 3414 373	34,000 145,000 39,000	23 14 Mai 23 14 Sept	41	Jan Jan uly	Libby McN & Libby 5s '42 Long Island Ltg 6s1945 Louisiana Pow & L4 5s 1957		103% 103% 88 88 106 106%	1,000	101 Ap	r 105 Sept r 100 Feb
Chie Dist Elee Gen 4½8°70 Chicago & Illinois Midland Ry 4½8 A		\$104% 105X		104% Nov	10736 M		Mansfield Min & Smelt— •7s without warr'ts_1941 Marion Res Pow 41/4s_1954		127 1021/4 1021/4		2414 AT	n 104 July
Chie Jet Ry & Union Stock Yards Se	10434	104 1/4 104 3 41 1/4 42 3	5,000	10114 Apr 4014 Not	106%	Jan Jan	McCord Rad & Mfg 6s '48 Memphis Comml Appeal— Deb 41/s————————————————————————————————————		173 82 % 194 % 96 %		87 Ap	9534 Aug
Cincinnati St Ry 5 1/2 A '52 6s series B1958 Cities Service 5s1968		\$71 76 \$7214 85	8.000	68 Oc 70 Oc	87 91 16 72 16	Jan Feb Oct	Memphis P & L & A1948 Mengel Co conv 41/4s.1947 Metropolitan Ed 4s E.1971	983	92 92 106% 107	3,00	0 70 Jun	e 93 Jan or 107% July
Conv deb Sa1950 Debenture Sa1950 Debenture Sa1960 Cities Service Clas 516: '46	70%	70 70	421,000 4 24,000 4 22,000	42 Ma	70% N 70% N	Oct Nov Nov	4s series G		88 88 63 63	3,00	0 7516 Ja	n 95 Apr or 6434 Aug
Cities Service Gas 51/s '42 Cities Service Gas Pipe Line 6s1942 Cities Serv P & L 51/s_1952	101%	10214 103	23,000	9114 Ma		Oet Oet	Milw Gas Light 41/61967 Minn P & L 41/61978 1st & ref 5s1958 Mississippi Power 5s1958	983	97 1/4 98 1/4 103 1/4 104	58,00 52,00	0 83 A1	9816 Nov
51/4s194 Community Pr & L4 5a '5' Community P 8 5a196	76%	73% 76	58,000 19,000	40 Ma 52 Ma	79 79	Oct Oct	Miss Power & Lt 5s1957 Miss River Pow 1st 5s.1957 Missouri Pub Serv 5s.1960	90	89 91 108% 109%	28,00 12,00	0 70 Mi	g 110% Apr
Consol Gas El Lt & Powe (But) 81/s ser N 1971		‡128% 131		198% Ap	129 J	July	Montana Dakota Power 5%s 194 *Munson SS 6%s ctfs 193	993	98% 99%	3,00	0 86 A1	or 100 July 5% Feb
Consol Gas (Balt City)— Ss	1000		2,000	102% No	v 106%	Jan	Nassau & Suffork Ltg 5s '4		. ‡76½ 79	•••••	. 81% Ma	95 Jan
II fig ser A stamped 1043	81 8074	60 14 61 83 14 85	15,000 85,000	53% Sep 63% Ma	65% 85%	Jan Oct						
Cont'l Gas & El Ss195 Cuban Telephone 71/s 194 Cuban Tobacco Ss194 Cudahy Packing 81/s.195	98	9714 98 162 67 97 97	12,000	. 47 Ma	7236 J	Jan July Sept					-	
For footnotes see page	2991.									10	No ER	out set to the

			110				LA		.0.
BONDS (Continued)	Thurs. Last Sale Price	Week's of Pr Low		Sales for Week Shares	Range Lot		Jan. 1,		2015
Nat Pow & Lt 6s A2026 Deb 5s series B2030	981/2	96 8834	9914	43,000 245,000	6214 5814	Mar	9934	Nov Oct	Ulen Conv
§*Nat Pub Serv 5s ctfs 1978 Nebraska Power 41/s. 1981 6s series A	1081/4	138 10814 111814	10834	9,000	35 108 111	Oct Mar Apr	10836 120	Jan Nov June	United United •United
Neisner Bros Realty 6s '48 Nevada-Calif Elec 5s_1956 New Amsterdam Gas 5s '48	84 1/2	195% 84 1/2	97 85%	67,000	8036	Apr Apr Jan	96¾ 85¾	Sept Nov Sept	United 61/48.
N E Gas & El Assn 5s 1947 5s1948	59¼ 57¾	\$117% 58% 57%	59 1/4 58	42,000 2,000	11536 40 40	Mar	61% 59%	Oct	Un La d
Conv deb 5s	9036	55 1/2 \$107 1/4 86 1/4	57% 90%	34,000	39¾ 102 70	Mar Feb Mar	60 107 90%	Nov Nov	United 6s ser 6s ser
Debenture 51/s1954 New Orieans Pub Serv- 5e stamped1942	92 9814	9714	92 9814	90,000 48,000	8634	Mar	92	Nov	Utah Po 41/18. Va Pub
*Income 6s series A.1949 N Y Central Elec 5 1/2s 1950 New York Penn & Ohlo—	8834	8714	89 104¾	26,000 1,000	93	Mar June	89 104¾	Nov	1st re
*Ext 4½s stamped_1950 NYP&L Corp 1st 4½s'67 NY State E&G 4½s 1980	74 10734 99	71 1071/4 981/4	74 10736 9936	2,000 14,000 51,000	45 105 88	May Apr Apr	84 108% 100%	Feb Aug Oct	*5s i Wash E Wash V
NY& Westch'r Ltg 4s 2004 Debenture 5s1954 Nippon El Pow 61/4s1953	11234	112 14	106 112 14	1,000	103% 110% 45	Nov	105% 114 6234	Apr Sept Mar	West P West P West T
No Amer Lt & Power— 51/4s series A	9634	95	96 14	11,000	70	Aug Apr Mar	9614	Nov July	West V
No Indiana G & E 6s1952 Northern Indiana P 8—		109	109	12,000 6,000	10514	Apr	10034	Aug	Wheelfi Wise-M Wise Pe
5s series C1966 5s series D1969 4 %s series E1970	105 1/2	10516	106 % 105 1/2 103 1/2	27,000 14,000 55,000	93 93 % 86 %	Feb Apr Apr	106% 105% 103%	Nov Nov	Yadkin York I Stam
N'western Elec 6s stmpd'45 N'western Pub Serv 5s 1957 Ogden Gas 5s1945 Ohio Power 1st 5s B1952	9656	\$105% 96% 107	105 1/4 97 107 1/4	21,000 3,000	102 8016 103%	Feb Apr Jan	105¾ 97 107¾	Nov July	FOREIG
Obio Power 1st 5s B1952 Tist & ref 4 1/4s ser D 1956 Okia Nat Gas 4 1/4s1951	102 1/8 104 3/4		102 3/4	10,000 19,000	1021/2 1021/2 96	Nov Nov Jan	107 10614 10514	Jan Jan Aug	Agricul +20-y
5s conv debs1946 Okla Power & Water 5s '48 Pacific Coast Power 5s '40	103 1/4	102 1/4	103 16	22,000 49,000 5,000	83 69 100	Apr Apr Mar	106 9614 10314	Oct Oct Aug	*78 *20-y
Pacific Gas & Elec Co— 1st 6s series B1941 Pacific Invest 5s ser A.1948		11314	113 % 95	45,000	11316	Oct Apr	116%	Feb Sept	+6s ci
Pacific Ltg & Pow 5s1942 Pacific Pow & Ltg 5s1955 Park Lexington 3s1964	80%	193 ¼ 1113 ¼ 79 ¼	114 81	63,000	113 55 28	Apr Mar Mar	115 82% 34%	May Oct Jan	1un 1v78 86 •78 86
Penn Cent L & P 4368_1977	92 ¾ 97 ¾	\$30 90 96 14	32 1/4 92 1/4 98	186,000 14,000	74 16 78	Mar Mar	9234	Nov July	•78 86 •78 86
Penn Electric 4s F1971 Penn Ohio Edison— 6s series A1950	100%		96% 100%	88,000 33,000	76 82	Apr	96%	Nov	•78 1 •78 2 •78 3
Deb 51/s series B1959 Penn Pub Serv 6s C1947 5s series D1954	9314		94 106% 104%	20,000 1,000 1,000	75 99 93	Mar Mar Mar	96 107% 105	Feb Sept	*Baden Bogota Bogota
Penn Water & Pow 5s. 1940 4 1/4s series B 1968 Peoples Gas L & Coke—	105 107 ½	105	105 107 1/2	2,000 2,000	104%	Sept Apr	108 1/4	Jan Jan	978 8 97 1/4
4s series B	92 1/2 94 5/4 112 5/4	92¼ 94¾ 112¾	92 1 95 1 112 1 12 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	16,000 14,000 7,000	78% 82% 111	Mar Mar Jan	94 1/4 96 1/4 113 1/4	Aug Aug Mar	*Calda *Cauca *7s c
Phila Rapid Transit 6s 1962 Piedm't Hydro El 61/4s '60 Pittsburgh Coal 6s1949		17014	72 60 107 14	4,000	65 40 104%	May Sept	79 61 108	Feb Feb	Cent B
Pittsburgh Steel 6s1948 Pomeranian Elec 6s1953		2136	99	8,000 4,000	86 1834 48	Aug	100 22 69%	Jan Apr	Columb
Portland Gas & Coke 5s '40 Potomac Edison 5s R_1956 4 1/4s series F1961		110814	108 108%	13,000	105 16	Apr Apr	10836 109	July Sept July	*6s c *6s c Cundin
Potrero Sug 7s stmpd_1947 PowerCorp(Can)4 1/4sB '59 • Prussian Electric 6s1954		103 % ‡21	40 104 24	2,000 8,000	23 9814 2014	Sept June Jan	65 10414 2234	Nov May	0 1/28 Danish 58 Danzig
Public Service of N J— 6% perpetual certificates Pub Serv of Nor Illinois—	14634		14636	18,000	130	Jan	14636	Oct	•Germa
¶4½s series D1978 ¶4½s series E1980 ¶1st & ref 4½s ser F 1981	1021616	102116 \$102131 102161	102 ¹ 16 104 103 ¹ 22	6,000	101 10136 101	Sept	105 104% 105	July May July	*Hanor
741/48 series I1960 Pub Serv of Oklahoma— 48 series A1966 Puget Sound P & L 51/48 '49		105%	104%	5,000	98%	Mar	106%	Nov	• Lima • Marar • Medel
1st & ref 5s ser C1950 1st & ref 4 1/2s ser D.1950	80 7636 74	79 1/4 76 1/4 73	80 1/4 76 1/4 74 3/4	25,000 23,000 30,000	59 53	Apr Jan	8216 78 77%	Oct Oct	*78 ct *6 ½8 *Mende
Queens Boro Gas & Elec- 5 1/2 series A	7534 35	751/2 291/4			69 2514	June Feb	93 14	Jan Nov	Mtge B • Issu • 7s
•Ruhr Housing 6 1/4s1958 Safe Harbor Water 4 1/4s '79 §•St L Gas & Coke 6s.1947	109	109 1634	10914	20,000	21 107 9%	Mar June Apr	28% 110% 18%	Aug Mar Oct	•Insu •7s •Mtge
San Joaquin L & P 6s B '52 •Saxon Pub Wks 6s1937 •Schulte Real Est 6s. 1951		1130 12814 12714	30 28 1/4		12834 2434 2134	Feb July Jan	131 14 28 34 31 14	July Nov July	6s sta Mtge B
Scullin Steel 3s1951	70	102 6814	10214	7,000 22,000	9614 3814 10614	Apr Apr Apr	103 71 107%	Aug Nov Aug	•78 c •78 c •6148
Servel Inc &	1051/4	105 105 105 105	105 1/4 106 1/4	10,000	100 100	Sept	106%	Nov	Mtge B Parani Rio de
1st 4 ½s series B1968 1st 4 ½s series D1970 Sheridan Wyo Coal 6s 1947 Sou Carolina Pow 5s.1957	85%	\$106 \$6836 8436	70 % 86 %	27,000	5314 70	Sept Sept Mar	105% 70 86%	Oct Oct Nov	*Russia *51/4 *Santa
Southeast P & L 6s2025 Sou Calif Edison Ltd— Debenture 3 %s1945 Ref M 3 %s.May 1 1960	104 1/4	96%		18,000	10116	Apr	107	Nov	*Santia *7s
Ref M 3%s B. July 1 '60 1st & ref mtge 4s1960	107%	107 1071/5 110	108 1/4 108 1/4 110	48,000 10,000 2,000	102 1/4 102 1/4 106 1/4 103 1/4	Sept Sept Apr	10814 10814 111	July July Aug	
Sou Counties Gas 4 1/s 1968 Sou Indiana Ry 4s1951 S'western Assoc Tel 5s 1961	101 1/4	104 1/2 50 101 1/2	53 101 %	5,000 18,000 15,000	35 1/4 85	Apr Apr Feb	10636 56% 10156	Mar Jan Nov	the rule
6'western Lt & Pow \$6 1957 So'west Pow & Lt 6s2022 So'west Pub Serv 6s1945	104 1/4	103 % 86 1/2 104 %	104 36	9,000 7,000 4,000	93 5514 93	Apr Mar Mar	10434 89 10534	Nov Nov Jan	Bor
18tandard Gas & Elec- 6s (stpd) 1948 Conv 6s (stpd) 1948	63 6214	5914 5914	63 1/2	81,000 31,000	4836	Sept Sept	63 1/2	Nov Nov	The in their Hack
Debenture 6s1951 Debenture 6s. Dec 1 1966	64 63 1/2	61 601/4 1601/4	64 63 1/4 61 3/4	35,000 46,000	3714 3614 5314	Mar Mar Oct	64 63 1/2 61	Nov Nov Oct	India Ohio Publi
6s gold debs	85 62 1/2	84 59	85 63	11,000 74,000 8,000	54 36 1814	Apr Mar Mar	85 63 37 1/4	Nov Nov Oct	41/4 41/4 41/4
Starrett Corp Inc 5s.1950 Stinnes (Hugo) Corp— 2d stamped 4s1940	34 60 1/2	34 5814	60 14	3,000	40	Sept Sept	6014	Nov	e Casi
2d stamped 4s1946 Super Power of Ill 41/4s '68 1st 41/4s1970		104%		4,000 4,000 3,000	36 103 1 103 1 103 1	Nov Apr	55 16 106 56 107 36	Oct Aug	yearly r
Tennessee Elec Pow 5s 1956 Terni Hydro-El 61/4s1953 Texas Elec Service 5s1960	9236 60 9636	91 1/4 58 1/4 95 1/4 101 1/4	93 61 96¾	15,000 20.000 160,000	85 14 82 14	Feb Sept Mar	95 61 10034	Oct Feb Jan	weekly No
Texas Power & Lt 5s1956 6s series A2022 Tide Water Power 5s1979	103 ¼ 99 ¾ 86 %	101 36 99 34 85 36	103 1/4 100 86 1/4	90,000 3,000 10,000	94 90 14 75 14	Mar Mar Apr	104 1/4 101 1/4 88 1/4	May Aug Oct	a Defe in week No
Tiets (L) see Leonard Twin City Rap Tr 51/28 '52	5534	55	5634	47,000	44	Mar	6534	1967	"cum,"
								- 1	without

BONDS	Thurs.	Week's	Roman	Sales	Range Since	Jan 1 1	02
(Concluded)	Sale Price	of Pr		Week Shares	Low	High	_
Tien Co—		-	-2 -9/10		71, 11007		
Conv & 4th stamp_1950 Inited Elec N J 4s1949	53 1/4 115 1/4	53 1/4	54 116	9,000	30 Mar 11256 Apr	56 11634	Sej
Inited El Serv 7s1956 United Industrial 61/8 '41		58%	61	6,000	42 Sept 24 Feb	62	Au
*1st a f 6s1945		30	30	2,000	23 Jan	30	No
nited Lt & Pow 6s1975 6 1/81974	77 781/2	72 75¾	7734 79	35,000 6,000	56 Mar 5734 Apr	8214	Ju
5 14 s Rys (Del) 5 14 s '52	821/4	106 80	106 1/4 82 1/4	3,000 65,000	94% Feb 64% Feb	106 1/4 83 1/4	NO
Inited Lt & Rys (Me)— 6s series A1952	112%	11216		12,000	96 Feb	11236	0
6s series A	83 1/4	\$73 16 82	76 83 1/4	3,000	5314 Jan 64 Feb		Ju
41/s	91¾ 92⅓	90 16	91%	4,000	75 Feb 75 Apr		NO
1st ref 5s series B1950	87	92 87	9236 87	34,000 9,000	75 Apr	8714	0
6s1946 Valdorf-Astoria Hotel—	84%	8416	84%	6,000	65 Apr		Ju
*5s income deb1954 Vash Ry & Elec 4s1951	241/2	23 1/4 1107 1/4	25 107¾	50,000	1214 Mar 10616 June	26 109	Ju
Vash Water Power 5s 1960	105 1/4 104 3/4		105 1	24,000 5,000	99% Apr 97 Feb	106 104%	No
Vest Penn Elec 5s2030 Vest Penn Traction 5s '60 Vest Texas Util 5s A 1957	975%	\$110 97%	112	109,000	96 Mar 7416 Mar	110%	O
Vest Newspaper Un 6s '44 Vest United G & E 51/8 55	61 1/4	60	62	18,000	32 June	6634	0
Vheeling Elec Co 5s1941	10514	110636	10514	4,000	103 Apr 106 June	108	Ju
Visc-Minn Lt & Pow 5s '44 Visc Pow & Lt 4s1966	100	100	107 % 100 ¼	$14,000 \\ 42,000$	10514 Jan 8614 Apr	101	N
Adkin River Power 5s '41 York Rys Co 5s 1937			10414	11,000	96 Feb 5814 Apr	10514	F
Stamped 581947		1911/	92 14		72 May	94	0
OREIGN GOVERNMENT				11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
ND MUNICIPALITIES— gricultural Mtge Bk (Col)							
*20-year 7sApr 1946 *7s ctfs of dep_Apr '46		12416	26		17% Jan	25%	0
+20-year 7sJan 1947		124 16	30	*****	20 Jan	26	0
•7s ctfs of dep_Jan '47 •6s ctfs of depAug '47		124 1/6 124 1/6	30 30		24 Aug	24	A
•6s ctfs of dep. Aug '47 •6s ctfs of dep. Apr '48 Intioquia (Dept of) Co-		12416	30		*********	******	
•7s ser A ctfs of dep. 1945		1736	1114		7 Oct	7%	0
•7s ser B etfs of dep_1945 •7s ser C etfs of dep_1945		1716	11 K 11 K 11 K 9 K 9 K		734 Oct	814	A
•7s ser D ctfs of dep_1945 •7s 1st ser ctfs of dep_'57		17 1/6 17 1/6 16 1/6	111%		736 Oct 7 Aug	736	O
•7s 2d ser ctfs of dep. '57		1636	934		7 Aug	7	A
•7s 3d ser ctfs of dep. '57 Baden 7s1951		120	35		6 July 18 Sept	2136	Ju
logota (City) 8s etfs1945 logota (see Mtge Bank of)		‡10	16			******	
overos Aires (Province)— overos Aires (Province)— overos Aires (Province)— overos Aires (Province)—	no.x	167	72		68 May	76	F
•7s stamped1952 •714s stamped1947 Caldas 714s ctfs of dep. '46		‡65 ‡9	80 14		934 Oct	934	Ji
Caldas 73/4s ctfs of dep. '46 Cauca Valley 7s1948 •7s ctfs of dep1948		\$10%	13		6% Apr 8% Oct	113%	A
•734s etfs of dep1946		191/a 18	15				
Prov Banks 6s B1951		26%	26%	1,000	2214 Apr	27	J
*6s series A1952 Columbia (Republic of)—		‡25	40		24 Sept	28	M
*6s ctfs of depJuly '61 *6s ctfs of depOet '61	l	‡16 ‡16	20 21 36		1814 Aug 1414 July	1816	Ju
cundinamarca (Dept of) 61/28 etfs of dep1959	1	1814	13				
Danish 51/81955		99%	99%	1,000	96% Sept	102	A
Sanzig Port & Waterways	981/		981/2	2,000	96% Sept	2010	M
External 61/81952 German Con Munic 7s '47	24	23%	4914	1,000 21,000	39 June 19% Jan	24	N
*Secured 6s1947 Hanover (City) 7s1939	22%	2234	22¾ 25	1,000	18% Sept 18 Sept	2314	0
Hanover (Prov) 61/4s_1949 Lima (City) Peru 61/4s '58		22 ‡12	22 13	1,000	19 Jan 914 Apr	2236	M
Maranhao 781958		18	10	7.000	9% Sept 7% Jan	18%	F
Medellin 7s stamped 1951 •7s ctfs of dep 1951	10	18%	10	7,000			
+61/2s ctfs of dep1954 Mendoza 4s stamped_1951	79%	18 79%	13 79%	1,000	71 Sept 64 Feb	8014	Ju
ftge Bk of Bogota 78_1947 •Lesue of May 1927		12416	28		21 Feb	2514	0
•7s etfs of dep_May '47 •Issue of Oct 1927		124 16	28 28		24 Oct 1614 Jan	241/4 251/4 231/4	Se Se
•7s ctfs of dep. Oct '47		1241/2	28	7 000	23% Oct 12% Apr	23%	Ju
Mtge Bk of Chile 6s.1931 6s stamped1931	14%	14¾ ‡10	14¾ 20	7,000	1071 Apr		
ftge Bank of Columbia— •7s ctfs of dep1946		123 1/2	30				
•7s ctfs of dep1947 •614s ctfs of dep1947		123 1/4 123 1/4 199 1/4	30 30	******			••
fige Bk of Denmark 5s '72		199%	9914	1,000	96 Apr 7 Mar	10216	F
Parana (State) 781958 Rio de Janeiro 61/8.1959		734	714	5,000	6 Apr 14 Sept	1016	J
Russian Govt 6 1/25 1919 +5 1/25 1921 Santa Fe 7s stamped 1945	54	1 1/5 58 1/4	%	3,000	14 Jan	1	M
Bantiago 781949		1131	60 1/2 15	9,000	45 Mar 1114 Jan	1614	Ju
•791961	15.1	11336	15		111 Jan	16%	Ju

o par value. a Deferred delivery sales not included in year's range. Bunder the sales not included in year's range. The cash sales not included in year's a Ex-dividend.

bursday's bid and asked price. No sales were transacted during current week onds being traded flat.

eported in receivership.

the following is a list of the New York Curb bond issues which have been called it entirety:

kensack Water 5s 1977, Dec. 15 at 101½.

kensack Water 5s 1977, Dec. 15 at 101½.

kensack Water 5s 1977, Dec. 15 at 101½.

kensack Water 5s 1977, Dec. 15 at 102.

kensack Water 5s 1977, Dec. 1 at 102.

kensack Wa

228 series I 1960, Nov. 25 at 104.
25 sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or range:
26 osales.
27 sales transacted during the current week and not included in yor yearly range:
28 series I sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales.
29 sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales.
20 sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales.
20 sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales transacted during the current week and not included the part of the sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales.
20 sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or sales transacted during the curr

Other Stock Exchanges

New York Real Estate Securities Exchange Closing bid and asked quotations, Thursday, Nov. 10

Unlisted Bonds	B44	Ask	Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask
B'way 38th St Bidg 7s 1945 Bryant Park Bidg— 6½s unstamped————————————————————————————————————	59 2734 22		11 West 42d St Bidg— 6 ½s unstamped1945 Park Place Dodge Corp— Income & 1952 v t c 10 East 40th St Bidg & 5a 250 West 39th St Bidg 6s'37	38 61/2 82	

Baltimore Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Thurs, Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks- Par		Low	High		Lo	10	Hu	7h
Arundel Corp		19	1914	198	1234	Mar	20	Oct
Atlantic Cst Line (Conn) 50		2716	28 14	135	17	June	2834	Nov
Balt Transit Co com v t c.*	36		34	222	34	Apr	1	Jan
1st pref v t c*		1%	15%	105	3/6	Mar	234	Apr
Black & Decker com *		24	24	134	934	Mar	24	Nov
Consol Gas E L & Pow *	711/2	71	7136	168	5534	Mar	73 14	July
5% preferred100		115	11514	18	11214	Apr	116	June
Davison Chemical Co com 1	9%	8%	934	350	736	Sept	936	Oct
East Sugar Assoc pref 1	17	17	17	100	11	Mar	20	Oct
Fidelity & Deposit 20	1131/	11214	113 34	75	75%	Mar	11434	Oct
Fidelity & Guar Fire10		31	31	35	2734	June	351/4	Jan
Guilford Realty Co com1		2	2	100	11/2	May	21/2	Oct
Houston Oil pref100	18%	18%	19	570	1136	Mar	1934	Nov
Mfrs Finance com v t *			5/8	15	3/6	Apr	34	Oct
1st pref25		81/6	816	136	6	June	10	Oct
Mar Tex Oil1		13%	136	950	134	Oct	3	Jan
Common class A1			134	70	136	Nov	21/4	Jan
Martin (Gien L) Co com1		33 %	34 16	95	1814	Sept	34 14	Nov
Merch & Miners Transp *	14	1234	14	335	10	Mar	16%	Jan
Monon W Penn P 8-	-				0.0			
7% preferred25		25%	26	52	21	Apr	26	Nov
New Amsterdam Casualty 5		1136	121/8	580	734	Mar	123%	Oct
North Amer Oil com1		114	114	50	1	June	156	Jan
Penna Water & Power com*		74	74	6	5936	Apr	75	Jan
Phillips Packing Co pt. 100		67	67	10	66	Apr	12	Jan
U S Fidelity & Guar 2		153%	17	1,865	834	Mar	1736	Oct
Western National Bank. 20		32	32	75	291/2	Sept	33	Jan
Bait Transit 4s flat 1975	20%	2056	21	\$12,000	15	Mar	23%	Jan
A 5s flat1975		2234	23	1.300	1516	Mar	27	Jan
Finance Co of Amer—				-/				
4%1947		96	9614	5,000	92	Apr	9614	Oct

Boston Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's		Saies for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	10	Hu	n)
American Pneum Ser com.*		34	136	100	32e	Mar	80e	Feb
6% pref50		11%	136	200	1	Apr	1 3/8	Mar
1st pref50 Amer Tel & Tel100	13	13	13	16	11	Mar	16	May
Amer Tel & Tel100	148%		149%	2,396	110%	Mar	149%	Oct
Assoc Gas & Elec Co el A.1		11%	114	101	3/6	June	11%	Apr
Bigelow-Sanf'd Carp com. *		295%	29%	25	17 .	June	29%	Nov
Boston & Albany 100	86	80	86	317	60	Mar	10836	Jan
Boston Edison Co100	126%		126 %	442	108	Apr	134	July
Boston Elevated100	53 1/6	49	53 16	623	47%	Oct	5834	May
Boston Herald Traveler *	15%	1436	15%	552	1334	Mar	2016	Jan
Boston & Maine com 100	34	7	34	50	3/4	Oct	34	Oct
Prior pref100	736	7	736	601	514	Mar	12	Jan
Cl A 1st pref std 100	2	1.78		119	1	Sept	436	July
Class A 1st pref100	11%	136	136	18	1	Mar	3%	July
Class B 1st pref std100	2	2	2	134		Sept	434	July
Class C 1st pref std _100		2	2	10	11/4	Sept	4	July
Cl D 1st pref std100		234	234	15	234	Sept	13 1/2	July
Boston Per Prop Trust *	131/2	13	13 16	250	814	Apr	13 12	Nov
Calumet & Hecia25	91/6 63/4	8%	936	325	5%	Mar	10%	Oct
Copper Range25	6%	63%	6%	825	434	May	7%	Jan
East Gas & Fuel Assn-		111		40	***	0		
Common		134	2	48	136	Sept	3	Jan
41/4 % prior pref100	25%	2314	2714	295	21	Sept	52	May
6% preferred100	14%	13	15	410	9%	Sept	3034	Jan
Eastern Mass StRy-	7.11							T7.4
Common100		1	1	800	1/2	July	134	Feb
1st preferred100		38	3916	105	13%	Apr	3616	Nov
Preferred B100		10	10	15	314	Apr	10	Nov
Adjustment100	******	214	216	150	114	Oct	214	July
Employers Group	1914	1914	19%	425	15%	Apr	20	Mar
General Capital Corp*	33 %	325%	33%	1,440	23 %	Apr	33%	Nov
Gilchrist Co	514	514	5%	616		June	736	Jan
Gillette Safety Rasor		916	95%	211		June	11	Feb
Isle Royal Copper Co15	234	234	2%	162	. 14		314	July
Mass Utilities Ass v t c1		514	514	5	436	Sept	9	Jan
Mercentheles Tinetune	07	2	2	75	11/2	Mar	234	Aug
Mergenthaler Linotype* Narragansett Racing Ass'n	27	241%	27	385	18%	Mar	28	July
Inc1	3%	314	91/	1 050	91/	Oct		July
National Tunnel & Mines.	078	216	316	1,650	314		256	
New England Tel & Tel 100	102	99	102	150	136	Jan	109%	Jan
New River Co com 100	102	35	102	586	81	Mar		July
NYNH&HRR100	134	136	135	131	í	Nov	10	Mar
North Butte2.50	470	43c	470			June	236	Jan
Old Colony RR 100	1%		2	925	370	Mar	79e	
Old Dominion Co25	25c	1¾ 25e		197	116	Sept	5	Jan
Pacific Mills Co	15%	15%	15%	180 230	25c			May
Pennsylvania RR50	2434	22	24 14	1,856	1314	Mar	19%	July
Quincy Mining Co25	35%	3				May		Oct
Shawmut Assn T.C.	113%	11%	35%	490 470		June	1234	
Shawmut Assn T C* Stone & Webster	1614	15%	1736		8	May		Oct
Suburban El Sec Co 2nd pf*	10%	32	32	3,023		Nov	1736	Jan
Torrington Co (The)	2754	26	28		32		2834	
Union Twist Drill Co5	25	23	25	456	17	Apr		Oct
United Shoe Mach Corp. 25	8214	81	8314	92	15	Apr	25	Nov
		42		738	50	Mar		Nov
Preferred 25 Utah Metal & Tunnel Co. 1		75e	42%	1 205	381/4	Jan	43	May
Waldorf System*				1,325 25	55e		116	Jan
Warren Bros*	434	736	73%		5%		8%	Jan
Walted Divessesses	4 2%	278	45%	47-	2	Sept	4 5%	Nov

Chicago Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938				
Stocks— Pa	Price			Shares	Low		High		
Abbott Laboratories Common (new) Acme Steel Co com25		56 1/2 46 1/8	58 1/4 47 1/6	550 137	3614 3914	Apr	581/4 471/4	Nov	

For footnotes see page 2995.

CHICAGO SECURITIES

Listed and Unlisted

Paul H.Davis & Go.

10 S. La Salle St., CHICAGO

	Thurs.	Week's		Sales	Range Since .	Jan. 1, 1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr	ices High	Week Shares	Low	High
Adams (J D) Mfg com*	-	8	8	20	7¼ Jan	101/4 Mar
Adams Oil & Gas com *		10	10	250	4 3% Mar	121/2 Sept
Advanced Alum Castings . 5 Aetna Ball Bearing com 1	372	8	314 814	200 150	2 Mar 4 Mar	4% Jan 8% Nov
Allied Laboratories conv. *		13%	13%	50 150	7 June 6 June	14 Oct 1234 Aug
Allied Products com10 Amer Pub Serv pref100	62	60	62	250	45 Apr	62 July
Amer Tel & Tel Co cap. 100 Armour & Co commonb	61/8	6	149% 6%	822 1,850	130% Sept 3% Mar	63% Jan
Aro Equipment com1 Asbestos Mfg Co com1		10	101/2	350 450	5¼ Apr 36 Mar	10½ Oct 1¾ Jan
Associates Invest com* Athey Truss Wheel cap4	39	38	39	650 100	27 Mar 2% June	39 Nov 4% Jan
Automatic Products com_5		156	134	150	1 Mar 5 June	1 1/4 July
Automatic Washer com3 Aviation Corp (Del)3		536	5 1/8	520 1,595	514 Oct	53% Nov
Aviation & Trans C cap.1 Backstay Welt Co com*	8	8	3%	4,450	136 Mar 8 Oct	3% Nov 10 Jan
Barlow & Seelig Mfg A com 5 Bastian-Blessing com*	914	9¼ 12¾	914	50 550	7½ June 8 Mar	11 1/4 July 13 1/4 Jan
Beiden Mfg Co com10 Bendix Aviation com5	1234	1214	13½ 24¾	850 3,400	6% June 8% Mar	13 Jan 25% Oct
Berghoff Brewing Co1	2414	73%	8	300	5% Mar	814 May
Binks Mfg Co cap	21	20	21	600 450	4 Mar 1214 Mar	6¾ Jan 22½ Jan
Borg Warner Corp— (New) common	3436	323%	35	1,195	1614 Mar	3634 Oct
Brown Fence & Wire— Common1	714		734	600	5 Sept	8 Mar
Clase A * Bruce Co (EL) com 5	221/2	2214	2234	50	14 Apr	221/2 Nov
Burd Piston Ring com1	3 %	1514	16 3%	800 300	6 May 21/4 May 51/4 Mar	51/2 Jan
Butler Brothers10 5% conv pref30	936	8 34 22 36	914 2258	3,200	5% Mar 17% Sept	10 July 2414 July
Castle & Co (A M) com. 10 Cent Ill Pub Ser \$6 pref. *	24 6734	23¾ 65	24 67¾	200 130	14 Apr 411/4 Mar	25 Jan 67¼ Nov
Central III Sec-	0174					
Silis conv pref*	614	5%	634	200 300	3½ June	11/4 July 71/4 July
Central 8 W— Common1	2	1%	21/6	2,000	1 Mar	2% Oct
Preferred*	51	47	51 1001/2	170	25½ June 90 Apr	51 Nov 101 Oct
Cent States Pow & Lt pf. *	41/6	31/8	43/8	190	234 Sept	514 July
Chicago Corp common	2%	151/2	15%	8,100	1% Mar	214 June
Preferred	35 6914	84 67%	35 1/8 70	1,150	25% Mar 38% Jan	3516 Oct 80% July
Chic & N West Ry com 100 Chicago Towel com*	1	69 %	69	100	% Sept	1% Jan 70 June
Chrysler Corp com5 Cities Service Co—		831/4	8814	1,345	63 % Sept	8814 Nov
(New) com10 Club Aluminum Utensil*	9	9	9	100	51/4 Sept	10% May
Commonwealth Edison-	2	1%	21/6	1,150	114 Jan	216 Nov
New capital25 Compressed Ind Gases cap*	271/2	26% 15%	27 1/5 16 1/5	11,950 450	22 Mar 12 May	28 May 25 Jan
Consol Biscuit com1 Container Corp of Amer. 20	61/2	15% 6% 16%	634	1,000	3% Mar 11% Sept	7½ Aug 17% Oct 27% Nov
Continental Steel com *		24%	2734	85	10 Mar	27% Nov
Cudahy Packing pref100 Cunningham Drug com2½	58 17	58 15¾	1714	120 400	48 May 11% Apr	73 July 1714 Nov
Dayton Rubber Mtg com. *	17	16	17	450	5% Mar	17% Oct
Deere & Co com* Dixie-Vortex Co—	21	20	21	295	16 Sept	21% Oct
Common*	11%	111/4	12	300	914 Oct 29 May	16% Jan 34 Jan
Class A* Dodge Mfg Corp com*	31 11	10%	31	100 300	71/2 Mar	141/ Jan
Elec Household Util cap.5 Elgin Natl Watch Co15	24%	2436	25	600 550	21/4 Mar 15 Mar	5% Aug 25% Oct
Fox (Peter) Brewing com_5 Fuller Mfg Co com1	9¾ 2½	A 9%	236	50 250	8 Mar 114 Mar	111 June 2% Jan
General Finance Corp com! Gen Household Util—	35%	316	3%	200	21 June	434 Jan
Common	3/6	3%	36	1,550	% Sept 7% Nov	2% Jan 7% Oct
General Outdoor Adv com* Goldblatt Bros Inc com*	1516	15	7% 15%	200 250	13 June	736 Oet 2314 Jan
Goodyear T & Rub com* Gossard Co (H W) com*	3614	33 14 1 10 1/4 24 1/4	11	360 250	6 Mar	3634 Nov 1136 Oct
Great Lakes D & D com* Hall Printing Co com10	25½ 12	24 % 9 %	2514	1,400	1214 Mar 5 Mar	27% Oct 12 Nov
Heileman Brew Co G cap. 1 Hein-Werner Motor Parts 3	634	834	85%	250 150	514 Jan 4 Mar	714 Apr 854 Nov
Horders Inc com*		121/2	121/2	10	11 May	14 Jan
Houdaille-Hershey ci B* Hubbell Harvey Inc com.5	173%	17 121/6	17%	1,250 650	5% Mar 8% Mar	17% Oct 15 Nov
Hupp Motors com1 Illinois Brick Co10	236	2¼ 6¾	2% 7%	800 250	5 June 5 Mar	2% Oct 8% Oct
Illinois Central RR com 100 Indep Pneum Tool v t c*	16% 21%	15% 21%	1716 22%	700 250	614 Mar 1414 Mar	8½ Oct 17¼ Nov 29 Jan
Indiana Steel Prod com 1	*****	4	4	100	4 July	7 Jan
Inland Steel Co cap* International Harvest com*	673%	6334	93%	53 574	6914 July 5414 Sept 1014 June	93% Nov 68 Nov
Jarvis (W B) Co cap1 Kats Drug Co com1	23	221/2	31/6	1,250 200	10% June 3 Mar	5½ Jan
Kellogg Switchboard com.* Preferred100	814	77	85%	500 70	5½ Mar 65 Feb	9 Oct 81 July
Ken-Rad Tube & Lp cl A.*		11	11	50	51/2 Mar	12 Jan
Kentucky Util jr cum pf 50 Kerlyn Oil cl A com5	32 1/4	31	32 1/2	110 50	314 June	5 Mar
Kingsbury Breweries cap. 1 La Salle Ext Univ com5	2%	2%	2%	600 100	1 Feb	11/4 Mar 31/4 Feb
Lawbeck 6% cum pref. 100 Leath & Co—	232	32	32	100	16 Mar	32 July
Common*	4	31/8	4	300	2½ Mar	4½ Aug
Le Roi Co common	71/4	814	814 714	50 420	6 May 6 Mar	9 Jan
\$346 Dreferred *	30	28	30	500 170	2 Apr 241/4 Mar	41/4 Aug 311/4 July
Lion Oil Ref Co com* Liquid Carbonic Corp com*	21%	2014 1956	2136 1956	800 10	16¼ Mar 19% Nov	31½ July 25¼ Aug 19% Nov
Loudon Packing com*	134	1%	134	400 200	11/2 Sept	21/4 July
Manhattan-Dearborn com* Marshall Field com*	14%	131/8	14%	8,450	514 Mar	1¼ Jan 14% Nov
McCord Rad & Mfg A *		91/2	10	200	5¼ Mari	14½ Jan

	There						
	Thurs.	Week's	Range		Range Since	Jan. 1.	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr	ices High	Week Shares	Low	Htg	h
Mer & Mfrs Sec cl A com_1	5%	5%	5%	2,050	2% Mar	6	Oct
Prior pref. * Mickelberry's Food Prod-		2734	29	190	100	29	Nov
Middle West Corp cap 5	754	414	436	2,200 7,050	1% Mar 4% Mar	814	Oct
Stock purchase warrants Midiand United Co-	-	714	73h	2,800	34 Sept	2	Jan
Converged A		.36	36	350	3 Feb	616	Jan July
		436	4%	350 670	98 Oct	2	May
7% prior lien100 6% pref A100 7% pref A100	11/4	11/4	11/2	570 260	% Sept	134	Jan Mar
Miller & Hart Incomy of *		334	31/2	140 50	3 May Sept	732	Jan July
Modine Mfg Co com* Montgomery Warg—		23	2314	150	18 Apr	271/2	Jan
Common ** Nachman Springfilled cm **	5314	50	5314	822	3914 Sept	5416	Oct
Mat Dattery Co prei	31	10 30¾	31	400 120	7 Apr 20 Mar	31	Nov
National Pressure Cooker2 Nat Rep Inv Tr pref stpd.*	136	6	6	100 2,340	4 Mar % June	7% 1%	July
National Standard com10 Natl Union Radio com1	11%	1814	19	250 200	13¼ Apr ½ Mar	25	July
Nobitt-Sparks Ind com5 Nor Ill Finance com*	25%	241/2	26	950	12 Mar 10 Oct	26¾ 13	July
Northwest Bancorp com *	7%	12 716	736	2,250	5 Mar	8%	Jan
Northwest Eng Ce com* Northw Util 7% pref100	141/6	15%	161/6	100 20	81/4 Mar 81/4 Mar		May
7% prior lien100 Okla Gas & Elec 7% pf_100	4234	104 1/2	105	10 20	18½ Apr 96 Mar	46 105	Nov
Oshkosh B'Gosh Inc com.*		1814	18%	100 10	131/4 Sept 53/4 Apr	191/2	July Mar
Parker Pen Co (The) com10 Penn Elec Switch conv A 10	16%	15	1634	300	13 July	17 1614	June
Pennsylvania RR cap50		2236	23%	100 239	1436 Mar	241/2	Jan
Peoples G Lt&Coke cap 100 Perfect Circle Co* Pines Winterfront com1	27	36 1/4	391/8	109 70	24% Mar 22 Maj	41 29	Oct
Pines Winterfront com1 Poor & Co class B*	84	1414	1516	1,850 100	7% Sept	1516	Jan Nov
Poor & Co class B* Pressed Steel Car	1107/	12	131/8	900	6 Sept 85 Mar	1336	Nov
Preferred 100 Rath Packing com 10	116%	150	116 % 152	192 30	129 Mar	152	Nov
Raytheon Mfg-		25%		50	16¼ Jan	25%	Nov
6% preferred v t c5		3	3	50 450	1¼ Mar ¾ Jan	134	July
Reliance Mfg Co com10 Rollins Hos Mills com1		12%	13 236	2,550	7¼ Mar % Mar	14	Aug Aug
St Louis Natl Stkyds cap. *	781/2	781/2	7814	50	58 Jan	80	Oct
Sangamo Electric com* Schwitzer Cummins cap1	27¾ 12	27¼ 10½	27¾ 12	350 500	15¼ Mar 6% May	27% 13%	Oct
Sears Roebuck & Co com. * Serrick Corp el B com	7816	74%	7814	911	4736 Mar	79%	Oct
Signode Steel Strap—	3	3	31/6	150		5%	Jan
Sivyer Steel Cast'gs com*	16%	16%	16%	50 210	8% Mar 10 May	171/2	Jan Aug
So Bend Lathe Wks cap_5 South Colo Power A com 25		18	18	100 20	13½ Mar 1 June	191/2	Aug
Southw Gas & El 7% pf 100 Standard Dredge conv pf 20	107	107	107	60 650	90 Apr 7% Mar	107	Nov Oct
Common1		216	258	650	13/2 Mar	314	Jan
Standard Oil of Ind25 Stein & Co (A) com*		29% 14	29¾ 14	350 20	10¼ Apr	29¾ 15	Nov
Stewart-Warner 5 Sunstrand Mach Tool com 5	10%	914	111%	568 350	814 Sept 714 Apr	11%	Oct Jan
Swift International15 Swift & Co25	29¼ 20¾	28% 19%	29¼ 20¾	1,050 2,500	2216 Mar 15 Mar	20%	Nov
Thompson (J L) com25 Trane Co (The) common.2	141/2	14	15	450 250	3¼ Mar 13% Sept	1714	July
Union Carb & Carbon cap *		001/	90 16	603	6314 Mar	90%	Nov
United Air Lines Tr cap5 U S Gypsum Co com20 Utah Radio Products com *	1214	111%	90 1/2 1/2 1/4 1/4	660 45	77 1/8 June	51/4 171/4 901/4 121/4 1141/4	Nov Oct
Utility & Ind Corp com5	21/4	278	36	500 150	1 % Jan	34	July
Conv preferred	136	1% 16%	176	350 110	1¼ Mar 14½ Mar	181/4	Feb Sept
Wahl Co com	17%	11%	13%	500 955	1 Mar 13% June	20%	July
Western Un Teleg com_100	1178	28 %	291/8	195	221 Sept	30%	Aug
Wieboldt Stores Inc com*	10%	120 10	1036	39 350	93% Sept 8% Sept	1241/4	Nov Jan
Williams Oil-O-Matic com* WisconsinBankshares com*	51/6	314	51/6	350 1,150	2½ Mar 3% May	514	July
Woodall Indust com2 Zenith Radio Corp com*	51/8	41/2	23	1,150 2,900	2% Mar	51/2	July
- Corp Coll.	-2/8	/4		2,000	/ may	2078	Jay

Cincinnati Listed and Unlisted Securities

W. D. GRADISON & CO.

Members ge New York Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange DIXIE TERMINAL BUILDING, CINCINNATI, O.
Telephone: Main 4884 Teletype: CIN 68

Cincinnati Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		Thurs. Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks-	Par		Low	High		Lo	10	Hig	h
Amer Laundry Mach.	20	1814	1814	1814	100	15	Mar	1934	Aug
Champion Paper & Fib	ore.*	301/2	30	30 1/2	165	181/4		31	Jan
Preferred		98	98	99	87	94	June	1051/2	Mar
Churngold	*	12	10%	12	90	61/2	Feb	12	Nov
Cin Advertising Prod.			736	71/2	25	614	Jan	736	Nov
Cin Gas & Elec pref	_100		101	10214	382	90	Apr	10214	Nov
Cincinnati Street	50	276		3	164	234		5	Jan
Cincinnati Telephone	50	90	87	90	179	75	Jan	90	Nov
Cin Union Stock Yard.	*		14	14	25	10	Apr	16	Sept
Crosley Radio	*	91/2	91/2	91/2	45	6	Mar	10%	July
Dow Drug	*		3	3	200	3	May	51/2	Jan
Eagle-Picher	10		1414	14%	125	7%	Mar	143%	Nov
Early & Daniel	*	2614	2614	2614	50	20	Apr	27	Aug
Preferred	-100		110	110	5	100 1/8	Apr	110	Jan
Formica Insulation		11	11	11	350	914	Aug	13	Oct
Gibson Art		2914	271/2	2914	85	221/2	Apr	2914	Nov
Kahn 1st pref			1011/2	1011/2	10	91	Oct	10135	Nov
Kroger	_100	201/4	19%	20%	878	125%	Mar	2156	Nov
Magnavox		3/2	1/2	5/6	140	1/2	Jan	1	Jan
Moores-Coney A			3/8	1	100	3/8	Sept	2	Jan
B	*		1/4	34	100	34	Nov	34	Nov
Procter & Gamble	*	58%	57%	59	568	39 %	Mar	59	Oct
U S Playing Card	10		31	32	176	2114	Jan	3214	Oct
U S Printing	*	11/4	114	136	200	1	Sept	3	Jan
Preferred	50		834	9	150	4	Sept	934	Nov
Wurlitzer		8	8	8	17	71/2			July
	100		80	80	21	6534	Mar	80	Mar

For footnotes see page 2995,

Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities Members Cleveland Stock Exchange



Telephone: OHerry 5050

A. T. & T. OLEV. 565 & 566

Cleveland Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

LELT OF	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's		Range for lices Week -		Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par		Low	High		Lo	10	Hig	h
Akron Brass Mfg*	81/2	8	81/2	155		Mar	81/2	Nov
Apex Electric Mfg*		131/2	131/2	125	8%	May	161/2	Feb
Brew Corp of Amer		614	614	250	4	Mar	814	Aug
City Ice & Fuel*		91/2	914	350	734	Sept	1234	Jan
Cleve Cliffs Iron pref *	65	64	65	280	411/4	June	65	Nov
Cleve Elect III \$4.50 pref.		110	110	5	1073	Jan	112	Oct
Cleveland Ry100	19%	19%	19%	586	181/3	Sept	32	Jan
Cliffs Corp v t c*	22	19%	2214	4,498	11	Mar	2214	Nov
Colonial Finance1			11	170	10	May	13	Mar
Dow Chemical pref100			116	10	109	Jan	11736	July
Elect Controller & Mfg*		691/2	70	20	60	Jan	75	July
Goodrich (B F)* Goodyear Tire & Rubber.*		24%	26%	157	25	Oct	25%	Oct
Goodyear Tire & Rubber.*		36	36	588	25%		36	Nov
Great Lakes Towing 100			20	5	25	Jan	29	Jan
Halle Bros pref100		381/2	381/2	45	31%	Apr	39	July
Harbauer Co*	61/2	5 1/6	63%	280	5	Jan	61/2	Jan
Interlake Steamship*	37	37	37	62	27	Mar	441/2	Jan
Lamson & Sessions*	536	51/2	51/2	400	31/2	Mar	614	Jan
Metro Paving Brick*	2 1/8	21/2	23%	400	23%	Mar	31/4	Apr
7% cum pref100			60	5	60	Aug	65	Mar
		5	5	10	31/2	June	61/2	Feb
National Acme1		13%	14%	210	814	June	121/8	Sept
National Refining25		3%	3%	100	21/2	Sept	434	Jan
Preferred100		44	45	179	40	Sept	60	Feb
National Tile*	2	2	236	480	134	June	314	June
Nestle Le Mur A*	1/2	3/2	1	200	3/2	Mar	1	Oct
Ohio Brass B*		31	31	100	20	June	33	Jan
Otis Steel*		1214	1314	65				
Packer Corp*		10	10	200	914	May	111%	Jan
Packer Corp* Patterson-Sargent ** Richman Bros. **		1736	1736	50	15	July	1914	Feb
Richman Bros*	36	351/2	36	973	30	Mar	39	July
Seiberling Rubber*		41/6	434	200	2	Mar	434	July
8% cum pref100	50	43	50	234	12	Apr	50	Nov
Thompson Products Inc *		2416	28%	287	21	Oct	235%	Oct
Union Metals Mfg* Van Dorn Iron Works *	1134	11	1114	42	8	June	111/4	Nov
Van Dorn Iron Works *		43%	4 3/8	868	11%	June	4 3/8	Nov

WATLING, LERCHEN & HAYES

New York Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange

Buhl Building

New York Curb Associate Chicago Stock Exchange

DETROIT

Telephone: Randolph 5530

Detroit Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Last	Week's		for Week	Range Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks- Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	High	Shares	Lore	Hts	nh.
Allen Electric com 1		134	134	650	13 ₁₆ Jan	136	Nov
Auto City Brew com1	40e	40c	40c	200	33c Sept	75c	Jan
Baldwin Rubber com1	81/8	8	916	6.375	4% Mar	934	Jan
Bower Roller5		27 1/4	27%	405	12% Mar	27 3/4	Nov
Briggs Mfg com *		35%	36	1,848	1316 Mar	3734	Aug
Burroughs Add Mach*	19%	18%	19%	923	15¼ June	2134	July
Burry Biscuit com 121/2 c	314	3	314	415	1% June	3%	July
Brown McLaren	0/8	2	2	400	1 May	234	Oct
Chamb Metal Weath com 5	8	8	8	125	51/4 Sept	8	Nov
Chrysler Corp com5		84	8814	1,659	36 Mar	8834	Nov
Continental Motors com. 1	00/2	134	13/2	150	1 May	134	Oct
Consumers Steel		114	136	300	70c May	1.50	June
Deisel-Wem-Gil com10		15%	15%	100	111% Mar	15%	Nov
Det & Cleve Nav com 10	79c	75e	79c	2,950	75c Nov	134	Jan
Detroit Edison com 100			114%	73	77 Mar	114%	Nov
		176	2	1.570	1¼ Mar	21/4	July
Det Gray Iron com5	2%	214	214	1,750	1% May	314	Jan
Det-Mich Stove com1		214	214	700	1% June	31/6	July
Det Paper Prod com1		1314	14	400	10 May	16	Jan
Det Steel Corp com5			21	1,170	9 Mar	21	Nov
Ex-Cell-O Aircraft com3		19%		710	6 Mar	1434	Oct
Federal Mogul com*	14%	14	14%	224	2¼ Mar	5%	Aug
Fed Motor Truck com*		514	514		1 Mar	2	July
Frankenmuth Brew com1		134	134	235 140		12	Oct
Fruehauf Trailer1		11%	11%			8	Oet
Gar Wood Ind com3	7%	75%	7 1/6	1,060	4¼ Mar		
General Finance com1		31/2	3%	445	2 June	436	Jan
General Motors com10		51	5314	5,938	25% Mar	531/2	Nov
Goebei Brewing com1		234	21/6	2,500	21/4 Sept	3 1/8	Jan
Graham-Paige com1	134	134	134	993	70c June	1 1/8	Jan
Grand Valley Brew com1		35c	35c	200	31c Oct	70c	
Hall Lamp com*		234	21/4	155	2 Mar	31/2	Jan
Hoskins Mfg com*		15%	15%	200	14% Sept	1734	Aug
Houdaille-Hersbey B*		17	175%	1,570	6 Mar	17%	Oct
Hudson Motor Car com*		9	9%	4,385	51/4 Apr	9%	Jan
Hurd Lock & Mig com 1	74c	72c	76c	1,076	37c Apr	85c	Oct
Kingston Prod com1	2 1/8	2%	21/8	1,445	1% Mar	31/2	Jan
Kreage (8 8) com10		21%	2214	1,195	15½ Mar	221/4	Nov
Lakey Fdy & Mach com 1	3	21/8	3	525	1½ Mar	314	Jan
Masco Screw Prod com 1	13%	11/4	136	1,535	80c June	1%	Jan
McClanahan Oil com1	28c	28c	30c	5,900	25e Mar	55c	Apr
McClanahan Ref com1	98c	97c	1.00	500	60c Sept	1.25	Jan
Mich Steel Tube Prod. 2.50		101/2	101/2	100	5 May	101/2	Nov
Mich Sugar com*	57e	57c	60c	1,100	32c Sept	75c	Jan
Mid-West Abrasive com50c	236	2	21/4	1,400	87c June	214	Oct
Motor Wheel com5		1514	17	1,316	8½ June	17	Nov
Murray Corp com10		914	9 3/4	2,165	41/8 Mar	1016	July
Muskegon Piston Ring 50c		123%	12%	100	6½ June	12%	Nov
Packard Motor Car com *	5%	514	534	5,753	3¼ Mar	53%	Oct
Parke Davis com*	4136	4136	4134	1,111	311/2 Mar	42	Oct
Parker Wolverine com*		934	1014	1,011	63% Apr	12	Jan
Penin Metal Prod com1	234	25%	21/4	950	1¼ May	314	Jan
Pfeiffer Brewing com*	814	816	814	450	4% Mar	834	July
Reo Motor com5		314	314	781	1¼ Mar	31/2	Oct
Rickel (H W) com2			31/2	575	2% Mar	4	Jan

W-SI-	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since J	an. 1.	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	0	His	h
River Raisin Paper com*		314	314	200	2	Mar	456	Jar
Scotten-Dillon com 10	2514	251/3	26	321	22	Jan	27	Fet
Standard Tube B com 1	3	3	314	3,109	1%	Apr	434	July
Timken-Det Axle com 10	*****	18%	19	695	81/4	Mar	19	No
Tivoli Brewing com1	334	314	3%	852		June	41/2	Ma
Tom Moore Dist com1	55c	550	55c	200	400	June	13%	Jai
United Shirt Dist com*	434	436	436	200	234	Apr	5	Jan
Universal Cooler B*	136	136	136	520	13%	Sept	31/2	Jas
Universal Prod com*	19	18	19	505	101/2	Apr	19	No
Walker & Co B		35%	3%	600	134	Apr	4	Oc
Warner Aircraft com1	98c	80c	98c	2,840	53e	Sept	13%	Ja
Wayne Screw Prod com 4		21/2	21/2	100	136	June	31/4	Ja
Wolverine Brew com1	*****	18c	18c	100	16c	Oet	34	Ja
Young Spring & Wire *		23	23 14	360	131/2	Jan	2334	Oe

VM. CAVALIER & CO.

Chicago Board of Trade New York Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange San Francisco Stock Exchange

Teletype L.A. 290 523 W. 6th St. Los Angeles

Los Angeles Stock Exchange

		Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists											
	Thurs.	Week's Ra	nge for	Range Since	Jan. 1. 1938								
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Price		Low	High								
Berkey & Gay Furn Co1 Bolss-Chica Oil A com10 Broadway Dept Store	85c 3 ¼ 10 ¼ 88 9 ¼ 11 ¾ 4 ¼ 10 ¼ 11 82 ¼c 365 53 ¼ 10 ½	85c 3 10 ½ 16 84 8 83/6 7 10 1 45/6 10 ½ 1 10 ½ 1 10 ½ 1 182 ½c 82 365 36, 51 55	85c 100 33% 1,700 034 100 8 200 936 500 134 1,400 456 100 300 300	52½c Mar 154 Mar 634 June 36 Mar 734 Mar 734 Sept 334 Mar 1036 Nov 634 Mar 52e May 340 Apr	1.00 Jan 414 Aug 12½ July 88 Nov 10¼ July 7½ Oct 11½ Oct 11¾ Oct 11¾ Oct 11¾ Oct 1.10 Aug 399 Jan 53¾ Nov July								
Globe Grain & Milling 25 Goodyear Tire & Rubber .* Hancock Oil Co A com o Holly Development Co 1 Hupp Motor Car Corp 1 Los Ang Industries Inc 2 Los Angeles Investment .10 Mascot Oil Co 1 Menasco Mig Co 1 Merchants Petroleum 1 Nordon Corp Ltd 1 Oceanic Oil Co 1	5% 35% 41 1.05 2% 27 3% 4% 60c 4% 25c 10c 22c 82%	35 % 34 41 4: 1.05 1 24 % 2: 2 % 4: 60c 6 3 % 24c 10c	55/4 300 55/8 100 100 100 134 400 1,000 25/8 200 3,300 45/8 200 45/8 200 45/8 16,300 25c 125 10c 4,300 34c 600	25 May 65c Mar 50c June 5¼ Mar 2 Jan 3¼ June 49c May 80c Mar 24c Nov 6c May 18c June	7 July 35% Nov 44 Oct 1.30 Sept 234 Oct 244 Oct 34 July 75c Jan 41 Nov 50c Aug 21c July 30c Jan 1.20 Jan								
Pacific Distillers Inc	35c 14 ½ 29 ½ 42 4 ½ 8 3 ½ 4 30 8c 10 ½ 24 ½ 39 28 ½ 26 ½	141/4 1- 291/4 30 25 42 44 41/4 4- 77/6 33/4 30 30 80 101/4 10 24 22 39 44 22 38 42	5 100 2 200 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 4 34 13,700 0 4 5,000 0 4 800	934 Mar 2334 Mar 1854 Mar 3234 Mar 5 Mar 214 Apr 1.05 Mar 28 Sept 5c Mar 734 Jan 1936 Mar 35 Apr	49c Jan 15 1/4 July 30 Nov 26 1/4 Nov 6 1/4 July 3 1/4 Nov 3 1 July 17c Oct 10 1/4 Aug 24 1/4 July 39 1/4 Oct 28 1/4 Oct								
So Calif Gas 6% pref A25 Southern Pacific Co100 Standard Oil Co of Calif* Sunray Oil Corp	31 21 1/4 30 1/4 23/4 42 1/4 10 1/4 18 5 4	30 30 2% 42% 42 9% 10 19% 11 17% 12	1 ¼ 1,100 0 ¼ 600 2 ¾ 100 2 ¼ 100 0 ¼ 7,400 9 ¼ 700	9½ Mar 25½ Mar 2½ June 26 Mar 8½ Mar 17¼ Mar 6¾ Jan 3½ Apr	30% Oct 21% Jan 34% July 3% Jan 46 July 12% Jan 22% July 20% Aug 5 July 6% Jan								
Mining— Alaska-Juneau Gold	9% 230 6c 1% 15c 3%c	23e 6c 134 15e	9 % 100 23c 1,000 6c 3,000 1 % 200 1 5c 1,000 % 3,000	12e Mar 14e May 114 Sept	13 Feb 39c Aug 161/2c Aug 41/4 Apr 25c May 9c Jan								
Unitsted— Amer Rad & Std Sanitary.* American Tei & TeiCo100 Anaconda Copper	18¼ 148 38¼ 5½ 52 2 6¼ 27¼ 13¼ 26¾ 47%	148 14 36¾ 3 5¾ 52 6¾ 27¼ 2 13¼ 1 26¾ 2 9¾ 47 4	834 200 884 300 536 100 2 100 2 4,00 734 1,600 754 10 634 10 634 10 634 10 634 30	112 Mar 2114 May 3 Mar 36% Mar 1 Sept 314 Mar 24% Oct 8 Sept 1014 Mar 514 Mar	18% Oct 148 Nov 411% Oct 52 Nov 21% Oct 7% Oct 27% Nov 13% July 25% Oct 11% Oct 47% Nov								
Montgomery Ward & Co.* New York Central RR Nor American Aviation. 1 North American Co Ohio Oil Co Packard Motor Car Co Paramount Pictures Inc Radio Corp of Amer Republic Steel Corp Socony-Vacuum Oil 15 Southern Ry Co Studebaker Corp 1 Texas Corp (The) 25 United Aircraft Corp United Corp Steel Corp Warner Bros Pictures 8	53 14 21 16 14 26 10 14 12 14 12 14 14 14 14 14 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	53¼ 5 20¼ 2 14¼ 1 26 2 10¼ 1 5¾ 12¼ 1 80¼ 2 13¼ 1 21 2	3 34 100 1 34 300 6 36 100 0 34 100 2 36 200 2 36 200 2 34 200 2 34 200 1 1 10 0 5 34 10 7 34 10 7 34 300 7 34 1,300	10% Mar 15 Mar 10% May 10% May 10% May 10% May 10% May 10% Apr 12% Apr 12% Apr 13% May 12% Apr 14% Oct 15% Apr 14% Apr 14% Apr 15% Apr 15% Apr 16% Apr 16% Apr 17% Apr 18% May 19%	53¼ Nov 21¼ Nov 16¼ Nov 25½ Oct 12½ July 5½ Oct 12½ Oct 22¼ Nov 15¼ July 21 Nov 9 Oct 46¼ Aug 35 Oct 41¼ Oct 68¼ Oct 8 July								

Established 1874

DeHaven & Townsend

Members New York Stock Ezchange Philadelphia Stock Ezchange New York Curb Ezchange (Associate)

PHILADELPHIA 1513 Walnut Street

NEW YORK 30 Broad Street

Philadelphia Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		Thurs.	Week's			Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks-	Par	Sale Price	of Pr	High	Week Shares	Lo	10	Hu	7 h
American Stores			8%	11%	1,023		Aug	11%	Nov
American Tel & Tel	1100	148%		149%	805	1111%	Mar	149%	Oct
Barber Co	10		211/2	221/4	210	121/4	Mar	23%	Oct
Bell Tel Co of Pa pi	rel100	118%			328	11234	July	11916	Jan
Budd (E G) Mfg C	0	614	5%	61/2	355	334	Mar	65%	Jan
Preferred	100		461/2	46 1/2	10	42	Jan	4616	Nov
Budd Wheel Co				53%	350	21/6	Mar	5%	Aug
Chrysler Corp	5	96%	83%	96%	720	36	Mar	881/4	Nov
Electric Storage Ba	ttery100	3516	33	3514	368	21%	Mar	3434	Nov
General Motors			50%	53 34	4.674	251/2	Mar	53%	Nov
Horn & Hard (Phila) com_*		120	12014	16	100 %	Jan	12014	Nov
Lehigh Coal & Nav		434	436	434	991	3	May	516	July
Lehigh Valley	50	63%	574	616	227	3	Mar	734	July
Natl Power & Light		916		95%	358	43%	Mar	934	Oct
Pennroad Corp v t	e1	21/6	1 74	21/4	7,405	13/2	Mar	21/4	Jan
Pennsylvania RR.	50	241/4	2214		7,391	1436	May	3014	Jan
Phila Elec of Pa \$5				117	96	112	Feb	118	Oct
Phila Elec Pow prei	25	30 1/2	3014	30%	473	2914	Apr	3214	Nov
Phila Rap Trans 79	% prf_50		314	316	110	2	Mar	41/2	Jan
Philadelphia Tracti	on50		614	734	828	434	Apr	73%	Jan
Salt Dome Oil Corp	1	1734	1734	18%	120	10%	Jan	2734	May
Scott Paper	*	5036	4916	50%	120	351/4	Mar	51	Oct
Tacony-Palmyra B	ridge*		33 1/4	341/2		2634	Mar	36	July
Tonopah Mining	1		3/6	3/2	150	36	Nov	136	July
Transit Invest pref			84	8/	118		Nov	234	Mar
Union Traction	50	2%	214	2%	794	15%	Jan	31/6	Mar
United Corp com	*	414	334	414	2.196	134	Mar	456	Oct
Preferred		3734	34%	37%	380	2234	Mar	37%	Oet
Preferred United Gas Impt co Preferred	m *	1256	1134	13	18,796	85%	Mar	12%	Nov
Preferred		11236	11134	112%	145		Mar	11236	Oct
Westmoreland Inc.			814	8%	97	63%	Apr	101%	Jan
Bonds-									
Elec & Peoples tr ct	fs 4s '45		6%	7	\$22,000	5	Apr	7	Jan

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Thurs, Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938				
Stocks- P	ar Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hig	h	
Allegheny Ludium Steel	* 28	24	28%	531	1136	Mar	2854	Nov	
Arkansas Natural Gas	* 31/2	3	31/2	110	214	Oct	4	Jan	
Armstrong Cork Co		49%	511%	799	2434	Mar	511%	Nov	
Blaw-Knox Co	* 18%	1734	18%	628	10%	Mar	1916	July	
Byers (A M) com			1514	183	614	Mar	1514	Nov	
Carnegie Metals Co	1	70e	80c	1.950	50e	May	1.75	Jan	
Clark (D L) Candy Co		734	716	185	334	Jan	734	July	
Columbia Gas & Electric	* 81/2	73%	83%	486	5	Mar	9%	Oct	
Duquesne Brewing Co		11	11	116	8	Apr	14	Jan	
Foliansbee Bros pref 1		14	151/6	135	5	Mar	20	Oct	
Fort Pitt Brewing Co	_1 85c	85e	85c	400	70c	Feb	95e	July	
Horne (Joseph) pref 1	00	107	107	10	107	Nov	107	Nov	
Koppers G & Coke pref 1	00 841/2	8334	841/2	51	70	Sept	105	Jan	
Lone Star Gas Co	.* 9%	936	1014	1,876	656	Mar	101/2	July	
McKinney Mfg Co	* 1.00		1.00	100	90c	Apr	1.50	Feb	
Mountain Fuel Supply		55%	534	647	43%	Apr	65%	Jan	
	.5 336	21/6	3%	2,995	134	Mar	35%	July	
Pittsburgh Brewing pref.	.*	26	26	95	1934	Mar	30	July	
Pittsburgh Oil & Gas	.5	134	134	14	1	July	136	Jan	
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	25 113	10914	113	45	56	Apr	11436	Oct	
Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt.	* 9	81/2	9	566	434	May	914	July	
Pittsburgh Steel Foundry	.* 9	9	9	260	6	Mar	11	Oct	
Plymouth Oil Co	.5	21	22	120	15%	Mar	2516	July	
Shamrock Oil & Gas	1 2%	236	236	168	134	Apr	4	Jan	
United Eng. & Foundry.		365%	37%	190	22	Mar	39%	Oct	
Westinghouse Air Brake.			33	1,622	153%	Mar	33	Nov	
Westinghouse El & Mfg.	50 12436	123	1241/8	231	6214	Mar	12434	Nov	

ST. LOUIS MARKETS

I. M. SIMON & CO. Business Established 1874

Enquiries Invited on all Mid-Western and Southern Securities

New York Stock Exchange New York Curb (Associate)
St. Louis Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade
Chicago Stock Exchange

315 North Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo. Telephone Central 3350

St. Louis Stock Exchange

	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938					
Stecks- Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	10	Hu	h		
American Inv com*		2416	25	75	20	June	26	Oct		
Brown Shoe com		3234	3314	100 100	214	Nov May	4016	Oct		
Burkart Mfg com1	21	21	21	100	10%	June	2514	Aug		
Coca-Cola Bottling com1 Columbia Brew com5	5%	3214	32 % 5%	15 625	26 256	Jan Jan	351/4 51/4	Nov		
Dr Pepper com*		2934	291/2	35		Jan	3314			
Ely & Walker D Gds com25 Falstaff Brew com1	19	19	19	100 425	16%	July	21 10	Apr		
Griesedieck-West Br com.*		45	47	120	2756	Jan	50	Sept		
Hamilton-BrownShoe com* Hussmann-Ligonier com*	736	12	12	494 25	11	Apr	814 1414	Oct		

For footnotes see page 2995.

	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's			Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	ices High		Lot	10	High	
Huttig S & D com5	9	9	9	50	736	May	12	Mar
International Shoe com *		331/4	34	390		May	36	Jan
Knapp Monarch com *		10				Nov	1136	Mat
Preferred*		31	31	15	27	Feb	33	Sept
Laclede-Christy C Pr com *		736	734	80	636	May	11	Jan
Taclada Otaal com 90	ACCOUNT LINES	907/	21	100		June	21	Nov
Meyer Blanke com*		13	13	120	13	Nov	14	Aug
Mo Port Cement com 25		101/2	101/2	600	9	June	131/2	July
Natl Bearing Metals com. *		28	28	50	18	May	30	Jai
Natl Candy com*	734			305	5	Mar	10	July
1st pref100	106	105	106	70	95	June	107	Sept
National Oats Co com *		1814	1814	50	15	Mar	19	Au
Rice-Stix Dry Goods com *		5	5	300	4	Apr	634	July
1st pref100		10834	109	30	99	June	109	Nov
St Louis Pub Serv com *			42	100	38	May	42	No
Preferred A*		1,90	1.90	11	75c	June	1.90	No
Scruggs-V-B Inc pref 100	2.00			450	45c	June	2.00	No
Securities Inv com 100		33		404		June	36%	Au
Bonds-		-		Y				
*Scullin Steel 3s 1941		70%	7036	\$1,000	401/2	Mar		No
*United Railways 4s 1934	2734	2734	28		19%	June	28	No
*United Ry 4s c-d's			28	19.000	19	June	28	No

Orders solicited on Pacific Coast Stock Exchanges, which are open until 5:30 P. M. Eastern Standard Time (2 P. M. Saturdays)

Schwabacher & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

111 Broadway, New York
Cortlandt 7-4150
Private Wire to own offices in San Francisco and Los Angeles

San Francisco Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

A CONTRACTOR	Last	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks- Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	High	Shares	Lo	10	Ht	gh
Alaska Juneau Gold Min 10 Anglo Amer Min Corp	9¼ 26c 13 4¼ 7¼ 3½ 4 18¼ 21 13¼ 29c 23 50¼ 30c 51¼ 3% 87 21¼ 25 4¼ 14¼ 91¼	9½ 25c 13 4½ 7½ 2½ 4 17 13½ 27 21 21½ 50½ 30; 31½ 83½ 21 24 4½ 14½ 89	10 26c 14 4 % 8 3 ½ 4 ½ 18 % 29c 23 ½ 50 ½ 30c 51 ½ 3 % 89 21 ¼ 25 4 % 15 ½ 91 ½	797 880 1.161 800 300 240 240 350 1.470 30 7.370 2.050 857 1.400 877 235 873 400 7,112 390	9 160 12 2 4 4 5 2 3 5 2 13 5 1 19 5 4 5 5 1 .65 3 7 5 1 11 2 2 14 3 7 14 5 6	Mar Apr Apr Mar Jan	13% 45e 19 5% 103% 5% 2221% 14% 38e 24 40c 57% 33% 89 21% 33 43% 15% 91%	Jan Aug May Nov Mar July Sept July Jan Jan July
Di Giorg Fruit Corp com 10 Doernbecher Mfg Co* Elee Tr Prod	3 4 10 15% 35 11 41% 84 32% 2.25 21 10 53% 6% 15 41% 23% 41 20%	3 4 10 1434 35 1034 4134 2.25 21 10 5034 834 1034 7 7 15 4134 23 1.00 41 2034	3 4 10 1/4 15 1/4 35 1/4 11 42 84 32 1/4 2 2.25 2 10 53 1/4 10 3/4 1 15 41 1/4 23 1/4 1 1.05 41 20 1/4	127 100 221 1,470 240 573 170 50 221 100 10 200 2,472 510 489 265 473 400 50 314	19 6 25%	Mar Oct Nov Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Sept June Apr Mar Sept June Apr Mar Bept June Apr	514 510 1034 11534 11534 42 88 33 2.60 2534 1113 104 124 41 294 41 1.30 41	Jan Nov Oct July Oct Nov June Jan July Apr July Nov July Nov July Nov July Nov Oct
Langendorf Utd Bk A uns Preferred	17½ 42½ 10 40½ 31½ 27 65e 15½ 9½ 4½ 11½ 41 212 27½ 21½	16 1/4 1/4 9 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4	171/2 423/2 10 401/2 321/2 65c 153/2 16 93/4 41/2 103/2 113/4 41 42 12 27/4 25c 93/4	770 20 1,930 305 1,745 6,601 495 850 11,568 1,490 505 10 20 105 160 1,100	12 35% 34 32% 50c 7 8% 80c 34 7% 23 17 31% 23	Apr May Apr Apr Mar Jan June Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Apr Mar June May	17 \(\) 42 \(\) 10 \(\) 40 \(\) 27 \(\) 1.13 \(\) 16 \(\) 10 \(\) 12 \(\) 42 \(\) 13 \(\) 28 \(\) 30c 10 \(\)	Aug Nov Aug Nov Jan Nov July Oct Nov Oct Aug Feb Nov Feb Jan Jan Jan
Oilver Utd Filters B	6 8¼ 11 2.05 29¾ 30¼ 27¾ 108⅓ 8 20¼ 112 149	7½ 19¾ 112	6 % 8 % 11 % 2.10 29 % 30 % 27 % 108 % 20 % 112 % 149	965 195 603 2,046 1,514 1,025 678 20 4,069 1,212 140 20	3 % 6 ½ 4 ¾ 1.40 23 27 25 ½ 99 3 % 13 % 87 ¼ 131 %	Mar Sept Mar Jan Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Apr	1000	July Jan Oct Sept Nov Nov Jan Nov Nov Jan Nov
Paraffine Co's com	60 100 ¼ 7 ¼ 49 ¾ 18 ¼ 24 ¾ 4 ¼ 14 ¼ 7 ¾	58 ½ 100 ½ 7 ½ 49 ¾ 16 ½ 24 4 ½ 13 ¾ 7 ½	60 100 ¼ 7 ¼ 49 ¾ 18 ½ 24 ¼ 4 ¼ 14 ¼ 7 ¾	361 40 100 20 3,565 986 665 1,275 4,221	29 14 89 3 14 27 8 17 14 2 14 9 14 4 14	Mar June June Sept May June Mar Mar Mar	60 101 7% 56½ 25 29% 6% 14½ 8%	Nov Nov Feb June Jan July Jan Aug

	Thurs.	Week's Rang		Range Since .	Jan. 1, 1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Prices Low High	Week Shares	Low	High
Ryan Aeronautical Co1 Safe Stores Inc com* Shell Union Oil com* Soundview Pulp com	4 1/4 28 15 1/4 23 1/4 94 1/4 30 1/4 21 1/4	3% 4% 28 28 14% 153 23 233 94% 95 30% 305 20% 215	284 252 850 50 155	1.05 Apr 18% July 10 Apr 11% Mar 60 Mar 28 Apr 9% Mar	4¼ Nov 28 Nov 18 July 25% Aug 95 Nov 31 Oct 22¼ Jan
Spring Valley Co Ltd* Standard Oil Co of Calif* Super Mold Corp cap	5 30% 24% 1.50 13% 10% 19% 8%	5 5 29% 30% 24% 25 1.50 1.5 13% 13% 9% 10% 19% 20 8% 8%	547 300 305 13,452 1,205	4½ Sept 25¼ Mar 13 Mar 75c May 10% Mar 8 Mar 17¼ Mar 7¾ Aug	6¼ Feb 34¼ July 25 Nov 1.65 Nov 15¼ July 12¼ Jan 22¼ July 22¼ Mar
United Air Lines Corp5 Universal Consol Oil10 Victor Equip Co com1 Preferred	12¾ 18¾ 4¾ 10 33 278 23 34	11½ 12½ 17½ 18½ 4 4½ 9½ 10 30¼ 33½ 277 278 23 23 34 34	1,051 771 558	5% Mar 6% Jan 2% Mar 6 May 25 May 257% Apr 14% Mar 22 May	12% Nov 20% Aug 4% July 10% Jan 41% Jan 295% July 23% July 36 Oct
Unlisted— American Tel & Tel Co.100 Amer Toll Bridge (Del)1 Anglo Nat Corp A com* Argonaut Mining Co5 Arthison Top&Santa Fe100 Aviation Corp of Del3 Bait & Ohio RR com100 Bancamerica-Biair Corp1 Berkey & Gay Furn Co1 Bunker Hill & Sullivan 2.50 Cities Service Co com10 Claude Neon Lights com. 1 Columbia River Packers* Curtiss-Wright Corp*	148% 46c 10 6 43% 8% 4% 17% 8% 4 1% 4 6%	14734 1493 46c 46 10 11 6 5 4334 433 534 53 834 83 434 3 174 17 834 83 134 13 134 13 4 4 4 6 7 7	120 555 200 4 260 4 100 4 1,634 150 350 1 197 500	111¼ Apr 42c June 10 Nov 2 Mar 31¼ June 3¼ May 4¼ June 3 Mar 1½ May 10½ Mar 7 Sept 1 Sept 2.25 June 3% Mar	149½ Jan 70c Jan 17 Jan 6 Oct 43½ Nov 5¼ Nov 11 July 5½ Aug 1 Mar 18¼ Oct 10¼ May 2¼ Jan 6.00 Feb 7½ Nov
Dominguez Oil Co* Fibre Brd Prod Pr pref. 100 Gt West Elec Chem com* Gt West Elec Chem pref. 20 Hobbs Battery Co B* Idaho-Maryland Mines! Inter Tel & Tel Co com* Italo Pet Of Amer com1 Montgomery Ward & Co* Mountain City Copper5e North American Aviation.1 Oahu Sugar Co Ltd cap20	37½ 105 115 23½ 18c 7½ 10½ 37c 2.85 16c 52½ 7¾ 16¾ 28½	37½ 37½ 105 106 115 115 115 23½ 24 18c 18 7¼ 7½ 10 10 34c 37 2.75 2.8 16c 17 52½ 52½ 7 7 ½ 16½ 28½ 28½ 28½	29 115 600 6 116 4 870 4 475 6 1,165 5 2,380 6 2,000 6 449 6 2,395 6 1,450	37½ Nov 101½ July 44½ Apr 20 Oct 18c Nov 4.95 Mar 6 Feb 23c Aug 1.50 Mar 14c Oct 31 June 354 May 634 May 1934 May	44½ Feb 106 Nov 24 Nov 50c Feb 8 Aug 11½ Oct 50c Jan 3½ Jan 38c Jan 38c Jan 38c Jan 9¼ Jan 9¼ Nov 35 Mar
Pac Port Cement com 100 Packard Motor Co com* Radio Corp of America* Riverside Cement Co A* Silver King Coalition	3 5½ 8½ 8 7¼ 24¾ 26½ 8¾ 31 36½ 80c 69¼ 7½	3 3 5¼ 5½ 8% 8½ 8 5 7¼ 7½ 26¼ 26½ 28¼ 28½ 31 31 36½ 36½ 76c 85 66¾ 69½ 7½ 7½	100 100 1400 1400 14 523 225 457 14 425 50 15 535 500 1,090	1.60 Aug 3¼ Mar 4¼ Mar 5 Apr 6¼ Oct 19½ Mar 24 Apr 25¼ Mar 4 Mar 25¼ June 19½ Mar 40 May 4 Mar	3 Oct 53% Oct Oct 9 Oct 10 Oct 93% Jan 24% July 26% Oct 283% Nov 26% Mar 363% Oct 1.55 Jan 69% Nov 7% July

No par value. a 2nd Liq Div. Pay Endorsed. b Ex-stock dividend r Cash sale—Not included n range for year s Ex-dividend y Ex-rights.
 t Listed. † In default.

CURRENT NOTICES

-Hoyne, Mellinger & Co., members of the New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges, announced the admission of four new partners, Arthur C. Cooper, Eugene L. Dunne, T. Burton Tilden and Willson G. Todd, Present partners include Thomas Maclay Hoyne II, Everett E. Mellinger and Henry H. Cone Jr. Edwin T. Camp and Wm. F. Walthouse have become associated with the firm.

Mr. Dunne is a son of the late Governor Dunne of Illinois from 1913 to 1917 and who died last year. His brother is Judge R. Jerome Dunne of the Circuit Court. Mr. Dunne graduated from the University of Michigan in

1925 and was with A. G. Becker & Co. from 1929 to 1932 and has been with Winthrop, Mitchell & Co., here since 1932.

Mr. Cooper has been with the firm since organization and prior to that with Winthrop, Mitchell & Co., Colvin & Co. and the Northern Trust Co. of Chicago. He is a member of the Bond Club and the Bond Traders Club Chicago. He and Mr. Tilden are co-managers of the Hoyne, Mellinger bond division.

Mr. Tilden joined Hoyne, Mellinger at organization and was with Winthrop, Mitchell & Co. for the five years preceding. Before that he was associated for 12 years with Hill, Joiner & Co. in Chicago.

associated for 12 years with Hill, Joiner & Co. in Chicago.

Mr. Todd until recently was resident manager of Ernst & Co. in Chicago and prior to that was with Shields & Co., here and George Watson & Co. Mr. Camp is a graduate of Dartmouth College and was with Harris, Wintrhop & Co. from 1929 to 1930 when he joined Winthrop, Mitchel & Co. and with whom he has been associated since that time.

Mr. Walthouse was formerly associated with Ernst & Co. and before that was connected with Abbett. Proctor & Paine (and prodecessor firms) in

was connected with Abbott, Proctor & Paine (and predecessor firms) in Chicago for 17 years

"SECURITY FOR HOME AND LOAN"

-Prepared primarily for the use of loan officers and specification writers, —Prepared primarily for the use of loan officers and specification writers, an interesting and informative pamphlet, "Security for Home and Loan," has just been made available by the Durable Woods Institute of 155 East 44th Street, N. Y. City. The booklet contains authentic and valuable information on all the fundamentals of home construction. The subjects treated in brief, concise manner are: Framing; Exterior Lumber; Interior Trim: Decay Registance; Shripkage, Nailing; Painting; Insulation; Termite Trim: Decay Resistance; Shrinkage; Nailing; Paintir Prevention. A table showing the proper grades and species for exterior uses and a recommended specification form for carpentry, lumber and millwork, are shown. The Durable Woods Institute is sponsored by the principal manufacturers of the three most durable softwoods of the United States -California Redwood, Tidewater Red Cypress and Western Red Cedar. Copies of the booklet are available upon request.

—Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., 40 Wall St., New York City, have prepared a list of 60 public utility high coupon bonds which are selling over their redemption prices. Detailed call features are given, together with statistical rating and market prices. In addition to the above information, a short time table is shown with various coupon rates, indicating at what price the bond would show a zero yield to maturity.

Canadian Markets

LISTED AND UNLISTED

Provincial and Municipal Issues

Closing bid and asked quotations, Thursday, Nov. 10

					-
Province of Alberta-	Bid	Ask	Province of Ontario-	Bid	Ask
58Jan 1 1948	59	61	5sOct 1 1942	11036	111134
41/48 Oct 1 1956	15834	5834	6sSept 15 1943	116	117
Prov of British Columbia-	1		56	12134	123
58July 12 1949	99 14	101	4sJune 1 1962	108	109
41/48 Oet 1 1953	9536	97	4168Jan 15 1965	115	11634
Province of Manitoba-				1000	
4148 Aug 1 1941	97	9814	Province of Quebec-		
5sJune 15 1954	94	96	4368Mar 2 1950	109	110
58Dec 2 1959	94	96	4sFeb 1 1958	10834	10934
Prov of New Brunswick-			4148May 1 1961	111	112
4148Apr 15 1960		106 1/2			- 7
436s Apr 15 1961	104	105 1	Prov of Saskatchewan-		
Province of Nova Scotia-			5sJune 15 1943	82 1/2	8434
4148 Sept 15 1952		10934		82	85
5a Mar 1 1960	11636	11736	416s Oct 1 1951	79	81

Railway Bonds

	Bid	Ask	1	Bid	Ask
Canadian Pacific Ry-		2	Clausdian Deside Du.		
4s perpetual debentures.	82	82 1/2	4 1/4s Sept 1 1946	9736	88
68Sept 15 1942	103%	10434	4½sSept 1 1946 5sDec 1 1954	98	98%
41/48Dec 15 1944	95	97	4 1/48 July 1 1960	9334	9414
80 Tules 1 1044	110	11914			

Dominion Government Guaranteed Bonds

G	p- 1	Bid	Ask	Garage North and Da	Bid	Ask
Canadian National	1 1051	118	1181/	Canadian Northern Ry— 616July 1 1946	1091/	1041
4%sJune	15 1055	110	11078	0728July 1 1940	12074	16274
				Grand Trunk Pacific Ry-		
41/48Feb				48 Jan 1 1962	107	109
5a July	1 1969		11634			9814
haOct	1 1969		119%		31.73	0072
5a Feb	1 1970	11014	11074			

Montreal Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		Thurs. Last Sale	Week's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938	Montreal Nova Scotia
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High		Los	10	Hu	7h	Royal
Agnew-Surpass S			109	110	55	106	Aug	1071/2	July	
Alberta Pacific (Preferred	Tain A.		25%	236	95	12	Mar Jan	28	July	
Associated Brewe	ries*	16	16	1614	191	111%	ADF	1614	Oct	Can
Preferred	100		113	113	14	109%	Apr	11114	Aug	Public
Bathurst Power	Paper A"	9%	9	914	1,140	616	Sept	111%	July	Public
Bawif (N) Grain Bell Telephone	prer 100	107	15	15	25	15 147	Mar	20 166¾	Aug	
Brasilian Tr Lt	& Power.	167	16614	1214	4,904	736	Mar	1436	July	HA
British Col Powe	Corp A. *	28	28	2814	585	2516	Sept	33%	Feb	I II.
Bruck Silk Mills.			4	414	125		June	514	Oct	
Building Product Calgary Power	100	56 85	55 85	56 85	110 155	38 85	Nov	85	Nov	
Canada Cement.		914	934	934	1,024	7	Sept	12%	Jan	56 Sparks St
Preferred	100		95	95	1,061	87	June	110	Jan	
Canada Forgings	class A _*		14	14	10	9	June	16%	Feb	
Can North Powe Canada Steamsh	in (new) *	234	16 214	1614	870 315	16	Mar		June	
Preferred	50	111%	111%	1136	139	7	Mar		July	IN
Canadian Bronze		40	40	40	235	30	Mar	41	July	Nov. 5 to Nov.
Oanadian Car & Preferred	Foundry_5	1736	17	1814	9,700	1836	Mar Mar	18%	July	
Canadian Celan	*	32 1514	30 1/4	32 15%	3,724 1,965	9	June	20	Nov Jan	
Preferred 7%.	100	1073	92	92	6	88	Sept	106	Jan	Stocks-
Canadian Cotton	s pref_100		99%	99%	5	99	Aug	108	Jan	- Diocal
Canadian Indus.			814	9	50	7 50	Sept	19	Feb	Abitibi Pow & Pape
Class B	*	314	2%	31/4	1,190 1,080	1.50	Bept	4	Jan	6% cum pref
Canadian Locom	otive*		8	8	10	6	Mar	101/2	Mar	Pref ctfs of dep 7% cum pref
Canadian Pacific	Ry 25	6%	614	7	9,640	5	Mar	814	Jan	Asbestos Corp Ltd.
Con Min & Smelt		9	9	9%	605	4516	Mar	13%	July	Bathurst Pow & Pa
Con Min & Smelt Crown Cork & S	eal Co*	651/2	2014	66%	2,806	16	Mar	19%	July	BeattyBros6%cm1
Distillers Seagra	ms*	231/2	22 1/2	2314	1,335	11	Mar	23 14	Nov	Beauharnois Pow C Brewers & Dist of V
Preferred	100	91	91	91	85	68	June	91	Nov	Brit Amer Oil Co I
Dominion Bridge		39 16%	3516	391/8	5,195	21 15	Mar Sept	391/4	Nov	British Columbia P
Dominion Coal p Dominion Glass	100	10%	1634	1734	633 85	96%		110	Nov	Canada & Dom Sug Canada Malting Co
Dominion Steel &	Coal B 25	13	1114	1314	6,280	8%	Sept	16%	July	Can Nor P 7% cur
Dom Tar & Che		734	6 %	714	570	436	Sept	10	Jan	Can Breweries Ltd
Preferred Dominion Textil	100		80 64¾	80 65	237	75 58	June May	84 70	Feb Jan	Preferred
Preferred	100		140	140	1	140	Sept	150	Feb	Cndn Dredge & Do Cndn Marconi Co.
Drygen Paper		714	714	734	217	4	Mat	834	Jan	Cndn Power & Pap
Electrolux Corp. English Electric		15	13%	151/2	455	11%	Mar	17 33	July	5% cum pref
B.	*	7	32	32	52 65	24	Jan	11	July	Can Vickers Ltd
Foundation Co o	Can*	1436	14	1416	260	834	Mar	16	July	7% cum pref Catelli Food Produ
Gatineau	200	1436	14	1416	523	736	Mar	14%	Oct	5% cum pref
Preferred	100	89	8814	89 1/4	338 370	75	Mar June	89% 5%	Nov	Celtic Knitting Co
Rights	ares*	93%	91/8	10	1.675	5	Mar	10%	July	City Gas & Elec Co
Preferred	100	91	91	94	249	45	Mar	94	Nov	Claude Neon Gen . Commercial Alcoh
Goodyear T pref Gurd (Charles)	ine '27_50	56	56	56	35	53	Mar	581/2	Oct	Preferred
Gypsum Lime &	Alabas	736	6%	736	1,615	5	Mar	814	June	Consol Paper Corp
Hamilton Bridge	*	75%	73	8	515	5	Mar	914	July	David & Frere Lter
Preferred Hollinger Gold M	100		40	40	7	33	June	53	Jan	B
Hollinger Gold M	dines	15	15	15%	1,475	1134	Mar	15%	Aug	Dom Eng Works Lt
Howard Smith 1	100	151/2	97	16 98	710 210	90	Sept	18	June	Dominion Stores Lt
Preferred Hudson Bay Min Imperial Oil Ltd	aing*	35	33 14		2,820	2014	Mar	35	Nov	Donnacona Paper Donnacona Paper
Imperial Oll Ltd		17%	1736	173%	3,379	1414	Sept	19%	Feb	EasternDairies7%
Imperial Lodace	O OI CAR_D	151/2	15%	1516	5,297	1314	Jan	15%	July	Fairchild Aircraft I
Preferred Industrial Accep	Corp*		32	73% 32	400	23	Apr	32%	Nov	Fleet Aircraft Ltd.
Intl Bronze Powe	ler pref		25	25	125	24	Apr	30	Oct	Freed Motor Co of
Intercolonial Co			1245%		30	124%	Nov	125	Apr	Voting trust cth
Intl Nickel of Ca Internat Pet Co	Tad	5736 2736	27	57%	3,261	37	Mar	58	Oct	Freiman Ltd (A.I)
International Po		2178	7934	27 1/2 79 1/2	996	234	Sept	31 34 5%	Mar	Goodyear T & R o
Jamaica P 8 Ltd	pref100		126	126	5	125	Oct	130	Jan	Home & Ind Bldg I Intl Paints (Can) I
Lake of the Wood	8	1736	17	18	602	10	Sept	1834	Oct	International Utilit
Legaree Ltee pr		77/	6 7	6	2,280	734	Aug	111	Aug	Lake St John P & H
Massey-Harris McColl-Frontens		736 734	756	8	739	436 7%	Mar	10%	July	Lake Sulphite Puli
Montreal Cotton	s100		40	40	5	35	May	40	Nov	Loblaw Groceteria
Preferred	100		103	103	7	95	Apr	9814	Mar	No par value.

Montreal Stock Exchange

	Thurs. Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Stace	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	rices High	Week Shares	Lo	10	H	gh
Mont L H & P Consol	31	3014	31	5,794	25%	Sept	31	Jaz
Montreal Telegraph 40		60	60	10	56	Jan	62	Jan
Montreal Tramways100	73	72	73	89	73	Oct	89	Feb
National Breweries*	4234	42	4234	3.056	34	Sept	48	Aug
Preferred25		43	44	311	38	Mar	44	Oct
National Steel Car Corp *	6934	6834	7214	9.388	31	Mar	7234	Nov
Noranga Mines*	82 34	80	84	9.404	48	Mar	84	Nov
Ogilvie Flour Mills	29%	2914	2934	265	23	Mar	31	Feb
Ontario Steel Products *		10	10	25	5	May	11%	July
Ottawa L H & Power 100		80	801/2	36	78	Sept	86	Jar
		98	98	30	99	Aug	100	July
Penmans*		46	46	25	42	Oct	46	Nov
		130	130	5	122	July	130	Nov
Power Corp of Canada	14	1334	14	585	9	Sept	1636	Jan
Price Bros & Co Ltd	2214	20	22 16	4.830	854	Mar	22 14	Nov
5% preferred100	62	60	62	332	34	Mar	63	Oct
Quebec Power	17%	1736	17%	260	14	Mar	19	July
Rolland Paper pref 100	1174	100	100	10	99	Apr	10236	Feb
	102		103				103	Oct
Saguenay Power pref100	103			145	95	Feb		
St Lawrence Corp*	5%	514	5%	615		Mar	636	July
A preferred50	1834	17%	18%	825	816	Mar	2014	Aug
St Lawrence Flour Mills* .		23 1/8	23 1/8	22	17	June	2436	Nov
St Lawrence Paper pref 100		50	52 1/2	1,200	24	Apr	5814	July
Shawinigan W & Power *	20%	2016	21	2,302	16	Sept	23	July
		14	14	125	10	Mar	17	June
Preferred		112	112	5	108	Aug	112	Oct
Southern Canada Power * .		1234	1214	90	10	Sept	15	June
Steel Co of Canada*	751/2	74	751/2	1,092	56	Mar	7516	Oct
	6916	68 1/2	69 34	820	5436	Mar	6916	Oct
Tooke Brothers*		50c	50c	6	3.00	Jan	3.00	Jan
Tuckett Tobacco pref 100 .		157	157	35	150	Apr	160	July
United Steel Corp*	7%	6 76	8	9,900	3	Mar	8	Nov
Viau Biscuit*	234	234	3	600	114	Mar	3	May
Western Grocers Ltd*		57	57	4	5914	Apr	65	Jan
Windsor Hotel pref 100		3	3	10	3	Nov	8	Jan
Winnipeg Electric A	2	2	23%	398	1.50	Apr	3	Jan
B	216	214	21/8	90	1.25	Mar	2%	June
Preferred100		1136	13	80	7	Mar	17	June
Banks-		150						
Canadienne100	165	164	165	63	160	Jan	165	Nov
Commerce100		180	180	59	159	Sept	180	Oct
Montreal100	218	218	220	332	197	Mar	223	July
Nova Scotia100		305	305	30	295	June	31014	Aug
	191	190	191	328	170	Mar	191%	Jan

Canadian Government Municipal Public Utility and Industrial Bonds

HANSON BROS., Inc.

255 St. James St., Montreal

56 Sparks St., Ottawa

330 Bay Street, Toronto

Montreal Curb Market

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	100	Hi	74
Abitibi Pow & Paper Co *	314	31/2	354	7,399	1.00	Mar	4%	July
6% eum pref100	29	28	2914	3,828	916	Mar	3214	Oct
Pref ctfs of dep100		28	28	1	221/2	Oct	30	Oct
7% cum pref100		35	35	10	27	Sept	33	July
Asbestos Corp Ltd	110%	11034	116	2,571	47	Mar	116	Nov
Bathurst Pow & Paper B.*	31/2	31/6	316	135	2	June	4 1/8	June
BeattyBros6%cm1st prf100		10014	1001/4	25	100 1/4	Nov	10014	Nov
Beauharnois Pow Corp*	314	3 1/2	35%	708	216	Sept	5%	Jan
Brewers & Dist of Vanc5	434	436	434	4	436	Oct	75%	Feb
Brit Amer Oil Co Ltd*	2136	20%	2136	1,445	17	Mar	22	Oct
British Columbia Packers *		13	13	33	10	Jan	1416	Aug
Canada & Dom Sug (new) *		2814	29	546	23	Sept	30	Oct
Canada Malting Co Ltd*		333%	331/	215	27%	Sept	36	Jan
Can Nor P 7% cum pf_100	1091/2	1091/2		67	103	Jan	112	Oct
Can Breweries Ltd*	1.50	1.50	1.55	191	1.00			June
Preferred*	2014	201/8	201/2	405	1434	Apr	22	June
Cndn Dredge & Dock*		221/4	221/4	5	23 3/4	Apr	34	Jan
Cndn Marconi Co1		1.25		75	956		1.65	
Cndn Power & Pap Inv *	1.00	1.00		50	1.00	Jan	2.00	Jan
5% cum pref*		514	514	10	31/4	Sept	9	May
Can Vickers Ltd	12	101/2	1234	3,465	3	Mar	1234	Nov
7% cum pref100	49%	48	50	315	18	Mar	50	Nov
Catelli Food Products *		41/2	41/2	90	31/2	May	6	Feb
5% cum pref15	113/2	111/2	111/2	50	7	Apr	11	Oct
Celtic Knitting Co*		1.75		20		May		Mar
City Gas & Elec Corp *		40c		10		May	70c	Mar
Claude Neon Gen Adv *	15c	15c		230		Sept	35e	Jan
Commercial Alcohols*	1.35	1.25		425		Mar	1.85	July
Preferred5	436	436	436	60	4	Mar	416	Jan
Consol Paper Corp Ltd*	8%	73%	8%	19,078	3%	Mar	914	Oct
David & Frere Ltee A*	12	1136	12	20	3	Apr	14	Oct
В		234		240	1.00	Oct	31/2	Oct
Dom Eng Works Ltd	45	42	45	825	21	May	4814	July
Dominion Stores Ltd*	7	7	7	155	4%	June	8%	Jan
Donnacona Paper A*	734	7	7% 7%	615	314	Mar	816	July
Donnacona Paper B*	75%	7		515	3	Mar	734	July
EasternDairies7%cmpf 100		6	6	10	31/2	Apr	71/2	Jan
Fairchild Aircraft Ltd5	7	6%		5,092	3	Mar	816	July
Fleet Aircraft Ltd	1236	1234		3,535	436	Jan	15	July
Ford Motor Co of Can A.	231/4	23	2434	1,381	14%	Mar	2414	Nov
Fraser Companies Ltd*		1814	19	514	9	Mar	20	Aug
Voting trust ctfs	1914	1914	20%	1,422	10	Mar	2116	Oct
Freiman Ltd (A J)		381/2		10	37	Mar	39	Apr
Goodyear T & R of Can.	74	74	74	20	74	Nov	74	Nov
Home & Ind Bldg Prod1		1.00		25	1.00		21/6	
Intl Paints (Can) Ltd A				85	1.70		456	July
International Utilities B1				550	50e		1.00	
Lake St John P & P.		26	26	182	13	Mar	34	June
Lake Sulphite Pulp Co	31/2			125	216	Sept	12%	Jan
Loblaw Groceterias A	l	241/2	241/2	50	221/4	Mar	241/2	Nov

Canadian Markets-Listed and Unlisted

11-27-201		
Montrea		88
Montrea	Curb	Market

	Last	Week's		Sales	Range Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low Pri	High	Week Shares	Low	Hig	h
Mackenzie Air Service*	65	60	65	400	40c Mar	1.45	July
MacLaren Pow & Paper *	18	15	18	1,145	7 Mar 3214 Apr	63	Nov
Massey-Har 5% cum pf 100 McColl-Fron 6% cm pf. 100	56 34	55 95	57 95	1,005	871/4 Jan	101	July
Melchers Distillers Ltd pf*	7	6%	7	554	5 Sept	6%	Nov
Mitchell (Robt) Co Ltd*	18%	181/2	19	1,480	736 Mar	21	Aug
Montreal Island Power *	1.00	1.00	1.00	4	75c Oct	1.00	Aug
Power Corp of Canada	101	101	101	134	92 Mar	101	Sept
6% cum ist pref100 6% n e partic 2d pref50 Provincial Transport Co*	45	45	45	170	4334 Oct	45	Aug
Provincial Transport Co*		634	7	525	51/2 Sept	734	July
Quebec Tel & Pow A	414	434	414	90	41/6 May	416	Aug
Sou Can Pow 6% em pt 100	108%		108%	35	6 Sept	109 15	Oct
United Securities Ltd100 Walkerville Brewery*	1.50	1.35	1.50	50 90	6 Sept 1,10 Apr	2	July
(H) Walk-Gooder & Worts*	5214	5134	54	1,085	32¼ Mar	54	Nov
Walker-Good & Worts(H) *				1		1000	
\$1 eum pref* Weston Ltd (Geo)*	12%	19%	19%	130 940	1716 May 11 Jan	20 12¾	Nov
and the second s	/-		/-		-		
Mines— Aldermae Copper Corp*	62 1/20			10,500	34c Sept	69e	Oct
Alexandria Gold1		10	16	2,000	le Mar	31/4 6	Feb
Beautor Gold1 Big Missouri Mines1	291/20	29 1/4 c	15c	2,400 650	12c Sept 25c Sept	33e 57e	Jan
Bobjo Mines1		31 35C	31 590	1,000	7%c May	31 1/2 c	Nov
Bouscadillac Gold1	1236c	12c	12 1/2 c 7 c	5,600	5½c Sept	15c	Oct
Brownlee Mines (1936) 1		5c	7c	36,576	3c June	10c	Feb
Bulolo Gold Dredging5			24 ½ C 86C	2,040	22½ Nov 70c Sept	30 1.27	Jan Feb
Conda Malartic Gold*		85c 2%c	30	200 10,000	2% e Nov	914c	Jan
Capitol-Rouyn Gold1 Cartier-Malartic Gold1 Central Cadillac Gold1	6340	61/2c	7c	4,400	5e Jan	15c	Feb
		22c	24c	9,100	18c Sept		May
Central Patricia Gold1		2.55	2.55	80	1.90 Sept	3.20	Mai
Consaurum Mines* Cons Chibougamau Glids. i	1.55	1.55 27e	1.55 27c	300 1,100	1.35 May 20c Mar	1.71 41e	Jan Feb
Dome Mines Ltd	311/4		32 1/8	1,149	2736 June	35	Aug
Duparquet Mining Co 1	90	7e	11c	30,200	3e Sept	13e	Nov
East Malartic Mines 1			2.25	9,650	1.05 Jan	2.37	Aug
Eldorado Gold M Ltd1 Falconbridge Nickel*	6.00		2.50 5.90	16,825 200	1.40 Sept 4.25 Sept	3.25 6.95	Jan
Francoeur Gold M Ltd	250		25c	2,600	4.25 Sept 20e Sept	55340	Feb
Inspiration Min & Dev 1		950	35c	4,700	35c July	45c	June
Inspiration Min & Dev1 J-M Consol Gold(New)		9c	90	814	7e Sept	15 %e 27e	May
Kirkland Gold Rand Ltd. 1	130	13c	13e	500	616c Aug		Feb
Kirkland Lake Cold1 Lake Shore Mines1	1.23 5134		1.23 51%	100 605	99c Mar 45 Sept	1.50	Jan Feb
Lamaque Contact Gold *	0276	30	3160	10,000	3c May	5c	Feb
Lebel-Oro Mines1		1234c	12% c	600	5c Sept		Oct
Macassa Mines	0.00		5.50	1,425	3.50 Mar	5 50	Jan
McIntyre-Porcupine 5		53 70e	53 85e	130	35% Mar		Nov
Normetal Mining* O'Brien Gold1	3.0	2.95	3.05		60c May 2.10 Sept		Jan
Pamour-Porcupine*	4.50		4.75	3,225	2.90 Mar		Oct
Pandora Cad	210		23e	6,400	14c Sept	620	Jar
Pato Consol Gd Dredging 1	2.30		2.35	2,800			Jai
Pend-Orellie M & M Co1 Perron Gold Mines Ltd1	1.42		2.30 1.50	1,600	1.37 May 1.00 Sept		Fet
Perron Gold Mines Ltd1 Pickle Crow Gd M Ltd1	1.42	5.00	5.10		3.90 Mar		Aug
Powell-Rouyn Gold1		2.36	2.40	600	1.70 Mar	2.40	No
Premier Gold1		2.25	2.25		1.85 Jan	2.35	Fel
Preston-East Dome1 Read Authier Mine1	3.63		1.49 3.70		72c Mar 2.50 Aug		Jai
Reward Mining Co1			6c		31/20 Aug		
San Antonio Gold1		1.15	1.15	55		1.48	Feb
Shawkey Gold1	51	47/80			3%c Sept	336	Ma
Sherritt-Gordon			1.70	7,750	91%c May	1.89	Oc
Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd	736		1.68 74c				Jai
Staden Mal	4935	4916	55c		50c Sept 29c Sept		Maj
Sullivan Consolidated 1	95	93c	95c		65e Sept		
Sylvanite Gold1	3.30		3.40	700	2.60 Sept	3.60	Fet
Teck-Hughes Gold1	20	4.85	4.85		4.30 Sept		
Thompson Cad	9.10		36c 9.45		17c Sept 3.85 Sept		No
Wood Cad	2514	24160	27c		13e Sept	436	Jai
Wright Hargreaves	7.8		7.90		6.55 Mar		
OII—		0.00	0.00	****	1.07.0		
Calgary & Edmonton Cp.		2.20	2,20				
Dalhousie Oil Co		1,10	40c		35c Oct 88c Sept		Ap
Homestead Oil & Gas1		26e 1.15	26c 1,15		18c Oct		
		1 2 2 2		-1000			
Okaita Oils Ltd	1,1	1.15	1.15	300	1.00 Sept	2.20	Jai

Statistical Information gladly furnished on CANADIAN STOCKS

Mara & McCarthy

Members: Toronto Stock Exchange, Montreal Curb Market,
Canadian Commodity Exchange

Canada Permanent Building, 320 Bay St., TORONTO

Toronto Stock Exchange

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

					Range	Since Jan. 1, 1938			
Stocks- Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	High	Week Shares	Lo	10 01	Htg	n	
Abitibi	31/4	314		5,837		Mar	4%	July	
6% preferred100						Mar	33	Oct	
Afton Mines Ltd	334c	31/20	4%c	12,500	1360	June	7e	Oct	
Alberta Pacific Grain-		1993			Marin.		1,50,100		
Preferred100	26	24 1/2	26	20	1014	Jan	29	Aug	
Aldermae Copper	61%c	56c	64c	85,750	28c	Sept	70e		
Algoma Steel Corp	1416	141/2	14%	250	1436	Nov	14%	Nov	
Preferred100	66	66	66	5	66	Nov	66	Nov	
Amm Gold Mines	14 1/4c	13e	1514c	37,200	7e	Sept	33e		
Anglo-Can Hold Dev		1.15	1.22	4,225	95e	Mar	1.65		
Anglo-Huronian.		3.35	3.35	104	2.90	June	4.15	Jan	
Arntfield Gold	16c	14c	16c	5,000	11e	Sept	33c	Mar	
Ashley Gold	12c	12e	12%c	4,800	8c	Mar	1614e	Oct	
Astoria Quebec Mines	4c	40	4c	1,100	2e	Sept	70	Aug	
Augite-Porcupine Gold 1	36c	32 14e	26 % c	86,450	17e			Feb	
Bagamac Mines		14c	14c	1.000	120	Sept		Jan	
Bankfield Cons	34e	32c	35c	22,233	32e	Sept	1.03	Feb	
Bank of Montreal 100	217	216	218	21	195	Mar	22214	July	
Bank of Nova Scotia 100		303	305	24	285	June		Oct	
Bank of Toronto 100		234	235	168	227	May	249	Feb	

Toronto Stock Exchange

Toroi	nto	Stoci	KE	xcha	nge	
	Thurs.	Week's E	Range	Sales	Range Since .	Jan. 1, 1938
Stocks (Continued) Par	Sale Price	of Pric		Week Shares	Low	High
Base Metals Corp*		33e	_			
Bathurst Power A*	35c 91/4	9	35c 9%	5,250 855	20e Mar 6½ June	45c July 1114 July
Bear Exploration & Rad. 1	30c	3¾ 29c	3¼ 34c	50,750	2% May 16c Sept	5 July 39e Oct
Beattle Gold * Beatty Bros A *	1.33	1.33	1.36	5,950	95c Sept	1.50 Nov 15 Jan
Beatty Bros A * Beatty Bros 1st pref 100 2d preferred 100	100		991/2	40	95 Apr 90 June	106 Jan 105 Jan
Beauharnois* Bell Tel Co of Canada.100	3 1/2 167	99½ 3¾ 165½ 1	3 1/2	668 241	2 Mar	5% Jan
Bidgood Kirkland1	28140	28c	30c	25,500	14614 Mar 20e Feb	50e Feb
Big Missouri1 Biltmore Hats*	28c	8	29c 8%	4,775 105	21c Sept 6% Sept	58e Jan 11% Mar
Blue Ribbon pref50		2916	30 31/2	125 52	3 July 25 Sept	5 Jan 34 Jan
Bralorne Mines	9.60		9.75	289,380 2,190	7e Mar 7,75 Sept	31% e Nov 10.25 June
Brazil Traction* Brewers & Distillers5	12	113%	12% 4%	11,686 105	716 Mar 4 Sept	141/4 July 73/4 Feb
British American Oil* Brit Col Power A*	21 86	2034	21 ½ 28	2,748 130	16% Mar	22 July
B*		271/2	3	5	26 Sept 21/4 June 46c Nov	34 Jan 5 July
Brown Oil	51c 24c	23c	57e 25e	16,486 9,300	20e Sept	69c Oct 6816 Jan 1716 Feb
Buffalo-Ankerite 1 Buffalo-Canadian 8	14 1/2	2%0	14 ½ 3e	905 11,972	11%c Sept 11%c Sept 37 Apr	1716 Feb 6%c May
Building Products* Bunker Hill *	58	55 10e	58 10c	430 2,660	37 Apr 71/2c Sept	60 Aug 22e Jan
Bunker Hill* Burlington Steel* Burt (F N)	13 ½ 26 ½	1216	1434 28	1,210 448	9½ Mar 15 May	14½ July 28½ Nov
Burt (F N) 25 Caigary & Edmonton Canada Bread *	2.20	2.15	2.25	6,175	1.55 Sept	3.10 Jan
Α100	41/2	94	94	355 20	3 May 80 Mar	7 July 94 Nov
Canada Cement	9%	9	934	90 192	40 June 7 Mar	52 Nov 13 Jan
Preferred 100	33	941/4	94 1/2 33	13 155	89 June 27 Sept	108 Jan 36 Jan
Canada Northern Power * Canada Packers *	70	16%	165% 70	200 745	16% Nov	20 Mar 72 Jan
Canada Permanent 100 Canada Steamships*	135		136	27	128 May	150 Jan 4% June
Preferred50	1114		12 57 1/4	423 64	616 Apr	16% July
Canada Wire A* B. Canadian Bakeries pref100	20	19	20	- 14	47 July 15 June	67 Mar 22 Jan
Canadian Breweries pref.	20	30 20	30 20%	100 375	1416 Mar	30 Sept 2114 Aug
Canadian Canners*	178	178	1793	85 370	157 Mar 4 Sept	184 Nov 6 Aug
Canadian Canners 1st. pf 20 2d preferred	8	18	18	210 755	16 Apr	19 July 9 Jan
Can Car & Foundry	17¾ 32		18¼ 32	5,595 1,415	7% Mar	1814 July 32 Nov
Canadian Dredge	22 14	2214	2214	10	15 Sept	35 Jan
Canadian Malartic	886	87c	3 1/8 89c	5,600	65c Sept	1.28 Feb
Canadian Oil pref 100	122	1211/2	13¾ 123	1,550 100	110 Sept	16 Jan 123 Aug
Canadian Wineries*	7	6 14	3	16,501 140	5 Mar 2 Apr	814 Jan 314 July
Cndn Wirebound Box* Castle-Trethewey	20 1.0	19	20 1.06	4,850	17 Oct	21 Oct
Central Patricia1 Central Porcupine1	2.4	2.42	2.45 9c	5,560	1,85 Sept	3.20 Feb
Chemical Research1	80	75e	85c 1.42	6,984	25e May	
Chesterville-Larder Lake 1 Chromium Mining	610	61c	65c		35c June	
Commoll Ltd	55		9 1/2 55c	3,700	50c Sept	85c May
Commoil Ltd	1.59	. 16	1.60	45	1114 Mar	
Consol Chihougama1		63 ¾	28c 66¾	1,900 3,273	20e Mar 45% Sept	
Consumers Gas100	175%		177 23	61 97	173 Sept	199 Jan
Crows Nest Coal100		34	35	400		
Darkwater 1 Davies Petroleum 1	2514	7 1/4 c 25c	8c 26c			231/2c Feb 73 Mar
Denison Nickei Mines)	21 22	196	21 160	69.800	10c Sept	46e Jan
Distillers Seagrams 100	91	90	23 1/2	65	6614 Jan	91 Nov
Dome Mines (new)	303	291/2	33 210	7,561	189 Apr	34% Aug 216 Sept
Dominion Coal pref25 Dominion Explorers1		17 31/4 e	17 336c	1,000	16 Sept	19% Feb
Dominion Foundry Preferred 100	53 3	4816	56 104	4,618	251/ Jan	56 Nov
Dom Scot Investment		1.00	1.00	10	75c Sept	2.00 Mar
Dominion Stores	7	7 7	7	160	4% June	8% Jan
Preferred 100	771	2 76	80 1/2	34	73 May	84 July
Dorval Siscoe	91/2	e 9c	93%6	6,210	5e Sept	15c Jan
East Malartic	17	17	2.25	24,858	1.05 Mar 12 June	18 Oct
Economic Investment 28	2.4	_ 26	26 2.50	97,850	1 24 Aug 1 1.38 Sept	32 Jan
Equitable Life2	6.0	61/2	6.00	2.540	5½ Mar	8 Feb 6.95 Jan
Fanny Farmer Faulkenham Lake Gold	22	c 21 1/2 c	22 1/4 0	2,528	14% c Sept	2216 Nov
Federal-Kirkland		_ 8c	9160	29 600	13c Sept	14c Jan
Firestone Pete	17	_ 9e	176	1,000	9e Nov	25e Apr
Preferred 100	4	40	40	1	35 July	5 Apr 41 Sept
Ford A	233	e 5e 4 22%	241/6	3,774	3c Sept	20c Feb 2414 Oct
Francoeur Gatineau Power	24 16	c 24c	260 14 1/2	7,600	20c Sept	53e Feb
Preferred100	89	89	90	230	74% Mar	90 Oct
Rights	93	4 9%	10	210	5 Mar	1016 Oct
Gillies Lake Gold		_ 216c	21/20	1,000	2e June	5e Mar
God's Lake	36%	_ 20e	37 340	12,950	30e Sept	4016e July
Goodfish Mining	12			7,400	9e Sept	
Goodyear Tire	75 56	70 55	75 56	130	52 Apr	75 Nov
Graham-Bousquet	1114	e 5e	50	4,500	2 16c Sept	91/2 Feb 14c Aug
Grandoro Mines		- 5%c	5%0	7,000	434c Sept	11c Jan
Great Lakes Paper pref Great Lakes Paper voting.	73	7	8	1,932	434 Sept	13 July
Creening Wire	173	11 14	20 11 1/2		9 Oct	12 Jan
Gunnar Gold	67		680			
* No par value.						

Canadian Markets-Listed and Unlisted

Secular (Complement) Prof. 1976 1976 1976 2076 2076 2076 2076 2076 2076 2076 20	Toro	onto Stock Exchange					Toronto Stock			
Section of Control		Last Sale	of Prices	e for Week			Sandra (Candadad) Par	Last Sale	Week's Ran	
Section 1.5			634 73	-			Simpsons pret100		84 84	
Section 1.00	Harding Carpets	3%	3 39	8 215	21/2 Sep	t 4% c Aug	Staden Malartie1	74e	68c 7	
Section Columbia	Harker	10720	1036 12	c 28,850	7c Sep	1 17c Mar	Spy Hill Royalties 25c		2% c 23	
Elizard Col.	Hinde & Dauch		16 16	275	1336 Ap	1736 July	Standard Chemical	3	6 7 2% 3	
House Art 100	Home Oil Co	1.15 25e	1.10 1.1 25e 28	5 2,525 c 20,800	80e Sep 14e Sep	t 1.47 Apr	Preferred100 Stedman Brothers Ltd*		16% 16	
	Howey Gold1 Budson Bay Min & Sm*	35	33 35	2,875	20% Ma	r 34 Oct	Preferred25	69	68 69	
Improved 155 155 155 156 157 258	Imperial Bank100		210 212	8	190 Ma	215 Sept	Sudbury Basin*		2.85 2.	
Depoint of Multing 35	Imperial Tobacco	151/4	15% 15%	330	1814 Ma	15% July	Sylvanite Gold1		3.25 3. 12 12	
Preferred 100 77 20 00 100 00 10	Inspiration Mining1	7140	30 35 7e 71/2	4,850 c 335	30e Oe 4 Sep	t 49c June	Texas Canadian	1.40	1.40 1.	
Simmarican 1974 27 27 27 4 338 22 Mar 31 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1	Preferred A100		80 80	30	60 Sep	t 80 Oct	Toburn 1	11 35	2.00 2.	
Section 1	International Pete*	2714	27 273	4,138	22 Ma	3114 Mar	Preferred50		44 44	
Jacobs Milone	Intl Utilities B1		75e 75	6 50	40c Sep	t 1.00 Sept				
J. M. Cossa Citer stock). 1. 68 1.68 1.96 1.92 222 235 June 18. More Corp. Kerland-Studenen. 1. 68 1.96 1.92 222 235 June 2.50 Aug William Cond. Kerland-Studenen. 1. 60 1.06 1.95 1.92 222 235 June 2.50 Aug William Cond. 1. 60 1.06 1.95 1.92 222 235 June 2.50 Aug William Cond. 1. 60 1.06 1.95 1.92 222 235 June 2.50 Aug William Cond. 1. 60 1.07 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92 1.92	Jacola Mines1 Jellicoe Cons1	12c 14 1/4 c	12e 13 14e 1516	e 10,000 e 42,350	10e Sep 14e Oe	t 40e Mar t 82e Mar	Union Gas*	13%	131/6 14	
Exchange Counted 1.5	J M Consol (New stock) 1 Keivinator*		14 14	5	10 Jun	0 1534 Oct	United Cigar-Whelan 10c United Steel	7%	6% 8	
Laguna Gold. 136 1	Kirkland-Hudson1	55c	50e 55	1,200	45c Sep	t 1.50 Jan	Walkers	8.95	8.75 9.	
Lake of the Woods	Laguna Goldl	13e	12e 13 1/2	e 10,727	10e No	59c Mar	Wendigo1	20 14c	19% 20	
Land Second (New 3 55 35 6 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Lake of the Woods*		17 17	10	101/4 Sep	t 1714 Oct	West Turner Petroleum ouc	12%	12% 12	
Larn Clad Gold	Landed Banking 100	35c	57 57 33 1/4 e 35	9,400	55 Ma 24e Sep	65 Apr 74e Mar	White Eagle*		1%c 13	
Little Gold	Lava Cap Gold1	85c	85e 88	2,200	80c Bep	1.13 Feb	Wiltsey-Coghlan1	9%c	9%c 1	
Dalbian 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 5 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	Leitch Gold1	70c	69e 71	7,500	50e Sept	1.12 Feb	B*		2 3	
Maclead Cockwart 3, 40 5, 20 5, 50 10, 100 3, 80 Mark Maclead Cockwart 44 64 64 64 64 64 60, 60 256 Mark 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7	Loblaw A	24 1/2	23 1/4 24 1/4	826	1916 Mai	24½ Nov 22¾ Nov	Wood-Cadillac1 Wright Hargreaves	25c	24e 2	
Mader Male	Macassa Mines1	5.40	5.20 5.50	10,100	3.50 Mai	5.55 Jan	Ymir Yankee Giri		11e 1	
Manipo Lace Millis. 100	Madsen Red Lake1	44 160	44 1/2 46	6,400	25c Mai	57e Nov				
	Manitoba & Eastern*		1%c 1%	8,500	136e Oct	4c Jan	Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, bot		usive, cor	
Massey Harris	Preferred		3% 4%	157	2% Sept	6 May		Last	Week's Ran of Prices	
Michary Misses 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 6	Massey Harris* Preferred100	73% 56	7 8	2,775	4% Mai 28 Mai	10% July	Stocks— Par	Price	Low Hi	
MacKents Red Lake	Preferred100	95	94 953	124	86 ¼ Jar	101 July	Canada Bud*		4 4	
Meriand Oil. 2.5	McKenzie Red Lake 1	1.30	1.30 1.38	11,075	69e Mai	1.43 Oct	Canadian Marconi		1.10 1.3	
Second Corp.	MaWatters Cold 8	910	81c 85	16,350	32e Jan	946 Oct	Consolidated Paper*		8 8	
Second Corp.	Mining Corp	2.30 3e	2.30 2.40 3c 314	6,308	1.45 Mai	2.65 Oct	Corrugated Box pref100		45 45	
Morrison Section Sec		1.32	8c 8 1/3	2,200	8c Nov	20e Apr 2.56 Mar	Daihousie Oil* DeHavilland*		78 79	
Marting Gold	Morris-Kirkiand		. 6c 814	10,666	5e Sept	15e Aug	Foothills*		50c 5	
National Brew	Preferred10	01/4	3 3	100	3 Nov	4 Feb	Preferred 100	40	40 40	
National Trust	National Brew *	42%	42% 42%	5	38 May	42% Nov	Kirkland Townsite1			
New Folden Rose 1	National Trust 100	121	121 121 190 190	5 4	- 115 Sept 190 Nov	126½ Jan 210 Mar	Mandy*	1e	16c 2	
Nighesing 5	Newbee Mines		4%c 6%	36,500	20 May	1116e July	Montreal L H & P.		8½ 8 30¼ 31	
Normodol Mines 1	Nipissing		1.72 1.73	600	1.40 Sept	2.15 Jan	Oil Selections*		21/4 3	
Normetal	Nordon Oil		8e 8e	500	6c Sept	19e July	Osisko Lake Mines1		17e 20 ¾	
Northern Empire	Normetal	90e 48e	84c 90c	17,070	45e Bept	1.14 Jan	Pand Orollia	2.17	1.99 2.3	
O'Brien Gold	Northern Empire1	8.40	8.40 8.50	1,000	7.00 Bept	8.95 Aug	Root Simpson pref100 Rogers Majestic*	23%	117 117 2% 2	
Oiga Gas. 2 ½c 2 ½c 3 ½c 19,700 30 20 June 5 ½c Oct 145 Mar 72 Oct Oct							Supertest ordinary*	20%	38 38	
Ontario Loan 50	Olga Gas	2%c	2%e 3%	19,700	2e June	5% e Oct	United Fuel pref100	41%	41% 42	
Page-Hersey	Ortario Loan50		109 109	4	103% June	110 Oct	Waterloo Mfg A	1 40		
Pandors-Cadillac	Pacaita Olla	534c	5e 6e	11,600	4 % e Sept 78 Apr	17e Feb 104 Nov	Industrial	and	Publi	
Paulore Gold 1 6 ½c 5 6 ½c 25,100 3se Mar 69e Feb Payore Gold 1 9c 16,050 9se Sept 1.76 Feb Plokie Crow 1 5.20 5.05 5.20 3,425 3.80 Mar Plokie Crow 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 20,475 1.37 Mar Powell Rouym 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 20,475 1.37 Mar Powell Rouym 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 20,475 1.37 Mar Powell Rouym 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 20,475 1.37 Mar Powell Rouym 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 2.30 2.50 3.087 6re May 1.90 Aug Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949 100 2.38 Mar Powell Rough 1 1.45 1.45 1.52 53,087 6re May 1.90 Aug Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949 100 2.38 Mar Powell Rough 1 2.40 2.20 2.25 1.640 2.30 2.50 Aug 8.55 3.00 Au	Pandora-Cadillac	20c	4 50 4 7	14,861 1,500	2.90 Mai 15c Aus	4.85 Oct 63e Feb				
Payore Gold 1 9c 84c 11c 16,050 8c 8ept 23c Mar Perron Gold 1 1.42 1.45 3,000 98c 8ept 1.76 Feb Photo Engravers 1 5.20 5.05 5.20 3,425 3.80 Mar 5.30 Aug Ploneer Gold 1 2.55 2.25 2.55 4,800 2.20 8ept 3.30 Mar 5.30 Aug Powerl Rouyn 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 20,475 1.37 Mar 2.65 July Power Corp 1 1 1.45 1.45 1.52 53.08 July Preston E Dome 1 1.45 1.45 1.52 53.08 7.70 9,108 Read Authier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9,108 2.60 Aug Read Authier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9,108 2.60 Aug Read Authier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9,108 2.60 Aug Read Authier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9,108 2.60 Aug Read Authier 2 2 2 2.70 2.70 11/3 Nov 2/4 Feb Reno Gold 1 24c 23c 25c 21,640 23c Nov 64c Feb Riverside Silk 9 2 26 24/4c 7,700 22c Nov 24/4c No	Partanen-Malartic1	8140	4360 636	10,200	546 Nov	24 160 July	Abbible D & Dan arts & 1059			
Person Gold 1 1.42 1.45 3,000 98c Sept 176 Feb Photo Engravers 2 18 18 10 15 Sept 19 Feb Peb Peb Peb Peb Peb Peb Peb Peb Peb P	Paymaster Cons1	56e	56e 60	31,000	38e Mai	69e Feb	Alberta Pac Grain 6s 1946	88	90 53	
Ploneer Gold 1 2.55 2.25 2.55 4.800 2.20 8apt 3.30 Mar Plower Gold 1 2.55 2.25 2.55 4.800 2.20 8apt 3.30 Mar Power Gold 1 2.35 2.30 2.50 2.475 1.37 Mar 1634 July Premier 1 2.23 2.20 2.25 7.100 1.75 8ept 1 2.55 Aug Canadian Inter Pap 6 1949 9034 10034 Premier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9.108 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Read Authier 1 3.60 3.55 3.70 9.108 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 7 7c 7c 2.000 6c 8ept 4 5c Jan Reinhardt Brew 8 2 2 2 2.60 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 9 2 2 2 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 9 2 2 2 2 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 9 2 2 2 2 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 9 2 2 2 2 2.60 Aug 4.55 Jan Reinhardt Brew 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Perron Gold1	1.42	1.42 1.4	3,000	98c Sep	1.76 Feb	Bell Tel Co of Can 5s 1955	111116	111% 23 55% Mas	
Power Corp	Pioneer Gold1	2.55	5.05 5.20 2.25 2.5	3,425 4,800	3.80 Mai 2.20 Sep	5.30 Aug 3.30 Mar	Calgary Power Co 5s1958	55	57 Min 101% Mon	
Treston E Dome	Power Corp*	14	131/4 14	145	934 Apr	16% July	Canada North Pow 54_1953	10334	104% Mon	
Rednard Brew	Preston E Dome1	1.45	1.45 1.5	53,087	67c Mas	1.90 Aug	Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949	100		
Reno Gold	Red Crest* Reinhardt Brew*		2 7e 7	2,000	66 Вер	45e Jan 234 Feb	Consol Pan Corn 5 kg 1961	114	54 Otta	
Royal Bank 100 190 188 1904 504 165 8ept 192 8ept 8ept 192	Reno Gold1 Riverside Slik*		23e 25 26 26	21,640	23e Not 18 Sep	64c Feb	51/s ex-stock 1961 Dom Gas & Elec 61/s, 1945	64	02 Pow	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Roche Long Lac	816c	81/2 9 23c 24 1/4	e 11,800 e 7,700	6c Sep 22c Nov	24e Mar 241/2e Nov	461956	78	79 Prio 20	
Sand Antonio	Royalite Oil	401/4	40 42	232	33 Sep	4814 Jan	Eastern Dairies 6s 1949	46	49 Sagt	
Sand River Gold 1 18c 17c 19c 3,700 13½c Sept 25c Oct Int Pr & Pap of Niid 8s '68 101½	St Anthony1	16e	16c 1734	c 19,800	716c Sep	20c Mar	Gatineau Power 5s1956 Gt Lakes Pan Co let 5s '55	10436	10436 Shar	
Sheep Creek	Shawkey Gold1	5e	17e 19	e 3,700 e 12,100	1316e Sep	25e Oct 34e Mar	Int Pr & Pap of Nfld 5s '68 Lake St John Pr & Pap Co	101%	Unit	
Sirmsons A	Sheep Creek50c	1.61	90e 92 1.46 1.7	0 1,300 43,591	75c Sep 90c Sep	1.21 Feb 1.90 Oct	53461961	59	61 4	
1 2/41 1/4 1/41 OUI o SEPHI 0/4 Jan 1	Simpsons A **	13	13 13	10	8 Sep	t 18 Mar				
			174 49	1 50	, a sep	074 Jan				

Tor	Toronto Stock Exchange										
	Thurs. Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week		Range Stace Jan. 1, 1938					
Stocks (Concluded) Po	ar Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	M	Hu	/A			
Simpsons pret10	00	84	84	80	70	Sept	95	Jan			
Siscoe Gold	1 1.53	1.47	1.59	24,850	1.40	Sept	3.40	Jan			
Staden Malartie		68c	75e	19.050	49e	Sept	1.38	Mar			
Slave Lake		716e	814c	6.000	60	Sept	240	Jan			
Spy Hill Royalties 2		234e		1,000	234 €	Nov	25e	Jan			
Stadacona	• 50c			23,499	280	Sept	77e	May			
Standard Chemical		6	7	39	4	Mar	8	Aug			
Standard Paving		234	3	1.040	2	Sept	414	Jan			
Preferred10		2714	28%	95	12	Mar	28%	Nov			
Stedman Brothers Ltd	*	16%	16%	75	16	Sept	1734	Apr			
Steel of Canada		74	7536	373	56	Mar	7534	Oct			
Preferred		68	69	35	54	Apr	70	Oct			
Straw Lake Beach				15,500	5e	Sept	15%€	Jan			
Sudbury Basin		0.00		1,665	1.65	Sept	3.80	Jan			
Sullivan	1	92c		6,875	68c	Sept	1.25	Aug			
Sylvanite Gold	1 3.35			6.995	2.50	Sept	3.60	Feb			
Who was believes or	*		12	210	11	Sept	16	Jan			
Teck Hughes	• 4.75			6.640	4.15		5.70				
Teck Hughes	• 1.40	1.40		2,525	1.05		1 68	July			
Texas Canadian	4 1114	1136		30	9	Sept	1314	Feb			
Texas CanadianTip Top Tailors	11 22	2 00		200	1.50		2.90	Jan			
Toburn		2.00					1×36	July			
Toronto Elevators		16	1636	300	11	Bept	48	Feb			
Preferred	0	44	44	20	40	June		Jan			
Toronto Mortgage	00	108	108	2	107	Oct	122				
Towagmae	.1 450	41c	48c	5,000	25e	Sept	660	Jan			
Uchi Gold	1 1.54	1.47	1.55	8,580	90e	Jan	2.45	Aug			
Union Gas	• 13 %	1316	14	2,073	1034	Sept	15%	Jan			
United Cigar-Whelan 10		1.25	1.60	6.400	1.25	Nov	1.60	Nov			
United Steel		6%	8	38,010	3	Mar	8	Nov			
Ventures		5.60	5.70	2.426	3,95	Sept	7.40	Jab			
Waite Amulet	* 8.95	8.75	9.45	47,198	1.02	Mar	9.45	Nov			
Walkers		51	5434	9.743	3014	Mar	5434	Nov			
Preferred		19%	20	1.605	17	Mar	20	Oct			
Wendigo	1 14c		1736c	33,700	8e	June	200	June			
West Turner Petroleum 50		9e	10e	10,400		Sept	1434c	Apr			
Westons	• 12%	1234	12%	765	9	Mar	1314	July			
Preferred10		90	91	20	74	Apr	91	Nov			
White Eagle	* 116c	11/4 e	114c	3.500	340	Oct	314c				
Whitewater			60	3.000	3e	Bept	86	Jan			
		91/40	10c	40,300	30	Apr	18e	July			
Wiltsey-Coghlan			214	65	114	May	314	Jan			
Winnipeg Electric A	2 24	274	473	00	1 72	TAT WAY	378	940			

Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section Nov. 5 to Nov. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		Thurs. Last Week's Range for Sale of Prices Week's				Range Since Jan. 1, 1938			
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	0	Htg	À
Brett-Trethewey	1	11/se	11/2c	1%c	36,000	134e		12e	Jan
Canada Bud Canada Vinegars	*****		4	414	15	336		9	Jan
Canada Vinegars	******		15	1516	25	12	Sept	1716	Feb
Canadian Marconi	1	1.10	1.10		427	75e		1.65	July
Coast Copper	5	3.00	2.75	3.00	1,200		June	4.00	Jan
Consolidated Paper		834	8	8%	6,484	316	Mar	9%	July
Consol Sand & G pr	ref 100		8214	8214	75	70	Feb	821/2	Nov
Corrugated Box pre			45	45	10	45	Nov	82	Jan
Crown Dominion O	11*		2	2	50	136	Aug	2	July
Dathousle Oil		38e	38c	38e	1,200	37e	Nov	69e	Jan
DeHavilland			78	79	10	5	Mar	1434	Aug
Dominion Bridge		3914	3514	3914	1.935	21%	Mar	3934	Nov
Foothills			50c	50e	2,600	35e	Sept	90c	Apr
Foothills		8	7	8	185	5	Mar	914	July
Preferred	100	40	40	40 34	200	29	Sept	50%	Feb
Honey Dew pref	*		10	10	70	8	Oct	14	Jan
Kirkland Townsite.	1		12e	12e	1,500	90		23e	Jan
Malroble	1	1e	1e	10	5,000	56e	June	20	July
Mandy			16c	20e	2,300	10e	June	28e	Jan
Mercury Mills pref	100		814	814	10	5	Sept	1936	Jan
Montreal L H & P.		31	3014	31	305	26	Sept	31	Mar
National Steel Car.		6934	6814	7216	6.480	32	Mar	7214	Nov
Oil Selections		234	23%	3	1.000	2	Sept	434	Apr
Ontario Sliknit pref			17	17	15	15	Aug	19	Oct
Osisko Lake Mines		20c		20 % e	8,000	5e	Oct	16c	Jan
Pawnee-Kirkland		11/20	136e	1 14c		1e	Sept	2e	July
Pend Oreilie		2.17	1.99	2.32	13,150	1.30	Mar	2.62	Jan
Robb-Montbray				10	1.000	le	Oct	2360	Feb
Robt Simpson pref.			117	117	20	105	June	118	Oct
Rogers Majestic		234	236	21/4	165	2	Sept	416	Aug
Shawinigan		2034	2016	21	565	1634		23	July
Supertest ordinary.	******	2074	38	38	90	31	Mar	39	Oct
Temiskaming Mine			9%6	10c	1.000	6360		25e	Jan
United Fuel pref	100	41%	4134	42	200	30	Apr	43	July
Walkendile Pres.	100	2174	1.40	1.40			Sept	2.15	July
Walkerville Brew Waterloo Mfg A		1 40	1.40	1.50	200		Sept	2.50	July
Waterioo Mig A		1 40	1.40	1.00	2001	1.110	COUL	2.30	July

Industrial and Public Utility Bonds

Closing bid and asked quotations, Thursday, Nov. 10

Bid	Ask	Se District Control of the Control	Bld	Ask
6916	70341	Manitoba Power 51/8_1951	83	
		534s series B 1952	83	
		Maple Leaf Milling-		
			48	50
	5534		9834	9914
				42
			104	
	/-			
			4914	50 34
		3 148		
	10076	2144 1973		
	97	Montreal Tramway 5s 1941	98	99
	0.		11 6 156	7.5
	54	Ottawa Valley Pow 5 14s '70	105	
		Power Corp. of Can 414s'59		104
		5a Dec 1 1957		
**		Price Brothers 1st Se 1957	100	103
78	70		98	99
			100	
	40		105	105 %
		Shawinigan W & P 414s 67		1053
				991
				93
1017				67
00	02			1000
				67
				463
	69 % 88 99 % 111 % 54 % 55 100 % 100 99 % 100 % 64 41 78 99 104 % 85 101 % 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 9	88 4 70 4 89 99 99 1111 4 111 4 15 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1	69 ½ 70 ½ 88 3 90 88 3 90 99 ½ 111½ 111½ 111½ 55½ series B	89

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Thursday Nov. 10

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Inursday Nov. 10						
New York City Bonds	New York Bank Stocks					
Bid Ask Ask Bid Ask Ask Bid Ask Ask Bid Bid	Bank of Manhattan Co. 10 16 16 17/4 National Bronx Bank 50 33 38 National City 12½ 24½ 26 National Safety Bank 10 18 12½ 148 Peoples National 50 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100					
d48 Oct 1980	Chicago & San Francisco Banks					
43/28 Mar 1 1964 1153/ 1163/	American National Bank & Trust & Savings. 100 315 330 Northern Trust & Savings. 100 520 540					
New York State Bonds	Continental Illinois Nati Bank & Trust33 1-3 77½ 79½ SAN FRANCISCO— First National100 229 234 Bk of Amer N T & 8 A 12½ 47½ 49½					
3s 1974						
3s 1981	Insurance Companies					
Port of New York Authority Bonds	Agricultural 25 7714 8034 Ins Co of North Amer 10 6836 6934 American Alliance 10 2134 2334 Jersey Insurance of N Y 4134 4434 American Equitable 5 274 2834 Knickerbocker 5 1044 134					
Port of New York— Gen & ref 4s Mar 1 1975. Gen & ref 2d ser 3 %s "65 105% 106% 1942-1960	American Home					
United States Insular Bonds	Boston					
Philippine Government-	Connecticut Gen Life					
Federal Land Bank Bonds	Firemen's of Newark					
3s 1955 opt 1945J&J Btd Ask 3\forall s 1955 opt 1945M&N 105\forall s 1956 opt 1946J&J 104\forall s 104\forall s 104\forall s 1946 opt 1944J&J 111\forall s 1956 opt 1945J&J 111\forall s 1956 op	Georgia Home					
Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds	Great Amer Indomnity 1 884 984 Sun Life Assurance 100 480 510					
Atlants 3s. 99½ 100½ Montgomery 3s. 99 100 Atlantic 3s. 99½ 100½ New Orleans 5s. 99½ 100½	Halifax 10 24 25¼ Travelers 100 459 469 Hanover 10 31¼ 33¼ U S Fidelity & Guar Co 2 16¼ 17¼ Hartford Fire 10 76 79 U S Fire 4 53¼ 55¼ Hartford Steamboller 10 54¼ 56¼ U S Guarantee 10 56 58 Home 5 30¼ 32¼ Westchester Fire 2.50 32 34					
Burlington 5e	Surety Guaranteed Mortgage Bonds and Debentures					
Chicago 4\(\) s and 5s 74\(\) 6 102 Dalias 3s 99\(\) 100\(\) Pacific Coast of Portland 5s 100 101 Pennsylvania 5s 99\(\) 100\(\) Pirst Carolinas 5s 98 99 Pirst Trust of Houston 5s 99\(\) 100\(\) Pirst Trust of Chicago 4\(\) s 100\(\) Potomac 3s 107\(\) 108\(\) Potomac 3s 99\(\) 100\(\)	Arundel Bond Corp 2-5s '53 81 Nat Union Mtge Corp— Series A 3-6s 1954 82 Series B 2-5s 1954 82 1954 82					
Fretcher 3 1 2 102 102 102 102 100 102 100 100 100	Cont'l Inv Bd Corp 2-52 '53 84					
5s	Inc 2-5s 1953 88					
Joint Stock Land Bank Stocks	Nat Cons Bd Corp 2-5s '53 81 deb 3-6s					
Atlanta Par Bid Ask Par Bid Ask New York 100 10 14 Atlantie 100 39 45 North Carolina 100 64 Dallas 100 100 105 Pennsylvania 100 20 25	Miscellaneous Bonds					
Denver	Bear-Mountain-Hudson River Bridge 781953 104 New York City Park- way Authority 3½s '68 106 107 108 108 108 1					
Federal Intermediate Credit Bank Debentures	Reconstruction Finance Reconstruction Finance					
F C 1/48 Nov 15 1938 b .20% F C 1/48 Apr 15 1939 b .25% F C 1/48 June 15 1939 b .30% F C 1/48 T T T T T T T T T	1e 1ndw 1020 100 15 100 17					
New York Trust Companies						
Bank of New York	Telephone and Telegraph Stocks					
Brook County	Am Dist Teleg (N J) com. 0 106 111 New York Mutual Tel. 100 26 27 Perferred					
Central Hanover	Bell Telep of Pa pref100 117 119 Peninsular Telep com100 117 Cuban Telep 7% pref100 28 Preferred A100 110 113					
Corn Exch Bk & Tr. 20 51% 52% Under writers 100 80 90 1625 For footnotes see page 3 0 01.	Pranklin Telegraph					

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Thursday Nov. 10—Continued

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks

Joseph Walker & Sons

120 Broadway NEW YORK Dealers in QUARANTEED STOCKS Since 1855

Tel. RE ctor 2-6600

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks

(Guarantor in Parentheses)

Par	Dividend in Dollars	Bid	Asked
Alabama & Vicksburg (Hiinois Central)100	6.00	6834	72
Albany & Susquehanna (Delaware & Hudson)100	10.50	120 34	125
Allegheny & Western (Buff Roch & Pitts)100	6.00	54	58
Beech Creek (New York Central)50	2.00	29	3114
Boston & Albany (New York Central)100	8.75	84	86 14
Boston & Providence (New Haven)100	8.50	17	20
Canada Southern (New York Central)	2.85	4636	49
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio com (L & N-A C L) 100	5.00	80%	8334
Cleve Cinn Chicago & St Louis pref (N Y Central) 100	5.00	6734	7136
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Pennsylvania)50	3.50	71	7314
Betterment stock50	2.00	42	44
Delaware (Pennsylvania)25	2.00	39%	42
Fort Wayne & Jackson pref (N Y Central)100	5.50	54	5734
Georgia RR & Banking (L & N-A C L)	9.00	15234	15734
Lackawanna RR of N J (Del Lack & Western) 100	4.00	4794	5034
Michigan Central (New York Central)	50.00	625	800
Morris & Essex (Del Lack & Western)	3.875	40	4234
New York Lackawanna & Western (D L & W)100	5.00	6234	65
Northern Central (Pennsylvania)	4.00	82	8534
Oswego & Syracuse (Del Lack & Western)50	4.50	42%	4614
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (U 8 Steel)50	1.50	40	42
Preferred	3.00	79	83
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago (Pennsylvania) 100	7.00	145	150
	7.00	16634	171
Preferred	7.00	139	143
Pgh Ygtn & Ashtabula pref (Penn)100	200		6934
Rensselaer & Saratoga (Delaware & Hudson)100	6.82	125	~~.*
St Louis Bridge 1st pref (Terminal RR)100	6.00		
Second preferred100	3.00	62	
Tunnel RR St Louis (Terminal RR)100	6.00	125	
United New Jersey RR & Canal (Pennsylvania) 100	10.00	222	227
Utica Chenango & Susquehanna (D L & W)100	6.00	58	6136
Valley (Delaware Lackawanna & Western) 100	5.00	65	69
Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific (Illinois Central) 100	5.00	5914	62 14
Preferred100	5.00	63	671/2
Warren RR of N J (Del Lack & Western)	3.50	30 1/2	33
West Jersey & Seashore (Penn-Reading)50	3.00	501	5214

Public Utility Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Alabama Power \$7 pref	73	74	Mississippi Power \$6 pref *	6214	
Arkansas Pr & Lt 7% pref *	85	1 87	\$7 preferred*	69	71
Associated Gas & Electric	-		Mississippi P & L \$6 pref. *	7136	7334
Original preferred	4	436			11436
\$6.50 preferred*	8	914		634	736
\$7 preferred*	814				1
Atlantic City El 6% pref. *	113 1		Pub Serv 7% pref 25	2536	2736
Birmingham Elec \$7 pref. *	73	75	Mountain States Power-		
Buffalo Niagara & Electern	1000		7% preferred100	33	36
\$1.60 preferred 25	2134	2234	Nassau & Suf Ltg 7% pf 100	1436	1634
Carolina Pr & Lt 37 pref *	88	90	Nebraska Pow 7% pref_100	111	113
6% preferred	7834		Newark Consol Gas 100	132	7.00
Central Maine Power-		-	New Eng G & E 514 % pf. *	1534	1636
7% preferred100	8734	8934	New Eng Pub Serv Co-	/-	
\$6 preferred100	78	80	\$7 prior lien pref*	40	4136
Cent Pr & Lt 7% pref 100	86	87	New Orl Pub Serv \$7 pt *	93%	95
Consol Elec & Gas \$6 pref *	814	814	New York Power & Light-	00/0	
Consol Traction (N J) 100	46	50	\$6 cum preferred*	101	102 34
Consumers Power \$5 pref*	10136	10256	7% cum preferred100		109%
Continental Gas & El-	10178	10478	Northern States Power-	10076	10074
7% preferred100	8514	87	(Del) 7% pref100	5314	5514
Dallas Pr & Lt 7% pref_100	114	01	(Minn) 5% pref. *		100%
Derby Gas & El \$7 pref. *	26	31	Ohio Edison \$6 pref	99	100%
Essex Hudson Gas100	195	01	\$7 preferred*	106 14	
Federal Water Serv Corp-	ADO		Ohio Power 6% pref100	112%	
\$6 cum preferred	2134	22%	Ohio Pub Serv 6% pf100	298	100
\$6.50 cum preferred*	2234	23%	7% preferred100		10514
\$7 cum preferred	24	26		105%	
Gas & Elec of Bergen 100	135	20	Okla G & E 7% pref100	72	7436
Hudson County Gas100	195	***	Pacific Pr & Lt 7% pf. 100 Penn Pow & Lt \$7 pref *		10136
Idaho Power—	190			9178	10178
\$6 preferred	104	55.	Queens Borough G & E-	26 14	2834
7% preferred100	110		6% preferred100	3%	
Interstate Natural Gas. *	26 34	2834	Republic Natural Gas1	074	436
Interstate Power \$7 pref. *	4	6		0014	100%
Iowa Southern Utilities-	112	0	6% preferred D100	90	9234
7% preferred 100	29	31	Sloux City G & E \$7 pf. 100	90	9473
Jamaica Water Supply—	20	01	Southern Calif Edison—	2734	2834
714% preferred 50	53 14	851/	6% pref series B25		40.73
	90	5536		197	0017
Jer Cent P & L 7% pt100			Tenn Elec Pow 6% pt. 100	64%	66 34
Kan Gas & El 7% pref. 100	112	114	7% preferred100	72	74
Kings Co Ltg 7% pref. 100	65	68	Texas Pow & Lt 7% pf. 100	92	93%
Long Island Ltg 6% pr. 100	3214	33%	Toledo Edison 7% of A_100	108	110
7% preferred100	36	37%	United Gas & El (Conn)	70	00
Mass Utilities Associates	041/	0014	7% preferred100	78	80
5% conv partic pref 50	2414	20 75	Utah Pow & Lt 87 pref	58	60
Memphis Pr & Lt \$7 pref. *	6834	70%	Virginian Ry100	148	153

Chain Store Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ast
Berland Shoe Stores	84	10	Kobacker Stores 7% preferred100 Kress (S H) 6% pref	65 12	75 1234
Bohack (H C) common	20	24	Miller (I) Sons common*	234 17	6 23
Diamond Shoe pref100	101	106	Murphy (G C) \$5 pref_100 Reeves (Daniel) pref100 United Cigar-Whelan Stores	106	110
Fishman (M H) Co Inc	7	936	\$5 preferred*	351/2	37

Sugar Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Cuoan Atlantic Sugar71/2 Eastern Sugar Assoc1 Preferred			Savannah Sug Ref com1 West Indies Sugar Corp1		35%

Railroad Bonds

	Bid	Asked
Akron Canton and Youngstown 51/81945	f32	34
Gs1945	f33	37
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	94	97
Baltimore & Ohio 41/481939		49
Boston & Albany 41/8	68	72
Boston & Maine 5s1940		32
414	25	
Cambria & Clearfield 4s		95
Chicago Indiana & Southern 4s	62	65
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans 5s	72	77
Chicago Stock Yards 5s	96%	
Cleveland Terminal & Valley 4s		44
Connecting Railway of Philadelphia 4s	10734	
Connecting Ranway of Philadelphia 48	10434	105
Duluth Missabe & Iron Range 1st 31/81962		70
Florida Southern 4s1945	67	70
Illinois Central— Louisville Div. & Terminal 31/8		65
Louisville Div. & Terminal 3/181953	60	00
Indiana Illinois & Iowa 4s1950	65	
Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf 5s1978	89	91
Memphis Union Station 581959		110
New London Northern 4s1940	96	9734
New York & Harlem 31/48	96	100
New York Philadelphia & Norfolk 4s	89	901/2
Norwich & Worcester 41/48	78	
Pennsylvania & New York Canal 5s	76	79
Philadelphia & Reading Terminal 5s	10334	104
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie 5s	114	
Portland Terminal 4s	84	87
Providence & Worcester 4s1947	68	
Cerre Haute & Pecoria 5s	101	103
Foledo Peoria & Western 4s	89	
Toledo Terminal 4148	10436	10536
Foronto Hamilton & Buffalo 4s	94	98
United New Jersey Railroad & Canal 31/48	10534	10634
	62	
Vermont Valley 41/8	36	40
Washingto County Ry 31/481954		40
West Virginia & Pittsburgh 4s1990	47	50

Railroad Equipment Bonds

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Atlantic Coast Line 41/8	82.50	1.75	New Orl Tex & Mex 41/48	84.50	3.50
Baltimore & Ohio 4148	\$6.75	6.00	New York Central 4168	b3.10	2.25
58	b6.75	6.00	58	b1.50	1.00
Bostop & Maine 4148	b5.75	5.00		b5.50	4.50
5a	05.75	5.00	58 N Y N H & Hartf 41/58	b5.50	4.50
5s 31/4s Dec 1 1936-1944	b5.60	4.75	N Y N H & Hartf 4148	66.00	5.00
•//•		-	58	6.00	5.00
Canadian National 436s	82.90	2.00	Northern Pacific 4148	b2.50	1.75
54	\$2.90	2.00	Pennsylvania RR 4168	b2.00	1.25
Canadian Pacific 41/48	b2.75	2.00		b1.50	1.00
Cent RR New Jersey 414s.	b5.75	5.00			- 100
Chesapeake & Ohio-			Jan & July 1937-49	b2.60	2.00
4168	b2,40	1.75	2%s series G non-call		
5a	b1.50	1.00	Dec 1 1937-50	b2.60	2.00
Chicago & Nor West 4168.	85.75	5.00	Pere Marquette 41/48	b3.10	2.50
56	\$5.75	5.00	Reading Co 4148	b2.60	2.00
Chie Milw & St Paul 41/48.	b6.75	6.00	58	b2.60	2.00
54	66.75	6.00			1000
Chicago R I & Pacific-			St Louis-San Fran 4s	90	94
Trustees' etfs 314s	84	8614	4368	92	95
			St Louis Southwestern 5s	\$5.00	4.00
Denver & R G West 4148	66.00	5.00	5148	b5.00	4.00
54	06.00	5.00	Southern Pacific 4148	b3.10	2.25
5148	66.00	5.00	56	b2.50	1.50
Erie RR 6s	95	98	Southern Ry 41/48	b4.00	3.25
4368	90	95	88	b4 00	3.25
Great Northern 4148	b2.00	1.50	Texas Pacific 4s	03.25	2.75
50	b1.80	1.25	4368	b3.00	2.25
Hocking Valley 58	b1.75	1.00	58	62.25	1.50
Illinois Central 4368	b4.25	3.00	Union Pacific 4168	b1.25	0.50
Internat Great Nor 4168	\$5.00	4.00	Virginia Ry 4148	b1 70	1.00
Long Island 4148	b3.50	2.50	Wabash Ry 41/48	72	82
50	b3.50	2.50	58	75	85
Maine Central 5s.	64.50	3.50	51/48	77	87
5148	64.50	3.50	68	80	90
Missouri Pacific 4348	b4.50	3.50	Western Maryland 41/48	b2.50	1.50
58	b4.50	3.50		66.00	5.00
			5148	6.00	5.00

Public Utility Bonds

			inty Donas	211	
Amer Gas & Power 3-5s '53	Bid 41	ASE	Idaho Power 3%s 1967	107	10736
Amer Utility Serv 6e. 1964			Indianapolis Pow & Lt-	101	107 79
Appalachian Elec Power—	73%	1076	Mortgage 3 %s 1968	1001/	106%
	-000	1000	Inland Gas Corp 6 16.1938		
1st mtge 4s1963		109%		1 58 h	
s f debenture 41/81948		105%	Kan City Pub Serv 4s, 1957	2614	
Associated Electric 5s. 1961	04 14	5534	Kan Pow & Lt 1st 41/8 '65	110	11036
Assoc Gas & Elec Corp-	-		Lehigh Valley Transit 56 '60	39 14	40%
Income deb 31/81978	30	31	Lexington Water Pow 58'68	7634	7736
Income deb 3%s1978	31	3114	Lone Star Gas 31/6 1953	106 1/2	
Income deb 4s1978	3414		Mich Consol Gas 4s 1963	96 1/2	96 36
Income deb 41/8 1978	36	36%	Missouri Pr & Lt 3 %s. 1966		104 34
Conv deb 4s1973	60		Mtn States Pow 1st 6s.1938	9314	94
Conv deb 4348 1973	62	63	Narragansett Elec 31/4s '66		105%
Conv deb 5e 1973	69	69 14	N Y, Pa & N J Util 5s 1956	68 34	70
Conv deb 51/48 1978	72	7334	N Y State Elee & Gas Corp	799	1993
8-year 8s with warr. 1940	99	100	481965	96 34	9714
8s without warrants, 1940	9834	100	N Y Steam Corp 3 14s . 1963	101	10136
Assoc Gas & Elec Co-		-	North Boston Ltg Prop's-	-	-
Cons ref deb 434s 1958	3134		Secured notes 314s 1947	106	106 34
Bink fund ine 4s 1983	28			100	
Sink fund ine 414s 1983	30		Ohio Power 31/s 1968	103	103 14
Sink fund ine 5s1983	32		Ohio Pub Service 4s 1962	106 14	
Sink fund ine 514s., 1983	34		Old Dominion par 5e 1951	61	63
Sink fund ine 4-5s 1986	27		Peoples Light & Power		00
8 f ine 414s-514s-1986	29		1st lien 3-6e	78%	80%
Sink fund inc 5-6e 1986	31			1 15%	15%
	33		Pub Serv El & Gas 3 1/0 '68	10756	
8 f ine 51/8-61/8 1986			Pub Serv of Northern III-	70. 28	10078
Blackstone V G & E 4s 1965	110	***	1st mtge 3 34s1968	1041/	10456
C	- 00	92	Pub Util Cons 516 1948	7814	80
Cent Ark Pub Serv 5e. 1948	90			7114	00
Central G & E 51/9 1946	7514	7736	Republic Service coll & '51	1173	
1st lien coll trust 6s_1946	80	82	St Joseph Ry Lt Heat & Pow	1001/	1041/
Cent Maine Pr 4s ser G '60	107	10734	43681947	100 75	10436
Central Public Utility-			San Antonio Pub Serv-	****	
Income 51/4s with stk '52	1 136	2%	1st mtge 4s1963		102%
Cities Service deb 5s1963	70	70%	Sloux City G & E 4s 1966	101%	
Cons Cities Lt Pow & Trac	much a	1,000	Sou Cities Util 5s A1958	49%	50%
561962	824				
Consol E & G 6s A 1962	49	51	Tel Bond & Share 5s1958	70	72
6s series B1962	47	48%	Texas Public Serv 5s1961	8714	
Crescent Public Service-	Acres 1	-	Toledo Edison 3 1/8 1968	10436	104%
Colline 6s (w-s) 1954	47	48%	Uties Gas & El Co 5s. 1957	122 14	
Cumberi'd Co P&L 31/48'66	103	103 14	Virginia Elec Pow 3 1/2 1968	10636	106 34
Dallas Pow & Lt 316s. 1987	10814	109 34	Western Pub Serv 5148 '60	87	88
Dallas Ry & Term 6s_1951	60	62	Wis Elec Power 3 1/8 1968	10436	10454
Federated Util 514s 1957	7114	7314	Wisconsin G & E 3 48, 1966	105%	106 34
Havana Elec Ry 5s 1952			Wis Mich Pow 3%s 1961	107	108
HAVADA E-ec Ry 581957	1 37%		WE MICH POW 3%81961	107	108

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Thursday Nov. 10—Continued

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Thursday Nov. 10—Continued						
			Bonds .	P4.4	Ant	Industrial Stocks and Bonds
Alabama Wat Serv 5s. 1957 Ashtabula Wat Wks 5s '58 Atlantic County Wat 5s '58 Birmingham Water Wks- 5s series C 1957 5s series B 1954 5½s series A 1954 Butler Water Co 5s 1957	100 14 101 14 99 14 105 101 104 14 105		5½s1951 New York Wat Serv 5s '51 Newport Water Co 5s 1953 Ohio Cities Water 5½s '53 Ohio Valley Water 5s_1954	87 92 941/1 99 78 1051/2 101 87	90 96 96 96 96 33 103 91	Alabama Milis Inc
Cailf Water Service 4s 1961 Chester Wat Serv 4 1/46 '58 Citizens Wat Co (Wash)— 5s	104½ 102 103 101		Penna State Water— lat coll trust 4½s_1966 Peoria Water Works Co— lat & ref 5s_1950 lat consol 4s_1948 lst.consol 5s_1948 Prior ilen 5s_1948 Phila Suburb Wat 4s_1965 Pinelias Water Co 5½s_59	98 101 100 99 103 1/2 107 99 1/4	991/4 103 103	Andian National Corp* Art Metal Construction.10 Bankers Indus Service A.* Belmont Radio Corp* Belmont Radio Corp* Belmont Radio Loan pf. * 53/4 64/8 Stenandoa Rayon Corp* 53/4 64/8 Standard Screw
Community Water Service 5 ½s series B	63 65 100		Pittsburgh Sub Wat 5s '58 Piaintield Union Wat 5s '61 Richmond W W Co 5s. 1957 Roch & L Ont Wat 5s. 1938 St Joseph Wat 4s ser A. '66 Stranton Gas & Water Co	10634		Tennessee Products
5s series B	107 101 1/4 104 104 1/4		4 ½s. 1958 Scranton-Spring Brook Water Service 5s. 1961 1st & ref 5s A. 1967 Shenango Val 4s ser B 1961 South Bay Cons Wat 5s '50 South Pittsburgh Water 1st mtge 5s. 1955 5s series A. 1960	79 80 101 74 102 102 14	83 83 103 79	Douglas (W L) Shoe
Dilinois Water Serv 5s A '52 Indianapolis Water 1st mtge 3 ½s	104% 96 105		5s series B	105 9836 10136 10236 10136	100	American shares
Kokomo W W Co 5s1958 Long Island Wat 5 ½s1955 Middlesex Wat Co 5 ½s '57, Monmouth Consol W 5s '56 Monongabela Valley Water 5 ½s1950 Morgantown Water 5s 1965 Muncle Water Works 5s '65	107 97 1/2 101 1/2 105 105		5s series B1950 1st mtge 5s1951 1st mtge 5 1/s1950 Westmoreiand Water 5s '52 Wichita Water—	100 101 101 101 105	103	Harrisburg Steel Corp5 7½ 8¾ Bonds
New Jersey Water 5s 1950 Inv Par Adminis'd Fund 2nd Inc.* Affiliated Fund Inc	esti 84d 13.96 4.54	ng (Companies Investors Fund C	Bid 12.17	Ask 12.99	Mactadoen Pub common. 2 / 3 / 3 / 2 / 5 / 6 / Crueible Steel of America 97 / 4 / 4 / 4 / 5 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6
• Amerex Holding Corp* Amer Business Shares Amer Gen Equities Inc 25c Am Insurance Stock Corp.* Assoc. Stand Oil Shares2 Bankers Nat Invest Corp. • Class A new Basic Industry Shares10	20 /8	24/8		26.99 22.55 15.37 15.59 12.49 15.96 15.05 5.80 6.32	94 75	National Casket
British Type Invest A1 Broad 8s Invest Co Inc5 Bullock Fund Ltd5 Canadian Inv Fund Ltd1 Century Shares Trust	21c 26.89 1616 4.15 23.61 10.57	4.50 25.39	Nation Wide Securities—	3.68 1.49	1.64	Real Estate Bonds and Title Co. Mortgage Certificates
Commonwealth Invest. 1 Continental Shares pf100 Corporate Trust Shares. 1 Series AA	3.90 8¾ 2.55 2.48 2.48 3.03	914	Voting shares National Investors Corp. I New England Fund	6.27 14.43 28.56	6.68 15.52 9.26	B'way Barclay 1st 2s 1956
*8% preferred100 *Crum & Forster insurance *Common B share10 *7% preferred100 Cumulative Trust Shares. * Delaware Fund	32½ 110 5.14 17.26	341/2	Electrical equipment Insurance stock Machinery	e0 15	0.03	Colonade Constr'n 4s. 1948 Court & Remsen St Off Bid lst 3 \(\)\frac{1}{2}
Deposited Bank Sha ser Al Deposited Insur Sha A1 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl Diversitied Trustee Shares C	3.05 2.70 4.10		Railroad equipment Steel No Amer Bond Trust ctfs No Amer Tr Shares 1953 Series 1955	2.54		500 Fifth Avenue 61/5 . 1949
Equit Inv Corp (Mass)5 Equity Corp \$3 conv pref 1 Fidelity Fund Inc* First Mutual Trust Fund Piscal Fund Inc Bank stock series10c Insurance stk series.10c	18.30 29.07 301/2 21.55 7.87 2.43 3.41 10.51	2.69 3.78	Plymouth Fund Inc10e Putnam (Geo) Fund Quarterly Inc Shares10e 5% deb series A Representative TrustShs10 Republic Invest Fund 25e Selected Amer Shares2½ Selected Income Shares Spencer Trask Fund	4.60 78c	12.68 103.14 11.54 40e 11.45 86e 18.54 73e	1st 6\(\frac{1}{2}\)s stamped 1948 40\(\frac{1}{2}\)s 5s income 1943 747\(\frac{1}{2}\)s 5s income 1943 747\(\frac{1}{2}\)s 7s 7s 7s 7s 7s 7s 7s
B 10 Foreign Bd Associates Inc. Foundation Trust Shs A.1 Fundamental Invest Inc.2 Fundamental Tr Shares A2 B	10.51 8.32 7.12 4.45 19.52 5.52 4.89 33.61	11333	Standard Utilities Inc.50c State St Invest Corp Super Corp of Am Tr ShsA AA B BB C D Supervised Shares3	83 3.65 2.52 3.76 2.42 7.24	11.84	Hearst Brisbane Prop 6s '42
General Investors Trust.* Group Securities— Agricultural shares. Automobile shares. A viation shares. Building shares. Chemical shares.	5.34 1.21 1.12 1.58 1.67 1.43	5.51 1.32 1.32 1.71 1.81 1.56 95c	Trustee Stand Invest Shs—Series C		65e 1.20	Income 5½s w-s1963 69 71
Investing shares Merchandise shares Mining shares Petroleum shares RR equipment shares Steel shares Tobacco shares Huron Holding Corp. 1	89c 1.16 1.50 1.07 1.00 1.44 1.06 39c 19.63	1.63 1.17 1.10 1.57 1.16 69c	U S El Lt & Pr Shares A B Voting shares Wellington Fund	14 % 2.13 98c 14.26 4 32 2 %	15.63 51/6 35 5	Majestic Apt Inc— 4s w-4 1948 stamped 6½ 8½ Metropolitan Chain Prop— 6s
Institutional Securities Ltd Bank Group shares Insurance Group Shares.	1.05	~ WY	*Ciass B. *First Boston Corp10 *Schoelkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy Inc com10c	2134	2234	dividend. y Now selling on New York Curb Exchange. † Now listed on New York Stock Exchange. † Quotations per 100 gold rouble bond, equivalent to 77.4234 grams of pure gold. Quotation not furnished by sponser or (ssuer.

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Thursday Nov. 10 -Concluded

Foreign Stocks, Bonds and Coupons **Inactive Exchanges**

BRAUNL & CO., INC.

52 William St., N. Y.

Tel. HAnover 2-5422

Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds

	B44	Ask		Bid	Ask
Anhalt 7s to 194-	121				
Antioquia 881946	132		Budapest 7s1953	f12	
Bank of Colombia 7% _1947	125		Colombia 4s1946	161 16	63
781948	f25		Cordoba 7s stamped1937	168	***
Barranguilla .s'35-40-46-48	f21		Costa Rica funding 5s. '51	f18	19
Bavaria 61/s to 1945	121	2114	Costa Rica Pac Ry 71/s '49	f18	19
Bavarian Palatinite Cons		/-	561949	f18	19
Cities 7s to1945	f20		Cundinamarca 6 14s 1959	f10	11
Bogota (Colombia) 6 1/48 '47 8s1945	f12	13	Dortmund Mun Util 6s '48	122	
84	f12	13	Duesseldorf 7s to1945	f21	***
Bolivia (Republic) 8s_1947	1434	45%		121	
781958	1434	45%	East Prussian Pow 6s_1953	12136	
781969	1434	454		12214	
681940	16	7	61/481953	12234	
Brandenburg Elec 6s 1953	f2136			100/2	
Brazil funding 5s 1931-51	f1516	1634		f20	
Brazil funding serip	133		71/s income1966	f10	
Bremen (Germany) 7s. 1935	f24			120	***
681940	f19			f10	***
British Hungarian Bank	110		Farmers Natl Mtge 7s. '63	111	
73681962	f12		Frankfurt 7s to1945	f21	
Brown Coal Ind Corp-	110		French Nat Mail 88 6s '52	106	110
6 %s1953	f2334		German Atl Cable 7s1945	145	
Buenos Aires scrip	f48	51	German Building & Land-	120	
Burmeister & Wain 6s, 1940	f105	01	bank 6 1/8	f22	
		1117		122	***
Caldas (Colombia) 73/8 '46	fill	11.74	German Central Bank	***	24
Cali (Colombia) 7s1947	11836		Agricultural 6s1938	f32	34
Callao (Peru) 7 1/48 1944	18	9	German Conversion Office	enn 2/	401/
Cauca Valley 71/8 1946	fil	12	Funding 3s1946	139%	4014
Ceara (Brazil) 8s1947	f2	4	German scrip	1516	634
Central Agric Bank	0.77		German Dawes coupons:		
see German Central Bk	1600		Dec 1934 stamped	17%	
Central German Power			Apr 15 '35 to Apr 15 '38.	f1534	***
Madgeburg 6s1934	f26		German Young coupons:		100
Chile Govt 6s assented	f14		Dec 1 '35 stamped	f10	
7s assented	f14		June 1 '35 to June '38	112	
Chilean Nitrate 5s1968	f58	62	Gras (Austria) 8s1954	f21	

Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds

* 1	Bid	Ask	11	Bid	Ask
German defaulted coupons:	-		Oberpfals Elec 7s1946	f2134	
July 1933 to Dec 1933	185		Panama City 6 168 1952	f33	
Jan 1934 to June 1934	f35		Panama 5% scrip	137	41
July 1934 to Dec 1936	130		Poland 3s1956	/31	
Jan 1937 to Dec 1937	f30		Coupons1936-1937	135	
Jan 1938 to Oct 1938	f30		Porto Alegre 7s1968	17	8
Great Britain & Ireland-			Protestant Church (Ger-		
461960-1990	103%	104%	many) 781946	f21	
Guatemala 8s1948	f29	38	Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '33	125	
		-	Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '36	125	
Hanover Hars Water Wks			581941	120	
681957	11936		Rhine Westph Elec 7% '36	160	
Haiti 0s1953	67		681941	125	
Hamburg Electric 6s . 1938	12036		Rio de Janeiro 6% 1933	7636	736
Hansa SS 6s	94		Rom Cath Church 61/48 '46	122	
Housing & Real Imp 7s '46	f22		R C Church Welfare 7s '46	f21	
Hungarian Cent Mut 7s '37	f11		a o one or mener to a		
Hungarian Ital Bk 714s '32	fii		Saarbruecken M Bk 6s '47	f21	
Hungarian Discount & Ex-	144		Salvador 7%1957	112	
change Bank 7s 1936	f12		7s etfs of deposit_1957	19%	10%
CHRISE DRIFE 191900	310	***	4s scrip	16	11
Jugoslavia 5s funding_1956	58	5934	881948	f19	**
Jugoslavia 2d series 5s_1956	58	59 14	Sa ctfs of deposit_1948	116	
Coupons—	90	0973	Santa Catharina (Brasil)	110	
Nov 1932 to May 1935	173		0.07	f1314	1434
Nov 1935 to May 1937	148		Santa Fe 7s stamped_1942	70	1276
		***		116	17
Koholyt 6 1/8 1943	f22	***	Santander (Colom) 7s1948 Sao Paulo (Brazil) 6s1943	1636	736
Land M Bk Warsaw 8s '41	150		Saxon Pub Works 781945	123	
Leipzig O'land Pr 614s '46	123		6 %	123	
Leipsig Trade Fair 7s. 1953			Saxon State Mtge 6s. 1947	12514	
Luneberg Power Light &	f211/2				
	4001/		Siem & Halske deb 6s.2930 State Mtge Bk Jugoslavia	1000	***
Water 7s1948 Mannheim & Palat 7s. 1941	f22 1/2 f21		1050	73	
Meridionale Elec 7s1957			0.4 mortes for 1056	73	***
	67	45		10	***
Montevideo scrip	f38 f21	45	Oct 1932 to April 1935	176	
Munich 7s to1945 Munic Bk Hessen 7s to '45			Ont 1005 to April 1027	156	***
	f21	***		12214	***
Municipal Gas & Elec Corp	40114		Stettin Pub Util 781946		
Recklinghausen 7s1947	f21 1/2		(N-mildl-nites 4s 1020	180	
Nassau Landbank 614s '38	f33	000	Certificates 4s1936	16936	
Nat Bank Panama	40.0		7s unstamped1946	f74	
(A & B) 6148-1946-1947	f96		Certificates 4s1946	1633	
(C & D) 614s_1948-1949	196		Toho Electric 7s1955	69	1117
Nat Central Savings Bk of	411		Tolima 781947	110%	1136
Hungary 7 1/38 1962	f11	***	Union of Soviet Soc Repub	400 40	01 00
National Hungarian & Ind	414		7% gold ruble1943	186 49	91.00
Mtge 781948	f11		Uruguay	490	40
North German Lloyd 6s '47	199	7017	Conversion scrip	f38	45
481947	6936	7035		f22 16	
Oldenburg-Free State	404		Vesten Elec Ry 7s1947	f21	
7s to 1945	f21		Wurtemberg 7s to1945	12114	

For footnotes see page 3001.

General Corporation and Investment News

/ Flat price.

RAILROAD—PUBLIC UTILITY—INDUSTRIAL—MISCELLANEOUS

NOTE—For mechanical reasons it is not always possible to arrange companies in exact alphabetical order. However, they are always as near alphabetical position as possible.

FILING OF REGISTRATION STATEMENTS UNDER SECURITIES ACT

The following additional registration statements (Nos. 3853) to 3861, inclusive, and 3122, a re-filing) have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. The total involved is approximately \$155,-165,285.

Commonwealth Edison Co. (2-3853, Form A-2), of Chicago, Ill., has filed a registration statement covering 11,506,333 warrants for a maximum of \$35,957,200 3½% convertible debentures due 1958 and 1,438,288 shares of capital stock, par \$25. Filed Nov. 3, 1938. (Further details will be found on a subsequent page.)

Commonwealth Edison Co. (2-3854, Form A-2), of Chicago, Ill., has filed a registration statement covering \$34,000,000 3½% lst mortgage bonds, series I, due 1968. Filed Nov. 3, 1938. (Further details will be found on subsequent page.)

Household Finance Corp. (2-3855, Form A-2), of Chicago, Ill., has filed a registration statement covering 20,000 shares of no par value common stock. The stock is optioned to certain officers and employees at \$45 per share. Proceeds will be used for working capital. B. E. Henderson is President of the company. No underwriter named. Filed Nov. 4, 1938.

U. S. Life Insurance Co. in the City of New York (2-3856, Form A-2).

son is President of the company. No underwriter named. Filed Nov. 4, 1938.

U. S. Life Insurance Co. in the City of New York (2-3856, Form A-2), has filed a registration statement covering 70,000 shares of \$5 par capital stock. The stock will first be offered to stockholders at \$5 per share, then unsubscribed portion up to 30,000 shares will be offered through underwriter at \$5, the balance of unsubscribed stock optioned to underwriter at \$5 per share. Proceeds will be used for working capital. Cornelius V. Starr is President of the company. S. E. Levy & Co. are underwriters. Filed Nov. 7, 1938.

Union Electric Co. of Missouri (2-3857, Form A-2), of 8t. Louis, Mo., has filed a registration statement covering 130,000 shares of \$5 cumulative preferred stock. no par value. Filed Nov. 7, 1938. (Further details will be found on subsequent page.)

Frank L. Wight Distilling Co. (2-3855, Form A-2), of Baltimore, Md., has filed a registration statement covering 2,039 shares of \$100 par 7% cumulative convertible prior preferred stock and 12,039 shares of 5 cents par common stock. The preferred stock will be offered at \$100 per share to the public. Of the common being registered, 5,097 shares will be reserved for conversion of outstanding preferred stock, 4,903 shares will be reserved for conversion of outstanding preferred stock and. 2,039 shares will be offered at \$15 per share. Proceeds will be used for working capital. Charles B. Gillet President. No underwriter named. Filed Nov. 7, 1938.

Continental Oil Co. (2-3859, Form A-2), of New York, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering \$21,071,600 10-year convertible debentures due 1948. Filed Nov. 8, 1938. (Further details will be found on subsequent page.)

Public Service Co. of New Hampshire (2-3860, Form A-2), of Manches for N. H., has filed a registration statement covering \$8,00 shares of \$5

Public Service Co. of New Hampshire (2-3860, Form A-2), of Manchester, N. H., has filed a registration statement covering 8,800 shares of \$5 cumulative dividend series preferred stock, no par value, which are to be offered at \$90 per share. Proceeds to be used to pay bank loans and for corporate purposes. Coffin & Burr, Inc., and others will be underwriters.

Dominion of Canada (2-3861, Schedule B) has filed a registration statement covering \$40,000,000 of 30-year 3% bonds, due Nov. 1, 1968. Filed Nov. 9, 1938. (Further details will be found under "Current Events and Discussions.")

National Gypsum Co. (2-3122, Form A-2, a re-filing), of Buffalo, Y., has filed a registration statement covering 60,000 shares of \$4.50

cumulative convertible preferred stock, no par value, and an undetermined number of shares of \$1 par common stock, including scrip certificates for fractional shares. Filed Nov. 7, 1938. (Further details will be found on subsequent page.)

The last previous list of registration statements was given in our issue of Nov. 5, page 2858.

Addressograph-Multigraph Corp.—Earnings— Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—9 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 x Net profit \$706,187 \$1,544,7 Earnings per share \$0.93 \$2. x Before deducting surtax.—V. 147, p. 2520. \$706,187 \$1,544,702 \$1,178,787 \$1,994,441 \$0.93 \$2.04 \$1.56 \$2.64

Akron & Barberton Belt RR.—Tenders—
Geo. H. Pabst Jr., Treasurer of the Pennsylvania RR., will until 3 p. m.,
Dec. 1, receive bids for the sale to him of sufficient 1st mtge. 4% gold bonds
to exhaust the sum of \$50,694 at prices not exceeding 105 and interest.

—V. 143 p. 3989.

Algoma Steel Corp.—Bonds Offered—Wood, Gundy & Co., Ltd., McLeod, Young, Weir & Co., Ltd., W. C. Pitfield & Co., Ltd., and Cochran, Murray & Co., Ltd., on Nov. 5 offered in the Canadan markets \$3,000,000 1st mtge.

Nov. 5 offered in the Canadian markets \$3,000,000 1st mtge. bonds, series A, at 100 and int.

The issue consists of \$1,200,000 serial 3½%, 4% and 4½% bonds to be dated Nov. 1, 1938 and to mature Nov. 1, 1939-44 and \$1,800,000 conv. 5% 10-year bonds to be dated Nov. 1, 1938, and to mature Nov. 1, 1948. Prin. and half-yearly int. M-N payable at holder's option in lawful money of Canada at any branch of company's bankers in Canada. except Yukon Territory. Trustee: Montreal Trust Co. Serial bonds in denom. of \$1,000, and 5% 10-year bonds in denoms. of \$1,000 and \$5% 10-year bonds in denoms. of \$1,000 and \$5% 10-year bonds in denoms. of \$1,000 and \$5% 10-year bonds in denoms. of \$1,300 and \$5% 10-year bonds at 105 if redeemed on or before Nov. 1, 1943; 104 if red. thereafter and on or before Nov. 1, 1943; 104 if red. thereafter and on or before Nov. 1, 1944; 103 if red. thereafter are not on redefine to maturity, in each case with accrued int. to date of redemption.

An annual sinking fund, commencing Nov. 1, 1945, will be provided for the 5% 10-year bonds, sufficient to retire \$200,000 of such bonds per annum, and the sinking fund requirements may be satisfied by delivery of bonds by the company to the trustee for cancellation. In case of conversion of any such bonds the sinking fund will be proportionately reduced.

In the opinion of counsel, these bonds will be a legal investment for insurance companies registered under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932, as amended.

Conversion Privilege—The serial 3½%, 4% and 4½% bonds will not be convertible. The first \$600,000 of 5% 10-year bonds tendered for conversion will be convertible into no par value common shares of the company on the basis of six shares for each \$100 of bonds, the second \$600,000 on the basis of five shares for each \$100 of bonds, and the last \$600,000 on the basis of four shares for each \$100 of bonds. The conversion privilege extends to and includes Nov. 1, 1943. Appropriate provisions will be contained in the trust deed restricting the company from selling shares of its common stock below the lowest prevailing conversion price of this issue or otherwise diluting its common stock, so long as the conversion privilege is in force.

Company—Incorp. under laws of Province of Ontario on Dec. 12, 1934, to acquire all of the assets and undertaking of a company of the same name which conducted a business established in 1901. Company's plant constitutes one of the largest manufacturing units in Canada and plays an important part in the industrial life of the Province of Ontario. The number of employees under normal operations is approximately 3,000. The sheet and tin plate mill, now under construction, will employ about 300 additional.

Company's properties comprise a completely integrated plant for the manufacture of iron and steel; the properties have been fully maintained in a condition to meet all prospective demands on a competitive basis. Properties owned include 2,300 acres of land at Sault Ste. Marie, with four miles of water front. Its plant includes 158 coke ovens, 4 blast furnaces, open hearth plant, duplex plant, rolling mills, docks, machine ships, silica brick plant, electrical repair shop, and iron and steel indudries. Company owns and operates 40 miles of standard gauge railway on its own properties, together with 235 cars, 14 locomotives and auxiliary equipment.

Company's policy is to diversify its products and broaden its operations. Its iron and steel plant has an annual capacity of 600,000 tons of

Company owns all of the capital stock except director's qualifying shares, of six subsidiary companies, namely, Vannelton Coal & Coke Co., Lake Superior Coal Co., Algoma Ore Properties, Ltd., Algoma Tramways, Ltd., Fiborn Limestone Co., and Algoma Steel Products, Ltd. Through its subsidiaries (Cannelton Coal & Coke Co. and Lake Superior Coal Co.) the company has a potential output of 1,260,000 tons of coal per annum. Production in 1937 was 1,097,436 tons.

Purpose—Proceeds will be used to pay for a mill for the manufacture of black sheet and tin plate and for other corporate purposes. The mill, which is now in process of construction will cost approximately \$2,000,000, and it is expected will be completed by March 31, 1939. It will have an annual capacity of approximately 30,000tons. Company has contracted for the major portion of the output of this mill.

Capitalization as at April 30, 1938 (After giving effect to present issue)

Capitalization as at April 30, 1938 (After giving effect to present issue)

Authorized

Standing

Earnings of Company 12 Months Ended April 30

Earnings of company, according to its books on the same basis during the first five months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$516,564 before deducting bank interest of \$45.708.

Interest requirements of this issue will be \$138,000 in the first year and decreasing amounts in subsequent years through serial maturities until Nov. 1, 1944, and thereafter through the operation of sinking fund. Present annual provision for depreciation amounts to about \$548,000.—V. 147, p. 727.

American Bank Note Co. (& Subs.)-Balance Sheet

	1938	1937	1	1938	1937
Assets—	8	S	Liabilities-	8	8
Real estate, bldgs.,			6% pref. stock	4,495.650	4,495,650
machinery, &c	9,541,963	9,806,109	Common stock	6,527,730	6,527,730
Mat'l & supplies	1,298,844	1,585,850	6% pref. stock of	AL 1104155	
Acc'ts receivable	441,478	1,222,358	foreign subsids.	391,032	391,032
Marketable invest.	1,800,325	1,801,825	Accounts payable.	392,619	397,353
Contract deposits.	75,520	75,620	Reserve for taxes.	499,014	426,779
Invest. of approp.			Advances on cus-		
surplus	807,333	746,118	tomers' orders	228,555	173,317
Cash	4,381,486	3,563,724	Dividends payable	132,429	229,920
Com. stk. acq. for			Appr. sur. for em-		
resale to empl	28,320	54,856	ployees' pensions	807,333	746,118
Deferred charges	54,590	83,808	Surplus	4,955,497	5,552,369
Total	18,429,859	18,940,269	Total	18,429,859	18,940,269

The income account for the 3 and 9 months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2858.

American Bosch Corp.—Rights to Stockholders-

American Bosch Corp.—Rights to Stockholders—
Holders of record Oct. 25, are offered pro rata rights to purchase from the company in the aggregate 417,598 shares of capital stock upon the exercise of subscription warrants from day to day from Oct. 26, until 3:00 p. m., New York City time, on Nov. 15. Each such record holder is granted the right to subscribe at the rate of 1½ shares of capital stock for each share held by him, at \$5 per share, payable at office of New York Trust Co., 100 Broadway, N. Y. City. No fractional shares will be issued, but fractional warrants will be issued where appropriate, which, when combined with another fractional warrant or warrants, together aggregating one full share, will entitled the holder to subscribe for one share at \$5.

Of such 417,598 shares, at least 327,210 shares will in effect be exchanged, at the rate of \$5 per share, for the company's outstanding notes to Mendelssohn & Co. Amsterdam. Company may, from time to time within 30 days after Nov. 15, 1938, sell all or any part of any balance of the 417,598 shares of capital stock, which are not issued upon the exercise of capital stock subscription warrants, through brokers on the New York Stock Exchange, through dealers and (or) directly to stockholders or the public. Such shares will be sold at a price to net the company not less than \$5 per share, and in a manner and upon terms satisfactory to the New York Stock Exchange.

resents an advance of 300,000 Dutch guilders, converted into dollars at the rate of exchange current on June 30, 1938. The notes representing such \$1,636,050 all mature, by their terms, three months from the date thereof. The original advances giving rise to \$1,000,000 principal amount of these notes were made without any agreement as to renewal. Of the original advances giving rise ot \$636,050 of these notes, \$286,050 were made with an agreement by Mendelssohn & Co. Amsterdam permitting renewal until Dec. 31, 1939, \$250,000 with such an agreement permitting renewal until June 30, 1940, and \$100,000 with such an agreement permitting renewal until Dec. 31, 1940. All notes falling due by their terms prior to Oct. 25, 1938 have been periodically renewed, and none is in default. The interest rate on such notes ranges from 5% to 6%. It is the intention of the company to retire the notes to Mendelssohn & Co. Amsterdam from the proceeds of the sale of the capital stock now offered.

• At a meeting of the stockholders held on Sept. 26, 1938, amendments to the certificate of incorporation were adopted whereby the outstanding

capital stock (no par) was reclassified, share for share, into capital stock of the par value of \$1 per share, the authorized amount changed from 500,000 shares to 750,000 shares and the capital stock liability on the outstanding shares reduced to \$278,399.

Note—By an agreement executed on Sept. 6, 1938 between the company and Donald P. Hess, President. Mr. Hess was given, subject to the approval of the stockholders, an option to purchase 15,000 shares of the capital stock of the company at \$12.50 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time prior to March 31, 1943. Such option was approved by the stockholders at a meeting held on Sept. 26, 1938 and 15,000 shares of the company's capital stock of the par value of \$1 per share have been reserved for Mr. Hess upon the exercise of such option.

Application of Proceeds—The proceeds of the loans represented by the company's notes to Mendelssohn & Co. Amsterdam (which loans were made from time to time over the last four years) were used by the company for acquisition of additional manufacturing facilities and for working capital. Since the only firm commitment to purchase the shares of capital stock offered covers only an amount sufficient to pay the company's indebted ness to Mendelssohn & Co. Amsterdam, the total proceeds to the company may be insufficient to make such payment and in addition to pay all the expenses in connection with the sale of the securities, in which event such expenses will be paid out of the company's general funds to the extent necessary. Of the consideration to be received for the capital stock of the company to be sold, \$1 per share is to be credited to capital and the balance, or at least \$4 per share, is to be credited to capital surplus. The expenses of the company in connection with the sale of the securities will be charged to capital surplus.—V. 147, p. 2521

American Cities Power & Light Co.-To Reduce North American Co.'s Holding to Less Than 10%-

American Co.'s Holding to Less Than 10%—

C. M. Finney, President of American Cities Power & Light Corp. and Electric Shareholdings Corp. on Nov. 10 made the following statement: "At the request of American Cities Power & Light Corp. and Electric Shareholdings Corp., the North American Co. has today (Nov. 10) filed a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 for the registration of 775,000 shares of its common stock. We have advised The North American Co. of our intention to dispose of this stock for the purpose of reducing the aggregate of our holdings and the holdings of companies affiliated with us, now representing 18.3% of the voting stock of The North American Co., to below 10%, so that none of these companies could be classified within the definition of a holding company under Section 2(a) (7) (A) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

"The transactions will provide funds which will be used by American Cities Power & Light Corp. and Electric Shareholdings Corp. for reinvestment and for other corporate purposes."—V. 147, p. 2078.

Amerada Corp. (& Subs.)—Earn

Amerada Corp.	or Subs.)	-Larnings		
Period End. Sept. 30— Gross operating income. x Operating expenses		08.—1937 \$3,618,322 1,597,570		$egin{array}{l} fos1937 \\ \$10,266,381 \\ 4,568,896 \end{array}$
Operating incomeOther income	\$1,361,907 317,710	\$2,020,752 1,118,294	\$4,166,481 977,282	\$5,697,485 1,966,184
Total income Deprec depletion and	\$1,679,617	\$3,139,046	\$5,143,763	\$7,663,669
drilling expenses	1,205,792	2,535,274	3,786,877	5,989,790
Net income	\$473,825	\$603,773	\$1,356,886	\$1,673,879
Earns. per sh. on net outstanding stock x Includes geophysical rentals taxes leases about				\$2.12 penses, lease

American Encaustic Tiling Co., Inc.—Listing-

American Encaustic Tiling Co., Inc.—Listing—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 25,000 additional shares of common stock (par \$1) upon official notice of issuance and payment in full, making the total amount applied for 335,000 shares.

Directors on Oct. 10 adopted resolutions authorizing the sale for cash of 25,000 shares of common stock.

Robinson, Miller & Co. Inc. has agreed to purchase up to 25,000 shares to be limited to the extent that the aggregate offering prices and sales prices to the public shall not exceed the sum of \$100,000, and when such point is reached none of the remaining shares will be sold by the company or purchased by Robinson, Miller & Co. Inc. is as follows: (1) the average selling price of all shares of the company's common stock sold on the New York Stock Exchange on the effective date of registration of the underwritten shares pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and on the two business days immediately preceding such effective date, less 50 cents per share, such price per share in no event to be less than \$4; and (2) in addition and as part of the purchase price such excess as shall be received by it, from the sale of any of the underwritten shares at a price per share. The underwritten shares are to be taken down: a minimum of 7,500 shares within 10 days after the afore-mentioned effective date of registration of the underwritten shares under the Securities Exchange Act; and the remaining shares within 30 days after said effective date.

The net proceeds received by the company from the sale of the shares for which additional listing is applied for will be used: to reduce current liabilities by paying off \$62,000 to note creditors not affiliated with the company, of which \$38,500 will go to Franklin Tile Co. in repayment of a loan made to the company within one year the proceeds of which were used for working capital purposes and the payment of current trade obligations, and the balance to other note creditors; and the rem aining cash will be add

Earnings for Period Ended Sept. 3		-9 Mos
Net salesCost of goods sold	\$161,750	\$404,505 266,392
Gross profit	\$64,638 40,602	\$138,113 108,891
Operating profitOther income—interest & miscellaneous	\$24,037 768	\$29,221 2,147
Total incomeOther deductions	\$24,805 1,966	\$31,368 5,196
Taxes—real estate, personal prop., Fed. capital stock tax & Fed. & State payroll. Depreciation. Interest paid and accrued—RFC note	5,324 10,063	15,567 30,190 6,952
Net loss	prof\$5,108	\$26,537

American European Securities Co.—Meeting Adjourned The special meeting of stockholders scheduled for Nov. 2 was adjourned to Nov. 16.—V. 147, p. 2383.

American Seating	Co0	onsol. Balance	Sheet Se	ept. 30-
Assets— 1937	1938	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash surr. value		Notes payable Acc'ts payable and		\$700,000
life insurance 64.176	59.510		\$394,964	502,693
Cus. acc'ts rec	00,000	Res. for Fed. taxes	68,982	120,090
less reserve 2,437,255	2.813.805	6% notes due July	SHOWING THE	
Other receivables 20,308			1,668,000	1,668,000
Inventories 1.493.913		Deferred income	31,076	33,358
L'd., bldgs., mach.,	2,022,000	Com. stock (no par,	- 15 to 20 to 30	
equip., less depr.		221.062 shs.)	3,778,615	3,778,615
reserve 2.724.946	2.626.708	Capital surplus	758,734	758,734
Prepd. & def'd exp 149,912		Earned surplus	512,049	463,739
Miscell. invest'ts, less reserves 5,228	4,104	the artists visional		1965
Total \$7,212,422	\$8,025,229	Total	7,212,422	\$8.025,22

The income statement for nine months ended Sept. 30 w as published V. 147, p. 2859.

3004	F	inancial
American Hair & Felt Co 9 Months Ended Sept. 30— Net sales. Cost of sales, selling, adminis. and get	1938	1937 7 \$9,632,615
Net loss from operations	\$232,65	prf\$931,913
Miscellaneous income Total loss	\$192,75	2 prf\$1022686
Other deductions		
Adjustment of inventory for market	\$548 594	7 Cr51,254 prf\$608,394
Adjustment of reserves in accordan stock inventory method	ce with base	
Net loss	ount includes \$238,959	
provisions for— Depreciation, obsolescence and an	nortization of	1937 5 \$259,658
intangiblesFederal, State and local taxes	\$362,320	272,647
American Surety Co.—Bal		
1938 1937 Assets—	Liabilities— 1938 Capital stock 7,500,	8
Bonds 6,053,142 6,665,471 Stocks 4,225,391 5,207,223	Surplus and un- divided profits 5,191,	122 5,021,828
Premium in course of collection 1,437,042 1,406,132	Res. unearn. prem. 5,813, Res. for reported losses 3,411,	
Accr. int. & rents. 42,504 50,556 Reinsur. and other accts. receivable 172,532 169,206	Res. for unreported losses	
	Exp. & tax reserve 1.154, Contingent reserve 93,	123 1,117,485
Total25,858,839 26,033,644 —V. 147, p. 1916.	Total25,858,	839 26,033,644
American Telephone & T	elegraph Co.—Ear	nings—
American Telephone & T Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—Mo Operating revenues \$8,722,335 Uncoll. oper. revenues 56,993	\$8,873,503 \$76,855,929 47,499 539,007	\$80,848,575 423,744
Operating revenues \$8,665,342 Operating expenses 6,719,968	\$8,826,004 \$76,316,922 6,549,332 59,231,291	\$80,424,831 58,226,416
Net oper. revenues \$1,945,374 Operating taxes 1,031,429	\$2,276,672 1,059,612 \$17,085,631 9,604,674	\$22,198,415 7,639,495
Net operating income. \$913,945 x Net income 35,502,383	\$1,217,060 \$7,480,957 43,578,447 111,550,421	\$14,558,920 132,062,410
x Net income	ary and other companies	which con-
calendar quarter, i. e., March, June dividends are included in "other inco	e. September and Decer ome" in the month in w	month of the nber. These hich they are
taken into the accounts and according for net income does not reflect the ratmonth.—V. 147, p. 2522.	y, the amount reported f te of earnings of the com	or any month pany for that
m r 1		
Entry of this company into the off purchase of the name, assets and bu inc. and formation of a subsdiary co	set press manufacturing siness of the Webendorf wpany to operate the lat	field through fer-Wills Co., tter organiza-
ion's plant at Mount Vernon, N. Y., R. Jones. American Type Founders'	was announced on Nov. President.	5 by Thomas
American Type Founders Entry of this company into the off purchase of the name, assets and bu Inc., and formation of a subsdiary co ion's plant at Mount Vernon, N. Y., R. Jones. American Type Founders' Products to be added to the Amer these steps include the "Webendorder market since 1932, and the "Little Gis to be manufactured at Mount Verno force, or price range. It also is plann organization.	" offset press, which has int" letter press. Both	s been on the will continue
force, or price range. It also is plann organization.	ed to retain most of the I	oresent dealer
Employing more than 200 workers reported to have had a sales volume \$700,000 annually. Its stock was presented to the stock was p	the Webendorfer-Willie in the neighborhood of ivately held. Assets ar	\$ company is \$ \$600,000 to e understood
\$700,000 annually. Its stock was property to have included a large block of unfill announcing the transaction, Mr. give more complete expression to Am	lled orders. Jones stated that it was erican Type Founders' sl	designed "to
thing for the printer'.' He also said cate any units in American Type Fou	that the new products of nders' present line of mo	lid not dupli- re than 4,000
In announcing the transaction, Mr. give more complete expression to Amthing for the printer. He also said cate any units in American Type Fou items including Kelly presses and for The subsidiary company also will Co., Inc. Its officers will include John B. Webendorfer, Vice-President Mount Vernon.—V. 146, p. 3328.	be known as the Webe ohn F. Webendorfer, Pr	ndorfer-Wills resident, and
American Public Service Directors have declared a dividend	of \$2.50 per share on a	ccount of ac-
cumulations on the 7% cumulative pref to holders of record Nov. 30. Last p made on Dec. 16, 1937.—V. 147, p. 1	erred stock, par \$100, par previous payment was \$1 .182.	.75 per share
American Utilities Service	e Corp. (& Subs.)-	-Earnings
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross earningsOperating expenses, maintenance and	taxes 2,697,859	\$3,617,968 2,614,619
Net earnings before provision for re Other income	tirements \$1,011,809 11,196	\$1,003,349 18,301
Net earnings, including other incorprovision for retirements	\$1.023.005	\$1,021,650
Provision for retirements	uction) 82.154	
Equity of minority stockholders in n subsidiary companies	19.251	30,567 19,383
Balance of net income of subsidiar applicable to American Utilities 8	y companies	
Expenses and taxes of American Util	lities Service	
Consolidated net income, before inter- debt of American Utilities Service C Interest on funded debt of Ameri	est on funded corp\$470,346	\$466,008
Service Corp	341,408	
Consolidated net income	ot include the operations	of Yankton
Anchor Hocking Glass Co	Pr.—Ronds of Sub.	Called-
This company has called for paymediass Co. 6% bonds now outstanding ment will be on the basis of 100 for bonds, plus interest in both cases.—V	g, which are due Dec. 1, endorsed and 101% for	1939. Pay- r unendorsed
American Water Works		
Outmut-		All and the second second second
Output of electric energy of the electric Oo. for the week electric Oo. for the week electric energy of the electric energy of the electric objects of the electric energy of the elect	the output of 46,531,000	kwh. for the

Chromete			NOV. 1	, 1930
Comparative table of w years follows: Week Ended— 1938 Oct. 15	1937 00 48,623,0 00 48,276,0 00 47,370,0	1936 00 49,473,00 00 50,073,00 00 49,530,00	1935 0 41,682,000 0 42,109,000 0 42,949,000	1934 33,001,000 33,625,000 34,057,000
Andes Copper Min				
9 Months Ended Sept. 30 Operating income Income from railroad and	—	trerillos Ry.]	1938 \$2,614,417 141,964	1937 \$5,463,646 321,955
Total income	ncome taxe	s estimated	\$2,756,381 20,301 376,584 918,429	\$5,785,601 180,345 1,007,299 800,700
Consol. net income, with Earnings per share on 3,582 No provision has been —V. 147, p. 1027.	$2.379 \mathrm{shares}$	capital stk.	\$0.40	\$3,797,257 \$1.06 xes, if any.
Anglo Iranian Oil Directors have declared Depository receipts payabl p. 2834; V. 145, p. 2834.	on intorin	a dividend a	f 50% on th	e American 8.—V. 145,
Archer-Daniels-M 3 Mos. End. Sept. 30— y Net profit Earns. per share	1938 x\$194,918 \$0.26 artax on un	1937 x\$ 358,450 \$ 0.56 distributed e	1936 \$523,444 \$0.85 arnings. y	1935 \$397.059 \$0.62 After depre- k (no par).
Arizona Edison Control End. Sept. 30—10 Operating revenue	o., Inc.— 1938—3 Mo \$399,255 312,085	-Earnings- s.—1937 \$429,071 342,851	1938—12 M \$1,564,951 1,272,830	os.—1937 \$1,538,827 1,320,168
Net operating revenue	\$87,170 7,029	\$86.221 4,973	\$292,121 28,180	\$218,659 25,954
Gross income Int. on 1st mtge. bonds_ Int. on 2nd mtge, income	\$94,199 34,497	\$91,194 34,497	\$320,301 137,989	\$244,613 137,989
bonds	$26,029 \\ 2,459 \\ 6,902 \\ 202$	2,379 8,248 137	103,900 9,597 5,552 980	9,594 10,958 580
Balance Note—No provision has b for year 1937.—V. 147, p.	\$24,110 been made f	\$45,932 or surtaxes o	\$62,282 n undistribut	\$85,492 ted earnings
Arizona Power Co	rp.—Ear	nings—	1938	1937
Operating revenue Operating expenses		_	\$432,706 292,514	\$483,284 329,884 \$153,399
Non-operating income			\$140,192 5,024	2,426
Gross income			\$145,216 57,487 108 873 913	\$155,826 61,482 110 1,477 2,829
Net incomeSinking fund appropriation			\$85,834 85,834	\$89,927 89,927
Bal. for pref. & com. stoc	ks & surplu	8	Nil	Nil
Notes—(1) 1937 figures r (2) Net income is apprextend of the corporation's to the declaration and payr	opriated for sinking fun ment of any	r sinking fur d requirement dividends.—	nd purposes its, and is a p -V. 147, p.	to the full prior charge 1027.
Artloom Corp.—A Directors have declared cumulations on the 7% c holders of record Nov. 18 quarters. Accruals after t share.—V. 147, p. 1183.	a dividend	at 21 75 man	shows on and	Dec. 1 to preceding 55.25 per
Asbestos Corp., Ltd.—Extra Dividend— The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to an extra dividend of \$1.50 per share on the common stock. both payable Dec. 31 to holders of record Dec. 15. Extras of 50 cents were paid on Sept. 30, June 30 and on March 31, last, these latter being the initial distributions on this stock.—V. 147, p. 2080.				
Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Weekly and Monthly Output— For the week ended Nov. 4, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 92,493,440 units (kwh.). This is an increase of 2,427,839 units, or 2.7% above production of 90,065,601 units a year ago. For the month of October, production amounted to 401,219,010 units, which is 2,176,871 units, or 0.5% below the comparable figure for October of last year. This is the best comparative showing for any month since				
which is 2,176,871 units, or 0.3% below the comparable figure for October of last year. This is the best comparative showing for any month since November, 1937. For the 12 months ended Oct. 31, the System reports output of 4,491,-805,725 units, which is a decrease of 188,583,370 units, or 4.0%, below the comparable figure for previous 12 months period. Gas sendout for October was off 0.9% to 1.864,213,200 cubic feet. For the 12 months period, however, sendout had increased 5.4% to 23,227,-362,500 cubic feet.—V. 147, p. 2859.				
the 12 months period, how 362,500 cubic feet.—V. 14	vever, send 7, p. 2859.	out had incr	eased 5.4%	to 23,227,-
Atlanta Gas Light 12 Months Ended Sept. 30 Operating revenues Operating expenses and taxe)		1938 \$4,570,846 3,544,101	1937 \$3,826,407 3,054,079
Net oper revenues before Non-operating income			\$1,026,745 1,649	\$772,328 57,550
Gross income before provision for retirements			237,846	\$829,878 150,451
Gross income	int and exp	ense	\$790,548 283,712 11,371 23,907 128 3,002	\$679,427 252,982 16,059 21,000
Other deductions			3,002	136

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines (&

Subs.)—Earnings—				
Period End. Sept. 30—	1938—Mon	th—1937		108.—1937
Operating revenues	\$1,947,279	\$2,056,467		\$20,764,699
Oper. exps. (incl. deprec.)	1,888,979	1,967,503		19,058,374
Net oper. revenue	\$58,299	\$88,964	\$683,036	\$1,706,325
	37,868	38,103	371,323	461,647
Operating income Other income	\$20,431	\$50,861	\$311,713	\$1,244,678
	2,743	3,195	40,527	38,772
Gross income	\$23,174	\$54,056	\$352,240	\$1,283,450
Interest, rentals, &c	102,668	109,233	952,136	998,343
Net loss	\$79,494 147, p. 2522.	\$55,176	\$599,896	x\$285,107

Automobile Finance Co.—Comparative Balance Sneet

Sept. 30-					
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash	\$554,795		Notes payable		\$4,294,000
Notes & accept's			Acets. & ins. pay-		
receivable	2.746,802	5.739.422			60,628
Cash surr, value of		-11-0-1-0-	Reserves		608,695
life insurance	33,548	30,190			
Other notes and			par)	1.000,000	1,000,000
accts. receivable	62.819	20,640			
Repossessed autos.	19.882	18,192			493.784
Def'd charges (pre-			Earned surplus		327,423
paid int., ins. &			Capital surplus		
expenses)	19.576	37,885			40444
Land & office bldg.	,	0.,	E TO A SHALL MANY		
(deprec'd value)	167,020	161,770			
Furn., fixts. & co.			State of the last		
autos. (deprec'd					
value)	35.118	27,708			
			17.11.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.21.		
Total	3,639,561	\$6,784,530	Total	\$3,639,561	\$6,784,530

The earnings for the nine months ended Sept. 30 were published in V. 147. p. 2674.

Bangor & Aroostook RR.—Collateral Released-

Dangor & Aroostook RR.—Collateral Released—Old Colony Trust Co. has notified the New York Stock Exchange of the release of the following securities from the collateral held by it as trustee under consolidated refunding mortgage of the Bangor & Aroostook RR. Co. \$1,649,000 first mortgage St. John River extension 5% bonds due Aug. 1,1939.
\$1,536,000 first mortgage Washburn extension 5% bonds due Aug. 1,1939.
The above securities were forwarded to the trustee of the issues in connection with the aischarge of the indentures securing said extension bonds—V. 147, p. 2674.

Bangor Hydro-El	lectric Co		98— 1938—12 A	for —1027
Gross earnings Operating expenses Taxes accrued Depreciation	\$186,246	\$191,963	\$2,223,377	\$2,210,658
	60,124	67,357	711,569	761,358
	30,000	29,700	353,800	325,000
	12,137	11,182	160,645	137,131
Net operating revenue	\$83,985	\$83,724	\$997,364	\$987,168
Fixed charges	25,738	23,985	301,438	301,692
Surplus	\$58,246	\$59,739	\$695,926	\$685,476
Div. on pref. stock	25,483	25,483	305,794	305,794
Div. on common stock	21,722	18,101	260,659	217,216
Balance -V. 147, p. 2236.	\$11,042	\$16,155	\$129,473	\$162,466

Bartgis Brothers Co.—Earnings— 9 Months Ended Sept. 30— Net sales x Net profit 1938 \$571,948 51,111

x After provision for estimated State and Federal income taxes.
Ratio of current assets to total liabilities as of Sept. 30, 1938, was 2.6 to 1,
working capital \$135,720, as compared with Dec. 31, 1937, ratio of current
assets to liabilities was 2.7 to 1 and working capital \$138,593.
October, 1938, sales were above the 9 months average and backlog orders
as of Oct. 29, 1938, amounted to \$142,000.—V. 147, p. 1917.

Beech-Nut Packing Co.—Special Dividend-

Directors have declared a special dividend of 50 cents per share onthe common stock, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 22. An extra dividend of 25 cents in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share was paid on Oct. 1, last and in each of the seven preceding quarters. A special dividend of \$1 was paid on Dec. 15, 1937.—V. 147, p. 2523.

Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania—Earnings-

Period End. Sept. 30— Telep. oper. revenues_as Oper. expenses	16,639,688	\$16,819,685	a\$68,405557	Mos.—1937 \$68,326,764 46,419,898
Net oper. revenues	\$4,803,647	\$4,931,023	\$21,053,035	
Taxes (incl. Federal)	1,330,271	1,339,153	5,707,092	
Net oper. income	\$3,473,376	\$3,591,870	\$15,345,943	\$16,185,064
Other income	Dr2,268	Dr9,889	Dr36,950	Dr89,202
Net avail fixed charges		\$3,581,981	\$15,308,994	\$16,095,862
Int. and other fixed chgs.		1,338,387	5,409,671	5,362,994
Net income	\$2,116,524	\$2,243,594	\$9,899,323	\$10,732,869
Preferred dividends	325,000	325,000	1,300,000	1,300,000
Common dividends	2,200,000	2,200,000	8,800,000	8,800,000
D-1 1-4-14	0400 480	2001 405	2000 055	4000 000

Balance, deficit----- \$408,476 \$281,405 \$200,677 sur\$632,869 a Revenues shown include amounts subject to possible refund in the event of adverse court decision in pending rate case as follows: Three months ended Sept. 30, \$109,000; 12 months ended Sept. 30, \$216,000. Provision against contingency of such refund has been made in surplus reserves.

Note—No provision made for undistributed profits tax imposed under Revenue Act of 1936.—V. 147, p. 2860.

Beneficial Industrial Loan Corp. (& Subs.)-Balance

Bricer Bept. 00					
Cash. b Instal. notes rec. 5 Miscell. notes and acc'ts receivable Investments	1938 \$4,751,577 66,278,729 41,523 15,169 27,876 690,161 116,056	24,381 15,202 28,276 672,661 198,141	Other curr. liabil Due to assoc. co Empl. thrift acc'ts Deferred income	1,467,331 188,486 455,544 389,031 2,917,944 588,720	283,194 354,387 676,408 2,556,926 776,536
Other assets	45,238		Res. for ins., &c Outside int. in secs. of sub. cos Preferred stock! a Common stock! Paid-in surplus	650,950 12,500 0,770,650 6,585,168	2,112,338 12,500 10,770,650 16,585,168 6,983,828
			-		

The income statement for the nine months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2860.

Bishop Oil Corp.—Earnings-

The second secon		3 Mont	hs	-9 Months
Period-	Mar. 31 '38	June 30 '38	Sept. 30 '38	Sept. 30 '38
Gross income		\$147,965	\$143,342	\$465,555
Net profit	33,925	6,201	5,078	45,204
Net profit per share	- 9.2c		1.4c	12.2c
Note—The consolidat	ed net profit	is after dec	lucting all ch	arges includ-
ing depletion, depreciat	ion, leases a	and wells ab	pandoned, an	d estimated
Federal income taxes.—	-V. 147, p. 2	238.		

Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co.-Files Registra-

tion Statement-

Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement covering issuance of \$4,000,000 of 3½% mortgage and collateral trust bonds, series D, due on Dec. 1, 1968. The proceeds, together with treasury funds, will be used to pay at maturity \$4,045,000 of the company's first and general mortgage 5% gold bonds due on Jan. 1, 1939.—V. 147, p. 2860.

Borg-Warner Corp.—Earnings—

[Including	Consti	ituent Compa	nies]	
Profit after expenses \$30	938 97,659 73,717	\$8,120,812 471,985	\$7,164,941 379,288	\$6,202,445 307,111
Depreciation 1,51 Interest, &c 14 Federal tax 1	31,377 8,304 17,068 29,574 22,107	\$8,592,797 1,433,907 379,234 1,218,501	\$7,544,229 1,365,773 249,557 1,067,255	\$6,509,556 1,268,197 180,343 848,009
Net profitloss\$1, Pref. divs. Borg-Warner Corp	ш,462	x\$5,561,156	x\$4,861,644 88,564	\$4,213,008 167,496
Surplus after pref. div.def\$1, Shares common stock2.30 Earnings per shareloss	$02,038 \\ 0.483$	\$5,561,156 2,302,018 \$2,41	\$4,773,080 1,150,967 \$4.14	\$4,045,512 1,150,938 \$3.52

Consol	idated Bala	nce Sheet Sept. 30	CONTRACTOR OF
Assets— 1938	1937	Liabilities— 1938	1937
x Property, plant	William Co.	Common stock 12,309,440	12,309,340
Cash 8,954,297	5,590,864		9,091,577
Market.securities 79,655 Notes & accts. re- ceivable, &c 4.682.846		Adv. royalties and other def'd inc 144,204 Refrigerator main-	208,046
Inventories10,711,565 Prepayments & de-			911,289 673,323
ferred charges 913,248		Min. int. in sub def.1,907 Appraisal and cap-	*****
Goodwill, pats., &c 835,816		ital surplus 11,219,031	$\substack{11,321,172\\14,234,130}$

Total _____43,465,756 48,748,877 Total _____43,465,756 48,748,877 * After depreciation. y Includes 159,850 shares of common and 296 shares of pref. stock of Borg-Warner Corp. * Includes 159,850 shares of Borg-Warner common stock.—V. 147, p. 2860.

Boston Consolidated Gas Co. - Monthly Output (Cub. ft.)

Month of—	1938	1937
January	1,337,281,000	1,196,712,000
	1.153,410,000	1.096,227,000
March		1.205.530.000
April		1.045.588.000
May		994.206.000
June		901.039.000
July	010 010 000	805,845,000
August		783.434.000
September		902.211.000
October		1.035.888.000
-V. 147, p. 1634.		100000000000000000000000000000000000000

Breeze Corporations, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Earnings for 9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1938 Sales
Profit before Federal taxes on income
Earnings per share on 320,523 shares outstanding The unfilled orders, as at Sept. 30, 1938, are approximately \$1,500,000. These figures do not include the Breeze Corp. of Great Britain, Ltd. in which this corporation has a 40% interest. The unfilled orders of this affiliate company, as at Sept. 30, 1938, are in excess of \$1,000,000.—V. 147, p. 2524.

Brockway Motor Co., Inc.—Transfer Agent—
The Chase National Bank of the City of New York has been appointed transfer agent of the common stock, \$10 par, of this company.—V. 142, p. 3157.

Brown Fence & Wire Co.—Sales

Sales in October were \$313,637, as compared with \$255,028 in the corresponding month last year, a gain of 23%. September sales were \$338,677. Sales for the first four months of the company's fiscal year were \$1,135,-096, a gain of 8% from sales of \$1,046,366 in corresponding period last year. With October sales showing gains of 23% over the same month last year, the company reports that plans for 1939 include greater expansion into soft goods lines, such as sport clothing, and greater diversification of its business in other ways.—V. 147, p. 2239.

Brown Paper Mill Co., Inc.—Bonds Called—All of the outstanding first (closed) mortgage s. f. 6% gold bonds, series B, due June 1, 1944, have been called for redemption on Dec. 1 at 103 and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the Contineural National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago.—V. 146, p. 3329.

Buffalo Niagara & Eastern Power Corp. (& Subs.)—

Earnings— Period End. Sept. 30—	1938—3 M	os.—1937	1938—12 A	
Operating revenues Operating rev. deduct'ns	\$8,405,080 5,847,421	\$9,827,382 6,729,281	\$35,275,208 24,386,844	
Operating income Non-oper. inc. (net)	\$2,557,659 5,256	\$3,098,101 Dr3,361	\$10,888,364 8,609	\$13,868,033 12,021
Gross income	\$2,562,916	\$3,094,740	\$10,896,973	\$13,880,054
Deductions from gross income	1,069,876	1,111,855	4,301,438	4,673,868

\$1,493,039 \$1,982,885 \$6,595,535 \$9,206,186 Notes—(1) Operating revenue deductions for the 3 months ended Sept. 30, 1937 include \$189,748 and \$272,674 repsectively, and for the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1938 and Sept. 30, 1937 \$898,457 and \$596,669 respectively, representing expenditures incurred in connection with changing customers' electric equipment to standard frequency. Prior

with changing customers' electric equipment to standard frequency. Prior to Jan. 1, 1937, such expenditures were charged to surplus.

(2) No provision has been made for possible surtax on undistributed profits for the calendar year 1938 under the 1938 Federal income tax law.

—V. 147, p. 883.

Meeting of shareholders of this company and Moore Corp., Ltd., to discuss proposal for amalgamation has been called for Nov. 30.

In a letter mailed to shareholders, a plan was outlined providing that the amalgamated company shall continue under the name of Moore Corp., Ltd., and that present holders of Moore Corp. preferred and common stock will receive share for share in the new company, while holders of F. N. Burt pref. will receive pref. "A" of Moore Corp. share for share, and F. N. Burt

common shareholders will receive three shares of Moore Corp. for each four shares of Burt now held.

Authorized capital of the new company will be 35,000 7% cumulative convertible class A preference shares, \$100 par, and 25,000 shares 7% cumulative convertible class B preference shares, \$100 par, and 500,000 no-par common shares.

At present time, Moore Corp. issued capitalization consists of 32,848 shares of 7% class A preferred stock, 6,899 shares class B preferred and 335,693 shares no-par common shares. F. N. Burt structure comprises 568 shares \$100 par 7% preferred stock and 107,728 shares common stock, 355 par.

If approved by shareholders, amalgamation would be carried through as of end of current fiscal year.—V. 147, p. 2386.

Buffalo Niagara Electric Corp.—Earnings

Period Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues. Operating revenue deductions	1938-3 M	ss.—1937 \$5.365.542	12 Mos. 1938 \$19,357,269 15,064,319
Operating income	\$ 884,696	\$1,252,120	\$4,292,951
	2,152	Dr97	4,738
Gross income Deductions from gross income	\$886,848	\$1,252,022	\$4,297,689
	497,476	523,377	2,005,569
Net income	for possible	\$728,645 surtax on u 7. 147, p. 176	indistributed

profits under the 1938 Federal income tax law.—	. 141, p. 110	10.
California Oregon Power Co.—Earn Year Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues.—Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes.——	1938 \$4,636,859	1937 \$4,685,977 1,891,565
x Net operating revenue	\$2,590,003 569 Dr57,746	\$2,794,411 1,586 Dr46,529
x Net operating revenue and other income Appropriation for retirement reserve	\$2,532,827 300,000	\$2,749,468 300,000
Gross income	\$2,232,827 238,210 843,977 203,221	\$2,449,468 238,073 841,724 203,133
abandoned Amortization of limited-term investment Other income deductions	45,047 7,270 18,619	45,047 5,453 14,231
Net income	\$876,483	\$1,101,807

x Before appropriation for retirement reserve.

Notes—(1) The revenues and expenses subsequent to Jan. 1, 1937 are shown in accordance with the classifications of accounts prescribed by regulatory commissions effective Jan. 1, 1937 which differ in certain respects from the classifications previously followed by the company. In certain instances the figures prior to Jan. 1, 1937 have been adjusted in accordance with the new classifications of accounts.

(2) No provision was made for Federal income taxes or surtax on undistributed profits for 1936 as the company claimed as a deduction in its final income tax return for that year the unamortized discount and expense and redemption prendum and expense on bonds and debentures redeemed in 1936 which resulted in no taxable income for 1936.—V. 147, p. 2861.

Callahan Zinc-Lead Co.-Earnings-Sept. 30, '38 June 30, '38 \$2,849 loss\$13,765 3 Months Ended— Profit after taxes, depreciation, &c_____

	(Condensed 1	Balance Sheet		
Assets— x Mineral claims. * Other invest'ts Inv. in affiliates. Prepayments and deferred charges Due from affil.cos Other assets. Cash. Cash deposits Acc'ts & notes rec. Inventories	Sept. 30'38 \$2,648,631 2 536,040 3,078 29,362 228,600 880	Dec. 31 '37 \$2,607,486 2 109,061 2,856 364		\$1,801,538 871 2,000,794 328,739 1,299 375	1,600,830 287,826 27,930
Matel	00 455 044	20 040 070	(Dana)		80 040 05

Total______\$3,477,944 \$2,846,873 Total_____\$3,477,944 \$2,846,873 * Represents acquisition of interest in New Park Mining, Livengood Placers and Argentine Syndicate.

* After reserve for depreciation of \$3,093,432 in 1938 and \$3,087,288 in 1937.—V. 147, p. 2861.

Canada Foundries & Forgings, Ltd.—Class A Dividend
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the
class A stock, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15. Like amount
was paid on July 2, last and a dividend of \$1 was paid on Jan. 5, last, this
latter being the first payment made since July 15, 1931 when a dividend of
37½ cents per share was distributed.—V. 146, p. 3662.

Canada Northern Power Corp., Ltd.-Earnings-Not earnings______\$239,143 \$246,653 \$2,110,039 \$2,144,928

Canadian Car & Foundry Co.—44-Cent Pref. Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of 44 cents per share on the preferred stock, payable on account of accumulations on Jan. 10 to holders of record Dec. 23. A dividend of 43 cents was paid on Oct. 10 last, and dividends of 44 cents were paid on July 11, April 11 and on Jan. 10, 1938.—V. 147, p. 1482.

1938 1937

Decrease

Canadian National Ry.—Earnings-Earnings of System for Week Ending Nov. 7

Gross revenues \$4,011,965 —V. 147, p. 2861.	\$6,068,109	\$56,144
Central Illinois Electric & Gas Co. 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses and taxes.	-Earning 1938 \$4,707,000 2,772,545	8— 1937 \$4,914,096 2,810,496
Net oper. revs. before prov. for retirements Non-operating income	\$1,934,455 Dr4,930	\$2,103,601 54,066
Gross income before prov. for retirements Provision for retirements	\$1,929.525 466,807	\$2,157,666 435,000
Gross income	\$1,462,717 842,146 7,536 5,179 10,440 3,134	\$1,722,666 842,762 7,153 5,179 11,161

Net income_____ Dividends on common stock_ \$594,282 631,057 Canadian Pacific Dr. Farming

Canadian Facilit Ry Ed	iningo		
Earnings for 10-Day	Period Ende	d Oct. 31	
	1938	\$4,801,000	\$790,000

Carman & Co., Inc .- Accumulated Dividend-

Directors on Nov. 7 declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulated arrears of dividends on the \$2 cum. conv. class A stock, payable Dec. 1 to the holders of record on Nov. 15. A dividend of \$1 was paid on Sept. 1 last, and one of 50 cents was paid on June 1 last. See also V. 146, p. 905.—V. 147, p. 884.

Central Illinois Public Service Co.—Accum. Dividend-

Directors have declared dividends of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the \$6 and 6% cumulative preferred stocks, both payable Dec. 15 holders of record Nov. 19, leaving arrearages of \$21 per share.—V. 147, p. 2677.

Central Indiana Gas Co.—Earnings-	1938	1937
12 Months Ended Sept. 30—	\$2,098,856	\$2,282,742
Operating revenues.————————————————————————————————————	1,674,577	1,816,117
Net oper. revs. before prov. for retirements	\$424,278	\$466,625
Non-operating income	Dr57,354	27,633
Gross income before provision for retirements	\$366,924	\$494,258
Provision for retirements	108,811	86,567
Gross income. Bond interest. Notes (parent and affiliated companies), interest. Other interest. Amortization of debt discount and expense. Federal and State tax on bond interest. Other deductions.	\$258,112 139,425 81,250 4,010 893 573 1,087	\$407,692 89,175 184,358 4,566 556
Net income	\$30.874	\$129.036

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1938 the company adopted the new uniform system of accounts for gas utilities prescribed by the Public Service Commission of Indiana. Such system differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence the pervious year figures shown in these statements are not comparable.—V. 147, p. 1185.

Central Paper Co -Ralance Sheet Sent 30.

Central	per co.	Duoure	ce bucce bept. o	0	
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash on hand and			Notes & acc'ts pay.	\$141,407	\$119,399
in banks	865,950	\$140,723	Accrued liabilities_	89,521	86,480
Acc'ts rec. (cust.) _	250,536	160,514	1st M. s. f. bonds.	583,000	645,500
Miscell. rec'bles	1,031	263	Int. on def. taxes		
Advs. & wood pur.			and notes	6,313	*
contracts	35,435		Notes pay. (non-		
Inventories	594,420	555,525	current)	10,782	17,006
Acc'ts rec'ble from			Real & pers. prop.		
sub. cos		37,404	taxes (non-curr.)	58,794	68,726
Other assets	134,197	106,629	Contracts payable	2,822	
Inv. in and advs.			Reserves	2,065	18,089
to sub. cos	10,542	50,983	3%-6% non-conv.		
a Fixed assets	1,483,568	1,492,529	cum .pf. stk . (\$10		
Deferred charges	68,557	79,249	par)	321,300	321,300
Salar Strain Strain			3%-6% conv. cum.		
			pf. stk. (\$10 par)	389,275	389,275
			Com. stk. (\$1 par)	145,578	145,578
			Capital surplus	265,007	252,792
			Earned surplus	b628,369	591,372

Total_____\$2,644,236 \$2,655,520 Total_____\$2,644,236 \$2,655,520 a After reserve for depreciation of \$2,302,737 in 1938 and \$2,196,358 in 1937. b Consists of earned surplus appropriated for sinking fund A \$43,290, earned surplus appropriated for sinking fund B \$27,845 (\$23,033 has been deposited with trustee to meet prior year requirements) and earned surplus available for dividends of \$557,234.

The income statement for the three months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2861.

Central & South West Utilities Co. - Accum. Divs .-The directors have declared dividends as payments against arrears of \$1.75 per share on the prior lien preferred stock, \$7 dividend series, and \$1.50 per share on the prior lien preferred stock, \$6 dividend series, and \$1.50 per share on the prior lien preferred stock, \$6 dividend series, to be paid Dec. 20 to holders of record Nov. 30. Similar amounts were paid on Oct. 20, July 20 and April 20 last. See also V. 146, p. 3663.—V. 147, p. 1921.

Century Shares 9 Mos. End. Sept. 30— Income received Net income Total income Dividend paid Aug. 1		Earnings— 1937 \$324,927 300,656 302,895 211,038	211.182	1935 \$101,473 91,512 107,277 69,203
Undistributed income_	\$98,596	\$91,857	\$77,260	\$38,074
Capital .	Account 9 M	Ionths Ended	Sept. 30	
	1938	1937	1936	1935
Proceeds from issue of shares—Bal. Dec. 31.4 For 9 mos. end. Sept. 30	14,395,034	\$14,844,359 1,470,364	\$9,252,412 4,653,153	\$5,441,904 2,282,165
Less average paid-in value of shares purch. & retired during the		\$16,314,723	Account to	\$7,724,069
period	639,127	1,194,849	32,677	
Balance a Credit—Bal. Dec. 31 For 9 mos.end.Sept.30	1.437,310 182,465	\$15,119,874 971,142 183,006	964,449	\$7,724,069 964,449
TotalBal. of prof. & loss from sales of securities:	\$1,619,775	\$1,154,148	\$969,381	\$964,449
Bal., loss, Dec. 31	2,768,773	2,803,995	2,720,855	2,671,337
Loss for 9 mos. ended Sept. 30	42,079	prof4,812	7	72,585
tax basis		À 60	80,786	
Total lossBal. of capital accounts_	\$2,810,852 13,675,594	\$2,799,183 13,474,838	\$2,801,641 12,040,628	\$2,743,922 5,944,595

paid-in value the	reof at da	ites of pure	chase.		
	Bal	ance She	et Sept. 30		
	1938	1937		1938	1937
Assets— Investments:	3		Liabilities— Accrued expenses.	3.487	2.195
Casualty insur	834.067	755.598		9,587	6,378
Fire insurance	8,007,747	8,011,164	x Shares outst'g 1	3,675,594	13,474,838
N. Y. banks and	1,090,460	1,062,042		98,596	91.857
trust cos	2,625,461	2.808,450	come	90,090	91,001
Other banks and		OF STREET	MODESTI TO		
trust cos	756,664	723,703	The bearing of		
Cash in bank	396,143	153,540	SCHOOLSEL IN THE LA		
Accr. divs. rec	64,096	60,771	ADDINGS BUILDING		
Acc't rec. for part. shares sold	12,626		Life on Life on Life	0.1	
Total	13,787,264	13,575,269	Total1	3,787,264	13,575,269

x Represented by 520,250 (510,113 in 1937) participating shares (no par) and 520,250 (510,113 in 1937) ordinary shares (no par).—V. 147, p. 885.

Central New York Power Corp. (& Period Ended Sept. 36— Operating revenues Operating revenue deductions	3 Mos.1938 \$5,673,872	### Carnings 12 Mos.1938 \$24,081,085 18,462,262
Operating income	\$1,315,757 7,463	\$5,618,823 30,114
Gross income	\$1,323,220 656,273	
Net income	e surtax on u	indistributed

Chesapeake Corp.—Stockholders to Vote on Dissolution Nov. 28—To Auction Erie RR. Holdings Nov. 29—

A special meeting of the stockholders will be held Nov. 28 for the follow-

ing purposes:
(1) To consider and take action upon a plan for the complete liquidation of the corporation:

(1) To consider and take action upon a plan for the complete liquidation of the corporation:

(2) To consider and take action upon the reduction of the amount of issued capital stock of this corporation from \$74,242,040 to \$179,974, being an amount equal to 10 cents per share of capital stock outstanding, which has been declared advisable by the board of directors

(3) To consider and take action upon the dissolution of the corporation, which has been declared advisable by the board of directors.

C. L. Bradley, President, in a letter dated Nov. 7 states:
At a meeting of the stockholders held on June 14, 1938, the stockholders requested the directors to give consideration to bringing about the dissolution of the corporation. Directors have now resolved that the liquidation of the corporation is advisable and to that end have called a meeting of stockholders to be held at the offices of the corporation in Baltimore, Md., on Nov. 28. In connection therewith the directors have declared advisable the reduction of the capital stock of the corporation from \$74,242,040 to \$179,974.

Corporation's principal asset consists of 2,359,480 shares of the common

on Nov. 28. In connection therewith the directors have declared advisable the reduction of the capital stock of the corporation from \$74,242,040 to \$179,974.

Corporation's principal asset consists of 2,359,480 shares of the common stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. This stock, carried on the balance sheet at a cost of \$83,543,741, had an indicated value as of Oct. 31, 1938, the date of such balance sheet, of \$81,402,060, based upon the closing bid on the New York Stock Exchange at such date. The corporation also holds 27,500 shares of the common stock of Pere Marquette Ry., which stock, carried on the balance sheet at a cost of \$4,783,959, had an indicated value as of Oct. 31, 1938, of \$419,375, based upon the closing bid on the New York Stock Exchange at such date, and 69,000 shares of the common stock of Erie RR., which stock, carried on the balance sheet at a cost of \$2,245,113, had an indicated value as of Oct. 31, 1938, of \$172,500, based upon the closing bid on the New York Stock Exchange at such date. Of the \$4,928,489 of cash appearing in the attached balance sheet \$4,499,363 was paid to stockholders on Nov. 4, 1938, as a dividend.

The plan of liquidation provides that after the reduction in capital, the directors shall from time to time make distributions of assets to stockholders, either in cash or in kind, by way of liquidation, and it is contemplated that a substantial initial distribution of the common stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. will be made promptly upon the approval of the plan and of the reduction in capital at the stockholders meeting. It is expected, however, that complete liquidation of the corporation will extend over a considerable period of time but in no event beyond Dec. 31, 1941. It is the opinion of the board of directors that it is contrary to the best interest of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry., and consequently of the corporation and its stockholders, that the stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry, held by the corporation and its stockholders, that the stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry, held by it

he bids.

The balance of the purchase price shall be paid to Chesapeake Coagainst delivery of the shares purchased on the day following the safe.

Balance Sheet Oct. 31, 1938

Assets— Investments—at cost, including values determined by directors at time of acquisition: 2,359,480 shares common stock of C. & O. Ry_\$83,543,741 27,500 shs. com. stock of Pere Marquette Ry4,783,959 69,000 shares common stock of Erie RR2,245,113	x\$ 90,572813
Cash Deferred taxes Other assets	10,667
Total Liabilities— Dividend declared—payable Nov. 4, 1938 Accounts payable Provision for unadjusted payroll and services rendered Accrued Federal capital stock tax Federal taxes on income: a Provision for period of 10 months ended Oct. 31,	\$4,499,363 4,669 125,000 15,000
1938—estimated	2,000,000 74,242,040 12,392,403

x Indicated value of investments at Oct. 31, 1938, was \$81,993,935 based upon closing bid prices on the New York Stock Exchange at that date. a Provision has been made for Federal taxes on 1937 and prior income on the basis of amounts assessed or as set forth in the corporation's income tax returns. The return for 1937 and the returns for certain prior years are subject to final determination of liability for Federal income taxes.

b Corporation has, by transfer from earned surplus, created this reserve for contingencies. While claims may be made against the corporation in addition to the contingencies for which the reserve has been provided, the corporation is of the opinion that no additional contingency reserves should be created at this time.

c Prior to Aug. 6, 1936, it was the practice of the corporation to treat the stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. sold or delivered upon conversion as the first stock acquired by the corporation and available for delivery. Since that date it has been the practice to specifically designate such stock sold or delivered upon conversions as stock purchased on specific dates. Had the former basis been followed, the results of conversions of bonds into common stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. for the period from Aug. 6, 1936, to Oct. 31, 1938, would have shown a profit of \$8,497,016 instead of the profit of \$3,019,733 credited to surplus during that period.—V. 147, p. 2861.

Chain Store Investment Corp.—Earnings

3 Mos. End. Sept. 30— Dividend income	1938 \$2,235	1937 \$5,280	1936 \$4,657	1935 \$2,787
Interest income Managers commissions Interest	279	23 518 160	511 185	358 175
Taxes	261	367	339	326 209
Net inc. to curr. surp .	\$1,694	\$4,258	\$3,621	\$1.719

	Gain or L	oss from S	Security Transaction 1937	ns 1936	1935
Sales of securities Cost of securities sold Adj. to Fed. taxes est		\$11,466 1,401		\$43,109 34,552	\$91,481 56,992
Net prof. from security transactions		\$10,065	loss\$4,523	\$8,557	\$34,490
	1	Balance Sh	eet Sept. 30		
Assets—Cash	1938 \$22,239 293,246		Liabilities Notes payable	14,268 98,775 10,000 191,834	1937 \$50,000 11,402 14,267 98,775 10,000 537,453 360,162 6,070
Total	\$315,485	\$367,806		\$315,485	\$367.806

b 2.195 shares at stated value of \$45 per share. c 100,000 shares at stated value of 10 cents per share. d Investments carried on books at cost at which originally purchased by predecessor corporation or this corporation.

—V. 147, p. 885.

Chicago Corp. -50-Cent Preference Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the preference shares, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15. Like payments were made on Sept. 1 and June 1, last and regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share were previously distributed.—V. 247, p. 416.

Chicago Milwaukee St. Paul & Pacific RR.—ICC Examiner's Report Finds Common Stock Valueless—Would Limit Fixed Charges to \$4,000,000 a Year—

An advisory report for reorganization of the company, under which capitalization would be reduced to \$631,010,668, of which about 36.6% would be represented by funded debt and in which holders of \$117,000,000 (\$100 par) common stock of the old company would receive nothing, and holders of preferred stock would receive warrants to purchase a specified amount of new common stock, has been made to the Interstate Commerce Commission by M. S. Jameson, an examiner for the Commission. The present capital obligations, including \$118,775,714 of unpaid interest, are \$857,634,977. Common stock which would be issued under the plan to certain creditors would have no par value, but for the purposes of reorganization would be reckoned at \$100 a share.

In the proposed plan equipment trust obligations of \$28,760,711 would remain undisturbed. Holders of most other classes of bonds involved in the reorganization, and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, in satisfaction of loans, would be compensated for their claims partly by fixed interest ist mtge, bonds and partly by gen. mtge, bonds on which interest would be contingent upon earnings.

The report states that the company should be reorganized with "the limitation of fixed charges at \$4,000,000 a year."

The eport of Examiner Jameson follows in part:
The approved plan should provide that the holders of the debtor's pref. stock are entitled to participate in the plan to the extent hereinafter stated, i.e., by receiving warrants to purchase a specified amount of new common stock has no value and the holders of claims in class 25, therefore, are not entitled to participate in the plan.

A comparison between the present funded debt and capital stock of the system, as of Dec. 31, 1938, and that proposed, subject to a final

A comparison between the present funded debt and capital stock of the system, as of Dec. 31, 1938, and that proposed, subject to a final determination of exact amounts, is as follows:

Contingent interest debt Preferred stock	a\$620,921,677 119,307,300	\$105,895,179 124,918,119 108,675,970
Common stock, taken at \$100 a share	117,406,000	291,521,400
Total	\$857.634.977	\$631.010.668

The annual charges applicable to the present capital structure and

Fixed interestb	Present \$23,606,095	\$3,864,602 \$5,000,000
Contingent interest Sinking fund Dividends on preferred stock Dividends on common stock at \$3.50 a share	1,139,000 5,965,365 4,109,210	5,621,315 624,590 5,433,798 10,203,249

a Includes \$118,775,714 of unpaid interest; is subject to adjustment for changes in amount of equipment obligations, short-term loans, &c., outstanding. b On principal only. c One-half discretionary.

Division 4 should find, from a consideration of the record and the prospective earning power of the system, that there will be adequate coverage of the above-stated amount of fixed charges of the new company by the probable earnings available for the payment thereof.

Recommended Allocation of Securities

Recommended Allocation of Securities

Claims not affected by the plan should include (1) equipment trust certificates of series M and series N, together with trustees' equipment trust certificates of any series which shall have been issued and are outstanding on the effective date of the plan; (2) all lease agreements not disaffirmed by the trustees of the debtor, except the Terre Haute lease, which shiuld be canceled; (3) current liabilities incurred in the ordinary conduct of business prior to the institution of this proceeding which are entitled to priority over any mortgae bonds of the debtor, and (4) liabilities of the debtor under terminal company ugaranties not disaffirmed by the trustees.

entitled to priority over any mortgae bonds of the debtor, and (4) liabilities of the debtor under terminal company ugaranties not disaffirmed by the trustees.

Equipment trust certificates of series A, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, K, and L, not fully paid on the effective date of the plan should remain undisturbed as to lien and interest but the principal thereof should be paid at the rate of 20% of each instalment annually in accordance with the arranegment proposed in the debtor's original plan and now being followed by the debtor's trustees. Obligations under miscellaneous agreements for the lease of equipment should be assumed by the new company.

All interest due on the indebtedness to the RFC should be paid in cash up to the effective date of the plan and the principal of the debt should be discharged by the allotment to the RFC of \$6,05,232 of new list mage. 3½% bonds and \$6,605,231 of gen. mage. series A 4½% bonds. Upon receiving such bonds, the RFC should surrender all the collateral held by it as security for the loans to the debtor, together with the \$258,000 of let & ref. mage. bonds now pledged as additional collateral sedurity for equipment trust certificates, series M. All securities so surrendered should be canceled.

The holder of each Northern 1st mage. bonds, Southern Indiana Ry. 1st mage. bonds, Bedford Belt Ry. 1st mage. bonds, Terre Haute 1st & ref. mage. bonds, and Terre Haute income bond outstanding should receive in exchange therefor \$500 of new 1st mage. 3½% bonds and \$500 of new gen. mage. series A 4½% bonds in settlement of the full amount of the principal of the claim in each case. Interest on the present bonds should be paid or adjusted up to the effective date of the plan at the rates provided in the bonds.

All accumulations of fixed interest on the debtor's obligations should be treated in the plan on a parity with the principal of the debt.

The holder of each \$1,000 Northern consol. mage. bond, with interest unpaid thereon should receive amounts of the above-stated securities in the

gen. mtge. series A 4½% bonds, \$225 of new gen. mtge. series B 4½% bonds, and \$225, par value, of new pref. stock, representing, 30%, 30%, 20%, and 20%, respectively, of the principal of such bond plus unpaid interest up to the effective date of the plan.

The holders of the debtor's 50-year mtge. bonds outstanding should receive for each \$1,000 bond and all unpaid interest thereon, approximately \$119.50 of new gen. mtge. series A 4½% bonds, \$119.50 of new gen. mtge. series B 4½% bonds, \$717.50, par value of new pref. stock, and 2.4 shares of new common stock, representing 10%, 10%, 60%, and 20%, respectively, of the principal of such bonds plus unpaid interest up to the effective date of the plan.

The holders of the Gary 1st mtge. bonds outstanding should receive for each \$1,000 bond and all unpaid interest thereon, up to the effective date of the plan, approximately 12 shares of the new common stock.

The holders of the debtor's conv. adj. mtge. bonds outstanding should receive in exchange for each \$1,000 bond and all unpaid interest thereon up to the effective date of the plan, approximately 14.3 shares of the new common stock.

The holders of the debtor's present preferred stock outstanding should receive, for each share of such stock, a warrant to purchase one-half share of new common stock at the price of \$30 a share to and incl. Dec. 31, 1943, thereafter to and incl. Dec. 31, 1943, at \$40 a share, and thereafter to and incl. Dec. 31, 1953, at \$50 a share.

The plan should provide for the issue of scrip for sums less than \$100 in the case of bonds and for fractional shares of stock.

The unsecured claims of general creditors, not entitled to preference, should be allotted one share of new common stock for each \$500 of claim allowed by the Court.

Capital Funds: Application of Available Net Income

Capital Funds: Application of Available Net Income

The approved plan should require the new company to create a reserve and retirement fund to be used in connection with the purchase of equipment, improvements to equipment, &c., and an additions and betterments fund to be used primarily for additions and betterments to roadway and structures, as proposed in the committee's plan and the modifications thereof suggested by the debtor. Both new mortgages should contain covenants providing for these funds. Payment into the reserve and retirement fund should be made, prior to a specified date each year, of an amount equal to the total charge made by the new company for depreciation of equipment, under the accounting regulations of the Commission, for the preceding calendar year, together with such payments out of the additions and betterments fund as may be available under the provisions of that fund. The fixing of a minimum annual payment into the reserve and retirement fund, as provided in the committees' plan, doe not appear to be justified. This fund should be segregated from the general funds of the new company and used for, or to reimburse the new company for, expenditures for the following purposes, in order: (1) The payment of equipment trust obligations and sinking funds for bonds issued against the purchase of equipment: (2) the payment of cash on account of the cost of new equipment: (3) the cost of replacement of vacancies in equipment trusts; (4) the cost of replacement of property retired, to the extent chargeable to capital account, and (5) additions and betterments to equipment chargeable to capital account required to maintain the efficiency of the system unimpaired. To the extent that such expenditures are provided by the reserve and retirement fund, the new company should not be permitted to capitalize same by the issue of securities ranking ahead of the new pref. stock, but such expenditures may be taken into account, if for purposes for which lst mige. or gen. mige. bonds might be issued, in determining the total amount of capital expenditures in

of the reorganization committee in connection with the drafting of the new mortgages.

Payments into the additions and betterments fund should be made prior to a specified date each year, out of the available net income of the preceding income period, prior to the payment of contingent interest, the new company being required to set aside, to the extent of such available net income 2% of its total railway operating revenues, or the sum of \$2,500,000, whichever is the larger. The amount by which any annual payment shall be less than \$2,500,000 should become cumulative against earnings for the succeeding year, provided, however, that no payments shall be mandatory if the unappropriated amount in the fund is in excess of \$5,000,000. Subject to these conditions, and to the extent of available net income, the board of directors of the new company should be permitted to increase the amount paid into the additions and betterments fund should be segregated from the general funds of the new company and should be used to provide for, or reimburse the treasury of the new company for, the cost of additions and betterments and other expenditures chargeable to capital account under the accounting regulations of the Commission including initial and principal payments upon equipment acquired through equipment trusts or conditional sale agreements. Where reimbursement is made for such payments on equipment, it should not extend to payments made prior to the beginning of the preceding calendar year or income period. To the extent that capital expenditures shall be so provided out of this fund, they should not thereafter be permitted to be capitalized by the issue of any securities ranking prior to or on a parity with the pref. stock of the new company, provided that, subject to the foregoing restriction such expenditures may be taken into account in the additions and betterments fund in excess of \$5,000,000 at the end of any calendar year should be paid into the reserve and retirement fund, and any unappropriated amount in the l

The available net income of the new company should be determined for each calendar year beginning Jan. 1, 1939, as promptly as possible after the termination thereof, by deducting from the consolidated income available for fixed charges of the company and its railroad subsidiaries all fixed charges, as defined by the accounting regulations of the Commission, during such period, together with the amount, if any, by which the company shall have failed to earn its fixed charges in the preceding income period. If the new company shall not have come into ownership and possession of the properties now operated by the trustees on or before Jan. 1, 1939, the available net income should nevertheless be computed as if the new company had come into possession and the new securities had been issued as of that date.

As so computed, the available net income for each income period should

As so computed, the available net income for each income period should be applied to the following purposes in the following order:

1. To the payment on or prior to April 1 of each year of the mandatory annual instalment to the additions and betterments fund, together with such additional sum as may be determined by the board of directors, subject to the conditions stated above;

2. Any then remaining available net income should be applied to the payment, on April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 1940, of the contingent interest on the new gen. mage, series A bonds issued in the reorganization, the payment of accumulated interest, if any, to preced the payment of current interest;

3. Any then available net income should be applied to the payment of

3. Any then available net income should be applied to the payment on April 1 of each year, beginning April 1, 1940, of the contingent interest on the new gen, mtge, series B convertible bonds, the payment of accumulated interest, if any, to precede the payment of current interest;

4. Any then remaining available net income should be applied to the sinking fund created for the retirement of 1st mtge, bonds, if any, issued subsequent to the reorganization for the acquisition of equipment, to the extent of 65% of the pat cost thereof the description of equipment, to subsequent to the reorganization for the acquisition of equipment, to the extent of 65% of the net cost thereof, the terms of such fund to be determined by the board of directors, subject to approval by the Com-

mission;

5. Any then remaining available net income should be applied on April 1 of each year, or as may be provided in the general mortgage, to the sinking fund or funds for the retirement of gen. mtge. bonds, the payments to be in amounts up to but not exceeding ½ of 1% of the aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding (except that a different rate may be applied in the case of a sinking fund for gen. mtge. bonds issued for the acquisition of equipment on the basis herein described), and such payments should be non-cumulative. The priority of such payments as between the sinking funds created for the several series of bonds should be as provided in such bonds:

obonds;
6. Any then remaining available net income should be applied, as the board of directors may determine, to dividends on the several classes of stock in the order of their priority, or to other proper corporate purposes.

Miscellaneous Provisions

The effective date of the plan should be Jan. 1, 1939.

The plan should be carried out under the supervision of a reorganization committee, consisting five members, one to be designated by the trustees of the debtor's general mortgage, one by the trustees of its 50-year mortgage one by the trustees of its adjustment mortgage, one by the trustees of the Terre Haute mortgages acting collectively, and one by the RFC. The committee should determine the method of carrying out the plan, subject to approval of the Court.

The plan should be carried out either by vesting the properties of the Milwaukee and its affiliated railroad companies, together with the property held by the trustees, in the reorganized Milwaukee corporation or in a new corporation or the new companies, together with the property held by the trustees, in the reorganized Milwaukee corporation or in a new corporation or seated for the purpose of this reorganization, and by the execution by the reorganized or new consumanted under the plans, and the issue by it consolidation of the Terre Haute should be effected in The merger of consolidation of the Terre Haute should be effected in a The merger by determined by the reorganization committee, subject to the approval of the Commission and the Court.

The provision proposed by the committee for the sale of all or any part of the property at public auction in the event of failure of acceptance by any class of creditors is clearly inconsistent with the provisions of the Act, in that it is operative upon failure of acceptance by more than one-third in principal amount of the claims in the class, while Section 77 requires acceptance only by more than two-thirds of those voting in each class. The limitation upon the power of the Court proposed by the committee should not be approved. Likewise, the similar provision proposed by the debtor appears to be needlessly harsh and restrictive in permitting a sale of all or any part of the property of the debtor unless the plan is acceptance by all classes of creditors

Table of Exchange of New for Old Securities

				Will Receive		
Existing Securities				Ser. B Conv.		c Com. Shares
Equip oblig.	\$28,760,711	Will remain	n undisturbe	ed or partly	extended	
RFC loans	13,210,463	\$6,605,232 50%	\$6,605,231 50%			
Terre Haute			/-			
bonds	21,929,000	10,964,500 50%	10,964,500			
North'n 1sts.	2,117,000					
Nor consols.	5,319,200			\$1,063,852 20%	\$1,063,852 20%	
Gen mtge	156,368,193					
50-yr mtge:	127,230,802			12,723,080	76,338,480	254,462 20%
Gary 1sts	3,562,500					35,628
Adj mtge:	262,423,748		}			
Unsec claims	445,162					890 20%
New money.		a10000,000				

Pref stock___119,307,500 See d Com stock__105,175,304 Will be wiped out in reorganization

a Subject to reduction through proceeds of warrants. b Principal and accrued interest to Jan. 1, 1939. c Shares of no par value. d The holders of the debtor's present pref. stock outstanding will receive, for each share of such stock, a warrant to purchase one-half share of new common stock at the price of \$30 a share to and incl. Dec. 31, 1943; thereafter to and incl. Dec. 31, 1948, at \$40 a share, and thereafter to and incl. Dec. 31, 1953, at \$50 a share.—V. 147, p. 2678.

Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry .- Trustees' Lease-Labor Safeguards Provided-

The Interstate Commerce Commission on Oct. 29 conditionally approved the lease by the trustees of the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry. of the properties of the Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry. of which they are also trustees. In approving the lease the Commission laid down certain conditions protecting the rights of employees which may be affected. The report of the Commission says in part:

of the Commission says in part:

In Rock Island System Consolidation, 193 ICC 395, decided Aug. 9, 1933, we conditionally found to be in the public interest the merger of the properties of the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry., nine non-operating subsidiary corporations, and two operating corporations, one of the latter being the Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry. The entering of an order was withheld to permit acceptance of the condition imposed, which was not accepted, and the merger was not effected.

On Nov. 8, 1937, the trustees applied for authority under Section 5(4) to lease the properties of the Gulf and as trustees of the Rock Island to enter into and accept such lease.

The Rock Island owns all of the Gulf's outstanding capital stock and, subject to pledge, all its outstanding bonds. The latter's properties are located entirely in the State of Texas and are separately operated. The Rock Island operates 8,138 miles of railroad and the Gulf 632 miles. The purpose of the lease is to combine the operations of the two carriers. Gulf lines form parts of the Rock Island's through routes.

In Consolidation of Raitroads, 159 ICC 522, the properties of the Gulf and the Rock Island are assigned to System No. 19, Rock Island-Frisco. Inasmuch as the lease is effective only for the period of the trusteeship of either carrier, its approval will not prevent or hinder the carrying out of any portion of the consolidation plan.

On behalf of the protestants it was testified that the removal or dismissal of the employees involved will have a serious effect upon the business of Fort Worth.

The employees request a finding that the proposed lease will not promote

Fort Worth.

The employees request a finding that the proposed lease will not promote the public interest, or if it be held that it is in the public interest, a condition be imposed requiring the applicants to provide protection to the employees adversely affected of the nature offorded by the so-called Washington agreement dated May 1, 1936, wherein certain carriers, including the Rock Island, and employee organizations agreed upon allowances to be made to employees affected by joint action of two or more carriers whereby they unify, consolidate, merge, or pool in whole or in part their separate railroad facilities or any of the operations or services previously performed by their separate facilities. Under this agreement the Gulf, the Rock Island, and the Peoria Terminal Co. are treated as one carrier.

On argument counsel for the clerks suggested for our consideration a condition or conditions providing that employees to be dismissed be entitled to receive one year's salary, and employees who would be required to move from one point on the system to another be entitled to reimbursement of expenses incurred in moving their household effects and dependent

members of their families, and that there be no reduction in wages or positions because of the change of location of their places of employment. There is thus presented for our determination the question whether we have jurisdiction to impose conditions of the nature indicated.

We are of the opinion that provision should be made for the protection of the employees who will be forced to accept positions ar reduced compensation, or who will be dismissed, or who will be required to change the place of their employment, as a result of operation under the lease herein considered. Accordingly our authorization will be upon the following conditions:

considered. Accordingly our authorization will be upon the following conditions:

(1) No employee of the trustees of the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry, and the trustees of the Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry., hereinafter designated as the carriers, who is continued in service shall, for a period of five years from the commencement of operation under the said lease but not beyond the date of termination, as to either carrier, of the reorganization proceedings under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, be placed, as a result of operation under said lease, in a worse position with respect to compensation and rules governing working conditions than he occupied at the date of commencement of operation under said lease, so long as he is unable in the exercise of his semiority rights under existing agreements, rules, and practices, to obtain a position producing compensation equal to or exceeding the compensation of the position held by him at the date of commencement of such operation; that so long as he is unable to obtain a position with said trustees yielding compensation equal to or exceeding his compensation at the time of the commencement of said operation, he shall be entitled to a monthly allowance equal to the difference between the monthly compensation of the position in which he is retained and the compensation to be considered 1-12th of the total compensation received by him in the 12 months prior to his displacement, less compensation at the rate of compensation of his retained position for any time lost on account of his voluntary absences, provided, however, that the employee's compensation which he received in the 12 months prior to his displacement, less compensation at the employee, which change or revision is made to affect railroad employees generally; and provided further, that nothing herein shall operate to affect in any respect the retirement on pension or anuity rights and privileges in respect of any of the employees; and provided further, that if any employee elects not to exercise his senio

to no allowance.

(2) Any employee of the carriers who is deprived of employment with said carriers, hereinafter designated as a dismissed employee, because of the abolihament of his position or the loss thereof as a result of the exercise of seniority rights by an employee whose position is abolished as a result of operation under said lease, shall be accorded a monthly allowance, designated dismissal allowance, based on length of service (except in the case of an employee with less than one year of service) equivalent to 60% of the average monthly compensation of said dismissed employee during the last 12 months of his employment in which he earned compensation prior to the date he is first deprived of employment; that this allowance be made to each eligible employee while unemployed during the period beginning with the date he is deprived of employment and extending in each instance for a length of time determined and limited by the following schedule, but not beyond the date of termination of the bankruptcy proceedings involving either carrier:

	eriod of aument
	months
15 years and over60	months

provided, that a dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the prescribed period in the event of failure of the employee without good cause to return to service after being notified by the trustees of a position for which he is eligible, and provided further that the dismissal allowance of any dismissed employee who is otherwise employed shall be reduced to the extent that his monthly earnings in such employment and his dismissal allowance exceed the amount upon which his dismissal allowance is based. An empoyee shall not be regarded as a dismissed employee in case of his resignation, death, retirement on pension, dismissal for good cause, or furlough because of reduction of forces due to seasonal requirements. A dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the prescribed period in the event of resignation, death, retirement on pension, or dismissal for good cause.

3. Any employee who is retained in the services of the carriers or who is

dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the prescribed in the event of resignation, death, retirement on pension, or dismissal for good cause.

3. Any employee who is retained in the services of the carriers, or who is restored to service from the group of employees entitled to receive a dismissal allowance, who is required to change the point of his employment as a result of operation under said lease, deisgnated as a transferred employee, and who is required, within one year from the date of commencement of operation under said lease, to move his place of residence, shall be relimbursed for expenses of moving his household and other personal effects, for the traveling expenses of himself and his immediate family, and his own actual wage loss, not to exceed two days, the exact extent of the responsibility of the carriers to be agreed upon in advance by the said carriers and the employee affected, provided, however, that changes in places of residence subsequent to the initial change caused by the operation under said lease and which result from the exercise of seniroty rights shall not be considered within the foregoing provision.

4. Any transferred employee who owns his home, or an equity therein, shall be protected against any loss suffered in the sale thereof, within one year of the effective date of operation under said lease, for not less than it fair value, said fair value to be determined as of a date 30 days prior to the filing of the application in this proceeding by the carrier, and such fair value to be agreed upon by the carriers and each employee prior to such sale; and if any transferred employees holds an unexpired lease of a dwelling occurring cancellation of his said lease.

The carriers and the employees should be able to agree upon rules and procedure to make effective the intent of the foregoing conditions, such intent being to prevent, for the designated periods, reduction in salaries of retained employees, to provide an allowance for employees who are dismissed as a re

Commissioner Mahaffie, dissenting in part, says:

Commissioner Mahaffie, dissenting in part, says:

In the finding, in so far as it approves the lease in question, I concur. There can be no doubt on this record that the proposal of the trustees will promote the public interest. It meets fully the test approved by the Supreme Court in a similar case.

I am unable, however, to agree that affirmative action based on that finding should be deferred pending the acceptance by applicants of the conditions sought to be imposed by the majority relating to the pay and expenses of the trustees' employees.

As a Commission we exercise authority delegated to us by a statute. Had Congress intended that we have jurisdiction over the compensation and expenses of railrad employees it easily could have so provided. In the absence of such a provision in speficic language I do not think it proper that we attempt, by construction, to regulate conditions of employment as an incident to the exercise of power that clearly is conferred on us.

We have called the attention of the Congress to our lack of jurisdiction adequately to protect employees from financial loss or other inconvenience as a consequence of authorized railway unifications found to be in the public interest. Our recommendation in that regard has been before the Congress

as a consequence of authorized railway unifications found to be in the public interest. Our recommendation in that regard has been before the Congress since 1935. The subject matter of the conditions here imposed has been before the Congress in various forms since our recommendation but no such legislation has been enacted. Other means have been, and are now being employed by the Federal Government specifically to deal with the conditions of carrier employment. Our jurisdiction has not been changed. Possibly this is due to a belief that such matters as here are attempted to be controlled as a condition of our approval can be handled better by direct negotiations between the parties concerned.

Conditions imposed beyond our statutory authority are of no effect. United States v. Chicago, M. St. P. & P. R. Co., 282 U. S. 311, 331. If we possessed definite statutory authority to impose, in connection with our

approval, such conditions as are here required to be accepted by the trustees before we take final action on this application, there would be no need to defer action. We could at once enter a final order making them effective. If conditions are valid no acceptance is necessary. It may, I think, be assumed that doubt as to our power furnishes the only reason for bargaining with the applicants as to acceptance.

I do not here consider the conditions in terms. Had we jurisdiction over such matters of social welfare we well might make them more comprehensive. I think it a bad and dangerous policy for a Commission, such as this, to undertake to regulate matters of social welfare without clear statutory authority. Such a policy can lead only to confusion and misundertsnading.

—V. 147, p. 2678.

Chile Copper Co. (& Subs.) - Earning

9 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating income Other income—interest and miscellaneous income—	1938	1937 \$24,256,837 181,037
Total income	506,266 2,351,600	\$24,437,874 562,732 4,299,752 2,157,668
Consol. net income without deduc. for depleti Earnings per share on 4.415,503 shs. capital stock-	\$9,311,197 \$2.11	\$17,417,722 \$3.94
Note—No provision has been made in the above income account for surtax, if any, on undistributed	preliminary profits.—V.	consolidated 147, p.1030.

Chrysler Corp.—Corporation and Ford Motor Co. Enter into Consent Decrees Ending Federal Suits—Facts Accepted Set Fair Code for Financing Sales of Their Cars—New Steps Voluntary—General Motors Case Pending—

Consent decrees by which the Department of Justice dropped anti-trust cases against the Ford Motor Co. and Chrysler Motor Co. in return for vital reforms in the conduct of automobile financing by their subsidiaries were entered in Federal Court by the department Nov. 7. The consent decrees were filed at South Bend, Ind., where the cases had been brought. Thurman Arnoid, assistant Attorney General in charge of anti-trust cases stated that the consent decrees were conditional on the successful prosecution of an indictment pending against the General Motors Corp., which had not submitted an acceptable program of reforms that would entitle it to similar treatment. He added that the General Motors case would be "vigorously prosecuted."

He commended the Ford and Chrysler companies for submitting plans which not only corrected practices for which they were indicted, but represented new and voluntary steps by which "the decrees accomplish far more for the general good than could be secured by continuing the prosecution."

The three large automobile manufacturers were indicted at the same time for unfair competition in forcing their dealers to use the services of their own financing subsidiaries to the exclusion of several hundred independent financing agencies.

The cases also revolved largely, in the view of the Department of Justice, around a heretofore unremarked factor, the force of advertising and the advantage given the subsidiary financing companies in having their names placed constantly before the public in advertising that neither the Ford

Restriction of Advertising

The consent decrees, therefore, involve stipulations that neither the Ford nor Chrysler companies will hereafter "endorse or advertise any named finance company at all."

The Chrysler decree specified, according to the Department of Justice, that if it named one company it would name all which "conform to the plan of financing considered most efficient in distributing the maximum of automobiles."

plan of financing considered most efficient in distributing the maximum of automobiles."

The Ford decree prohibits that company from naming any finance company at all, restricting advertising to "the recommendation of a plan of financing, leaving it to the finance companies themselves to compete in selling their own services on the basis of their individual merits."

The Department of Justice accepted these decrees, Mr. Arnold wrote, on the basis of reasoning that "the anti-trust laws should be used as a constructive element as well as a mere preventive force."

The decrees contain other broad protective features for dealers and purchasers. In the first category, they stipulate that no threats or jaopardies must be used hereafter to force dealers to give "competitive advantages to favored finance companies."

For the consumers part it is provided that hereafter no wage assignments will be accepted on cars purchased for less than \$1,000, no salaries may be garnisheed in case of default; deficiency judgments may not be taken against purchasers of private cars who have paid more than 50% of the price of their cars.

It is further provided that no more than 5% interest may be charged on

their cars.
It is further provided that no more than 5% interest may be charged on delinquent instalments; there shall be no additional interest charges for rewriting contracts, and no dealer may assign to a finance company any chattel mortgage on property other than the automobile being financed.
—V. 147, p. 2862.

Claude Neon Lights, Inc.—Balance Sheet June 30—

Assets-	1938	1937	. Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash	\$7,363	\$19.919	Notes payable	\$25,000	\$30,320
Notes receivable]	39.093	2.213	Accounts payable.	33,257	69,135
Acc'ts receivable		96.510	Accr. wages, taxes,	2 14 15 16	T THE STATE OF
Divs. receivable	2.275	2,275		17.583	14,028
Inventories of ma-	-,-,-	-,-,-	Reserve for sign	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
terials, suppl's &			maintenance exp	7.095	8,624
work in progress	16.403	20.097	Notes payable (not	.,	0,021
Neon sign con-	20,200	20,001	current)	25.000	25.000
tracts—contra	43,635	46.604	Other def. liabils	9//12/02/08	5,339
Inv. in affil. cos	714.692		Deferred credit	3.057	57,341
Other assets	2,595		Neon sign con-	0,000	01,012
Sub. co.—wholly	2,000	010	tracts contra.	41.968	73,234
owned	277.113	266 211	Miscell, liabilities_	4.881	10,00
Neon sign equip			Cap. stk. (par \$1)_	1,053,004	1.053.004
Permanent assets.	7.502		Capital surplus	def78.934	78,305
Patents, licenses,	1,002	0,100	Capital surplus	der10,002	10,000
	6,338	1	printiporphy bbut a		
rights, &c Deferred charges	14,900	47.263	The same of the sa		
Deterred courges	14,000	17,200	HIGHO AGO TO SHITE	Information L	LINE SE

Total.......\$1,131,910 \$1,414,328 Total........\$1,131,910 \$1,414,328
The income statement for six months ended June 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2862.

Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis Ry .-Tenders-

The Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., will until 12 o'clock noon, Nov. 15 receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient first colateral trust mortgage bonds to exhaust the sum of \$41,250 at prices not exceeding 105 and accrued interest.—V. 147, p. 265.

3 Mos. End. Sep Gross income	nt. 30-	1938 11.167.419	Corp.—Ear 1937 \$1,170,467	nings— 1936 \$783,449	1935 \$794,294
Reserve for Fed. t		37,770 1,981	25,750 2,062	647	515
Net profit Dividends	7	1,127,668 1,128,448	\$1.142.654 1.141.177	\$782,802 783,356	\$793,779 794,240
Deficit		\$780 Balance Sh	sur\$1,477 eet Sept. 30	\$554	\$461
Assets— z Common stock,	1938	1937	x Class A stoel		1937 \$960,070
a Class A stock,	3,890,200 945,530	differential sections	y Common stoc Reserve for ta: Surplus		3,901,280 101,022 10,445
Cash	122,135		Surprus	PAUL DE FIGURE	acouple.
			791-4-1	#4 OFT GOS	94 070 017

Total \$4,957,866 \$4,972,817 Total \$4,957,866 \$4,972,817 x Represented by 94,553 no-par shares in 1938 and 96,007 no-par shares in 1937. y Represented by 194,510 (195,064 in 1937) no-par shares z Represented by 1,556,080 (1,560,512 in 1937) shares, no par value a Represented by 189,106 (192,014 in 1937) no-par shares.

To Pay \$21.40 Dividend—
The directors on Nov. 5 declared a dividend of \$21.40 per share on the common stock no par value payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Dec. 2. This compares with \$5.80 paid on Oct. 1, last; \$3.89 paid on July 1 and on April 1, last, an extra of \$15.50 and a quarterly dividend of \$6 paid on Dec. 15, 1937, \$5.85 per share on Oct. 1, 1937; \$3.90 on July 1 and April 1, 1937; \$3.25 paid on Dec. 15, 1936; \$4 on Oct. and July 1, 1936; \$2.40 paid on April 1, 1936; \$6 paid on Dec. 31, 1935; \$4 on Oct. 1, July 1 and April 1, 1935; \$3 per share paid each three months from July 1, 1933 to Jan. 2, 1935, inclusive, and \$3.50 on April 1 and Jan. 2, 1933. In addition an extra dividend of \$16 was paid on Dec. 15, 1936 and one of \$2 was paid on Jan. 2, 1935.—V. 147, p. 1030.

Coca-Cola Co .- Year-End Dividend-

Directors have declared a year-end dividend of \$2 per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock no par value, both payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Dec. 2.

Dividend of 75 cents was paid on Oct. 1, last; 50 cents paid on July 1 and on April 1, last and 75 cents paid on Dec. 15, and on Oct. 1, 1937. With regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents per share previously distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of \$2 was paid on Dec. 15, 1937 and on Dec. 15, 1936.—V. 147, p. 1188.

Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. -Control-

The company has reported that a total of about 50.38% of its capital stock was held by Rockefeller interests on June 30, The Rockefeller Center, Inc., held 563,620 shares, or 49.17% of the stock and John D. Rockefeller Jr. held an additional 1.21%. Rockefeller Center, Inc., held about the same amount in the preceding year.—V. 147, p. 2862.

Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.—Anti-Trust Suit Filed—Attorney General Cummings Seeks to Make It Divest Itself of Holdings in American Fuel—

Attorney General Cummings announced Nov. 4 the Government was filing an anti-trust suit at Wilmington, Del., against the corporation, and its subsidiary the Warfiled Natural Gas Co.

The suit. Mr. Cummings said, charges the Columbia Corp. with conspiring since Feb., 1930, to monopolize the distribution of natural gas in Kentucky, West Virginia, Ohio and Michigan.

The complaint urged the court to issue an injunction compelling Columbia to divest itself of its holdings in the American Fuel & Power Co. and of any control over companies resulting from reorganization of that system.

Mr. Cummings charged that the Columbia Corp. illegally gained control over the American Co. and two of its principal subsidiaries, the Inland Gas Corp. and the Kentucky Fuel Corp. and then attempted to reorganize the system in a way favorable to itself.

The Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. dominates the operations of more than 60 subsidiaries engaged in producing electricity and natural, mixed and artificial gas, according to Mr. Cummings's statement. The United Corp., an investment trust, sponsored by J. P. Morgan & Co., has requirely owned from 20 to 25% of its stock, it added. Subsidiaries in the Columbia system serve about 900 cities, Mr. Cummings estimated.

"In the judgement of the Department," the statement read, "evidence in the present case shows that the Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. considered the American Fuel & Electric Corp. a 'raider' in its territory and that the defendants conspired to eliminate the latter company and its subsidiaries as competitors."

A 'raider,' in power company parlance, is an independent company which attempts to underseil gas or power in territory controlled by a holding company.

The Department of Justice decided to take civil rather than criminal

which attempts to undersell gas or power in territory controlled by a holding company.

The Department of Justice decided to take civil rather than criminal action against the Columbia system, Mr. Cummings said, because "the fact that the principal overt act occurred eight years ago makes it inequitable to institute criminal proceedings at this date." "If no steps are taken to divest Columbia of its holdings in the American System," he continued, "and the proposed reorganization of Inland and Kentucky is consummated, Columbia will obtain complete control of the Inland and Kentucky lines and the trustee of the American Company will have no other alternative than to accept Columbia's offer of \$300,000 for American's remaining subsidiaries."

Company Heads Defend Policy—
Edward Reynolds, President, and Philip Gossler, t hairman of the Board of the Columbia, in a joint statement issued Nov. 4, commenting on the action instituted by the Department of Justice, issued the following statement:

"The declared purpose of the suit filed in Wiimington by the Department of Justice is to require the Columbia System to divest itself of the control

ment:

"The declared purpose of the suit filed in Wiimington by the Department of Justice is to require the Columbia System to divest itself of the control and ownership of securities of American Fuel & Power Co. and the subsidiaries of that compnay, Inland Gas Corp. and Kentucky Fue. Gas Co.

"The purchase of such securities was made in 1930. These properties have been operated in receivership or bankruptcy under the jurisdiction of the Federal District Court ever since 1931, and no earnings therefrom have ever been included in the consolidated statement of Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. and its subsidiaries.

"The total investment in the securities in question is now carried by Columbia at less than ¼ of 1% of its total assets. The contention of the Government is that this acquistion by Columbia was for the purpose of preventing competition in natural gas operations and was in restraint of trade.

preventing competition in natural gas operations and was in restraint of trade.

"The policy of Coiumbia System has been to maintain and increase its operating reserve acreages as necessary to assure to its present and prospective consumers and adequate supply of gas for all present and prospective increasing demands in the future.

"This policy has been followed consistently and is essential for the maintenance of the service and stability of the company in its operations. The Department of Justice apparently feels that such policy conflicts in certain cases with the anti-trust laws and brings this suit to obtain a judicial determination of the matter.

"Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. is fully prepared to defend this poicy, which has always been in the interest of the public, when this action comes to trial."

Hearing on Proposed Capital Reduction-

A hearing will be held Nov. 21 in the Securities and Exchange Commission's Washington offices on the declaration (File 43-160) of corporation regarding the reduction of the capital represented by its share of common stock and \$194.349,005 to \$12,304.282, without reducing the number of shares outstanding. Persons desiring to be heard in this matter should notify the Commission on or before Nov. 16.—V. 147, p. 2679.

Commonwealth Edison Co., Chicago—To Issue \$69,-957,200 Additional Bonds and Debentures—\$34,000,000 Bonds to Be Taken by Insurance Company

Company on Nov. 3 filed with the SEC two registration statements (Nos. 2-3853 and 2-3854, Forms A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933, covering security offerings totalling \$69,957,200. The offerings include between \$25,234,800 and \$35,957,200 of convertible debentures, 3½% Series, due July 1, 1958; between 8,075,137 and 11,506,333 subscription warrants evidencing rights to subscribe for the debentures; between 1,099,-392 and 1,438,288 shares of \$25 par stock to be reserved for conversion of the debentures; and \$34,000,000 of first mortgage 3½% bonds, Series I, due June 1, 1968. The amount of convertible debentures, warrants, and stock will depend upon the extent to which certain exchange offers are accepted.

accepted.

The debentures will be offered to stockholders of record Dec. 2, through transferable subscription warrants evidencing rights to subscription warrants evidencing rights to subscription warrants evidencing arount of the property of the property

debentures for each share held. The warrants will expire Dec. 21, 1938.

Any of the debentures not taken by stockholders will be offered publicly through underwriters.

The Series I bonds are to be sold to the following at 104%, plus accrued

interest to the date of delivery:	
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	\$11,000,000
Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States	9,000,000
Prudential Insurance Co. of America	5,000,000
New York Life Insurance Co	4,000,000
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York	2,000,000
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co	2,000,000
Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada	1 000 000

The gross proceeds of the company from the sale of the debentures un written will aggregate \$24,500,000, and will be applied toward the follow

purposes or to reimburse the company for funds applied to such purposes
For the redemption of all mortgage bonds of Illinois Northern
Utilities Co. as follows:
\$9,704,000 of 1st & refunding mtge 5% bonds due April 1, 1957
at 105% of the principal amount thereof—principal amount...
For the redemption of all mortgage bonds of Chicago District
Electric Generating Corp. as follows:
\$14,950,000 of 1st mtge 4½% bonds due Sept. 1, 1970 at 104%
of the principal amount thereof—principal amount...
For the purchase from service annuity funds of the company and
Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois:
\$750,000 of 5% promissory notes of Chicago District Electric
Generating Corp. (\$150,000 due April 1, 1942 and \$600,000
due Oct. 1, 1942) at 100% of the principal amount thereof....
To reimburse the company for the excess of securities of subsidiaries retired in connection with the application of the proceds of debentures offered by the company's prospectus
273,300

The contraction of the company's prospectus dated Aug. 25, 1938 over the proceeds of such debentures.

273,300

The gross proceeds to the company from the sale of any debentures in excess of the \$24,500,000 underwritten are estimated to aggregate not more than \$11,467,200. Proceeds from any such debentures will be applied, first, to provide or reimburse the company for the \$1,177,300 required for the above purposes over the gross proceeds of the debentures will be applied, first, to provide or reimburse the company for the \$1,177,300 required for the above purposes over the gross proceeds of the debentures underwritten, anortage \$14.500 nor more than \$770,000, and other expenses in connection with the sale of the debentures, which are estimated to be not less than \$245,000 nor more than \$770,000, and other expenses in connection with the sale of the debentures, which are estimated to be not less than \$240,000 nor more than \$300,000, will be supplied out of other funds of \$1,083,200, on the above securities of subsidiaries to be redeemed (exclusive of any mortgage bonds of Western United Gas & Electric Co.) and funds for the payment of accrued interest on such securities will be supplied out of other funds of the respective subsidiaries or of the company.

(a) From Illinois Northern Utilities Co. at the principal amount thereof, \$5,000,000 of first interest and the gross proceeds of the debenture of the tension of the such and the principal amount thereof, \$15,000,000 of first interest and the July 1,1958.

(2) From Chicago District Electric Generating Corp. at the principal amount thereof, \$15,000,000 of first interests of the bonds will aggregate \$35,180,000 of contracts to be issued by Western United Gas & Electric Co. in consideration for any advances which may be made to it for the purpose of enabling it to redeem part of its first mortgage 5½% bonds.

The net proceeds to the company from the sale of the bonds will apply toward the redemption of all of its outstanding bonds, as follows:

\$10,000,000 of firs

Weekly Output-

The electricity output of the Commonwealth Edison Co. group (intercompany sales deducted) for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, was 138,257,000 kilowatt hours, compared with 136,525,000 kilowatt hours in the corresponding period last year, an increase of 1.3%.

The following are the output and percentage comparisons for the last four weeks and the corresponding periods last year:

	Kilowatt-H	-Kilowatt-Hour Output-			
Week Ended-	1938	1937	Decrease		
Nov. 5	138,257,000	136.525.000	1.3 Increase		
Oct. 29	139.148.000	137.643.000	1.1 Increase		
Oct. 22	139.478.000	144.093.000	3.2 Decrease		
Oct. 15	137,480,000	140.722.000	2.3 Decrease		
_V 147 n 9989		,,,	210 200000		

Commonwealth Investment Co.—Asset Value—
Company reports net assets of \$3.75 per share on Nov. 1, as compared with \$2.50 on March 31, the low of the market. Including the 12 cents in dividends per share paid during this seven month's period, the shares showed a total gain of 54.8%.—V. 145, p. 4114.

Community Water Service Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

[Exclusive of The New Rochelle W	ater Co.]	
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross earnings Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes Reserved for retirements	\$5,756,894 2,780,083 338,259	\$6,233,921 3,008,124 398,495
Gross income Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of subs **Preferred dividends of subsidiaries** Minority interest Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of Community Water Service Co	\$2,638,552 1,720,634 522,528 11,304 373,899	\$2,827,302 1,871,106 519,112 11,754 379,209

\$10.186

The above income accounts include surtaxes on undistributed profits as imputed and recorded at the close of the calendar years 1936 and 1937. Or the year 1938 to date no accruals for such surtaxes have been made. -V. 147, p. 1031.

Community Pub Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses	1938—3 Mo \$909.905	**Co.—Ea **.—1937 **953,895 528,549	rnings— 1938—12 Me \$3,201,776 1,980,687	98.—1937 \$3,075,224 1,873,215
Net income from oper. Net from mdse, & other	\$387,602	\$425,347	\$1,221,089	\$1,202,009
miscell. operations Dividends from sub	6,640	15,122	1,589 5,000	48,182 8,000
Balance. Interest on bonds	\$394.242 83,672	\$440,469 85,312	\$1,227,679 337,731	\$1,258,191 342,614
Sundry int. paid public & interleo. int. (net).	2.684	2,130	9,954	7,520
Provision for rewnewals and replacements Fed. & State income tax_	93,311	98.890	268,537 29,835	275,470 6,230
Net income	\$214,575	\$254,137	\$581,621	\$626,356
Bal. (beginning of period) surplus	895.824 Dr301	625,631	790,894 2,793	651,151 1,022
Total.	\$1,110,097	\$879.768	\$1,375,308	\$1,278,529
Divs. returned through cancellation of scrip Divs. paid on com. stock	88,732	88.873	$\frac{Cr1,269}{355,212}$	487.635
Balance (end of period)				5 5 3 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

Balance (end of period)
surplus\$1,021,365 \$790.894 \$1,021,365 \$790,894

Note—(1) Revenues of subsidiary which are not included in this statement are for year ended September, 1938; gross, \$114,043; net, \$5,634.

(2) Federal and State income tax deduction are based on rendered return by the company for 1936 and 1937; no provision has been made for income taxes which may be assessed against 1938 earnings.

Balance Sheet Sept. 30

		Dalance Sn	eet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	LAabilities-	1938	1937
x Plant & property Inv. in sub. cos			1st mtge. 5% bds.		
Miscell. investm'ts	76,531 2,844	77,654 2,900	1, 1960	6,662,600	6,825,000
Funds dep. with	40	88 585	Accounts payable. Liab. for pref. stk.	108,673	90,435
Bank dep. & cash			called for red	4,616	13,163
Notes receivable	1,175,839 7,350	5,000	Accrued int. on funded debt	83,282	85,312
y Accts. receivable Ins. & other deps.	516,682 3,822	629,927 3,863	Accrd. int. on con- sumers deposits.	34.881	33,285
Letter of credit for	0.00		Accrd.insur., wages	94,001	00,200
material & suppl Inventory of mat'l	2,600	2,600	fed. inc. tax)	125,548	134,904
and supplies Deferred items	314,430 22,800	379,328 20,990			
Deterred items	22,000	20,890	Consumers' deps	269,109	256,701
			Unred. ice coupons Reserves	1,385	1,606
			Common stock	4,436,625 1,021,365	4,443,675
Year in the last of			Earned surplus	1,021,300	190,894

Total14,540,171 14,452,684 Total14,540,171 14,452,68 * After reserve for retirement of \$29,90,450 in 1938 and \$2,961,018 in 1937. y After reserve for uncollectible accounts of \$53,892 in 1938 and \$52,976 in 1937.—V. 147, p. 1031.

Connecticut Railway & Lighting Co.—Bonds Called—The Chase National Bank, as successor trustee, is notifying holders of first and refunding mortgage 4½% 50-year gold bonds, endorsed with a guarantee of interest by The United Gas Improvement Co., that \$173,000 principal amount of these bonds have been called for purchase on Jan. 1, 1939, for the purposes of the sinking fund. at 105% of the principal amount and accrued interest. Said purchase price will be paid on that date, or any time thereafter prior to Jan. 2, 1954, upon surrender of the bonds at the Corporate Trust Department of the Bank at 11 Broad 8t., New York. Interest will cease to accrue on the called bonds after Jan. 1, 1939.—V. 147, p. 2680.

Consolidated Chemical Industries Inc. (& Su Earnings for 3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1938	bs.)-
Net profit, before deprecittion and Federal income taxes Federal income tax Depreciation	7,007 111,608
Final net profit	\$47,440

Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore—Official Resigns from Affiliated Companies—

According to a statement issued Nov. 8, J. E. Aldred has resigned as Chairman of the Boards of the Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore, Pennsylvania Water & Power Co. and Safe Harbor Water Power Corp., and Jos. Walworth of Aldred & Co., investment bankers, has resigned as a director of the two latter companies.

The action was taken by Mr. Aldred and Mr. Walworth in order to comply with the interlocking directorate provisions of the Federal Power Act particularly as they affect directors of public utility companies engaged in investment banking and in the underwriting or sale of securities of such companies.

investment banking and in companies.

The resignations have been accepted with regret by the Boards of the three companies and will be effective Dec. 31, 1938. The applications of Mr. Aldred and Mr. Walworth with the Federal Power Commission for authorization to hold these positions after Dec. 31, next, will be withdrawn

Mr. Aldred and Mr. Walworth with the Federal Power Commission for authorization to hold these positions after Dec. 31, next, will be withdrawn tomorrow.

The statement issued in connection with the resignations, which says that it is contemplated that the services of Aldred & Co., investment bankers of New York, of which Mr. Aldred and Mr. Walworth are members, will be retained in connection with financial affairs after the end of the year, follows:

"In order to comply with the interlocking directorate provisions of the Federal Power Act. particularly as they affect directors of public utility companies engaged in investment banking and in the underwriting or sale of securities of such companies, Mr. J. E. Aldred has resigned, effective Dec. 31, 1938, as Chairman of the Executive Committee and a Director of Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore, Pennsylvania Water & Power Co. and Safe Harbor Water Power Corp. and for the same reason Mr. Joseph Walworth has resigned as a Director of Pennsylvania Water & Power Co. and Safe Harbor Water Power Corp.

"While Mr. Aldred, in consequence, will not participate in the management of these companies, it is contemplated that arrangements will be made whereby the firm of Aldred & Co. of which Mr. Aldred and Mr. Walworth are members, will be retained in connection with financial affairs."—V. 147, p. 2680.

Consolidated Rendering Co.—To Pay \$1 Dividend—

Consolidated Rendering Co.—To Pay \$1 Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock of no par value, payable Nov. 14 to holders of record Nov. 8. Previous distributions were as follows: 30 cents on Sept. 26, last; 70 cents on Aug. 22. last; \$1 on Nov. 1, Oct. 4 and Sept. 7, 1937; 50 cents on June 7 and March 1, 1937; \$12 on Dec. 21, 1936; \$1.50 on Nov. 16, 1936; \$1 on Oct. 12 and Aug. 10, 1936; \$1.50 paid on Sept. 14, 1936, and 25 cents distributed on June 1 and March 2, 1936, and Dec. 2, 1935, this last being the first dividend paid since Jan. 6, 1930, when \$1 per share was distributed.—V. 147, p. 2388.

Continental Can Co., Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
12 Mos. End. Sept. 30—
1938
1937
1936
1935
Net profit after charges \$11.533.068 \$12,914.471 \$15,445,933 \$16,231,650
Deprec'n & Federal tax. 4.506,537 4.325,041 4.760.853 4.966,165

y After tax on undistributed earnings. z After giving effect to the lower can prices applying since Jan. 1, 1937, and in addition reflect the full amount of the special adjustment amounting to approximately \$2,500,-000 made in the final quarter of 1936 to cover refunds resulting from price adjustments applying to sales subsequent to June 19, 1936, the effective date of the Robinson-Patman Act.—V. 147, p. 2388.

Continental Oil Co.-To Issue \$21,071,600 Debentures

to Be Offered to Stockholders-

Company on Nov. 8 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-3859, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$21,071,600 of 10 year convertible debentures, due Dec. 15, 1948, and an undetermined number of shares (\$5 par) capital stock to be reserved for conversion of the debentures. The interest rate on the debentures and the number of shares of capital stock being registered will be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

The debentures are to be offered through transferable subscription warrants, at 100%, to holders of the company's outstanding capital stock of record Dec. 2, 1938, on the basis of \$4.50 principal amount of debentures for each share of stock held. The subscription rights will expire Dec. 16, 1938, and any unsubscribed debentures will be offered publicly through underwriters.

for each share of stock held. The subscription rights will expire Dec. 16, 1938, and any unsubscribed debentures will be offered publicly through underwriters.

According to the registration statement, \$2,500,000 of the net proceeds to be received from the sale of the debentures will be used for the repayment of all present bank loans, and the balance of such proceeds will be placed in the general funds of the company. The company states that its general funds have been and may be used, among other things, in exploring, acquiring, and developing oil and gas properties, and in extending and improving refining, transportation, and marketing facilities. Expenditures for such capital purposes during the eight months ended Aug. 31, 1938, total approximately \$18,300,000, it is stated, of which approximately 73% was used for expenditures in connection with exploring, acquiring, and developing gas and crude oil producing properties.

Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc. of New York City, the principal underwriter, is authorized by the several underwriters to engage in certain market operations in the unsubscribed debentures "to facilitate the distribution of unsubscribed debentures by attempting to stabilize the market prices of the debentures. The existence of this provision is no assurance that any such transactions will be effected, or, it effected, that they will not be discontinued at any time." The names of other underwriters are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

The debentures are redeemable at the option of the company, in whole or in part, at any time after at least 40 days' notice, at the following prices plus accrued interest: If red. on or before Dec. 15, 1941, 103 ½ %; thereafter, and incl. Dec. 15, 1944, 102 %; thereafter, and incl. Dec. 15, 1947, 101%; thereafter, 100%.

The conversion provision and the underwriting discounts or commissions are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.—V. 147, p. 2086.

Continental Securities Corp.—Removed from Unlisted

The company's \$5 par common stock has been removed from unlisted trading on the New York Curb Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2680.

Coos Bay Lumber Co.—Earnings—

Earnings for the 9 Profit from operations Interest paid or accrued (net) Depletion Depreciation	57,045 84,482
Loss from operations	\$261.855 757 277,174
The same of the sa	heet Sept. 30, 1938
Accts. receivable (less reserves) 168 Inventories 348 Plants, properties, &c 7,063	1,362,384 239 Accounts payable, &c 84,484 364 Accrued payrolis 31,663 Accrued property taxes 110,438 Accrued property taxes 1261,488 Capital stock x6,350,000 Deficit 488,273

..\$7,712,124 Total ... x Represented by 63,500 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 735.

Corporate Investors, Ltd.—Dividend Reduced—
Directors have declared a dividend of five cents per share on the common stock, payable Nov. 15 to holders of record Oct. 29. Previously regular quarterly dividends of seven cents per share were distributed.—V. 146, p. 3951.

Crane Co.—Option Used—
Wertheim & Co., members of the Stock Exchange, on Oct. 17 exercised an option on 10,000 common shares of the company. The option, according to a report to the Securities and Exchange Commission, was issued in the name of Charles B. Noite, President, for 10,000 shares of stock at \$10 a share or a total of \$100,000.

The original option held by Mr. Noite called for the purchase of 50,000 shares, leaving 33,000 still outstanding. The unexercised balance on Oct. 17 totaled 23,000 shares.

Wertheim & Co. reported to the company that the shares were purchased by them as agents for an undisclosed principal, who was acquiring the stock for investment purposes.

Listing—
The Chicago Stock Exchange has approved the company's application to list 2,734,234 shares of common stock, \$25 par, and 192,803 shares of 5% cumulative convertible preferred stock, \$100 par.—V. 147, p. 2388. Creameries of America, Inc. (& Subs.)-Balance Sheet

Sept. 30—					
Assets—	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash on hand and	2000		Accounts payable.	\$470,652	\$469,003
in banks	\$518.063	\$374,065	Notes pay. banks.	45,000	40,000
Ace'ts notes and	4010,000		Acer. int. payable.	11,203	13,404
contracts rec	741,568	710.284	Acer. Co., State		
Inventories	431,299	569,940		194,771	167,585
Marketable securs.			Debs. sinking fund		1 40925
at cost	33,811	33,811	payment	41,000	50,000
Receivables other			Deferred income	1,204	1,014
than current	190,144	174,780	5% debens. due	1 . 35 . 3	
Investments	115,517	104,245	Aug. 1, 1946	1,125,000	1,175,000
Plant and equip.,			Minority interest	****	000 000
depreciated	2,667,425	2,622,436	in subsidiaries	298,237	296,893
Dairy herd	84,237	84,978	Preferred stock	1,077,222	1,077,163
Cost of trade routes	1	1	Common stock	382,275	382,275
Prepaid expenses.	71,994		Paid-in surplus	411,388	412,206
Debt disc't & exp.	79,009	94,693	Earned surplus	875,112	761,419
ALTERNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE			Control of the second s		

Creole Petroleum Corp.—To Pay Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share in addition to a regular dividend of like amount on the capital stock, both

payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 30. Like amounts were paid on June 10, last and on Dec. 15 and on June 10, 1937.—V. 147, p. 2389.

Crescent Pu	ablic Service	Co. (& S	Subs.)-	Earnsing—
-------------	---------------	----------	---------	-----------

Comparative Consolid Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenue Operating expenses		s1937 12	2 Mos. 1938 \$2,467,633 1,768,745
Income from operation Non-operating income (net)	\$154,578 2,193	\$135,328 2,665	\$698.887 22,043
Gross income	\$156,770	\$137,993	\$720,931
Fixed charges of subsidiaries on obligations in hands of public Interest on collateral trust 6% income	91,427	75,932	336,200
bonds, series B of Crescent Public Service Co	17,283	11,972	147,770
and retirements			174,587
Balance to surplus	\$48,061	\$50,089	\$62,373

Note—It is the policy of subsidiaries to make appropriations for renewals, replacements and retirements at the end of each calendar year; therefore, the income statements for 3 months ended Sept 30 show results before deducting such appropriations. The provision shown for 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1938 is the amount appropriated for the calendar year 1937.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Sept. 30

Assets -	1938	1937	Labuttee-	1938	1937
Plant, property &		•	Long-term debt	8,479,000	8,505,000
equipment1	1 058 824	10,133,142			
Special deposits	b500		Consumers' deps	96,259	
Investments	9.687		Unred'med coup's		
Cash	200.596		Taxes		
Notes receivable	2,139		Miscell, interest		
Accts. receivable	285,298		Notes payable		
Accr. int. receiv'le	*****	100	Acer. int. on bds.		
Mat'is & supplies.	136,857	102,781	and notes	60,653	63,651
Prepayments	25,033	22,825	a Notes rec. disc'ed		
Misc. curr. assets_	595	3,232	(contra)	38.148	
a Notes receivable		- 1	Miscell, liabilities_	11,743	14,593
(contra)	38,148		Reserves	1.857.082	
Miscell, assets	17,059		Deferred liabilities		10.076
Unamort, debt dis-	11,000		Unrealized profit	226,250	
count & expense	249,397	287,009			
	249,091	201,000			
Unamort. property	147 000	148 800	Common stock	60,610	
abandoned	145,886	167,790	Deficit	197,460	251,925
Misc. def. assets	5,513	2,756			
Total 1	2 175 534	11.700 044	Total	12 175 534	11 700 044

a Merchandise contracts discounted. b Special current cash deposit.— V. 147, p. 1189.

Crowley Milner & Co.—Preferred Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the 6% prior
preference stock, par \$50, payable Nov. 25 to holders of record Nov. 15.
A dividend of \$3 per share was last paid on Dec. 28, 1937.—V. 147, p. 2086.

Crown Drug Co.—Sales-

Saies for October, 1938, were \$723,509, as compared to \$726,732 for October, 1937, a 'ecrease of \$3,223, or 0.4%.
On Oct. 13, 1938, company disposed of six of its retail stores and 'closed the remaining four stores in Okiahoma City. The four closed stores will be moved to other locations outside the city of Okiahoma City.
Therefore, by eliminating sales of the 10 stores in Okiahoma City for the entire month of October, 1937, as well as their sales for October, 1938, it gives the following comparison: sales for October, 1938, were \$702,191, as compared to \$674,889 for October, 1937, an increase of \$27,302, or 0.4%.

—V. 147, p. 2242.

Cudahy Packing Co.—Special Meeting—
Special meeting of shareholders has been called for Nov: 15 for purpose of electing seven directors, which number constitutes the board. Six directors are expected to be re-elected. Candidate for the vacant seat is Leon C. Steele, recently appointed Vice-President, to take the place of C. G. Marhoff, Vice-President and director, who recently resigned.

Normally the Cudahy board is elected at the annual meeting on the second Wednesday of January of each year.—V. 147, p. 2527.

Cumberland Gas Corp.—Bond Payment—
Directors have authorized payment, out of net cash income, of 1½% on the corporation's general lien 6% income bonds.—V. 147, p. 570.

Curtis Manufacturing Co.—25-Cent Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, payable Nov. 23 to holders of record Nov. 16. This compares with dividends of 50 cents paid on Nov. 22, 1937, Feb. 27, 1937 and Feb. 1, 1936.—V. 146, p. 909.

Cushman's Sons, Inc.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 87½ cents per share on the 7% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 19, A like payment was made on Sept. 1, June 1 and on March 1, last, Dec. 1, Sept. 1, June 1 and March 1, 1937, Sept. 1 and June 1, 1936, and prior to them regular quarterly dividends of \$1.75 per share were distributed.—V. 147, p. 1190.

Cutler-Hammer, Inc.—Balance Sheet-

	8 Dec. 31 '37		Sept. 30 '38	
b Notes & acets.		Notes payable		\$200,000
receivable (net.\$1,154,69)	8 \$1,427,807	Accounts payable.	\$239.877	162,45
Cash 715,42	6 366,805	Accruais:		
Mutual ins. depos. 32,24		Taxes, general	. 59,522	115,19
Val. life ins. pols 23.07	21,216	Wages & salaries	55,341	40,17
Total inventories 1.816.13	0 2,630,338	Royalties & com		15.73
Deferred charges. 109.26				
a Net plant & prop 3,038,33				343.82
Total investments _ 1,043,52	0 1.043.762	Undis, earns, tar	x	67.80
Patents, at cost		Social secur, and	1	
less amortiza'n. 166.79	1 184,452	unempl. insur	Seem Mark	
		taxes		30,31
		Miscellaneous		7.42
		Reserves		17,66
Transfer out on the State of th		Amt. due sub		42,29
		c Capital stock		3,299,99
		Paid-in surplus		2,860,82
		Earned surplus	. 1,431,236	1,675,77

---\$8,099,472 \$8,879,461 Total ------\$8,099,472 \$8,879,461 a After deducting reserve for depreciation of \$4,137,740 in 1938 and \$4,046,715 in 1937. b After reserves of \$41,605 in 1938 and \$42,465 in 1937. c Represented by 659,998 no par shares.

The income statement for the three and nine months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2864.

Denver & Rio Grande Western RR.—Revised Plan sked by City Bank Farmers Trust Co.—

Asked by City Bank Farmers Trust Co.—
The City Bank Farmers Trust Co., New York, as general mortgage trustee, filed Nov. 9 with the Interstate Commerce Commission a petition requesting authority to file an amendment to the insurance group committee's plan for reorganization of the road. The bank outlined its amendments as involving in the main new provisions for issuing and distributing stock of the reorganized railroad.

For the proposed 513,458 shares of class A common stock and 400,000 shares of class B common stock of the new company proposed in the insurance committee's original plan, there would be substituted a single class of 750,000 shares of new common stock of no par value, carrying full voting rights for the election of directors and for all other purposes and subject only to the limited voting rights reserved in the committee plan to holders of income bonds and of new preferred stock.

Issuance of Common Stock

Issuance of Common Stock

The new common stock would be issued in the following amounts for the purposes indicated:

(1) To the holders of the \$29,808,000 of general mortgage bonds: (a) 371,358 shares for the amount due for principal and fixed interest accrued and unpaid to June 30, 1938, at the rate of one share for each \$100 of such claims; (b) 37,260 shares for the \$7,452,000 cumulative interest accrued and unpaid for the five years commencing on Feb. 1, 1924, at the rate of one-half share for each \$100.

(2) To the unsecured creditors of the debtor and of the Denver & Salt Lake Western BR. at the rate of one share for each \$100 of their allowed claims (estimated at \$440,000 maximum), 4,400 shares.

(3) Reserved for issuance on conversion of new preferred stock, 314,350 shares.

shares.

The trustee said it had studied the insurance group committee's plan and concluded that it "most nearly approaches a sound polution of the problem of the debtor and its affiliated companies."

Special Meeting-

"Company reports that a special meeting of preferred stockholders will be held on Dec. 14 to consider the election of members of the preferred stockholders' committee.—V. 147, p. 2680.

Diamond T Motor Car Co.—Listing—
The company's application to sist its 421,259 shares of \$2 par common stock has been approved by the Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2681.

Domestic Finance Corp. (& Subs.)-6 Months Ended Sept. 30—Gross earnings—from interest, discount, &c	1938 \$1,079,406	1937 \$1,023,687 557,324
Operating profit	\$467,384	\$466,363
Portion of deferred net operating losses of new small loan offices charged off. Provision for doubtful accounts Loss on sale of capital assets	75,000	16,500 $60,570$ $1,185$
ProfitOther income		\$388,107 9,570
Profit before provision for Federal income tax		\$397,677 ×58,707
Consolidated net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends x Less net over provision for prior years in amou	95,824 $221,000$	\$338,970 70,684 50,000 v Includes

	Conso	idated Bala	ince Sheet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938		Liabitues-	1938	1937
Cash	\$1,610,452		Notes pay. to bks.		
Chattel & co-make			Accounts payable.		
loans receivable.	6,334,425	6,747,687	Federal income tax	164,857	97,337
Cash in closed bks.			Unearned discount		
Empl. & sundry	1		y Cumul. pref. stk.	2,119,878	1,514,378
notes & account	6,505		a Treasury stock		Dr4,494
Sundry securities.	. 1,350	552	z Common stock	210,000	200,000
x Office furniture			Capital surplus		1,369,983
and fixtures	. 103,051		Earned surp. since		
Deferred assets	62,243	58,782	July 1, 1934	518,032	713,502
(11-4-1	00 110 005	00 017 716	Total	00 110 005	90 017 715

_\$8,118,025 \$8,017,715 x After allowance for depreciation of \$64,750 in 1938 and \$56,134 in 1937.
y Represented by 101,246 (70,971 in 1937) no-par shares. z Represented by 210,000 (200,000 in 1937) no-par shares. a Represented by 219 shares.

—V. 146, p. 2847.

* Net operating revenue \$14,362,040 \$15,982,591 Other income (net) 332,856 549,446

x Net operating revenue and other income Appropriation for retirement reserve		\$16,532,037 2,470,287
Gross income Rents for lease of electric properties Interest on funded debt Amortization of debt discount and expense Other interest (net) Appropriation for special reserve Other income deductions	2,450,000 315,949 Cr125,536 500,000	181,025 2,450,000 315,940 Cr2,225
Net income	14.004.211	\$10,496,594 13,825,344 29,123
Total Divs. on 5% cumulative first preferred stock	1,375,000	\$24,351,062 1,375,000 8,611,312

Pennsylvania corporate net income tax applicable to 9 months ended Sept. 30, 1936 paid in 1937... Miscellaneous deductions... 87,073 Earned surplus, end of period.....\$14,816,815 \$14,004,211

360,531

-Earnings1938—6 Mos.—1937 \$285,197 \$276,100 90,335 84,045 \$192,055 \$31,511 \$194,852 \$33,600 Net earnings _____. -V. 147, p. 2088.

Eastern Mfg. Co.—Stockholders File Plan-

Eastern Mfg. Co.—Stockholders File Plan—
A committee of common stockholders who presented a plan of reorganization for that company a month ago have filed another plan in Federal court Bangor, Me., representing an amendment to the original proposal.

In general, the plan follows closely the one presented a week ago by 6% bondholders of the Orono Pulp & Paper Co. There are some important exceptions, however, especially the treatment of the common stock.

The 7% bondholders of the Eastern would receive new securities for 97% of claims and 3% in cash, provided this form of payment does not affect the company's cash position. The same treatment would be accorded holders of the Orono Pulp & Paper 6% bonds.

Orono Pulp 5% bonds would receive principal and interest in full in cash. Bank creditors would be given five-year 4% notes.

Orono Pulp 5% bonds would receive principal and interest in full in cash. Bank creditors would be given five-year 4% notes.

Present preferred stock would receive four shares of new common stock, while the present common would be given one-half share of new common, together with one warrant to buy a share of new common at \$10 within five years and another warrant to buy a share of new common at \$12.50 within seven years.

Hearing will be held Nov. 15 in Federal court on the two proposed reorganization plans.—V. 147, p. 2864.

Eastern Steamsh	ip Lines,	Inc. (&	Subs.)—E	arnings—
Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenue Operating expenses	1938—Mon \$974,889 787,932		1938—9 M \$7,361,028 6,617,500	
Other expense	\$186,957 838 53,802	\$133,110 841 52,171	\$743,528 9,041 487,175	\$727,269 9,046 499,350
Net income	\$133,993	\$81,780	\$265,394	\$236,965

Notes—(1) The Sept., 1937, figures have been adjusted to show an increase in net income of \$8,858, representing the difference between the temporary operating subsidy accruals for Sept., 1937, and the portion of the mail contract settlement applicable to that month, the settlement having been consummated early in 1938 and included in the annual report to stockholders for 1937. The adjustment to 1937 figures is being given effect in comparisons of monthly accounts during the last 6 months of 1938. (2) The above statement covers operations after depreciation, interest, rentals and local taxes, but before Federal income tax, capital stock tax, capital gains or losses and other non-operating adjustments.—V. 147, p.2243.

Ebasco Services Inc.—Weekly Input—
For the week ended Nov. 3, 1938, the kilowatt-hour system input of the operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power & Light Co., Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power & Light Co., as compared with the corresponding week during 1937, was as follows:

—Increase——Increase——

* Decrease.—V. 147, p. 2864.

**Decrease.—V. 147, p. 2864.

Educational Pictures, Inc.—Warrants Extended— The 18-month common stock purchase warrants, evidencing the right to purchase common stock of the company at a price \$10 per share, which expire on Nov. 19, 1938, were extended to and including Dec. 31, 1939, by resolution passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the company on Sept. 30, 1938.—V. 147, p. 1487.

Electric Boat Co.—60-Cent Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 60 cents per share on the common stock, par \$3, payable Dec. 8 to holders of record Nov. 23. Like amounts were paid on Dec. 8, 1937 and on Dec. 5, 1936, this last being the initial distribution.—V. 147, p. 268.

Empire Capital Corp.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 2½ cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share on the class A stock, par \$5, both payable Nov. 30 to holders of record Nov. 15. Extra dividends of five cents were paid on May 31, last, Nov. 30 and on May 31, 1937, Feb. 29, 1936, Feb. 28, 1935 and on Aug. 31, 1934.—V. 146, p. 3012.

Electric Power & Light Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 Subsidiaries—

Operating revenues		\$26,640,128 14,375,355		\$107781,103 57,061,602
Prop. retire. & depletion reserve approps	3,901,283	3,753,371	15,904,730	14,531,155
Net oper, revenues	\$6,544,744	\$8,511,402	\$31,337,764	\$36,188,346
Rent from lease of plants (net)		Dr1,210	4,798	Dr8,082
Operating incomeOther income deductions	88,389	\$8,510,192 234,695 178,834		\$36,180,264 906,454 899,728
Gross income Int. on long-term debt Other int. (notes, loans,	\$6,544,467 3,086,860	\$8,566,053 3,162,336	\$31,100,258 12,510,405	
&c.) Other deductions Int. chgd. to construct'n	498,130 275,151	525,967 245,151 Cr41,550	1,991,067 a1,582,276 Cr86,886	2,113,708 737,299 Cr121,019
Balance Pref. divs. to public Portion applic. to min.	\$2,700,567 1,971,618	\$4,674,149 1,981,578	\$15,103,396 7,886,890	\$20,569,519 7,932,458
interests	45,024	143,035	221,700	1,302,966
Net equity of El. Pow. & Lt. Corp. in inc. inc. of subs. El. Power & Light Corp. Net equity of El. Power	\$683,925	\$2,549,536	\$6,994,806	\$11,334,095
& Lt. Corp. in inc. of subsidiaries Other income	\$683,925	\$2,549,536	\$6,994,806 1,065	\$11,334,095 689
Total	\$683,925 75,060 414,419	\$2,549,536 41,374 397,243	\$6,995,871 265,216 1,646,268	191,645
Bal. carried to consol. earned surplus ' a Includes \$418,505 quarter ended Dec. 31,	representing 1937 for rec	non-recurr	expenses of	during the
Statem Period End. Sept. 30—		e (Corporatio Los.—1937	n Only) 1938—12 1	Mos.—1937

Gross inc.—From subs. Other.... \$511.136 \$457,883

\$2,127,122 265,216 \$1,893,860 191,645 Total_____ Expenses, incl. taxes___ \$511,136 75,060 \$457,883 41,374 Net inc. before int. & other deductions.
Int. on gold debs., 5% series, due 2030.
Int. on Power Secs. Corp. coll. trust gold bonds, American 6% series.
Amort. of debt disc't & exp. on gold debs.
Prem. & exp. on Power Secs. Corp. bonds retired. \$416,509 \$1,861,906 \$1,702,215 \$436,076 387,500 387,500 1,550,000 1,550,000 56,796 17,164 9.743 9,743 38,974 38,974

\$215,638 \$19,266 \$21,657 \$113,241

rights.

No provision has been made in the above statement for undeclared cum. dividends on preferred stocks.

	Balance	Sheet Sept.	30 (Corporation	Only)	
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabuttes-	1938	1937
- Committee of the comm		182,822,355	y Capital stock.		155,044,139
Spec. cash dep	3,841,145 106,042		\$7 pref. stock		1. 10 3 5544
Loans receivable Accts. rec., asso-		450,000	allotm't ctfs Long-term debt	1,500 $32.035,500$	1,500 31,000,000
Accounts receiv-	5,437	57,942			18,913 310,079
able—others _ Divs. rec. (asso-	******	4,249	Other cur. liabil.	130,067	
ciated cos.)	33,080	*****	Reserve	156.324 4,587,710	156,378 3,532,624
Other cur. assets Subscr. to \$7 pf. stk. allotment	788	*****	Constraint to the		
certificates	1,582	1.582			
x Reacq cap.stk. Unamort. debt	103,003	103,001	The state of the state of		
disc. & exps	3,559,633	3,598,607	A COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF		
Deferred charges	13,181	13,181	- Pair to evolute	101.20	
Total1	92,333,817	190,063,629	Total	192,333,817	190,063,629

x Represented by 972 (1938 and 1937) shares of \$7 preferred stock and 893 ½ in 1938 and 892 ½ in 1937 shares of common stock.

y Represented by 515,135 shares \$7 pref. stock, 255,430 shares of \$6 pref. stock, 82,464 (82,964 in 1937) shares of 2d pref., series A (\$7) stock, and 3,422,089 shares of common stock.—V. 147, p. 2392.

El Paso Electric Co. (Del.) (& Subs.) - Earnings-Earnings of El Paso Electric Co. (Texas)

Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues— Operation— Maintenance— Taxes—	1938—Mo \$248,582 94,717 19,550 29,349	nth—1937 \$250,035 99,818 12,763 28,373	1938—12 1 \$2,890,857 1,191,891 185,560 334,875	Mos.—1937 \$2,832,627 1,215,895 185,738 318,911
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income (net)_	\$104,966 Dr4,931	\$109,081 Dr3,710	\$1,178,531 Dr56,001	\$1,112,082 Dr12,385
Balance Int. & amortiz. (public) _	\$100,035 36,175	\$105,370 36,186	\$1,122,530 436,617	\$1,099,697 436,485
Balance Interest (El Paso Elec.	\$63,860	\$69,184	\$685,913	\$663,212
Co., Del.)	2,083	2,083	25,000	25,000
Balance Appropriations for retirem	\$61,777 ent reserve	\$67,101	\$660,913 333,792	\$638,212 326,033
Balance Preferred dividend require	ments (publi	c)	\$327,121 46,710	\$312,179 46,710
Balance applicable to E Earning 12 Months Ended Sept. : Earnings of El Paso Elect Note interest deducted fro Earnings of other subsidis to El Paso Electric Co. Miscellaneous revenue.	gs of El Paso 30— cric Co. (Text om above ear ary companie (Del.)	Electric Co.	\$280,411 25,000 81,427	\$265,469 1937 \$265,469 25,000 82,109
Total Expenses, taxes and inter				\$372,578 22,329
Balance Preferred dividend require	ments		\$357,696 182,972	\$350,249 182,972
Balance for common di Note—Effective Jan. 1, system of accounts presc the above 12 months' figure	1937 the su	bsidiary con e Federal P	mpanies adop ower Commi	ted the new ssion, hence

exactly comparative v . 147	, p. 2000.
1938 \$6,947	1937 \$162,591 33,316
4,958	\$195,907 4,208 31,885 416
\$19,345 41,653	\$159,399 38,387
\$60,999 50,968	\$197.786 70.475
	\$127,311
Fed. & State taxes \$4,255 Cap. stock (\$0.20 par)	1937 \$1,626 80,891 1,329,298 2,958 127,311 D74,227
	\$1938 \$6,947 21,268 \$28,214 4,958 3,911 \$19,345 41,653 \$60,999 50,968 \$10,030 Sheet Sept. 30 Labilities———————————————————————————————————

Total \$1,902,930 \$1,537,858 Total \$1,90 x 9,370 (1,009 in 1937) shares at cost.—V. 147, p. 1191. \$1,902,930 \$1,537,858

Eureka Vacuum Cleaner Co.—Special Meeting—
Company has informed the New York Stock Exchange that a special stockholder's meeting will be held on Nov. 25 for the purpose of considering amendment of company's charter.—V. 147, p. 1034. Evans Products Co.—Notes Sold—
The company has announced that on Aug. 31 a total of \$880,000 of 4% collateral trust notes were sold to four banks for cash. These notes were secured by certain indenture of trust from the company to the Detroit Trust Co., trustee, and Harry L. Stanton, co-trustee.—V. 147, p. 890.

Family Loan Society, Inc.—Exchange Offer—
The holders of the partic. preference stock are offered the right to exchange their shares of partic. pref. stock for the newly authorized pref. stock, series A, and the common stock on the basis of 1½ shares of the new pref. stock and two shares of common stock for each share of the partic. preference stock which they now hold. The reasons for and terms of this offer of exchange are explained in a letter dated Oct. 26 by R. De Witt King, President:
Since the fall of 1935, when the last public financing of the company was carried out, the company has had a continuous growth. The number of offices has increased from 38 to 49. Six of these offices have been opened in three additional cities. The total of small loans outstanding has grown from \$5.881,326 on June 30, 1935, to \$8.872,338 on June 30, 1935. At the same time the consolidated net income has increased from \$521,390 for the year ended June 30, 1935, to \$815,154 for the year ended June 30, 1935.

To continue this growth the officers and directors feel that its capital

To continue this growth the officers and directors feel that its capital should be increased. To accomplish this, it is deemed advisable to make

an offer of stock upon attractive terms and prices. The officers and directors also feel that the old partic. preference stockholders, because of their early investment in the company, should be given an opportunity to participate in the increased growth of the business. The plan decided upon to accomplish these objective, is to create a new class of pref. stock and offer a part of it, together with common stock, to the holders of partic, preference stock in exchange for their shares, and upon the completion of the offer of exchange, to sell additional shares of the new pref. stock to the public. Partic, preference stock taken in by the company for exchange will be retired. Proceeds from the sale of the new pref. stock, series A, will be used either for the reduction of bank loans, for additional working capital, or for the retirement of partic, preference stock not exchanged.

All of the steps necessary to carry out this plan have been taken by the company. The charter has been amended by vote of the voting stockholders at a meeting held Sept. 14, 1938, so as to authorize a class of pref. stock consisting of 200,000 shares, and to increase the authorized common stock from 300,000 to 650,000 shares. In accordance with the provisions of the amended certificate of incorporation, the directors have voted to create a series of the pref. stock to consist of 125,000 shares and to be called "preferred stock, series A." They have voted to offer to the holders of the 50,000 shares of partic, preference stock the right to receive in eachange for each share of their stock 1½ shares of the pref. stock, series A. (a total of 75,000 shares), and two shares of common stock, (a total of 100,000 shares). The remaining 50,000 shares of the pref. stock, series A. they have voted to sell to the public at \$23.50 a share. The additional shares of common stock, not utilized in effecting said exchange, will be reserved for the exercise of the conversion rights of the new pref. stock.

The plan of exchange will become effective if the

holders of 70% accept the offer and the company elects to declare the plan effective.

The new pref. stock, series A, will carry an annual cumulative dividend of \$1.50 per share, payable Q.-J. The present annual dividend rate of the common stock is \$1.40 a share payable quarterly and is usually paid on the same dates as that of the pref. stock. Pref. stock, series A, is convertible into common stock at the ratio of 1½ shares of common for one share of pref. if converted on or before Dec. 31, 1940, and at the ratio of 1½ for one if converted after that date but on or before June 30, 1942; \$26.50 per share if redeemed thereafter and on or before June 30, 1947, and \$26 per share if redeemed thereafter. Redemption is subject to the right to convert the pref. stock, series A, into common stock. Pref. stock, series A, is entitled on voluntary liquidation to the same prices as upon redemption, and is entitled to \$25 per share upon involuntary liquidation.

Rhode Island Hospital Trust Co., Providence, R, I., agents for the company, will issue non-transferable receipts for partic. preference stock deposited. It is expected that upon consummation of the plan, certificates for new shares will be issued to holders of such receipts on or before Dec. 31, 1938. Shares may be delivered directly to the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Co., or to any one of the offices of Bodell & Co. for deposit in the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Co.

Years Ended	Net	Pref.	Common	Bal. to
June 30-	Income	Divs. Paid	Divs. Paid	Surplus
1928	\$16,089		\$1.676	\$14,413
1929	127,101	\$27,515		99.586
1930	409,689	122.117	87,500	200.072
1931	610.245	193,706	118.750	297.789
1932	672,206	210,000	200,000	262,206
1933	517.545	210,000	200,000	107.545
1934	447.398	210,000	200,000	37.398
1935	521.390	210,000	200,000	111,390
1936	705.860	241.444	200,000	264.416
1937	761.101	250,000	250,000	261.101
1938	815.154	250,000	325,000	240.154

Bodeil & Co. intend to make a market for the new securities when issued, including fractional shares.—V. 147, p. 2683.

Federal Mining & Smelting Co.-Earnings-

Period— Tons of concentrates produced Tons of shipping product produced by	3rd Quar. of 1938 19,175	2nd Quar. of 1938 30,820	3rd Quar. of 1937 29,251
Net income after deprec, but excl. of profit on metal stocks sold and	3,940	1,920	2,939
before deducting depletion and any Federal taxes on income Profit on metal stocks sold	loss\$55,488 31,613	\$32,306	\$568,145
Total profit	loss\$23,874	\$32,306	\$568,145

Federated Department Stores, Inc.—Meeting—Meeting of preferred stockholders will be held on Nov. 28 to consider consenting to the borrowing of \$3,250,000 by the F. & R. Lazarus & Co. (a subsidiary of Federated Department Stores, Inc.) from the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States and the mortgaging of properties of that company, all in accordance with letter dated Oct. 27, 1938.—V. 147, p. 2367.

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.—Selling Group Terminated Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., and Otis & Co., syndicate managers, have anounced that the selling group formed in connection with the public fering of the new issue of \$50,000,000 10-year 3½% debentures due Oct. 1, 48 was terminated at the close of business Nov. 3, 1938.—V. 147, p. 2683.

Fiscal Fund, Inc.—Stock Dividend— Directors have declared a stock dividend of 2½% payable in beneficial ares on Jan. 2 to holders of record Nov. 15.—V. 147, p. 2392.

(M. H.) Fishman Co., Inc.—Sales— Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 Sales— \$399.971 \$382.811 \$3,219,347 \$3,102,724 Stores in operation—V. 147, p. 2244.

Florida Public Service Co.—Earning 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses, &c. Provision for retirements. Provision for taxes.	\$2,267,231 1,202,395 142,928	1937 \$2,094,221 1,288,960 90,769 194,220
Operating income	\$735,821 9,869	\$520,272 30,565
Gross income Interest on 4% first mortgage bonds Interest on other funded debt. Interest on unfunded debt. Interest charged to construction.	\$745,690 240,000 113,079 24,247 Cr1,003	\$550,837 240,000 20,840 Cr2,348
Balance available for interest on convertible in-	\$369.368	\$292,345

-V. 147, p. 1035.

Ford Motor Co.—New Model Prices—Company announced prices on its 1939 line of cars ranging from \$5 to \$20 lower than comparable 1938 models.

\$20 lower than comparable 1938 models.

Base price is \$580 for the 60-horsepower coupe, before Federal and State taxes and transportation charges. This model will deliver in Detroit, transportation charges paid, for \$584 with Federal and State taxes totaling \$33.06 to be added. Standard models are all comparable in size, body dimensions and comfort with the 1938 de luxe V-8 which sold at a considerably higher price, the announcement stated.

All new de luxe models carry a flat reduction of \$5. Prices start at \$680 for the de luxe coupe, with \$4 transportation charge and Federal and State taxes of \$38.66 additional.

New prices compare with those of 1938 as follows:

"60-horsepower—Coupe \$580 against \$595; tudor \$620 against \$640 and fordor \$665 against \$685.

85-horsepower—Coupe \$620 against \$625; tudor \$660 against \$665, and fordor \$705 against \$710.

De luxe 85-horsepower—Coupe \$680 against \$685; tudor \$720 against \$725; fordor \$765 against \$770; convertible coupe \$765 against \$770, and convertible sedan \$895 against \$900.

Above prices do not include Federal and State taxes or transportation charges.

larges.

In addition to the regular standard equipment, new prices include addional equipment over and above what usually is listed as standard. This
quipment includes twin horns, dual windshield wipers, arm rests, ciga-

In addition to the regular standard tional equipment over and above what usually is listed as standard. This equipment includes twin horns, dual windshield wipers, arm rests, cigarlighter, &c.

Reductions ranging up to \$50 were also announced on the 1939 line of Ford trucks and commercial cars. A total of 42 chassis and body combinations, plus a number of options in clutches, transmissions, rear axis ratios, wheels and tires are available.

Commercial types are available with 60-horsepower engine at \$15 less than with the 85-horsepower engine. Trucks containing the 95-horsepower engine are \$25 higher.

Company also announced prices on the Mercury 8 beginning at \$894 for the two-door sedan, Federal and State taxes of \$49.70 are extra.

Detroit delivered prices on other models, before taxes are as fellows: Four-door town sedan \$934; sedan-coupe \$934, and sport convertible \$994. Prices include a list of equipment over and above what usually is listed as "standard." In addition to the usual spare wheel, tire and tube lock and bumpers and bumper guards, equipment includes electric clock and cigar lighter, twin horns, duel tail lights, windshield wipers, sun visor, &c.

The new Mercury has a wheelbase of 116 inches and is powered with a 95-horsepower V-type eight-cylinder engine. The new cars are equipped with hydraulic brakes.

The Mercury is offered in four body types, a town sedan, sedan-coupe and a sport convertible.

Consent Decree Entered Into—

See Chrysler Corp.—V. 147, p. 2532.

Fort Worth Stock Yards Co.—87 ½-Cent Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 87 ½ cents per share on the common stock, payable Oct. 29 to holders of record Oct. 28. A dividend of 50 cents was paid on Aug. 1, last, and previously regular quarterly dividends of 37½ cents per share were distributed.—V. 147, p. 890.

Gannett Co., Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

9 Months Ended Sept. 30—

1938

× After interest, amortization and provision for Federal and New York taxes, but before provision for surtax and including equity of \$189,131 in 1937 and \$248,261 in 1936 of the undistributed net profits of controlled companies.

y After interest, amortization and provision for normal Federal income and New York State franchise taxes, but without provision for undistributed profits tax.—V. 147, p. 1035.

Gatineau Power Co.—Common Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 20 cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 19. An initial dividend of like amount was paid on Sept. 15, last.—V. 147, p. 1777.

Gaylord Container Corp.—Earnings-Period Ended Sept. 30, 1938—
Profit
Depreciation, depletion and amortization
Interest charges
Provision for Research 9 Months \$1,366,559 438,103 15,306 164,136 Months \$451,969 148,753 5,009 53,461 nterest charges_____rovision for Federal and State income taxes____ Net profit
Dividends paid on preferred stock
Earnings per share of common stock outstanding
(539,221 shares)
—V. 147, p. 1192. \$0.328 \$1.011

General American Oil Co. of Texas—Offering—Company has filed a post-effective amendment with the Securities and Exchange Commission stating that Russell Maguire & Co., Inc., the underwriter, plans to re-offer publicly 46,419 shares of common stock taken by the firm in connection with the company's security offering in 1937.—V. 145, p. 3654.

General Box Co.—Earnings 9 Months Ended Sept. 30— Prof. for opers, after providing for normal inc. tax, but before chg. deprec. Depreciation 1937 1936 \$253,532 89,544 \$130,549 92,156 \$372,356 90,200 Profit from operations...... Income from interest, rent, &c..... \$282,156 3,635 \$163,988 5,156 \$38,393 2,688 Inc. before interest & other charges Interest and other charges..... \$41,082 4,696 \$285,791 11,922 \$169,145 10,945 \$273,869 18,99c. \$158,200 12.56c.

General Investors Trust-Earnings-

[Not including realized and unrealized gains or losses on securities or

	1937 \$25,205 783
\$15,760 946 2,280	\$25,988 1,559 2,597
\$12,534	\$21,832 4,132
\$12,534	\$25,964 654
\$12,534 7,091 776 506	\$25,309 10,429
\$20,906 16,843	\$35,739 21,741
\$4,064	\$13,998
1938 - \$420,304 - 1,892,675 80. d. Dr312,275 8e. 4,064 - 77,305 bs. 758 bbs 1,394 P 1,414	1937 \$367,136 1,980,968 Dr252,966 13,998
	\$4,064 1938 \$420,304 1,892,675 10. 1,07312,275 4,064 77,305 13. 758 1,394

__\$2,085,642 \$2,112,293 Total____ x Shares of beneficial interest, par \$1; 420,304 (367,136 in 1937) shares outstanding, of which 506 were held in escrow for exchange of certificates.

—V. 147, p. 1488. _.\$2,085,642 \$2,112,293

General Motors Corp.—To Pay 75-Cent Dividend—
The directors on Nov. 7 declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock par \$10 payable Dec. 12 to holders of record Nov. 17. This compares with 25 cents paid on Sept. 12, June 13 and on March 12, last; \$1.50 paid on Dec. 13, 1937; \$1 paid on Sept. 13 and on June 12, 1937; 25 cents paid on March 12, 1937; a year-end dividend of \$1.50 paid on Dec. 12, 1936; regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents paid in each of the

five preceding quarters and dividends of 25 cents per share paid each three months previously. Previous extra distributions were as follows: 75 cents on Sept. 12 and June 12, 1936; 50 cents on Dec. 12, 1935; 25 cents on Sept. 12, 1935; 50 cents on Sept. 12, 1935; 50 cents on Sept. 12, 1934; 25 cents on Dec. 12, 1933, and 30 cents per share on Jan. 3, 1930, and on July 2, 1929.

October Car Sales-The company on Nov. 9 released the following statement:

following statement:
October sales of General Motors cars and trucks from all sources of manufacture totaled 123,835 compared with 166,939 in October a year ago. Sales in September were 36,335. Sales for the first 10 months of 1938 totaled 919,584 compared with 1,761,317 for the same 10 months of 1937. Sales to dealers in the United States totaled 92,890 in October compared with 136,370 in October a year ago. Sales in September were 16,469. Sales for the first 10 months of 1938 totaled 625,585 compared with 1,418,608 for the same 10 months of 1937.
Sales to consumers in the United States totaled 68,896 in October compared with 107,216 in October a year ago. Sales in September were 40,796. Sales for the first 10 months of 1938 totaled 751,495 compared with 1,387,146 for the same 10 months of 1937.

Total Sales to Dealers in	United States	and Canada	Plus Overseas	Shipment
TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	1938	1937	1936	1935
January	94.267	103,668	158.572	98,268
February	94,449	74,567	144,874	121,146
March	109.555	260.965	196,721	169,302
April	109,659	238,377	229,467	184,059
May	104.115	216,654	222,603	134.597
June	101,908	203,139	217,931	181,188
July	90.030	226,681	204,693	167,790
August	55,431	188,010	121,943	124,680
September	36,335	82,317	19,288	39,152
October	123,835	166.939	90.764	127,054
November		195,136	191,720	182,754
December		160,444	239,114	185,698
Total		2,116,897	2,037,690	1,715,688
Sale	to Consumera	in United S	tates	
	1000	100		

Sales to	o Consumeri	in United S	tates	
WHENCE THE PROPERTY OF	1938	1937	1936	1935
January	63,069	92.998	102,034	54,10
February	62,831 100,022	51,600 196,095	96,134 181,782	77,29 126,69
April	103.534	198,146	200,117	143,90
May	92,593	178,521	195,628	109.05
June	76,071	153,866	189,756	137,78
July	78,758	163,818	163,459	108,64
August	64,925	156,322	133,804	127,34
September	40,796	88,564	85,201	66,54
October	68,896	107,216	44,274	68.56
November		117,387	155,552	136,58
December		89,682	173,472	122.19
Total		1,594,215	1,720,213	1,278,99

Total		1.594,215	1,720,213	1,278,99
Sales	to Dealers	in United Sta	tes	
	1938	1937	1936	1935
January	56.938	70,901	131,134	75,72
February	63,771	49,674	116,762	92.90
March	76,142	216,606	162,418	132,62
April	78,525	199,532	187.119	105.15
May	71,676	180,085	194,695	152.94
June	72,596	162,390	186,146	150,86
July	61.826	187,869	177,436	139,12
August	34,752	157,000	99,775	103,09
September	16,469	58,181	4.669	22.98
October	92,890	136,370	69,334	97.74
November		153,184	156,041	148,84
December		108,232	197,065	150,01

1,680,024 1,682,594 1,370,934

Listing-The corporation's application to list 43,500,000 shares of common stock, \$10 par, and 1,875,366 shares of preferred stock, no par, \$5 series, has been approved by the Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2866.

General Telepho	one Corn	(& Subs	.)—Earnir	0.08
Period End. Sept. 30-	x1938-9 M	fos.—y1938	×1938-12	Mosy1938
Operating revenues	\$10,644,912	\$12,953,365	\$14,029,219	\$17,235,772
Maintenance Depreciation		2,265,350 $2,212,512$	2,509,859 2,385,437	
Traffic, commercial, gen.		2,212,012	2,000,101	2,510,000
office salaries & other				
operating expenses	3,004,512	3,629,827	4,050,767	4,908,382
General taxes Fed'l normal inc. taxes	1,048,543 279,174	1,257,458 346,914	$\frac{1,368,205}{378,187}$	1,647,833 483,992
Fed'l surtax on undistrib-		010,011		
uted profits			3,260	4,360
Net operating income.	\$2.592.876	\$3,241,304	\$3,333,504	\$4,253,800
Other income (net)	25,532	23,619	44,794	43,159
Income available for		O. CHESTA	- 1707 Set 1877	20/2012
fixed charges	\$2.618.408	\$3.264.923	\$3,378,298	\$4.296.959
Interest on funded debt.	1,097,239	1,355,572	1,426,357	1,781,566
Other interest	7,167	7,547	8,995	9,399
Amortiz. of debt. disc.	65,632	85,363	83.166	110.297
Int. during construction	10150	The state of the s		The state of the s
(credit)	42,178	42,412	50,441	50,766
Pref. stk. divs. of sub.cos Undeclared pfd.stk. divs.	383,119	542,343	486,104	726,256
of sub. cos. in arrears.	66,912	66,912	79,481	58,271
Min. int. in curr. earns.	40,266	106,773	50,355	150,055
Other fixed charges	7.061	10,349	10,360	15,280
Net income	\$993,190	\$1,132,476	\$1,283,921	\$1,496,601
General Tel. Corp. pref. dividend requirements	165,404	165,404	220,539	220.539
millione roden comones		-50,10-		

Income balance...... \$827,786 \$967,072 \$1,063,382 \$1,276,062 x Including the earnings of General Telephone Tri Corp. and subsidiaries from Aug. 30, 1938 (date of acquisition) to Sept. 30, 1938.

y Including for comparative purposes the earnings (exclusive of the fixed charges of the parent company) of Indiana Central Telephone Co. and subsidiaries for the periods prior to Aug. 30, 1938, date of completion of reorganization of Indiana Central Telephone Co. and transfer of assets to General Telephone Tri Corp.

Note—All figures shown above are for designated.

Note—Ail figures shown above are for designated periods ended Sept. 30, 1938 only.

Gain in Phones-

Gain in Phones—
Corporation reports for its subsidiaries a gain of 1,562 company-owned telephones for the month of October, 1938 as compared with a gain of 2,101 telephones for the month of October, 1937. The gain for the first 10 months of 1938 totals 12,383 (exclusive of purchases) or 2.79% as compared with a gain of 25,691 telephones or 6.25% for the corresponding period of 1937.

General Telephone Corp. subsidiaries now include the subsidiaries of the new General Telephone Tri Corp. (successor to Indiana Central Telephone Co. pursuant to the reorganization plan of the latter company). The subsidiary companies now have in operation a total of 457,804 company-owned telephones.—V. 147, p. 2393.

General Tire & Rubber Co.—Options Exercised—
Company reports the issuance of 100 shares of common stock upon exercise of options granted to employees of the company.—V. 147, p. 2686.

Georgia & Florida RR.—Earnings—
— Week Ended Oct. 31—
1938 1937
1937
\$31,525 \$27,959 Jan. 1 to Oct. 31— 1938 1937 \$927,529 \$1,122,224 Operating revenue -V. 147, p. 2866.

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses, &c Provision for taxes	98— 1938 \$1,131,771 736,595 187,809 100,132	1937 \$1,045,513 638,052 124,075 81,466
Operating income	\$107.235 7,571	\$201,919 1,096
Gross income	\$114,805 159,735 18,187 9,791 Cr614	\$203,016 157,570 18,914 9,791 Cr505
Balance of income	loss\$72,294	\$17,245

(W. T.) Grant Co.—Sales—

Period Ended Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937

Sales—V. 147, p. 2245. \$8,969,621 \$8,957,070 \$70,679,588 \$74,371,228

Great Northern Paper Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 63 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, both payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 19. An extra of 12 cents was paid on Sept. 1, last; 13 cents was paid on June 1, last; 12 cents paid on March 1 last; one of 63 cents was paid on Dec. 1, 1937; one of 12 cents was paid on June 1, 1937, and extra dividends of 12 cents were paid on March 1, 1937 and on Dec. 1, 1936.—V. 147, p. 1778.

Green Mountain Power Corp.—Accumulated Dividend—The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the \$6 cumulative preferred stock, no par value, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15. A like payment was made on Sept. 1, June 1 and on March 1 last, on Dec. 1, Sept. 1, June 1 and Ma. 1, 1937, on Dec. 1, Sept. 1 and June 1, 1936, and on Dec. 2, Sept. 2 and June 1, 1935, and compares with \$2.25 per share paid on March 1, 1935, and 75 cents paid each quarter from June 1, 1933 to and including Dec. 1, 1934. Prior to June 1, 1934, regular quarterly dividends of \$1.50 per share were paid.—V. 147, p. 1194.

Greene Cananea Copper Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings 9 Months Ended Sept. 30— 1938 1937 Operating income \$1,102,727 \$2,329,099 Dividends and miscellaneous income 42,823 13,446 \$925,350 \$1,933,281 205,563 237,484

income account for surtax, if any, on undistributed	profits.—V.	147. p.2687.
Greenwich Water & Gas System,	Inc. (&	Subs.)-
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross earnings Operating expenses, maintenance, and taxes Reserved for retirements	614,672	671,807
Gross income. Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of subs Minority interest. Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of Greenwich Water & Gas System. Inc.	139,183 11,249	\$642,597 146,449 11,691 313,810
Net income	\$174.478	\$170.646
Notes—(1) The above statement includes the Gas Co. (the common stock of which was sold in	accounts of	Greenwich

Gas Co. (the common stock of which was sold in February, 1937) only up to and including Dec. 31, 1936—thereafter there is included only income on other securities of that company owned by Greenwich Water & Gas System, Inc.

(2) The above income accounts include surtaxes on undistributed profits as computed and recorded at the close of the calendar years 1936 and 1937. For the year 1938 to date no accruals for such surtaxes have been made.

—V. 147, p. 1036.

Greyhound Corp.—Earnings-

[Comparative Statement of Earnings of the Greyhound Corp Including Equity in Undistributed Net Income or Loss of Associated Companies]

I have been been a substantial to be a substan	9 Months		-12 Mos-	
Period End. Sept 30— Income—Dividends Interest Net income, before inc. tax, of East,	\$1,425,213 80,010	\$1.517.244 90,742	\$4,635,819 108,621	
Greyhound Lines of New England (a division of The Greyhound Corp) Miscellaneous		26,557 2,552	33,723 17,266	
Total	\$1,533,367 248,372 5,894 32,000	\$1,637,095 202,214 19,865 20,200	\$4,795,429 347,517 10,685 87,453 130,000	
Net income Equity of Greyhound Corp. in combined net inc. of associated cos., based upon ints. owned at the end		\$1,394,816	\$4,219,774	
of each period, after deducting divi- dends received: Bus companies Other companies	3,011,570 57,103	2,569,167 157,204	755,508 6.189	
Total, representing net income of Greybound Corp. for the period	oliomit k	report Date	aly ald	

and equity in undistributed net

income or ioss of associated cos Whereof earnings per share of common		\$4,121,187	\$4,909,092
stock based upon stock outstanding at end of each period	\$1.56		\$1.79
Earnings of Associated			
Period Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses Depreciation	1938 \$37,064,120 25,670,277	0nths 1937 \$34,138,764 24,494,514 2,170,645	1938
Net operating revenueOther income	\$7.931.136 278,106	\$7,473,606 177,444	\$9,488,888 537,016
Total income	\$8,209,241 233,492 1,535,837 44,700	\$7,651,050 95,632 1,246,176 129,551	\$10,025,905 312,970 1,847,419 104,886 78,526

Combined net income______\$6,395,213 \$6,179,691 \$7,682,104

The foregoing statement, for comparative purposes, includes the opera-tions of Eastern Greyhound Lines of New England, a division of The Grey-hound Corporation.

Effective Jan. 1, 1938, the Interstate Commerce Commission prescribed a system of accounts for motor carriers which differs slightly from that previously used. In the above statement the operating revenues and expenses shown for the nine month periods conform to the new classification; for the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1938, only major items have been adjusted.

Equity of The Greyhound Corporation
9 Months
1937 Period End. Sept. 30—
Equity of Greyhound Corp. in the
above combined net income based
upon interests owned at the end of
each period.

Divs. rec from associated bus cos.,
incl. net income of Eastern Greyhound Lines of New England, a
division of Greyhound Corp..... \$4,355,017 \$4,069,420 \$5,242,887 1,343,447 1,500,253 4,487,380

Net equity of Greyhound Corp. in combined undistributed net inc. of associated bus. cos., based upon interests owned at the end of each period \$3,011,570 \$2,569,167 \$755,508

Note—No provision has been made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits in the nine month periods. The deduction shown for such surtax for the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1938 is applicable to the calendar year 1937.—V. 147, p. 2866.

Guelph Carpet & Worsted Spinning Mills, Ltd.-Dividends-

Company paid a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, no par value on Nov. 1 to holders of record Oct. 20. Like amounts were paid on Nov. 1, 1937, and on Nov. 1, 1936.—V. 145. p. 3818.

Gulf States Utilities Co.—Earnings—

Period End. Sept. 30-	1938-Mo	mth-1937	1938—12 A	dos.—1937
Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	\$968,985 382,054 38,030 93,613	\$903,050 353,687 44,575 95,823	\$10,613,105 4,437,805 524,270 1,157,501	\$9,747,751 4,234,672 498,329 955,258
Net oper, revenues Non-oper, income (net)_	\$455,288 813	\$408,965 2,695	\$4,493,529 Dr35,473	\$4,059,491 76,690
Balance Int. and amortization	\$456,102 131,487	\$411,660 100,299	\$4,458,056 1,238,032	\$4,136,182 1,284,271
Balance	\$324,615 ment reserve	\$311,361	\$3,220,024 1,188,436	\$2,851,910 1,174,377
Balance Preferred dividend require	ments		\$2,031,587 605,828	\$1,677,534 604,438
Balance for common div	idends and	surplus	\$1,425,760	\$1,073,096

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1937, the company adopted the new system of counts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission, which differs in creatin respects from the system the company previously followed, hence above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—B. 147, p. 2866.

Hagerstown Light & Heat Co. of Washington County

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses and taxes	1938 \$156,207 114,764	1937 \$162,486 125,284
Net oper revs. before prov. for retirements Non-operating income.	\$41,442 Dr6,429	\$37,202 Dr2,679
Gross income before provision for retirements	\$35,014 13,603	\$34,523 14,400
Gross income	\$21,411 14,550 647 268	\$20,123 14,550 919 193
Net income	\$5,946	\$4,460

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1938, the company adopted the new uniform system of accounts for gas utilities which was recommended by the National Association of Railroad and Utilities Commissioners. Such system differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence the previous year figures shown in these statements are not comparable.

—V. 147, p. 573; V. 145, p. 2847.

Harriman Building Corp.—Interest, &c.—
The first mortgage bondholders' committee (Lee S. Buckingham, Albert J. Courtney and Tracy A. Williams) which was formed last August for the purpose of opposing the owner's proposed modification plan for the first mortgage 6% loan certificates outstanding in the amount of \$4,595,500 announces that on Nov. 1, 1938, there was due upon the bonds a semi-annual interest coupon of 3%, but the owner has deposited with the Bank of the Manhattan Co., the trustee for the bondholders, funds sufficient to pay only one-half of this coupon. The committee advises all bondholders to mail or present their Nov. 1, 1938, coupons to the bank, 40 Wall St., New York, accompanied by Federal income tax ownership certificate properly filled out and signed. After being stamped with a notation of such partial payment, the interest coupons will be returned by the bank, together with a check in the appropriate amount. This will not bind bondholders in any way to the owner's proposed modification plan, and is entirely without prejudice to the rights of bondholders.

On Oct. 31, 1938, the owner entered into an agreement with the trustee for the segregation of the income of the premises for the benefit of bondholders, under which the net income of the property will be paid over to the trustee monthly. The real estate taxes upon the property have been paid for the year 1938, and the property appears to be in good condition and is about 75% rented.

The committee advises bondholders not to accept or consent to the modification plan proposed by the owner.—V. 123, p. 3328.

Havana Electric Ry.—Earnings—

Havana Electric Ry.—Earnings— 10 Months Ended Oct. 31-1938 1937 1,701.423 \$1,815,565 Gross revenues...
—V. 147, p. 1038.

Haytian Corp. of America—Noteholders Agree to Plan—The noteholders' protective committee has notified all holders of the corporation's 8% notes that it is in substantial agreement with the company's decision to offer the noteholders, under the provisions of the Chandler Act. 60% of the common stock of the company, plus new bonds in the face amount of \$333.33 for each \$1,000 bond now outstanding.

Arnold Hanson of Hanson & Hanson is chairman of the committee, which includes Sanford Griffith and Eliot E. Berkwit.—V. 147, p. 2867.

Period End, Sept. 30—	1938—3 Me		1938—9 M	fos —1937
x Gross income	\$523,450	\$790,318	\$1,264,166	\$2,691,090
	317,383	325,795	723,032	1,038,827
	41,022	89,577	109,024	275,449
	34,498	42,227	106,125	124,240
	78,976	91,442	195,583	303,825
Earns, per sh. on 1,000,-	\$51,570	\$241,277	\$130,403	\$948,748
000 shares (par 25c.)		\$0.24	\$0.13	\$0.94
capital stock		ins no pro	vision for u	ndistributed

(Edward) Hines Lumber Co.—Tenders, &c.—
At a meeting of the directors held Aug. 24, 1938, the management was instructed to pay into the sinking fund 50% of adjusted consolidated net earnings for the year ended Dec. 31, 1937, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated July 1, 1933. This amount, together with funds realized from the sale of capital assets and depletion of timber, less provision for 2½% interest payable in cash on Jan. 1, 1939, on outstanding bonds, will place in the sinking fund a total of \$292,294 of which \$233,845 will be applicable to the purchase of bonds, and \$58,449 to the purchase of scrip.
Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago and Edmond B. Stofft, as trustees of the mortgage, have advertised for tenders of bonds and scrip to the sinking fund.
This company through subsidiaries, now owns \$946,100 of Edward Hines Lumber Co. (formerly Hines Land & Timber Co.) bonds and \$171,554 par value of scrip and, as permitted by the mortgage, a part of these bonds and scrip will be tendered to the trustees for the sinking fund.
On Sept. 26, 1938, the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals at Chicago handed down a decision in the Federal income tax case of the company for prior years, reversing the United States Board of Tax Appeals on the question of affiliation of the Edward Hines Hardwood & Hemlock Co. in the years 1924, 1925 and 1926, which results in additional taxes which together with interest to Sept. 30, 1938, amounts to \$324,054. Counsel for the company is preparing further appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court. The full amount of this tax liability has been reserved in the current balance sheet.

Production of bitumunous coal in the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1938, was about 28% less than for the same period of 1937.

Consolidated Income Account 9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1938, 86,744,299
Cost of goods sold (exclusive of deprec., deplet. & amortization) 5,141,620

390,096 \$218,830 198,131 Net loss before special charges.

Lands forfeited for non-payment of taxes.

Discount on scrip retired.

Reserve for additional Federal income taxes and interest—
years 1924-1925-1926. \$416,962 41,439 Cr522

315,733

[Coal Companies and Fara Assets—
Cash...
Notes & acets. receivable....
Inventories
Advance payment on Government timber.
Investm'ts in & acets. with subs. not consol. investments (net).
Interest in escrow agreement (piedged).
Other assets (net)...
Property, plant & equipment (partially piedged).
Deferred assets... 10.020 869,994 3,728,100 253,138 1,911,624 200 4,376 5,236,356 195,788 868,562 808,562 407,007 448,487 4,100,768 3,140,520 803,956 \$12,585,265 Total \$12,585,265

-V. 147, p. 1780.

Holly Sugar Corp.—Tenders for Preferred Stock—
Corporation, through its Treasurer, E. P. Shove, is inviting tenders for
the sale to it of shares of its preferred stock at a price not exceeding \$115
per share and all unpaid and accrued dividends, in an amount sufficient to
exhaust the sum of \$100,076 in the sinking fund. Sealed offerings will be
received by the corporation at the office of its transfer agent, the Chase
National Bank, Pine and Nassau Streets, New York, on or before Nov. 19,
1938.—V. 147, p. 2090.

—1937 ***\$**3,311 849,413 **\$**0.089

x Indicates profits.—V. 147, p. 1038.

Hotel Waldorf-Astoria Corp.—Earnings9 Months Ended Sept. 30—

Gross income.
\$4,55

Operating expenses.

Real estate taxes.

Other taxes.

Insurance on building and contents.

Trusstee's and transfer agent's fees and expenses.

Rent.—

24

Amortization.

25

\$25

Note—Any profit earned before deduction of rent, interest on the debentures, and amortization, in the remaining months of 1938, will be applied first to the balance of the annual basic rent of \$1,000,000. The minimum rent for the year 1938 is \$500,000.

rent for the year	Tago in Doc	,000.			
		Balance Sh	eet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash	117.217	138,112	Accounts payable.	268,935	374.017
x Accts. receivable	e 275,720	312,626	Basic rent & taxes		X 1001
Inventories	. 153.033	145,179	due N. Y. State	MI WAR WEST	
Prepaid expenses.	67,149	37,138	Rity. & Term.		
Leasehold	9.473.487	9,687,025	Co	82,549	178,894
Trade advertising			Unem. ins. tax	10,930	7,858
contracts	7,178	5,340			
Invest. in stock o	1		utility & capital		
affiliated corps.	1,000	1,000		15,233	
Invest. in stock o			Fed. retirem't tax.		3,781
other corpora's.	9,100		Other acer. exps		27,113
Est. group ins. div		10,927			
N. Y. World's Fair		Contract of the	rentals & banq'te		4,218
debentures	92,300		Rent def'd on acct		
Deferred charges	833,455				
Net def. of capita	1 744,963	393,826			
			tal expend's		*****
			y For pur. of N.		
THE SHAPE OF THE PARTY OF THE P			Y. World's F'r		THE RELIGION
			debentures		
			z Debenture int	56,476	53,712
			Unpaid bal of sub		
			to World's Fair	PERSONAL PROPERTY.	
			debentures	10.000	46,150
			Adv. due-bilis out.		
			Sundry reserves	22,006	2,223
	1 199	The Country of	5% s. f. inc. debs.	10,885,000	10,985,000
Total	11 782 214	11.753.612	Total	11.782.214	11 753 617

x After reserve for doubtful accounts of \$40,937 in 1938 and \$55,055 in 1937. y Payable when these debentures are redeemed or sold. z Withheld on account of reorganization expenses.—V. 147, p. 1195.

(Henry) Holt & Co., Inc.—Class A Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 45 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.80 cum. partic. class A stock, no par value, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 10. Dividends of 10 cents were paid on Sept. 1 last, and in each of the six preceding quarters; 30 cents paid on Dec. 1, 1936, and dividends of 10 cents per share were paid on Sept. 1, June 1, and March 2, 1936, and on Dec. 2, 1935, this latter being the first payment made on the issue since June 1, 1933, when 15 cents was paid. 22½ cents per share were distributed each three months from June 1, 1932, to March 1, 1933, inclusive. Prior to then regular quarterly dividends of 45 cents per share were disbursed.—V. 147, p. 892.

Household Finance Corp.—Registers with SEC—See list given on first page of this department.—V. 147, p. 2867.

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.

Illinois Dell Tele	phone C	. Eurni	rigs-	
Period End. Sept. 30—	1938—Mot	nth—1937		fos.—1937
Operating revenues	\$7,210,882	\$7,241,940		\$65,092,537
Uncollectible oper. rev	21,812	16,883		153,184
Operating revenues	\$7,189,070	\$7,225,057		\$64.939,353
Operating expenses	4,876,570	4,985,458		44,109,724
Net oper. revenues	\$2,312,500	\$2,239,599	\$19,646,154	\$20,829,629
Operating taxes	1,184,929	1,087,405	10,637,741	10,173,677
Net operating income_	\$1,127,571	\$1,152,194	\$9,008,413	\$10,655,952
Net income	982,625	1,008,200	7,609,848	9,227,236

Illinois Water Service Co.—Earnings 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operation. Maintenance Provision for retirements and replacements General taxes Federal income taxes.	1938 \$523,822 174,292 33,341 47,940 57,249 8,096	1937 \$650,302 206,167 47,151 43,000 64,309 8,927
Net earnings from operationOther income	\$202,903 1,507	\$280,746 1,000
Gross income Interest on funded debt Miscellaneous interest Amortization of debt discount and expense Amortization of commission on preferred stock	\$204,410 129,997 1,184 3,093 117	\$281,747 172,053 1,383 3,949 700
Net income	\$70,019	\$103,661

Net income Dividends on prefe	erred sto	ck		\$70,019 52,010	\$103,661 53,500
Dividends on com				30,000	
			eet Sept. 30		W Williams
Assets-	1938	1937	Labuttes-	1938	1937
Plant, property,			Funded debt	-\$2,319,000	\$3,444,000
equipment, &c. \$	4.862.177	\$6,139,615	Misc. def'd liab.	de	INSTALLABOUR
Special deposits	5,292		unadjusted cred		35,819
Cash	205,501	133,359	Accounts payable	5,748	9,301
Debt disc. & exp.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	3100	Accrued items	. 141,406	119,465
in proc.of amort.	37,220	56,238	Reserves	. 393,184	539,439
Unamortized rate			6% cum. pref. stk	862,200	890,000
case expense		16,810			1,140,000
Com. on cap. stk.		7,875			81,515
Unbilled revenue	27,183	43,114	Earned surplus	_ 212,407	226,744
Receivables	34,534	53,874	CENTER MANY TO BE		
Mat'ls & supplies_	22,125	32,983	and a summer of the later of		
Def'd charges and					
prepaid accounts	1,170	2,414			

_\$5,195,203 \$6,486,283 Total _ .\$5,195,203 \$6,486,283 z Represented by 57,000 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 1038.

Inland Steel Co.—Options Exercised-

Company reports the issuance of 60 shares of capital stock upon exercise of options granted to officers and employees of the company.—V. 147, p. 2867.

International Harvester Co.—To Add Diesel Line—Company is adding 12 Diesel models to its truck lines. Until now company has built Diesel-powered trucks on order only.

The company's Diesel line will include six four-wheel models ranging in capacity from 3 to 7½ tons, with gross vehicle weight ratings from 17,200 to 38,000 pounds and six six-wheel models ranging from 2½ tons to 15 tons, with gross vehicle weight ratings from 24,000 to 62,000 pounds. Body, cab and pay load allowances on the various four-wheel models range from 9,300 to 23,400 pounds and on the six-wheel units from 13,300 to 41,100 pounds.

pounds. Four wheelbases are offered in each of the four-wheel models and in the two smaller six wheelers. Three of the six-wheelers are available in three wheelbases and the largest model in two wheelbases. Diesel power plants in these Internationals are four and six cylinder type. Both engines have 4½ inch bore and six-inch stroke, the four-clyinder having 448 cubic inches displacement and the six-cylinder 672 cubic inches, Air brakes are standard equipment on six cylinder models and available for four cylinder units.

Harvester's Diesel trucks will be powered with engines manufactured by the Cummins Engine Co. of Columbus, Ind., which will also service the trucks.—V. 147, p. 2246.

Interchemical Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings-

9 Mos. End. Sept. 30-	1938 \$13.856,347	1937 \$15,611,940 z14,148,348	\$12,642,790	\$10,546,387 9,537,651
Operating profitOther deductions (net)	\$439,865 68,867	\$1,463,592 266,457	\$1,181,301 36,228	\$1,008,736 49,429
Profit Federal taxes Subsidiary pref. divs	\$370,998 98,100	\$1,197,135 235,450	\$1,145,073 182,300 1,449	\$959,307 134,050 50,239
Net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends	x\$ 272,898 298,997	*\$ 961,685 301,126 433,237	x\$ 961,324 289,003 395,572	\$775,018 y230,919 203,320
Surplus Earnings per share	Nil	\$227,322 \$2.28	\$276,749 \$2.34 on undistribu	\$340,779 \$1.96 uted profits.

y After deducting \$16,513 recovered from the holders of 11,009 preferred shares issued in exchange for a like number of shares of United Color &

Pigment Co., Inc., preferred stock, pursuant to the exchange agreements, a Provision for depreciation \$401,042 (\$347,716 in 1937).

Consolidated Income Account for the 12 n onths ended Sept. 30, 1938, follows: Sales, less returns, allowances and discounts, \$18,451,450; cost of goods sold, selling, administrative and general expenses, \$18,147,544; operating profit, \$303,906; other deductions, net, \$50,684; provision for Federal income taxes, \$104,750; profit before provision for surtax on undistributed profits, \$148,472.

	Consolidat	ed Balance	Sheet Sept. 30		
Assets— Cash in banks & on hand. aNotes & accts.rec M'ch'dse invent Adv. pay. on raw mat. pur. contra Invest. & advances b Land, bldgs., mach. & equip Dev., exps., for- mulae, patents & goodwill Unexp. ins., prep'd exp., supp. &c	1938 \$ 1,445,575 2,656,206 4,618,673 952,307	ed Balance 1937 \$ 922.723 2,582,324 5,169,416 55,784 785,838 5,864,608 94,823 536,967	Accounts payable Accounts payable Sinking fund requirements curr. Customers' depos. Accr. payr. & com. Accrued taxes Other cur. Habli's Res. for Fed. Inc. & cap. stock taxes Prov. for comp. to to officers & employees under profit shar. plan Other liabilities	1938 \$ 685,423 	1937 \$ 928,297 1,000,000 191,849 152,771 106,505 180,152 388,839 40,045 609,257
			10 yr. 4% sinking fund debts Reserves	550,000 2,200,000 168,970	285,900
			6% cum. pref. stk. (\$100 par)	6,579,100 2,896,180 964,568 1,026,972	6,691,700 2,890,580 1,105,501 1,441,086
m-4-1			-		

--- 16,090,524 16,012,483 Total _____16,090,524 16,012,483 Total _ a Less reserve of \$349,174 (\$379,272 in 1937) for doubtful accounts and outstanding drums. b After reserves for deprec. of \$3,249,421 (\$3,333,230 in 1937). c Represented by 289,618 (289,058 in 1937), no par shares.—V. 147, p. 893.

International Nickel Co. of Canada, Ltd. (& Subs.)-Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937
Earnings——\$11,681,068 \$18,548,574 \$37,152,821 \$54,321,061
Admin. & head office exp 374,457 423,515 1,206,945 1,278,314 Net operating profit __\$11,306,611 \$18,125,060 \$35,945,876 \$53,042,747 Other income______132,364 118,295 446,459 389,123 Total income......\$11,438,975 \$18,243,355 \$36,392,335 \$53,431,870 Inc. & franchise taxes... 1,636,574 2,596,956 5,539,868 8,116,165 Deprec. and depletion... 1,766,328 2,161,669 5,224,738 5,102,538 Retirement system and other purposes...... 483,950 454,702 1,343,355 1,268,787 454,702 1,343,355 Total \$79,689,918 \$80,295,405 \$95,235,037 \$98,840,524
Preferred dividends \$483,475 \$483,475 \$1,450,424 \$1,450,424
Common dividends 7,289,085 7,289,085 21,867,254
Transferred to retirement system reserve 1,510,326 4,510,326

Earned surplus, end of period \$71,917.359 \$71,012,520 \$71,917.359 Consolidated Balance Sheet

Total......251.707.861 254.076.836 Total......251.707.861 254.076.836

x After reserve of \$56,558.305 (\$51,333,725 in 1937) for depreciation and depletion. y Represented by 14,584,025 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 1039.

International Paper Co.-No Change in Newsprint Price R. J. Cullen, President of this company, on Nov. 4 stated that the company is announcing to its newsprint customers that its present price schedule will be extended throughout all of 1939. This price is \$50 a ton for delivery at New York, Chicago, Atlantic and Gulf ports.—V. 147, p. 2868.

International Paper & Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings

Total \$2
Cost and expenses 2:
Int. on funded debt.
Int. on other debt.
Amort. of debt discount and expense.
Depreciation.
Depletion.
Prov. for inc. taxes.
Prov. for Fed. undistrib.
profits tax.
Divs. accrued but not being currently paid on pref. stocks of subs... ----------17,242 5.559 53,753 59.384

x\$12,850 \$3,029,384 lossx\$688,265 \$8,062,077 Net profit x\$12,850 \$3,029,384 lossx\$88,265 \$8,062,077 x The operating results of International Power & Paper Co. of Newfoundland, Ltd., for 1938 have been excluded from the foregoing statement. An agreement was made on June 2, 1938, providing for the sale of all the common shares of the Newfoundland company to Bowater's Paper Mills, Ltd., and the sale was completed on Aug. 15, 1938. Under the terms of this agreement, International Paper & Power Co. and subsidiary companies have no equity in the profit or loss resulting from the operations of the Newfoundland company subsequent to Dec. 31, 1937.—V. 147, p. 1196.

International Power Securities Corp.—Accum. Div.—The directors have declared a dividend of \$2.50 per share on account of accumulations on the no par \$6 cum. pref. series A stock, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Dec. 1. This compares with \$3 paid on June 17, last; \$2 paid on Dec. 15. 1937; \$3 paid on June 15, 1937; \$4 paid on Dec. 15. 1936; \$2 June 20, 1936; \$3 paid on Dec. 30, 1935; \$2 on June 15, 1935; \$3 on Dec. 31, 1934; \$2 on June 15, 1934; \$3 on Dec. 15, 1933, and \$2 on June 15, 1933.—V. 146, p. 3188.

Interstate Department Stores, Inc.—Sales— Period Ended Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—1938—10 Mos.—10 Mos

International Ry. Co. (Buffalo)-Earnings-

(Rail and Bus Operations	THE RESIDENCE WHY	
9 Months Ended Sept. 30-	1938	1937
Revenues	84.171.181	\$4,866,764
Maintenance	539,651	706,008
Power operation	234,857	308,433
Conducting transportation	1,360,203	1,402,738
General including accidents	654,036	590,726
Taxes	541,838	463,145
Gross income	\$840.595	\$1,395,713
Interest	a622,726	767.412
Rentals, transfer taxes, &c	26,938	23,910
Amortization of discount	45,638	44,181
Depreciation	950,165	891,949
Deficit	\$804.872	\$331.740

a Includes interest on I. R. C. refunding and improvement bonds at rate of 5% per annum for period Jan. 1 to April 30 and at rate of 3% per annum for period May 1 to Sept. 30.—V. 147, p. 742.

Interstate Natural Gas Co., Inc.--To Pay \$1 Dividend-The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 30. This empares with 75 cents paid on June 30, last; \$1.60 paid on Dec. 15, 1937; \$1 paid on Sept. 15, 1937, and a dividend of \$1.75 paid on Dec. 15, 1936, this latter being the first distribution made since 1931.—V. 146, p. 3956.

Jamaica Public S	ervice Lt	d. (& Sul	os.)—Earn	ings-
Period End. Sept. 30—	1938—Mon	th—1937	1938—12 M	os.—1937
Operating revenues	\$75,221	\$74,247	\$926,583	\$885,204
Operation	34,190	33,571	417,783	408,215
Maintenance	7,182	6,828	82,661	85,329
Taxes	4,536	2,750	55,863	31,478
Net oper. revenues	\$29,313	\$31,098	\$370,276	\$360,183
Non-oper. income (net)	391	483	5,894	10,701
Balance	\$29,703	\$31,581	\$376,170	\$370,884
	7,500	7,500	90,000	90,000
Gross income	\$22,203	\$24,081	\$286,170	\$280,884
Interest & amortization_	8,221	8,819	102,302	104,536

Net income \$13,983 \$15,261
Dividends declared:
J. P. S. Co., Ltd—Preference
Preference B
J. P. S. Ltd—Capital 31,479 21,993 78,751 Note—In August, 1938, the Jamaican Income Tax Law was amended, retroactive to Jan. 1, 1937, the tax being approximately doubled. Beginning with July, 1938, the monthly figures include the monthly pro rata portion of the estimated 1938 tax on the new basis. An additional amount of \$12,390 applicable to the 6 months ended June, 1938, is included in the current 12 months' figures. The additional tax of \$23,857 applicable to the year 1937 has been charged to earned surplus.—V. 147, p. 2248.

\$15,261 \$183,868 \$176,348

Jamaica Water Supply Co.—Earnings-

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross revenue	1938 \$1,792,418	1937 \$1,750,674
Operating expenses Administrative and general expenses Maintenance Dapreciation Operating taxes	321,733 273,305 94,362 94,320	283,478 259,174 70,231 102,000 280,011
Net operating revenuesInterest revenues	\$701.275 44.175	\$755.779 45.672
Gross corporate income	215,437 Cr7,761 387 58,268	\$801,451 258,576 Cr6,455 6,001 58,782 Cr3,762 7,877 2,354
Net income	1,939,166	\$478,078 2,533,657 Dr838,679 100,000 133,890
Parned surplus	\$1 610 OZZ	e1 020 166

		Balance Sh	eet Sept. 30		
Ands-	1938	1937	Liabuttes-	1938	1937
Plant & property.	10.817.696	10.582.233	Com. cap. stock	1.715.941	1.715.941
Investments	1.000		Pref. capital stock.		
Cash	160,233	52,450	Long-term debt	5,745,000	5,745,000
Working funds	650		Notes payable	675.000	
x Accounts receiv-		and the same of the same of	Accounts payable.		
able	902,133	1.330.684	Consumers' depos.		
Material and sup-		and the state of the	Divs. declared		
plies	113,828	72,488	Taxes accrued	136,115	
Int. & divs. rec'le.	113,683		Interest accrued.	71.812	
Special deposits	1,200	1,200	Rev. billed in adv.	108,402	
Acer, utility revs	57,000		Misc. unadj. cred.	12,616	
Misc. curr. assets.	382		Unamort. prem. on		
Prepayments	23,887	25.602		179,647	187,408
Deferred debits	1,668,810	2.174.657	Miscell, reserves	203.163	177,922
Reacquired securs.	14,800	14,800	Retirement reserve	1,027,667	
	40.00		Contrib. in aid of		
			construction	183,753	189,245
			Surplus	1.619.077	1.939,166

Total _____13,875,303 14,346,777 Total _ -13,875,303 14,346,777 x Includes \$580,367 in 1938 and \$968,262 in 1937 due from City of New York involved in litigation.—V. 147, p. 2248.

Kansas Electric Power Co.—Earnings
Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937
Operating revenues.... \$617,820 \$600,394 \$00er. exp. and taxes... 435,277 426,586 1938—12 Mos.—1937 \$2,508,511 \$2,457,352 1,803,491 1,696,622 \$182,543 1,130 \$173,808 304 \$705,019 2,028 Net operating income_ Other income (net)____ \$760,730 1,957 \$183,673 56,875 Cr2,398 \$174,112 46,764 Cr777 \$707,047 202,805 Cr3,759 5.287 125,736 832 4,701 274 19,605 Cr1,809 \$123,150 44,682 Net income.... Pref. stock dividends... \$490,205 178,729 \$439,216 178,729 \$123,909 44,682 \$79,227 \$311.476

Kansas Pipe Line & Gas Co.—To Pay 20-Cent Dividend— Directors on Nov. 1 declared a dividend of 20 cents per share on the common stock, payable Nov. 15 to holders of record Nov. 1. This will be the first dividend paid since December, 1937.—V. 147, p. 2091.

-V. 147, p. 1344.

(S. H.) Kress & Co.—Sales— Company reports sales for the month of October amounting to \$6,826,698, decrease of \$286,823, or 4%. For the 10 months ending Oct. 31, sales ere \$61,145,216, a decrease of \$4,712,410, or 7.2%.—V. 147, p. 2396.

Key West Electri Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues———	1938-Mont \$14.849		1938—12 M \$171,240	s149.764
Operation Maintenance Taxes	4,198 1,105 2,573	4,271 570 1,350	55,089 11,999 a 20,908	56,338 8,557 21,332
Net oper, revenues Non-oper, income (net)_	\$6,972 Dr284	\$6,201 Dr304	\$83,244 Dr4,008	\$63,536 1,998
Balance	\$6,688 1,724	\$5,897 1,997	\$79,236 23,678	\$65,534 25,448
Balance	\$4,964 entreserve	\$3,900	\$55,558 19,645	\$40,087 20,000
Balance	ments		\$35,912 24,374	\$20,087 24,374
Bal, for com. divs. & su a Includes \$6.063 Feder on undistributed profits at Note—On Jan. 1, 1937 c the above 12 months' figur	al income tax oplying to the hanges were r	es, of which year ended nade in acco	Dec. 31, 193 ounting proces	7. dure, hence

(S. S.) Kresge Co.—Sales— Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 des......\$13,019,443 \$13,423,207 \$109,865,624 \$117,558,625 During October company had 741 stores in operation, of which 684 were merican and 57 Canadian. Last year stores in operation totaled 738 of thich 683 were American and 55 Canadian.—V. 147, p. 2248.

Lane Bryant, Inc.—Sales—

Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937

Sales——V. 147, p. 2396. \$1,198,722 \$1,474,302 \$10,655,964 \$12,132,869

Lehigh Valley RR. Co.—Change in Transfer and Registration Office—

Company announced that the office for the transfer of its capital stock and for the transfer and registration of its general consolidated mortgage gold bonds has been transferred from Philadelphia to 425 Brighton St., Bethlehem, Pa. Shares of the company's capital stock are transferable in New York until Jan. 1, 1939, and thereafter in New York and Bethlehem. Such shares are registerable at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. Interest in respect of general consolidated mortgage gold bonds is payable at the company's Bethlehem office and at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. and Drexel & Co.—V. 147, p. 2869.

Lerner Stores Corp.—Sales—
Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—9 Mos.—1937
Sales—V. 147, p. 2396. \$3,198,879 \$3,299,044 \$26,666,076 \$28,480,860

(R. G.) Le Tourneau, Inc.—Dividend Doubled—
Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 25 cents per share were distributed.—V. 147, p. 2690.

Lincoln Park Arms Hotel, Chicago—Sale—

Lincoln Park Arms Hotel, Chicago—Sale—

The sale of property was announced Oct. 29 by Barnet L. Rosset, President of the Metropolitan Trust Co. The 2,738 Pine Grove Building Corp. purchased the property for \$314,650. The sale was approved by the Circuit Court of Cook county in a proceeding instituted by the Metropolitan Trust Co. as trustee for the general mortgage income bonds.

Holders of the income bonds will receive a final distribution of \$49.60 for each \$100 of the bonds. The income bonds were issued in exchange for first mortgage bonds under the terms of a reorganization in January of 1934. Previous distributions on the income bonds totaled \$6.50 per \$100, making a total return of \$56.10 per \$100 of the original bonds. Non-depositing bondholders at the time of the foreclosure sale received \$21 for each \$100 bonds.

Lion Oil Refining Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937

x Net profit.———— \$389,532 \$489,004 \$984,688 \$1,020,268
Earnings per share.—— \$0.89 \$1.08

x After depreciation, depletion, &c., but before Federal income taxes.

-V. 147, p. 2869.

Liquid Carbonic Corp.—Admitted to Trading—
The corporation's 700,000 shares of no par common stock has been admitted to trading on the Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2249.

The corporation's 700.000 shares of no par common stock has been admitted to trading on the Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2249.

Lone Star Gas Corp.—Hearing Nov. 22—

The Securities and Exchange Commission has ordered a public hearing on Nov. 22, in the Commission's Washington offices on the application of Lone Star Gas Corp. and the joint declarations and applications of its subsidiaries. Lone Star Gas Co., Council Bluffs Gas Co., the Dallas Gas Co.—

The declarations of the subsidiary companies are in connection with the issuance and sale of the following securities:

Lone Star Gas Co.—

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$6,385,000.

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$6,770,000.

12 cas Cities Gas Co.—

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$6,770,000.

10.000 shares common stock, par \$100 per share—\$1,000,000.

10.000 shares common stock, par \$100 per share—\$1,200,000.

10.000 shares common stock, par \$100 per share—\$1,200,000.

20 dias Gas Co.—

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$1,350,000.

20 dias Gas Co.—

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$1,000,000.

20 dias Gas Co.—

14 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$1,000,000.

20 dias Gas Co.—

21 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$1,000,000.

21 dias Gas Co.—

22 mote due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$2,000,000.

23 dias Gas Co.—

24 % note due Aug. 1, 1953, in principal amount of \$1,000,000.

25 dias Gas Co.—

26 % demand notes now held by the parent company. The 30,000 shares common stock of Council Bluffs Gas Co. and the 10,000 shares of common stock of Council Bluffs Gas Co. are to be issued to the parent company. The 30,000 shares of common stock of Texas Cities Gas Co. (par \$100) are to be issued in exchange for 200,000

the acquisition and retirement of their notes and stock now held by Lone Star Gas Corp, which they will receive upon the issuance and sale of the above securities.

The application filed by Lone Star Gas Corp, is in regard to the disposition of the notes and stock of the issuing subsidiary companies which are to be returned to them upon the issuance and sale of the securities referred to above.—V. 147, p. 2869, 1932.

Los Angeles Ry. Corp.—Time for Deposits Extended to Nov. 30-

The corporation has announced that the time for making deposits and filing assents to the plan for refunding \$6.860,000 of outstanding underlying

bonds of the system has been extended to the close of business on Nov. 30.

The company's letter to bondholders discloses that a substantial additional deposit of bonds has been made during the past month. At the close of business Oct. 31, there had been deposited a total of \$6,010,000 of bonds representing 87.6% of the total underlying bonds outstanding.

"Although the very substantial percentage of bonds now on deposit has indicated widespread approval of the plan, the corporation calls the attention of the non-depositors to the fact that the plan will not be feasible, in its opinion, unless the holders of at least 95% of all underlying bonds assent to the plan and deposit their bonds, "the letter to bondholders says.

The plan calls for the exchange of a new issue of bonds for the currently outstanding underlying bonds of the system which mature this year and in 1940. The new bonds will mature in 1948 and 1950 and will bear the same rate of interest as the present bonds and in effect will constitute a 10-year extension of maturity dates.—V. 147, p. 2536.

Louisiana & Arkanasa Rv.—Merger Approved—Dicision

Louisiana & Arkansas Ry.—Merger Approved—Decision of ICC Specifies Safeguards for Employees—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Oct. 29 approved the merger of the Louisiana & Arkansas Ry. and Louisiana Arkansas & Texas Ry. but with a provision safeguarding employees.
The Commission also authorized the authentication and delivery of not exceeding \$850,000 1st mtge. 5s series C, in connection with the merger, the bonds to be held in the treasury subject to further order of the Commission. Commissioner Mahaffle dissented with that part of the report dealing with the labor safeguards. The Commission in its report states in part:

exceeding \$859.000 list mitge. 5s series C. in connection with the merger, the bonds to be held in the treasury subject to further order of the Commission. Commissioner Mahaffie dissented with that part of the report dealing with the labor safeguards. The Commission in its report states in part:

In view of the past difficulties of the Texas company and in view of the savings which can be accomplished, we are of the opinion that the proposed acquisition of control and merger will eliminate expenditures which are a burden on interstate commerce and will be in the public interest. However, as in the Gulf case (Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry, which see), we are of the opinion that provision should be made for the protection of employees who will be forced to accept positions at reduced compensation, or who will be required to change their places of residence, or will be deprived of employment, as a result of the merger proposed. Accordingly, our authorization will be upon the following conditions.

Ry. designated as the carriers, shall establish a list for each department of their general office employees, hereinafter designated as employee or employees, listing such employees according to the dates they were employed by such carriers, and the carriers, in determining which employees are to be retained at reduced compensation, those who are to be dismissed, and those who will be required to change the place of their residence, as a result of the emerger, shall be governed by the seniority in service as established by said lists.

2. No employee of the carriers, who is continued in service shall, for a period of five years from the effective date of said merger, be placed, as a result of the merger shall be governed by the seniority in service as established by said lists.

2. No employee of the carriers, who is continued in service shall, for a period of five years from the effective date of said merger, be placed, as a result of said merger, in a worse position with respect to compensation and rules governing work

	Length of Service	Period of Paymer
	1 year and less than 2 years	6 months
	2 years and less than 3 years	12 months
	3 years and less than 5 years	18 months
	5 years and less than 10 years	36 months
1	0 years and less than 15 years	48 months
	5 years and over	60 months

5 years and less than 10 years
10 years and less than 15 years
15 years and over

provided, that a dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the prescribed period in the event of failure of the employee without good cause to return to service after being notified by the Louisiana & Arkansas Ry, of a cierical position which he may have, and provided further that the dismissal allowance of any dismissed employee who is otherwise employed shall be reduced to the extent that his monthly earnings in such employement and his dismissal allowance exceed the amount upon which his dismissal allowance exceed the amount upon which his dismissal allowance exceed the amount upon which his dismissal for good cause, or furiough because of reduction of forces due to seasonal requirements. A dismissal allowance shall cease prior to the expiration of the prescribed period in the event of resignation, death, or retirement on pension or annuity.

(4) Any employee who is retained in service on the merged properties, or who is reemployed from the group of employees entitled to receive a dismissal allowance, who is required to change the point of his employment as a result of said merger, designated as a transferred employee, and who is required, within one year from the date of said merger, to move his place of residence, shall be reimbursed for expenses of moving his household and other personal effects, for the traveling expenses of himself and his immediate family, and his own actual wage loss, not to exceed two days, the exact extent of the responsibility of the Louisiana & Arkansas Ry, to be expense upon in advance by the said Louisiana & Arkansas Ry, and the employee affected, provided, however, that changes in places of residence subsequent to the initial change caused by the said merger and which result from the employee's acceptance of a different position on said merged properties shall not be considered within t

Louisiana & North West RR .- Modified Plan Approved The Interstate Comrce mcCommission on Oct. 27 approved a modified plan of reorganization. The plan of reorganization as approved follows:

(a) The effective date of the plan shall be Jan. 1, 1938.

Chronicle

(b) The capitalization, after consummation of the plan shall be substantially as follows: Prior lies first morteage 5%, bonds, \$100,000; now debentures due san, 1, 2005, bearing interest at 5% a year, which interest shall be non-cumulative, and 132,728 shares of no par value stock; total construction, and 132,728 shares of no par value stock; total construction, and 131, 1945, shall be remain undisturbed.

(c) The 100,000 of outstanding prior lies first morteage 5%, bond study and 1, 1945, shall be remained to the morteage security them satisfied of record and canceled. The holder of each \$1,000 bond shall receive for principal and interest, \$50 in card first on the morteage security them satisfied of record and canceled. The holder of each \$1,000 bond shall receive for principal and interest, \$50 in card first on the principal and state of the principal and sta

Lowell Gas	Light	CoBa	lance Sheet Sep	t. 30-	
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabuttes-	1938	1937
Property, plant,	3337	77.7	1st mtge. 434%		August
equipment, &c.\$	3 611 300	\$3.712.917			
Cash in banks and	-,,	4011121021	due Mar. 1, 1966		\$950,000
on hand	6.844	10.869	a Liabil, for mose.		4000,000
Accts, receivable.	141,356				30
a Merchandise sold	111,000	101,001	Notes payable	104,000	
(contra)	42,108		Accounts payable.		
Mdse., materials &	35,100	*****	Accrued taxes		
	170 001	228,259		91,462	90,028
supplies	172,621				0 740
Insurance deposits	2,686	3,184		3,562	
Due from Ameri-		***	Other acer. liabils.		9,526
can Util. Assoc.		53,013			100000
Inv. in P. U. Mgt.	The latest		deposits	47,189	
Corp	4,760	4,760	Unadjusted credit.		1,630
Long-term appl'ce			Reserves	828,457	803,738
contracts	36,440	40,886	Com. stk.(par \$25)	.1,524,050	1,524,050
Prepaid & deferred			Surplus	426,281	630.628
charges	80,395	51,295	Carley And		Selly (March 2018)
Total \$	1.098.511	84,209,745	Total	84.098.511	\$4,209,745

a Under repurchase agreement. Earnings for 12 months ended Sept. 30 appeared in the "Chronicle" of

McLellan Stores Corp.—Sales— Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—9 Mos.—1937 Sales—V. 147, p. 2249. \$1,967,873 \$1,976,874 \$14,880,226 \$15,638,925

Macon Gas Co.—Earnings— 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues— Operating expenses and taxes—	1938' \$489,037 377,260	1937 \$429,584 347,523
Net oper revenues before prov. for retirements_ Non-operating income	\$111.776 13,845	\$82,061 28,831
Gross inc. before prof. for retirements	\$125,621 19,196	\$110,893 19,330
Gross income	\$106,425 33,266 6,999 100 5,110 173	\$91,562 31,957 13,768 2,942 1,320
Net income Preferred dividends Common dividends Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1938, the company add	\$60,775 1,000 60.626 opted the ne	\$41,574 1,000 47,570 w uniform

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1983, the company adopted the new uniform system of accounts for gas utilities prescribed by the Georgia Public Service Commission. Such system differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence, the previous year figures shown in these statements are not comparable.—V. 147, p. 2691.

Madison (Wis.) Gas & Electric Co.-To Issue \$1,000,000 Bonds-

Bonds—
The company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an application (File 32-114) for exemption from the requirement of filing a declaration in connection with the issuance and sale of \$1,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, 4%, series due 1960.
The bonds are to be issued to the following at the rate of \$107.49 plus accrued interest from Oct. 15, 1938 to the date of delivery: Northwestern Life Insurance Co. of Milwaukee, Wis., \$825,000; National Guard Life Insurance Co. of Milwaukee, Wis., \$825,000; National Guard Life Insurance Co. of Madison, Wis., \$75,000; Wisconsin Annuity & Investment Board, of Madison, Wis., \$100,000.
The proceeds are to be used to reimburse the company's treasury for 70% of the cost of the net amount of additional property purchased. constructed and acquired between Dec. 31, 1934 and Aug. 31, 1938. Upon such reimbursement the funds will be used for corporate purposes including the payment of current bank loans.—V. 140, p. 2360.

Manhattan Ry.—Sale Upheld by Court—U. S. Appeals Bench Approves Ruling that Sixth Avenue Line Be Offered at

Auction—

The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals upheld unanimously, Nov. 7th, decision of District Judge Robert P. Patterson directing that the Sixth Ave. elevated line be sold at auction in foreclosure proceedings for the knock down price of not less than \$12,500,000, the price bid by one of the bond-holders' committees at the recent sale.

Federal Judge Harrie B. Chase rendered an opinion which was concurred in by Judges Martin T. Manton and Augustus N. Hand. After reviewing the facts leading up to the application by the Merle-Smith bondholders' committee for an order directing and authorizing the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., as trustee for the bondholders, to bring foreclosure, Judge Chase noted that there had been a default in the interest payment on \$40, 5670,000 worth of bonds, face value, which were issued in 1890. Last June 30, Judge Chase said, the city had purchased tax liens against the entire Manhattan Ry. property, which had been offered for sale and for which there were no bidders.

Judge Chase also observed that under New York State law the liens may be foreclosed at the end of three years from last June 30 even though all current obligations are met, and that in the event of a default the situation would become complicated for the interests owing the money.

The opinion called attention to the fact that to meet the obligations centered around the tax lien would require the expenditure of \$15,000,000 some time before June 30, 1941. The obligation of the city took precedence over the bondholders' obligations, Judge Chase held.

The opinion declared that while there is a present prospect of selling the road under the terms of the foreclosure and Merle-Smith committee agreement with the city, the chances are not great of a satisfactory bid for the Manhattan system in toto.

In the mortgage given to the trustees it is stipulated that in the event that the system should default, the system may be sold as a whole.

"No such limitation applies to the sale under a foreclosure agreement," Judge Chase's

Market Street Ry.—Earnings— [Including South San Francisco RR. & Years Ended Sept. 30— Total gross revenues. Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes	1938 \$6,693,858	1937 \$7,292,401 6,321,599
x Net operating revenueOther income	\$421,963 7,932	\$970.801 7,432
x Net oper. rev. & other income		\$978,233 500,000
Gross income	442,254 21,368 4,937	\$478,233 465,543 23,424 3,503
Net loss Earned surplus, beginning of period Profit on sale of unimproved property Profit on funded debt acquired for sinking or other funds (net) Miscellaneous credits	4,654,145	\$14,237 4,687,175 5,584 13,168
Total Carmen's equipment written off	\$4,146,357 7,624	\$4,665,353 11,208
Earned surplus, end of period	\$4,129,579 V 147 D 2	\$4,654,145

Mead Corp.—Ed	rnings—		40.	FORT OF THE
Period— Net sales Cost of sales Sell. & adminis. exps		Oct. 2, '37 \$7,840,129 5,936,449 590,881	Oct. 1, '38 \$15,065,716 12,123,624 1,211,978	
Operating profit	\$474,457 43,055	\$1,312,798 100,931	\$1,730,114 145,675	\$3,744,810 209,522
Gross income Depreciation	\$517,512 458,434	\$1,413,729 448,076	\$1,875,790 1,146,393	\$3,954,331 1,120,219
Interest and taxes on funded debt	125,701 128,506 Cr10,339 9,671	134,943 142,490 134,305 6,835	323,893 312,059 44,844 25,602	345,578 378,515 371,526 33,843
Net inc. for the period	loss\$194,460	\$547,081	\$22,999	\$1,704,651
Common stock outstanding at end of periods Earns. per sh. of com.stk	619,374 Nil	619,374 \$0.65	619,374 Nil	619,374 \$2.32

 Merchants & Miners Transportation
 Co.

 3 Mos. End. Sept. 30—
 1938
 1937
 1936

 Total revenues
 \$2,083,471
 \$2,180,689
 \$2,334.

 y Net income
 234,466
 x80,280
 x364.

 Earns. per sh. cap. stock
 \$0.99
 \$0.34
 \$1

 x No provision has been made for Federal surtax on u y After deduction of oper. expenses, rents, taxes & depr

Metal Textile Corp.—Initial and Extra Dividends—Directors have declared an initial dividend of 10 cents per share on the new common shares payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 21.

Directors also declared an extra dividend of 10 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 81½ cents per share on the \$3.25 participating preferred stock, both payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 21.—V. 147, p. 2538.

Michigan Associated Telephone Co.—Plans Refinancing Michigan Associated Telephone Co.—Ptans Rejimancing Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 a registration statement covering \$2,800,000 of first mortgage series A 4% bonds due on Nov. 1, 1968. The company is a subsidiary of General Telephone Corp.

Of the net proceeds from sale of the bonds and \$300,000 received on Oct. 31, 1938, from sale of 3,000 shares of common stock, \$2,600,000 will be applied toward redemption on Jan. 10, 1939, of \$2,500,000 first mortgage 5% gold bonds, series A, due on April 1, 1961, at 104 plus accrued interest. The remainder will be added to working capital.

The underwriters and the amount taken by each were given as follows: Bonbright & Co., Inc., \$1,400,000; Paine, Webber & Co., \$1,050,000; Mitchum, Tully & Co., \$350,000.—V. 145, p. 1591.

Mid-Continent Period End. Sept. 30		m Corp. (-Earnings 10s.—1937
	\$10,053,852	\$11,648,420	\$28,873,628	\$32,121,718
Cost of sales (excl. depr. and depletion)	7,573,930	7,792,749	21,175,587	19,981,489
Gross profit from sales	\$2,479,922	\$3,855,671	\$7,698,041	\$12,140,229
Selling and general and administrative exps	1,456,408	1,577,214	4,427,889	4,594,141
Net profit from sales	\$1,023,514	\$2,278,457	\$3,270,153	\$7,546,088
Other income credits, net incl. int. & divs. rec	430,844	399,196	1,203,259	1,250,957
Net income Depreciation & depletion Leaseholds surrendered &	\$1,454,358 747,825	\$2,677,653 801,915	\$4,473,411 2,255,055	\$8,797,045 2,737,048
abandoned. Fed. and State inc. taxes	240,505 986	177,600 186,019	682,932 27,807	953,018 501,100
Net income Earnings per share	\$465,042 \$0.25	\$0.82	\$1,507,617 \$0.81	\$4,605,880 \$2.48
Note—The foregoing son undistributed profits. Current assets as of Sep				

was in cash and short term U. S. Treasury notes, and current liabilities were \$3,611,801. On Dec. 31, 1937, current assets were \$22,333,875 and current liabilities were \$3,929,767.

To Pay 35-Cent Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 35 cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15. This compares with 25 cents paid on June 1, last; \$1 paid on Dec.1, 1937; 50 cents paid on June 1, 1937; 75 cents on Dec. 1, 1936 and 40 cents per share paid on June 1, 1936. See V. 145, p. 2854 for detailed record of previous payments.—V. 147, p. 1199.

Mobile Gas Service Corp.—Earnings— 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues— Operating expenses and taxes—	1938 \$589,828 443,069	1937 \$505,796 415,308
Net oper. revenues before prov. for retirements Non-operating income	\$146,759 24,190	\$90,488 19,707
Gross income before provision for retirements Provision for retirements	\$170,949 47,049	\$110,196 31,444
Gross income	\$123,900 45,825 1,106 368	\$78,752 45,825 950

Net earns. reserved for int. on income bonds.... Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1938 the company adopted the new uniform system of accounts for gas utilities prescribed by the Alabama Public Service Commission. Such system differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence, the previous year figures shown in these statements are not comparable.—V. 147, p. 1933.

Monarch Machine Tool Co.—Dividend Increased—Directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 21. This compares with 25 cents paid on Sept. 1, last; 30 cents paid on June 1, last; 40 cents paid on March 1, last, and previously regular quarterly dividends of 25 cents per share were distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of 65 cents was paid on Dec. 1, 1937 and extras of 15 cents were paid on Sept. 1, June 1, and March 1, 1937.—V. 147, p. 1200.

Montgomery Ward & Co.—New President—
Raymond H. Fogler, formerly Operating Vice-President, was elected President of this company at a directors' meeting held Nov. 4 to succeed Sewell L. Avery. Mr. Avery will continue with the company as Chairman of the Board and chief executive officer, it was announced.

Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 Sales—V. 147, p. 2399. \$46.666,954 \$48,825,203\$308,665,055\$319,788,818

Moore Corp., Ltd.—To Vote on Merger—

Period End. Sept. 30— Inc. from sales of wheels.	1938—3	Mos.—1937	1938—9 A	fos.—1937
stampings, &c	\$521,236	\$817,585	\$1,043,260	\$2,785,881
on investments	27.268	109,386	102,279	239,180
Total income	\$548,505	\$926,971	\$1,145,539	\$3,025,061
income	254,367	304,737	720,901	834,971
Depreciation	107.245	101,014	322.201	296.345
Prov. for Federal inc. tax	14,913	82,202	14,913	300,503
Net profit	\$171.979	\$439,018	\$87,524	\$1.593,242
Dividend Earnings per share on 850,000 shs. cap. stk.			170,000	
(par \$5)	\$0.20	\$0.52	\$0.10	\$1.87
	Balance Sh	eet Sept. 30		147.0793
1938	1937	1	1938	1937
Assets \$	8	Liabilities-		8
y Land, bldgs., ma-			ck 4,250.00	
Cash 5,862,158				1,600,000
Cash 1,520.917 Marketable securs 20.839	739,271 100,146	Accounts pay		3 1,440,723
Notes & acets, rec. 1,455,137	2,369,366			1 176,929
Inventories 2.790.448	5.172.273	Federal incom		
Other assets 182,029		Reserve for co		0 100,001
Prepaid taxes, ins.,	,	gencies, &c.		8 476.881
bond diset., &c_ 126,509	167,075	Profit and loss	6,456,19	2 6,676,768
Total11.958.037	14 754 155	Total	11 050 00	

Mountain States Power Co.—Earning Year Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues—Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes————————————————————————————————————	1938 \$4,222,082 2,747,012	1937 \$3,954,747 2,655,589
x Net operating revenue. Rents from lease of properties. Interest on securities and notes receivable, &c Income from merchandise and jobbing (net)	\$1,475,070 243,468 1,220 Dr62,280	\$1,299,158 242,055 2,921 Dr28,381
* Net oper, revenue & other incomeAppropriation for retirement reserve		\$1,515,754 300,000
Gross income		\$1,215,754 3,000 477,521 45,917 374,887 17,228
Net incomex Before appropriation for retirement reserve.	\$479,768	\$297,200

Notes—(1) In the above statement of income accounts, net income for the year ended Sept. 30, 1937, has been reduced by \$8,484 to reflect adjustments applicable to the period of 1936 included therein of amortization of debt discount and expense charged to surplus in 1937 and another item credited to surplus in 1937 which have been applied retroactively in the

accounts.

(2) The revenues and expenses subsequent to Jan. 1, 1937 are in accordance with the classifications of assounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission and by the Public Utilities Commissioner of the State of Oregon, effective Jan. 1, 1937, which differ in certain respects from the classification previously followed by the company.

(3) No provision was made for Federal income tax or for surtax on undistributed profits under the Revenue Act of 1936 for the years 1936 or 1937 as no such taxes were paid for those years.—V. 147, p. 2695.

Nassau & Suffolk Lighting Co.—Transfer Agent— City Bank Farmers Trust Co. has been appointed transfer agent for the 7% cumulative preferred stock.—V. 147, p. 2695.

City Bank Farmers Trust Co. has been appointed transfer agent for the 7% cumulative preferred stock.—V. 147, p. 2695.

National Gypsum Co.—Files with SEC—
Company on Nov. 7 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-3122 refliing, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933, covering 60.000 shares (no par) \$4.50 convertible cumulative preferred stock, and an undetermined number of shares of \$1 par value common stock, including scrip certificates for fractional shares. The company states that 100.000 shares of common stock are to be offered to its employees under a "Gold Bond Stock Purchase Plan." The balance of the shares are to be reserved for conversion of the preferred stock. The number of shares of common stock being registered is to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

According to the registration statement, the net proceeds from the sale of the preferred stock are to be applied as follows:

\$3,800.897.52 for the retirement of the entire issue of \$100 par value 7% cum. 1st pref. stock at \$105 a share on Jan. 1, 1939.

Approximately \$900.000 for the construction and equipping of a plant for the manufacture of gypsum boards at the company's plant in New York City.

The company states that the proceeds from the sale of common stock to employees and the balance of the proceeds from the sale of the preferred stock will be added to its working capital.

The "Gold Bond Stock Purchase Plan," It is stated, was adopted by the company's board of directors on Oct. 25, 1938, for the purpose of permitting employees, including officers, the privilege of participating in the purchase of 100,000 shares of the company's common stock, to be paid for upon terms and conditions provided in the plan over a period of five years.

W. E. Hutton & Co. of New York City is named as the principal underwriting do the underwriting discounts of common stock. The reservation of this right is no assurance that any such transactions will be effected, or, if effected, that they will

National Power Period End. Sept. 30— Subsidiaries—	& Light 1938—3 M	Co. (& Si	u bs.)— <i>Ea</i> 1938—12	rnings— Mos.—1937
Operating revenues Oper. exps., incl. taxes Prop. retire. res. approp.	12,205,535	\$20,669,802 11,890,554 1,961,698	49,227,838	47,446,369
Net oper. revenues Rent for lease of plants	the state of the	militar accounts	\$28,000,059	ON THE
(net)	1,847	30,119	a62,531	125,816
Operating income Other income Other income deductions	\$6,833,642 77,064 88,421	\$6,787,431 89,141 86,627	\$28,062,590 308,861 276,965	351,810
Gross income	\$6,822,285	\$6,789,945	\$28,094,486	\$28,324,291
Interest to public and other deductions Int. charged to constr'n.	2,940,497 Cr797	3,009,272 Cr8,110	11,891,702 Cr10,753	12,147,932 Cr21,584
Balance Pref. divs. to public Portion applicable to mi-	\$3,882,585 1,515,416	\$3,788,783 1,515,535	\$16,213,537 6,061,662	\$16,197,943 6,062,813
nority interests	153	666	1,081	5,470
Net equity of N.P.&L. Co. in inc. of subs	\$2,367,016	\$2,272,582	\$10,150,794	\$10,129,660
Nat. P. & L. Co.— Net equity in income of subsidiaries Other income	\$2,367,016 3,972	\$2,272,582 36,049	\$10,150,794 102,034	\$10,129,660 124,229
Total Expenses, incl. taxes Int. & other deductions_	\$2,370,988 91,055 338,633	\$2,308,631 50,536 341,474	\$10,252,828 288,954 1,355,437	\$10,253,889 199,116 1,358,018
Bal. carried to consol. earned surplus Earnings per share on	\$1,941,300	\$1,916,621	\$8,608,437	\$8,696,755
common stock	\$0.27	\$0.27	\$1.27	\$1.28

Notes—The statement includes full revenues of a subsidiary without provision for possible revenue losses, not exceeding \$120,000 for each 12-month period, from natural gas rate reduction now involved in litigation.

The electric properties of Tennessee Public Service Co. and Holston River Electric Co. were disposed of as of Sept. 2, 1938, and consequently this statement includes the operation of these properties only to that date. Figures for 1936 as previously published have in certain cases been rearranged in this statement.—V. 147, p. 2095.

Period End. Sept. 30— Operating income. Oper., gen. & adminis. expense. 570.646 658,339 1,883,857 Inc. from operations.
Other income. \$409,785 4,856 \$1,193,551 716 \$1,417,731 25,106 \$3,346,337 5,072 Total income______ Interest paid, &c_____ Normal & excess profits \$414,641 65,861 \$1,194,267 145,552 \$1,442,837 274,546 surtax on undistributed profits. 69,500 179,000 232,760 509,024 68,000 193,684 \$801,716 Net income_____\$279,280 \$801,716 \$935,532 \$2,280,721 Note—The provision for 1937 surtax on undistributed profits is based on the actual surtax for the calendar year ended Dec. 31, 1937.—V. 147, p. 1785.

National Tea Co.—Sales—
The operations of the company for the 16 weeks ending Oct. 8, 1938, resulted in a loss of \$444,816, as compared with a loss of \$846,637 for the corresponding period in 1937, bringing the loss for the year Jan. 1 to date to \$828,253, as compared with \$837,164 for the comparative period in 1937.
The number of stores in operation declined from 1,237 at Oct. 9, 1937, to 1,104 at Oct. 8, 1938.—V. 147, p. 2540.

National Transit Co.—To Pay 40-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 40 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$12.50, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 30. This compares with 35 cents paid on June 15 last; 55 cents paid on Dec. 15, 1937; 45 cents paid on June 15, 1937; 35 cents paid on Dec. 15, 1936; 40 cents paid on June 15, 1936; 35 cents paid on Dec. 16, 1935; 40 cents paid on June 15, 1935; 35 cents on Dec. 15, 1934; 40 cents on June 15, 1934, and Dec. 15, 1933; 35 cents on June 15, 1933; 20 cents paid on Dec. 15 and Sept. 15, 1932, and quarterly payments of 25 cents per share previously.—V. 146, p. 3346.

Neild Mfg. Co.—New Company Organized—
The Neil Mills, Inc., has been organized to take over the former Neild Manufacturing Corp. The Neil Mills, Inc., is a Rhode Island corporation with 500 shares (no par) stock and \$125,000 of 6% debentures.
The officers of the corporation are: Pres.; Thomas D. Anderson, Pawtucket; Treas., David Dwares; Sec., Ira Lloyd Letts.
The directors are Albert A. List, Isador S. Levin and Messrs. Letts and Dwares.

The directors are Albert A. Last, Deverse.

Dwares.

Frank I. Neild, former agent of the Neild Manufacturing Corp., will be selling agent of the new corporation and will be located at the New York office.—V. 146, p. 284.

Sales____V. 147, p. 2252.

Nevada-Californi Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Maintenance_ Other operating expenses Taxes Depreciation	1938—Mon \$451,327 26,664 175,659 45,124 50,230		% Subs.)— 1938—12 M \$5,679,503 282,652 2,275,865 593,533 593,986	
Net oper. revenues Other income	\$153,650 2,440	\$167,972 4,252	\$1,933,468 64,926	\$2,025,081 107,756
Gross income	\$156,090 116,607	\$172,225 115,642	\$1,998,394 1,395,703	\$2,132,837 1,340,161
Amort. of debt discount and expenses Miscell. deductions	7,056 1,126	7,050 1,185	83,999 15,234	84,956 14,479
Net income	\$31,300	\$48,348	\$503,457	\$693,241
Profits on retirement of bonds & debs. (net) Other misc. debits and		F T	33,148	32,955
credits to surplus (net	Dr6,967	Dr1,489	Dr30,584	Cr23,519
Earned surp. available for redemp. of bds., dividends, &c x In order to make pro were revised to conform	per compari	son 1936 fig	\$506,027 ures (as to n	najor items)

effective Jan. 1, 1937.

Note—This statement properly omits extraordinary debits to surplus arising from amortization of pension funds, &c. Details have appeared in annual reports.—V. 147, p. 2540.

New Bedford Gas & Edison Light Co.—Earnings-\$1,055,267 32,771 Operating income...... \$690,086 13,451 28,894 Cr1,633 Gross income
Interest on serial notes
Interest on other unfunded debt
Interest charged to construction \$1,088,038 Balance of income.....-V. 147, p. 1934. \$649,374 \$1,042,168

* . 141, p. 1012.		
New England Gas & Electric Assoc		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues	1938	1937
Operating expenses, &c	7,668,029	7,901,260
Provision for retirements		$1,288,744 \\ 2,459,391$
Operating income	\$2,336,012	\$2,449,296
Other income (net)	229,775	357,953
Gross incomeSubsidiary Companies:	\$2,565,787	\$2,807,249
Interest on funded debt	59,389	30,000
Interest on unfunded debtAmortization of debt discount and expense	120,025 1.765	150,839 651
Interest charged to construction	Cr20,239	Cr5.683
Income applicable to common stock held by public.	37,778	63,305
Balance	\$2,367,070	\$2,568,138
Interest on funded debt	2,110,853	2,113,560
Interest on unfunded debtAmortization of debt discount and expense	15,838 210,881	15,664 210,877
Delamos of income	820 407	2008 027

Notes—(1) That portion of debt discount and expense on debentures of New England Gas & Electric Association applicable to the future, which was previously charged to capital surplus, was reinstated as of Dec. 31, 1937. The amounts of amortization shown above are applicable to the

respective 12 months' periods. (2) This statement includes for both periods the results of operations of all properties now subsidiaries of New England Gas & Electric Association, irrespective of dates acquired. No income is included herein from investments in transportation securities.—V. 147.

NED THE R			(97 .
Newport	Industries.	Inc.—Balance	Sneev-

Assets— Cash Trade accts., less reserve Inventories Sundry other current assets. a Land, bldgs, and machinery Pats. & trmks. Investments, &c. (at cost) Deferred charges.	\$1,346,444 446,074 1,020,176 34,264 2,481,994 170,186 8,364	476,651 1,151,641 33,396 2,418,046 97,402 449,877	Accounts payable. Accrued liabilities. Federal inc., excess profits & undist. profits taxes	290,000 32,000 700,825 710,980 5,000
Deferred charges.	07,094	90,13%	Cap. stk. (par \$1). 519,347 Surplus (paid-in). 2,914,216 Deficit	519,347 3,155,849 320,038
Total	85 574 896	\$5,349,020	Total\$5.574.896	\$5,349,020

a After depreciation of \$1,981,685 in 1937 and \$2,092,412 in 1938. b Estimated maximum amount of subordinated notes to be purchased within one year.—V. 147, p. 2871.

New	State	Ice	Co.—Earnings-	_

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues. a Operating expenses and taxes	1938 \$394,877 357,669	1937 \$426,129 379,482
Operating income Non-operating income	\$37,208 1,409	\$46,647 6,595
Gross income	\$38,617 22,959 2,835 238 566	\$53,242 25,064 3,088 258 75
Net income	\$12,017	\$24,755

\$1,196 for 1937 and \$139 for 1936.—V. 147, p. 1201.

New York Chicago & St. Louis RR.—Nickel Plate Told to Pay on Notes—Holders of \$99,000 of 6s Affected by Court

Ruling—
The company was ordered Nov. 10 to meet payment in full, with interest from Oct. 1, 1938, on \$99,000 of its 6% notes by Justice Lewis A. Abrams in the Municipal Court, New York. The road has been soliciting extensions for maturity of the notes to 1941, and to date holders of about 86% of the aggregate amount of notes outstanding have agreed to the extension offer and deposited their securities.

While Justice Lewis handed down a summary judgment in favor of Ethel Sugarman, holder of a \$1,000 note, his decision automatically carried with it a summary judgment on all the other 98 cases of individual \$1,000 noteholders pending before him.—V. 147, p. 2871.

New York City Omnibus Corp.—Earnings

[Incl. Madison Avenue Coach Co., Inc., and Eigh	th Avenue	Coach Corp.J
3 Months Ended Sept. 30-	1938	1937
Gross	\$2,735,829	
Net after Federal income taxes and depreciation	452,499	
x Net income	341,370	321,231

x After charges but before Federal surtax on undistributed profits and excess profits taxes. Before deduction for 3 months ended Sept. 30, 1938 and 1937, of \$59,800 and \$58,058, respectively, charged to income in respect of provision for amortization of "amount to be amortized on basis of recapture contract in monthly instalments."—V. 147, p. 2252.

New York Endowment Co., Inc.—Company Forbidden

to Sell Savings Certificates—
Supreme Court Justice Philip J. McCook issued on Nov. 1, on complaint of Attorney General John J. Bennett, an order restraining the company, with offices at 12 East 32d St., from doing further business in New York State. The injunction also put out of business Walker & Co., Inc., and Hardy-Walker & Co., Inc., both of New York, and permanently restrained Earl C. H. Walker of 42-09 177th St., Flushing, President of all three corporations. The business of the concerns was instalment savings and insurance.

all three corporations. The business of the concerns was instalment savings and insurance.

Assistant Attorney General William Koerner and Special Assistant Attorney General Max Furman told the court that Walker & Co. and Hardy-Walker & Co. were engaged in selling 10-year certificates of the endowment company on a monthly instalment plan. The sellers assured customers that a reserve fund was maintained by the company to guarantee a "cash surrender" value for every outstanding certificate.

However, Mr. Furman and Mr. Koerner said, the company drew on the reserve fund to pay its own debts until it owed \$45,000 to its 150 certificate holders and had assets of only \$3,000. The business was started in 1931 and attracted at one time about 3,000 certificate holders, Mr. Furman said, but in the last four years it had been liquidating. The most attractive feature of the savings plan, he explained, was insurance that repaid the full value of the certificate to the holder's assignee in case of the holder's death.

The court appointed Heary L. Finch of 120 Broadway as permanent receiver for the corporations.

New York Investors, Inc.—Time Set for Filing Plan-

New York Investors, Inc.—Time Set for Filing Plan—
In an order signed Nov. 4 Judge Robert A. Inch in Federal Court, Brooklyn, declared the company to be insolvent within the intent and meaning of Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act. He told counsel for the corporation that he would give it 30 days in which to file a plan of reorganization.

The order was made on the application of Ralph W. Crolly of the law firm of Cullen & Dykman, representing the Brooklyn Trust Co., a creditor of New York Investors. The application was joined in by Archibald Palmer and Edward Endelman, attorneys for other groups of creditors. The application was for an order dismissing the reorganization proceeding of New York Investors or of finding and adjudicating the debtor to be insolvent within the bankruptcy sense and directing the liquidation of its assets. The application for liquidation was adjourned to Dec. 2.

New York Investors, Inc., is the parent corporation of 42 subsidiaries, including the Prudence Co., Inc., the Prudence Bonds Corp., the Realty Associates Securities Corp. and the Allied Owners Corp. At the hearing on the application for the order signed Nov. 4 attorneys said that 90% of the assets of New York Investors was pledged to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation as security for loans, including one of \$20,000,000 made to the Prudence Co., Inc., in 1932.

Stock Suspended from Dealings—

Stock Suspended from Dealings-

The common stock, no par value, was suspended from dealing by the ew York Stock Exchange on Nov. 7.—V. 140, p. 481.

Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Uncollective oper. rev	1938—A \$17,034,231	fonth—1937 \$16,965,426	1938-9 1 \$152,708414	Mos.—1937 \$153,820856 643,059
Operating revenues	\$16,941,304		\$151,892953	\$153,177797
Operating expenses	11,777,695		104,443,623	104,050,865
Net operating revs	\$5,163,609		\$47,449,330	\$49.126.932
Operating taxes	2,686,870		23,428,708	22.041,842
Net oper. income Net income —V. 147, p. 2872.	\$2,476,739 2,603,943		\$24,020,622 21,473,691	\$27,085,090 25,761,865

New York Trap Rock Corp.—New President—Corporation announced that Mortimer D. Wandell is retiring from the residency and from active connection with the corporation on Dec. 31,

Stirling Tomkins, for many years Vice-President, will succeed Mr. Wandell as President of the corporation upon the latter's retirement. Joseph C. Dooley will become a Vice-President in charge of sales.—V. 146, p. 3348.

Dooley will become a vice a constant		
New York Water Service Corp. (& 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues. General operation. Rate case expense. Other regulatory commission expense. General expenses transferred to construction. Provision for uncollectible accounts.	\$2,931,855 896,679 447 22,322 Cr16,738 10,185	\$2,927,049 917,516 6,012 38,567 Cr25,942 15,851 134,889
Maintenance. Provision for retirements and replacements Real property taxes	361,562 87,769	194,750 338,783 66,696 12,495 18,533 38,256 44,044
Net earnings	29,986	\$1,126,599 26,436 3,136
Gross corporate income	768,810 35,750 5,208 15,551 18,879 Cr13,222 6,353	\$1,156,171 775,222 5,958 4,653 23,064 28,311 Cr9,563 8,866 14
97-4 (m	#0.47 001	8010 048

MINCCHARGOUS GO	Tacaone-			0,100	47
Net income				347,831	\$319,646
			ince Sheet Sept. 30)	Table 1
	1938	1937		1938	1937
Assets—	8	8	Liabilities-		8
Plant, property,			Funded debt	-15,970,500	61,071,500
		27,865,605	Pur. mon. bond		
Cash & mat'ls held			mortgage		20,206
for spec. constr'n			Indebt. to Federa		
projects	242,067		Wat. Ser. Corp	. 100,000	100,000
Proceeds of serial			Consum. deps.,&c		69,408
note issue		650,000	Mtge. bds. assum	. 6,000	6,000
Invest. in sub. cos.			Notes payable		100,000
not consolidated	2,609,599	2,609,599	Accounts payable	. 33.941	46.094
Loan to sub. not	1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Sewer & pav. ass't	8	
consolidated	455,000	445,000	(current por'n)	9,555	9,669
Misc. invest., sep-			Accr'd liabilities.	621,586	653,770
arate deposit	9,405	4,353	Unearned revenu	e 82,056	234,570
Cash	281,232	267.902	Reserves	2.701.476	2,499,599
Notes & acets. rec.	192.043	224.874	Contrib. for exts	454.702	452,291
Unbilled revenue.	106.025	114,409	Miscell reserve	3,418	3,457
Due from affil. cos.	3.395	1.237	Misc. def'd liabils	13.620	13.323
Commis. on capital		1. / 1/1/10/10	Sewer & paving as		
stock	498.482	498,482	sessments, &c		17.361
Due from N. Y. C.	225.054		Exten. deposits		
Debt disc. & exp.			6% cum. pref. stk	4.653,200	4,653.200
in proc.of amort.	127,526	145.989	y Common stock		
Mat'ls & supplies.	106,529		Capital and paid		-,,
Deferred charges &			in surplus		2.338.645
prepaid accounts	46,590	29,429	Earned surplus		
Total 3	9 222 004	33,174,863	Total	22 222 264	33 174.863
A CHAMILTON A CONTRACT OF A CO	W. O. C. C. C.	(363, 177, (30))	I ULIM	4143 - 4343 A . POTT	30 1/4 BOS

y Represented by 26,015 shares of \$100 par value.-V. 147, p. 1201.

Niagara Falls Po	wer Co. (& Subs.)-	-Earnings	_
Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating rev. deducts	1938—3 M \$2,817,325 1,779,851		\$11,568,418	Mos.—1937 \$12,474,582 7,086,758
Operating income Non-oper. income (net)_	\$1,037,475 82,762	\$1,262,732 56,200	\$4,238,399 300,118	\$5,387,824 225,014
Gross income Deducts. from gross inc_	\$1.120.236 279.991	\$1,318,932 284,350	\$4,538,517 1,124,845	\$5,612,838 1,243,966
Net income Note—No provision ha profits under the 1938 Fe	\$840,245 s been made deral income	\$1,034,582 for possible tax law.—	\$3,413,672 surtax on u 7. 147, p. 898	\$4,368,872 indistributed

Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Co. (& Subs.)—

Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937

Operating revenues..... \$2,663,990 \$3,058,794 \$10,140,103 \$11,589,582

Oper. revenue deduct'ns 1,979,387 2,416,503 7,574,139 8,795,685 Non-oper. income (net) _ \$684,603 6,120 \$642,291 \$2,565,965 4,477 18,253 Gross income_ eductions from gross income____ \$690,722 \$646,768 \$2,584,218 \$2,811,035 390,693 1,519,804 \$256,075 \$1,064,414 \$1,215,480 \$307,009

Note—No provision has been made for possible surtax on undistributed profit for the calendar year 1938 under the 1938 Federal income tax law.—V. 147, p. 898.

North American Co.—Files Tentative Plan with SEC for

Integration-

Integration—
The company announced Nov. 9 that it had filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission tentative plan for the integration of its properties under Section 11 of the Public Utility Act of 1935.

J. F. Fogarty, President, says:
"In view of the fact that the plan of one company may have a bearing upon the plans of one or more other companies, the plans will be treated as confidential by the Commission who will give consideration to them in relation to the public utility holding company situation as a whole. Accordingly, the tentative plan submitted by the North American Co., which also embraces North American Edison Co. and North American Light & Power Co., will not itself be made public, but in keeping with our policy of advising security holders of important developments affecting our companies and their interests, we are sending you a copy of the letter transmitting the plan."

Mr. Fogarty's letter addressed to William O. Douglas, Chairman of the SEC, follows:
Since my acknowledgment on Aug. 5 of your letter of Aug. 3 we have

SEC, follows:

Since my acknowledgment on Aug. 5 of your letter of Aug. 3 we have continued the studies which we had previously undertaken with respect to possible further integration. We are now informing you of such thoughts as we may at this time be able to express to you looking toward meeting constructively the spirit of the Public Utility Act of 1935, and at the same time discharging our responsibilities to the many thousands of security holders of the North American Co.

Investment Principles of the North Americaa Co.

The North American Co.'s investments in public utility situations have been guided chiefly by two basic principles, which may be summarized as follows:

follows:

(1) The strengthening of one or more of our existing subsidiaries, or the strengthening of an adjacent property, which we were in a position to acquire, by financial aid or by its connection or consolidation with an existing subsidiary.

(2) The further improvement of diversity by acquisition of a new situation of such character as to justify permanent employment of funds in equity investment.

In each such instance the serving of the public interest, by improving credit and ability provide adequate funds for extensions to plants and

systems to meet increasing service demands, facilitating more effective use of large and efficient sources of power supply and transmission, and maintaining the highest standards of service and lowest rates consistent with reasonable returns, has been regarded as an important factor.

An illustration of the application of the first of these principles is the acquisition in 1923 by the North American Co. of the Light & Development Co., a holding company controlling certain electric utility properties located in Missouri within the territory served by our Union Electric Co. of Missouri, and other properties located in Ohio, Illinois, South Dakota, Kentucky and Texas, not capable of connection with any of our then subsidiaries. These outlying properties were disposed of, the Missouri properties were turned over to our subsidiary without profit to the North American Co., and the Light & Development Co. was subsequently dissolved. Another illustration is the acquisition in 1925 by the North American Co. of Mississippi River Power Co., owning the dam and hydro-electric plant across the Mississippi River at Keokuk, Iowa, a large part of the power output of which had since 1913 been purchased under long-term contract by our Union Electric Co. of Missouri. By the acquisition of this company, which almost immediately was turned over to our subsidiary without profit, a substantial amount of what previously was surplus power generated at the Keokuk plant during only certain periods of the year on account of varying water conditions, became savailable to carry part of the base load because of the ability of our subsidiary to supplement, by power from its own steam electric generating stations, any shortage of output from the Keokuk plant during only certain periods of the year on account of varying water conditions, became savailable to carry part of the base load because of the ability of our subsidiary to supplement, by power from its own steam electric generating stations, any shortage of output from the Keokuk plant dur

Administrative Policy of the North American Co.

The policy of the North American Co. was expressed as follows in the annual report issued to its stockholders in 1905, several years before the

annual report issued to its stockholders in 1905, several years before the advent of public regulation:

"The management of your company believes that the policy which should govern the administration of public utilities, if they are to be stable and uniformly profitable investments, is to develop their facilities so that they may be adequate, not only to meet the present demands of the communities in which they operate, with service of the highest standard, but also to respond immediately to the growth of such communities and their business, however rapid it may be."

"The North American Co. stands in a protective relation to these properties. It is not seeking to exploit them for present large profits. It holds their securities as permanent investments, and seeks to establish them in the favor and confidence of the public by just methods and efficient administration, and to maintain their finances on the most conservative basis."

Electric Rates

As to rates, I need only state here that in each year since the 1920-1921 depression a reduction in electric rates has been made by one or more of the subsidiaries of the North American Co., and that for the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1938, the average residential revenue of the North American Co.'s four groups of electric utility subsidiaries was 3.29 cents per kilowatt-hour, out of which taxes averaging 15% or more had to be provided.

Objectives of Integration

I call attention at this time to the investment principles of the North American Co., to the administrative policy expressed more than 33 years ago to our stockholders, and to the rate policies of our subsidiaries, merely as evidence that we have long been in accord with the operating objectives which we believe your Commission seeks to achieve by integration. In developing, as the North American Co. has, its separate integrated systems we have advanced such objectives, supplementing them by diversity of investment so as to minimize risk and ensure the flow of needed capital.

we have advanced such objectives, supplementing them by diversity of investment so as to minimize risk and ensure the flow of needed capital.

Integration Under Public Utility Act of 1935 there has been presented, so far as the North American Co. is concerned, the broader question of the possibility of further integration by bringing together into a "single integrated system" separate groups of operating electric utilities each group of which in itself already constitutes an integrated system, and it is to their broader question that we have been directing our attention. The accompanying plan accordingly contemplates a solution of this problem along lines which we believe conform to the spirit of the Act. If carried out over a period of time, with due regard to the necessity for synchronizing transactions so as to preserve relative values where the disposal of certain properties and acquisition of certain others cannot be effected by direct exchanges, this plan may fairly be calaculated to protect the interests of the investors in our companies. It will also serve the other express purposes of the Act, in ensuring to consumers, in their own behalf and in the public interest, the benefits of interconnection of efficient sources of power supply.

We have proceeded on the theory that the Act may be interpreted to permit the retention by our company of such of its major investments as can reasonably be brought into a single integrated system by the acquisition of other properties which, first, will be themselves benefited by the interconnection and, second, have not too great a value relative to that of the properties which they will serve to connect.

In this way it will be possible to achieve constructive results and preserve the values underlying the present securities of the North American Co.

This plan is necessarily tentative and is subject to satisfactory consummation of such negotiations as may be undertaken with respect thereto, and, if and when applications therefor are made in due course, to the approva

Registers 775,000 Shares of Common Stock with SEC-

Registers 775,000 Shares of Common Stock with SEC—

J. F. Fogarty, President, issued the following statement, Nov. 10:
"Company has been advised by two of its large stockholders—American Cities Power & Light Corp. [which see] and Electric Shareholdings Corp.—of their intention to dispose of about 775,000 shares of common stock. Accordingly, at their request North American Co. today filed a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 for the registration of 775,000 shares of its common stock now owned by the two foregoing corporations. We have been advised by them that their proposed disposal of such common stock is for the purpose of reducing the aggregate of their holdings and the holdings of companies affiliated with them, now representing 18.3% of the voting stock of North American Co., to below 10%, so that none of such companies could be classified within the definition of a 'holding company' under Section 2(a). (7). (a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. This latter result would, it is felt, be advantageous to North American Co.

"None of the stock referred to in the registration statement filed today with the Securities and Exchange Commission is being offered by the North American Co. The transaction therefore does not affect the company's capital structure and does not affect the interests of any of its security holders except the investment companies referred to."—V. 147, p. 2697.

Northern States Power Co.—Weekly Output—

Northern States Power Co.—Weekly Output—
Electric output of the Northern States Power Co. system for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, totaled 27,332,422 kilowatt-hours, an increase of 4.9% compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 147, p. 2873.

Ohio Cities Water Corp. (& Subs.)-	-Earnings	9-
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross earnings Operating expenses, maintenance, and taxes Reserved for retirements	1938 \$298,793 165,275 8,494	1937 \$302,683 177,186 9,806
Gross income Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of subs Preferred dividends of subsidiaries Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of Ohio	\$125,024 1,003 31,811	\$115,691 1,070 32,032
Cities Water Corp	90,656	92,468
Net income	\$1,554	loss\$9,879

Ohio River Sand & Gravel Co.—Accumulated Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cumulative first preferred stock, par \$100, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 15, leaving arrears of \$32.59 a share.—

V. 146, p. 3026. Ohio Wate 12 Months Ende Operating revenue Operation Maintenance Provision for retir General taxes Provision for Fede	ements a	nd replace	ments	1938 \$587,765 157,824 23,524 47,250 68,587	1937 \$684,522 159,755 27,901 35,500 67,525
Net earnings Other income (net)			\$284,280 2,493	\$376,896 5,013
Gross income_ Interest on funded Miscellaneous inte Amortization of d	rest			\$286,773 191,000 805 10,648	\$381,909 191,000 1,080 10,648
Net income				\$84,320	\$179,180
	E	lalance Shee	et Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Plant, property,			1st mtge. 5% g	old	
rights, &c 8	7,371,023	\$7,420,088	bonds	\$3,820,000	\$3,820,000
Miscell. investm'ts			Accounts payat	ole_ 4,713	5,747
(at cost)			Accrued items_		98,614
Cash	116,954	109,516	Unearned reven		3,375
a Accts. & notes		F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Consumers' dep		
receivable	133,782		acer. int. ther		
Acer. unbilled rev.	17,295		Reserves		454,582
Mat'ls & supplies_	31,580	37,261	b Class A com. s	tk. 3,155,898	3,155,898
Debt disct. & exp.	1000	a Committee of the	Capital surplus		213,900
in proc. of amort	205,863	216,511	Earned surplus	232,253	275,412
Def'd charges and		00 400	The state of the s		
prepaid acc'ts	47.315	20,438			

a After reserve of \$24,679 in 1938 and \$24,853 in 1937. b Represent by 40,522 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 1045.

135 Central Park West (Langham Corp.) - Mortggae

Sterling National Bank & Trust Co. has been appointed trustee of \$900,-000 mortgage certificates in connection with the reorganization of an issue of \$1.381,500 of Prudence-Bonds Corp. participating prudence certificates known as the Langham Corp., or 135 Central Park West issue:—V. 120, p. 3322.

Owens-Illinois Glass Co.—Forms New Unit—
Formation of Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corp. for the manufacture of a variety of fiber glass products was announced on Nov. 2, jointly, by Owens-Illinois Glass Co. and Corning Glass Works. It marks the culmination of development work by the companies involving expenditures totaling about \$5,000,000, it was said. The products to be manufactured will be used in the fields of insulation, construction and industrial design. No stock of the new company will be offered the public but it will be held jointly by Owens-Illinois and Corning. It will not be operated as a subsidiary but as an independent corporate structure, the announcement said. Armory Houghton is Chairman of the board of the new company and Harold Boeschenstein is President.—V. 147, p. 2542.

Pacific Coast Co. (& Subs	.)—Earning	18	
3 Months Ended Sept. 30—	1938	\$739,071	1936
Gross earnings	\$576,269		\$698,097
Operating expenses (includings depre- ciation, depletion and taxes)	511.137	596,821	589,266
Net income from operations	\$65,133	\$142,250	\$108,831
Int. and bond discount—net	66,015	67,077	77,033
Income for period	loss\$882	\$75.174	\$31,799
	Cr4,563	12,484	8,662
Net inc. for period before chgs. to	\$3,681	\$62,690	\$23, <u>13</u> 7
surplus		for income	or undis-

tributed profits taxV.	147, p. 120	3.		
Panhandle Produ Period End. Sept. 30— x Gross oper. income Cost, exp., taxes, &c Depr., depl., amort., &c.	1938—3 A \$991,115 920,111 47,120	Refining C Mos.—1937 \$1,130,321 985,627 44,366	20. (& Sub 1938—9 M \$2,881,150 2,695,933 129,496	(s.)— (os. 1937) \$3,059,256 2,675,932 127,009
ProfitOther income	\$23,884 22,733	\$100,328 1,051	\$55,721 29,997	\$256,315 3,265
Total incomeInterest, &c	\$46,617 19,050	\$101,379 10,168	\$85,718 41,898	\$259,580 31,693
Dnofit	297 566	\$91.911	\$43.820	\$227.887

x After gasoline sales tax.

Note—No provision has been made for Federal income, excess profits or undistributed profits taxes.

Gasoline taxes, State and Federal, the greater part of which is collected from our customers, for the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1938, amounted to \$1,321,602. This amount has been deducted from gross income or added to operating expenses in the above statement.

	Conso	lidated Bala	nce Sheet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	Labilities-	1938	1937
x Prop. account	\$1.881.339	\$1,859,411	Preferred stock		\$1,680,000
Cash	87.792		Common stock	z\$687,385	
Unexp. cash., &c.			Accounts payable.	301,059	
Dep. for int. pay.			Notes payable	45,286	
U.S. & mun. oblig			Accrued liabilities_	171,368	174,503
Other assets	15,375		Purch. obliga'ns	109,414	123,783
Inventories	504.507	421.436	Long-term debt	600,000	
Notes & accts. re			Reserves	7,195	25,160
ceivable	296.381		Est. exps. of reorg.	50.000	
Deferred charges	73,427	65,785	Surplus	1,004,995d	ef1.090,612
Total	92 076 701	29 719 174	Total	2 976 701	\$2 712 174

x After depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$4,203,024 in 1938 and \$4,352,202 in 1937. y Represented by 198,770 shares of no par value. Z Par \$1. a Unexpended cash from sale of bank loan and 5 year 5% convertible secured notes in escrow in the Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York.—V. 147, p. 2543.

Paramount Pictures, Inc.—Earnings—

3 Months—
9 Months

Period Ended—
0ct. 1, '38 Oct. 2, '37 Oct. 1, '38 Oct. 2, '37

b Estimated earnings x\$650,658 y\$2,398,000 z\$1.876,469 a\$6,696,000

x Includes \$495,000 representing Paramount's direct and indirect net interest as a stockholder in the combined undistributed earnings for the quarter of partially owned non-consolidated subsidiaries, also \$233,000 quarter of partially owned non-consolidated subsidiaries, also \$233,000 profit on purchase of debentures of Paramount Pictures, Inc. y Includes undistributed earnings of partially owned subsidiaries aggregating \$440,000. z Includes \$1,660,000 share of undistributed earnings of partially owned non-consolidated subsidiaries and \$245,000 profit on purchase of debentures of Paramount Pictures, Inc. a Includes \$1,420,000 Paramount's share of undistributed earnings of partially owned subsidiaries. b After interest and all charges.—V. 147, p. 900.

Pathe Film Corp.—To Liquidate—
Directors voted on Nov. 8 to call a special meeting of stockholders for ec. 6 to consider a proposal to liquidate the company and distribute its sets under the provisions of Section 112-B-7 of the United States Revenue

Specializing in

PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC CO. GENERAL PLASTICS CO. COMMON STOCKS

YARNALL & CO.

A. T. & T. Teletype-Phla 22

1528 Walnut St.

Philadelphia

Act of 1938. Stockholders of record of Nov. 16 will be entitled to vote at the meeting.

The principal purpose of the liquidation is to insure the passage of income from the investment in the du Pont Film Manufacturing Corp. directly to stockholders of Pathe Film, as the extraordinary benefits provided in the Revenue Act may not become available again, it was explained.

Pathe Film owns 35% of the du Pont Film Stock, and its share in that company's earnings for the first half of 1938 amounted to \$223,000, compared with \$253,000 a year before. Of these earnings, \$153,000 in the period this year and \$183,000 in the period last year were not distributed.

Pathe Film's net sales of its own were \$483,974 for the six months, against \$627,429 for the period in 1937, and loss from operations was \$27,982, in contrast with an operating profit of \$25,379 a year before. Inclusion of dividends from du Pont Film and deduction of charges left net income of \$51,679 for the six months this year, against \$104,549 in the first half of 1937.

Pathe Exchange, Inc., predecessor to Pathe Film, held 49% of du Pont Film shares. From its holdings it sold 14% of the issue in July, 1935, at about \$1,140 a share. The proceeds were applied to reduction of bank debt. E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. own the entire balance of 65% of du Pont Film stock.

Robert R. Young, Chairman of the Alleghany Corp., was the largest stockholder in Pathe Film at midyear, according to reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission, placing his holdings at 19,897 shares, or 3.4% of the company. A letter to stockholders explaining the proposed liquidation is being drafted.

In connection with the dissolution of the Pathe Film Corp, to be voted on at a special meeting of stockholders Dec. 6, 1938, there were numerous inquiries from stockholders as to a brief historical record of corp, to be voted on the appearance of the company furnished the following information:

The DuPont Film Mg. Corp. was organized in October, 1924. Its present capitalization consists so

	-Net Earnings -		-Divide	nds-	
		Per Share	Amount	Per Share	
1932	\$805.909	\$81.00	\$400,000	\$40.00	
1933	744.831	74.00	1,300,000	130.00	
1934	770.225	77.00	400,000	40.00	
1935	925,440	93.00	900,000	90.00	
1936	1.169.181	117.00	1.100.000	110.00	
1937	1,522,267	152.00	1,350,000	135.00	
T 1			the materales		

In late 1924, when the company began operations, its principal product was 35-mil.imeter positive motion picture film for professional purposes. Thereafter the company added 35-millimeter negative motion picture film to its list of products, which, however, was not produced in substantal volume until 1928. The manufacture of X-ray film for medical and industrial purposes was started in 1932, and there has been an uninterrupted increase in the volume of sales of this product which has continued even during the present year of recession. During the current year the company has started to manufacture 16-millimeter reversible motion picture film for amateur use. Earnings for the first nine months of 1938 of \$929.38s showed some decline from the earnings of \$1,149,918 for the corresponding period of 1937, due to the reduced schedules of motion picture producers in Hollywood during the early part of the year.—V. 147, p. 1203.

Paymaster Consolidated Mines, Ltd.—One-Cent Div.—

Directors have declared a dividend of one cent per share on the common stock, payable Jan. 16 to holders of record Dec. 31. An initial dividend of like amount was paid on Sept. 15, last.—V. 147, p. 1045.

(J. C.) Penney Co.—Sales—
Sales for the month of October, 1938, were \$26,819,511, as compared with \$29,988,024 for October, 1937. This is a decrease of \$3,168,513 or 10.57%:
Total sales from Jan. 1 to Oct. 31, 1938, inclusive, were \$191,822,873, as compared with \$210,270,954 for the same period in 1937. This is a decrease of \$18,448,081 or 8.77%.—V. 147, p. 2401.

Pennsylvania Electric Co. (& Subs.)—Earnin	gs-
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
Provision for retirements Provision for taxes		679,055 1,101,281
Operating incomeOther income (net)		\$3,629,714 132,085
Gross income	190.396	\$3,761,799 1,816,905 173,356 51,945 Cr3,155
Balance of income	\$1,635,803	\$1,722,747

Pennsylvania RR.—To Pay 50-Cent Dividend-

Directors on Nov. 9 declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$50, payable Dec. 20 to holders of record Nov. 19. Last previous dividend was 75 cents paid on Dec. 20, 1937 and compares with 50 cents paid on July 22, 1937; \$1 on Dec. 21 and on Feb. 29, 1936; and dividends of 50 cents per share distributed on March 15, 1935, Sept. 15 and March 15, 1934.—V. 147, p. 2698.

Pennsylvania State Water Corp. (& 12 Months Ended Sept. 30—Gross earnings. Operating expenses, maintenance, and taxes	\$ Subs.)— 1938 \$1,241,695 600,351 72,385	-Earnings 1937 \$1,252,383 563,008 54,823
Gross income Interest and other deductions of subsidiaries Minority interest. Interest, amortization of discount, &c., of Penn-	\$568,959 2,572 55	\$634,552 Cr543 63
sylvania State Water Corp.	339,496	347,873
Net Income	2000 DOE	2007 150

Note—The above income accounts include surtaxes on undistributed profits as computed and recorded at the close of the calendar years 1936 and 1937. For the year 1938 to date no accruals for such surtaxes have been V. 147, p. 1045.

Pennsylvania Water & Power Co.—Larger Common Div.

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the common stock, payable Jan. 3 to holders of record Dec. 15. Dividends of \$1 were paid on Oct. 1, July 1 and April 1, last; a dividend of \$1.50 was paid on Jan. 3, 1938, and previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1 per share were distributed.

Officials Resign—
See Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore, above.
V. 147, p. 2873.

Peoples Drug Stores, Inc.—Final Dividend—

Directors have declared a final dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Dec. 2. Dividends of 25 cents per share were paid on Oct. 1, last, and each three months previously, —V. 147, p. 2401.

Peoples Water & Gas Co.—Earnings Years Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues———————————————————————————————————	1938 \$1,061,548	1937 \$1,016,971 753,669
Net earningsOther income	\$256,093 5,353	\$263.302 4.978
Gross income Interest on funded debt Miscellaneous interest (net)	\$261,446 155,834 8,407	\$268,280 156,005 14,129

Note—The operating results for the year ended Sept. 30, 1938 are not omparable with those for the year ended Sept. 30, 1937, as the company old its water property at Vancouver, Washington, as of June 1, 1937.

Balance Sheet Sept. 20

		Balance Sh	eet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Plant, prop., rights,			1st mtge. 5% gold		
franchises, &c \$	4.301.132	\$3,955,546	bonds\$	2,758,000	\$2,758,000
Cash in banks and			Coos Bay Wat. Co.		7
working funds	107,082	65,001	1st M. 6% sink.		
a Accts. and notes			fund gold bonds	298,500	299,500
receivable	147,061	135,083	b 6% note payable	90,000	95,000
Unbilled revenue.	5,898	5,897	Accounts payable.	31,750	33,142
Materials & suppl.	101,060	101,630	Due to affiliated		
Special deposits	90,623	405,132	companies	9,399	10,642
Deferred charges &			Accrued items	161,173	146,427
prepaid accounts	46,143	31,451	Deferred liabilities	130,484	115,060
			Reserves	670,581	591,433
			c \$6 cum. pref. stk.	350,000	350,000
			d Common stock.	42,500	42,500
			Capital surplus	237,036	258,035
			Earned surplus	19,575	
-				_	

Total\$4,798,999 \$4,699,741 Total a After reserve for uncollectible accounts of \$21,827 in 1938 and \$20,688 in 1937. b To Federal Water Service Corp. c Represented by 7,000 no par shares. d Represented by 42,500 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 1046, 901.

Peoples Light & Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— [Excluding Minnesota Public Utilities Co. and

Texas Public Service Farm Co.]

Adjusted to show results from operations of the properties, as now constituted, and annual interest requirements on long term debt required to be issued under the plan of reorganization of Peoples Light & Power Corp.

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues. Operation Maintenance. General taxes Fed. inc. taxes (incl. surtax on undis. profits)	1938 \$3,520,067 2,043,106 133,325 247,544	1937 \$3,485,014 2,004,297 125,286 233,365
Net operating revenues before retire. accruals Income from merchandise, jobbing and contract		\$1,053,668
work and other income	2,958	38,485
Gross income before retirement accruals	\$1,071,700 303,562	\$1,092,153 283,729
Gross income	\$768,138	\$808,424
Interest to public (incl. annual interest on Texas Public Service Co. first mortgage bonds)	223,859	
on subsidiary companies first mortgage bonds) Other income deductions	165,181 18,342	
Net income as adjusted (applicable to Peoples	\$360.756	ette z · ·

Income account for the Year Ended Sept. 30, 1938 [Including net income of subsidiary companies (as adjusted) applicable to Peoples Light & Power Co.]

Net income of subsidiary companies (adjusted) Dividends from investments in other companies Earnings from subsidiary companies, included in charges a Interest	1.591
General and administrative expenses (3 months, estimated) General taxes (3 months, estimated) Federal taxes, normal income	37,277 4,545
Balance of income of parent and subsidiary companies by parent company deductions. Annual interest on collateral lien bonds, series A, due 1961 annual interest on scrip certificates, due 1946 at 5% Other income deductions	\$469,094 234,450 21,491

Note—Adjusted to include estimated general and administrative expenses, estimated general taxes and including annual interest requirements on long-term debt required to be issued under the plan of reorganization of Peoples Light & Power Corp.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Sept. 30, 1938

[Texas Public Service Farm Co. and Minnesota Public Utilities Co. not Consolidated]

Assets-		Labilities-	
Property, plant and equip.		a Class A common stock	\$62,520
(incl. intangibles)\$	14,743,180	b Class B common stock	83.201
Investments in associated cos.		c Cumul, conv. pref. stock	2.080.025
-not consolidated		Long-term debt	
Investments in other cos	3.160	Accounts payable	150.876
Other investments		Customers' deposits	176,691
Sinking funds		Taxes accrued	197.078
Cash		Interest accrued	120,345
Special deposits		Other current and accrued	,
Notes receivable		liabilities	83,413
Accounts receivable		Deferred credits	153.882
Receivables from associated		Reserves	
companies, not consolidated		Contributions in aid of constr.	68,903
Materials and supplies		Capital surplus	532.854
Prepayments		d Earned surplus subsequent	002,002
Deferred debits		to Jan. 1, 1938	205,519
	0,101		200,010
Total	6.895,138	Total	16.895,138

-\$16,895,138

a Class A common stock \$1 par value. Authorized 257,895 shares incle 2,520 shares required to be issued under plan of reorganization (of which 2,052 shares were unissued at Sept. 30, 1938) and 195,375 shares reserved for conversion of collateral lien bonds. The class A common stock has been deposited under a voting trust agreement and voting trust crifficates have been issued thereagainst.

b Class B common stock \$1 par value. Authorized 419,261 shares incl. 88,809 shares required to be issued under plan of reorganization (5,608 shares owned by subsidiaries) (of which 16,536 shares were unissued at Sept. 30, 1938) 222,060 shares reserved for conversion of preferred stock, 108,377 shares reserved for exercise of purchase warrants and 15 shares reserved for claims not filed in the reorganization. Purchase warrants, expiring Dec. 31, 1945, required to be issued under plan of reorganization provide for the purchase of class B common stock, at \$20 per share.

Financial Procedure Convertible preferred stock \$25 par value, entitled in liquidation or redemption to \$50 per share and accumulated dividends from Jan. 1, 1936. Authorized 88,824 shares including 88,809 shares required to be issued under plan of reorganization (5,608 shares owned by subsidiaries) (of which 16,536 shares were unissued at Sept. 30, 1938) and 15 shares reserved for claims not filed in the reorganization. Each share of preferred stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into two and one-half shares of class B common stock. Prior to retirement of collateral lien bonds and scrip certificates, dividends on the pref. stock accumulate from Jan. 1, 1936 at a rate up to (but not exceeding) \$1.50 per share semi-annually, but only to the extent of consolidated net earnings, as defined in the certificate of incorporation. On the above basis, accumulated dividends amounted to \$63per share or an aggregate of \$532,854 as at Jan. 1, 1938. Following retirement of all collateral lien bonds and all scrip certificates, dividends on the preferred stock accumulate at the full rate of \$3 per share per annum, payable quarterly. Accumulated dividends for the period subsequent to Jan. 1, 1938 are subject to determination on basis of audited statements for the calendar year. Dividends on the preferred stock shall not be declared or paid until all deferred interest and sinking fund payments on the collateral lien bonds have been paid or provided for and all scrip certificates have been retired and certain other restrictions as set forth in the certificate of incorporation are fully complied with.

Income Account for 9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1938.

	e expenses		\$194,119 28,652 4,040
Balance			\$161,427 191,956 491
Net deficit			\$31,020
I	Balance She	et, Sept. 30, 1938	
Assets— Investments in subs., wholly owned: in Consolidated. Not consolidated. Investments in other cos. Other investments. Cash Accrued interest receivable, associate companies. Deferred debits.	\$8,426,474 28,378 3,160 1,332 320,466 48,657 707	Liabilities— a Class A common stock. b Class B common stock. c Cumul. conv. pref. stock. Long-term debt. Accounts payable. Accued taxes. Accrued interest. Other current and accrued liabilities. Reserve for adjustment of assets acquired in reorganization. Other reserves. Capital surplus. d Earned surplus subsequent to Jan. 1, 1938.	\$62,520 88,809 2,220,225 4,669,951 30,412 29,568 1,167,133 101 532,854 def31,020
Note—All footnotes a to dated balance sheet.—V. 1	d inclusiv	e correspond to footnotes	

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR .- To Pay \$1.25 Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.25 per share on the corp. payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 19. This compares with 50 cents paid on June 15, last; \$2.50 paid on Dec. 15, 1937; \$2 paid on June 15, 1937; \$2.25 on Feb. 1, 1937; \$1.50 on Dec. 23, 1936 and a regular semi-annual dividend of \$1.25 paid on Aug. 1, 1936.—V. 147, p. 2402, 2700.

Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.—Exercises 98,000-Share Option on Cyanamid Stock-

The company exercised its option to purchase 98,000 shares of class B common stock of the American Cyanamid Co. at \$20 a share on Oct. 31, officers of the latter company announced Nov. 3. The \$19,960,000 proceeds will be used for various corporate purposes.

The Glass company now holds about 4½% of American Cyanamid's class B stock, which is non-voting, and makes it one of the larger individual stockholders of the company. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. acquired the option in 1933 as a result of a joint venture with Cyanamid in the Southern Alkali Corp. The Glass company owns 51% and Cyanamid the balance of the Alkali shares.—V. 147, p. 128.

Pittsburgh Steel Co.—Exchange Offer Withdrawn—
Company has notified the New York Stock Exchange of the withdrawal, as of Nov. 15, 1938, of the offer to holders of class B 7% preferred stock (formerly 7% cumulative preferred stock) to exchange their shares into four-tenths of a share of prior preferred stock, first series 5½%, and a full share of class A 5% preferred stock for each share surrendered.

Ontions Granted—Company has advised the New York Stock Exchange

share of class A 5% preferred stock for each share surrendered.

Options Granted—Company has advised the New York Stock Exchange of the exercise of the option granted to Henry A. Roemer, President, for the purchase of 5,845 shares of common stock at \$12.50 per share.

To Get 120,000 Shares of National Supply Co.—

Henry A. Romer, President, has announced that a contract has been entered into with Pennsylvania Industries, Inc., for the acquisition by Pittsburgh Steel of a block of approximately 120,000 shares of common stock of the National Supply Co. from Pennsylvania Industries in exchange for common and prior preferred stock of Pittsburgh Steel Co.

The 120,000 shares of National Supply Co. common to be acquired represents about 7% of the total voting stock of that company.

Mr. Roemer said it was the desire of Pittsburgh Steel Co. to acquire for investment a small stock interest in one of its customers, and that no further acquisition of National Supply stock was contemplated.

Consolidated Income Account for Quarter Ended Sent. 30, 1938

Consolidated Income Account for Quarter End	ded Sept. 30,	1938
Net sales Costs and expenses	\$4,979,894	\$8,329,288 7,554,172
ProfitOther income	\$143,227 39,571	\$775.116 39,116
Total income	\$182,798 100,342 356,588	\$814,232 110,079 381,948 65,045
Net loss	\$274,132 Nil	pf\$257,160 \$0.21

Pittston Co.—Revised Plan Filed—

A plan designed to strengthen Erie RR.'s equity in event of dissolution or liquidation of the Pittston Co., which owes Erie approximately \$10,000,000, was submitted to a special Master at Cleveland, Nov. 9.

The plan, agreed upon by trustees for Erie and for Erie mortgage holders, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and representatives of Pittston, was unopposed. A Master's report will be made to Federal Judge Paul for his approval.

The agreement apparently removed the last obstacle to a recapitalization plan for Pittston, adopted, Oct. 10 by the stockholders. Erie, under the plan, received stock for its claims on Pittston, which is controlled by the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Pittston is terminating its leases of Erie-owned mines to concentrate on C. & O. business.

One provision of the plan was a conversion privilege, which would give Erie the right to obtain control of Pittston should such a move be desirable in the future. Erie was understood to have no such plans now.—V. 147, p. 2874.

Platte Valley Telephone Corp.—Bonds Called—All of the outstanding (\$482,900) first mortgage 6% 20-year gold bonds, due July 1, 1947 have been called for redemption on Jan. 1 at 102½ and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the Omaha National Bank, Omaha, Neb.—V. 147, p. 2402.

(H. K.) Porter Co., Pittsburgh-Plan of Reorganization-

A plan of reorganization is proposed by the bondholders reorganization committee acting on behiaf of persons owning more than \$100,000 of first closed mortgage 6% sinking fund gold bonds of the corporation.

Company and its predecessors have been engaged in the manufacture and sale of locomotives and operation of machine shop for more than 60 years. The property to be dealt with under this plan consists principally of the manufacturing plant and office building situate at 49th and Harrison Sts., Pittsburgh.

Securities and Obligations to Be Dealt with Under the Plan
First closed mortgage 5% sinking fund gold bonds. \$840,000
Coupon interest, May 1, 1932, to Nov. 15, 1937, incl. 304,500
Interest accured on coupons to Nov. 15, 1937
Accrued city, county and school taxes 96,361
General unsecured creditors. 19,534

Capitalization of New Company

Year Due—	Delinquent \$20.594	(Approx.) \$15,000	Total \$35.594
1939	27.319	18,000	45.319
1940	14,582	18,000	32.582
1941	14,766	18,000	32,766

In addition to these, the 1936 school taxes and the 1937 city and school taxes, which are not subject to abatement, amount with interest and penalties as of June, 1938, to the sum of \$19,098.

The plan contemplates that the assets and properties of the debtor corporation will be transferred by appropriate deed and bill of sale to the new company, subject to the lien of all taxes and that the new company will assume the payment of said taxes. This plan provides for the conservation of a large portion of the cash and liquid assets in order that the new company may have sufficient working capital to carry on its business to advantage and at the same time be in a position to meet the tax instalments.

to advantage and at the same time be in a position to meet the tax instalments.

General Unsecured Creditors—Accounts payable to general unsecured creditors amount to approximately \$19,534. This figure is subject to revision upon the final report of the Special Master in allowing or disable in the debtors. This plan provides for the payment to this class of creditors in the amount of 50% of their claims in cash, which shall be a full payment and discharge of their claims.

Distribution of Securities—The total amount of first mortgage bonds issued and outstanding, together with coupons due thereon and interest on coupons as of Nov. 15, 1937, is \$1,193,052. Holders of bonds, or certificates of deposit therefor, shall be entitled to receive for their bonds, with May 1, 1932, and subsequent coupons attached, (a) preferred stock of the new company at the rate of 100 shares for each \$1,000 of bonds and common stock in the new company at the rate of five shares for each \$1,000 of bonds, or (b) in the alternative, if they so elect, 125 shares of common stock of the new company for each \$1,000 of bonds.

Holders of bonds, or certificates of deposit therefor, shall make an election as between option (a) and option (b) at the time of their acceptance of the plan of reorganization. Any persons who shall fail to make an election as between option (a) and option (b) at the time of his acceptance of the plan of reorganization, or by the time this plan of reorganization shall be confirmed by the court, shall be deemed to have elected option (a) and will be entitled to receive preferred stock and common stock of the new company as provided in option (a).

New Company—A new company shall be incorporated and organized in Pennsylvania with the authorized capital stock above-mentioned. It is proposed that the first board of directors, to serve until the first annual meeting of stockholders, shall consist of Thomas M. Evans, H. C. Bughman and three additional directors to be chosen by the bondholders' reorganization committee from p

Postal Telegraph & Cable Corp.—Hearings Ended-

After eight days of hearing testimony Federal Judge Alfred C. Coxe reserved decision, Nov. 4, on a motion for his approval of a plan to reorganize the corporation. He declared the hearing closed as to further proof, but said he would allow attorneys to present final arguments on Nov. 16. Raymond C. Kramer, trustee for Postal, testified that he had examined the plan in detail and had concluded that it wraranted his approval. The plan provides for a merger of Postal's cable and radio properties, for separate operation of its land lines and for the supervision of its cable and radio properties by a holding company, of which International Telephone & Telegraph shall have control.

Committees Admit New Group—Agree to Participation of Minority of Associated Cos. Preferred Holders in System Reorganization-

Reorganization—

The Lehman and Stewart committees for Postal bondholders have assented to participation of minority owners of Associated Cos. preferred stock in reorganization of the Postal System.

Associated Cos. is in receivership, and its bankruptcy proceedings have been consolidated with Postal Telegraph by Federal Court for the Southern District of New York. The company is an intermediary holding company, owning stocks of Postal's cable, radio, and cable companies. Postal owns 99.85% of Associated Cos.' common stock and 86.11% of the preferred.

A statement that Associated Cos.' publicly owned preferred shares would be given recognition in the Lehman plan for Postal Telegraph, which is controlled by International Telephone & Telegraph, was made at the hearing Nov. 1 by J. W. Husted.

Under the agreement between the bondholders and Associated minority preferred stockholders' groups, one-half share of Postal Telegraph System, Inc., preferred stock and two shares of common would be exchanged for each share of Associated Cos.' publicly-held preferred stock. Postal Telegraph System, Inc., is one of the new corporations which would be formed under the Lehman plan to operate Postal's land lines.

Another phase of the proceedings, that of bringing the Securities and Exchange Commission into the reorganization hearings developed before another Federal District judge Nov. 1. Judge William Bondy granted the advisory committee for Postal bondholders the right to appeal Judge Alfred C. Coxe's denial of a motion to invite the SEC to intervene under powers granted the SEC in the Chandler Act. Judge Bondy also authorized the advisory group for Postal bondholders to appeal Judge Coxe's order refusing to direct the Lehman and Stewart committees to submit their plan for reorganizing Postal to the SEC for examination and report.—V. 147, p. 2700.

Postal Telegraph Period End. Sept. 30—		ine Systemath.—1937	m—Earnin 1939— 9 M	
Telegraph and cable op- erating revenues	\$1,812,850 111,319 156,154 105,506 1,277,528	\$1,901,791 117,706 171,366 114,278 1,386,196	\$15,607,003 1,026,035 1,421,619 905,962 11,520,162	\$17,648,331 1,186,840 1,356,409 1,006,556 12,834,289
Relief departments and pensions	44,983 35,769	41,821 38,668	395,533 341,581	428,007 337,721
Net telegraph & cable oper, revenues Uncollectible oper, revs. Taxes assignable to opers	\$81,591 5,000 85,221	\$31,756 4,000 73,704	*\$3,889 45,000 790,096	\$498,509 44,000 699,994
Operating loss Non-operating income	\$8,630 4,321	\$45,948 3,135	\$838,985 25,867	\$245,485 31,889
Gross deficit Deductions from gross income	\$4,309 249,968	\$42,813 248.886	\$813,118 2,262,335	\$213,596 2,211,363
Net deficit	\$254,277	\$291,699	\$3,075,453	\$2,424,959

Prudence Co., Inc.—Reorganization—
Federal Judge Grover M. Moscowitz in Brooklyn Nov. 4 stated that he would confirm the amended plan of reorganization for the company as soon as an additional \$8,000,000 of acceptances is obtained from the 45,000 creditors. He made his statement after William W. Palmer, attorney for the Reconstruction Finance Corp., proponent of the plan, said that \$72,000,000 worth of acceptances had been received. The company, with assets totaling \$125,000,000 in apartment houses and hotels, has sought reorganization under Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act since Feb. 1, 1935.—V. 147, p. 2100.

Public Service Co. of New Hampshire-Registers with SEC-

See list given on first page of this department.

x Indicates loss.—V. 147, p. 2402.

See list given on first page of this department.

The company also filed an application for exemption from the requirement of filing a declaration covering the issue under the Holding Company Act. The Securities and Exchange Commission set a hearing for Nov. 21.

The application stated that \$625,000 of the proceeds will be used to pay bank loans and the balance will be applied to corporate purposes, including the restoring of property destroyed by the storm on Sept. 21.

The company has named as underwriters Coffin & Burr; Brown Harriman & Co.; Palne, Webber & Co.; Arthur Perry Co., and the First Boston Corp.—V. 147, p. 2544.

Puget Sound Po Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues			1938-12 A	fos1937
Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	449,999 93,685	592.460 110,423 196,007	\$15,902,144 5,554,122 1,162,352 2,228,631	\$16,464,876 6,338,375 1,107,975 1,935,922
Net oper revenues Non-oper income (net)_	\$634,210 Dr14,193	\$685,134 15,334	\$6,957,039 Dr167,633	\$7,082,603 76,563
Balance Interest and amortiz	\$620,017 319,370	\$669,800 320,960	\$6,789,406 3,847,225	\$7,159,166 3,857,440
BalanceAppropriations for retirem	\$300,647 ent reserve.	\$348,840	\$2,942,180 1,470,648	\$3,301,726 1,497,218
Balance Prior preference dividend	requirement		\$1,471,532 550,000	\$1,804,508 550,000
Balance Preferred dividend requir	ements		\$921,532 1,583,970	\$1,254,508 1,583,970
Balance, deficit			\$662,438	\$329,462

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1937, the company adopted the new system of accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission, which differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 147, p. 2874.

Pullman Co.—Earnings—

[Revenues and I Period End. Sept. 30— Sleeping car operations:	- 1938-Me	car and Auxi	liary Operations] 1938—9 Mos.—1937		
Total revenues	\$5,229,882 4,195,892	\$5,377,049 4,803,007	\$44,928,789 39,524,664	\$47,342.049 41,682,766	
Net revenue	\$1,033.990	\$574,041	\$5,404,124	\$5,659,283	
Auxiliary operations: Total revenues Total expenses	\$166,438 141,943	\$176,991 150,462	\$1,506,126 1,275,104	\$1,574,203 1,298,339	
Net revenue	\$24,494	\$26,529	\$231,022	\$275,864	
Total net revenue Taxes accrued	\$1,058,484 461,118	\$600,570 385,434	\$5,635,146 3,300,421	\$5,935,147 2,344,429	
Operating lacome -V. 147, p. 2254.	\$597,366	\$215,136	\$2,334,726	\$3,590,718	

Purity Bakeries Corp. To Pay 55-Cent Dividend-Directors on Nov. 9 declared a dividend of 55 cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 19. This compares with dividends of 15 cents per share paid on Sept. 1, last and each three months previously.—V. 147, p. 1047.

Period End. Sept. 30— Gross inc. from opers Other income	1938-3 M \$25,263,581	fos.—1937 \$30,052,174	1938-9 M	fos.—1937 \$82,847,874
Total gross income from all sources Cost of goods sold, gen.	\$25,624,310	\$30,279,802		
oper., develop., sell- ing and adminis. exps.	22,524,732	26,565,951	62,368,585	72,310,665
Net income before in- terest, deprec., &c.		\$3,713,852	\$8,510,029	\$11,136,759
Interest Depreciation Amortiz. of patents Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes	150,000	78,537 804,939 150,000 728,650	188,689 2,758,834 450,000 971,300	227,220 2,278,927 450,000 1,581,500
Net profit Preferred dividends	\$1,616,449 805,592	\$1,951,726 x805,592	\$4,141,206 2,417,277	\$6,599,112 *2,417,277
Balance for com. stock	\$810,857	×\$1,146,134	\$1,723,929	×\$4,181,835
Earns, per share on com, (13,881,016 shares) x On a comparable bas	\$0.06		\$0.12	*\$0.30

Rainbow Luminous Products, Inc.—Listing and Regis-

The company's common stock, class A and B, both of no par value, in which dealings have been suspended since July 28, 1938, on the New York Curb Exchange, have been removed from listing. The SEC has issued an order withdrawing the registration of such securities on the New York Curb Exchange in view of the failure of the company to file its annual report for

its fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 1937, in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of the Commission prescribed thereunder.—V. 147, p. 2403.

(Daniel) Reeves Inc.—Optional Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 12½ cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 30. This dividend is payable either in cash or in preferred stock, at common stockholders' option. One share of preferred stock will be given for each \$100 of dividends. Like amount was paid on Sept. 15 last.—V. 147, p. 1047.

Rheem Mfg. Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—9 Mos.—1937

Gross sales \$1.591.329 \$1.874.302 \$4.969.139 \$4.067.033

xNet income 63.101 142.047 231.228 325,957

Earnings per share on 300.000 shares \$0.21 \$0.47 \$0.77 \$1.09

x After oper. exps., normal Fed. inc. taxes, deprec. & other chgs., but before surtax.—V. 147. p. 1501.

Rhodesian Selection Trust-Final Dividend-

Directors have declared a final dividend of 12 cents per share on the American Depository Receipts for ordinary shares payable Nov. 15 to holders of record Nov. 2.—V. 145, p. 3357.

Richfield Oil Corp.—Earnings-

Earnings for 9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1938 Sales Other operating revenue	\$30,370,642 1,073,389
Total operating revenue. Cost of sales and services Selling general and administrative expenses Provision for depreciation, depletion and amortization Allowance for dry-hole losses and abandonments Interest charges Provision for amortization of debenture discount	\$31,444,031 18,640,766 6,723,495 3,723,135 623,156 263,087
ProfitNon-operating income	\$1,424,969 11,610
Total profit	\$1,436,579 45,000
Net profit	\$1,391,579 \$0.32

Richmond Radiator Co.—Trustee-

Bank of The Manhattan Co. has been appointed trustee under an indenture providing for the issuance of \$600,000 10-year 5% convertible debentures, due 1948.—V. 147, p. 2875.

Riordon Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd.—Bonds Called—
A total of \$85,900 30-year 6% first mortgage s. f. debentures, due June 30, 1942, have been called for redemption on Dec. 31 at 105 and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the Montreal office of the Royal Bank of Canada.—V. 139, p. 2216.

Roanoke Gas Light Co.—Earnings— 12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues— Operating expenses and taxes—	1938 \$453,751 266,218	1937 \$445,329 274,066
Net oper revenues before prov. for retirements	\$187.533 Dr26,545	\$171,262 Dr3,285
Gross income before provision for retirements	\$160,987 45,217	\$167.977 36,868
Gross income Bond interest Other interest Sedent at State tax on bond interest Other deductions	\$115,770 79,585 22,410 1,485 1,873 31	\$131,109 79,585 22,810 3,222 2,461
Not Income	£10 285	\$92 021

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1938 the company adopted the new uniform system of accounts for gas utilities which was recommended by the National Association of Railroad and Utilities Commissioners. Such system differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence, the previous year figures shown in these statements are not comparable.—V. 147, p. 2701.

Rochester & Lake Ontario Water Service Corp.—

Dutance Breet	Dept. ou				
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Plant, property.			1st mtge. 5% gold		
equipment, &c.	\$5,315,332	\$5,304,448	bonds	\$2,000,000	\$2,095,000
Debt disct. & exp		***	Due to N. Y. W. S		151111111111111111111111111111111111111
in proc.of amort		11.049		253,000	203,700
Cash	26,799		Consumers' depos		2.376
y Accts ¬es rec			Extension deposits		42.094
Materials and sup		01,120	Due to parent co		
plies	27,753	90 102	Accounts payable.		8.008
			Accrued liabilities.		56.087
Unbilled revenue	30,056	28,007			
Separate deposits.	6,180	*****	Reserves	556,232	550,296
Def'd charges and	1		x Common stock	50,000	50,000
prepaid account	8 27.611	14.917	Paid-in surplus	1,185,500	1,185,500
JJ			Capital surplus	592.393	592,393
			Earned surplus	749,459	677,031
Total	95 406 996	05 489 805	Total	85 408 936	95 469 605

x Represented by 2,000 shares (no par). y After reserve of \$3,998 in 1938 and \$4,142 in 1937. Earnings for 12 months ended Sept. 30 appeared in the "Chronicle" of Nov. 5, page 2875.

a.o of bulle word.				
Rochester Telepl	hone Cor	p.—Earni	ngs-	
Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	1938—M6 \$426,847 714	**************************************	1938—9 A \$3,841,933 6,626	#3,723,678 3,681
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$426,133	\$419,967	\$3,835,307	\$3,719,997
	301,276	304,495	2,753,229	2,663,741
Net oper. revenues	\$124,857	\$115,472	\$1,082,078	\$1,056,256
Operating taxes	53,518	52,848	498,208	399,835
Net operating income.	\$71,339	\$62,624	\$583,870	\$656,421
	45,829	37,661	359,446	430,813

Rose's 5, 10 & 25-Cent Stores-Sales-Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 Sales—\$476,241 \$516,881 \$3,702,880 \$3,926,035 Stores in operation——V. 147, p. 2546.

Safe Harbor Water Power Corp. Officials Resign-See Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore, above.

—V. 147, p. 280.

Safeway Stores, Inc.—Sales—
Period End. Oct. 29— 1938—4 Wks.—1937
Sales— \$28,396,677 \$29,295,924\$309.463,983\$322.584.624
Stores in operation.——3,188—3,314
—V. 147, p. 2403.

Salt Dome Oil Corp.—Listing and Registration—

-V. 147, p. 2701.

The corporation's common capital stock, par \$1, has been admitted to listing and registration on the New York Curb Exchange.—V. 147, p. 2403.

Volume 147				The same of the sa	папстаг	
San Antonio Statement Showin	Go	ld Mines	, Ltd.—Ed	rnings— Tenth Opera	tina Period	
Current assets: Cas	h an	Oct	7 1938		\$447.186)
Bullion on hand_ Ore in process Stores and suppli Accounts receival	66				78,512 50,254	1
Less—Accounts and	i pay	roll payable			\$713.242 81,981	
Gold production Jar Tons milled (10 per Cost per ton incl. sha	n. 1, iods c	1938 to Octonly) 89,753 tension (exc	t. 7, 1938 (10 3—per ton clusive of inc.	periods) taxes & depr	\$631,261 \$790,710 8.81	
-V. 146, p. 3969. Savannah El	lect	ric & Po	wer Co.	Earnings—		
Period End. Sept. 3 Operating revenues	30	1038_M	onth-1927	1938-12	Mos.—1937	
Operation Maintenance Taxes		\$197,705 65,977 10,915 22,964	\$195,336 76,316 12,884 19,492	\$2,230,944 841,982 120,016 275,288	\$2,126,585 817,596 119,822 222,597	
Net oper, revenue Non-oper, income (r	s	\$97,848 Dr829	\$86,644 1,526	\$993,659 Dr5,795	\$966,209 12,903	
BalanceInterest & amortizat	ion_	\$97,019 31,368	\$88,171 31,653	\$987,864 378,348	\$979,112 379,320	
Balance	tiren	\$65,651 ent reserve	\$56,518	\$609,516 247,667	\$599,792 245,333	
Balance Debenture dividend	requi	rements		\$361,849 149,115	\$354,459 149,115	
Balance Preferred dividend re				\$ 212,735 60,000	\$205,344 60,000	
Bal. for com. divs.	and a	surplus		\$152,735	\$145,344	
Note—On Jan. 1, hence the above 12 p. 2875.	mont	7, changes hs' figures	were made i	n accounting y comparati	procedure, ve.—V. 147,	
Scott Paper of Months Ended—	Co	-Earning	Oct. 3. '37	Sept. 27, '36	Sept.29, '35	
Net sales Mfg. & maint. expen	ses.	Oct. 2, '38' 312,144,817 7,285,391	Oct. 3, '37 \$10,408,786 6,008,839	Sept. 27, '36 \$8,651,268 4,767,817	\$7,590,813 4,204,263	
Depreciation		-520.131	6,008,839 438,600 2,733,695 199,469	4,767,817 443,454 2,414,675	421,673 2,069,869 128,038	
Federal taxes Pennsylvania income	and	264,851	199,469	169,604	128,038	
capital stock taxes		105,334	118,442	125,712	66,459	
Gross profit Other income (net)		\$1,045,307 74,727	\$909,740 55,493	\$730,005 26,437	\$700,511	
Net income Preferred dividends_ Common dividends_		\$1,120,032 12,500 684,617	y\$965,233 598,482	y\$756,442 46,703 384,674	\$700,511 104,794 223,755	
Shs.com.stk.out.(no) Earnings per share	par)	\$422,915 576,538 \$1.92	\$366,751 569,984 \$1.69	\$325,064 284,978 x\$2.49	\$371,962 168,874 \$3.52	
x \$1.24 on the nu provision for Federal	mber	of shares				
Condensed Stateme	nt Co	mparing Ci	urrent Assets	and Current L	iabilities	
CashAll other		\$3,619,334 3,163,264	Oct. 3, '37 \$2,111,067 2,125,139	\$840,562 2,374,862	\$1,128,680 2,295,390	
Total current asset				\$3,215,424 815,781	\$3,424,070 692,573	
-V. 147, p. 2547. Simms Petrole	um	Co.—Eo	irnings-			
	t of C		Income (Inc.	Simms Co.) 1938-9 M	oe1027	
Inc., int. on notes a accounts receivable	and	\$32	\$58	\$136	\$705	
Rentals of marketing tions, &c. Int. on U. S. Govt. se	sta-	28			61	
Miscellaneous income	cur	1,896 364	298	1,896 942	941	
Administrative expensions Field exps. (watchm	ises en,	\$2,291 3,746	\$356 4,796	\$2.974 18.503	\$1.706 15.949	
Field exps. (watchm insurance, &c.) Taxes (other than F inc. & excess profits	ed.		211	*****	1,501	1
Interest (on Federal	Lax	16	35	78	287	
liability) Portion of deferred the period of sub.	for	259		1.888		
consolidated		77		181	83	-
Def. for the period. Notes—The foregoir Co. for the period Ja liquidation for the pe The foregoing does from Tide Water Ass for the nine months ceivable if, as, and w which \$19,240 was de The above stateme income tax amounting to reserve for continge profits taxes. &c., or tingencies, &c. It als charged off amounting amounting to \$1,837. 6% bonds of Atlantic		\$1,808 cludes incor 1938, to J June 16, 19 include the	\$4,686 ne and expen- une 15, 1938 938, to Sept. amounts rec	\$17,676 ses of Simms , and of the 30, 1938. eived during	\$16,114 Petroleum trustees in the period	1
from Tide Water Ass for the nine months: ceivable if, as, and wi which \$19.240 was de-	ociat \$490. hen o	ed Oil Co. 718 on acc oil is produced in escre-	representing ount of princed, and \$55, w.	payments a cipal of the a 617 interest	ggregating mount re- thereon, of	1
The above stateme income tax amounting to reserve for continger	nt fo	r 1938 doe 5.762 for to s in title an	s not include the nine mont d other litigat	provision f hs, which wa ions, income	or Federal as charged and excess	(
profits taxes, &c., or tingencies, &c. It als charged off amounting	to re	serve for inclusion of the serve for inclusion of the serve for the serv	de collections roceeds from	cess profits to of accounts sales of fire	previously	I
amounting to \$1,837. 6% bonds of Atlantic a face value of \$53,00 but are not valued on	U. W	ere received	ited to capita m Co., matur l on accounts	l surplus. I ed July 1. 19 previously	n addition 26, having written off	t
Co	msoli	dated Balan	ce Sheet Sept.		Tojeli I	
Assets— 193 Cash \$241 U. S. Treas. notes_ 366	,306		Labilities— Accounts payab Accrued expens	es. 93,800	1937 \$3 {1,998	e
Other cash 18	218	1 20	Other accr. taxe		555	n

	Conso	Hdated Bala	nce Sheet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1938	1937	Labilities-	1938	1937
Cash	. \$241,306	\$220,905	Accounts payable.		
U. S. Treas, notes.	366.279		Accrued expenses.	93,800	∫1,998
Other cash	. 18,218	100	Other accr. taxes		555
Notes receivable_		a2.589	Dividend payable.	231,825	
Acc'ts receivable_			c Res. for conting.		01 - 102/200
Accrued int. rec'le			loss in title and	-	
Due from director.		7	other litigations.		
Notes rec.—Instal		Carlo Ad	income & excess		
matur, sub. to			profits taxes, &c.		718,217
Sept. 30, 1939		2 456	Undistrib. capital		,
Invest. in cap. stk		0,100	and surplus		416,209
of Sobrantes Of		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	Unrealized prof. on		220,200
Corp., a sub. not			sale of Simms		
		99	Oil Co. stock		2 262 008
consol., at cost.		NII	On Co. stock	1,000,001	2,002,000
Fixed property			the second second second second		0.001.0000553
b Conting. assets.		3,271,624			
Def. chgs., prepd.			CONTRACTOR STREET		
ins., taxes, &c	1	331	Company of the same of		
- Darker Helbert La				20 701 007	-0 400 000
Total .	87 521 005	\$2 400 080	Total	52.531.005	\$3,499,080

a Less reserve.
b The agreement of May 14, 1935, relating to sale of Simms Oil company stock, provided that \$4,155,000 of the consideration therefor was payable

by Tide Water Oil Co. (now Tide Water Associated Oil Co.), only if, as, and when oil is produced. Instalments on this contingent payment are due monthly in an amount equal to one-fourth of the value of the net oil and gas produced from the Simms Oil Co. properties. For each of the first 36 months the instalments were one-fourth of such value less \$6,250.

The principal amount of this contingent payment remaining unliquidated on Sept. 30, 1938, was \$2,187,653. In addition, interest at 3% is receivable thereon. The amount to be received by Simms Petroleum Co. from Tide Water Associated Oil Co. on this contingent payment, and also from the escrow funds, is subject to reduction in the event that liability is established under the covenants of warranty in the agreement of May 14, 1935, or if certain other non-admitted contingent liabilities of Simms Oil Co. referred to therein are established.

By agreement made on May 7, 1936, it was provided that Tide Water Oil Co. (now Tide Water Associated Oil Co.) might withhold from the last portion of the contingent payment a sum equal to approximately \$67,000 plus interest if, at the time payment of such funds to Simms Petroleum Co. At Sept. 30, 1928, two suits brought segants Simms Oil Co. et al. by the

plus interest if, at the time payment of such funds to Simms Petroleum Co. would otherwise accrue, the title to a certain oil property is still in controversy.

At Sept. 30, 1938, two suits brought against Simms Oil Co., et al by the trustee in bankruptcy of Virginia Oil & Refining Co. were in the process of final adjudication under a decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The loss of Simms Petroleum Co. under these suits has not been finally determined but is estimated to approximate \$305,000.

At Sept. 30, 1938. certain litigation was pending against Simms Oil Co. in addition to the suits referred to above, involving possible liability of the nature referred to in note (b), which, if unsuccessful defended, would result in loss to Simms Petroleum Co. Included in such litigation was a suit brought by the State of Texas for violation of the State anti-trust statutes (which since Oct. 1, 1938, has been settled at a cost of \$16,000), and five other suits involving the titles to certain of the Simms Oil Co. properties. The above reserve has been provided for these and other possible losses of this nature. It is impossible to determine with even approximate accuracy at the present time the ultimate cost of these items. The reserve shown above is believed by the trustees to be a reasonable estimate thereof, but it may prove to be excessive or substantially inadequate.

C This reserve has been provided to cover Federal income, excess profits, and undistributed profits taxes for future periods as well as similar taxes, if any, for the period from Jan. 1, 1935 to Sept. 30, 1938 in excess of the amount accrued on the books. The estimated tax liability for the years 1936 and 1937 and for the first nine months of 1938 unpaid at Sept. 30, 1938 is included above under current liabilities. No tax was paid for 1935, and the return for that year was accepted by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, as filed.

No reserve has been provided in the accounts for future expenses of administration.
Additional contingent lia

No reserve has been provided in the accounts to stration.

Additional contingent liabilities—Simms Petroleum Co. has agreed to indemnify Tide Water Associated Oil Co., out of the unpaid balance of the contingent payment due on the sale price of the Simms Oil Co. stock, against certain additional taxes which may be assessed against Simms Oil Co. for the period from May 1, 1935 to its dissolution April 15, 1936. Contingent liabilities of Simms Petroleum Co. also include a possible claim for New York State franchise taxes for 1935 and certain prior years in excess of the amount therefor provided in the accounts.—V. 147, p. 1939.

Sisters of St. Joseph in Arizona-Bonds Called-Holders of first mortgage 5½% serial gold bonds dated Dec. 1, 1930 are being notified that a total of \$22,000 worth of bonds of this issue are called for payment Dec. 1, 1938 at 101½ and accrued interest to Dec. 1, 1938. Said bonds are payable at The Boatmen's Bank of St., Louis, Mo. Interest will cease on and after Dec. 1, 1938.

Soss Manufacturing Co.—Rise in Unfilled Orders—
Unfilled orders totaled \$208,000 as of Oct. 31, 1938, compared with unfilled orders of \$160,000 as of Oct. 31, 1937, it was announced on Nov. 4 by Joseph Soss, President. The Roselle, N. J. and the Detroit plants of the company continue to operate at 80% of capacity—the rate reached in September—but expectations are that this rate will be stepped uplin November, Mr. Soss said.—V. 147, p. 1049.

South Bay Consolidated Water Co., Inc. -Balance

Assets—	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Plant, property.	1999	1991			\$3,157,500
equipment, &c.\$6	750 374	86 717 627		782,964	759,287
Cash	8.149	24.969		2.175	464
v Notes & accounts	0,110	22,000	Accrued interest.		
receivable	36.599	42,971	taxes, &c	107,885	107,107
Mat'ls & supplies.	25,006	27,102	Accounts payable.	8,149	7,494
Prepaid accts., def.			Consumers' dep's.	13,280	8,970
charges & unadj.	174726	TO WALE	Unearned revenue.	23,258	23,736
debits	8,576		Deferred liabilities	16,696	63,290
Unbilled revenue	50,880	46,408	Reserves	447,483	408,171
Debt discount and			Preferred stock	1,044,400	1,044,400 750,000
exp. in process of	141.853	153.212	x Common stock Capital surplus	750,000 516,265	516,265
amortization	141,800		Earned surplus	174.382	173.603
Allered Comments			Entried surprus	111,002	170,000

Total\$7,021,437 \$7,020,288 Total\$7,021,437 \$7,020,288 x Represented by 7,500 shares, \$100 par value. y After reserve of \$13,449 in 1938 and \$15,117 in 1937. Earnings for 12 months ended Sept. 30 appeared in the "Chronicle" of Nov. 5, page 2876.

Southern California Edison Co., Ltd.—Earnings— Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 Operating revenue.....\$11,846,955 \$11,854,114 \$42,617,247 \$42,051,478 Operating expense....4,651,478 4,341,886 18,436,380 17,111,743 Net oper. revenue... \$7,195,477 \$7,512,228 \$24,180,866 \$24,939,735 Net non-oper. revenue... 31,165 11,881 283,504 357,251 Total income______ \$7,226,642 \$7,524,110 \$24,464,371 25,296,986
Interest & amortization____ 1,934,256 1,747,038 7,119,616 7,068,489
Prov. for depreciation___ 1,717,808 1,916,737 6,179,501 5,993,381 Remainder for divs___ \$3,574,577 \$3.860,334 \$11,165,254 \$12,235,115
Preferred dividends___ 1,256,968 1,256,293 5,064,468 5,043,757
Common dividends___ 1,194,248 1,193,480 5,569,669 5,172,206 Remainder \$1,123,361 \$1,410,561 \$531,117 \$2,019,152 Earned per sh. on com. \$0.73 \$0.82 \$1.92 \$2.26 Note—No provision has been made in the above figures for excess profits tax or surtax on undistributed profits. It is not anticipated that the company will be subject to these taxes during these periods.—V. 147, p. 904.

Southern Ry.—Equipment Trust Certificates-

The Interstate Commerce Commission on Oct. 27 authorized the company to assume obligation and liability in respect of not exceeding \$500,000 equipment trust certificates, series DD, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives & Granting Annuities, as trustee, and sold at par and accrued dividends to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in connection with the procurement of certain equipment.

—Fourth Week of Oct.——Jan. 1 to Oct. 31—1938 1937

Gross earnings (estd.)... \$3,564,999 \$3,568,595 \$97,399,423\$111,809,817

—V. 147, p. 2876.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.-Earnings-Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—9 Mos.—1937 Operating revenues—— \$7.321.098 \$7.217.054 \$65,565,425 \$65,565,425 Uncoll. oper. revenue—— 31.664 26,235 284,005 Operating revenues -- \$7,289,434 \$7,190,819 \$65,281,420 \$64,197,059 perating expenses -- 4,713,214 4,702,768 42,217,295 41,200,837 Net oper income \$1.580.032 \$1.585.611 \$14.305.565 \$14.880.722 Net income 1,389.974 1,433.198 12.832.070 13.522,609 V. 147, p. 2705. Southington (Conn.) Hardware Co.—25-Cent Dividend
The company paid a dividend of 25 cents per share on the capital stock,
par \$25, on Nov. 1 to holders of record Oct. 25. A like amount was paid
on July 30, last, and compare with 37/2 cents paid on April 30, last; 124
cents paid on Oct. 30 and on Aug. 2, 1937; 25 cents paid on May 1, 1937,
and 12½ cents paid on Feb. 1, 1937, Nov. 1 and Aug. 1, 1936, this latter
being the first payment made since Nov. 1, 1935, when a regular quarterly
dividend of 25 cents per share was distributed. The 25-cent rate had been
paid each quarter since and including Nov. 1, 1932.—V. 147, p. 1207.

 Spiegel, Inc.—Sales—

 Period End. Oct. 31—
 1938—Month—1937
 1938—10 Mos.—1937

 Sales
 \$6,154,121
 \$7,492,835
 \$38,586,336
 \$43,409,669

 Listing-

The Chicago Stock Exchange has approved the company's application to list its 1,608,992 shares of common stock, \$2 par.—V. 147, p. 2876.

Standard Commercial Tobacco Co., Inc.-Plan Sub-

Mitted—
A plan to reorganize the company through the issuance of \$1,000,000 of bonds to pay off \$700,000 in claims of secured creditors was proposed Nov. 9 by counsel for the debtor to Federal Judge Alfred C. Coxe, who postponed a hearing on that plan until Dec. 1.

The underwriting of the issue would be undertaken by F. J. Young & Co. and the bonds would be offered to stockholders of Standard Commercial. Sol Tekulsy, attorney for a stockholders' protective committee, informed the Court he had obtained necessary financial backing for a plan he intended to file next week. Judge Coxe said that "stockholders and creditors, as well as the Court, will be given full opportunity to examine into the merits of all plans submitted" before any plan would be confirmed.—V. 147, p. 2705.

Standard Gas & Electric Co.-Weekly Output

Electric output of the public utility operating companies in the Standard Gas & Electric Co. system for the week ended Nov. 5, 1938, totaled 106,-810,448 kilowatt-hours, an increase of 0.9% compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 147, p. 2876.

Standard Oil Co. of California-Earnings
 Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937
 1938—9 Mos.—1937

 Operating income
 \$14.496,636
 \$19.887,914
 \$41,902,953
 \$48,805,298

 Dividends
 281,563
 356,876
 846,397
 1,188,360

 Other non-oper.inc.(net)
 74,900
 73,430
 389,441
 98,532

Sterling, Inc.—Extra Dividend—
Directors have declared an extra dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock, payable Dec. 20, to holders of record Dec. 1, 1938. The payment of this dividend will bring the total amount paid on the common stock during the year 1938 to 50 cents per share, an extra of 20 cents having been paid in May in addition to four quarterly dividends of five cents each per share.—V. 146, p. 2549.

Sterling Products, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—9 Mos.—1937

y Net profit after all chgs \$2,028,985 \$1,944,513 \$6,752,440 \$7,117.194

Shs. cap. stock outst'g.— 1,705,150 1,706,152 1,705,150 1,706,152

Earnings per share..... \$1.19 \$1.14 \$3.96 \$4.17 y Before provision for surtax on undistributed profits.-V. 147, p. 905.

Studebaker Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Period End. Sept. 30—1938—3 Mos.—1937—1938—9 Mos.—1937 Net sales, domestic and \$891,751 \$665,941 \$2,832,112 prf\$508,577 Net loss.

a After deducting manufacturing cost, including amortization of special tools, dies, &c., and selling and general expenses, but before depreciation and interest and discount on debentures. b After deducting \$2,266 interest income, less other interest expense, for 3 months and \$7,428 for the 9 months. Note-No provision for surtax on undistributed profits .- V. 147, p. 2256.

 Sun Ray Drug Co.—Sales—

 Period End. Oct. 31—
 1938—Month—1937
 1938—10 Mos.—1937

 Sales—
 \$553,779
 \$544,503
 \$5,127,336
 \$4,884,091

 Stores in operation
 36

Texas Gulf Producing Co.-Earnings-Period
Total net barrels produced.
Gross operating income
Oper. exps., maintenance and repairs
Depreciation and depletion
Taxes—other than Federal excessprofits, income tax and surtax on
undistributed profits
Commission on oil sales.
General and administrative expenses
Uncollectible accounts.

Net operating income. Net operating income____Other income____ \$976,467 36,761 \$1,144,501 43,226 \$1,187,727 275,960 \$734,995 131,050 \$1,013,228 473,642 37,500 21,714 49,709 \$489,877 \$0.55 \$890,053 \$1.00

Texas Public Service Co.—Earnings-[Adjusted to show results from operations of the property, as now con-

outstanding.]	ALCOHOLD STREET, SHOP BY	bonds now
12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues———————————————————————————————————	1938	1937
Operating revenues	\$1,527,090	\$1,583,254
	091.291	910,790
ATTENDED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA	09.899	
Taxes—General income (incl. surtax on undist.	82,553	85,685
profits)	23,105	24,048
Net operating revenues before tirement accruals_	\$464.241	\$510,520
Other income	4.147	8,393
Gross income before retirement accruals	\$468,388	\$518,913
Petirement accruais	106,914	113,189
Gross income	\$361.474	\$405,724
aterest on secured note and other income deducts.	18,757	14,341
Palance	\$342,716	\$391,383
pnual int. requires. on 1st mtge. bonds now out-		
standing	195,375	· A = -
Net income as adjusted	\$147,341	normal as

Balance Sheet Sept. 30, 1938

Assets-		Liabilities-	
Property, plant & equipment.	\$6,408,094	b Common capital stock	\$1,250,000
Investments in associated co		Long term debt	
Other investments	301	Accounts payable	46,411
Cash	151.937	Customers' deposits	89,697
Special deposits	39,234	Taxes accrued	60,592
Notes receivable		Interest accrued	
Accounts receivable	423,768	Other current & accrued liab	26,539
Receivables from assoc. cos	45,390	Deferred credits	111,301
Materials and supplies	68.002	Reserves	1,244,131
Prepayments	19.055	Contributions in aid of constr.	185
Deferred debits		a Capital surplus	443,714
		Earned surplus subsequent to	
		Jan. 1, 1938	108,065
Total	7.439.844	Total	87,439,844

a The surplus accounts appearing on the company's books at Dec. 31, 1937, together with surplus changes arising out of a reorganization effected Feb. 1, 1938, were combined as capital surplus. b Represented by 12,500 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 2706.

Trane Co.-No Common Dividend-

Directors at their recent meeting took no action with regard to payment of a dividend on the common shares at this time. A regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share was distributed on Aug. 15, last. See V. 145, p. 2560 for detailed record of previous dividend payments.—V. 147, p. 1506.

Transwestern Oil Co.-Earnings-| 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1937 1,993,887 \$1,2393 \$2,605,952 513,730 31,550 227,672 9,000 Net operating income______Other income______Other charges______ \$1,284,864 23,791 1,243,855 \$1,824,001 Dr4,451 1,490,976 Net income before prov. for inc. & profits tax... V. 147, p. 1052. \$328,574 \$64,800

Turner Glass Co.—Bonds Called— See Anchor-Hocking Glass Co., above.—V. 132, p. 328.

Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp.—Earnings—

| Including Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries | 39 Wks. End. 39 W Total income _____\$42,738,823 \$40,497,574 \$37,317,893 \$31,365,097 10,235,718 19,511,172 4,681,966 130,604 214,608Amort. of discount and exp. on funded debt... a Deprec. of fixed assets Federal income taxes... 45,102 96,318 $\begin{array}{c} 72,572 \\ 258,936 \\ 742,000 \end{array}$ 224,669 874,348 Net profit \$4,622,092 \$4,898,894 \$4,451,851 \$1,996,325 arns. per share on com \$2.04 \$2.19 \$2.38 \$0.38 a Not including depreciation of studio buildings and equipment absorbed production cost.

For the third quarter ended Sept. 24, 1938 the consolidated net operating profit, after all charges, was \$1,202,433, compared with the second quarter profit of \$1,778.121 and a profit of \$1,143,410 for the third quarter of 1937.—V. 147, p. 907.

Union Electric Co. of Missouri-Registers 130,000 Shares

Union Electric Co. of Missouri—Registers 130,000 Shares of Preferred Stock with SEC—
Company on Nov. 7 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-3857, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933, covering 130,000 shares (no par) \$5 preferred stock entitled to cumulative dividends, and interim receipts for such preferred stock, issue of 1922, which is to be called on or about Dec. 31, 1938, for redemption on Jan. 1, 1939, are to be given a prior opportunity to purchase interim receipts for the preferred stock on the basis of one share for each share of outstanding stock held. The offer is being made through underwriters and will expire Nov. 28, 1938. Any of the securities not taken by stockholders are to be offered publicity to underwriters.

According to the registration statement, the proceeds to be received by the company are to be used for the payment of bank loans in the amount of \$13,000,000 to be incurred for the uprpose of redeeming the outstanding preferred stock, and to reimburse the company for treasury funds required for such redemption. The total redemption price of outstanding preferred is \$13,570,000, exclusive of accrued dividends amounting to \$217,500.

The names of the underwriters are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement. The registration statement states that one of the group, to be named by amendment, will be authorized to engage in certain market operations in the interim receipts or the preferred stock "for the purpose of stabilizing the market price thereof. The existence of this provision is no assurance that any such transaction will be effected, or, if effected, that they will not be discontinued at any time."

The price at which the securities are to be offered, the underwriting discounts and commissions and the redemption provisions are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.—V. 147, p. 1209, 2877.

Union Premier Food Stores, Inc.—Sales-

Union Water Service Co. (& Subs.)-	-Earnings-	- 322
Period Ended Sept. 30-	1938	1937
Operating revenues	\$499,893	\$494,561
Operation	135,207	127,235
General expenses charged to construction (credit) -	Cr4,896	Cr6,312
Provision for uncollectible accounts	2,013	3,774
Maintenance	24,078	24,961
Provision for retirements and replacements in lieu		
of depreciation (see note 3)	31,014	30,550
General taxes	65,401	59,994
Provision for Federal income taxes	10,397	7,953
Surtax on undistributed profits	488	3,716
Net earnings	\$236.190	\$242,690
Other income (net)	987	512
CANADAM STATE STATE OF STATE S		000
Gross income	\$237,177	\$243,203
Interest on funded debt	140,786	141,384
Miscellaneous interest (net)	930	1,768
Amortization of debt expense	190	190
Net income	\$95.270	\$99.861
Preferred stock dividends	33,000	36,000
Comment of the Alexander	20 600	4 050

	Conso	lidated Bo	lance Sheet	Sept. 30	
Assets-	1938		Liabilities	The second secon	1937
Plant, property	05 004		1st lien 516	% gold	
equipment, & Investments	1.5	200 1.2			500 \$2,561,50 053 256,92
Notes & warra	168,6	399 233,3	64 Due affiliate	ed cos. 1,	371 1,32
receivable		60	Bank loans d	able xl,	500 5,000
Accts. receivabl Unbilled revenu			04 Accounts pa	yable_ 5,	639 6,59 352 99,66
Mat'ls & suppli	es. 29,0			ome 80,	807 79,62
Sec. & organiz	a'n 13,7	737 13,9	Reserves	842,	539 828,40
Def'd charges	and	10,9	28 \$6 cum. pref z Common s		000 820,000
prepaid accou		714 9.5	88 Capital surp	lus 84,6	885 84,688
	-		Earned surp	-	
Total					534 \$5,687,364
p. 1506.	able only.	. Repres	ented by 9,90	0 no par sha	res.—V. 147
	C C	- (P. C.	L	MINISTER STATE	
			bs.)—Earn	1 - CT (Fig. 12.1 CT) - 1	100
Period End. Operating reve	nues	a\$8.642.84	Mos.—1937 0 \$10.836.021	a\$42100.693	Mos.—1937 \$46.466.436
Operating reve Oper. exps., in	cl. taxes	a5,218,21	5,331,878	a22,182,108	22,112,223
Property retindeplet. res.	approp	1,949,11	7 1,923.763	8,834,404	8,353,975
22					
Net oper. re Other income.	venues	61,81		\$11,084,181 422,262	
Other inc. ded		69,19	7 150,154	624,580	817,820
Gross incom	0	\$1,468,12	83,645,349	\$10.881.863	\$16,000,042
Int. on mtge.	bonds	88,52	3 138,335	430,350	600,692
Int. on coll. tru Int. on debent	ust bonds.	50.00	52.519	200,000 1,620,250	224,456 1,620,250
Other int. (no	tes, loans,			1,020,230	
&c.)Other deduction	The Contract of the Contract o	490,373	483,745 9,200	1,945,309	1,934,018
Int. chgd. to c		7.423 Cr3,018	Cr7,960	b506,988 Cr28,879	30,409 Cr57,283
Balance		\$429,762			
Pref. divs. to	public-	#128,70A	2 \$2,564,447	0.000	\$11,647,500
subsidiaries_	minor int	213		$\frac{1,264}{87,037}$	46,832
Portion applie.	mmor.m	19,118	11,085	87,037	40,796
Balance carri					
solidated e			\$2,543,190	\$6,119,544	\$11.559.872
- Onomotine	marramena f	de a abrelan	# #900 O	toma amana	ine emperee
include a creditin a net charge of a title suit in net proceeds from b Includes \$ months ended Note—Figure been rearrange	t of \$56,30	Made by	a subsidiary i	n August, 19	38, resulting
of a title suit in	volving n	ineral lease	s and represen	ts the compu	tation of the
net proceeds from	om 50% o	f the crude	oil, casinghead	gas and nat	ural gasoline
b Includes \$	418,505 re	presenting	non-recurring	charges duri	ing the three
Mote-Figure	Dec. 31, 1	937, for re	organization e	rpenses of su	ostain cares
been rearranged	in the al	bove staten	ent.	ious nave m	cer cam cases
			ne (Corporatio		
Period End. S	ept. 30-	1938—3 A	108.—1937	1938—12 M \$8,420,628	fos.—1937
Oper. revs, natu Oper. exps., inc	l. taxes	1,260,911	x\$882,960 x852,804	6,707,914	x852,804
Prop. retire. res	approp.	102,900	x60,000	6,707,914 617,000	x60,000
Net oper. rev	vs., natu-	in malera	and the second second second	South profits	13-2 [10] [1]
ral gas Other income		loss\$39,047 1,479,542	xloss\$29,844 1,800,266	\$1,095,714	xloss\$29,844
Other inc. dedu	ctions	45,818	98,205	5,683,226 527,815	7,132,677 717,670
Gross income		\$1,394,677	\$1,672,217	\$6,251,125	\$6,385,163
Interest on deb		501,525		y1,811,063	¢0,360,103
Int. on notes an	dloans	443,517 8,819	443,517	1,759,604	1,759,604
Other interest	19	8,819 1,110	5,282	36,050	5,282
Int. charged to		******		4,381 Cr95	
Net income	Design to	\$439,706	\$1,223,418	\$2.640.122	\$4,620,277
x Items so ma	rked repr	esent opera	tions of natura	al gas distrib	ution prop-
erties acquired on United Gas which date said	on and su	bsequent to	July 28,1937	. y Repres	ents interest
which date said	debenture	s were assu	med by this c	ompany.	5, 1951, On
Sum	mary of Su	ralus for 19	Months Ended	Sent 30 103	29
Surplus, Oct. 1, Adjust. upon lic Miscellaneous	1000		Total	Capital	Earned
Adjust, upon lie	nuidat'n o	f subs. (net	15.287.286	1.012.695	14.274.591
Miscellaneous.			13,815	13,482	332
Total			\$38,811,030	14,467,819	\$24.343.212
Deduct. misc. a	djustmen	ts (net)	15,293		15,293
Balance	6-1-1		\$38,795,737	14,467,819	\$24.327.918
Net inc. for 12 n	nos. end.	Sept. 30, '3	2,640,122		2,640,122
Total			\$41,435,859	14.467.819	\$26,968,041
Dividends on \$7	preferred	stock	3,148,754		3,148,754
Surplus Sept.	30. 1938		\$38,287,105	14.467.819	\$23.819.287
Darpins, Bopt.			30 (Corporatio		,30,510,201
	1938	1937	11-02-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-	1938	1937
Assets— Plant, property,			Liabilities—	44 982 200	44,982,200
franchises, &c. 2	24,846,402	24,506,433	a \$7 pref. stock	ck 88,468,000	88,468,000
Investments22	23,729,454 1,851,852	172,694,105 2,346,777	Common stor	ck 7,818,959	7,818,959
Special deposits. Notes receivable	38,038		Note payable	3,000,000	3,000,000
Notes receivable Acc'ts receivable:	4,115	3,083	Notes pay to E	a. 25,925,000	25,925,000
Subsidiaries	84,260	415,968	Accts. payable	287,058	353,006
Other Mat'ls & suppi's	1,078,231 281,726	1,356,451 362,722	dPref. stk. ealle for redempt'e		
Prepayments	28,895	36,350	divs. thereon	21,697	
Misc. cur. assets	59,941	61,809 119,397	dMat'd long-te debt & intere	rm	
Miscell. assets Contra assets	29,081	302,809	Customers' der	627,086	652,483
Deferred charges	69,604	32,873	Misc. cur. liab. Accrued accts.	2,099,461	289 561,775
		- 44	Misc. liabilities	9.181	18,797
		The Table of the	Cust's' advs. fe	77,545	THE RESERVE
			Contra account	ts 29,081	502,809
		ALC: NO.	Sundry credit. Reserve		6,645,479
			Capital surplus	_ 14,467,819	13,441,641
Safvicion cin		1/1	Earned surplus		10,068,288
Total25	2,101,599	202,438,779	Total	.252,101,599	202,438,779
a Represented	by 440 S	299 no-nar	shares h R	enresented 1	v 884 680
no par shares. cubsidiaries—cas	e Represer	ated by sha	res of \$1 par	value. d Of	dissolved
u Dordini les Casi	" III specu	" dobouite.			

United Light & Power Co.-To Recapitalize and Simplify

System—
The Securities and Exchange Commission made public Nov. 9 a letter received by its Chairman, William O. Douglas, from Charles S. McCain, President of the company, giving some of the provisions of a plan submitted for recapitalization and simplification, in a program of compliance with Section 11 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. The system has assets of about \$690,000,000 and operates in a dozen States.

Mr. McCain wrote in part:

Consolidated Balance Sheet Sept. 30

3029"Our plan, which is submitted to you informally herewith, provides for the simplification of the corporate structure of our system and of the companies included therein and for geographical integration of our properties.

"Briefly, the plan provides that simplification shall be accomplished principally by:—

"(a) A recapitalization of the United Light & Power Co.;

"(b) The elimination of certain intermediate holding companies;

"(c) The gradual reduction of publicity held securities of major holding companies as a step toward the elimination of other intermediate holding companies; and

"(d) The elimination of numerous subsidiary operating companies, to be accomplished by mergers or consolidations of such companies.

"The geographical integration features are described in the plan. In view of the tentative character of the plan, we request that these features be kept confidential.

"It is our desire and intention to cooperate with the SEC and with other public utility holding companies in an effort to solve constructively the many important and difficult problems which are necessarily involved in the simplification and integration program. We would like to proceed as rapidly as feasible along the lines outlined in our tentative plan and with a continuation of the cooperation we have thus far received from your Commission and its staff, we are confident that substantial progress will be made."—V. 147, p. 2550.

United Gas Improvement Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— United Gas Improvement Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-\$5,022,393 18,366,164 1,892,033 1,907,210 1,279,282 947,753 310,451 Total oper. revs...
Ordinary expenses...
Maintenance...
Prov. for renewals and replacements...
Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes
Prov. for other Fed. tax...
Prov. for State and local taxes... 26,717,060 107,236,809 9,545,725 38,103,265 1,557,628 6,210,156 25,802,494 9,066,782 1,386,486 109,725,286 37,995,399 5,518,157 2,194,945 1,156,564 494,174 2,423,905 1,252,142 497,148 1,690,645 1,714,925 6,921,294 7,061,120 9,812,898 234,772 9,725,587 399,443 Operating income.... Non-oper. income..... 39,651,798 758,944 42,422,995 1,520,42143,943,416 Gross income_____ 10,047,670 10,125,030 40,410,742 Int. on long-term debt... Amort. of debt discount 2,569,819 10,348,140 11,060,265 2,580,944 131,667 47,331 97,422 150,203 Cr78,604 premium and expense
Taxes assumed on int___
Other interest_
Other deductions____ 88,358 145,887 Cr34,819 582,296 Cr73,495 625,011 Cr207,290 Int. charged to constr. Net inc. of util. subs... ivs. on pref. stocks and other prior deductions 7.120.270 28,543,155 31,209,260 7,129,832 1.038.642 1,068,134 4,123,232 4,308,052 Earns. avail. for com. stocks of util. subs. Minority and former int. 6,052,136 543,237 $6,091,190 \\ 520,366$ 24,419,923 2,102,792 26,901,208 2,535,410 5.570.824 5,508,899 22,317,131 24,365,798 Cr3,192 Cr35,509 Dr135,245 Dr38,378 Earns, of subs, applicable to U. G. I. Co. Def. int. and divs. on cum. pref. stocks of subs, applic. to U. G. I. Co., deducted above other income of U. G. I. Co. 5,544,408 22,181,886 24,327,420 5,574,016 30,394 29,969 121,047 119,404 2,031,540 7,296,062 8,351,393 1,522,632 Total Expenses, taxes & other deductions 7,127,042 7,605,917 29,598,995 32,798,217 3,158,113 2,984,212 783.288 733,807 Bal. applic. to capital stocks of U. G. I. Co Divs. on \$5 div. pref stk. $26,440,882 \\ 3,826,080$ $\substack{6,343,754\\956,520}$ $\substack{6,872,110\\956,520}$ $29,814,005 \\ 3,826,080$ ## Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—9 Mos.—1937

Dividends (rec. or decl.)—

Subsidiary companies. \$16,690,555 \$16,733,028 \$22,580,941 \$22,668,758
Other companies. \$4,364,016 5,052,584 6,345,232 6,902,533

Interest, income from miscell. investments & other income. 595,299 1,087 673 Total income \$21,649,870 \$22,873,431 \$29,874,826 xpenses 1,341,413 1,309,358 1,816,455 axes 937,208 786,340 1,198,916 \$31,018,518 1,728,697 1,133,638 Net oper. income....\$19,371,249 \$20,777,733 \$26,859,455 \$28,156,183 Other deduc. from inc... 122,195 94,912 141,501 120,705 Net income ______\$19,249,054 \$20,682,821 \$26,717,954 \$28,035,478 b Income appropriated ______1,241 ______1,172 Net income, balance...\$19,247.813 \$20.681,649 \$26,716,713 \$28,034,306 Divs. on pref. stock.... 2,869,560 2,869,560 3,826,080 3,826,080 Balance for com. stock\$16,378,253 \$17,812,089 \$22,890,633 \$24,208,226 Divs. on common stock. 17,438,823 17,438,820 23,251,762 23,251,759

Weekly Output-Week Ended— Nov. 5, '38 Oct. 29, '38 Nov. 6, '37 Electric output of system (kwh.) 95,098,231 96,215,600 90,371,987 —V. 147, p. 2878.

a Including compensation for operation of Philadelphia Gas Works. b To special fund reserve.

Balance_____def\$1,060,570

\$373,269 def\$361,129

\$956,467

United Public Service Corp.—15-Cent Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 15 cents per share on the common stock payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 30. This will be the first dividend paid since Dec. 15, 1937 when a similar distribution was made An initial dividend of 30 cents was paid on Dec. 26, 1936.—V. 147, p. 1507.

United States Cold Storage Co.—Bonds Called-

A total of \$68,000 first mortgage 6% real estate gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1945 has been called for redemption on Jan. 1, 1939 at par and interest. Payment will be made at the First National Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. —V. 147, p. 285.

United States Di 9 Mos. End. Sept. 30— Gross revenue	1938 12,123,143	1937	& Subs.)- 1936 \$15,693,663 15,145,342	-Earnings 1935 \$15,985,726 15,369,263
Balance	\$606,141 51,910	\$744,175 90,005	\$548,321 83,048	\$616,463 148,175
Total income Interest (net)	\$658,051 142,484	\$834.180 174,545	\$631,369 199,823	\$764,638 230,781
Depreciations, depletion and amortization Prof. on sale of prop.,&c Federal taxes	427,305 $Cr14,391$ $30,987$	416,083 Cr12,987 31,325	441,854 Cr3,852 22,313	479,195 Dr36,575 12,000
Loss applic. to company minority interest			Cr28,291	Cr25,318
Net profit	\$71,666	\$225,214	loss\$478	\$31,405

x Includes excess of par value over cost for bonds purchased and retired, amounting to \$45,799 in 1938, \$36,404 in 1937, \$41,361 in 1936 and \$63,900 in 1935.

Note—No provision has been made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 147, p. 1054.

United	States	&	Foreign	Securities	Corp Com-
parative Ba	lance She	et S	ept. 30-		

1938	1937	184 05, 004	1999	1937
8		Liabilities-	8	
2,836,926	2,025,003	a 1st pref. stock 2	21,000,000	21,000,000
		b 2d pref. stock	50,000	50,000
	34,455	c General reserve.	4,950,000	4,950,000
		d Common stock	100.00	100.000
97.352	141.423	Sec. purchased but		
0.777.351	31,357,658	not received		60.013
		Res. for taxes and		1000
1	9.497.704	accrued expenses	99,300	93.000
		Capital surplus	984,459	984,459
	THE STATE OF THE S	Operating surplus.	6,527,871	15,818,771
3.711.630	43.056.243	Total	3.711.630	43.056.248
	97,352 0,777,351	3,836,926 2,025,003 34,455 97,352 141,423 0,777,351 31,357,658 1 9,497,704	\$,836,926 2,025,003 a lat pref. stock 34,455 c General reserve 97,352 141,423 See. purchased but not received 1 9,497,704 less for taxes and accrued expenses Capital surplus Operating surplus	\$ 1.836,926 2,025,003 a 1st pref. stock

Total33,711,630 43,056,243

a 210,000 shares (no par) \$6 cumulative dividend. b 50,000 shares (no par) \$6 cumulative dividend. c General reserve set up out of \$5,000,000 paid-in cash by subscribers to 2d pref. stock. d 1,000,000 shares no par value. e Securities, at cost, include 15,000 shares common stock of the corporation under option to the President until March 1, 1939, at \$25 per share. e Calculating the investments in the 2d pref. and com. stocks of United States & International Securities Corp., in the 2d preferred stock of German Credit & Investment Corp., and in the 15,000 shares of the Corporation's own common stock at the nominal values of \$1, securities without regularly quoted markets at cost, \$724,212, and all other securities on the basis of market quotations as of Sept. 30, 1938, the securities owned on that date had an indicated value of \$31,598,879, which is greater than the book values shown above by approximately \$821,527. This indicated value should not be construed either as the amount for which the securities could be sold or for which they could be repurchased. f 94,100 shs. of 2d pref. stock and 1,987,653 shs. of common stock.

The income statement for 9 months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2877. ...33,711,630 43,056,248

U. S. Hoffman Machinery Corp. (&Subs.) -Bal. Sheet Sept. 30 '38 Dec. 31 '37, Liabilities- Sept. 30 '38 Dec. 31 '37

z Cash	\$603,405	\$395,097	Notes pay., banks.	\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000
x Instal. accts. rec.	4.668.991	4.846,279	Acets. pay. & acer.		
Other accts, rec'le.	681,275	679,349	acets., incl. Fed.		
Inventories	1,424,264	1,697,273	taxes est. to be-		
Prepd. & def. chgs.	65.300	64.182	come pay, with-		
Due from empl's,		A POST	in 1 year	335,764	410,635
incl. exp. funds.	24,755	23,217	Deposits on acc't of	100	
Deposits on leases,			uncompl'd sales_	6,783	17,709
contracts, &c	5,807	8,764	Reserves	435,532	383,795
Mtges. rec. (ost).	94,450	94,550	Cum. conv. 514%		
Sundry investm'ts			pref. stock (\$50		I POLITICAL TO
at cost	25,064	24.156	par)	1.381.450	1,391,450
Treas. stock (7,000			Com. stk. (\$5 par)	1,130,082	1,130,082
shs. com. stock			Capital surplus	1,350,283	1,346,138
at cost)	42,670	42,670	Earned surplus	1.738,672	1,976,492
y Plant property	842,582	880.762			A Good a no son
Pats., g'dwill, &c.	1	1			

Total\$8,478,565 \$8,756,300 Total --- \$8,478,565 \$8,756,300

Total\$8,478,565 \$8,756,300 Total\$8,478,565 \$8,756,300 x After reserve of \$25,000 in 1938 and \$175,000 in 1937. y After reserves Including \$123,219 in 1938 and \$121,022 in 1937 of funds in foreign countries subject to governmental restrictions.

Chattel mortgages or equivalent liens are held by the company against substantially all of the instalment accounts receivable. Interest on these accounts is not taken up until collected. The instalment accounts receivable include instalments not due within one year. The reserve for instalment accounts receivable as been increased \$75,000 in 1938 by a transfer of a like amount from reserve for other accounts receivable.

The income statement for the 3 and 9 months ended Sept. 30 was published in 147, p. 2878.

United States International Securities Corp.—Balance

Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Cash	1,403,997	742,957	Securs, purch, not		
Divs. rec., accrued		250110000	delivered		2,553
interest. &c	106.139	160.626	Reserved for taxes		and was side
Securities at cost	42,460,667	42,771,584	and acer'd exps.	69,500	50,000
			b 1st pref. stock	23.920,000	23,920,000
4 8000 2 444			c 2nd pref. stock	500,000	500,000
			d Special reserve	9.475,000	9,475,000
			e Common stock	24,855	24,855
			Capital surplus	9.346.831	9,346,831
			Operating surplus.	634,617	355,928
PR-4-1	10 000 000				40 400 100

-43,970,803 43,675,167 Total --b Represented by 239,200 no par \$5 div. shares. c Represented by 100,000 no par \$5 div. shares. d Set up out of amount paid in cash by subscribers to 2d pref. stock. e Represented by 2,485,543 no par shares. The income statement for the nine months ended Sept. 30 was published in V. 147, p. 2878.

U. S. Life Ins. Co. in the City of N. Y.-Registers with SEC-

See list given on first page of this department.-V. 145, p. 136.

United States Realty & Impt. Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings

9 Mcuhs Ended Sept. 30— 1938 1937 1936
Net loss after all charges, incl. deprec. \$293,834 \$358,402 \$397,831

Note—The figures are exclusive of Plaza Operating Co.
The loss of Plaza Operating Co., for the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1938, amounted to \$54,331 before depreciation and \$284,970 after depreciation, as compared with a loss for the corresponding period of the previous year amounting to \$49,923 before depreciation and \$280,561 after depreciation.—V. 147, p. 588.

United Wall Paper Factories, Inc.—Tenders—
The Chase National Bank, as trustee for first mortgage 20-year 6% sinking fund bonds, is inviting offers for the sale to it of these bonds in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$16,491 now available in the sinking fund. Offers will be received up to noon on Dec. 1, 1938, at prices not exceeding 104 and accrued interest, at the corporate trust department of the bank's New York office.—V. 147, p. 2257.

Van Camp Milk Co.—Earn 6 Months Ended Sept. 30— Sales, net————————————————————————————————————	ings— 1938 Not Reported {	1937 \$2,177,571 2,014,657	1936 \$2,608,439 2,335,156
Gross profit on sales	\$218,506	\$162,914	\$273,283
	73,464	63,176	68,507
Net profit from operations Miscellaneous income—Net	\$145.042	\$99,738	\$204,776
	Dr157	49,140	22,602
Net profit before prov. for inc. taxes Prov. for Fed. & State income taxes Depreciation Provision for possible price adjustm'ts	\$144,885 20,884 36,811	\$148,878 27,247	\$227,378 26,107 25,000
Net profit to earned surplus	\$87,190	\$121,631	\$176,271
Divs. declared or paid on pref. stock	27,136	46,971	30,000
Balance at Sept. 30 Earns, per sh. on 75,000 shs. com. stk. V. 146, p. 3531.	\$60,054 \$0.80	\$74,660 \$1.24	\$146,271 \$1.95

1. 140, p. 3001.				
Virginia Electric				
Period End. Sept. 30-	1938-Mo	nth—1937	1938-12 1	Mos.—1937
Operating revenues	\$1,580,109	\$1,537,826	\$18,040,087	\$17,513,037
Operation	664,674	618,798	6,981,398	6,654,622
Maintenance	127,718	117,167	1,455,172	1,401,932
Taxes	147,441	182,166	2,247,623	2,174,172
Net oper. revenues	\$640,276	\$619.696	\$7,355,894	\$7.282.311
Non-oper. income (net) _	Dr8,255	Dr15,683	Dr131,217	Dr123,449
Balance	\$632.021	\$604.013	\$7.224.677	\$7.158.862
Interest & amortization_	145,537	144,698	1,746,766	1,744,399
Balance	\$486,484	\$459.315	\$5,477,911	\$5,414,463
Appropriations for retire			2,054,938	2,030,000
Balance			\$3,422,973	\$3,384,463
Preferred dividend requir	ements		1,171,422	1.171,620
Delance for common di	vidende and	auenlua	60 051 551	20 010 049

Balance for common dividends and surplus... \$2,251,551 \$2,212,843 Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1937, the company adopted the new system of accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission, which differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 147, p. 2878.

Virginia Public Service Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses, &c Provision for retirements Provision for taxes	3,656,676 707,899	\$8,132,315 3,569,495 622,290 860,843
Operating incomeOther income (net)	\$2,951,922 74,290	\$3,079,687 66,777
Gross income	1,754,222 $213,525$ $39,415$ 171.561	\$3,146,464 1,712,348 221,377 60,294 170,005 Cr14,729
Balance of income Dividends on preferred stock	\$858,968 605,686	\$997,168 605,754
Balance	\$253,281	\$391,414

Walgreen Co.—Sales-Period End. Oct. 31— 1938 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1938 \$5,921,473 \$5,873,151 \$54,815,847 \$55,701,511

Washington Gas Light Co.—Issuance of \$8,500,000

Bonds Approved—To Be Placed Privately—

The company has been granted an exemption by the Securities and Exchange Commission from the declaration requirements of the Utility Act regarding the issuance of \$8,500,000 of 4% refunding mortgage bonds due 1963.

The bonds are to be dated as of Sept. 1, 1938, are to bear interest at the rate of 4% per annum from Sept. 1, 1938, are to mature on Sept. 1, 1963, and are to be redeemable prior to maturity as a whole at any time or in part on any interest payment date or dates by lot.

Applicant proposes to issue and sell privately the \$8,500,000 ref. mtge. bonds, 4% series due 1963 at 101 and interest from Sept. 1, 1938 to the date of delivery, to the following named purchasers in principal amounts as follows:

 follows:
 \$3,700,000

 Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States
 \$3,700,000

 John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co
 2,000,000

 Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co
 1,500,000

 Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Co
 500,000

 Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co
 500,000

 New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
 300,000

 The recorded from the issue and sale amounting to \$8,585,000 (exclusive

that is to be paid the First Boston Corp. for its services in negotiating the sale.

The consolidated fixed capital of applicant and its subsidiaries, stated at \$35,422,260 as of Aug. 31, 1938 includes an amount of \$5,926,584 representing ledger value of fixed capital not classified by prescribed amounts and an amount of \$73,746 representing ledger value of property not presently used in operations. Deducting the last two mentioned items from such fixed capital leaves a balance of \$29,421,930 representing principally tangible property of applicant and its subsidiaries.

As of Aug. 31, 1938, the combined retirement reserve of applicant and its subsidiaries amounted to \$1,638,532 or 5.56% of the consolidated tangible property of \$29,421,930. Deducting from such tangible property of \$29,421,930 the depreciation reserve of \$1,638,532, the ratio of total funded debt to such depreciated tangible property of \$27,783,398 would be equivalent to 63.5%.

Giving effect to the proposed financing, applicant's gross income on a consolidated basis of \$1,772,620, for the 12 month period ended Aug. 31, 1938, affords a coverage of 2.20 for total fixed charges of \$904,709 and a coverage of 1.83 for total fixed charges and preferred dividend requirements of \$964,909.

2878.	e of the p	of the I	District of Column onds.—V. 146,	mbia has au p. 4133; V. 1	thorized t
	il & Sn	owdrift	Co., Inc.	& Subs.)	Earnin
Period—I Net sales Cost of sales & e Deprec. & amor		Aug. 31, '3 Sept. 3, '3 61,333,28 56,928,25		1936 \$65,139,177 59,875,885 775,021	31 1935 \$62,906,1 56,126,3 749,8
Profit from of	peration.		5 \$4,153,467	\$4,488,271 198,601	\$6,029,9 323,7
Total income. Interest Federal & State Surtax on undis	taxes	\$3,970,198 65,87 834,048	8 \$4,465,424 1 69,065 5 996,081	\$4,686,872 60,278 868,519	\$6,353,69 138,69 1,214,49
Net profit Prev. earned sur	plus	3,610 \$3,066,672 7,569,620 ×3,502,167	2 \$3,393,858 0 7,160,240	\$3,758,074 6,048,320	\$5,000,63 4,043,8
Transfer of reser Total	stock nds Fed. inc.	1,171,000 1,448,000	\$10,794,098 0 1,180,310 0 2,044,167	\$9,806,394 1,182,620 1,463,535	\$9,044,47 1,182,62 1,463,53
Bal., earned st Shs. com, stock	&c	y72,800		\$7,160,240 585,414	
x Net addition respect to subsid Snowdrift Co., I for income tax p Houston Fire & pany, which is n	n arising fridary compine, to baurposes. Casualty	rom adjustoanies, sind ses agreed y Undistril Insurance iled from ti	tments of reser- ce dates of acquired upon with U. buted net profit Co., a wholly he consolidation	ves for depredisition by W.S. Treasury Its as at Aug. 7-owned substanton.—V. 147, 1	olation wit
10 Months El	4.40		vice Co.—l	*****	1937 \$1,160,77
Operating revenue Operation General expenses Maintenance Prov. for retirem General taxes	charged	to constru	CUON	\$1,186,782 413,055 Cr27,436 78,693 82,018 169,102	\$1,160,77 393,47 Cr35,78 61,86 85,20 158,60
Net earnings f	from oper	ations		\$452,508	\$470,86
Gross income_ Interest on funde			a comment of the second second second	\$475.691	23,93 \$494.80
Interest on funde Miscellaneous int Amortization of d Interest charged Miscellaneous de	terest debt disco to constri	unt, premi	ium & expense	233,000 6,867 45,678 Cr665 3,461	224,90 7,63 45,29 Cr98
Net income			heet Sept. 30	187,349	217,95
Assets-	1938	1937	Labilities-	1938	1937
Plant, property, equipment, &c Cash	80,088	9,951,666 78,775 142,747	Dem'd note pa Accounts paya	bk.) 25,000 ble. 34,681	100,00 10,00 28,33
Inv. in sub.co. not consolidated Debt disc. & exp. in proc.of amort. Prem. & interest on	116,878 544,069	116,878	Def. liab. & un credits Reserves	adj. 141,773 775,383	138,67
bonds called for redemption Com. on cap. stock		137,675 154,000	y 2d \$6 cum. I	1,114,000	
Unbilled revenue Mat'ls & supplies Def'd charges and prepaid accounts	49,604 84,622 7,104	49,723 102,331 5,200	Capital surplus Earned surplus	3 1,522,893	552,00 1,541,61
Total				10,932,359 esented by 5,	
Western Au	uto Sup	ply Co.	-Sales-		1000
	. 31-	938-Mon	nth-1937		
Period End. Oct.	8	3,4,1,000		1938—10 Mos 28,619,000 \$	81937 29.815.000
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No.	ew Yorl	k Water		ings—	29,815,000
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenue	ew Yorl	k Water	Co.—Earn	ings—	29,815,000
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expense Other regulatory c General expenses t	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es	water	Co.—Earn	ings—1938 \$737,877 221,865 Cr1,949 4,287	1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expenses Other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es e commission rausferred bliectible a	n expense.	Co.—Earn	ings—1938 \$737,877 221,865 Cr1,949 4,287	1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western Ne 12 Months Ende Operating revenue General operation Rate case expense other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property taxe	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es	n expense	Co.—Earn	ings—1938 \$737,877 221,865 Cr1,949 4,287	1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,638 Cr5,094 1,125 47,312 40,750
Period End. Oct. Sales	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es commission ransferrec	n expense i to construccounts d replacem	Co.—Earn	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 675 22,101 52,711 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898	1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,638 Cr5,094 1,125 47,312 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254
Period End. Oct. Sales. V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenue General operation Other regulatory of General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property tax Excise taxes Prov. for Federal in Activation of rederal in Tributed profits.	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es	n expense. I to construction to counts. I deplacement a replacement a replacement and surt	uction	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737.877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 52,101 52,711 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286	29,815,000 1937 \$790.060 226,798 2,779 1,638 0,75,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western Ne 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expenses other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property taxe Excise taxes Social security tax Corporate taxes Prov. for Federal i tributed profits Net earnings Other income	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es. n. e.	n expense i to construccounts d replacem	uction	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 4,287 C75,094 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243	29,815,000 1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,638 C75,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94
Period End. Oct. Sales -V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expenses Other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property taxe Excise taxes Social security tax Corporate taxes Prov. for Federal tributed profits Net earnings Other income Gross corporate interest on mortga interest on debent Miscellaneous inter Miscellaneous intermortization of de	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es. commission ransferrec collectible a ements an es. income ta income ta age debt ure bonds rest	n expense, i to construccountsd replacem	uction	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 4,287 C75,094 10,566	29,815,000 1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94 \$317,930 204,887 45,406 1,581 10,687
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expenses Other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property taxe Excise taxes Social security tax Corporate taxes Prov. for Federal Tributed profits Net earnings Other income Gross corporate Interest on mortga Interest on debentum Miscellaneous inter Amortization of de Interest charged to Prov. for int. on F	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es. commission ransferrec commission ransferrec commission ransferrec commission ransferrec commission commissio	n expense i to construccounts d replacem x and surt	uction	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 22,101 52,711 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204,887 43,557 609	29,815,000 1937 \$790.066 226,798 2.779 1,638 C75,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 \$317,836 \$47,930 204,887 45,406
Period End. Oct. Sales V. 147, p. 2878. Western No. 12 Months Ende Operating revenus General operation Rate case expenses Other regulatory c General expenses t Provision for unco Maintenance Provision for retire Real property taxe Social security tax Corporate taxes Prov. for Federal Tributed profits Net earnings Other income Gross corporate Interest on mortga Interest on debentu Miscellaneous inter Amortization of de Interest charged to Prov. for int. on F	ew Yorl ded Sept. 30 es. Description of the sept. 30 es. Descr	n expense i to construccounts. d replacem x and surt	uction	1938 1938 1938 3737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 22,101 52,711 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204,887 43,557 609 10,566 C7424 952	29,815,000 1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639 Cr5,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94 \$317,930 204,887 45,406 1,581 10,687
Period End. Oct. Sales	ew Yorl ed Sept. 30 es. commission ransferred commission ransferre	n expense i to construccounts. d replacem x and surt nt and exption. e tax for p	enseet Sept. 30 Lubblittes—Funded debt	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 4,287 C75,094 4,287 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204,887 43,557 609 10,566 C7424 400 \$31,982	29,815,000 1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639 C75,094 1,125 47,312 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 204,887 45,406 1,581 10,687 C7584 \$55,953
Period End. Oct. Sales	ew Yorl ew Yorl de Sept. 30 es commission ransferrec commission ran	n expense i to construccounts d replacem x and surt mut and exption e tax for p	enseet Sept. 30 Labuttes— Funded debt— Consumers' & ex deposits — Accounts payable	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737,877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 4,287 C75,094 10,52,711 126,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204,887 43,557 609 10,566 C7424 952 400 \$31,982	29,815,000 1937 8790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639 C75,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94 \$317,930 204,887 45,406 1,581 1,581 0,687 C7584 \$55,953
Period End. Oct. Sales	ew Yorl description and Sept. 30 es ee ee ee ee	n expense. I to construccounts. I to construccounts. I to replacement and surt and surt and surt and expense. I to construct and surt and expense. I to construct and expe	ense	1938 \$737.877 221.865 C71.949 4.287 C75.094 4.287 C75.094 4.287 C75.094 4.339 6.898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204.887 43.557 609 10.566 C7424 952 400 \$31,982 1938 \$4,595,100 \$4,792 1,644	29,815,000 1937 \$790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639 C75,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94 \$317,930 204,887 45,406 1,581 10,687 C7584 \$555,953
Period End. Oct. Sales	ew Yorl ew Yorl de Sept. 30 es commission ransferrec commission ran	n expense. I to construction. I to construct and surt and expetion. I to construct a to construct	ense	28,619,000 \$ ings— 1938 \$737.877 221,865 C71,949 4,287 C75,094 4,287 C75,094 16,123 16,307 4,339 6,898 C72,673 \$292,286 243 \$292,286 243 \$292,286 243 \$292,530 204,887 43,557 609 10,566 C7424 952 400 \$31,982 1938 -\$4,595,100 \$ tt161,235 -1,988,373 -1,098,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008,373 -1,1008	29,815,000 1937 8790,060 226,798 2,779 1,639 Cr5,094 1,125 40,750 104,163 7,447 3,049 6,254 36,002 \$317,836 94 \$317,930 204,887 45,406 1,581 10,687 Cr584 \$55,953

Western Public S Period End. Sept. 30—	Service Co		1938—12 M	
Operating revenues Operation	\$193,610 83,347 11,591 15,998	\$196,708 88,792 9,695 15,577	\$2,223,055 1,050,182 139,567 190,761	\$2,166,046 1,081,916 143,307 197,107
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income.(net).	\$82,674 Dr7,089	\$82,644 Dr5,343	\$842,544 Dr70,526	\$743,715 Dr28,587
Balance Interest & amortization_	\$75,585 28,108	\$77,302 27,955	\$772,019 349,227	\$715,128 350,063
Appropriations for retirem	\$47,477 ent reserve	\$49,347	\$422,792 224,908	\$365,065 225,649
Balance_ Preferred dividend require	ments		\$197,884 119,452	\$139,416 119,451
Balance for common div Note—Effective Jan. 1, accounts prescribed by t certain respects from the	1937, the cone Federal P	ompanies add	opted the new	differs in

the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.

Accumulated Dividend-

The directors have declared a dividend of 37½ cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.50 series A pref. stock, no par value, payable Dec. 1 to holders of record Nov. 14. Like amount was paid on Sept. 1, last, and compares with 18¾ cents paid on June 1, last, and on Dec. 1, 1937; 37½ cents paid on Sept. 1 and on June 1, 1937; 56½ cents paid on March 1, 1937; 75 cents paid on Dec. 1, 1936; 56¼ cents per share paid on Sept. 1, 1936, and 37½ cents paid on June 1, 1936.—V. 147, p. 2878.

Western States Utilities Co.—Earnings

[After eliminating charges for interest on note payable to parent company and amortization of debt discount and expense which accounts were canceled and written off Feb. 10, 1938, pursuant to a plan of recapitalization.]

12 Months Ended Sept. 30— 1938 1937

Operating revenues \$169,993 \$167,108

Operation \$80,200 78,592

Maintenance \$6,964 9,022

Taxes—general \$18,808 17,242

Taxes—Federal income (incl. surtax on undistributed profits) 1,925 5,462 \$56,790 1,808 \$62,096 410

Net oper. revs. before retirement accruals_____ \$58,597 17,901 \$40,696 552 Gross income.

Other interest charges and income deductions. Balance______Interest on first mortgage bonds______ \$39,547 22,639 \$40.143 23,182 \$16,908

\$16,962 Net income----Balance Sheet Sept. 30, 1938

a The surplus accounts appearing on the company's books at Dec. 31, 1937, together with surplus changes arising out of a recapitalization effected Feb. 10, 1938, were combined as capital surplus. b Represented by 2,500 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 2710.

Western Union Telegraph Co., Inc.—Earnings—

Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—9 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 Gross revenues, includ'g dividends and interest \$69,194,063 \$77,282,800 \$93,987,974\$103,821.878 Maintenance—Repairs & reserved for deprec'n. 15,041,596 13,863,837 19,337,226 18,552,373 a Other oper. expenses.— 52,595,391 57,292,632 71,500,244 75,846,515

Balance \$1,557,076 \$6,126,331 \$3,150,504 \$9,422,990 Int. on funded debt... 3,105,229 3,300,874 4,198,345 4,408,859 Net income_____x\$1,548,153 \$2,825,457 x\$1,047,841 \$5,014,131 a Including rents of lesaed lines and taxes. x Indicates loss.

Note—No deduction is made for surtax on undistributed profits imposed by the Revenue Act of 1936.—V. 147, p. 2407.

Whitaker Paper Co.—Tenders—
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York will until 3 o'clock p. m. Nov. 22 receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient 1st mtge. 20-year 7% s. f. gold bonds due Nov. 1, 1942 to exhaust the sum of \$57,238 at prices not exceeding 102 and interest.—V. 147, p. 589.

(Frank L.) Wight Distilling Co.—Registers with SEC—See list given on first page of this department.

Willamette Valley Ry.—Abandonment of Operation—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Oct. 19 issued a certificate permitting abandonment of operation, as to interstate and foreign commerce, by the company of its entire line of railroad extending from Oregon City in a southeasterly direction to Kaylor, approximately 20.5 miles, all in Clackamas County, Ore. The P. U. Commissioner of Oregon by his order of July 27, 1938 approved abandonment of operation of the line as a common carrier.

of July 27, 1938 approved abandonment of operation of the line as a constructed between arrier.

The line in question is electrically operated. It was constructed between 1908 and 1915 by the Clackamas Southern Ry. and the Willamette Valley Southern Ry. The applicant acquired the property at foreclosure sale in 1927. The line connects for the interchange of freight traffic at Oregon City with the Portland Electric Power Co. and at Liberal, four miles north of Kaylor, with the Southern Pacific Co.

The principal traffic handled for the past 11 years has been logs shipped from Kaylor by the Eastern & Western Lumber Co. of Portland, which had substantial timber holdings tributary to the railroad. This company ceased operation in 1937 and salvaged its logging railway connecting with the applicant's line. The only other industries on the line are a bulk oil station and a sawmill at Molalla and a sawmill at Mulino. Both of the stations are located on paved highways which connect with trunk highways.

—V. 147, p. 2407.

Winnings Electric Co.—Earnings—

Winnipeg Electric Co.—Earnings—
Period End. Sept. 30— 1938—Month—1937
ross earnings— \$518,484 \$512,117 \$4,813,387 \$4,961,438
per. expenses & taxes— 313,700 320,693 2,861,994 2,952,846 Net earnings \$204,784 \$191,424 \$1,952,293 \$2,008,592 -V. 147, p. 2106.

Wisconsin Electric Power Co.—Exemption Granted—
The company has been granted an exemption by the Securities and Exchange Commission from declaration requirements of the Public Utility Act regarding issuance of \$55,000,000 3 ½ % first mortgage bonds, due 1968 and \$14,500,000 promissory notes.

Jurisdiction was reserved to determine at a later date whether the fee to be paid Dillon Read & Co. in connection with the note issue is reasonable.

—V. 147, p. 2710.

9 Mos. End. Se	pt. 30—	1938	1937	1936	1935
Income: Int. on investr Int. on stk. sub Dividends on s	scrip'ns	y\$24,701 507	\$466 1,157 68,159	\$5,741 6,026 66,600	\$4,405 3,404 42,162
Total income. Operating expens Bank loan expens	06	\$25,208 17,110 2,411	\$69,782 17,136 10,703	\$78,367 18,169 7,969	\$49,971 17,625
Net profit on sal vestments Prov. for income		Dr73,209	Cr338,371 50,000		
Net income Dividends paid		52,446	\$330,314 52,666	\$52,228	\$32,345 19,830
Surplusy Includes divid	lends.	f\$119,967	\$277,648 eet Sept. 30	\$52,228	\$12,515
more department	1938	1937	Labilities-	1938	1937
Assets-		8429.121	Accrued taxes		\$80,889
Cash	\$80,512	4420,121	Due on purchase		#0U,000
securities	5,823	201	investments		7,992
Accrued interest &	0,020		Bank loan		600,000
diva, on invest	5,296	a11,307	Accounts payabl		2,546
Deposits with State	0,200	811,007	Dividends payal		6,481
of Wisconsin	44,332	Total of the	Prov. for retire.		0,201
	1.352.877	2,090,111	pref. capital st		6.049
Due on stock subs.	14.176	33,131	Due to stkhidrs.		0,010
Furn. & equipm't.	870	921	predecessor co		410
Prepaid expenses	7.369	5.710	Common stock.		524,353
		7,447	Paid-in surplus_	567,279	571,549
			Earned surplus	370,086	770.029

a Dividends only.—v.	147, p. 10	00.		
Wisconsin Power	& Light	Co. (& Su	bs.)—Ear	nings-
Period End. Sept. 30— Operating revenues Oper. expenses & taxes	1938—3 M \$2,422,096 1,641,252		1938—12 M \$9,469,030 6,510,978	
Net oper. income Other income (net)	\$780,843 5,099	\$684,466 3,514	\$2,958,051 13,665	\$2,906,328 11,147
Gross income Int. and other deduct'ns	\$785.942 444,117	\$687,981 446,820	\$2,971,716 1,788,199	\$2,917,476 1,807,407
Net income	\$341,825	\$241,161	\$1,183,517	\$1,110,069

Wisconsin Telephone Co.—Ordered to Discontinue Extra Charge

Wisconsin Public Service Commission ordered this company to discontinue the extra charge of 18.5 cents a month on cradle telephones. The order will result in loss of about \$125,000 a year revenue, the company announced.—V. 146, p. 2390.

(F. W.) Woolworth Co. - Sales-

Period End. Oct. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—10 Mos.—1937 Sales———\$26,774,093 \$26,788,148 \$228,620,231 \$232,450,172 -V. 147, p. 2259.

(F. W.) Woolworth Co., Ltd. (England)-Stock-

London advices state that the lists offering for sale 2,200,000 common shares at 58s each were closed immediately after opening the issue having been heavily over-subscribed.—V. 147 p. 2880.

Wright-Hargreaves Mines, Ltd.—Extra Dividend-

Wright-Hargreaves Mines, Ltd.—Extra Dividend—
The directors on Nov. 9 declared an extra dividend of five cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly divideud of 10 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable Jan. 3, to holders of record Nov. 23. Like amounts were distributed in each of the 19 preceding quarters, prior to which the company made quarterly distribution of five cents per share, and in addition paid an extra dividend of five cents per share on Jan. 2, 1934.

Directors also declared an interim dividend of 10 cents per share payable Jan. 16 to holders of record Dec. 1.

The company also paid a special interim dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock on Jan. 15, 1938, and on Feb. 1, 1937.—V. 147, p. 1211.

Yukon-Pacific M	ining Co.	.—Earning	78—			
Period End. Sept. 30-						
Net income before depr. and depletion Deprec. & depletion	\$64,000 22,000	\$421,000 60,000	\$373.000 95.000	\$1,014,00 172,00		
Net Income	\$42,000	\$361,000	\$278.000	\$842.00		

and depletion Deprec. & depletion	\$64,000 22,000	\$421,000 60,000	\$373.000 95.000	\$1,014,000 172,000
Net income	\$42,000	\$361.000	\$278,000	\$842,000
Per share Yukon-Pacific Mining Co. stock V. 147, p. 2553.	1.2 cts.	10.3 cts.	7.9 cts.	24.0 cts.

CURRENT NOTICES

—Manufacturers Trust Co. is paying agent for \$25,000 Epps School District No. 1, Parish of West Carroll, La., 6% bonds, dated Nov. 2, 1937. and due Nov. 2, 1938-62, inclusive.

James E. Bennett & Co., 50 Broadway, New York City, have preparde a circular on active securities in the aircraft manufacturing, public utilities

—Income Investors, 70 Pine St., New York City, have prepared a book-let entitled "Outlook for the Stock of Bankrupt Railroads."

-Clinton Gilbert & Co. announce that C. Edmund Fay has become associated with them in charge of their sales department.

-Jaques Scholle, formerly with Munds, Winslow & Potter, has become associated with J. Arthur Warner & Co.

The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON - SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN

PROVISIONS—RUBBER—HIDES—METALS—DRY GOODS—WOOL—ETC.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Coffee—On the 5th inst. futures closed 2 points net lower, with sales totaling only 4 lots. No sales were made in the Rio contract, and prices were nominally unchanged. The market was largely of a pre-holiday character. In addition to the two holidays here this coming week, Thursday will be a holiday in Parallel to the two holidays here this coming week, Thursday will be a holiday in Parallel to the two holidays here this coming week.

addition to the two holidays here this coming week, Thursday will be a holiday in Brazil, the anniversary of the Federal Constitution. Brazilian spot prices were firmer today, Rio 7s moving up 100 reis to 13,700 per 10 kilos and 5s up 100 to 16.100. Havre closed ½ to ¾ francs lower.

On the 7th inst. futures closed 3 points net higher. In the Rio contract there were no sales, and the market was nominally unchanged. The coming holidays did much to curtail trading. Thursday will be a holiday in Brazil and Friday will be a holiday in the Hayre and New York mar-Friday will be a holiday in the Havre and New York markets. Havre on Monday closed ¾ to 1¼ francs lower. Rio 7s in the spot Brazil market were 100 reis higher at 13.800 per 10 kilos. Brazil's clearances for the week ended Nov. 5 were 340,000 bags, of which 174,000 bags were for the United States, 145,000 bags for Europe, and 21,000 bags for all other destinations. for all other destinations.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 4 to 8 points net higher in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 45 contracts. The Rio contract closed 6 to 11 points net higher, with sales totaling only 8 contracts. The market advanced on light totaling only 8 contracts. The market advanced on light trading. Santos contracts were 5 to 7 points higher in the early afternoon, while Rios gained 1 to 3 points. Brazil cabled that there was no present intention of reopening the coffee exchanges. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were about the same, with Santos 4s at 7.25 to 7.60. Mild coffees were easier. Havre futures were 1½ to 2¼ francs higher. Today futures closed 1 to 3 points off in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 14 contracts. The Rio contract closed unchanged to 3 points off, with sales of only 6 contracts. A holiday in Brazil and the coming Armistice holiday here tomorrow combined to restrict interest in coffee futures. tomorrow combined to restrict interest in coffee futures. This afternoon Santos contracts were 3 to 6 points lower, with September selling at 6.94c., off 6 points. Rios were 1 point lower, with December standing at 4.40c. Havre futures were 1½ to 2¾ francs lower. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were unchanged. Mild coffees were steady. The trade heard that the Argentine Government would protest any barter of American wheat for Brazilian coffee. test any barter of American wheat for Brazilian coffee.

Rio coffee prices closed as follows:

 December
 4.41 July
 4.57

 March
 4.46 September
 4.61

 May
 4.53

Santos coffee prices closed as follows:
 December
 6.70 July

 March
 6.83 September

 May
 6.90

Cocoa—On the 5th inst. prices closed 2 to 3 points net lower. The opening range was 1 to 3 points under the previous final quotations. Sales fell off to 82 lots, or 1,099 tons. Outside prices showed no change in London. Reports from the Gold Coast indicate that the group marketing plan recommended by the British Cocoa Commission is going to be tried. A cable received by the exchange here on Saturday read: "Native chiefs and farmers favor group marketing of the cocoa crop. The aforementioned propose to start experimenting this season on a voluntary basis without waiting for Government action. Meetings are to be arranged at important centers to explain the scheme to farmers and to secure the fullest cooperation." Local closing: Dec., 4.69; Jan., 4.75; March, 4.86; May, 4.97; July, 5.08; Sept., 5.18; Oct., 5.23.

On the 7th inst. futures closed 4 to 5 points net higher. The opening levels showed losses of 3 points. Transactions totaled 152 lots, or 2,037 tons. London outside prices lost 3d., while futures ran unchanged to 4½d. easier, with 670 tons trading. The late support reflected the very strong turn of the stock market prior to Election Day. There was some new buying, and also a fair amount of short covering. Professional switching out of the December delivery into the deferred contracts continues. Local closing: Dec., 4.73; Jan., 4.79; May, 5.02; July, 5.12; Sept., 5.22.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 3 points down to unchanged. After opening 1 to 4 points lower, the cocoa futures market recovered its losses, showing net gains this afternoon of from 2 to 4 points. Later, fresh selling developed and the market took on a decidedly heavy appearance. Manufacturers were reported showing increased interest, but still refusing to bid up prices. Warehouse stocks increased 800 bags. The total now is 943,426 bags, against 1,282,310 bags a year ago. Local closing: Dec., 4.70; Jan., 4.78; March, 4.90; May, 5.00; July, 5.12; Sept., 5.20. Today futures closed 6 to 2 points net higher. Transactions totaled 224 contracts. A moderate improvement in spot demand was translated into moderate improvement in spot demand was translated into better prices for cocoa futures. The market during early afternoon was 1 to 4 points higher with December selling at 4.74c., up 4 points. Sales to that time totaled 165 lots. Manufacturers continue to buy from hand to mouth, but are reported feeling encouraged over the candy outlook. Warehouse stocks were reduced 3,500 bags. They total 939,683 bags, against 1,274,295 bags a year ago. Local closing: Dec., 4.76; Jan., 4.82; March, 4.93; May, 5.03; July, 5.14; Sept., 4.76.

Sugar-On the 5th inst. futures closed nominally unchanged. No sales were effected in today's session of the domestic sugar market. The short session and the fact that the exchange will operate in a broken week this coming week were not conducive to new business. Actuals were quiet and unchanged, the limited offerings of this year's quota and the uncertainties of the size of the next quota restricting business. No interest developed in the raw market today. Asking prices for both quota and excess quota remained about unchanged. About 10,000 tons of quota sugar remain for sale, and the asking price on most of it is 3.05c. Excess quotas are held at 3 to 3.05c. While the domestic market was neglected on Saturday, trading was active in the world sugar contract, with volume of sales mounting to 141 lots, or 7.050 tons. Closing prices were unchanged to ½ point lower. London futures were unchanged to ¼ d. lower, and raws were held at 5s. 6d., unchanged changed.

On the 7th inst, futures closed unchanged to 1 point lower. Transactions totaled 89 lots. The bulk of the business was believed to be switching for the account of a trade house with Cuban producing connections. The tone of the marwith Cuban producing connections. The tone of the market remained steady, and is expected to continue so until quotas are announced in about a month from now. The raw market was slow in Monday's session. No sales were effected, since views of buyers and sellers continued several points apart. About 15,000 tons of quota sugar remain unsold, about 5,000 tons of which had been in the "sleeper" column having appeared over the last week-end. These were available at 3.05c. Excess quota sugar was held at 3c. in various positions. The world sugar contract closed 1 to 1½ points higher. Sales were 42 lots. The better tone reflected the London markets, where raws sold at 5s. 6d., equal to 100½c. f.o.b. Cuba, and futures there advanced ¾ to 1¾d. % to 1%d.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 2 to 3 points net higher in the domestic contract, with sales totaling 56 contracts. The world sugar contract closed 3½ to 2 points net higher, with sales totaling 301 contracts. In the most active and excited trading since the war scare last September, world sugar futures advanced sharply under a wave of buying which started in London and extended to the New York market. Prices now are 10 points above those of a week ago. The reason for London's strength is uncertain. Sales in London totaled 20,000 tons and prices advanced 1¼d. to 2¼d. Raws were held for 1.05c., compared with 0.90c. just a week ago. In the domestic market trading was more quiet, but prices had a firm undertone, showing gains this afternoon of about 2 points, with March at 2.06c. No sales of raws were reported. On the 9th inst. futures closed 2 to 3 points net higher in were reported.

Today futures closed unchanged to 1 point off in the domestic contract, with sales of 129 contracts. Interest in sugar continued to center around the world market, but the sharp rise of the last few days was checked by profit-taking and possibly some light hedge selling. In early afternoon the market stood unchanged to ½ point higher, with March selling at 1.08½c. a pound after having touched 1.09c. Trading exceeded 5,000 tons. In London futures closed unchanged to exceeded 5,000 tons. In London futures closed unchanged to ½d. higher on sales of 20,000 tons. It was reported that 20,000 tons of raw sugar from Mauritius had sold for 1.06c. a pound f.o.b. In the domestic market futures were unchanged to 1 point higher, with March selling at 2.07c., up 1 point. Trading was moderate. No business in raws was reported. Offers of 3.05c. a pound were made for 1938 sugars and of 3c. for 1939 sugars. The world sugar contract closed 4½ to 1 point off, with sales of 133 contracts.

Prices were as follows:

 January
 2.06 | July
 2.12

 March
 2.06 | September
 2.15

 May
 2.10 |

Lard—On the 5th inst. futures closed 5 points down to 7 points net higher. During the early trading prices rose 2 to 10 points. Trading was mixed, with prices irregular. lard clearances were reported from the Port of New York. Liverpool lard futures were firmer, and closed 9d. to 1s. higher per cwt. Chicago hog prices held steady in spite of the forecast for heavy marketings today. Receipts for the Western run totaled 23,500 head against 18,500 head for the same day last year.

On the 7th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points higher. The opening range was 5 points down to 3 points up. Trading was light and without special feature. Lard clearances from the Port of New York today were reported as totaling 111,608 pounds, destined for Hamburg. Liverpool lard futures were unchanged to 3d. lower. Hog prices at Chicago today were 5 to 15c. lower, due to the heavier hog marketings than expected. Marketings at Chicago were 27,000 head, whereas only 21,000 head were expected. Hog sales ranged from \$7.50 to \$7.90.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 10 points net higher. Firmness in the majority of other commodity markets did much to influence speculative buying in lard. Futures at one time advanced 12 to 15 points in the active months. Light profit-taking on the bulge erased part of the gains. Heavy lard exports were reported from the Port of New York today, export clearances totaling 265,950 pounds, destined for Liverpool and Glasgow. Liverpool lard futures were very steady, unchanged to 3d. higher. Sales of hogs at Chicago ranged from \$7.50 to \$7.80. Western hog marketings totaled 78,600 head, against 70,700 head for the same day last year. Receipts of hogs at 11 markets, including Chicago, last week were 331,730 head, compared with 322,663 head the week before and 282,555 last year.

Today futures closed 2 to 8 points net lower. Lard displayed considerable heaviness in the futures market, influenced largely by the depressed hog market. Hog prices were 5c. to 10c. lower. Hog receipts totaled 20,000, which was 1,000 more than expected and 3,000 more than a week ago. The market topped at \$7.80, with best prices paid for weights from 190 to 280 pounds.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
December 7.20 7.35 H 7.35 7.32 H
anuary 7.30 7.32 O 7.45 7.40 O
March 7.92 7.92 L 8.02 8.00 L
May 7.97 8.05 . 8.15 8.07
 Sat.
 Sat.

 January
 7.30

 March
 7.92

 May
 7.97

Pork (export), mess, \$26.37½ per barrel (per 200 pounds); family (40-50 pieces to barrel), \$20.25 per barrel. Beef (export), steady. Family (export), \$22 per barrel (200 pounds), nominal. Cut meats: Quiet. Pickled hams: Pienic, loose, c.a.f.—4 to 6 lbs., 12¾c.; 6 to 8 lbs., 12¾c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 12c. Skinned, loose, c.a.f.—14 to 16 lbs., 19c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 18c. Bellies: Clear, f.o.b. New York, 6 to 8 lbs., 15c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 15c.; 10 to 12 lbs., 15c. Bellies: Clear, salted, boxed, New York, 16 to 18 lbs., 12½c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 11½c.; 20 to 25 lbs., 11½c.; 25 to 30 lbs., 10½c. Butter: Creamery, firsts to higher than extra and premium marks, 25c. to 26½c. Cheese: State, held '37, 20c. to 22c. Eggs: Mixed colors, checks to special packs, 19½c. to 35c.

Oils—Linseed oil in tank cars is quoted 7.7c. to 7.9c., while in tank wagons the quotation is 7.7c. to 8c. Quotations: China wood, nearby, 14c. Coconut: Crude, tanks, nearby, 3c. to 3½c.; Pacific Coast, 2½c. bid, no offer. Corn: Crude, West, tanks, nearby, .06½ bid, no offer. Olive: Denatured, drums, car lots, .85 to .87; drums, spot L.C.L., .90 to .92. Soy bean: Crude, tanks, West, .05 bid, no offer; L.C.L. New York, 6.8 bid, no offer. Edible: Coconut, 76 degrees, 8½c. offered, no bid. Lard: Prime, 9c. offered, no bid. Cod: Crude, Norwegian light filtered, no quotation. Turpentine: 29¾c. to 31¾c. Rosins: \$5.45 to \$8.15. tine: 29% c. to 31% c. Rosins: \$5.45 to \$8.15.

Cottonsed Oil sales, including switches, 83 contracts.

Crude, S. E. 63/8@61/2c. Prices closed as follows:

November 7.45@ n Mary 7.70@ n May 7.81@ n

Rubber—On the 5th inst. futures closed 1 point higher to 5 points lower. Transactions totaled 200 tons, of which 100 tons were exchanged for actual rubber in the outside market. Spot standard No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets in the

market. Spot standard No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets in the actual market remained unchanged at 17 1/16c. During the first hour on Saturday there were only 15 lots traded. The second part saw the other 5 lots sold. The outside market was very quiet on Saturday. Dealers reported doing little or no business at all. Local closing: Nov., 16.93; Dec., 16.97; Jan., 16.96; March, 16.95; May, 16.93.

On the 7th inst. futures closed 2 to 10 points net higher. Transactions totaled 2,110 tons, of which 200 tons were exchanged for actual rubber in the spot market. Spot standard No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets in the trade were reported at 17 1/16c. bid to 17½c. asked. The futures market was steady to firm, influenced by commission house and trade buying. Although activity in the outside market was generally quiet, some dealers reported doing a fair amount of shipment business. Inquiries from factories were in of shipment business. Inquiries from factories were in Monday morning, but little business was accomplished. Crude rubber stocks in England for the week ended Nov. 5 showed a decrease of 1,354 tons from the week preceding. Local closing: Nov., 17.03; Dec., 17.05; Jan., 17.04; March, 17.04; May, 17.01.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 10 to 15 points net higher. While trading in rubber futures was dull, the market was firm, showing gains of 7 to 10 points in early afternoon, largely in sympathy with the stock market. With the next meeting of the International Rubber Regulation Committee due in a few days, most of the trade remained aloof from the market. Sales to early afternoon totaled only 830 tons, of which 150 tons were exchanged for actual rubber. London closed unchanged to 1-16d. higher. Singapore also was a little higher. Local closing: Dec., 17.18; March, 17.14;

little higher. Local closing: Dec., 17.18; March, 17.14; May, 17.15; July, 17.13; Sept., 17.15.

Today futures closed 10 to 17 points net lower. Transactions totaled 371 contracts. Crude rubber futures were lower in moderate trading, possibly because of profit-taking. The situation has undergone no change. Most members of the trade await the meeting of the International Committee next week and meanwhile are indisposed to do anything in the market. Prices this afternoon were 8 to 15 points lower. December increased its premium over later positions, selling at 17.12c., against 17.01c. for March and 17c. for May. London closed unchanged to 1-16d. lower, but Singapore advanced 3-32d. to 5-32d. Local closing: Dec., 17.10; Jan., 17.00; March, 17.00; May, 17.00; July, 17.00; Sept., 17.03.

Hides-On the 5th inst. futures closed 17 to 18 points off in the old contract, while the new contract was 13 to 17 points net lower. Transactions were 480,000 pounds in the old contract and 3,360,000 pounds in the new contract

June, 14.02.

Interest in the market was reported fairly keen. in futures are closely watching the domestic spot hide situation for indications of any price changes. Sales in the domestic spot market totaled 15,000 hides, including October light native cows at 13c., unchanged. In addition to the sale of light native cows, 10,000 Colorados were transacted at 13c. a pound, and 1,000 branded cows sold at 12½c. Local at 13c. a pound, and 1,000 branded cows sold at 12½c. Local closing, old contract: Dec., 12.05; March, 12.40; June, 12.62; Sept., 12.77. New contract: Dec., 12.82; March, 13.20; June, 13.55; Sept., 13.80.

On the 7th inst. futures closed 32 to 35 points up on the old contract, while the new contract closed 29 to 34 points net higher. The market opened easier, with prices unchanged to 5 points decline, this range covering both contracts. The tone of the market showed marked improvement as the session progressed. Short covering, encouraged by the show of strength in the securities market, together with new long buying, forced the list steadily higher. Transactions totaled 560,000 pounds, while business in the new contract totaled 2,600,000 pounds. No developments of consequence were reported in the domestic spot hide situation

quence were reported in the domestic spot hide situation today. Local closing, old contract: Dec., 12.40; March, 12.73; June, 12.94; Sept., 13.09. New contract: Dec., 13.13; March, 13.53; June, 13.84; Sept., 14.12.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 18 to 26 points net higher in the old contract, with sales of 56 contracts. The new contract closed 21 to 26 points net higher, with sales totaling 241 contracts. The market in hide futures was strong during most of the session, with trading quite active. The opening range was 16 to 30 points higher and stood 24 to 27 points higher during the early afternoon. Sales of old contracts up to early afternoon totaled 1.560.000 pounds while tracts up to early afternoon totaled 1,560,000 pounds, while sales of new totaled 8,440,000 pounds. Certificated stocks increased 1,000 hides. They now total 831,949 hides. Local closing: Old contract—Dec., 12.58; March, 12.92; June, 13.20. New contract—Dec., 13.35; March, 13.74; June, 14.10.

14.10. Today futures closed 10 to 11 points net lower on the old contract, with sales totaling 26 contracts. The new contract closed 10 to 8 points off, with sales totaling 186 contracts. Raw hide futures continued to give ground under profit-taking. Old contracts were 7 to 8 points lower on sales of 960,000 pounds, while new contracts lost 7 to 13 points on sales of 5,560,000 pounds. December old sold at 12.50 and March old at 12.58c. respectively. December new sold at 13.28c. and March new at 13.61c. respectively. Sales in the domestic spot market yesterday were estimated at 48,000 hides. Certified stocks decreased 1,041 hides to a total of 830,908 hides. Local closing: Old contract—Dec., 12.47; March, 12.82. New contract—Dec., 13.25; March, 13.64;

Ocean Freights—Activity in the freight market so far this week has been relatively light, the two holidays being largely responsible. Charters included: Grain: St. Lawrence largely responsible. Charters included: Grain: St. Lawrence to Antwerp or Rotterdam, picked ports United Kingdom, Nov. 23-30, basis 2s. 9d. St. Lawrence to North Africa, November, 3s. 4½d. St. Lawrence to Scandinavia, November, about 15½c. St. Lawrence to Antwerp or Rotterdam, picked ports, United Kingdom, Nov. 10-20, basis 2s. 9d. Trip: Trip across, delivery St. Lawrence, re-delivery United Kingdom, Continent, November, \$1.50. Round trip South American trading, November, 3s. 4½d. Trip down South Africa, delivery north of Hatteras, November, \$1.25. Scrap: Atlantic Range to Japan, December, 16s., five ports, Gulf loading, 17s. Atlantic Range to Genoa or Savona, prompt, \$5.10. North of Hatteras to Japan, November, 15s. 6d.

Coal—On Monday, Nov. 7, the wholesale lists on anthracite coal in the New York area were advanced 15c. per ton for both rail and tidewater deliveries. The new schedule which went into effect Monday is as follows: Rail delivery, on line (f.o.b. mine), egg, stove and nut, \$6.40; pea, \$4.65; buckwheat, \$3.50, and rice, \$2.75. At tidewater, egg, stove and nut, \$6.30; pea, \$4.55; buckwheat, \$3.25; rice, \$2.45. Owing to the unseasonably warm weather that the East has been experiencing for some time past, the demand for anthracite has been poor. Dealers here report that the price advances which have been provided by the countries did bring. anthractic has been poor. Dealers here report that the price advances which have been periodically occurring did bring out some business, but that, too, was small. The production of Pennsylvania anthracite for the week ended Oct. 29 gained 22,000 tons, in comparison with the previous week. The total estimated output amounted to 881,000 tons, or 176,200 tons per day for the five working days of the week, an increase of 23% over the six-day week of Oct. 22.

Wool—There was very little change in the raw wool situation the past week. Prices are holding firm, however, and the trade generally is optimistic conerning the future. Whether or not prices will go higher is to some observers an open question. Growers are looking for 75c. wool before the movement is over, and it may be that some sharp spurt in wool consumption during this month and next will give producers and merchandizers an opportinity to secure better prices. On the other hand, it is pointed out that however desirable higher raw material prices may seem to growers, cooperatives and dealers, the foreign wool markets will set the ceiling for domestic prices. "Some further increase in demestic mill consumption is in prospect for 1939, and this domestic mill consumption is in prospect for 1939, and this will be a supporting influence to wool prices," declares the Department of Agriculture, "but unless there is some rise in

foreign prices, advances in domestic prices of wool in the coming year will be rather moderate." A considerable volume of wool was sold here in October. By the end of the month manufacturers, satisfied for the time being, retired to the side lines planning further advances in spring goods that would justify the higher rates paid for the raw materials. Texas wools made a remarkable showing in October and are still leading the fine wools, especially in price. The Texas clip seems likely to come to the end of the year with a complete clean-up.

Silk—On the 7th inst. futures closed ½c. lower to 1½c. higher. Commission house buying and trade selling were the features of the trading. At the opening call prices ruled unchanged to 1c. easier. The volume of trading remained small, with only 360 bales sold, including 170 bales on the old contract, 180 bales on No. 1 contract, and 10 bales on No. 2 contract. Yokohama ruled unchanged to 6 yen easier, while Kohe was 4 to 10 yen lower. Grade D declined 5 years while Kobe was 4 to 10 yen lower. Grade D declined 5 yen in both centers to 805 yen. Spot sales equaled 850 bales, while futures transactions amounted to 4,100 bales. Local closing: Nov., 1.75; Dec., 1.74; Jan., 1.73; Feb., 1.73. No. 1 contract: March, 1.72; April, 1.72½; May, 1.72½; June, 1.71½. No. 2 contract: March, 1.67½; April, 1.67; May, 1.67; Inc. 1.67 No. 1 1.71½. No. 2 c 1.67; June, 1.67.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 3c. to 4c. net higher in the old contract, with sales totaling 9 contracts. The No. 1 contract closed 4c. to 2c. net higher, with sales of 19 contracts. The No. 2 contract closed 21/2c. net higher, with sales of 2 contracts. Strong cables and the rise in the stock market combined to give the silk futures market a firm tone. Prices in the early afternoon were 1½c. to 2½c. higher with November old selling at \$1.78½; May No. 1 new at \$1.74, and June No. 1 new at \$1.74. The price of crack double extra silk in the uptown market was advanced 2c. to \$1.83 a pound. The Yokohama Bourse closed 8 to 11 yen higher as compared with Monday. Grade D silk outside advanced 12½ yen to 817½ yen a bale. Local closing: Old contract—Nov., 1.78; Jan., 1.77. No. 1 contract—March, 1.76; April, 1.75; May, 1.74½; June, 1.74½.

Today futures closed ½c. to 1c. lower in the old contract, with sales totaling 15 contracts. The No. 1 contract closed 2½c. to 1c. lower, with sales of 14 contracts. Raw silk futures had a steady undertone this afternoon, having rallied from early losses. Prices advanced about half a cent net with November old selling at \$1.78½ and May new No. 2 at \$1.70. Only 70 bales in the old contract and 10 in the new were done to that time. In the uptown spot silk market the ket combined to give the silk futures market a firm tone.

were done to that time. In the uptown spot silk market the price of crack double extra silk advanced 1c. to \$1.84 a pound. The Yokohama Bourse closed unchanged to 3 yen higher. Grade D silk was 7½ yen higher at 825 yen a bale. Local closing: Old contract—Nov., 1.77½; Dec., 1.76½; Feb., 1.75. No. 1 contract—March, 1.73½; April, 1.73½; May 1.74 May, 1.74.

COTTON

Thursday Night, Nov. 10, 1938

The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South tonight, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 92,125 bales, against 145,005 bales last week and 150,872 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1, 1938, 2,233,971 bales, against 4,333,249 bales for the same period of 1937, showing a decrease since Aug. 1, 1919, of 2,099,278

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston Houston Corpus Christi	5,008 4,870 3,740	14,109 3,121 815	4,475 7,240 256	2,493 1,699 1,461	2,605 150		30,819 19,535 6,422
New Orleans Mobile Pensacola, &c	7,505 29	5,608 44	8,068 472	4,358 332	3,046 56 989	Holi- day	28,585 933 989
Jacksonville	254	30	91	32	1,646 281		2,053
Charleston Wilmington Norfolk Baltimore	167 154	212 186	229	111 173	281 9 141 222		281 728 654 222
Totals this week	21,727	24.125	20,831	10.659	14.783		92,125

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1, 1938, and the stocks tonight, compared with last year:

Desidents to	1	938	1	937	Sto	ck
Receipts to Nov. 10	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1938	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1937	1938	1937
Galveston Houston Corpus Christi Beaumont New Orleans Mobile Pensacola, &c Jacksonville Savannah Charleston Lake Charles Wilmington Norfolk New York Boston Baltimore	30,819 19,535 6,422 884 28,585 989 20 2,053 281 728 (54	690,197 258,528 16,568	51,235 1,220 101,718 6,823	4,793 1,116,836 130,743 43,991 3,103 106,228 151,580 67,246 5,426	892,451 930,519 97,528 32,020 786,864 72,577 6,832 2,455 153,744 40,136 24,430 17,531 30,079 100 2,789 1,050	909,514 834,090 91,197 16,106 894,049 85,141 14,833 4,134 157,511 77,998 42,235 11,078 24,428 24,428 3,123 925
Total	Name and Address of the Owner, where			4,333,249		

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
Galveston Houston New Orleans. Mobile Savannah	30,819 19,535 28,585 933 2,053		71.753 78.295	88,579 112,857	33,532 27,380 7,163	88,974 60,905 6,587
Brunswick Charleston Wilmington Norfolk Newport News	281 728 654	4,481 186 2,402	839	1.516		1,769 648 1,179
All others	8,737	3,102	6,210	11,037	14,131	14,324
Total this wk.	92,125	245,688	264,096	330,485	134,427	257,126
Since Aug. 1	2,233,971	4,333,249	3,750,591	3,963,821	2,524,390	4,118,528

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 50,209 bales, of which 267 were to Great Britain, 12,557 to France, 8,182 to Germany, 1,093 to Italy, 7,323 to Japan, 261 to China, and 20,526 to other destinations. In the corresponding week last year total exports were 269,373 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 1,208,962 bales, against 2,042,099 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week:

Week Ended	Exported to—								
Nov. 10, 1938 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total	
Galveston		2,054					1,146	3,200	
Houston		2,475	4,930		6,211		16,118	29,734	
Corpus Christi		2.022			1,112	261		3,395	
Brownsville		4,751					350	5.101	
Beaumont							866	866	
New Orleans		1,255	3,252	1.093			2.046	7.646	
Norfolk	150						-	150	
San Francisco	117							117	
Total	267	12,557	8,182	1,093	7,323	261	20,526	50,209	
Total 1937	93.564	58,644	54.291	18,393	4.967	3,800	35.174	269,373	
Total 1936	25,975	19,403	14,684	2,325	26,160	-,000		108,401	

From Aug. 1, 1937 to	No. 17	Ezported to—									
Nov. 10, 1938 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total			
Galveston	20.174	61.503	60,711	25,257	91,645	2,145	64,194	325,629			
Houston	38,927				69,853	593					
Corpus Christi	17,176				18.695	1.774	42,483	202,523			
Brownsville	2,214			1,240			6,326	43,174			
Beaumont							866				
New Orleans.	40,608	33,319	17,111	16,635	14,553	200	37,598	160,024			
Lake Charles.	7,335	3,656	4,399	883			4,878				
Mobile	11,118		3,585		604		1,581				
Jacksonville	490		98			****		588			
Pensacola, &c.	2,495						150				
Savannah	3,351		4,998	468	700		146				
Charleston	932		3,000				500				
Norfolk	348		2,576	33		****	151				
New York	288					300	1,016				
Boston	28		18				9	55			
Philadelphia		29						29			
Los Angeles	7,843		990		65,551	181	1,080				
San Francisco	117				16,553		50	16,720			
Total	153,444	223,668	215,634	108,833	278,154	5,193	224,036	1208,962			
Total 1937	645,387	361,387	393,783	188,563	91,557	17,053	343.919	2042,099			
Total 1936		338.196			503,205			1844,625			

NOTE—Exports to Canada—It has never been our practice to include in the above table reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to give returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs districts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view, however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will say that for the month of September the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 11,990 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 10,169 bales. For the two months ended Sept. 30, 1938, there were 27,721 bales exported as against 16,348 bales for the two months of 1937.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams tonight also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

** **	On Shipboard Not Cleared for-							
Nov. 10 at-	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Other Foreign	Coast- wise	Total	Leaving Stock	
Galveston	6,200 11,369 4,827 2,379	5,000 762 2,125	4,000 300 2,364	22,000 12,520 10,384 	3,000 451	40,200 25,402 19,700 2,442	905.11	
Total 1938 Total 1937 Total 1936	24,775 47,245 29,008	7,887 31,885 43,199	6.664 20,427 18,876	44.967 39,028 102,684		141,820	3,003,341 3,024,642 2,614,076	

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been anything but spectacular during the past week. Price trend continues irregular, with fluctuations confined to a narrow range. With the triple influence of the holiday reduction in the Government crop estimate, the election results, which were considered constructive as to business prospects, and the action of the Government loan, it was felt that the market should have made a much better showing than it did.

On the 5th inst. prices closed 1 point higher to 6 points lower. The market was moderately active during the short session, with price movement decidedly irregular. The distant months, which have recently been relatively firmer

than the near months, developed an easier tone, and at the close the December premium over October was 61 points, compared with 54 points at the close on Friday, whereas earlier in the week the difference had widened out at one time to 81 points. The reaction in the market on Friday seemed to have undermined confidence to some extent, and earlier in the session there was increased liquidation while foreign demand for the distant months, which had been one of the principal supporting factors, was less in evidence. At the same time trade houses continued to buy the near positions. New Orleans was also a good buyer of December, and this demand absorbed exchanges from the near to the distant positions, and proved the principal support in the late months. Underlying conditions were not noticeably changed. The average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 8.57c.

On the 7th inst. prices closed 2 points up to 3 points off. The cotton market was inactive with pre-holiday pre-bureau evening-up operations. The fact that the local market will be closed tomorrow for State elections, while Liverpool and New Orleans will be open and the monthly Government report will be published at 11 o'clock, had a disconcerting in-fluence on the market and traders were more inclined to even up contracts than to take a new position either way. Consequently, prices moved feverishly over a range of 4 to 9 points, with numerous declines and rallies. Early in the day the market sold down 4 to 6 points in response to lower Liverpool cables and under liquidation in the near months and hedge selling in the distant positions. A show of strength in the stock market and trade buying and New Orleans buying of the near months caused a rally from the lowest, with the near positions advancing to above the previous finals. There was no important news to affect the market either way. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets advanced 1 point to 8.58c.

On the 9th inst. prices closed 5 to 9 points net higher. The Government crop report was interpreted generally as bullish. The crop was estimated at 12,137,000 bales, or 75,000 less than the September figures, and was a surprise to the trade at large and had already been reflected by advances in both the Liverpool and New Orleans markets. Prices in the local market rose 10 to 13 points during the early session. The rise was accompanied by active trade buying of the near months as well as foreign buying of the distant positions with a fair amount of scattered local and commission house buying. Strength in the stock market as well as firmness in most of the outside markets also aided. When buying subsided prices reacted partially although the undertone was firm and a new high level for the move was established for the May position at 8.30 cents. Average price of middling cotton at the 10 designated spot markets was advanced 7 points from

Monday to 8.65 cents.

Today prices closed 6 to 8 points net higher. Cotton prices held firm today in a moderate volume of business. Shortly before the end of the trading period the list was 4 to 6 points above yesterday's closing levels. At noon prices were 3 points higher to 1 point lower. A moderate volume of trading was in evidence on the opening, with initial prices registering advances of 1 to 3 points over the last quotations of the preceding day. Leading spot houses again bought the December option, while commission houses sold that position. Co-operative brokers, New Orleans and the South sold the July and October contracts, while Bombay, the Continent and Liverpool bought the distant deliveries. The market held steady after the call, with further evening up reported in December. Total consumption of all cotton in this country during October aggregated 530,000 bales, according to an estimate by the New York Cotton Exchange. This was an increase of 3,000 bales over the same month a year ago, but a decrease of 4,000 bales from September.

The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:

Nov. 5 to Nov. 11—

Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Middling upland.

Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. 8.87 8.94 Hol. 9.53 9.18

Premiums and Discounts for Grade and Staple—The table below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and staple in relation to the base grade, Middling ½, established for deliveries on contract on Nov. 17, 1938. Premiums and discounts for grades and staples are the average quotations of 10 markets, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, and staple premiums represent 60% of the average premiums over ½-inch cotton at the 10 markets on Nov. 9.

	Inch		1 In. & Longer		Inch		1 In. & Longer
White-	2			Spotted-			CUMPTE
Mid. Fair	.62 on	.80 on	.94 on	Good Mid	.03 on	.20 on	.33 on
St. Good Mid.	.56 on	.74 on		St. Mid	.11 off	.05 on	.18 on
Good Mid.	.50 on	.68 on	.82 on	M1d	.66 off	.52 off	.38 off
8t. Mid	.33 on	.51 on	.65 on	*St. Low Mid	1.40 off	1.33 off	1.29 off
Mid	Basis	.17 on	.32 on	*Low Mid	2.15 off	2.12 off	2.08 off
St. Low Mid	.58 off	.43 off	.32 off	Tinged-			
Low Mid	1.31 off	1.24 off	1.19 off		.46 off		
				St. Mid	.72 off	.62 off	.52 off
*Good Ord	2.61 off	2.59 off			1.47 off		
Extra White-	2000				2.16 off		
Good Mid					2.77 off	2.75 off	2.73 off
8t. Mid	.33 on	.51 on	.65 on	Yel, Stained-			
					1.12 off		
8t. Low Mid					1.66 off		
Low Mid					2.29 off	2.27 off	2.25 on
*8t, Good Ord.	2.01 off	1.99 off	1.93 off	Gray-		44	
*Good Ord	2.61 off	2.59 off	2.54 off	Good Mid	.58 off		.31 of
	The state of			8t. Mid	.83 off		.60 of
				*Mid	1.39 off	1.32 off	1.28 of

^{*}Not deliverable on future contract

New York Quotations for 32 Years
The quotations for middling upland at New York
Nov. 11 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows: York on

1938 9.18c. [193011.25c. [1922	26.15c. 1914
1937 8.13c. 1929 17.30c. 1921	17.40c. [191313.60c.
1936 12.10c. [1928 19.55c. [1920	20.05c. 191212.20c.
193512.00c.]192720.25c.]1919	40.20c. 1911 9.50c.
193412.60c. [192612.70c. [1918	31.15c. 191014.80c.
1933 9.55c. 1925 21.10c. 1917 1932 6.70c. 1924 24.55c. 1916	29.10c. 190914.95c. 19.40c. 1908 9.30c.
1931 6.65c. 1923 33.50c. 1915	11.85c. 190710.90c.

Market and Sales at New York

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same day.

	NOTE WATER	Futures	No. 1	SALES	
	Spot Market Closed	Market Closed	Spot	Contr'ct	Total
		Steady			
Total week. Since Aug. 1			18,584	50,400	68,984

Futures—The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Nov. 5	Monday Nov. 7	Tuesday Nov. 8	Wednesday Nov. 9	Thursday Nov. 10	Friday Nov. 11
Nov. (1938)					The same	172 PTF
Range Closing	8.45n	8.46n		8.53n	8.60n	
Range Closing	8.40- 8.43 8.43	8.37- 8.46 7.44		8.50- 8.54 8.51 —	8.52- 8.59 8.58 —	
Jan. (1939) Range Closing.	8.33- 8.35 8.35n	8.30- 8.37 8.34- 8.36		8.43- 8.47 8.43n	8.44- 8.50 8.50 —	
Range Closing .	8.34n	8.35n	100,000	8.43n	8.50n	Marin T
Mar.— Range Closing _ April—	8.32- 8.35 8.33 —	8.29- 8.37 8.35- 8.37	HOLI- DAY	8.42- 8.48 8.44 —	8.45- 8.51 8.50 —	HOLI- DAY
Range Closing	8.26n	8.27n		8.34n	8.40n	
Range Closing	8.17- 8.21 8.19 —	8.13- 8.18 8.18 —		8.22- 8.30 8.24 —	8.24- 8.31 8.30- 8.31	
Range Closing .	8.13n	8.11n		8.17n	8.24n	
July— Range Closing_	8.06- 8.11	8.02- 8.07	hoving.	8.08- 8.15 8.10	8.10- 8.19 8.18- 8.19	
Range Closing.	8.00n	7.97n	E Tribella	8.02n	8.10n	
Range Closing_	7.91n	7.89n		7.95n	8.02n	
Range Closing_	7.80- 7.85 7.82- 7.83	7.78- 7.82		7.86- 7.91	7.87- 7.96 7.95- 7.96	

Range for future prices at New York for week ending Feb. 00, 1938, and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range fo	Range !	Since Begi	inning	of Op	tion	
Nov. 1938 Dec. 1938	9 27 Nov. 17	8.59 Nov. 10	7 70 1/-	21 1020	-6-50	The b	20 100
Jan. 1939	8.30 Nov. 7	8.50 Nov. 10	7.74 May	31 1938	9.51	Feb.	23 193
Feb. 1939 Mar. 1939	8.29 Nov. 7	8.51 Nov. 10	8.18 June 7.77 May	3 1938 31 1938	8.74 9.25	July	7 1938
Apr. 1939 May 1939	8.13 Nov. 7	8.31 Nov. 10	8.34 May	25 1938 31 1938	8.37	Aug.	7 193
June 1939			8.11 Oct.	4 1938	8.11	Oct.	4 1938
Aug. 1939		8.19 Nov. 10	8.12 Oct.	3 1938	8.12	Oct.	3 1939
Sept. 1939 Oct. 1939	7.78 Nov. 7	7.96 Nov. 10	7.82 Oct. 7.56 Oct.	18 1938 19 1938	8.07	Sept.	30 1938 24 1938

Volume of Sales for Future Delivery—The Commodity Exchange Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture makes public each day the volume of sales for future delivery and open contracts on the New York Cotton Exchange and the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, from which we have compiled the following table. The figures are given in bales of 500 lb. gross weight.

New York	Nov. 4	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Open Contract: Nov. 10
December January (1939) March May July October Inactive months August (1939) September Total all futures	42,300 2,500 56,900 14,900 43,600 15,100	4,100 16,700 9,300 10,700 9,200	7,300 25,100 29,400 25,300	Holf-day	27,100 4,900 36,100 29,400 43,700 16,200	Report	not ived
New Orleans	Nov. 2	Nov. 3	Nov. 4	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8	Open Contracts Nov. 8
December January (1939) March May July October December Mareh (1940)	5,850 250 5,200 2,250 6,200 6,100	8,500 400 7,000 4,000 2,500 5,950 1,000	100	3,050 50 3,500 900 1,300 1,400	3,750 6,750 1,800 1,550 3,050 100	Report	
Total all futures	25,850	20 350	25,500	10.200	17 000		

The Visible Supply of Cotton tonight, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. To make the total show the complete figures for tonight (Thursday) we add the item of exports from the United States, for Thursday

Nov. 10-	1938	1937	1936	1935
Otrole at Timement hales				
Stock at Liverpool bales.	976,000			
Stock at Manchester	106,000	121,000	88,000	30,000
Total Great Britain	1 082 000	781.000	800,000	484.000
Stock at Bremen	253,000			
Stock at Havre	318,000			
Stock at Rotterdam	12,000	14,000	14,000	
Stock at Barcelona		227777	200000	34,000
Stock at Venice and Mestre	63,000			
Stock at Venice and Mestre	25,000	9,000		
Stock at Trieste	13,000		6.000	2.000
	11221	1000000		
Total Continental stocks	684,000	438,000	410,000	364,000
Total European stocks	1.766.000	1.219.000	1.210.000	848,000
India cotton afloat for Europe	56,000		82,000	52,000
American cotton afloat for Europe	267,000			
Egypt, Brazil,&c.,afl't for Europe	143.000			
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	381.000			
Stock in Bombay, India	681,000	571,000	592,000	
Stock in U. S. ports	3,091,105	3,166,462	2,812,188	2,941,553
Stock in U. S. interior towns 3		2,387,570	2,342,886	2,316,783
U. S. exports today	19,221	56,491	40,428	61,469
Total visible supply	.914.634	8.508,523	7,978,502	7,468,805
Of the above, totals of America				
American-			Total and	
Liverpool stockbales_	464,000	280,000	247,000	172,000
Manchester stock	65,000	55,000	47,000	39.000
Bremen stock	155,000	123,000	107,000	108,000
Havre stock	230,000	177.000	153,000	55,000
Other Centinental stock			20.000	62,000
Other Continental stock	81,000	40,000		
American afloat for Europe	267,000	654,000	368,000	455,000
U. S. port stock3	.091,105	3,166,462	2,812,188	2,941,553
U. S. Interior stock3		2,387,570	2,342,886	2,316,783
U. S. exports today	19,221	56,491	40,428	61,469
Total American	.882.634	6.939.523	6.137.502	6,210,805
East Indian, Brazil, &c	1001	0,000,000	-,	
Liverpool stock	512.000	380,000	465.000	254.000
Manchester stock	41,000	66,000	41,000	19.000
		45,000	65.000	53,000
Bremen stock	98,000	20,000	00,000	10,000

Havre stock
Other Continental stock
Indian afloat for Europe
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt
Stock in Bombay, India Total East India. &c..... Total American.... 2,032,000 1,569,000 1,841,000 7,882,634 6,939,523 6,137,502 -9,914.634 8,508,523 7,978,502 -5,05d. 4,63d. 6,71d. -9,18c. 8,13c. 12,15c. -10,05d. 9,49d. 12,07d. -4,05d. 3,98d. 5,54d. ol 5,86d. 5,98d. 7,93d. v 4,02d. 4,08d. 5,55d. Total visible supply

Middling uplands, Liverpool

Middling uplands, New York

Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool

Broach, fine, Liverpool

Peruvian Tanguis, g'd fair, L'pool
C.P.Oomra No.1 staple, s'fine, Liv

Continental imports for past week have been 111,000 bales. The above figures for 1938 shows an increase over last week of 6,908 bales, a gain of 1,406,111 over 1937, an increase of 1,936,132 bales over 1936, and an increase of 2,445,829 bales from 1935.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks tonight, and the same items for the corresponding period of the previous year-is set out in detail below:

	-	vement to		a serior in	7 - 27 3	ement to		
Towns	R	eceipts	Ship- ments	Stocks Nov.	Re	ceipts	Ship- ments	Nov. 12
nes tresser al	Week	Season	Week	10	Week	Season	Week	
Ala., Birm'am	5.39	47,063	2,647				1,670	31,287
Eufaula	778		633			9,200		
Montgom'y	5,934	1 70,482	1,546			39,172		52,534
Selma	62		718			63,523	593	64,932
Ark., Blythev.	5,049							105,918
Forest City	1,04			51,838		33,168	1,872	28,938
Helena	1,890		1,689			62,685		41,420
Hope	1,128		841			55,474	1,658	24,529
Jonesboro	734			37,430		25,540	1,214	27,578
Little Rock	2,750		4,730	148,855		103,826	3,665	94,073
Newport	2,332		****	42,997		31,071	889	23,975
Pine Bluff.	7,381		4,093	139,444		109,335	8,141	74,937
Wainut Rge	2,051	44,546	2,432	50,660		40,809	1,029	36,644
Ga., Albany	315		125	19,901	554	15,036	510	18,899
Athens	1,000		1,000	33,909		28,088	918	28,557
Atlanta	8,166		3,208	134,360	8,528	67,994	4,070	116,373
Augusta	3,105	74,995	4,703	160,399		109,195	2,392	133,966
Columbus	300		200	34,700		13,200	500	34,650
Macon	773		714	40,233	630	34,912	360	36,234
Rome	2,295	10,253	800	28,480	850	13,106	400	21,728
La., Shreven't	4,000	82,134	4,000	103,085		121,725	2,224	74,643
Miss., Clarksd	4,412		5,454	101,182	13,788	147,377	7,978	87,090
Columbus	2,000	22,752	200	43,699	2,292	29,373	1,180	31,132
Greenwood.	10,000	173,456	8,000	168,045		196,396	11,199	125,089
Jackson	800	30,184	800	44,876	3,314	53,187	1,613	35,990
Natchez	346	6,434	121	15,928	870	10,591	780	7,282
Vicksburg	1,351	24,787	800	28,370	3,724	30,428	1,373	19,912
Yazoo City.	1,000	43,398	500	60,146	4,228	49,313	2,169	35,880
Mo., St. Louis	4,437	47,029	4,437	3,973	6,316	49,768	6,112	2,316
N.C., Gr'boro	519	1,874	1	2,153	243	949	101	2,005
Oklahoma—	II. CAN	112000	Sec. 1	123. 200		442 444		
15 towns *_	18,776	286,951	12,021	324,748	52,692	298,200	23,349	202,506
S. C., Gr'ville	5,244	37,917	2,829	75,932	4,361	42,576	2,037	66,168
Tenn., Mem's	76,363	1010,669	61,241	882,299		976,035	92,034	595,043
Texas, Abilene	672	19,616	416	14,536	2,701	35,425	1,159	6,575
Austin	385	14,213	487	4,944	410	15,384	8	1,844
Brenham	841	12,451	637	4,423	177	12,840	92	3,245
Dallas	1,292	36,107	651	44,614	1,954	73,002	1,261	16,925
Paris	3,195	58,777	2,711	47,640	5,214	78,989	723	24,686
Robstown	1	6,464	184	1,946		15,655	41	1,239
San Marcos	299	12,622	72	3,589	a70	a7,139	a7	a548
Texarkana .	988	25,522	671	37,931	3,034	34,280	2,341	18,567
Waco	798	49,517	789	28.089	2,252	78,909	2,361	20,836

* Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oklahoma. g San Antonio.

The above totals show that the interior stocks have increased during the week 49,811 bales and are tonight

1,122,738 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts of all the towns have been 169,626 bales less than the same week last year.

Overland Movement for the Week and Since Aug. 1-We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Thursday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

	-1938		1937
Nov. 10-	Since		Since
Shipped— Week	Aug. 1	Week	Aug. 1
Via St. Louis 4,43	7 46,320	6.112	49,986
Via Mounds, &c 6,52	5 57,271	5.725	51,045
Via Rock Island 10		184	1,041
Via Louisville 28			1,732
Via Virginia points 3,22		4,891	59,684
Via other routes, &c11,11	7 185.403	34,527	178,529
Total gross overland25,68	8 349,535	51,439	342,017
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c 22	9.828	1.094	9.734
Between interior towns 23		216	3,005
Inland, &c., from South 9,59	2 132,223	7,647	70,773
Total to be deducted10,04	3 145,191	8,957	83,512
Leaving total net overland *15.64	204.344	42,482	258,505

* Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 15,640 bales, against 42,482 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 54,161 bales.

AMOUNT AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	1	938-	1	937
In Sight and Spinners' Takings	Veek	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
	2,125 5,640 0,000	2,233,971 204,344 1,640,000	$\substack{245,688\\42,482\\125,000}$	4,333,249 258,505 1,780,000
	,765 ,811	4,078,315 1,557,385	413,170 160,647	6,371,754 1,566,015
over consumption to Oct. 1		*113,282		*253,838
Came into sight during week257 Total in sight Nov. 10	.576	5,522,418	573,817	7,683,931
North spinn's's takings to Nov. 10 37	,518	378,885	63,130	466,154

Movement into sight in previous years:

► Week—	Bales	Since Aug. 1-	Bales
		1936	
		1935	
1934-Nov. 16	306.534	1934	4.789.295

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets-Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

West Wested	CI	osing Quo	tations for	Middling	Cotton on	-
Week Ended Nov. 11	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thursday	Friday
Galveston	8.50	8.50	8.62	8.59	8.65	
New Orleans		8.68	8.78	8.78	8.83	6
Mobile	8.43	8.45	Holiday	8.54	8.60	
Savannah	8.78 8.95	8.82	Holiday	8.89	8.95	
Norfolk	8.95	8.95	Holiday	9.00	9.05	Holiday
Montgomery	8.50	8.50	8.60	8.55	8.60	
Augusta	8.93	8.96	9.08	9.04	9.10	
Memphis	8.35	8.35	8.45	8.45	8.50	
Houston	8.53	8.53	8.65	8.60	8.65	
Little Rock	8.25	8.25	Holiday	8.35	8.40	
Dallas	8.18	8.21	8.35	8.29	8.35	
Fort Worth	8.18	8.21	Holiday	8.29	8.35	

New Orleans Contract Market—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Nov. 5	Monday Nov. 7	Tuesday Nov. 8	Wednesday Nov. 9	Thursday Nov. 10	Friday Nov. 11
Nov.(1938) December an. (1939) February March April June July	8.57	8.59 8.48 8.48 8.29 8.15	8.59 — 8.60 — 8.40 — 8.26 —	8.66 — 8.56 — 8.57 — 8.37 — 8.23 —	8.73 8.63 8.64 8.42 8.27	HOLI- DAY
August September October November December. Tone Spot Options	7.92 — 7.93b-7.95a Steady Steady	7.91 ————————————————————————————————————	8.04 — 8.68- 8.69 Steady Steady	Steady	8.05 — 8.06b 8.08a Steady Very steady	

Agricultural Department's Report on Cotton Acreage, Yield per Acre, and Production—The Agricultural Department at Washington on Tuesday (Nov. 8) issued its report on cotton acreage, yield per acre and production as of Nov. 1. None of the figures take any account of linters. Comments on the report will be found in the editorial

pages. Below is the report in full:

pages. Below is the report in Iuli:

A United States cotton crop of 12,137,000 bales is forecast by the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture, based on conditions as of Nov. 1, 1938. This is a decline of 75,000 bales, or 0.6 of 1%, from the forecast of Oct. 1, and compares with 18,946,000 bales in 1937, 12,399,000 bales in 1936, and 13,201,000 bales the 10-year (1927-36) average. The indicated yield per acre for the United States of 219.7 pounds compares with 266.9 pounds in 1937 and 179.8 pounds the 10-year (1927-36) average. If this yield materializes, it will be the highest on record since 1898, with the exception of the record high yield of last year.

Weather continued favorable for picking during the month of October and a larger proportion of the crop than usual was picked by Nov. 1.

COTTON REPORT AS OF NOV. 1, 1938

The Crop Reporting Board of the Bureau of Agricultural Economies makes the following report from data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies. The final outturn of cotton will depend upon whether

the various influences affecting the crop during the remainder of the season are more or less favorable than usual.

	Acreage for Harvest	Yield per Acre			Production (Ginnings)* 500-Lb. Gross Weight Bales			
State	1938 (Prelim.)	1927- 1936 Lb.	1937	Indi- cated 1938 Lb.	Average,	1937 Crop Bales	1938 Crop Indicated Nov. 1 Bales	
Missouri	392,000	296	346	115	223.000	404.000	340.000	
Virginia	42,000		312	193	40.000			
North Carolina	902,000		338	225	710,000			
South Carolina	1.308,000		289	243	798,000			
Georgia	2,104,000		270	197	1,152,000			
Florida	88,000		162	141	31,000			
Tennessee	809,000		320	296	436,000			
Alabama	2.180,000	194	290	238	1.159.000			
Mississippi	2,685,000		372	305	1.462.000	2.692.000		
Arkansas	2.442.000		398	269	1.182.000	1.904.000		
Louisiana	1,238,000	199	337	265	655,000	1.104.000		
Oklahoma	1.846,000	131	156	149	903,000	773,000		
Texas	9.711.000	140	197	154	3.997.000			
New Mexico	111,000	391	190	144	89.000	163.0 w		
Arizona	212,000	355	501	145	127.000	313,000	197,000	
California	354,000	168	570	581	225,000	738.000		
All other	25,000	254	361	350	12,000	23,000	18,000	
United States	26,449,000	179.8	266.9	219.7	13,201,000	18,946,000	12,137.000	
Georgia Sea Island a	11,900		90	41	*****	700	1.000	
Florida Sea Island.a	14,800		77	49		2,500	1,500	
Arizona Egyptian.a	41,000	333	369	357	20,000	12,000	22,000	
Lower California (Old Mexico) b	94.000	219	179	124	46 000	52.000	44.000	

* Allowances made for interstate movement of seed cotton for ginning. a Included in State and United States totals. b Not include in California figures, nor in United States total.

Cotton Ginned from Crop of 1938 Prior to Nov. 1— The Census report issued on Nov. 8, combined from the individual returns of the ginners, shows 10,124,708 running bales of cotton (counting round as half bales and excluding linters) ginned from the crop of 1938 prior to Nov. 1, compared with 13,160,423 bales from the crop of 1937 and 9,882,530 bales from the crop of 1936. Below is the report in full:

Report on Cotton Ginning

Number of bales of cotton ginned from the growth of 1938 prior to Nov. 1, 1938, and comparative statistics to the corresponding date in 1937 and 1936:

Red Topografie	Running Bales (Counting round as half bales and excluding linters)					
State	1938	1937	1 1936			
United States	*10,124,708	*13,160,423	*9,882,530			
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi Missouri New Mexico North Carolina Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee	92,975 1,205,347 149,096 21,644 784,593 9,875 643,725 1,586,151 291,508 52,401 253,155 488,450 573,286 395,286	1,343,173 95,128 1,262,063 273,346 234,043 1,249,182 918,085 1,904,933 210,814 62,422 508,499 480,623 771,343 355,008	1,052,114 78,551 1,061,613 202,203 27,079 926,062 8,620 713,674 1,703,634 251,925 63,670 347,900 224,545 557,861 340,989			
TexasVirginiaAll other States	2,594,207 3,667 1,840	3,662,081 18,562 1,553	2,302,429 18,012 1,649			

* Includes 157,865 bales of the crop of 1937 ginned prior to Aug. 1 which was counted in the supply for the season of 1937-38, compared with 142,983 and 41,130 bales of the crops of 1937 and 1936.

The statistics in this report include 134,014 round bales for 1938; 233,119 for 1937 and 186,459 for 1936. Included in the above are 10,393 bales of American-Egyptian for 1938, 5,347 for 1937 and 5,691 for 1936; also 2,763 bales Sea Island for 1938, 3,197 for 1937 and 810 for 1936.

The statistics for 1938 in this report are subject to revision when checked against the individual returns of the ginners being transmitted by mail. The revised total of cotton ginned this season prior to Oct. 18 is 8,930,810 bales.

Consumption, Stocks, Imports and Exports—United States

Cotton consumed during the month of September, 1938, amounted to 534,037 bales. Cotton on hand in consuming establishments on Sept. 30 was 1,107,388 bales, and in public storages and at compresses 13,013,410 bales. The number of active consuming cotton spindles for the month was 22,188,618. The total imports for the wonth of August 1938 were 10,631 bales and the exports of domestic cotton, excluding linters, were 388,658 bales.

World Statistics

World Statistics

The estimated world's production of commercial cotton, exclusive of linters, grown in 1937, as compiled from various sources was 35,591,000 bales, counting American in running bales and foreign in bales of 478 pounds lint, while the consumption of cotton (exclusive of linters in the United States) for the year ended July 31, 1938, was 26,748,000 bales. The total number of spinning cotton spindles, both active and idle, is about 147,-000,000.

Cotton Loans of CCC Aggregated \$99,018,571 on 2-136-366 Bales through Nov. 3—On Nov. 4 the Commodity Credit Corporation announced that "Advices of Cotton Loans" received by it through Nov. 3 showed loans disbursed by the Corporation and lending agencies of \$99,-018,571.12 on 2,136,366 bales of cotton. The loans average

8.90 cents per pound.

Figures showing the number of bales on which loans have been made, by States, are given below:

Doors mileto, of process	Coro Br	TOM DONG III	
State-	Bales	State-	Bales
Alabama	165.546	New Mexico	
Arizona	2.275	North Carolina	3,961
Arkansas	461.325	Oklahoma	
Georgia	104.802	South Carolina	29,794
Louisiana	139,461	Tennessee	150,263
Mississippi	298.148	Texas	647,225
Minneson	40 695	Vincinia	21

CCC Completed Loans of \$12,825,582 on 70,765,469 Pounds of Wool Through Oct. 29—The Commodity Credit Corporation announced on Nov. 4 that through Oct. 29 loans aggregating \$12,825,582.05 had been made on 70,-765,469 net grease pounds of wool, an average of 18.12 cents. This figure includes repayments of \$1,104,791.56, covering 6,104,463 pounds of wool. Returns by Telegraph—Telegraphic advices to us this evening denote that according to recent reports very little cotton remains to be picked. Due to rain and muddy fields there has not been very much activity in the fields.

Texas—Galveston	there has not been very	much		III bile		
Texas—Galveston		Rain	Rainfall	-	Thermom	eter-
Texas—Galveston		Days		High	Low	Mean
Amarillo	Torac Galveston		1.12	79	40	60
Austin 1 0.46 84 58 71 Abliene 1 0.06 82 30 56 Brownsville 1 0.18 84 44 64 Corpus Christi 1 0.86 82 42 61 Dallas 1 1.02 80 34 57 Del Rio 2 4ry 84 30 57 El Paso 3 4ry 70 24 47 Houston 2 Palestine 1 0.88 80 32 56 Port Arthur 1 0.22 82 34 58 San Antonio 1 0.48 84 32 58 Oklahoma—Oklahoma City 2 0.58 64 28 46 Fort Smith 2 1.72 62 32 34 58 Coklahoma—Oklahoma City 2 0.58 64 28 46 Fort Smith 2 1.72 62 28 45 Lutile Rock 3 1.68 72 32 52 Louisiana—New Orleans 3 1.68 72 32 52 Missisppi—Meridian 2 0.26 80 32 56 Vicksburg 2 0.20 80 32 56 Vicksburg 2 0.20 80 32 56 North Carolina—Charleston 2 0.13 80 54 67 Tampa 2 0.50 84 64 74 Georgia—Savannah 3 0.93 85 54 70 Atlanta 3 0.93 85 54 70 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 53 61 North Carolina—Charlette 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanosopa 3 1.44 74 36 55		di		68	24	46
Ablene		1		84	58	71
Brownsville		î		82		56
Corpus Christi	Drownsylle	î		84		64
Del Río	Commun Christi	i		82		61
Del Río				80		57
Palestine				84		57
Palestine				70		47
Palestine		9	0.68	80	34	57
Port Arthur		1	1.80		32	56
San Antonio 1 0.48 84 32 58 Oklahoma—Oklahoma City 2 0.58 64 28 46 Fort Smith 2 1.72 62 28 45 Little Rock 3 1.68 72 32 52 Louisiana—New Orleans 3 4.01 80 33 52 Mississippi—Meridian 2 2.06 80 32 56 Vicksburg 2 0.20 80 32 56 Alabama—Mobile 2 0.86 81 36 60 Birmingham 1 0.18 82 32 57 Montgomery 2 0.13 80 54 67 Miami 4 0.43 82 72 77 Menscola 3 0.22 74 38 56 Tampa 2 0.50 84 64 74 Georgia—Savannah 3 0.93 <t< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>58</td></t<>		1				58
Oklahoma—Oklahoma City 2 0.58 64 28 46 Fort Smith 2 1.72 62 28 45 Little Rock 3 1.68 72 32 52 Louisiana—New Orleans 3 4.01 80 33 52 Mississippi—Meridian 2 2.06 80 32 56 Vicksburg 2 0.20 80 32 56 Vicksburg 2 0.86 81 36 60 Birmingham 1 0.18 82 32 56 Montgomery 4 0.18 82 32 57 Miami 4 0.43 82 72 77 Pensacola 3 0.22 74 38 56 Tampa 3 0.93 85 54 70 Atlanta 3 1.03 78 30 54 Macon 4 0.15 78 <		1				58
Montgomery	San Antonio	2				46
Montgomery	Oklahoma—Oklahoma City	2		62	20	45
Montgomery	Fort Smith	2		72	20	50
Montgomery	Little Rock			60		89
Montgomery			4.01	90		52
Montgomery	Shreveport.			90	20	50
Montgomery		2	2.00	80	32	50
Montgomery	Vicksburg	2			04	90
Montgomery		2				00
Florida		1 4				57
Miami	Montgomery		y 0.10			04
Pensacola 3 0.22 74 38 56 Tampa 2 0.50 84 64 74 Georgia Savannah 3 0.93 85 54 70 Atlanta 3 1.03 78 30 54 Macon 4 0.03 78 53 61 North Carolina Charlotte 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55		2			04	07
Tampa		4		82	72	77
Georgia—Savannah 3 0.93 85 54 70 Atlanta 3 1.03 78 30 54 Macon dry 82 34 58 South Carolina—Charleston 2 0.03 78 53 61 North Carolina—Charlette 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55		3		74		
Atlanta 3 1.03 78 30 54 Macon dry 82 34 58 South Carolina—Charleston 2 0.03 78 53 61 North Carolina—Charlette 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 56 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	Tampa	2				
Macon	Georgia-Savannah		0.93			
South Carolina—Charleston 2 0.03 78 53 61 North Carolina—Charlotte 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55						
North Carolina—Charlotte 4 0.15 78 36 57 Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	Macon	dr				
Asheville 4 0.80 76 30 53 Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	South Carolina—Charleston.	2				61
Raleigh 2 0.03 78 42 55 Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	North Carolina—Charlotte	4				57
Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	Asheville	4				
Wilmington 1 0.04 78 50 64 Tennessee—Memphis 2 0.70 76 32 54 Chattanooga 3 1.44 74 36 55	Raleigh	2		78		55
Tennessee—Memphis		1				
Chattanooga	Tennessee-Memphis	2	0.70	76		
27-4-411- 2 1 22 76 29 54	Chattanooga	3	1.44			55
Nashville 0 1.00 10 02 04	Nashville	3	1.38	76	32	54

The following statement has also been received by telegraph, showing the heights of rivers at the points named at 8 a m of the dates given:

8 a. m. of the dates given.	Nov. 10, 1937	Nov. 12, 193
New OrleansAbove zero of gauge.		Feet 2.6
Memphis	9.3	12.3 9.3
Shreveport Above zero of gauge. Vicksburg Above zero of gauge.		9.3 5.6 8.9

Receipts from the Plantations—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which winally reaches the market through the outports.

Week	Rec	eipts at I	Ports	Stocks	Stocks at Interior Towns			Receipts from Plantations		
End.	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936	
Aug.	THE REAL PROPERTY.						1	5	100	
12.	51,885			1933,484		1144,650		79,061		
19_		149,210		1927,836		1132,176		141,468		
26.	78,102	221,570	141,365	1922,216	806,649	1140,781	83,722	239,811	149,970	
Sept.						See lie!				
2.	144,055	300,222	201,842	1949,655		1219,831				
9_				2044,616		1339,682				
				2198,739		1499,275				
23.	236,651	411,538	314,287	2390,140	1245,539	1677,862				
30_	221,656	479,801	319,754	2633.565	1490,564	1832.026	465'081	724,826	500.519	
Oct.		ACCES 19	NO COLET			Co-Un post	(4.0 htts:	Sycamies	SERVICE.	
7.	183,369	441,721	330,033			1980,336				
14_	205,107	379,066	370,723	3110,218	1904,035	2098,733	434,239	596,889	489,120	
21_	300,646	323,319	378,683			2179,563				
28_	150.872	313,437	385,111	3387,084	2129,804	2266,371	263,541	391,329	471,919	
Nov.				STREET	CHAIR COLUM		SECTION IN		100 Table 100	
4.	256,332	263,182	259,641	3460,497	2226,923	2301,784	329,745	388,719	295,054	
10.	92.125	245.688	264.096	3510,308	2387,570	2342.886	141,936	406,335	305,198	

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1, 1938, are 3,901,845 bales; in 1937 were 5,917,150 bales and in 1936 were 4,908,168 bales. (2) That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 92,125 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 141,936 bales, stock at interior towns having increased 49,811 bales during the week.

World's Supply and Takings of Cotton—The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1 for the last two seasons from all sources from which statistics are obtainable; also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period:

Cotton Takings, Week and Season	19	38	1937		
week and Season	Week	Season	Week	Season	
Visible supply Nov. 4	9,907,726 257,576 20,000 9,000 74,000 11,000	7,858,941 5,522,418 296,000 145,000 534,800	8,244,235 573,817 25,000 4,000 92,000 13,000	4,339,022 7,683,931 161,000 88,000	
Total supply	10,279,302 9,914,634	14,491,159 9,914,634		13,133,153 8,508,523	
Total takings to Nov. 10_a_ Of which American Of which other	364,668 217,668 147,000	3,103,925	443,529 340,529 103,000	3,161,830	

* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 1,640,000 bales in 1938 and 1,780,000 bales in 1937—takings not being available—and the aggregate amount taken by Northern and foreign spinners, 2,936,525 bales in 1938 and 2,844,630 bales in 1937, of which 1,463,925 bales and 1,381,830 bales American. b Estimated.

India Cotton Movement from All Ports—The receipts of Indian cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1 as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

			1938 Since Aug. 1		19	937	1936	
	ov. 9	21/			Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Stace Aug. 1
Bombay			20,000	296,000	25,000	161,000	27,000	196,000
		For the	e Week	1		Since 1	1ug. 1	The same
Exports rom—	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Jap'n& China	Total	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Japan & China	Total -
Bombay— 1928— 1937— 1936— Other India— 1938— 1937— 1936——	10,000	5,000 5,000 9,000 8,000 4,000 9,000	5,000 3,000 23,000	10,000 8,000 32,000 9,000 4,000 21,000	13,000 4,000 7,000 45,000 27,000 62,000	47,000 55,000 61,000 100,000 61,000 86,000	302,000 122,000 178,000	362,000 181,000 246,000 145,000 88,000 148,000
Total all— 1938 1937 1936	1,000	13,000 9,000 18,000	5,000 3,000 23,000	19,000 12,000 53,000	58,000 31,000 69,000	147,000 116,000 147,000	302,000 122,000 178,000	507,000 269,000 394,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 5,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record an increase of 7,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show an increase of 238,000 bales.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years:

Alexandria, Egypt, Nov. 8	370,000 2,684,852		1	937	1936	
Receipts (centars)— This week. Since Aug. 1			460,000 3,740,268		440,000 3,816,273	
Exports (Bales)—	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent & India To America	6,000 17,000 1,000	38,796 174,139	7,000 6,000 23,000 1,000	53,081 196,455	8,000 27,000 2,000	49,553 46,462 155,514 8,052
Total exports	24,000	249,818	37,000	309,457	37,000	259,581

Note—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ended Nov. 9 were 370,000 cantars and the foreign shipments were 24,000 bales.

Manchester Market—Our report received by cable tonight from Manchester states that the market in both yarns and cloths is steady. Demand for foreign markets is improving. We give prices today below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

		1938		1937								
	32s Cop Twist	op ings, Common Mid		fiddl'o 32s Cop ings, Common				Middl'o 32s Cop ings, Comn		Middl'o 32s Cop ings, Commo		
	d.	s. d. s. d.	d.	d.	s. d. s. d.	d.						
Aug. 12 19 26	9 @16 9 @10 9 @10	9 6 9 3 9 6 9 3 9 6 9 3	4.78	12 % @ 13 % 12 % @ 13 % 11 % @ 13 %	10 3 @10 6	5.93 5.78 5.63						
Sept. 2 9	816 916 816 916	9 6 9 3 9 6 9 3	4.71	11%@13	10 1%@10 4% 10 1%@10 4%	5.46						
16 23 30 Oct.	8% @ 9%	9 6 9 3 9 6 9 3 9 6 9 3	4.76	11 % @ 13 11 % @ 13 11 % @ 12 %	10 1%@10 4% 10 @10 3 9 10%@10 1%	5.08						
7 14 21	8% @ 9% 8% @ 9% 8% @ 9%	9 @ 9 3 9 @ 9 3 9 @ 9 3	5.24	11 % @ 12 % 11 % @ 12 % 11 % @ 12 %								
Nov. 4 10	8%@ 9% 8%@ 9% 8%@ 9%	9 @ 9 3	5.09	11 1 @ 12 13 10 14 @ 12 10 14 @ 12 14	9 10 16 @10 1 16							

Shipping News—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 50,209 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:	
	Bales
GALVESTON-To Ghent, Nov. 3, J. Augvald, 782	782
To Havre, Nov. 3, J. Augvald, 1,159	1.159
To Dunkirk, Nov. 3, J. Augvald, 895.	895
To Copenhagen, Nov. 7, Georgia, 50	50
To Gdynia, Nov. 7, Georgia, 314	314
To Gdynia, Nov. 7, Georgia, 314. HOUSTON—To Copenhagen, Nov. 4, Georgia, 700; Nov. 5, Tampa, 1,485; Nov. 7, Taurus, 974.	OLT
Tampa 1 485. Nov. 7 Tampa 074	3.159
To Oslo, Nov. 5, Tampa, 150	150
To Gdynia, Nov. 4, Georgia, 1,263; Nov. 5, Tampa, 3,026;	100
Nov. 7, Taurus, 600.	4.889
To Gothenburg, Nov. 5, Tampa, 1,017; Nov. 7, Taurus, 500	1.517
To Bramen New 7 Schwanheim 2021	3.851
To Hamburg Now 7 Schwanheim, 9,001	1.079
To Bremen, Nov. 7, Schwanheim, 3,851 To Hamburg, Nov. 7, Schwanheim, 1,079 To Mantyluto, Nov. 7, Taurus, 5,000	5.000
To John Nov. 7, Jaurus, 3,000	6.211
To Japan, Nov. 7, Asosan Maru, 6,211 To Ghent, Nov. 8, Vermont, 149; Nov. 9, Blommersdijk, 7	156
To Havre, Nov. 8, Vermont, 2,175	2.175
To Dunkisk Nov. 9, Vermont, 2,179	300
To Dunkirk, Nov. 8, Vermont, 300 To Rotterdam, Nov. 9, Blommersdijk, 708	708
To Freshode Nov. 6 Diammership, 700	339
To Enschede, Nov. 9, Blommersdijk, 339 To Oporto, Nov. 9, Blommersdijk, 100	100
To Digg Nov. 9, Biommershift, 100	100
To Riga, Nov. 9, Blommersdijk, 100 NEW ORLEANS—To Bremen, Nov. 2, Fulda, 2,339	2.339
To Hamburg Nov 9 Build 012	913
To Hamburg, Nov. 2, Fulda, 913 To Antwerp, Nov. 5, Burgerdijk, 314; Nov. 8, Augvald, 200-	514
To Dotterday Nov. 5, Burgerulyk, 514; Nov. 8, Augvaid, 200-	907
To Rotterdam, Nov. 5, Burgerdijk, 907	1.093
To Genoa, Nov. 5, Syros, 1,093 To Melbourne, Nov. 5, Tielbank, 625	625
To Herro New C Assemble 1 105	1.105
To Havre, Nov. 8, Augvald, 1,105	150
To Dunkirk, Nov. 8, Augvald, 150	150
NORFOLK—To Manchester, Nov. 4, Artigas, 150	105
BEAUMONT—To Gdynia, Nov. 3, Taurus, 105 To Nonhoping, Nov. 3, Taurus, 625 To Gothenburg, Nov. 3, Taurus, 136	625
To Gothophyses New 2 Terrens 192	136
CORPUS CHRISTI—To Japan, Nov. 5, Norviken, 1,112	1.112
To China, Nov. 5, Norviken, 261	261
To Havre, Nov. 9, Michigan, 1,156	1.156
To Dunkirk, Nov. 9, Michigan, 866.	866-
Juneur, Mov. 9, Brichigan, Cou	000-

BROWNSVILLE—To Ghent, Nov. 4, Vermont, 200; Nov. 8, Antverpia, 150 To Havre, Nov. 4, Vermont, 3,384; Nov. 8, Antverpia, 500 To Dunkirk, Nov. 4, Vermont, 156; Nov. 8, Antverpia, 711 To Dunkirk, Nov. 4, Vermont, 156; Nov. 8, Antverpia, 711	3.884
SAN FRANCISCO—To Great Britain, (?), 117	867 117
Made 1	50.000

Cotton Freights-Current rates for cotton from New

follows, quo	rnished tations	being in	mbert	& Ba	urrows,	Inc.,	are	2.8
High	ty ard		High Density	Stand- ard			ty ar	
Liverpool .52c. Manchester.52c.		Trieste Fiume	d.45c. d.45c.		Piraeus Salonica	.85c.	1.00	

d Direct st

Liverpool-By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's imports, stocks, &c., at that port:

	Oct. 21	Oct 28	Nov. 4	Nov. 10
Forwarded	41.000	48,000	47,000	45.000
Total stocks	.120,000	1.117.000		976,000
Of which American	548,000	552,000		464,000
Total imports	22,000	50,000	50,000	23,000
Of which American	4,000	37,000	10,000	15,000
Amount afloat	152,000	128,090	138,000	123,000
Of which American	56,000	49,000	59,000	44,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Market, 12:15 P. M.	Quiet.	Quiet.	Quiet.	More demand.	Dull	Steady.
Mid.Upi'ds	5.05d.	5.01d.	5.00d.	5.07d.	5.05d.	5.11d.
Futures Market opened	Quiet; 1 to 3 pts. decline.	St'y; 2 pts. decline to 2 pts. adv.	Steady; 1 to 3 pts. advance.	Steady; 2 to 3 pts. advance.	Quiet; unch. to 1 pt. adv.	Steady; 5 to 6 pts. advance.
Market, 4 P. M.		Barely st'y; 6 to 8 pts. decline.		Q't but st'y 1 to 3 pts. advance.		Steady; 4 to 5 pts advance.

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

Nov. 5	Sat. Mon		n. Tues.		es.	Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
Nov. 11	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close
New Contract	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
December 1938.	4.73		4.67		4.75		4.72		4.74	4.79	4.79
January 1939	4.75	4.72	4.69	4.70	4.77	4.77	4.74	4.75	4.76	4.81	4.81
March	4.77	4.75	4.71	4.72	4.78	4.78	4.76	4.77	4.78	4.82	4.83
May	4.78	4.75	4.71	4.72	4.78	4.79	4.76	4.77	4.78	4.82	4.83
July	4.78	4.75	4.71	4.72	4.77	4.78	4.76	4.76	4.78	4.82	4.82
October	4.70	4.76	4.63	4.63	4.67	4.69	4.66	4.66	4.68	4.72	4.72
December	4.73		4.66		4.70		4.69		4.71		4.75
January 1940	4.75		4.67		4.71		4.70		4.72	4.76	4.76
March	4.77		4.69		4.73		4.72		4.74		4.78

BREADSTUFFS

Thursday Night, Nov. 10, 1938

Flour—Business in the flour trade during the past week has been anything but active. The two holidays of course played its part in this dullness. It is reported that while there is no aggressive buying of flour, there is evidence of a slow but healthy build-up of interest. This, it is hoped, will make itself felt concretely in the near future.

Wheat-On the 5th inst. prices closed 1/8 to 1/2c. net lower. With wheat trading still in the doldrums and speculative activity in the grain market this year at the lowest ebb on record, wheat prices continued today to flucuate nervously in a narrow range. Losses of as much as 34c. early in he session were partly recovered later, but the market closed 1/8 to 1/2c. lower than Friday, after having wavered for hours within a range of only %c. Liverpool failed to follow Friday's upturn of wheat here and closed ¼ to %c. lower, largely because of big wheat clearances from European exporting countries. European markets have been practically demoralized by competitive offerings, and prices abroad are generally lower than in the United States. Washington reports said some opposition had developed to plans for increasing subsidized sales of American wheat abroad.

On the 7th inst. prices closed unchanged to %c. net lower. In the early trading prices registered a loss of %c. Subsequently there was an appreciable rally in which most of the early losses were wiped out and net gains were registered. This turn for the better in wheat was influenced largely by the marked firmness of corn values. With a holiday tomorrow and another Friday, most wheat traders showed themselves averse to aggressive buying or selling. Reports of light frost in Argentina were ignored, and so, too, was word that the Australian new crop of wheat was being further damaged by drought. Some notice was taken of an unofficial prediction the Argentine wheat yield this season would total 307,000,000 bushels.

On the 9th inst. prices closed 1/8c. to 5/8c. net higher. Enlarged European buying, together with soaring of se-

curities, helped to lift wheat prices a full cent at Chicago today, but profit taking later curtailed gains somewhat. was estimated that upward of 2,000,000 bushels of North American wheat had been bought for export the last two days. The greater part was understood to be either afloat or in store abroad, and mostly Canadian. Removal of election uncertainty received considerable notice as a stimulating factor, and so too did steep jumps of Liverpool quotations. The Liverpool market, due unchanged to \(^3/8\) of a cent higher, ended today 1¼ to 2c. up. Adding to the upward trend were crop advices from Argentine showing a continuance of frosts. There were intimations that some United States wheat in the continuance of frosts. United States wheat in storage abroad had been disposed of. Today prices closed 1/4c. to 5/8c. net lower. Trading in this grain was relatively inactive, the trade's attention approximation approximation approximation approximation and the state of the parently being focused on the corn department. Wheat values temporarily sagged ½c. This grain was bearishly affected here by Liverpool quotations lower than due and by improved weather for crops in Argentina and in this country as well. Cables indicated that frost damage to Argentine wheat was negligible. Open interest in wheat totaled 117,144,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BONDED Sat. Mon. 56% 58% 58% 60% 60% 61%

Corn-On the 5th inst. prices closed ¼ to %c. net higher. Corn's strength was attributed to the sharp falling off recently of country commercial offerings, indicating the heavy movement period has passed. Many traders believe new Government loans will result in the holding back of a large quantity of corn. Hedging sales of corn have been comparatively insignificant recently. The Government report scheduled for release next week should help determine the new loan figure. the new loan figure.

On the 7th inst. prices closed ½ to 1c. net higher. Expectation that there would be only a small movement of new corn to terminal points in the near future did much to raise corn prices. Speculative traders took actively to the purchase side, stimulated by reports that most farmers were selling almost no new corn, but were storing it instead. Unfavorable moist weather prevalent throughout the corn belt added to the upward trend of corn. Prices reached the top level for the past two weeks and were holding all the gains when dealings ended. Reports were current that some increase of export demand for corn was noticeable. There was also a sharp drop in volume of rural offerings, and belief appeared general that an unusually large amount of corn would be pledged against Government loans.

On the 9th inst. prices closed \(\frac{1}{4}c. \) to \(\frac{3}{4}c. \) net higher. This grain rose in sympathy with the gains in wheat. The volume of receipts of corn at Chicago appeared to be tapering off, with today's total 346 cars. Today prices closed \(\frac{3}{6}c. \) to \(\frac{1}{8}c. \) net higher. Corn became the star performer today, pushing wheat into the background. Corn values advanced 1 1/8c. a bushel, while wheat suffered slight setbacks. Highest prices for corn since Sept. 30 were reached. Rural offerings of corn were scarce and numerous traders purchased corn futures against sales of wheat. According to some trade estimates circulated, the total of corn sealed for loans from the Government this season was expected to equal or exceed the quantities which would normally move into commercial market channels. It was also pointed out that the feeding of corn promised to be heavier than usual, because of a favorable ratio of corn and livestock prices, and expanding livestock population. Another stimulus was considerable shrinkage of corn receipts here, with today's arrivals only 191 cars. Open interest in corn was 56,858,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
December 45½ 46½ H 46½ 47½ H
March 0 49½ 49½ 0
May 49½ 49½ L 50½ 51½ L
July 50% 51 . 51½ 52½ . Oats -On the 5th inst. prices closed unchanged to \(\frac{1}{2} \)c. up.

This market was quiet, with prices holding steady. 7th inst. prices closed unchanged to 1/4c. up. Trading was light and of a routine character.

On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged to 1½c. higher. Trading was dull, though the undertone of the market was steady. Today prices closed unchanged to 3½c. up. Trading was light and without feature.

DAILY CLOSING	PRICES O	F OAT	S FU	TURE	S IN	CHICA	GO
December		2514	2514	Tues. H O L	Wed. 25 1/2 26 1/4 25 3/4	Thurs. 25 % 26 % 26 %	H
Season's High and December 28 1/2 May 28 July 27 1/4	When Made July 13, 193 July 23, 193	Se S	ason's	Low o	14 S	then Man 16, ept. 6, ect. 18.	ade 1938 1938 1938
DAILY CLOSING	PRICES OF	OATS	FUT	URES	IN I	NINNII	PEG
December		2634		Tues. 27 1/2 28	Wed. 27 % 28 %	Thurs. 27 1/2 27 1/2	

Rye—On the 5th inst. prices closed 4c. off to 4c. up. Trading in this grain was fairly active, with prices irregular. On the 7th inst. prices closed 5c. net lower. This market was heavy today, due to the enlarged visible stocks, traders being influenced in no little measure by the bearish statistics and the generally heavy action of wheat for some time past

On the 9th inst. prices closed $\frac{3}{8}$ c. to $\frac{1}{2}$ c. net higher. This grain was fairly active, with the undertone firm in sympathy with the firmness of wheat. Today prices closed $\frac{5}{8}$ c. net higher. Trading was fairly active, with considerable short covering in evidence. This grain failed to follow wheat, but

was influenced by the firmness of corn.
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN CHICAGO Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
December 41½ 41½ H 41½ 42½ H May 43½ 43½ 0 44 44½ 0 July 44½ 44½ L 44½ L
Season's High and December When Made Season's Low and When Made When Made December 56 ½ July 14, 1938 December 39 ½ Sept. 7, 1938 May 53 ½ July 25, 1938 May 41 ½ Sept. 7, 1938 July 45 ½ Oct. 27, 1938 July 44 ½ Nov. 7, 1938
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN WINNIPEG Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. 38% 37½ 38½ 39½ 39¼ H May 41½ 41% 0
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BARLEY FUTURES IN WINNIPEG Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
December 34 1/4 33 1/4 33 1/4 33 1/4 33 1/4 33 1/4 34 1/4 35 1/4
FLOUR
Spring Pat. high protein 4.90@5.10 Rye flour patents 3.50@3.60

Spring patents4.45@4.65 Clears, first spring4.00@4.25 Hard winter straights4.30@4.50	Rye flour patents 3.50 @3.60 Seminola, bbi., Nos. 1-3.5.15 @5.25 Oats good 2.35 Oorn flour 1.90 Barley goods 3.25 Fancy pearl. (New) Nos. 1.2-0,3-0.2 4.50 @5.00

	GR	AIN	
Wheat, New York— No. 2 red, c.i.f., domestic Manitoba No. 1, f.o.b. N Y.	783	Oats, New York— No. 2 white— Rye, United States C. I. F Barley, New York—	3614 59%
No. 2 vellow all rail	6136	40 lbs. feeding	51 % 33-66

All the statements below regarding the movement of grain—receipts, exports, visible supply, &c.—are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ended last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
DATE OF STREET	bbls.196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs
Chicago	194,000	389,000	6.016.000	244.000	9.000	319,000
Minneapolis		1.083,000	1,779,000	246.000	138,000	617,000
Duluth	75 11 11 11 11	1.234.000	374,000	113.000	121,000	271,000
Milwaukee.	21.000	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	349,000	15.000	4,000	325,000
Toledo		76,000	342,000	69,000	5,000	
Indianapolis		33.000	862.000	70,000	8,000	
St. Louis	124.00C	167.000	817.000	36,000	11,000	37,000
Peoria	40,000	11.000	724.000	40,000	28,000	30,000
Kansas City	23,000	1.492.000	913.000	36,000		
Omaha		213.000	1.489,000	30,000		
St. Joseph.		66,000	195,000	93,000		
Wichita		271,000				
Sioux City.	29,270	14.000	54.000	2.000	16.000	8,000
Buffalo		2,488,000	2,147,000	404,000	140,000	361,000
Tot. wk. '38	402.000	7,537,000	16.061.000	1,398,000	480.000	1,968,000
Same wk '37		7.892.000	12,750,000	2,375,000	337.000	3.032.000
Same wk '36		4,265,000	3,624,000	608,000	259,000	1,678,000
Since Aug. 1	o American			100000	100	The state of
1938	6.113.000	165,180,000	105,665,000	49.547.000	14.565.000	45,412,000
1937		158,769,000	48.823.000			40.959.000
1936		109,350,000			7.098.000	

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, Nov. 5, 1938, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs
New York.	185.000	173,000	62,000	13,000	*****	
Philadel'ia	37,000	18,000	38,000	10,000		
Baltimore	14,000	9,000	35,000	45,000	29,000	*****
New Orl'ns* Galveston	24,000	153,000 233,000	205,000 3,000	21,000		
Montreal	49.000	1.905,000	105.000	381,000	17,000	654,000
Sorel	20,000	460,000	200,000	002,000	21,000	278,000
Boston	19,000	200,000	100000	2,000		2,0,000
Halifax	2.000			0.		
Ft. William	2,000				54,000	
Three Riv's		56,000	28,000			1,909,000
Total wk '38	330,000	3,007,000	476,000	472,000	100,000	2,841,000
Since Jan. 1 '38	12,213,000	114,304,000	84,766,000	6,400,000	3,115,000	21,639,000
Week 1937.	317,000	3,172,000	329,000	316,000	225,000	330,000
Since Jan. 1 '37	11,937,000	78,361,000	28,470,000	5.081.000	5,533,000	9,000,000

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, Nov. 5, 1938, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
	Bushels	Bushels	Barrels	Bushels	Buchels	Bushels
New York	297.000		55.671			31,000
Albany	200,000					
Philadelphia	16,000		*****			
Baltimore	*****	*****	1.000			
Houston	305.000				*****	
Sorel	460.000		*****	******		278,000
New Orleans	313.000	232,000				*****
Galveston	484,000		*****			
Montreal	1,905,000	105.000	49,000	381,000	17,006	654,000
Halifax			2,000			
Ft. William					54.000	
Three Rivers	56,000	28,000	*****			1,109,000
Total week 1938	4.066.000	365,000	107.671	381.000	71.000	2.072.000
Same week 1937	3.758.000	83.000	122,940	199,000	186,000	

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1938, is as below:

Panesta for Week	Flour		W)	heat	Corn		
Exports for Week and Since July 1 to—	Week Nov. 4, 1938	Since July 1, 1938	Week Nov. 4, 1938	Since July 1, 1938	Week Nov. 4, 1938	Since July 1, 1938	
United Kingdom.	Barrels 44,840 27,831	Barrels 77,631 257,988	Bushels 2,169,000	Bushels 37,453,000		Bushels 25,172,000	
So. & Cent. Amer. West Indies	9,500 21,500	201,000 451,000	1,889,000 8,000	29,393,000 129,000 17,000	79,000	22,439,000 3,000	
Brit. No. Am. Col. Other countries	2,000	27,000 66,904		254,000		100,000	
Total 1938	107.671 122.940	1,777,523 1,827,185		67.246.000 46.415.000	365,000 82,000	47,714,000 613,000	

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, Nov. 5, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOC	KS		
United States-	Wheat Bushels	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Barley Bushels
New York	24,000	22,000	5.000	3.000	
Philadelphia	755,000	52,000	27,000	7.000	1.000
Baltimore	1.055,000	39,000		32,000	
New Orleans		367,000	98,000	20,000	
Galveston	4.554.000	9,000			4.000
Fort Worth	7,429,000	304,000		37,000	
Wichita				2,000	
Hutchinson					
St. Joseph		420,000	131,000	10-	9.000
Kansas City		1,000,000		310,000	
Omaha		4.917.000		146,000	
Sioux City		742,000		91,000	
St. Louis				21,000	
Indianapolis		899,000			-
Peoria		213,000			69,000
Chicago		11.870,000		1.184.000	
" afloat		1,691,000		-1-0-1000	,00,000
On Lakes		1.250.000		204,000	
Milwaukee		2.022.000		13,000	2.038,000
Minneapolis		2.319.000		3,604,000	5,037,000
Duluth		800,000	6.368.000	1.879,000	2.354,000
Detroit		2,000		2.000	170,000
Buffalo		3,455,000		724,000	727,000
" afloat		-,,	422,000	85,000	127,000
On Canal		1,093,000			
Total Nov 5 1029	196 027 000	25 175 000	21 244 000	0 204 000	19 000 000

Total Nov. 5 1938...126,037,000 35,175,000 21,244,000 8,364,000 12,969,000 Total Oct. 29 1938...126,021,000 24,674,000 21,574,006 8,411,000 13,018,000 Total Nov. 6 1937...118,961,000 9,179,000 25,573,000 6,211,000 9,970,000 Note—Bonded grain not included above: Oats—On Lakes, 230,000 bushels; total, 230,000 bushels, against 133,000 bushels in 1937. Barley—Albany, 107,000 bushels; Duluth, 61,000; on Lakes, 797,000; total, 965,000 bushels, against 1,110,000 bushels in 1937. Wheat—New York, 574,000 bushels; New York afloat, 58,000; Philadelphia, 10,000; Buffalo, 564,000; Buffalo afloat, 948,000; Eric, 1,509,000; on Lakes, 6,059,000; on Canal, 312,000; Albany, 1,093,000; total, 11,127,000 bushels, against 5,954,000 bushels in 1937.

5,954,000 bushels in 1937. Canadian—	Wheat	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Barley Bushels
Lake, bay, river & seab'd 2 Ft. William & Pt. Arthur 4 Other Can. & other elev. 106	1,000,000 1,163,000		1,392,000 1,582,000 6,240,000	296,000 739,000 883,000	L. Though Street
Total Oct. 29 1938 168	9,057,000 8,228,000 8,445,000		9,214,000 8,909,000 10,832,000	1,918,000 1,960,000 1,268,000	8,347,000 7,673,000 11,861,000
	6,037,000 9,057,000		21,244,000 9,214,000	8,364,000 1,918,000	12,969,000 8,347,000
			30,458,000 30,483,000		

Total Nov. 6 1937...187,406,000 9,179,000 36,405,000 7,479,000 21,831,000 The world's shipment of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ended Nov. 4, and since July 1, 1938, and July 1, 1937, are shown in the following:

		Wheat			Corn	
Exports	Week Nov. 4, 1938	Since July 1, 1938	Since July 1, 1937	Week Nov. 4, 1938	Since July 1. 1938	Since July 1, 1937
No. Amer.	Bushels 6,193,000	Bushels 89,308,000	Bushels 60,237,000	Bushels 371,000	Bushels 50.196.000	Bushels 508.000
Black Sea. Argentina.	1,672,000 1,011,000	43,904,000 22,775,000	39,730,000 14,978,000	34,000 2,386,000	1,723,000	2,775,000 137,207,000
Australia .	492,000	34,131,000	25,180,000	2,000,000	03,222,000	137,207,000
India Other		7,344,000	9,152,000	770757		3
countries	1,920,000	9,736,000	8,696,000	1,054,000	18,187,000	39,278,000
Total	11,288,000	207,198,000	157,973,000	3,845,000	133,328,000	179,768,000

CCC Loans on Wheat Through Nov. 3 Aggregated \$19,183,309 on 32,152,061 Bushels—Announcement was made on Nov. 4 by the Commodity Credit Corporation that "Advices of Wheat Loans" received by it through Nov. 3 showed loans disbursed by the Corporation and held by lending agencies on 32,152,061 bushels of wheat, aggregating \$19,183,309.41, averageing \$0.596 per bushel.

Figures showing the number of bushels on which loans have been made, by States, are:

State-	Form A Bushels	Form B Bushels	State	Form A Bushels	Form B Bushels
Arkansas		485	State— New Mexico	Busnets	2,755
Colorado	239,978	116.255	North Dakota	633.628	
Idaho		1,614,973	Ohio	54,099	
Illinois	93,448		Oklahoma	318,728	2,686,115
Indiana			Oregon	53,334	3,256,059
Iowa			South Dakota	874,421	
Kansas	2,128,752	2,461,407	Tennessee	200.000	104,486
Kentucky Maryland		153,741	Texas	33,035	1,191,621
Michigan		6.577	Utah Virginia		200,028 13,162
Minnesota	779.327	1,473,836	Washington		1.288,131
Missouri	14,693		Wisconsin		2.085
Montana			Wyoming	88,395	
Nebraska				00,000	

Weather Report for the Week Ended Nov. 8-The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Nov. 8, follows:

general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Nov. 8, follows:

The dominant weather control for the week, as during much of the present fall season, was an abnormally stagnant condition in barometric pressure. A "high" presisted throughout the period over the more eastern states with relatively low pressure over the interior, resulting in warm southerly winds in the East and colder polar-source air over western sections. As a result, one of the warmest November weeks of record was experienced on most behavior of the country. In the East the weekly mean temperatures ranged up to 17 deg. above normal, while in considerable western areas they were 6 to 9 deg. subnormal.

Between the Mississippi Valley and Rocky Mountains there was a general freeze, with the line of minimum temperature of 32 deg. extending into Louisiana and to San Antonio. Texas, a good many stations in the interior was 4 deg. above zero at Yellowstone Park. Wyo., on Nov. 6, while in some Canadian provinces to the northward, below zero readings were recorded. East of the Mississippi River freezing weather was confined to extreme northern localities, except in New York and northeastern Pennsylvania.

An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the week's weather was confined to extreme northern localities, except in New York and northeastern Pennsylvania.

An outstanding feature of the week's weather was the widespread, sub-An outstanding feature of the feature of the feature of the feature of the f

Vanced in Texas.

Corn.—Rains of the week caused some interruption to husking and cribbing corn, but gathering the crop is well advanced, in most sections ahead of an average season. In Illinois more than half has been cribbed; about two-thirds in Missouri; 50 to 90% in Kansas, and husking is about one-half done in Iowa.

Cotton—Picking and ginning cotton continued in northern sections of the belt where harvest has not been completed, but because of rain of other uniavorable conditions work was less active than in recent weeks. In general very little cotton remains to be picked.

In general very little cotton remains to be picked.

Miscellaneous—Minor crops had a generally favorable week in most sections, although inclement weather stopped farm work and retarded crop growth in portions of the upper Mississippi Valley, Idaho, Utah, and Arizona. Sugar beet and potato harvests are well along generally and are rapidly nearing completion in most northern districts. Beneficial rains in eastern and southern sections were especially favorable, with minor crops, truck, and vegetables showing good response.

More rain is needed from Indiana and West Virginia southward to Mississippi and Georgia to replenish water supplies and revive pasturage; in portions of this area livestock are on full feed. Rain is also needed in portions of California and Arizona where pastures are dry; in the latter State cattle shipments are heavy due to drought conditions. Elsewhere, pastures and ranges improved considerably and livestock are generally good. Snows of the week drove cattle to lower elevations in Colorado, and snow-covered ranges in several western States necessitated an increase in yard feeding. in yard feeding.

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

Alabama—Montgomery: Warm; mostly light rains insufficient to moisten soil for plowing, but improved condition for germination in scattered localities where planting possible.

Mississippi—Vicksburg: Rainy periods Friday and Monday very beneficial, but somewaht insufficient locally, especially in southeast. Generally warm, except rapid decrease to subnormal Monday; no appreciable damage. Harvesting operations completed. Pastures poor, but improving slowly.

Louisiana—New Orleans: Moderate to heavy rains beginning and near close beneficial; soil moisture now ample most sections. Cover crops, truck, and pastures greatly helped. Good progress harvesting rice and cane; rice harvest about over. Near freezing locally in north at close; not damaging. Colder weather beneficial to cane.

Tens—Houston: About-normal warmth; freezing in north and west at close. Heavy rains in east, north-central, and middle coast districts, light to moderate in Panhandle and south, but only light and scattered elsewhere. Practically all cotton picked, except scraps. Progress and

condition of winter wheat good in Panhandle, but elsewhere ground mostly too dry for germination, although some improvement noted following rains; still awaiting rain for planting. Truck and ranges benefited by rain in east and middle coast districts, but elsewhere more needed. Rice harvest well advanced, but delayed by rain during week. Cattle fair to good. Oklahoma—Oklahoma City: Warm first part, cold last 3 days, with freezing general at end; light to moderate rains in Panhandle, but heavy elsewhere, with amounts of 1.25 to more than 4 inches. Rains very beneficial; stock water replenished; ground good shape to plow. Condition of winter wheat poor, but improvement should follow rain; much planting and replanting remains and this work will be rushed. Livestock fair; native pastures probably will not improve, but rains removed fire hazard. Arkansas—Little Rock: Cotton picking progressed rapidly first 2 days little picked thereafter due rains and unpleasant weather, but about completed, except scrapping. Corn being gathered rapidly. Rains favorable for planting and growth of wheat, oats, rye, turnips, and winter truck; pastures, orchards, grapes, and strawberries also helped.

Tennessee—Nashville: Harvesting continued first part under favorable conditions. Rains on 2 days highly beneficial; will hasten fall plowing and seeding, and cause germination of seed. Rains too late to prevent widespread damage to young growth of grains and clovers, which show poor stands. Forest fires stopped, but water supply for livestick still short.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Thursday Night, Nov. 10, 1938

Cooler temperatures, making their appearance during the latter part of the period under review, exerted a stimulating influence on retail trade, notably in the apparel divisions where pent-up requirements of consumers were reflected in accelerated buying. The sharp rise in the security markets following upon the outcome of the elections, also served to improve sentiment. For the week ended Oct. 29, sales of department stores the country over, according to the report of the Federal Reserve Board, were 5% below the corresponding week of last year. For stores in New York and Brooklyn the Federal Reserve Bank of New York recorded a loss in the dollar volume amounting to 10.1%.

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets while still

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets, while still reflecting the cautious attitude of both wholesalers and reflecting the cautious attitude of both wholesalers and retailers, nevertheless showed some improvement, as merchants placed additional orders for holiday goods. Prices ruled steady, and the tight delivery situation prevailing in sheets and wide sheetings, was reported to have spread to other lines. While the volume of wholesale business heretofore left much to be desired, sentiment took on a more confident tone as it was felt that a pickup in consumer buying confident tone as it was felt that a pickup in consumer buying will quickly be followed by additional orders on holiday goods, and for January promotions. Business in silk goods was less active than heretofore, and prices followed a slightly easier trend. Trading in rayon yarns broadened perceptibly, with the finer counts attracting most attention. decline in surplus stocks was reported, but with the latter now totaling less than two months' supply, and with current shipments held fully able to absorb the present output, the statistical position of the industry continued to be regarded as highly satisfactory.

Domestic Cotton Goods—Trading in the gray cloths markets started the period under review in its previous desultory fashion, with some further selling of print cloths at concessions being reported. Following the outcome of the elections, trading broadened considerably, and prices recovered previous losses. Determining factors were the advance in the security markets, a rally in raw cotton prices. substantial purchases by Government agencies for relief purposes, and confident predictions that the advent of cooler temperatures will soon be followed by an accelerated movement of finished goods in distributive channels. Business in fine goods gave indications of an early revival as an increasing number of inquiriés for sizable quantities of lawns and broadcloths, for delivery through the first quarter of 1939, came into the market, although few actual transactions materialized because of the refusal of mills to concede the lower price bids. Voiles and marquisettes continued to move in fair volume. Closing prices in print cloths were as follows: 39-inch 80s, 63/8 to 61/2c.; 39-inch 72-76s, 6c.; 39-inch 68-72s, 51/4c.; 381/2-inch 64-60s, 43/8 to 41/2c.; 381/2-inch 60-48s. 37/8 to 4c. inch 60-48s, 3 1/8 to 4c.

Woolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabrics continued active, with prices again following an advancing trend. Spurred by the threat of further markups in quotations, buyers continued to place substantial forward orders on a substantial forward orders on a substantial forward orders. buyers continued to place substantial forward orders on a variety of materials, notably in spring suitings, tropical worsteds and gabardines. Mill operations were further accelerated, and the total backlog of unfilled orders was reported to approach 30,000,000 yards. Reports from retail clothing centers made an improved showing during the latter part of the week, as lower temperatures began to cause the release of deferred consumer buying of seasonal apparel items. Business in women's wear goods, while not as active as the men's wear division, gave indications of an early broadening in buying activities. Sampling of the new lines of fabrics proceeded at a livelier pace, and it was expected that the likelihood of higher prices would soon cause garment manufacturers to enter the market on a broad scale.

Foreign Dry Goods-Trading in linens was slightly more active as numerous small orders on holiday items came into the market. Increased interest for dress goods and suitings for the winter resort and cruise trade also helped to improve sentiment. Business in burlap remained inactive, although towards the end of the week a slightly better tone developed following reports from Calcutta that a movement for further curtailment of burlap production by Indian mills was under discussion. Domestically lightweights were quoted at 3.75c., heavies at 5.05c.

State and City Department

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MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN OCTOBER

Long-term financing by States and municipalities during the month of October involved the public sale of a large the month of October involved the public sale of a large number of issues amounting in the grand aggregate to \$102,-927,378. This is in contrast with disposals of only \$74,-287,561 in the previous month and, moreover, the recent month's total was the largest recorded since last June, when the awards footed up to \$144,071,403. As shown in the tabulation given below, a considerable number of the October borrowings included specific issues in amounts of \$1,000,000 or in excess of that sum. The two largest flotations, incidentally, were originally held by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and consisted of the \$10,000,000 Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission bonds and the \$7,-900,000 Utica, N. Y., obligations. Acquisition of these loans by investment bankers for public distribution illustrates the highly favorable market conditions which prevailed for tax-exempt securities last month. Conditions in vailed for tax-exempt securities last month. Conditions in the earlier month were not so propitious solely because of the earlier month were not so propitious solely because of the extreme nervousness registered in security markets generally throughout the European war crisis. Removal of the possibility of armed conflict in Europe, through con-clusion of the so-called Munich pact, was followed by the swift return of investor confidence in this country. In connection with the Turnpike Commission bonds, it is to be noted that the remaining \$25,000,000 of the total auth-orized issue of \$35,000,000 are still held by the RFC. In accordance with our usual practice, we shall defer inclusion accordance with our usual practice, we shall defer inclusion of this block in our municipal borrowing figures pending their acquisition by investment banks for offering to the

public.

A further point of interest in connection with borrowings last month concerns the strikingly large amount of loans put out in connection with the joint financing of a wide variety of public works by municipalities and the Public Works Administration. Aside from the fact that no less than 517 separate communities came into the market during that period, analysis of the month's awards discloses that of the grand total of \$102,927,378 bonds actually sold, only \$2,-166,600 was made up of loans for refunding purposes.

Issues of \$1,000,000 or more included in the month's output are summarized herewith. In this connection it is to be noted that we were obliged to eliminate from the record the sale on Oct. 24 of \$6,000,000 New York City 4½% assessment bonds, owing to the belated discovery by city officials of an irregularity with regard to the interest rate fixed on the loan when originally issued to the sinking funds. The matter was explained in detail in an item appearing in the New York State section of the regular municipal news the New York State section of the regular municipal news columns in V. 147, p. 2898.

\$10,000,000 Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission, Pa., 3½% highway revenue bonds purchased from the RFC at 95.50, by a syndicate managed jointly by B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., and E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., both of New York. Due Aug. 1, 1968 and callable in whole or in part prior to maturity on a varying price scale, depending on option date exercised by the Turnpike Commission. The bankers reoffered the obligations to investors at a price of par and accrued interest.

investors at a price of par and accrued interest.

7,900,000 Utica, N. Y., water revenue bonds, consisting of \$5,640,000
2%s, due serially from 1940 to 1966 incl., and \$2,260,000
2.60s, maturing from 1967 to 1973 incl. (the last four maturities are callable beginning Oct 1, 1948), were purchased from the RFC by a banking group headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York, at a price of 101, a basis of about 2.637%. The 23/s were reoffered on a yield basis of from 0.80% to 2.60%; in the case of the 2.60s the 1967 to 1969 maturities were priced at par and the balance at 99. Bonds were issued to provide for acquisition by the city of the water supply facilities of the Consolidated Water Co. of Utica.

6,000,000 Maryland (State of) bridge revenue bonds were contracted for during the month by Alex. Brown & Sons, Balitmore; First Boston Corp., and B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., both of New York. Publicly offered bearing 3½% interest at a price of 99 and accrued interest. Due Oct. 1, 1968.

4,620,000 North Carolina (State of) impt. bonds, due from 1940 to 1949 incl., were awarded to Kirchofer & Arnold of Raleigh group of North Carolina banks. Successful bid was a of 100.47 for a combination of 2 4s and 2s, figuring a nterest cost to the State of 2.073%. The entire issue, a was scaled to yield from 0.75% to 2.05%, according to and maturity, was subscribed for by the group of local

2,000,000 Rochester

\$2,900,000 South Carolina (State of) highway certificates of indebtedness, due annually from 1940 to 1945 incl., were awarded to the Chase National Bank of New York and associates as 2s at 100.299, a basis of about 1.93%. Reoffered to yield from 1% to 2.25%, according to maturity.

2,000,000 Board of Supervisors of Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College. La., 4½% construction and addition bonds were publicly offered by Scharff & Jones of New Orleans and associates. Due from 1941 to 1958 incl.

& Jones of New Orleans and associates. Due from 1941 to 1958 incl.

1,894,000 Cleveland, Ohio, various purposes bonds were taken from the municipal sinking funds and sold to an account managed by Smith, Barney & Co., New York, at a price of 107.967. The financing comprised three series of limited and unlimited tax obligations, bearing interest rates of 4% and 4½%, and maturing from 1941 to 1952 incl. Public reoffering was made on a yield basis of from 2% to 3.10%.

1.861,000 Yonkers, N. Y., various purposes bonds were sold to Lehman Bros. of New York and associates on their bid of 100.10 for \$1.061,000 3.40s and \$800,000 3s, or a net interest basis of about 3.11%. They mature annually from 1939 to 1961 incl., and were reoffered to yield from 1.125% to 3.10%, according to coupon rate and date of maturity.

1.650,000 Rockford School District No. 205, Ill., 2.10% construction bonds, due yearly from 1939 to 1958 incl., were awarded to a group managed by the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, at a price of 100.309. Reoffered to yield from 1.40% to 2.10%, according to maturity.

1.650,000 Rock Island, Ill., sewerage revenue bonds were sold to C. W. McNear & Co. of Chicago. Further details not available as yet.

1,346,000 Davenport Independent School District, Iowa, 2% building bonds were sold to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, and associates, at 100.276, a basis of about 1.97%. Reoffered to yield from 1% to 2%, according to maturity, the schedule of payments being yearly from 1942 to 1958 incl.

1,188,000 Cambridge, Mass., 2% impt. bonds were sold to a group headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York, at 101.168, a basis of about 1.86%. The bonds are due serially from 1939 to 1958, incl., and were reoffered by the banking group to yield from 0.25% to 2.10%, according to maturity.

1,000,000 Buffalo Sewer Authority, N. Y., series F sewer bonds were sold to B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., New York, and associates as 3½s at 96.60, a basis of about 3.54%. The bonds, due serially from 1940 to 1964 incl., were publicly offered to yield from 2% to 3.40%, according to maturity.

1,000,000 Louisiana (State of) highway bonds were awarded to an account managed by Newman, Harris & Oo. of New Orleans as 3s, 3½s and 3½s, at 100.057, a net interest cost of about 3.40%. The \$4,000,000 highway bonds of 1942-1960, offered at the same time, were not sold as the State rejected ali bids submitted for the series.

1,000,000 Orleans Parish, La., school bonds were purchased by the Equitable Securities (Gerp. Newbylle, and associates as 2.46

1,000,000 Orleans Parish, La., school bonds were purchased by the Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville, and associates as 31/s and 31/s at par, a net interest cost of about 3.337%. Due serially from 1939 to 1967 incl.

1,000,000 Seattle, Wash., 4¼% municipal light and power revenue bonds, due from 1949 to 1968 incl., and callable beginning Oct. 1, 1943, were purchased by the Bancamerica-Blair Corp. of New York and associates. Reoffered to yield from 4.25% to 4.50%, according to maturity.

The following is a record of the issues which were not sold, for various reasons, during October. There are 31 separate loans and the aggregate par value is \$7,363,800. Page number of the "Chronicle" is given for reference pur-

pos	0S:			
Page	Name In	at. Rate	Amount	Report
2427		x	\$27.500	Bids rejected
2737	Clallam Co. S. D. No. 7, Wash_not	exc. 6%	48,000	Not sold
2575	aCoatesville S. D., Panot	exc. 314%	300,000	Sale postponed
2897	Columbus Separate S. D., Missnot	exc. 6%	150,000	Bids rejected
2899	bFredericktown, Ohio		48,000	Sale postponed
0000	Gilliam County H. S. D., Ore	2%	16,500	Sale postponed
2574	cHarbor S. D., Ohionot	exc. 6%	8.000	Offering canceled
2566	Harrisburg, Ill	x	20,000	Offering canceled
2899		exc. 4%	58,000	Sale postponed
2729		exc. 6%	360,000	Offering canceled
2568		exc. 6%	180,000	Bids rejected
2276	Jennings, Lanot	exc. 6%	270,000	Bids rejected
2274		METTER L	16732	Continue A Property and
1000	hattan Beach City S. D.) not		20,000	Bids rejected
	dLouisiana (State of)not	exc. 4%	4,000,000	Bids rejected
2731	Mahnomen County Ind. S. D.			THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF
-	No. 1, Minnnot	exc. 3%	50,000	Offering canceled
2737	Marshall, Texas		200,000	Sale postponed
2284	North Fond du Lac, Wis 33		40,000	No bids
2902	Pierce Co. S. D. No. 204, Wash. not		77,000	Sale postponed
2731	eRamsey County, Minnnot		435.000	Sale postponed
2568	Rapides Parish S. D. No. 1, La. not		100,000	Bids rejected
2568	Red River Parish S.D. No.1, La_not		174,000	Bids rejected
2426	Royal Oak Township, Michnot	exc. 6%	160,000	No bids
2566	Sacramento County, Calif. (Del			The second second
	Paso Heights S. D.)not		5,500	No bids
2568	St. Francisville, Lanot	exc. 6%	25,000	No bids
2433	Sharpsburg, Pa	I	85,000	Bids unopened
2274	Solano County, Calif (Dixon	Calendar Ph	***	711
-	Union H. S. D.)not		110,000	Bids rejected
2575		X	12,500	No bids
		4%	138,800	Sale postponed
3049	Welsh, Lanot		70,000	No bids
2729	West Carroll Parish S. D., La.	1	140,000	Bids rejected
2572	West Wildwood, N. Jnot	exc. 6%	35,000	No bids

x Rate of interest was optional with the bidder. a New offering date is Nov. 15 b New bids on Nov. 26. c PWA declined to approve grant for project. d State awarded only \$1,000,000 of the total offering of \$5,000,000 bonds. e New sale date is Nov. 9. f Bonds reoffered for sale on Nov. 12.

The appearance of the State of New York in the market for short-term credit was responsible in considerable measure for the large amount of temporary financing negotiated by States and municipalities during the month of October. The operation by the State involved the disposal of \$100,000,000 notes carrying an interest rate of 0.25% and maturing May 11, 1939. The rate equaled the lowest cost paid by the State on borrowings in the public market. The City of New York also contributed heavily to the month's total, having borrowed \$30,000,000 on a temporary basis. Then, too, the State of California accounted for about \$10,000,000 through the sale of several series of warrants. Other large emissions were placed by Milwaukee County, Wis., and San Francisco, Calif. The low interest cost on municipal loans continues to emphasize the keen competition for such issues among banks and other institutions seeking som

medium of investment for their heavy excess of cash requirements.

requirements.

Sales of Canadian municipal bond issues during the month of October reached \$60,769,063, virtually all of which was accounted for by three of the Provinces. The largest project was undertaken by the Province of Quebec, which sold an issue of \$30,000,000 2½s and 3s. Next in size was an offering of \$15,000,000 3s by the Province of Ontario, while the third undertaking involved the disposal of \$4,567,000 3½s by the Province of Nova Scotia. The Ontario Government accounted for an additional \$10,000,000 of the month's output, having sold two-year Treasury bills in that amount. None of these issues was placed in the United States. Temporary Canadian financing consisted of the sale of \$55,000,000 Treasury bills by the Dominion Government. No United States Possession financing was completed in the United States during October. An offering of \$500,000 4% Honolulu, Hawaii, water revenue bonds failed to attract any bids from the banking interests in this country or in Honolulu. from the banking interests in this country or in Honolulu.

The following is a comparison of all the various forms of loans put out in October of the last rive years:

	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934
Permanent loans 10	02,927,378	28,097,090	83.194.067	71.816.034	42,748,755
*Temp.loans (U. S.)14	7.477.500	27,976,354	7.566.041	126,667,500	65,421,900
Temp. I'ns (Canada) &	55,000,000	50,000,000	55,000,000	40,000,000	None
Canada loans(perm.)	THE SHALL S	A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF			
Placed in U. S.	None	None	None	None	None
Placed in Canada.	0.769.063	265,048	56.854,900	408,900	250,210,500
Bds. of U. S. Poss'ns	1.0000	A DO THE REAL			3111 1335
and Territories	None	4.800.000	None	4,948,000	None
Gen.fd.bds.(N.Y.C.)	None	None	None	None	None
The second secon					

Total......366,173,941 111,138,492 202,615,008 243,840,434 358,381 * Including temporary securities is ued by New York City: \$30,000,000 in 1938; \$13,000,000 in 1937; none in 1936; \$50.000,000 in 1935, and \$60,825,000 in 1934.

The number of municipalities in the United States emitting long-term bonds and the number of separate issues made during October, 1938, were 517 and 611, respectively. This contrasts with 445 and 520 for September, 1938 and 307 and 339 for October, 1937.

For comparative purposes we add the following table, showing the aggregate disposals of long-term obligations by States and municipalities in the United States for October

and the 10 months for a series of years.

	Month of October	For the 10 Months		Month of October	For the 10 Months	
1938	\$102.927.378	\$800,626,171	1924	\$92,079,368		
1937	28.097.090	769,778,618	1923	84,988,615	859,952,400	
1936	83.194.067	955.500.882	1922	71,333,536	990,188,429	
1935	71,816,034	973,869,107	1921	114,098,373	868,392,996	
1934	42,748,755	725.660.514	1920	80,933,284	570,109,507	
1933	55,917,492	392,580,167	1919	62,201,397	581,871,151	
1932	43,763,719	701,938,924	1918	6,609,205	245,789,038	
1931	16.127.447	1.156,129,993	1917	24,750,015	402,828,039	
1930	155,536,473	1,211,857,702	1916	34,160,231	402,548,332	
1929	118,736,328	1.055,135,088	1915	28,332,219	434,829,036	
1928	99,233,455	1,094,074,433	1914	15,126,967	423,171,790	
1927	118,521,264	1,297,029,358	1913	39,698,091	327,902,805	
1926	102,883,400	1.149,105,018	1912	27,958,999	345,871,920	
1925	79,237,656	1,174,724,056	1911	26,588,621	341,092,191	

We present herewith our detailed list of the municipal

bond issues put out during the n				
Page Name Rate 2896 Adrian City S. D., Mich		Amount	Price	Basis
2890 Adrian City S. D., Mich.	1939-1943	\$75,000	100.29	1.38
2284 Afton, Wyo	1939-1948	30,000 100,000	100.02	1.49
2426 Aitkin S D No 1 Minn		68,750		
2578 Albany Co. S. D. No. 1, Wyo 2%	1958-1963	\$250,000	101.28	2.63
2511 Albion, Neb	1948-1958	dr52,000		
2898 Alden S. D. 10, N. Y	1939-1953	15,000	100.25	2.47
	1939-1958	192,500		
2900 Ambler, Pa	1939-1943	75,000	100.29	1.38
2900 Ambier, Pa		745,000		
2737 Angleton Ind. S. D., Texas	1939-1948	27,500 100,000	99.65	4.07
2570 Anoka S D Minn 2	1940-1949	78,000	100.70	1.88
2726 Arkansas (State of)4	1940-1958	250,000	100	4.00
2424 Arthur Ind. S. D., Iowa3	1940-1956	12,000	100	3.00
2270 Auburn N V	1939-1943	65,000		0.95
2728 Audubon County, Iowa 134 2737 Aurora County, S. Dak 334 2734 Barberton City S. D., Ohlo 3	1939-1947	73,000	100.41	1.67
2737 Aurora County, S. Dak	1940-1950	d22,000		
2734 Barberton City S. D., Ohio3	1939-1949	375,000	100.25	
2431 Bartlesville S. D., Okia 3.20 2279 Barton S. D. No. 7, N. Y 2.40 2279 Batavia, N. Y 1.70	1942-1958	134,100	100.00	
2279 Barton S. D. No. 7, N. Y2.40	1939-1958	174,350	100.33	2.36
2729 Batavia, N. 1	1939-1948 1958	96,000	100.16	1.67
2560 Bay City Mich 114	1940-1944	75,000 30,000	107.58 100.06	2.51 1.48
2737 Redford County Tenn 24	1939-1963	228,000	100.89	2.67
2737 Beilingham, Wash	2-20 yrs.	200,000	100.14	
2569 Bay City, Mich	1941-1957	40,000	100	2.25
2570 Belzonia, Miss6		24,000	100	6.00
2431 Rend Ore 314	1941-1946	416,000	100.08	3.47
2566 Berkeley, Calif	1939-1943	197,500	100.01	
2729 Bienville Parish S. D. No. 2, La 5	1939-1953	30,000	100	5.00
2738 Big Horn Co. S. D. 3, Wyo31/2	1010 1000	14,000	100 40	
2433 Big Spring, Texas	1959-1968	d275,000	100.48	3.71
2424 Bloomfield Ind. S. D., Iowa		50,000		
Agric.'& Mech. College, La41/4	1941-1958	2.000.000		
2728 Boone, Iowa21/4	1942-1958	198,000	100.25	2.23
2728 Boone, Jowa	1939-1944	30,000	100.76	2.27
2274 Bonners Ferry, Idaho		99,000	100.40	
2279 Bound Brook, N. J3	1939-1956	18,000	100.50	2.94
2282 Bradford Co. Inst. Dist., Pa0.50	1940-1941	60,000	100	0.50
2278 Braham, Minn3	1943-1957	9,000	100 10	0.00
2278 Braham, Minn	1939-1943 1940-1949	5,000 140,000	100.10 100.04	2.23
2570 Brentwood S. D., Mo	1940-1949	49,500	100.04	4.01
2800 Browster S D Ohlo	1940-1954	12,000		
2282 Bristol S. D., Pa	1939-1963	25,000	100.60	2.20
2282 Rristol S. D. Pa. 234 2425 Brockton, Mass. 134 2428 Brockhayen, N. Y. 2.60	1939-1948	125,000	100.76	1.60
2428 Brookhaven, N. Y	1941-1975	120,000	100.22	2.59
2201 Druwii-Zaieski B. D., Oliiu		35,000		
2728 Buchanan County, Iowa	1939-1948	110,000	100.68	1.62
2572 Buffalo Sewer Authority, N. Y314	1940-1964	1,000,000	96.60	3.54
2568 Burlington, Mass. (2 issues) 21/4	1939-1958	86,000	100.16	1.90
2732 Busti S. D. I, N. Y 2 2568 Caddo Parish S. D. 5, La. 2.20	1939-1948 1939-1942	46,750 125,000	100.53 100.002	2.19
2568 Calcasieu Parish La	1939-1958	250,000	100.002	2.13
2568 Calcasieu Parish, La	1939-1968	66,000	101.85	2.60
2569 Cambridge, Mass. (6 issues)2	1939-1958	1,188,000	101.16	1.86
2734 Campbell, Ohio3	1942-1950	726,000	100.08	2.99
2277 Canton Mass	1939-1943	18,500	100.09	0.96
2737 Canyon, Texas		18,000		
2735 Carilsie S. D., Pa	1939-1963	133,000	101.41	1.71
2279 Carteret, N. J. (21880es)	1939-1948	34,000	100.31	2.54
2279 Caruthersville, Mo. (2 issues)4	1940-1954	30,000	100	4.00

V 111	Omese			001	
Page 2733 2567	Catawba County, N. C. 3 Cedar Creek Twp., Ind. 5 Centerville Ind. S. D., Iowa 2½	Maturity 1941-1952	Amount 46,000	Price 101.20	Basi 2.85
2000	Charden C. D. Ohl-		6,500 20,000 145,000	101.62	****
2575	Charleroi, Pa. 2½ Charleroi S. D., Pa. 3		80,000 130,000 95,000	101.189 102.12	2.38
2576 2433 2735	Charleston Co. S. D. 10, S. C31/2	1943-1952	300,000 16,000 53,000	100.04 100.17	2.68
2732	Chautauqua, Stockton S. D. 1, N. Y. 24 Chattanooga, Tenn. 34	1941-1960 1941-1965	149,000	100.29	2.22
2728	Cicero Sch. Twp Ind	1939-1958 1939-1953	145,000 71,000 30,000	101.02 100.11 100.72	3.64 2.73 2.40
2001	Clackamas S. D. 5, Ore	1941 1-10 yrs. 1940-1952	22,000 40,000 112,000	100.50 100.52 99.59	2.79
2567 2734 2575	Ciay County, Iowa	1939-1943 1941-1952 1941-1948	9,000 1,894,000 115,000	107.96	
2894 2899 2565	Climbing Hill S. D., Iowa	1944-1955 1940-1954 1946-1951	d85,000	100.02 101.15	3.24
2727 2737	Coeur d'Alene, Idaho 334-4 Colorado S. D., Tex		54,000 77,178 90,000	101.86	3.28
2425	Colorado S. D., Tex. Commerce, Farmington, &c., S. D. No. 1, Mich. Concordia Parish S. D., La. (2 iss.) 5 Cortianti, & Voystowy S. D.	1940-1943 7-15 yrs.	45,000 17,500	100.17 100	2.70 5.00
2567	N. Y	1939-1948 1941-1950	287,000 10,000	102.55 100.10	2.79 2.74
2729	Council Grove, Kan. (2 issues)	1939-1963	50,000 158,000 564,000	95	3.00
2735 2280 2434	Coyle S. D., Okla. 2½ Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y. 2.70 Custer Con. S. D. No. 332, Wash. 4 Dade County S. D. 14, Fla. 4	1943-1948 1939-1960 5-21 yrs.	9,500 44,000 410,000	100.14	
2422 2729 2567	Dade County S. D. 14, Fla	1957-1958 1954-1958	772,000	99.42	4.04
2281 2281	Davenport, Iowa 24 Davenport Ind. S. D., Iowa 2 Davidson County, N. C. 34-24 Davidson Co., N. C. (3 issues) 34-24 Davidson Co., N. C. (3 issues) 34-24	1942-1958 1940-1949 1940-1952	1,346,000 23,000 761,000	100.27 100 100	
2566	Decatur San, Dist., Ill	1939-1958 1941-1953	500,000 380,000 r63,000	100.34 101.03 98.43	1.97
2729 2567 2422	Des Moines, Iowa (2 issues) 3 Des Moines County, Iowa 24 De Witt, Ark	1942-1957 1941-1961	626,000 154,000 30,000	103 100.13 104.86	2.24
2280 2734	De Witt S. D. 5, N. Y. 2.20 Drake, N. Dak 4	1939-1949 1939-1958	55,000 21,000	100.04	2.19 4.00
2734 2736	Dover, Ohio 4 Doylestown S. D., Pa.	1941-1948	75,000 8,000 12,000	******	
2736 2736 2572	Dunkard Twp. S. D., Pa	1940-1948 1939-1966 1939-1968	45,000 14,000 63,250	101.77 102.18 100.68	2.38 2.10 2.84
2428 2728 2731	Dutchess County, N. Y	1939-1948 1940-1948 1939-1948	400,000 27,500 25,000	100.09 100.44	1.23 2.68
2571 2736	East Greenwich Twp., N. J34 East Greenville, Pa24	1939-1958 1944-1961	80,000 35,000	100.10 100.86 102.12	2.48 3.65 2.09
2277 2572	East Lansing, Mich	1939-1948 1940-1959 1939-1943	50,000 70,000 6,000	104.78	2.50
2737 2738 2738	Des Moines, Iowa (2 issues)	1943-1968 1939-1958 1944-1947	110,000 500,000 294,000	100.12 103.66 100.59	2.07
2275	Eldorado S. D., III	1939-1953	88,000 34,000 25,000	101.27	2.10
2434 2577	Elizabeth City, N. C	1941-1953 1939-1958	67,000	101.86 100.23	2.02 3.05
2574 2575	El Paso Co. S. D. 11, Colo. 2 Enderlin S. D. 22, N. Dak 34 Erick, Okla 6	1941-1958 1943-1957	275,000 30,000 60,000 8,500 41,250	100 101.41 100	2.00 3.61 6.00
2431 2428 2276	Erick, Okia	1943-1948 1940-1960	8,500 41,250 15,000	100.36 100.22 100.24	3.45 2.58
2567 2569 2426	Fairfield S. D., Iowa	1944-1958 1939-1953 1940-1947	35,000 75,000 4150,000	100.51 101.09	2.94 2.10 1.55
2283 2283	Fitchburg, Mass. 1% Flandreau, S. Dak 34	1939-1948 1941-1948	200,000 24,500	100.81 100.51 100	1.65
2731 2280	Fairneid S. D., Iowa 3 Fail River, Mass 2½ Faribault S. D. 1, Minn 13½ Fitchburg, Mass 13½ Fiandreau, S. Dak 3½ Fiathead Co. S. D. 5, Mont 2½ Fioral Park, N. Y 1.10 Forest City. Iowa	1939-1943	82,500 65,384 30,000	100.52 100.24 100.04	1.08
2575 2578	Forest City, Iowa Forest Grove, Ore. 234-3 Fort Atkinson S. D. 6, Wis. 145 Fort Calhoun, Neb. 435	1939-1955 1940-1946	d165,000 r48,000 69,000	100 100.39	1.41
2897 2899 2730	Franklin County, Ohio	1939-1956 1940-1963 1940-1953	18,000 275,000 d48,000	100 100.52	3.00
2898 2900 2734	Franklin County, Ohio	1939-1953	19,000 20,000 30,000	100.92	2.39
2426 2273 2737	Fremont, Iowa	1940-1955 1940-1956 1941-1965	13,500 745,000 83,000	100.18 100.51	3.48 4.69 3.20
2731 2277	Freedom I No. 5. D., Onto. Freedom I, Iowa	1939-1958	200,000	100.56 101.32 100.19	1.73
2275 2423	Gary, Ind	1940-1958 1939-1947 1948 1939-1948	450,000 45,000 25,000	100.10 107	3.48
2893 2729	Gary, Ind. 3½ Gary, Ind. 4 Geneva, Ohio. 2½ German Twp., Ind. (2 issues) Gillett Grove Twp. 8. D., Iowa. 2½ Gillett Wro. (2 issues)	1940-1950	20,000 124,000 6,000	101.77	1.90
2432 2570	Glade Twp. S. D., Pa	1941-1950 1941-1960	85,000 20,000 15,000	100 102.91	3.125
2000	Grenume S. D., Aris34	1941-1952 1939-1963 1940-1958	15,000 60,000 237,000 45,000	100.13 110.16 100.50	3.73 2.86 2.69
2425 2737 2280	Gloucester, Mass	1939-1958 1939-1948 1943-1958	600,000 49,000 36,000	100.21	2.56
2728 2424 2430	Glen Rock S. D., N. J. 334 Glenwood, Minn 294 Gloucester, Mass 134 Goodrich Ind. S. D., Texas 334 Goshen, N. Y. (2 issues) 2.60 Goshen Sch. City, Ind 234 Graettinger Ind. S. D., Iowa 3 Gratton S. D. 3, N. Dak 3 Grand Forks, N. Dak 3 Grand Mendow, Minn 3 Gratts S. D., Ohlo 3 Greendale, Ind 4 Greenville, Miss 334 Guilford Civil Twp., Ind 234 Guilford Civil Twp., Ind 234 Hall Twp. S. D., Ill 3	1941-1952 1939-1963 1940-1958 1939-1948 1943-1958 1940-1956 1944-1956 1940-1959	97,000 15,000 20,000	101.69 100 100.75	3.00
2281 2426 3054	Grand Forks, N. Dak	1941-1953 1941-1958 1940-1964	150,000 d22,400	100.48	2.94
2893 2897	Greendale, Ind	1939-1942 1939-1948	30,000 44,000 16,000	101.15 104.12 100	2.89 2.11 3.25
2895	Hampden Water District, Me3	1940-1953 1940-1955 1942-1958	38,500 70,000 145,000	101.65	3.00
2428 2729 2567	Harrington Park, N. J	1946-1948 1939-1947	6,000 722,600 16,100	100 101.21 101.15	3.25 2.85 2.25
2280 2898 2572	Harrington Park, N. 3 334 Harrison County, Iowa 3 Harrison Sch. Twp., Ind 214 Hartland, N. Y 3.20 Hector S. D. 15, N. Y 2.90 Hempstead, N. Y 2.20 Henderson, Ky Hennepin & Carver Countles S. D. No. 50, 10 Mins.	1939-1944 1939-1968 1939-1956	6,000 36,000 88,000 125,000	100.40 100.13	2.87
2729 2570	Henderson, Ky		125,000		
2566 2567 2725	Hennepin Twp. S. D., Ill	10 yrs. 1940-1949 1943-1947	20,000 30,000 75,000	99.25	3.75
2429 2434 2727	Hennepin & Carver Counties S. D. No. 59, 10, Minn	1939-1948 1942-1958	30,000 16,000	100.19	1.66
2893	(3 issues) 2½-2½ Highwood, Ill. 3½	1939-1968 1941-1968	175,000 122,000	100.13	

3044	1	Financial	Chronicle	Nov. 12, 1938
Name Rate Hillside S. D., N. J	Maturity Amount 1940-1968 119,000 1942-1961 20,000		Page Name Rate 2894 Oakland City, Ind3 2567 O'Fallon, Ill	Maturity Amount Price Base 1942-1963 45,000
Houis, Okia	1941-1963 250,000 37,200	101.82 2.84	2431 Okay S. D., Okla	1941-1946 12,500
Howard & Dak	1940-1957 40,000 18,000	105.50 100 5.00	2738 Oostburg, Wis	1939-1958
Howard County, Md. 3 Hubbard S. D., Ohlo 3½ Hudson Town S. D., N. H Huron S. D., Iowa 3½	1940-1969 104,000 1939-1963 35,000 1939-1958 46,7£0	107.89 2.43 101.22 3.37	2567 Orange School Twp., Ind	1940-1949 40,000 100.57 2.4 1940-1946 72,000
Huron S. D., Iowa	20 yrs. 175,000 1941-1960 100,000	100.54 100.04 101.29 1.87	2895 Orleans Parish, La314-314	1939-1958 90,000 100.02 1.7 1939-1967 1,000,000 100 3.3 1939-1968 270,000 100.83 2.3
Jasper Civil City, Ind	1941-1950 10,000 25,000	100.06 2.49	2578 Owen, Wis	25,000 49,000
Jennings-West Walnut Manor Sewer District, Mo	1940-1963 600,000 1941-1958 162,000	100.68 3.43	2274 Palm Beach Co. R. & B. Dist. 7, Fia	49,500 100
Johnson City, N. Y	1939-1948 53,000 1943-1969 d86,000 35,000	100.01 1.74 100 4.00	2578 Park Falls, Wis	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Kandiyohi Co. S. D. 49, Minn3 Kearney Co. S. D. 57, Neb3½ Kendaliville Sch. City, Ind2½	5-20 yrs. d25,000 1941-1958 80,000	101.39 2.37	2278 Pascagoula, Miss	10,500 100.23 9,000
Kenosha, Wis	1941-1963 500,000 513,000 1939-1948 40,000	100 3.75 100.11 100.05 2.99	2735 Payne S. D., Ohio314	19,000 1969-1949 d26,900 100 5.00
Kern & Tulare Cos. S. D., Calif. 11/2	1943-1945 50,000 1940 50,000 1939-1950 47,950	100.46 2.41 100.19 1.41 100.12 2.98	2432 Penns. Turnpike Comm., Pa3 ½ 2728 Peru, III	1968d10,000,000 95.50 1-30 yrs. 130,000 100.23 23,000
Kingsport, Tenn	1943-1948 150,000 1939-1958 40,000	100 2.75 101.45 2.35	2727 Pinellas Co. S. D. 14, Fla4 2565 Phoenix S. D., Ariz. (2 issues)3%	1941-1960 10,000 96.50 4.40 1941-1958 920,000 101.50 3.60
La Crosse, Wis	1939-1948 210,000 53,000 1939-1961 45,000	100.11 1.48 100.26 101.21 2.13	2735 Piqua, Ohio	231,000
Lake View, Iowa	1940-1958 22,000 147,400	100.84 3.16	2735 Pleasantville S. D., Ohio4	1939-1958 70,000 100.44 3.48 1941-1953 25,000 1941-1963 150,000 101.01 2.91
Laramie, Wyo	1939-1953 160,000 1941-1953 26,000	101.11 2.60 100.56 2.42 100 3.00	2577 Port of Seattle, Wash 3-31/2 2434 Port Edwards, Wis 31/4	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Laurel, Mont4	22,000 29,500 722,000	100.69 100	2427 Portsmouth, N. H	940-1958 120,000 100.06 2.24 939-1948 20,000 100.59 1.63 71,500
Lewiston S. D. 141, Ili	1940-1964 12,500 26,000	100 000	2276 Pottawattamie County, Iowa21/4 2573 Prattsburg, N. Y3	947-1950 112,000 100 2.28 939-1950 12,000 943-1967 75,000 100.37 2.72
Lewiston, Idaho	1944–1955 21,000 95,000 7,500	100.009	2570 Princeton, Minn	948-1957 d89,000 100.39 3.45 939-1943 1,500 100 5.00
Liberty S. D., Mo31/4	15 yrs. 90,000 1948-1957 69,000 1940-1958 36,000	102.13 1.47 105.62 2.76 100.02 2.49	2901 Putnam County, Tenn4 1	941-1953 25,253 3.69 940-1950 55,000 101.91 3.69 939-1947 132,000
Little Falls, N. Y. (3 issues)	1939-1948 65,000 100,000	100.19 1.97	2284 Racine, Wis	939-1948 125,000 100.67 2.60 941-1970 r170,000 100.03 3.15
dvingston Twp., N. J. (2 issues) 3½ ong view S. D. 122, Wash 3½ os Angeles County, Calif 3	1939-1978 148,500 100,000 1940-1961 400,000	100.12 3.49 100 3.50 101.56 3.34	2729 Rapides Parish S. D. 1, La	940-1953 100,000 100.90 3.39 941-1970 130,000 100.50 3.42
ouisiana (State of)	1942-1961 1,000,000 1940-1958 145,000 1941-1961 28,000	100.05 3.40 102.08 3.07	2424 Remsen, Iowa	939-1946 30,800 100.92 2.53 939-1958 28,500 1958 d435,000
vnn. Mass	1939-1953 800,000	100.16 1.66	2275 Ridgway Twp., Ill	940-1944 10,000 100 4.75 952-1953 50,000
ysander, N. Y	75,000	100.14 1.71 103.60 3.18	2429 Rochester, N. Y	939-1943 2,000,000 100.22 0.83 941-1953 400,000 100.15 1.78 939-1958 34,500 101.05 2.11
fadison Parish S. D. 2, La4 fadison Twp., Ind. (2 issues)21/2	1939-1946 50,000 1939-1953 65,000	103.60 3.18 100.93 2.36	2567 Rockford S. D. 205, Ill	939-1958 1,650,000 100.30 224,000
	1939-1958 550,000	100.16 1.99 100.30 1.97 100.18	2569 Rockport, Mass. (2 issues)	1,650,000 939-1958 75,000 100.53 1.68 939-1948 30,000
faiheur Co. S. D. 39, Ore	1940-1959 550,000	100.01 3.24 100.23 2.23 100.01 2.99		395,000 939-1957 943-1953 315,000 100.30 1.78 17,000 100 3.00
farion County, Ind	1940-1949 738,000 1941-1953 74,000	100.76 1.63 100 2.50	9570 Bushford Minn 346	941-1968 163,350 100.30 2.48 2-17 yrs. 45,000
farshfield, Wis 21/2		100.05 2.73 100.33 2.46		1958 28,000 942-1955 46,000 100.19 2.48 940-1951 12,000 100.47 3.68
fartinsville Sch. City, Ind	1941-1953 1968 6,000,000 1940-1950 27,500		2729 St. Ansgar Ind. S. D., Iowa	745,000 039-1958 35,000 100 3.50 375,000
lason City, Iowa	1940-1958 169,400 1939-1957 190,000	100.28 2.45 100.77 2.16	2571 St. Joseph, Mo. (2 issues) 21/4 19	40-1950 40,000 100.60 2.66 43-1958 110,000
lattawamkeag, Me	90,000 1939-1958 20,000 1941-1948 16,000	100.43 3.20	00mm (1-11-1 3.6.4	40-1958 275,000 50,000 101.08 25,000 102.05
No. 1 N Y 2.60 1		00.66 2.54 104.57 2.03	2571 Sanbornville Fire Precinct, N. H. 2½ 11 2566 Sandersville S. D., Ga	41-1960 40,000 82,500 50,000 100.56 3.16
leadville S. D., Pa	939-1963 137,000 1 939-1958 140,000	01.58 2.12	2422 San Luis Obispo County, Calif	42-1944 5,500 39-1948 100,000 100.30 1.94
looker Okla	16,500	00.25 1.41	2284 Seattle, Wash. (2 issues)4 1/4 19	42-1948 d12,000 100.27 49-1968 d1,000,000 39-1948 80,000
exico, Parish, &c., S. D. 1, N.Y.2.40 1		00.45 2.36 00.22 1.44	2276 Sedgwick County, Kan 2 19 2429 Seneca, Gorham & Potter S. D. 1, N. Y 2.40 19 2424 Shawnee County, Kan 14 14	41-1960 35,000 100.39 2.36 25,000 102.13
diligrove Twp., Ind	940-1953 14,000 1 940-1957 9,000 1	01.61 2.77 00.07 2.99	2431 Shelby City S. D., Ohio	40-1950 55,000 100.65 2.90 39-1958 41,000
inden S. D., Iowa	940-1958 26,500 1 26,000 1	00.80 2.14 00.03 3.49 00.10	2732 Shelby, Neb	44,000 100 3.00 16,000 -30 yrs. 160,000 100.84 3.18
issouri Valley Ind. S. D., Iowa_3 1	949-1958 d35,000 1	01.09 00 3.00 00.58 2.68	2731 Slater S. D., Mo3	44-1946 65,000 45,000 100.28 1.71 39-1948 50,000 100.75 1.81
ontague, Mass	939-1948 32,500 1 939-1958 137,500	00.50	2892 Solano Co. S. D., Calif	39-1963 275,000 39-1958 80,000 100.05 1.24
ount Carmel-Glen Este S.D., Ohio 3 1/4 1	941-1950 d12,000 1	00.41 3.85	2433 South Carolina (State of) 2 19	39-1953 150,000 100.55 2.67 40-1945 2,900,000 100.29 1.93 39-1941 4.000 100.50 3.22
ount Penn S. D., Pa	939-1953 50,000 1	02.38 2.04 01.31	2899 South Zanesville S. D., Ohio314 19 2578 Sparta, Wis	39-1953 5,000 100.54 3.42 39-1948 85,000 102.85 1.92 39-1948 300,000 97.55 1.65
ountain Grove, Mo 1	943-1958 25,000 1 74,900	02.85	2433 Springfield Twp. S. D., Pa	41-1958 55,000 101.38 1.86 39-1955 152,000 100.19
uscoda, Wis4 1 uskogee S. D., Okla2.87			2576 Stoneboro, Pa	41-1958 18,000, 100.27 2.97 39-1948 55,000 100.61 1.38 150,700
atches, Miss	939-1958 165,000 1	00.11 2.99 02.75	2737 Sullivan County, Tenn	1958 200,000 43-1947 7330,000 100.63 3.15
N. Y	940-1942 6,000		2283 Susquehanna Twp. S. D., Pa31/4 194	39-1953 40.000 5.000 100 3.50
ew bunkle S. D. 1, La5-54 19 ewburg, Minn	941-1950 25,000 1	00.96 2.36	2274 Tampa, Fla	51-1955 760,000 100.05 2.79 13-1965 7849,000 20 yrs. 60,000 100.85
ew Hampton S. D., Iowa21/2 19	940-1957 82,000 1	02.18 2.28	2568 Tensas Parish S. D. A. La	39-1958 50,000 150,000 100.12
w Ulm S. D. 1, Minn	941-1957 75,000 19 941-1955 100,000 19	02.08 2.27 01.08 1.88,	2427 Tilton & Northfield S. D., N. H. 21/4 193	11-1965 35.000 39-1958 85.000 100.13 2.24
ewton, Mass. (3 issues) 1½ 1! ew Rochelle, N. Y. (4 issues) 2 1! agara Falls, N. Y. (2 issues) 1.40 1!	939-1958 260,000 1 939-1948 623,000 1	00.26 1.46 00.19 1.96	2567 Tipton School City, Ind	39-1953 30,000 101.02 2.36 39-1958 950,000 100.44 2.75 40-1964 175,000
skayuma, N. Y	939-1959 10,191 10 939-1948 20,000	00.12 2.88	431 Townsend Twp. S. D., Ohio 34 194 731 Triumph-Monterey S. D., Minn 3	0-1963 35,000 101.09 3.14 25,000 100 3.00
orth Carolina (State of)2-2½ 19 orthampton County, N. C3-3½ 19	940-1949 4,620,000 10 941-1958 40,000 10	00.37 2.46 00.47 2.07	422 Troy, Ala	19-1955 7257,000 101.51 3.81 10-1958 45,000 104.50 3.49 19-1948 260.000 100.06 1.74
rth Hempstead, N. Y. 2.70 19 rth Fond du Lac, Wis. 334 19 rth Fond du Lac, Wis. 446 19 rth Tonawanda S. D., N. Y. 2.60 16	939-1957 19,000 10	00.56 2.64	573 Troy, N. Y	4-1946 120,000 100.06 1.74 100,000 100.27
rth Fond du Lac, Wis	941-1960 20,000 9 939-1959 124,000 10	95 5.07 90.66 2.43	576 Trumbauersville, Pa22 199	4-1959 <i>a</i> 20,000 100.85 3.17 4.800 100 3.75

Page	Name R	ale	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
2901	Evalde County, Texas	13/2	1939-1948	30,000	100.16	
2894	Union Twp., Ind. (2 issues)		1940-1954	37,000		
2732	Union Twp. S. D., N. J	5	1939-1942	12,000	WEELDISE.	
2734	University of North Carolina. 314-3	134	1940-1959	444,000	100.01	. 3.72
2429	Utica, N. Y.	3/4	1940-1966	5.640.000	101	2.63
2420	Udea, N. Y	160	1967-1973	d2,260,000	101	2.63
2710	Valparaiso Sch. City, Ind2	13/	1939-1949	30,000	100.52	2.15
2274	Ventura County, Calif2	11/	1939-1948			2.50
2214	Vernon, Conn	72	1999-1940	45,000	100	
0000	Wille Deale III	74	1000 1000	75,000	100.25	
2590	Village of Boyceville, Hay River,		1939-1958	155,000		
		7.		00 000	103 ==	
Ma 16	&c., S. D. 1, Wis	61		20,000	102.75	
2425	Vivian, La. (2 issues)5	0.11	1-20 yrs.	30,000	100.08	
	Virginia, Minn2		1940-1958	450,000	100.15	2.23
2570	Virginia, Minn2		1940-1947	65,000	100.96	1.78
2570	Wabasha S. D. 1, Minn3		1939-1948	10,000	100	3.00
2894	Warren County, Iowa1	34		80.000	1	
2427	Warren Co., Miss. (3 issues) 3-3	134	1939-1954	456,000	100	
9791	Warranghurg Mo		ALL AL GALLE	20,000	1777	
2900	Wasco Co. S. D. 12, Ore2	14	1943-1948	60,000	101.08	2.09
2433	Washington County, Tenn3	1/	1942-1952	250,000	100	3.25
	Washington S. D., Iowa2	14	1940-1953	127,000	100.96	2.38
	Washington Twp. S. D., Pa3		1940-1952	25,000	100.76	2.89
2433	Washington Twp. S. D., Ohio3	12			100.70	2.00
2735	Washington Twp. S. D., Onto	23	1940-1959	300,000	100	0.70
2568	Washington Sub. San. Dist., Md. 3		1940-1958	110,000	103	2.70
	Wataga S. D., Ill2	12	2-20 yrs.	24,000	******	7-57
2727	Watsonville, Calif11/2-2		1939-1948	70,000	100.27	1.81
2573	Waverly, N. Y3		1939-1943	4,500	100	3.00
2733	Wayne, Neb			724,000		
2736	Weatherly, Pa3	1/2	1939-1958	20,000	100.25	
2426	Webster, Mass2	3/2	1939-1958	20,000	100.14	2.48
2279	Webster Groves San. Dist. 14, Mo.5		1941-1958	55,000	100.45	4.95
2571	Webster Groves San. Dist., Mo5			62,000	100.19	
	Webster Groves San. Dist., Mo5			52,000	101.26	
	Weeping Water S. D., Neb		707000	12,000		
2893	Wendall, Idaho (3 issues)3	14	2-20 yrs.	10,000		
2893	Wendail, Idaho (2 issues)3	14	2-20 yrs.	716,500		
2090	Wortfield Mass (2 issues)	73	1939-1958	99,000	100.70	1.90
	Westfield, Mass. (3 issues)2				100.70	1.00
2433	West Elizabeth, Pa3	74	1941-1947	9,000	100 69	9.69
2573	West Seneca S. D. 8, N. Y2	.70	1939-1958	99,000	100.63	2.63
2738	West Virginia (State of) 134-2		1939-1963	500,000	100.01	1.98
2898	Whitehall, N. Y. (3 issues)		1939-1948	108,400		
2576	White Twp., Pa3	24	1943-1962	20,500	100.07	3.74
2736	Williams Twp. S. D., Pa3	3/2		24,000	100.16	
2434	Wilton, Wis2	1/2	1940-1957	18,000	96.52	2.92
2730	Winchenden, Mass2	1/4	1939-1956	36,000	100.59	
2570	Winthrop, Minn 2	36	1940-1957	55,000	101.18	2.37
2434	Wytheville, Va3	-	5-30 yrs.	d30,000	100.55	2.88
2424	Wyoming Ind. S. D., Iowa 3	1/4	1943-1956	19,800	100.40	3.21
	Yamhill Co. S. D. 6, Ore 2-2		1940-1955	100,000	100.12	2.32
	Yavapai Co. S. D. 1, Ariz4		1939-1954	d220,000	100	4.00
	Yazoo City, Miss3		1939-1953	40,000	100.61	2.00
2/31	Vallagetone Co & D 7 Mont 2				100.01	3.75
2132	Yellowstone Co. S. D. 7, Mont3	74	20 yrs.	33,000		0.10
2732	Yellowstone Co. S. D. 2, Mont2	74	1020 1061	611,000	101.39	
2429	Yonkers, N. Y3-3	.40	1939-1961	1,861,000	100.10	1 04
2732	York, Neb2		1940-1948	35,000	100.33	1.94
2426	Zeeland, Mich2	1/4	1941-1950	30,000	100	2.25
2423	Zion, Ili5		20-yrs.	32,500	100	5.00
	Section 1 March 1981		-			

Total bond sales for October (517 municipalities, covering 610 separate issues) \$102,927,378

d Subject to call in and during the earlier years and to mature in the later year.

k Not including \$147,477,500 temporary loans or funds obtained by States and municipalities from agencies of the Federal Government. r Refunding bonds.

We have also learned of the following additional sales for previous months:

	vious monutes.				
Page	Name Ra.		Amount	Price	Basis
	Ada, Okla. (2 issues)3	1941-1954	\$109,450		
	Albion, Ind4	1946-1951	230,000	101	3.88
2281	Amenia, N. Dak	. 1940-1949	2,000		
2276	Bossier Parish S. D., La. (3 issues) .	_ 1939-1958	120,500		
2274	Calhoun, Ga. (2 issues)4	1944-1959	26,000		
2425	Eunice, La. (August)4!	5	75,000	100	4.50
2277	Frankfort, Mich5	1940-1953	14,000		
2275	Franklin Co. Ind. S. D. 11, Idaho.4	2-20 yrs.	19,250	100	4.00
2275	Franklin School Twp., Ind2	4 1941-1951	24,000	101.05	2.57
2276	Garrison, Iowa		17,000		
2276	Greenwood Co. S. D. 79, Kan. 11/2-25	1940-1949	29,700	100	
2423	Hillsboro, Ill. (August)4	1942-1963	42,000	100	4.00
2571	Hillside Twp. 8. D., N. J4	1941-1979	295,900	100	4.00
2576	Howard, S. Dak5	1940-1957	18,000		
	Kansas City, Mo23	1940-1961	110,000		
	Kansas City, Mo3	1962-1975	140,000		
2728	Huntington Sch. Twp., Ind 35	1939-1952	42.000		
2282	Littleton S. D., Pa3	1940-1953	14.000	103.72	2.56
2285	Longview S. D., Texas3	1939-1957	25,000	101.06	2.88
2735	Madison Twp. S. D., Ohio 21/2-3	1940-1944	5,000		
2276	Monticello, Ky		20,000		
	Muskegon Twp. S. D. 8, Mich.		20,000		
2220	(August)4	1939-1943	3.800	100	4.00
9975	New Athens S. D., Ill. (Aug.) 3		20,000	101.35	7700
2278	Oakland Twp. S. D., Iowa 31		25,300	100.21	
2570	Park Rapids S. D. 1, Minn 31	1940-1957	75,000		
2275	Perry School Twp., Ind. (Aug.) 21		14,000	100.07	2.23
2737	Snohomish Co. S. D. 15, Wash 4	10-20 yrs.	d75.000	100	4.00
0577	Tipton County, Tenn3		50,000	1000	1
2011	Union, S. C.		151,000	100	4.00
2578	York County, S. C		175,000	100.62	3.19
21/0	TOTA COUNTY, S. C	1000 1000	0,000	-00.00	0.10

All of the above sales (except as indicated) arc for Septem-er. These additional September issues will made the total sales (not including temporary or RFC and PWA loans) for that month \$74,287,561.

The following items included in our totals for the previous months should be eliminated from the same. page number of the issue of our paper in which reasons for these eliminations may be found.

Page	Kandiyohi	Name Co. S. D.	49. Mb	Rate	Maturity		Price	Basts
2120	(July)					\$35,000		
2278	(July) Virginia, M	inn. (Augu	ıst)			450,000		
	ENTURES						IN OCT	OBER
Page		Name		Rate	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
2434	Canada (Do	minion of)			*30,000,000		
2902	Canada (Do	minion of				*25,000,000		
2728	Carleton Co	unty. Ont		314	1-10 yrs.	36,000	102.17	3.06
2578	Drummondy Hamilton Ha La Tuque, G	ille, Que		314	1939-1963	50,000	97.59	3.74
2284	Hamilton Ha	arbor Com	m., Ont	4		385,000		
2284	La Tuque C)ue		-416	1948	18,000	98.56	4.71
2424	La Tucula (me		4 16	1948	13.000	278.00	4.71
0494	Mosth Vost	Two On		432	1-15 275	25,000		
2738	Nova Scotia Oak Bay, B. Ontario (Pro	(Province	of)	314	1950	4,567,000		
2284	Oak Bay. B.	C		-414	1948	5,005	103.28	4.00
2738	Ontario (Pro	vince of)		3	1950	115,000,000		
2902	Ontario (Pro	vince of)		777	2 yrs.	10,000,000		
2578	Owen Sound	Ont		314	10-15 yrs.	75.000	103.25	3.02
2284	Port Alfred,	Que		4	10 yrs.	103,500	96.25	4.73
2002	Quebec (Pro	vince of) ((straues)	2-3	3-9 yrs.	30,000,000		
2434	St. Hyacinti	ne. Que		316	1-30 yrs.			3.75
2434	St. Thomas,	Ont		3	1939-1948	51,000	99.88	
2738	Sherbrooke.	Que		-314	1939-1958	51,000 160,000	100.27	
2284	Swansea, Or	ıt.		436		18,058	101.50	
2578	Wickstead T	wn Ont		-436	1-15 yrs.	14,000		
ma10					THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING	Contract and the Contract of t		

Total long-term Canadian debentures sold in October_\$60,769,063 * Temporary loan; not included in month's total.

News Items

Maine—Report on Constitutional Debt Limitation for Municipalities—The following article is taken from the Nov. 1 issue of "New England Municipal News," published by F. W. Horne & Cc. of Hartford, Conn.:

It may be of interest to buyers of Maine municipal bonds that, whereas other New England States provide for the limitation of municipal indebtedness by statute, in Maine the limitation is prescribed by an Article in the Constitution of the State. The Article specifically stipulates that no town shall have outstanding at any time indebtedness which shall exceed 5% of the last completed grand list of the municipality. This precludes any town from asking permission of the Legislature to exceed its authorized imitation.

Maine also has a Law on its books (Chapter 56, Section 116) which states

Maine also has a Law on its books (Chapter 56, Section 116) which states that "the property of the inhabitants of counties, towns, cities and other quasi-municipal corporations may be taken to pay any debt due from the body politic of which they are members." Reference is then made to Chapter 98, Section 30, which reads "all executions or warrants of distress against a town shall be issued against the goods and chattels of the inhabitants thereof, and against the real estate situated therein, whether owned by such town or not."

Municipal Finance Experts Decry Proposed Federal Taxation—Municipal finance experts are generally of the opinion that real estate taxes would immediately increase if recent Federal proposals to tax State and municipal securities and revenues become law. Both investment bankers, bond dealers and State and municipal finance officers are of this opinion, the Conference on State Defense, which has been conducting a survey among these groups, announced on

"The imposition of a Federal tax on municipalities," Mr. Charles J. Fox, City Auditor of Boston, advised the conference, "will constitute an additional item of cost which will increase the heavy burden real estate is already bearing. Today ordinary municipal revenues are insufficient to balance the cost of activities, with the result that any additional expense must rest on real estate. This latter form of wealth is now bearing an abnormally heavy load and any further additions only will augment the existing strain. Where the breaking point may arise is anyone's guess."

The Conference on State Defense, consisting of 39 State attorneysgeneral and other State and municipal officials, is unalterably opposed to the Federal taxation of State and municipal revenues. The conference and its member attorneys-general also oppose the taxation of State and municipal securities, unless and until the State consent by a constitutional amendment. The United States Treasury Department, it was pointed out, recently took the position that the Federal Government has the paramount and supreme power to tax the income of State agencies, but that the States have no corresponding right to tax the Federal Government. If, therefore, all State and local revenues should be made subject to Federal income tax, real estate taxes would increase even more.

Municipal Revenue Bonds Treated in Book—Approxi-

Municipal Revenue Bonds Treated in Book-Approximately a billion dollars of revenue bonds are now outstanding, aggregating approximately 5% of the entire State and municipal indebtedness, in contrast with less than \$75,000,000, or ½ of 1% of such indebtedness in 1925. These figures are given for the first time in a new book, "Revenue Bonds," by John F. Fowler Jr., published recently by Harper & Brothers, New York, and retailing at \$3 per copy.

Harper & Brothers, New York, and retailing at \$3 per copy. The book carries a foreward by Robert Moses, New York City's park commissioner, who has been responsible in large part for the Triborough Bridge, Henry Hudson Bridge, Jones Beach Parkway and other revenue bond projects.

Revenue bonds are defined by the author as bonds issued by a governmental body in connection with a publicly owned revenue producing improvement, payable as to both principal and interest solely from the earnings of the project. Although this method of financing was first adopted about 1895 by Spokane, Wash., in connection with its municipal water works, it did not attract wide attention until the Port of New York Authority sold \$34,000,000 bonds in 1936 to commerce construction of the George Washington Bridge and Arthur Kill Bridges. Under the recent impetus of lending by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Public Works Administration for self-liquidating projects, the development of revenue bonds progressed rapidly, according to the writer; but private capital again assumed the leading role in revenue bond financing and in 1937 the public flotations of such securities established a new high record at \$152,000,000, or 17% of that year's total public offerings of State and municipal bonds.

New Jersey—Municipalities Found Exceeding Debt Limita-

New Jersey—Municipalities Found Exceeding Debt Limitations-Officials of more than 180 New Jersey municipalities face possible prosecution for exceeding legal debt limits, according to a United Press dispatch from Trenton on Nov. 4.

Walter R. Darby, State Commissioner of of Local Government, said the excess ranged from a few cents to more than \$175,000. The debt limit law provides that officials responsible for its violation by a municipality shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$1,000 and a maximum term of three years in prison.

Mr. Darby said that on the advice of the Attorney General he had notified county prosecutors in the communities affected. Charges of excessive debt, he said, do not accuse the officials concerned of misuse of public funds but only of violation of the debt limit law.

New York State—Result of Voting on Constitutional Amendments—Six out of the nine amendments proposed to them by the Constitutional Convention were adopted by the voters of the State, it was shown on Nov. 9, when tabulation of the vote became complete in New York City, and fewer than 1,000 election districts were yet untabulated on most of the amendments upstate.

of the amendments upstate.

The three amendments to meet defeat were numbers 2, 5, and 7. The first of these would have reapportioned the Senate and Assembly Districts in the State, increasing the number of legislators. The next proposed amendment would have created a tenth judicial district and provided for judicial review on both law and fact for administrative agencies. The last would have prohibited the election of public officials by any system of proportional representation, such as has been in force in the election of the New York City council.

The first, or so-called "omnibus" amendment, which contained 49 provisions, among them the extension of home rule in the cities and the provision for buses for children in denominational schools, was adopted by a narrow margin. With 812 upstate districts missing, the vote for this amendment was 1,397,259 in favor of it, and 1,170,690 against it. It carried both the city and upstate counties, though counties outside the city gave it smaller favor than did the five metropolitan counties.

The second amendment was badly beatn. A majority of 516,370 votes was cast against legislative reapportionment in a vote of approximately 2,000,000.

The grade crossing amendment, number three in the list, swept in easily by 592,377 votes.

2,000,000.

The grade crossing amendment, number three in the list, swept in easily by 592,377 votes. It received 1,395,574 votes in its favor to 803,197 against it, with 807 election districts missing. This amendment, increasing the amount of money which the State can provide for the elimination of grade crossings, was expected to speed their abolition.

Amendment 4, the housing amendment, extending the power of the State and cities to subsidize housing, had an even wider margin of victory.

With 809 districts missing, the affirmative majority for this proposal was 756,640 votes, with 1,583,711 cast in its favor to 827,071 cast against it. In this instance, a three-to-one verdict in favor of the proposal from voters in the city was responsible for the sweep, though the measure was carried upstate by 509,885 votes to 482.508.

The judiciary amendment was snowed under by 803,904 votes.

Amendment 6, the so-called "rights-of-labor" amendment, freezing into the constitution the statutory protection which labor now enjoys, was adopted by an even more impressive majority of 915,962, with 1,225 election districts still uncounted.

The prohibition of proportional representation was defeated by a majority of 684,463, with 800 districts missing. The social welfare amendment was adopted overwhelmingly, with 1,779,000 voters registered in favor of it to 837,232 voting against it in all districts of the State except a missing 873. The ninth amendment, permitting New York City to increase its debt limit to provide the funds needed for transit unification was adopted by a vote of 1,331,758 to 821,996 because of the large favoring vote in the city.

Bond Proposals and Negotiations

ALABAMA STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE (P. O. Jacksonville), Ala.—PWA LOAN APPROVED—It is reported by President C. W. Douggette that the Public Works Administration has approved a loan of \$44,000 for construction purposes.

BARBOUR, Ala.—WARRANTS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—A \$60,000 issue of 3½% semi-annual school warrants is being offered by Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham for public investment. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$1,000 in 1942 to 1950, \$2,000 in 1951 and 1952, \$3,000 in 1953, \$4,000 in 1954, and \$5,000 in 19554 to 1962. Prin. and int. payable at the Bank of Commerce, Clayton.

COFFEE COUNTY (P. O. Elba), Ala.—WARRANTS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—An issue of \$135,000 3½% semi-ann. school warrants are being offered by Steiner Bros. of Birmingham for general investment. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 1, as follows: \$2,000 in 1940, \$1,000 in 1941, \$3,000 in 1942, \$4,000 in 1943, \$6,000 in 1944 to 1946, \$7,000 in 1947 to 1950, \$8,000 in 1954 to 1954, \$9,000 in 1955 to 1957 and \$10,000 in 1958 and 1959. Prin. and int. payable at the Enterprise Banking Co., Enterprise. These warrants are legally issued by the Board of Education of the County, and are payable from a voted tax of 3 mills for school purposes, the proceeds of the tax being specifically pledged by law and by resolution of the Board, for payment of principal and interest on the warrants. The lien on this tax is continuous and remains in force during the life of the warrants, the tax having been voted beyond the last maturity. Legality approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

COVINCTON COUNTY (P. O. Andalusia). Als.—WARRANTS

COVINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Andalusia), Ala.—WARRANTS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—An issue of \$120,000 3\(\frac{1}{2}\)% semi-annual Board of Education capital outlay warrants are being offered by Marx & Co. of Birmingham for public subscription. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$6,000 in 1948, \$7,000 in 1949 to 1951, \$8,000 in 1952 to 1954, \$9,000 in 1955, and \$12,000 in 1956 to 1960. Principal and interest payable at the First National Bank, Opp. These warrants are issued for capital outlay building purposes and according to counsel are secured by a first lien on the county-wide three-mill school tax subject to \$95,000 warrants outstanding maturing in instalments from 1939 to 1955, incl. Issued subject to approval of legality by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

P CULLMAN COUNTY (P. O. Cullman), Ala.—WARRANTS OF-FERED TO PUBLIC—Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham is offering for public subscription a \$44,000 issue of \$3\forall \text{ semi-ann. refunding warrants.} Dated Aug. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 15 as follows: \$3,000 in 1949 to 1958, and \$2,000 in 1959 to 1965. Prin. and int. payable at the Leeth National Bank, Cullman. These warrants are payable from and constitute a continuing preferred charge on the voted county-wide three-miii ad valorem tax of the county. The pledge of the tax to pay this issue is superior to any pledge hereafter made, but is subordinate to pledges heretofore made for the payment of \$103,000 warrants maturing in annual instalments 1939 to 1948 inclusive.

instalments 1939 to 1948 inclusive.

**PiELMORE COUNTY (P. O. Wetumpka), Ala.—WARRANTS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—An issue of \$100,000 3\%, semi-annual school warrants is being offered by Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham for general investment. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$3,000 in 1951, \$7,000 in 1952, \$10,000 in 1953 to 1958, \$12,000 in 1959, \$13,000 in 1960, and \$5,000 in 1961. Prin. and int. payable at the First National Bank, Wetumpka. These warrants are payable from and constitute a continuing preferred charge on the voted county-wide three-mill ad valorem school tax of the county. The pledge of the tax to pay this issue is superior to any pledge hereafter made, but is subordinate to pledges hereafter made, but is subordinate to pledges hereafter made, but is subordinate to pledges hereafter 1939 to 1949, incl. Issue subject to approval of legality of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

dike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

EESCAMBIA COUNTY (P. O. Brewton), Ala.—WARRANTS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—A \$15,000 issue of 3½% semi-ann. school warrants is being offered by Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham, for general subscription. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 Dec. 1, 1946 to 1950. Prin. and int. payable at the Citizens Bank, Brewton. These warrants are payable from and constitute a preferred charge on the voted County-wide 3-mill school tax producing on the present assessment \$28,606 annually. There are \$144,000 warrants outstanding, including this issue, due in annual installments through 1955. The pledge of the tax to pay principal and interest on this issue is superior to any pledge hereafter made, but is subordinate to the pledge hereafore made for the payment of the other \$129,000 warrants now outstanding. Legality to be approved by Story, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

JACKSON COUNTY (P. O. Scottsboro), Ala.—WARRANTSSOLD—It is reported that \$220,000 3½% semi-ann. school warrants were purchased by Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham, paying a price of 101.21

ARIZONA

PHOENIX, Ariz.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The various issues of 3½ % mi-annual bonds aggregating \$1.175.000, offered on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 191—were not sold as all bids received were rejected. The issues are scribed as follows:

\$760,000 water works extension bonds. Due from July 2, 1940 to 1959. 158,000 sewage disposal plant bonds. Due from July 2, 1940 to 1959. 174,000 fire equipment bonds. Due from July 2, 1940 to 1959. 83,000 library building bonds. Due from July 2, 1940 to 1959.

PIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 (P. O. Tuscon), Ariz.

—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$20,000 4½% building bonds have been purchased by Peters, Writer, Christensen, Inc. of Denver. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1938. Due on Jan. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1943 to 1948, and \$2,000 in 1949. Prin. and int. (J-J) payable at the County Treasurer's office. Legality to be approved by Pershing, Nye, Bosworth & Dick of Denver.

ARKANSAS BONDS

Markets in all State, County & Town Issues

SCHERCK, RICHTER COMPANY LANDRETH BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ARKANSAS

ARKANSAS STATE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE (P. O. Monticello) Ark.—PWA LOAN APPROVED—It is stated by O. C. Smith, Business Manager, that a loan of \$110,000 has been approved by the Public Works Administration to abuilding construction pur-

HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Hot Springs) Ark.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are informed by the Clerk of the Board of Education that the \$42.500 (not \$40,000) school building bonds purchased on Oct. 15 by T. J. Raney & Sons of Little Rock, as 3s and 3½s, at a price of 105.50, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2566—are dated Oct. 1, 1938, and mature on Jan. 1 as follows: \$4.500 in 1940 to 1944, and \$4.000, 1945 to 1949, giving a basis of about 3.23%. Interest payable J-J. Coupon bonds in \$1.000 and \$500 denominations. The first \$22,500 bonds are 3s, the remaining \$20,000 are 3½% bonds.

SEARCY, Ark.—PURCHASER—It is now reported by the City Attorney that the \$12,000 5% semi-ann. city hall and fire station bonds sold on Oct. 28, at a price of 100.27, as noted in these columns—V. 147, p. 2892—were purchased by Mr. J. Collison of Bald Knob.

CALIFORNIA

KERN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Bakersfield), Calif.—SCHOOL BOND SALES—The two issues of bonds aggregating \$15.700, offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2727—were awarded to Howell, Douglass & Co. of San Francisco, as 3½s, at par. The issues are as follows: \$13,700 Arvin School District bonds. Dated Aug. 8, 1938. Due from Aug. 1, 1941 to 1949.

2,000 West Antelope School District bonds. Dated Aug. 8, 1938. Due \$1,000 on Aug. 1, 1939 and 1940.

The \$25,000 issue of Pershing School District bonds offered at the same time—V. 147, p. 2727—was purchased jointly by Donnellan & Co., and Dean Witter & Co., both of San Francisco, paying a premium of \$37.50, equal to 100.15, a net interest cost of about 2.38%, on the bonds divided as follows: \$5,000 as 5s, maturing on Oct. 3, 1939; the remaining \$20,000 as 2½s, maturing \$5,000 from Oct. 3, 1940 to 1943, incl.

FRESNO COUNTY (P. O. Fresno), Calif.—SCHOOL BOND SALE—

FRESNO COUNTY (P. O. Fresno), Calif.—SCHOOL BOND SALE—The \$1,200 issue of Sentinel School District bonds offered for sale on Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2727—was purchased by the Union Safe Deposit Bank of Stockton, as 4½s at par, reports the County Clerk. No other bid was received, he states.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—CORRECTION ON SCHOOL BOND SALE—In connection with the sale of the \$400,000 Alhambra school bonds to the Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles, as 3s, at a price of 101.567, a basis of about 2.84% (not 3.34%) as noted here on Oct. 22—V. 147, p. 2566), it is stated that the bonds are obligations of the Alhambra City High School District. Due from July 1, 1940 to 1961.

ORANGE COUNTY (P. O. Santa Ana), Calif.—PRICE PAID—It is now reported by the County Clerk that the \$45,000 Capistrano Union High School District bonds awarded on Oct. 11 to Blyth & Co., Inc. of San Francisco, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2566—were sold as 3 1/4s, for a premium of \$227.50, equal to 100.505, a basis of about 3.69%. Due from 1939 to 1958 incl.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Riverside), Calif.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the County Clerk that the three issues of school bonds not to exceed 5% semi-ann., aggregating \$132,-000, offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2727 and 2893—were not sold as all bids were rejected.
\$64,000 Beaumont School District bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from

1940 to 1960.
43,000 Coachella School District bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from 1940 to 1955.
25,000 Mecca School District bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from 1940 to 1951.

VENTURA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Ventura), Calif.—BOND OFFERINGS—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Nov. 14, by L. E. Hallowell, County Clerk, for the purchase of the following issues of bonds aggregating \$300,000:

\$250,000 2½% semi-ann. Ventura Union High School District bonds. Due \$25,000 Dec. 1, 1939 to 1948. These bonds were authorized at the election held on Sept. 23.

50,000 2½% semi-ann. Santa Paula Elementary School District bonds. Due \$5,000 Dec. 1, 1939 to 1948. These bonds were authorized at the election held on Sept. 27, by a vote of 849 to 288.

Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. The bonds will be sold for cash and at not less than par and accrued interest to date of delivery. Enclose a certified check for not less than 2% of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the County Clerk.

COLORADO

COLORADO (State of)—REPORT ON OPERATION OF OLD AGE PENSION PLAN—In a lengthy article devoted to "Latter-Day Townsendism," appearing in the October issue of "Tax Policy," the following report was given on the operation of a monthly pension plan in this State:

ism," appearing in the October issue of "Tax Policy," the following report was given on the operation of a monthly pension plan in this State:

Colorado Takes a Plunge

Colorado has the dubious distinction of actually making a plunge in the direction of Townsendism. On November 3, 1936, the Colorado voters adopted a constitutional amendment authorizing \$45.00 monthly pensions for all qualified citizens over sixty. Eighty-five per cent of the receipts of both sales and liquor taxes and 10% of inheritance taxes and incorporation fees were earmarked for the purpose of paying these pensions.

The Colorado financial situation appears to have gone from bad to worse following this legislation. The earmarked revenues have been inadequate for the pension payments. The State paid the full amount for five months, but the monthly payment has dropped each month since than and it has averaged \$25.00 a month for the last eight months in contrast with \$27.58 paid in the last month under the previous plan. About 9,000 persons have been added to the relief rolls as a result of the reduction in the minimum age from 65 to 60 and relaxation in the requirements for showing need of State aid.

Other relief groups have suffered as a result of the diversion to pension payments of revenues formerly used for their support. Funds formerly used for unemployment relief, aid to dependent children, payments to the blind, and other social services, have been diverted to old-age pensions as a result of the earmarking provision. Many persons in dire need of relief have suffered a drastic reduction in State aid.

The estimated State deficit for the biennium 1937-1939 is placed at "approximately \$3,000,000 with the third, fourth and fifth class approximately \$3,000,000 with the third, fourth and fifth class approximately \$4,000,000 with the third, fourth and fifth class approximately \$4,000,000 with the third, fourth and fifth class approximately \$4,000,000 with the hamendment constituted a constitutional guarantee and that the \$4,000 mannendment

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on Nov. 16, by J. P. Soderstrum, City Manager, for the purchase of an issue of \$100,000 water revenue bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable J-D. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due Dec. 1, as follows: \$6,000 in 1939 to 1943, and \$7,000 in 1944 to 1953. The City reserves the option to redeem part or all of the bonds at par with a premium of 1% on the principal thereof, together with all accrued interest on the principal unpaid at the time fixed for such redemption, all in accordance principal unpaid at the time fixed for such redemption, all in accordance with the provisions of Ordinance No. 601. Prin. and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office or at the First National Bank, Denver. All bids must be conditioned upon delivery only in event of award of contract for Filtration Plant PWA Docket No. 1245-F and otherwise unconditional. The approving opinion of Myles P. Tallmadge of Denver, will be furnished. enclose a certified check for \$3,000, payable to the City Treasurer.

CONNECTICUT

FAIRFIELD, Conn.—NOTE SALE—Chace, Whiteside & Co. of coston obtained the award on Nov. 7 of an issue of \$250,000 revenue otes at 0.227% discount. Due June 15, 1939. Other bids:

Bidder— R. L. Day & Co... First Boston Corp.

about 0.912%.
\$20,000 revenue notes, 2nd issue. Due \$4,000 on June 30 from 1939 to 1943 incl. Dated June 30, 1938.
125,000 revenue notes, 3rd issue. Due \$25,000 on June 30 from 1939 to 1943 incl. Dated June 30, 1938.

Second high bidders for the \$490,000 2½ % was the account of Lazard Freres & Co. and B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., which offered to pay a price of 105.649. For the \$145.000 notes, R. L. Day & Co. and Cooley & Co. of Hartford joined in making an offer of 100.217 for 1s. Numerous other bids were submitted for the respective loans.

NEW LONDON, Conn.—NOTE SALE—R. L. Day & Co. of Boston purchased on Nov. 4 an issue of \$600,000 tax anticipation notes at 0.26% discount, plus \$1.50 premium. Due May 22, 1939.

FLORIDA BONDS

Clyde C. Pierce Corporation

Barnett National Bank Building

JACKSONVILLE FLORIDA

FLORIDA

Branch Office: TAMPA

First National Bank Building T. S. Pierce, Resident Manager

FLORIDA

FLAGLER AND VOLUSIA COUNTIES, OCEAN SHORE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT (P. O. Datona Beach), Fla.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—It is stated by J. E. Pierce, Secretary of the Board of Bond
Trustees, that the sale of the \$1.052,000 coupon highway refunding bonds,
which had been set for Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2727—was postponed because
of a court order. The issues are divided as follows:
\$391,000 4% semi-ann. highway refunding bonds. Due Dec. 1 as follows:
\$27,000 in 1941; \$46,000 in 1942; \$48,000 in 1943; \$50,000 in
1944; \$52,000 in 1945; \$54,000 in 1946; \$56,000 in 1947, and
\$35,000 in 1948.

437,000 4½% semi-ann. highway refunding bonds. Due Dec. 1, as
follows: \$61,000 in 1949; \$63,000 in 1950; \$67,000 in 1951; \$69,000
in 1952; \$68,000 in 1953; \$76,000 in 1954, and \$33,000 in 1955.

224,000 5% semi-ann. highway refunding bonds. Due Dec. 1 as follows:
\$34,000 in 1956; \$47,000 in 1957; \$51,000 in 1958; \$56,000 in 1959,
and \$36,000 in 1960.

Dated Dec. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the

and \$30,000 in 1960.

Dated Dec. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the Guaranty Trust Co., New York. The bonds are general obligations of the District, and all the taxable property therein, including homesteads, is subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes for their payment.

District, and all the taxable property therein, including homesteads, is subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes for their payment.

FLORIDA, State of—REPORT ON MUNICIPAL SITUATION—The following statement is given on the October edition of the monthly quotation sheet put out by A. B. Morrison & Co., Miami:

"Since the European war scare subsided, the demand for Florida municipal bonds has increased noticeably. This has reacted in price advancements in a number of the issues and has been especially marked in the better-known names that are freely dealt in, such as Miamis, St. Petersburgs, Coral Gables and similar bonds. One exception to this has been the decline marketwise in the Everglades Drainage District bonds and C. D.s brought about by the refusal of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to lend approximately 50% against the debt of this district.

"Another interesting development in Florida has been the elections that nave been neld for proposed Federal financed projects. Quite a number of the political subdivisions have voted favorably on creating additional bond debts for self-liquidating purposes where the Public Works Administration has been cooperating with a gift. Some were turned down by the yoters and in other instances the elections falled to carry, owing to the fact that the State law requires in a bond election that at least 50% of the qualified voters go to the polls and that the majority of those voting, favor the issue submitted. In those instances where at least 50% of the qualified voters did not go to the polls, the election of course, was automatically lost.

"The question of a levy of taxes on homesteads to meet debt service on Board of Public Instruction bonds was decided as regards Palm Beach County, a Federal Court issuing a peremptory writ of mandamus requiring a county-wide 10-mill levy on homesteads to meet debt service on Board of Public Instruction bonds.

"A case was recently brought into Court where a hearing has been asked on a petition in bankruptcy for a Special

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by J. E. Pace, City Auditor, that he will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Dec. 20, for the purchase of a \$250,000 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. refunding bonds. Due \$25,000 from 1940 to 1949 incl.

JACKSONVILLE, Fia.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—It is stated by J. E. Pace, City Auditor, that he will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Dec. 5, for the purchase of an issue of \$1,175,000 not to exceed 4% semi-ann. electric revenue certificates. Due as follows: \$100,000, 1940 to 1950,

TAMPA, Fla.—BOND REDEMPTION NOTICE—It is stated by George V. Booker, City Comptroller, that public improvement bonds numbered 508 to 600, 611 to 639, 641 to 662, 664, 668 to 673, 679 to 682 and 684 to 774 of the city, aggregating \$246,000, are called for payment under date of Dec. 1.

Dec. 1. 1912. Due Dec. 1, 1962, callable Dec. 1, 1932.
Said bonds and interest accrued thereon to date called will be paid on or after that date upon presentation in negotiable form accompanied by all June 1, 1939 and subsequent coupons at the Chemical Bank & Trust Co., of New York City. Coupons maturing Dec. 1, 1938 and prior thereto will be paid upon presentation and surrender. Interest shall cease on said bonds on date called.

GEORGIA

AUGUSTA, Ga.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by J. W. Westmoreland, Clerk of Council, that he will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 22 for the purchase of a \$209,000 issue of 3% coupon semi-ann. auditorium bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$7,000 yearly for 29 years and \$6,000 for one year. The bonds are to be delivered by the First National Bank, Boston. Principal and interest payable in Augusta or New York City. Legality to be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston. Enclose a certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—BOND OFFERING—We are informed by Marshall Morton, City Manager, that he will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (Central Standard Time), on Nov. 21, for the purchase of the following issues of 3% coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$365.000: \$72.000 Jordan High School Addition Bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1950, and \$2,000 from 1951 to 1968, incl.

\$46,000 Public School Bonds. Deam. \$1,000. Due \$2,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1954, and \$1,000 from 1955 to 1968, incl.
90,000 Street Improvement Bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1968, incl.
90,000 Sewer Bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1968, incl.
25,000 Swimming Pool Bonds. Denom. \$500. Due \$1,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1958, and \$500 from 1959 to 1968, incl.
42,000 Hospital Improvement Bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1950, and \$1,000 from 1951 to 1968, incl.
All of said bonds are dated Nov. 15, 1938, and bear interest from date at the rate of 3% per annum, payable on May and Nov. 15. Principal and interest payable in Columbus; coupon bonds with registration privileges; not optional before maturity; direct and general obligations of the city. The validation proceedings on these bonds were prepared by the City Attorney and they were validated by order of the Muscogee County Superior Court on Oct. 15. Legal approving opinion of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston, will be furnished. The issuance of the bonds is authorized by: Constitution of Georgia, Art. VII, Sec. VII, Pars. I and 2. Code of Georgia of 1933, Sec. 87-201, et seq. Charter of the City of Columbus. Bids shall be unconditional, and for the total amount of \$365,000 of bonds. Each bid must be accompanied by certified check, payable to the city, in amount of \$5,000, to secure the city against loss resulting from failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of the bid. The bonds will be prepared and furnished by the city, and be delivered to purchaser, or his agent, at Columbus.

agent, at Columbus.

FITZGERALD, Ca.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by A. H. Denmark, Secretary of the City Water Light and Bond Commission, that he will receive sealed bids until 3 p. m. on Dec. 5, for the purchase of the following issues of 3% semi-ann. bonds aggregating \$63,000: \$10.000 city hall and jail bonds. Due \$1,000 annually.

35,000 school bonds. Due \$2,500 annually.

18,000 sewerage bonds. Due \$1,500 annually.

Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Separate bids must be made on each issue. A certified check for 5% of the bid is required.

FLOYD COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Rome), Ga.—BONDS OFFERED—Bids were received until 10 a. m. on Nov. 12, by J. L. Lanham, Attorney for the districts, for the purchase of the following 4% semi-ann. bonds aggregating \$13,500:
\$6,500 Mobley Park School District bonds. Due \$325 from Dec. 20, 1939 to 1958 incl.
7,000 Johnson School District bonds. Due \$350 from Dec. 20, 1939 to 1958 incl.
Dated Dec. 20, 1938.

IDAHO

LAKE HIGHWAY DISTRICT (P. O. Grangeville), Idaho—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2727—was awarded to the First National Bank of Cottonwood, as 3½s, according to the District Secretary. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due from Dec. 1, 1940 to 1948; callable on or after Dec. 1, 1939.

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO SANITARY DISTRICT, III.—TENDERS WANTED—Sealed tenders of series A and B refunding bonds of 1935 sufficient to exhaust the sum of about \$3,380,500 presently available for purchase of such securities will be received by Frank O. Birney, District Treasurer, until 11 a. m. on Nov. 14, at 910 South Michigan Ave., Chicago. Tenders must fully describe the bonds offered and state both the dollar price and average yield to maturity at which the bonds will be sold to the district. Tenders may be submitted in the alternative or may be conditioned upon the acceptance of all or none of the bonds offered. They must remain firm until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15. Delivery of bonds to be made on or about Nov. 21 at District Treasurer's office. Price named must not exceed par value of the bonds offered.

ROCK ISLAND, III.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The following additional information with respect to bond financing negotiated by the city, as reported in V. 147, p. 2893: Of the \$1,650,000 sewerage revenue bonds sold to C. W. McNear & Co., Inc., Chicago, the block of \$1,350,000 already delivered were sold as \$3\footnote{s}_3\$, at 98.57, and mature from 1940 to 1972 incl. Of the \$324,000 water revenue bonds sold and delivered to Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., St. Louis, \$224,000 were sold as \$3\footnote{s}_4\$, at 98.51, and mature from 1940 to 1949 incl. The other \$100,000 were sold as \$3\footnote{s}_4\$, at 96.28, and are due from 1950 to 1953 incl. Sale of the \$224,000 portion was previously noted in V. 147, p. 2275.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY (P. O. Belleville), Ill.—BOND SALE CONTRACT CANCELED—D. A. Prindabie, County Clerk, reports that the Board of Supervisors canceled the contract under which the H. C. Speer & Sons Co. of Chicago was to purchase \$4,500,000 4% bridge revenue bonds.—V. 147, p. 1226.

VILLA PARK, III.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The Channer Securities Co. and Ballman & Main of Chicago were also members of the account which recently purchased an issue of \$155,000 4% water revenue bonds, as reported in—V. 147, p. 2893. Successful bid was par plus \$6.725 premium, equal to 104.33, a basis of about 3.55%.

INDIANA

ADAMS COUNTY (P. O. Decatur), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$33,000 county hospital bonds offered Nov. 10—V. 147, p. 2728—were awarded to the Central Securities Corp. of Fort Wayne. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due \$1,000 July 1, 1940, and \$1,000 Jan. 1 and July 1 from 1941 to 1956, incl.

BERNE SCHOOL TOWN, Ind.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$36,000 school bonds awarded to the City Securities Corp., Indianapois—V. 147, p. 2893—were sold as 2½s, at par plus \$289 premium, equal to 100.80.

p. 2893—were sold as 2½s, at par plus \$289 premium, equal to 100.80.

CEDAR CREEK TOWNSHIP (P. O. Lowell), Ind.—BOND SALE
DETAILS—The \$6,500 5% funding bonds purchased by McNurlen & Huncilman of Indianapolis—V. 147, p. 2567—were sold at par plus \$234 premium, equal to 103.60, a basis of about 3.84%. Dated Sept. 15, 1938 and due as follows: \$500, July 1, 1939; \$500, Jan. 1 and July 1 from 1940 to 1942 incl.; \$500 Jan. 1 and \$1,000 July 1, 1943, and \$1,500 Jan. 1, 1944.

CENTER SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Crown Point), Ind.—BOND
OFFERING—Juluis M. Nielsen, Trustee, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Nov. 26 for the purchase of \$22,000 not to exceed 5% interest school addition bonds. Dated Oct. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000, July 15, 1939; \$1,000, Jan. 15 and July 15 from 1940 to 1949, incl., and \$1,000, Jan. 15, 1950. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest J-J 15. A certified check for 2% of the amount of the bid is required. Legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful begge.

EAST CHICAGO SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$295,000 school impt. bonds offered Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2728—were awarded to the Union National Bank of Indiana Harbor as 3s, at par plus \$5,353 premium, equal to 101.81, a basis of about 2.85%. Dated Nov. 5, 1938 and due Nov. 5 as follows: \$30,000 from 1948 to 1951 incl. and \$25,000 from 1952 to 1958 incl. Other bids, all for 3¼s, were:

Bidder—

Premium

HAMMOND SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$112,500 3½% refunding bonds offered Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2728—were awarded to John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago. Dated Nov. 15, 1938 and due Nov. 1s as follows: \$35,000, 1942; \$8,000, 1948; \$4,500 in 1949, and \$65,000 in 1953.

HOWARD COUNTY (P. O. Kokomo), Ind.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$100,000 advancement fund (poor relief) bonds awarded to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago as 1 4s, at 100.11—V. 147, p. 2893—mature \$5,000 on June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl. Other bids:

Bidder—	Int. Rate	Premium
John Nuveen & Co	1%%	\$78.90
Brown Harriman & Co., Inc	2%	1,156.00
Raffensperger, Hughes & Co., Inc	2/9	817.00
City Securities Corp	200	444.00 364.00
Fletcher Trust Co		96.00

HUNTINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Huntington), Ind.—BOND OFFER-ING—Ned F. Brown, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. on Nov. 29 for the purchase of \$50,000 3% courthouse and county jail bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$500. Interest J-J. A certified check for 3% of the issue, payable to order of the Board of Commissioners is required.

HUNTINGTON SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Huntington), Ind.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$42,000 3½% school bonds purchased by the First National Bank of Huntington—V. 147, p. 2728—were sold at a price of 106.626, a basis of about 2.51%. Dated Sept. 1, 1938, and due \$1,500 on March 1 and Sept. 1 from 1939 to 1952, inci.

\$1,500 on March 1 and Sept. 1 from 1939 to 1952, incl.

INDIANA STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE (P. O. Indianapolis)
Ind.—BOND SALE—A group composed of Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc.,
Toledo, A. C. Aliyn & Co., Inc., Chicago, and Kiser, Cohn & Shumaker &
Co., Inc., Indianapolis, was awarded on Nov. 2 an issue of \$625,000 3%
State Fair Grounds bldg. bonds at a price of 102.14, a basis of about 2.75%.
Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Jan. 15 as follows: \$25,000,
1941 to 1943, incl.; \$30,000 in 1944 and \$65,000 from 1945 to 1952, incl.
Principal and interest (J-J) payable at the Fletcher Trust Co., Indianapolis,
Legality to be approved by Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis, Bankers re-offered the bonds on a yield basis of from 1.25% to
2.75%, according to maturity. Second high bid of 101.77 was submitted
jointly by the Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp. and City Securities Corp.,
Indianapolis. This was followed by a tender of 101.14 on behlaf of Harris,
Hall & Co., Paul H. Davis & Co., Kelley, Richardson & Co., all of Chicago,
and the Milwaukee Co.
INDIANAPOLIS SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND SALE.

INDIANAPOLIS SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$135,000 coupon grade school bonds offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2893—were awarded jointly to Mercantile Commerce Bank & Trust Co., St. Louis, and Almstedt Bros. of Louisville, as 2s, at par plus \$2,447.50 premium, equal to 101.813, a basis of about 1.85%. Dated Nov. 14, 1938 and due as follows: \$10,000 on July 1 in 1941 and 1942; \$5,000 Jan. 1, 1943; \$10,000 Jan. 1, 1944; \$5,000 Jan. 1 and July 1, 1945; \$5,000 July, 1947; \$10,000 on Jan. 1, 1941 and 1952 incl.; \$5,000 on Jan. 1 in 1953 and 1954, and from 1956 to 1960 incl. Second high bid of 101.388 for 2s was made by Phelps, Fenn & Co., Inc. and Fletcher Trust Co. of Indianapolis, jointly.

& Co., Inc. and Fletcher Trust Co. of Indianapolis, jointly.

JAY COUNTY (P. O. Portland), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Charles A. Beeler, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 21 for the purchase of \$63,000 not to exceed 3½% interest hospital bonds. Dated Oct. 10, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due \$1,500 July 1, 1939 and Jan. 1, 1940, and \$6,000 semi-annually thereafter at the semi-annual interest payment period, until Oct. 10, 1944 at which time the last \$6,000 will be retired. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of 44 of 1%. A certified check for 5% of the bonds bid for, payable to order of the Board of County Commissioners, is required. The approving legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder. The bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes.

valorem taxes.

LAKELAND SCHOOL TOWN, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Martin F. Niemann, Secretary of Board of School Trustees, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Central Standard Time) on Nov. 23 for the purchase of \$19,000 not to exceed 4% interest school addition bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1940 to 1947, inc.; \$1,000 from 1948 to 1950, incl., and \$1,500 from 1951 to 1958, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest to be expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest A-O. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to order of the School Town, is required. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations.

School Town, is required. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations.

NORTH JUDSON-WAYNE TOWNSHIP CONSOL. SCHOOLS (P. O. North Judson), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Hugh McSweeney, President of Board of School Trustees, will receive sealed bids until 10. a. m. (Central Standard Time) on Nov. 26 for the purchase of \$5,000 not to exceed 4% interest school town bonds. Dated Nov. 26, 1938. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$800 in 1942 and \$700 from 1943 to 1948, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest J-J. A certified check equal to par value of the bond or bonds bid for must accompany each proposal. Legal approving opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

OSGOOD Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Halen B. Heldton, Town Clifford

Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

OSGOOD, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Helen B. Holdton, Town Clerke Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 18 for the purchase of \$13,500 not to exceed 4½% interest sewage works bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 on Jan. 1 and July 1 from 1941 to 1953, incl., and \$500, Jan. 1, 1954. Proceeds of the issue will be used in the purchase of the present privately owned sewage works serving the town. The bonds are direct obligations of the town, payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes. Legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

VANDERBURGH COUNTY (P. O. Evansville), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$70,000 coupon infirmary bonds offered Nov. 10—V. 147, p. 2120 were awarded joint, y to the City Securities Corp and the Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp., both of Indianapolis, as 2s, at a price of 101.12, a basis of about 1.77% Dated Nov. 1. 1938. Due \$4,000, May 15 and \$3,000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1948 inc. Second high bid of 101.04 for 2s was made by the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago and the National City Bank of Evansville, in joint account.

WAYNE SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. North Judson), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Annie Vessely, Trustee, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Central Standard Time) on Nov. 26 for the purchase of \$10,000 not to exceed 4% interest school bonds. Dated Nov. 26, 1938. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$1,600 in 1942 and \$1,400 from 1943 to 1948, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. A certified check equal to par value of the bond or bonds bid for must accompany each proposal. The bonds are direct obligations of the school township and approving legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

WHITE RIVER TOWNSHIP (P. O. Walnut Grove), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Carl 8. Brown, Township Trustee, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Central Standard Time) on Nov. 28 for the purchase of \$112,750 not to exceed 4½% interest bonds, divided as follows: \$56,375 White River School Twp. school bldg. bonds. Due \$2,000 on June 15 and Dec. 15 from 1940 to 1952 incl. and \$2,375 on June 15, 56,375 White River (Children 1940) to 1952 incl. and \$2,375 on June 15, 1953.

56,375 White River (Civil) Twp. community bldg. bonds. Due \$3,000 on Dec. 31 from 1940 to 1957 incl. and \$2,375 on June 30, 1958.

All of the bonds will be dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000, except two for \$375 each. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest J-D 30. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to order of the Trustee, is required. Legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder. The bonds are direct unlimited tax obligations of the School Township or Civil Township, as the case may be.

IOWA

ALTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Alton) Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$8,000 issue of school building addition bonds offered for sale on Nov. 3—V. 147, p. 2728—was awarded to the White-Phillips Corp. of Davenport as 2½s, paying a premium of \$6, equal to 100.075, according to the District Secretary. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from 1940 to 1949 incl.

BOONE, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on Nov. 16, by L. McCambridge, City Clerk, for the purchase of an \$87,500 issue of city hall bonds. Bidders are to name the rate of interest. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000, one for \$500. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000 in 1949, \$4,500 in 1950; \$7,000 in 1951, and \$12,000 in 1952 to 1957. Bonds maturing in 1956 and 1957 are optional on and after Dec. 1, 1939.

BROO LLYN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Brooklyn), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$44,000 issue of coupon gymnasium-auditorium bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2728—was awarded to Paine, Webber & Co. of Chicago as 2½s, paying a price of 101.87, a basis of about 2.31%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1957, inclusive.

CLAY COUNTY (P. O. Spencer), Iowa—PRICE PAID—It is stated by the County Auditor that the \$9,000 jail bonds purchased by Vieth, Duncan & Wood of Davenport, as 134s, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2567—were soid at a price of 100.033, a basis of about 1.74%. Due on May 1 from 1939 to 1943.

DUBUQUE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Dubuque), Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Both sealed and oral bids will be received until Nov. 16, at 7 p. m., by Alois A. Kaufmann, Secretary of the Board of Directors, for the purchase of a \$420,000 issue of building bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due \$60,000 Nov. 1, 1943 to 1949. All bids shall specify the rate of interest and all matters being equal, the bid of par and accrued interest or better for the lowest interest rate will be given preference. Prin. and int. (M-N) payable at the District Treasurer's office. The bonds will be payable both as to principal and interest from special taxes to be levied upon all the taxable property in the district. The district will furnish the approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago. The purchaser must pay the cost of printing the bonds. Enclose a certified check for \$2,000.

pay the cost of printing the bonds. Enclose a certified check for \$2,000.

EAST WATERLOO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. East Waterloo)—Iowa—BOND OFFERING—It is stated that both sealed and open bids will be received by Charles N. Hosterler, District Secretary, until Nov. 14, at 7.30 p. m., for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 school ouilding bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom., \$1,000. Due Dec. 1, as follows: \$7.000 in 1939 to 1942; \$8,000 in 1943 to 1946; \$9,000 in 1947 to 1950; \$10,000 in 1951 and 1952; \$11,000 in 1953 and 1954 and \$12,000 in 1955. The award will be made on the most favorable bid of not less than par and accrued interest. Prin. and int. payable at the District Treasurer's office. These bonds are to be general obligations of the district, secured by advorced taxes on all taxable property in said district, and are to be issued for the purpose of paying the purchase price of part or all of a school nouse site and for the purpose of paying part or all of the cost erecting and equipping a school house to be erected on said site in the district. The locard will furnish the approving opinion fo Chapman & Cutler of Chicago. Enclose a certified check for \$4,500, payable to the District.

FARNHAMVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Farnhamville).

FARNHAMVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Farnhamville), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$15,000 issue of building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2894—was awarded to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines as 3s, paying a price of 100.30, according to Harry J. Wright, District Secretary.

FOREST CITY, Iowa—BOND SALE—A \$24,200 issue of municipa building bonds was offered for sale on Nov. 4 and was awarded to the First National Bank of Mason City as 134s, paying a price of 100.123, a basis of about 1.72%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1939 to 1946 inclusive.

GREENFIELD, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that bids will be received until Nov. 14, by the Town Clerk, for the purchase of a \$16,000 issue of 3½% semi-ann. electric light refunding bonds.

HULL, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by G. S. De Motsa, Town Clerk, that he will receive bids until 7:30 p. m. on Nov. 22 for the purchase of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$14,000 not to exceed 3% semi-ann. water works improvement bonds.

HURON CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Mediapolis) Iowa—MATURITY—It is now reported by the District Secretary that the \$10.000 refunding bonds purdhased by the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, as 3½s, at a price of 100.54, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2729—are due as follows: \$3,000, 1945 to 1946, and \$4,000 in 1947, thus giving a basis of about 3.42%.

basis of about 3.42%.

**KINGSLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Kingsley), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$31,000 issue of building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 3—V. 147, p. 2567—was awarded to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$15.00, equal to 100.048, a basis of about 2.49%, according to the District Secretary. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Due from 1940 to 1955.

**LAWTON CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Lawton) Iowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the District Secretary that the \$29,500 school remodeling and addition bonds purchased by the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines as 3¼s, at a price of 100.69, as noted here on Oct. 22—V. 147, p. 2507—are coupon bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1938, and maturing on Nov. 1 as follows: \$1,500 in 1940, and \$2,000, 1941 to 1954 giving a basis of about 3.15%. Interest payable M-N.

LE MARS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Le Mars), lowa—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by Geo. W. Sturgis, District Secretary, that he will receive bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 18, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of school bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due May 1 as follows: \$6,000 in 1946; and 1947; \$7,000 in 1948; \$6,000 in 1949, and \$7,000 in 1950 and 1951. Bidders to name the rate of interest payable May and Nov. 1. Legality to be approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

LEON, lowa—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that bids will be receive until 7:30 p.m. on Nov. 16 by Walter Osborn, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$19.000 issue of sewer outlet and purifying plant bonds. The bonds and legal opinion are to be furnished by the city.

LUVERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Luverne) lowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported that the \$6,000 building bonds purchased by the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, as noted here recently—V. 147, D. 2729—were sold as 2½s, and mature \$1,000 from 1940 to 1945, giving a basis of about 2.70%, on the price paid of 100.20.

ST. ANSGAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. St. Ansgar) Iowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is stated that the \$45,000 2½% refunding bonds sold recently, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2728—were purchased by Veith, Duncan & Wood of Davenport, at par, and they mature as folliws: \$4,000 in 1939; \$3,000, 1940; \$5,000, 1941; \$4,000, 1942 and 1943; \$5,000, 1944 to 1948.

SHELL ROCK, Iowa—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the Town Clerk that \$2,681.77 street improvement, special assessment bonds were offered on Nov. 1 and were awarded to the State Bank of Waverly, as 3s at par.

WAUKON, Iowa—BONDS SOLD—It is stated that \$22,000 2% % semi-ann, park bonds were sold to the White-Phillips Corp. of Davenport, paying a price of 100.07.

WEST DES MOINES INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Des Moines), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$164,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2894—was awarded to a group composed of the White-Phillips Corp., Vieth, Duncan & Wood, both of Davenport, and Shaw, McDermott & Sparks of Des Moines, as 2½s, paying a price of 100.549, according to the District Secretary.

KANSAS

OKETO, Kan.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$11,740 water bonds are been sold at par.

SALINA, Kan.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—We are informed by F. L. Reynolds, Clerk of the Board of Education, that the sale of the three issues of bonds aggregating \$375,000, originally scheduled for Nov. 7—V. 147, 2729—was postponed pending favorable decision of the State Supreme Court in a friendly suit establishing the validity of the bonds. He states that they will probably be offered for sale about Nov. 21. The issues are as follows:

as follows: \$135,000 1½% building bonds. Due on Jan. 1 as follows: \$18,000, 1940 and 1941; \$19,000 in 1942, and \$20,000, 1943 to 1946.

140,000 2½% building bonds. Due \$20,000 from Jan. 1, 1947 to 1953 incl. 100,000 2½% building bonds. Due \$20,000 from Jan. 1, 1954 to 1958 incl. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the office of the State Treasurer in Topeka.

Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2894—were awarded to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago and Estes & Co. of Topeka, jointly, at 100.035, a basis of about 1.99%. Award consisted of:
\$78.647.48 paving, series No. 446 bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. One bond for \$647.48, others \$1,000 each. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$7,647.48. in 1939, \$7,000, 1940, and \$8,000 from 1941 to 1948 incl. Interest

5,000.00 rip rap bonds, series 447. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 on Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Interest A-O. 50,000.00 park bonds, series 448. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000 on Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Interest A-O. 82,000.00 refunding bonds, series 449. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$8,000 from 1939 to 1946 incl. and \$9,000 in 1947 and 1948. Interest M-N.

KENTUCKY

CORYDON, Ky.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$27,000 water system bonds have been sold.

COVINGTON, Ky.—MATURITY—It is now reported by the City Solicitor that the \$275,000 3% semi-ann. funding bonds purchased by C. W. McNear & Co. of Chicago, at par, as noted in our issue of Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2894—are due as follows: \$9,000, 1941 to 1965, and \$10,000 in 1966 to 1970.

GARRARD COUNTY (P. O. Lancaster), Ky.—BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—The Bankers Bond Co. of Louisville is offering for general investment at prices to yield from 1.75% to 3.25%, according to maturity, a \$50,000 issue of 3\%% semi-ann. coupon school building revenue bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Due March 1, as follows: \$2,000 in 1940 to 1946, and \$3,000 in 1947 to 1958. Callable on 30 days' notice on any interest payment date at 104 for first five years; at 103 for the second five years; at 102 for the third five years, and at 101 thereafter. Prib. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. Legality approved by Woodward, Dawson & Hobson of Louisville.

FRANKLIN COUNTY (P. O. Frankfort), Ky.—BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—A \$50,000 issue of 4% semi-ann. school building revenue bonds is being offered by the Bankers Bond Co. of Louisville for general subscription at prices to yield from 3.00% to 3.75%, according to maturity desired. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,000 in 1940 to 1945, \$3,000 in 1946 to 1955, and \$4,000 in 1956 and 1957. Callable on any interest payment date upon 30 days notice at 100 plus a premium of ¼ of 1% for each year or fraction thereof from redemption date to date of maturity. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. Legality approved by Woodward, Dawson & Hobson of Louisville.

MAYSVILLE, Ky.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$13,600 in nerator bonds were sold to the State Bank & Trust Co. of Maysville.

SHELBY COUNTY (P. O. Shelbyville) Ky.—BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The Bankers Bond Co. of Louisville is offering for public investment \$24,000 4% semi-ann. school building revenue bonds at prices to yield from 2.50% to 3.75%. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due April 1, as follows: \$1,000 in 1942 to 1955 and \$2,000 in 1956 to 1960. Callable on 30 days' notice on any interest payment date at 104 for the first five years, 102 for the next five years, and thereafter at par plus accrued interest. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. Legality approved by Woodward, Dawson & Hobson, of Louisville.

Louisiana Municipal Bonds **Bought and Sold**

Whitney National Bank of New Orleans

LOUISIANA

BEAUREGARD PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. De Ridder), La.—BOND SALE—The two issues of school bonds aggregating \$160,000, offered for sale on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2894—were purchased jointly by the First National Bank and the City Savings Bank & Trust Co., both of De Ridder, as 5¾s, paying a premium of \$60, equal to 100.037, according to the Secretary of the Parish School Board. The issues are as follows: \$100,000 School District No. 3 bonds. Due from Oct. 15, 1939 to 1953, incl. 60,000 School District No. 1 bonds. Due from Oct. 15, 1939 to 1958, incl.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY AND AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE (P. O. Baton Rouge), La.—PRICE PAID—In connection with the sale of the \$2,000,000 4½% semi-annual construction and addition bonds to a syndicate headed by Scharff & Jones, Inc., of New Orleans, as noted here on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2894—it is stated by President J. M. Smith that these bonds were sold at par. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due from Oct. 1, 1941 to 1958.

COULEE DES JONS DRAINAGE DISTRICT (P.O. Kaplan), La.— BONDS SOLD—It is reported that the \$50,000 semi-ann, public improve-ment bonds offered for sale without success on Sept. 29, when all bids were rejected—V. 147, p. 2120—have since been purchased by the State Bank of Kaplan, as 5s at par. Due from Oct. 1, 1940 to 1958.

FRANKLIN PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT, WARD NO. 19 (P. O. Winnsboro), La.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2568—was purchased by the Winnsboro State Bank & Trust Co., according to the Secretary of the Parish School Board.

School Board.

BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$12,000 issue of School District, Ward No. 6, and the \$20,000 School District, Ward No. 4 bonds offered at the same time—V. 147, p. 2568—were not soid as all bids were rejected. It is said that the School Board will meet on Nov. 15 to sell these bonds privately. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due serially over a 20-year period.

JEFFERSON PARISH (P. O. Gretna), La.—PRICE PAID—It is now reported that the \$600,000 issue of Sewerage District No. 1 bonds purchased by a syndicate headed by Hyams. Glas & Carothers of New Orleans as 4%s and 5s, as noted in our issue of Oct. 22—V. 147, p. 2568—were sold for a premium of \$896.00, equal to 100.149, a net interest cost of about 4.98%. Due on Oct. 1 from 1940 to 1963.

JENNINGS, La.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$123,000 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. public improvement bonds offered on Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2729—was not sold as all the bids received were rejected. It is stated by Mayor L. T. Moses that these bonds will be sold privately. Due from Nov. 1, 1941 to 1963.

MERMENTAU, La.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by the Town Clerk that he will receive sealed bids until 7:30 p. m. on Nov. 29, for the purchase of an \$8,000 issue of improvement bonds.

ST. FRANCISVILLE, La.—BONDS SOLD—It is now reported that the \$25,000 public improvement bonds offered for sale without success on Oct. 11, as noted here at the time—V. 147, p. 2568—were purchased at private sale by the Bank of Commerce & Trust Co. of St. Francisville, and Walton & Jones of Jackson, jointly. Due from Oct. 1, 1940 to 1958, incl.

ST. HELENA PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5 (P. O. Greensburg), La.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that the \$8,000 school bonds offered on Sept. 6—V. 147, p. 1228—were purchased by the Bank of Greensburg, as 6s at par.

TENSAS PARISH CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT "A" (P. O. St. Joseph), La.—BOND SALE DETAILS—In connection with the sale of the \$50,000 school bonds to the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Vicksburg, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2568—it is stated by the Secretary of the School Board that J. G. Hickman, Inc.. of Vicksburg, were associated with the above named in the purchase of the bonds for a premium of \$12.52 equal to 100.025, a net interest cost of 3.935%, as follows: For \$15.500 maturing Sept. 1, \$500 in 1939, \$1,000 in 1940, \$1.500 in 1941 and 1942, \$2,000 in 1943 to 1945, \$2,500 in 1946 and 1947, as 334s: \$31,000 maturing Sept. 1, \$2,500 in 1948 and 1949, \$3,000 in 1950 to 1953, \$3.500 in 1954 to 1957, as 4s, and \$3,500 maturing Sept. 1, 1958, as 334s.

WELSH, La.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees that the \$70,000 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. Sewerage District No. 1 bonds offered on Oct. 31—V. 147, p. 2277—was not sold as no bids were received. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1958.

MAINE

KENNEBUNKPORT, Me.—BOND SALE—The \$95,000 coupon high school bonds offered Nov. 4 were awarded to Frederick M. Swan & Co. of Boston as 21/4s, at a price of 101.356, a basis of about 2.06%. Dated Nov. 1 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$7,000 from 1940 to 1944 incl.

and \$6,000 from 1945 to 1954 incl. Principal and interest (J-J) payable at the Second National Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston. Otherwise.

Bidder-	Int. Rate	Rate Bid
Second National Bank of Boston	21/4 %	101.319
First National Bank of Portland	21/10/	101.07
Arthur Perry & Co.	2¼% 2¼% 2¼%	100.489
H. M. Payson & Co.	21/4 %	100.10
Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.	234 %	100.009
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc Edward L. Robinson & Co	212%	101.68
The state of the s	2.36 0/2	101 65

PORTLAND, Me.—BOND SALE—The \$200,000 coupon permanent impt. bonds offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2895—were awarded to Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York, as 1%s, at 100.088, a basis of about 1.74%. Dated Nov. 1. 1938 and due \$10,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1958 incl.

Other bids:		
Bidder—	Int Rate	Rate Bid
Goldman, Sachs & Co	2.0%	101.638
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler	2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2%	101.542
H. C. Wainwright & Co.	2%	101.377
Esta Drook & Co	20%	101.09
Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.	2%	100.579
Burr & Co., Inc., and Chace, Whiteside & Co.	2%	100.515
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.	21/07	101.05

BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. re-offered the bonds to yield from 0.30% to 1.90%, according to maturity.

MARYLAND

ALLEGANY COUNTY (P. O. Cumberland), Md.—BOND OFFERING—Thomas P. Richards, Clerk of County Commissioners, will receive scaled bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 29 for the purchase of \$60,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon road bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1, 1943. Bonds will be registerable as to principal only and bidder is required to express the rate of interest in a multiple of ¼ of 1% and state the price offered per \$100 of par. A certified check for 5% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the County Treasurer, is required.

DORCHESTER COUNTY (P. O. Cambridge), Md.—BOND OFFER-ING—F. H. Vincent Jr., Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$180,000 coupon school bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$10,-000 on July 1 from 1939 to 1956, incl. Bidder to name the rate of interest in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Bonds may be registered as to principal and will be payable, together with interest (J-J) at the County Treasurer's office. The bonds are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the county. A certified check for \$2,500, payable to order of the County Commissioners, is required. Approving legal opinions of Emerson C. Herrington Jr., Esq., of Cambridge, and Ritchie, Janney, Ober & Williams of Baltimore will be furnished the successful bidder.

(Previous mention of this offering was made in V. 147, p. 2895.)

Pervious mention of this offering was made in V. 147, p. 2895.)

MARYLAND (State of)—\$6,000,000 BRIDGE REVENUE BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—A group composed of Alex. Brown & Sons of Baltimore, The First Boston Corp. and B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., both of New York, made public offering on Nov. 9 of \$6,000,000 3½ % series A bridge revenue bonds at a price of 99 and accrued interest. (It was previously reported that the bankers had contracted to purchase \$5,500,000 bridge revenue bonds.—V. 147, p. 2568). The bonds currently offered bear date of Oct. 1, 1938 and mature Oct. 1, 1968. The bonds are redeemable, as a whole at any time, or in part on any interest date, at 104 from Oct. 1, 1940 through Oct. 1, 1946; at 103 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1952; at 102 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1952; at 102 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1954. The bonds are redeemable, as a whole at any time, or in part on any interest date, at 104 from Oct. 1, 1940 through Oct. 1, 1946; at 103 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1952; at 102 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1952; at 102 thereafter through Oct. 1, 1954.

Prin. and Int. (A-O) payable at the office of the Maryland Trust Co., Baltimore, or, at holder's option, at the principal office of the Guaranty Trust Co., New York City. Coupon bonds in \$1,000 denom. registerable as to principal alone or as to both principal and interest and, in event of the latter, reconvertible into coupon bonds. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the State of Maryland, nor a pledge of the faith and credit of the State; they are payable solely from bridge revenues. Legality to be approved by Masslich & Mitchell of New York, counsel to the underwriters and the Attorney General of Maryland, for the State Roads Commission. Interest on the bonds, in the opinion of counsel, is exempt from all present Federal income taxes. The bonds and income therefrom are exempt from all taxation within the State of Maryland. Proceeds of the issue, together with Public Works Administration grants, are to be used for the construction of two bridges

MASSACHUSETTS

ATTLEBORO, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co. was awarded on Nov. 9 an issue of \$150,000 notes at 0.153% discount. Dated Nov. 10, 1938 and due Nov. 9, 1939. Payable at First National Bank of Boston or at Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York City. Legality approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston. Second high bid of 0.183% was made by the New England Trust Co., Boston.

BEVERLY, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—John C. Lovett, City Treasurer, will receive bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 16 for the purchase at discount of \$200,000 notes, dated Nov. 16, 1938 and payable March 15, 1939, at the First National Bank of Boston or at Central Hanover Bank Trust Co., New York. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Goyden & Perkins of Boston.

BRISTOL COUNTY (P. O. Taunton), Mass.—BOND SALE—The \$30,350 county agricultural school bonds offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2895—were awarded to Second National Bank of Boston as 1½s, at 100,384, a basis of about 1.17%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,250 in 1939 and \$3,000 from 1940 to 1948 incl. Second high bid of 100.345 for 1½s was made by Bond, Judge & Co., Inc., Boston. A bid of 100.26 for 1½s, third best offer, was submitted by Chace, Whiteside & Co. of Boston.

FRAMINGHAM, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—John P. Dunn, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$100,00 coupon water bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938, and due \$5,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1958, incl. Bidder to name the rate of interest in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at Second National Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

MASSACHUSETTS (State of)—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—In connection with the offering on Nov. 14 of \$19,432,000 hurricane and flood damage bonds, described in V. 147, p. 2895, State Treasurer William E. Hurley states that principal and interest is payable in Boston or New York, and that arrangements may be made for delivery of the bonds, in their entirety only, in either of those cities.

METHUEN, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—Tom Longworth, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$61,450 coupon bonds, divided as follows:
\$16,000 municipal relief bonds. Due \$2,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1946, incl.

45,450 sewer construction bonds. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,450 in 1939 and \$3,000 from 1940 to 1953, incl.

All of the bonds are dated Nov. 1, 1938. One bond for \$450, others \$1,000 each. Bidder to name a single rate of interest for the entire \$61,450 bonds, to be expressed in a multiple of % of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at Second National Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass.—BOND SALE—The \$58,000 water bonds offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2895—were awarded to Estabrook & Co. of Boston as 2s, at 100,268, a basis of about 1.97%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1939 to 1957 incl., and \$1,000 in 1958. Among other bidders were the First & Ocean National Bank of Newburyport and Tyler & Co., Inc., offering 100.89 and 100.82, respectively, for 21/4s.

NEWTON, Mass.—OTHER BIDS—The following other bids were submitted for the \$260,000 bonds awarded to First Boston Corp., Boston, as

1 1/28, at 100.269, a basis of about 1.46%—v. 141, p.	2/30:	
Bidder-	Int. Rate	Rate Bid
Tyler & Co., Inc	1.50%	100.16
R. L. Day & Co	1.50%	100.09
Smith, Barney & Co	1.75%	101.719
The Second National Bank of Boston	1.75%	101.587
F. S. Moseley & Co	1.75%	101.5065
Goldman, Sachs & Co	1.75%	101.486
Estabrook & Co	1.75%	101.358
Bond, Judge & Co., Inc.; H. C. Wainwright &		
& Co. (ioint)	1.75%	101.326
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc	1.75%	101.034

PEPPERELL, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$40,000 coupon high school notes offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2895—were awarded to Second Nationa Bank of Boston as 1½s, at 100.89, a basis of about 1.05%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938, and due \$5,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1946, incl. Second high bid of 100.70 for 1½s was made by Chace, Whiteside & Co. of Boston.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—BOND SALE—R. L. Day & Co. of Boston purchased on Nov. 4 and issue of \$133,000 police station bonds as 1\sumsets, at 101.165, a basis of about 1.21%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$14,000 from 1939 to 1941 incl., and \$13,000 from 1942 to 1948 incl. Prin. and int. (M-N) payable at First National Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

READING, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—Preston F. Nichols, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids, in care of Second National Bank, Boston, until noon on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$100,000 coupon elementary school bonds. Dated Nov. 15. 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 15 as follows: \$6,000 from 1939 to 1948, incl., and \$5,000 from 1949 to 1958, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of \(\frac{1}{3} \) of 1 \(\frac{1}{3} \). Principal and interest (M-N 15) payable at the Second National Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Roston.

SALEM, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—Charles G. F. Coker, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase, at discount, of \$100,000 revenue anticipation notes, dated Nov. 16, 1938 and payable Sept. 15, 1939 at the National Shawmut Bank of Boston. They will be authenticated as to genuineness and validity by aforementioned bank and approved as to legality by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—G. W. Rice, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a.m. on Nov. 16 for the purchase of \$1,650,000 coupon or registered sewage disposal plant bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$55,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1968 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest in multiples of \$4 of 19%. Prin. and int. on coupon bonds payable at the First National Bank of Boston, and the bonds will be exchangeable for registered bonds of \$1,000 or any multiple thereof at any time more than one year before maturity. Interest and principal on registered bonds are payable at City Treasurer's office, who transmits interest by mail. Proceeds of loan will be supplemented by a Public Works Administration grant of \$1,340,792. A certified check for 2% of the issue, payable to order of the city, is required. Bonds will be approved as to legality by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston and certified by the First National Bank of Boston.

WALTHAM, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—H. W. Cutter, City Treasurer, will receive bids until 11 a.m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase at discount of \$55,000 notes, dated Nov. 15, 1938 and payable Nov. 15, 1939 at First National Bank of Boston or at Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York. Legality to be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

WATERTOWN, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—James H. Sheridan, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 3:30 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$85,000 coupon municipal relief bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$9,000 from 1939 to 1943 incl. and \$8,000 from 1944 to 1948 incl. Bidder to name rate of interest in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the National Shawmut Bank of Boston. Legality to be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

WORCESTER, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—Harold J. Tunison, City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$293,000 bonds to bear interest at either 114% or 114%, as named in the successful bid. Offering consists of: \$32,000 municipal relief bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$4,000 in 1939 and 1940, and \$3,000 from 1941 to 1948 inclusive.

261,000 municipal relief bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$27,000 in 1939, and \$26,000 from 1940 to 1948 inclusive.

All of the bonds will be dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. They will be issued in coupon form, excahngeable if desired for fully registered bonds if presented for exchange at any time more than one year before maturity. Principal and semi-annual interest (A-O) payable at the First National Bank of Boston, which will certify the bonds. Legal opinion of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for 1% of the bonds bid for, payable to order of the city, is required.

MICHIGAN

ADRIAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mich.—OTHER BIDS—The \$75,000 school bonds awarded to Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., as 11/2s, at par plus \$224.25 premium, equal to 100.299, a basis of about 1.38%—

V. 147, p. 2896—were also bid for as follows: Bidder—	Int. Rate	Premium
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc	136%	\$130.50
Braun, Bosworth & Co	114%	105.56
First of Michigan Corp	133%	47.27 176.50
John Levine & Co	122 69	7.50
Wright Martin & Co.	2%	37.50
William R. Stuart & Co	21/2%	457.50
M Note-Crouse & Co. of Detroit submitted a bid	which was	declared

BEECHER METROPOLITAN DISTRICT (P. O. Flint), Mich.—Joseph P. Ford, Clerk of the Commission, will receive sealed bids at the office of McTaggart & Krapohl, Esqs., 505 Dryden Bidg., Flint, until 1 p. m. (to be opened at 3 p. m.) on Nov. 12 for the purchase of \$134,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon water supply system revenue bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1941 and 1942; \$5,000, 1943 to 1950 incl.; \$10,000 from 1951 to 1959 incl. Rate or rates of interest to be expressed in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at the Citizens Commercial & Savings Bank, Flint, or at its successor paying agent named by the District Commission. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to order of the Commission Treasurer, is required. Bids shall be conditioned upon the unqualified opinion of Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit, approving the legality of the bonds.

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Carson City), Mich.—BOND OFFERING—Stanley Horn, District Sectetary, will receive scaled bids until 8 p. m. on Nov. 14ffor the purchaselof \$30,000 not to exceed 4% interest school bonds. Dated (Sept. 10, 1938. 4Coupon in \$500 denoms. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$5,500, 1939; \$6,000 from 1940 to 1942, incl., and \$6,500 in 1943. Rate or rates of interest to be expressed in multiples of \$4 of 1%. Prin. and int. (annually on Sept. 1) gayable at the State Bank of Carson City. The bonds are payable from ad valorem State Bank of Carson City. The bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes within constitutional limits, and, moreover, an additional 10-mill levy has been voted for the five-year period Dec. 10, 1938-1942, incl. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to order of the District Tressurer, is required. District will pay for the printing of the bonds and rurnish the legal approving opinion of Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit.

COLON, Mich.—BOND SALE—The \$3,000 4% general obligation paving bonds offered Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2896—were sold to E. Hill & Sons State Bank of Colon, at par.

GRAND BEACH, Mich.—BOND OFFERING—John R. Rohde, Vi'lage Clerk, will receive scaled bids until 7:30 pp. m. (Central Standard Tim.) on Nov. 12 for the purchase of \$35,000 not to exceed 6% interest leoupon, registerable as to principal, self-liquidating water works revenue bonds. Dated

Nov. 1, 1938, and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1940 to 1944, incl.; \$2,000, 1945 to 1954, incl., and \$2,500 from 1955 to 1958, incl. Callable after 10 years from date of issue. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of \$1\frac{1}{6}\$. Prin, and int. (M-N) payable at the Village Treasurer's office. The bonds were authorized by an ordinance adopted by the Village Council on Sept. 3. A certified check for \$500 is required. Successful bidder to pay for the printing of the bonds. Village will furnish transcript of proceedings and legal opinion of Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit.

HILLSDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mich.—BOND OFFERING—Bernard L. Davis, Superintendent of Schools, will receive sealed bids until Nov. 21 for the purchase of \$68,200 not to exceed 3% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Due Jan. 15 as follows: \$13,000, 1940 and 1941; \$14,000 in 1942 and 1943, and \$14,200 in 1944. Interest J-J.

1941; \$14,000 in 1942 and 1943, and \$14,200 in 1944. Interest J-J.

**KALAMAZOO, Mich.—BOND OFFERING—D. P. Turnbull, City Auditor, announces that the City Purchasing Agent will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time). On Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$91,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon general obligation street improvement paving bonds. The bonds are being issued specifically to pay that part of the cost of street paving which is to be assessed against the abutting property. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000 and \$100. Due \$9,100 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Rate or rates of interest to be expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at City Treasurer's office. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to order of the city, is required.

**Successful bidder will be required to print the bonds and pay all expenses of establishing their validity. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to order of the city, is required.

**MICHIGAN (State of)—HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT IN MARKET

MICHIGAN (State of)—HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT IN MARKET FOR BONDS—It is announced that Murray D. Van Wagoner, State Highway Commissioner, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 16 of various described school district and highway refunding bonds.

various described school district and highway refunding bonds.

MIDLAND, Mich.—BOND OFFERING—Anna E. Coons. City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 5 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$135,300 not to exceed 3% interest coupon sewage revenue bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. One bond for \$300, others \$1,000 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1943 to 1946 incl.; \$5,000, 1947 to 1950 incl.; \$6,000, 1951 to 1953 incl.; \$7,000, 1954 to 1957 incl.; \$8,000, 1958 and 1959; \$9,000 in 1963 incl.; \$7,000, 1954 to 1957 incl.; \$8,000, 1958 and 1959; \$9,000 in 1963 on 1961; \$10,000 in 1962 and \$9,300 in 1963. Bidder to name rate or rates of interest in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at City Treasurer's office. Payment of bonds and interest will be made only from revenues of the sewage system. A certified check for 2% of the issue, payable to order of the City Treasurer, is required. Bids shall be conditioned upon the ungualified opinion of Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit approving the legality of the bonds Cost of opinion and printing of the bonds will be paid by the city.

MONROE PORT COMMISSION (P. O. Monros), Mich.—BOND

MONROE PORT COMMISSION (P. O. Monroe), Mich.—BOND OFFERING—John C. McMillan, Chairman, will receive seated bids until 2 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$175,000 not to exceed 5% interest revenue bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938 and due Nov. 15 as follows: \$5,000, 1941 to 1943 incl.; \$6,000, 1944; \$7,000, 1945 and 1946; \$8,000, 1947 and 1948; \$9,000, 1949 and 1950; \$10,000 from 1951 to 1954 incl. and \$11,000 from 1955 to 1960 incl. Principal and interest (M-N 15) payable at the Dansard State Bank of Monroe. Proposals will be conditioned on the approval as to validity of the bonds by Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to order of the Port Commission, is required. The Commission will pay for legal opinion and printing of the bonds.

The Port of Monroe is a municipal corporation, organized under the statutes and laws of the State of Michigan. The Port District is co-terminus with the City of Monroe and has general taxing powers over all of the real property within the Port District for general port purposes but such levy may not exceed two mills in one taxable year. The Commission is authorized under Act 94 of Public Acts of 1933, as amended, to issue revenue bonds payable only from the revenues of the proposed to be issued wind the payable only from the revenues of the proposed Dock and Terminal facilities.

OWOSSO, Mich.—NOTE OFFERING—G. A. Van Epps, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3 p. m. on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$35,000 notito exceed 6% interest general obligation tax anticipation notes. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Sept. 25, 1939, with interest payable on May 1 and Sept. 25, 1939. Principal and interest payable City Treasurer's office. City will furnish the legal opinion and pay the cost of printing the bonds. A certified check for \$500 is required.

the bonds. A certified check for \$500 is required.

PONTIAC, Mich.—TENDERS WANTED—Oscar Eckman, Director of Finance, will receive sealed tenders of series A and B bonds until 5 p. m. (to be opened at 7:30 p. m.) on Nov. 29. Tenders should fully describe bonds offered, including serial numbers and state price at which they will be sold to the city. Tenders will be received for bonds in amount of \$37,000 for series A and \$50,000 for series B. Interest will be paid on all tenders accepted up until the time the bonds are received by the paying agent, until seven days after date of mailing of acceptance notices, after which time all interest on accepted tenders ceases.

ROCHESTER, Mich.—BOND OFFERING—Sydney Q. Ennis, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$48,000 not to exceed 3% interest coupon sewage treatment plant bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1939; \$4,000, 1940 to 1944, incl.; \$5,000, 1945; \$6,000 in 1946 and \$7,000 in 1947 and 1948. Rate or rates of interest to be expressed in multiples of 1%. Principal and interest (J-D) payable at Bochester National Bank, Rochester. Issue was authorized at the Sept. 30 election and is payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to order of the Village Treasurer, is required. Village will furnish the bonds and legallapproving opinion of Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit. In connection with the offering it is stated that the total bonded to the village, including the proposed issue, is 5% of the assessed valuation.

**MCThe above offering was previously referred to in V. 147, p. 2569.)

ROCKWOOD, Mich.—PRICE PAID—Wright, Martin & Co. of Detroit paid par in purchasing an issue of \$30,000 general obligation water bonds as 43/s.—V. 147, 2896.

MINNESOTA

COTTONWOOD, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on Nov. 22, by L. T. Reishus, Village Recorder, for the purchase of an \$18,000 issue of sewer bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due serially in from three to 20 years. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

SeFAIRMONT, Minn.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$22,380 issue of 3% P mi-annual certificates of indebtedness offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147.

2896—was purchased by the Martin County National Bank of Fairmont, the Fairmont National Bank, and the First National Bank, all of Fairmont, ointly, according to the City Clerk. No other bid was received, he states.

LITCHFIELD, Minn.—PRICE PAID—We are now informed by the Village Recorder that the \$65,000 sewage disposal plant bonds purchased by C. S. Ashmun & Co. of Minneapolis, and Mairs-Shaughnessy & Co. of St. Paul, as noted here on Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2731—were sold as 2½s, paying a premium of \$576.00, equal to 100.88, a basis of about 2.13%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due on Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1949 and 1940; \$5,000, 1941; \$4,000, 1942 and 1943; \$5,000, 1944; \$4,000, 1945 and 1952, and \$5,000 in 1953. Interest payable M-N.

1951 and 1952, and \$5,000 in 1953. Interest payable M-N.

**MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$2,825,750 public relief, water works, work relief and permanent improvement bonds offered on Nov. 10 and described in detail in V. 147, p. 2731, were sold at public auction to a syndicate headed by Phelps, Fenn & Co., Inc., New York, as 2½s at 100.1627, a basis of about 2.23%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due variously on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1958, incl. Also in the purchasing group were: Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., F. 8. Moseley & Co., Paine, Webber & Co., Riter & Co., all of New York; Mississippl Valley Trust Co., St. Louis; H. C. Wainwright & Co., Boston; Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville; Stern, Wampler & Co., Chicago; First of Michigan Corp., Detroit; Hannahs, Ballin & Lee, Campbell, Phelps & Co., both of New York; Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco, and the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minnespolis.

\$750,000 BONDS ARWARDED—The above group also obtained the award of the \$750,000 refundi bonds offered on the same day—V. 147

p. 2896—paying a price of 100.426 for 2s, a basis of about 1.92%. Dated Dec. 1, 1938 and due \$75,000 on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1948, inclusive.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription at prices to yield from 0.40% to 2.35%, according to interest rates and maturities.

MOWER; COUNTY; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTINO.; 27 (P. O. Austin) Minn.—BOND OFFERING—We are informed by R. C. Alderson, Clerk of the School Board, that the said Board will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Nov. 22, for the purchase of a \$450,000 issue of school building bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3% payable semi-annually. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due on Dec. 1 as follows: \$12,000, 1941 to 1944; \$23,000, 1945; \$24,000, 1946; \$25,000, 1947, and \$30,000, 1948 to 1958 incl. Oral auction bids will be in order after all sealed bids have been filled. Delivery of said bonds will be made at the office of the District Treasurer, or, at the option of the purchaser, at his office in Minneapolis or \$8. Paul, on or before Dec. 15, 1938.

The said bonds will be made payable at any suitable bank or trust company designated by the successful bidder, and the school district agrees to furnish the executed bonds and the approving legal opinion of Junell, Fletcher, Dorsey, Barker & Colman of Minneapolis, without cost to the purchaser. All bids must be unconditional and accompanied by a certified check in the amount of \$10,000 payable to the order of the district.

NORTHFIELD, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed and auction bids win be received until 7:30 p. W. on Nov. 22 by John Larson, City Recorder, for the purchase of a \$48.000 issue of not to exceed 3% semi-ann. hospital bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1.000. Due \$3,000 Dec. 1, 1941, to 1956. The city will furnish the approving opinion of Juneil, Fletcher, Dorsey, Barker & Colman of Minneapolis, the cost of \$100 to be paid by the purchaser. Enclose a certified check for \$2,000, payable to the city.

RAMSEY COUNTY (P. O. St. Paul), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$435,000 issue of public welfare, Series N bonds offered for sale on Nov. 9—V. 147, p. 2896—was awarded jointly to Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., and the Bancamerica-Blair Corp., as 2s, paying a premium of \$2,553.45, equal to 100.587, a basis of about 1.89%. Dated Nov. 1. 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1949, incl.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription at prices to yield from $0.40\,\%$ to $2.05\,\%$, according to maturity.

ST. CHARLES, Minn.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$35,000 issue of 3% semi-ann. paving certificates of indebtedness offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2731—was purchased by the First National Bank of St. Charles, reports the City Recorder. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due in from 2 to 11 years from date; callable on any interest payment date.

WABASHA SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Wabasha), Minn.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the District Secretary that the \$10,000 3% coupon semi-annual school bonds sold at par on Oct. 19, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2570—were purchased by the First National Bank of Wabasha. Due \$1,000 from 1939 to 1948, incl.

MISSISSIPPI

AMORY, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$100,000 street improvement bonds were purchased by J. S. Love & Co. of Jackson, the Bank of Amory, and the Security Bank of Amory, jointly, as 3¼s, paying a price of 100.50.

BELZONI, Miss.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is stated by the City Clerk that the \$24,000 6% funding bonds purchased by the Citizens Bank & Trust Co. of Belzoni, as noted in these columns—V. 147, p. 2570—were sold at par and mature on Feb. 1 as follows: \$500, 1939 to 1943; \$1,000 in 1944; \$5,000, 1945 to 1948, and \$500 in 1949. Coupon bonds dated Feb. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$500 and \$1,000. Interest payable F-A.

COLUMBUS SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Columbus) Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by T. W. Lewis Jr., Secretary-Treasurer, that the \$150,000 school bonds offered on Oct. 27, when all the bids were rejected, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2897—have been purchased privately by Cady & Co. of Columbus, paying a premium of \$200.00, equal to 100.13, a net interest cost of about 3.12%, on the bonds divided as follows: \$100,000 as 3\(^4\)s, maturing on Nov. 1: \$3.000, 1939 to 1943; \$7,000, 1944 to 1948, and \$10,000, 1949 to 1953; the remaining \$50,000 as 3s maturing \$10,000 from Nov. 1, 1954 to 1958 incl.

COMO SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Como), Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the District Secretary that \$12,000 4% school bonds have been purchased recently by the State Bank of Como, paying a premium of \$218.00, equal to 101.816, a basis of about 3.63%. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Due \$1,000 from 1939 to 1950, incl.

GLEN ALLAN CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Glen Allan), Miss.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is reported that the \$15,000 3½% semi-annual school bonds purchased by the First National Bank of Memphis, as noted here recently, were sold at par, and mature \$1,000 annually.

HARRISON COUNTY (P. O. Gulfport), Miss.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$350,000 refunding bonds was purchased on Nov. 8 by J. S. Love & Co. of Jackson and Kenneth G. Price & Co. of McComb, jointly, as 4s at 100.43.

HUMPHREYS COUNTY (P. O. Belzoni), Miss.—BOND TENDERS ACCEPTED—In connection with the call for tenders up to Nov. 7, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2427—it is stated by A. A. Gore, Chancery Clerk, that the county purchased a total of \$60,000 4% refunding bonds from the Citizens Bank & Trust Co. of Belzoni, at 99.00.

INVERNESS, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$15,000 $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ semi-annual water works and electric light refunding bonds have been purchased by the First National Bank of Memphis. Dated Oct. 15, 1938.

MERIDIAN, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by R. S. Tew, City Clerk-Treasurer, that the following 3% semi-ann. bonds aggregating \$117,000 have been purchased by a syndicate composed of Scharff & Jones, Inc. of New Orleans, the Equitable Securities Corp. of Nashville, the First National Bank, the Meridian Securities Corp. of Nashville, the First National Bank of New Orleans, paying a price of 100.26. \$110,000 special street improvement, Series B bonds. 67,000 street intersection, Series B bonds.

Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Legal approval by Charles & Trauernicht of St. Louis, Mo.

PASCAGOULA, Miss.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the City Clerk that the \$9,000 4½% semi-annual funding bonds purchased by Sam Gates & Co. of Gulfport, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2731—were sold for a price of 100.50, and mature on Sept. 1 as follows: \$500, 1939 to 1948, and \$1,000, 1949 to 1952, giving a basis of about 4.43%.

TRACY, Minn.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$12,000 234% semi-ann, sewage disposal bonds were purchased at par by the Farmers & Merchants State Bank of Tracy. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1, 1938; due \$4,000 from Oct. 1, 1939 to 1941 incl.

VICKSBURG, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$175,000 school bonds were purchased on Oct. 28 by J. G. Hickman, Inc. of Vicksburg, and associates, paying a price of 100.25 for \$55,000 as 23/s, and \$120,000 as 3s.

WARREN COUNTY (P. O. Vicksburg), Miss.—BOND SALE DETAILS—In connection with the sale of the \$436,000 coupon court house, road and bridge bonds to a group headed by J. G. Hickman, Inc. of Vicksburg, at a price of par, noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2427—we are advised that the bonds are divided as follows: \$200,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$9,000 in 1939 to 1943, \$20,000 in 1944 to 1948, \$50,000 in 1949, and \$5,000 in 1951 to 1953, and \$236,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$45,000 in 1950, \$50,000 in 1951 to 1953, and \$41,000 in 1954, as 31/s. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the Irving Trust Co., New York. These bonds were authorized by a majority vote of the qualified voters of the County, and are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes, and were validated by the Chancery Court, which renders them forever incontestable in any court in the State. Legality to be approved by Charles & Trauernicht of St. Louis.

Financial Statement as of Oct. 5, 1938

Assessed value, 1937-1938

Total bonded debt (incl. this issue) 1,542,800

Population, 1930 census, 35,769.
As of Oct. 5, 1938, the County had cash sinking fund of \$100,752.54.

It also had school warrants outstanding amounting to \$50,000 and den Feb. 15, 1939.

WORTHINGTON, Minn.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$125,000 issue of paving certificates of indebtedness offered for sale on Nov. 4—V. 145. p. 2731—was awarded to the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Minneapolis, as 2s, paying a price of 100.54, according to the City Clerk. Due over a 15-year period.

YAZOO CITY, Miss.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is stated by the City Clerk that the \$40,000 3% semi-annual high school bonds purchased by the Union Planters National Bank & Trust Co. of Memphis, at a price of 100.61, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2731—are dated Dec. 1, 1938, and are due \$4,000 from 1939 to 1948, giving a basis of about 2.87%.

MISSOURI

DEXTER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Dexter), Mo.—PURCHASER—It is now reported that the \$30,000 school building bonds which were sold, as noted here in July, were purchased by the Commerce Trust Co. of Kansas City.

FRANKLIN COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Union), Mo.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$19,000 3½% semi-annual school bonds have been purchased by Whitaker & Co. of St. Louis. Dated Oct. 1, 1938.

MOBERLY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Moberly), Mo.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$80,000 2½% semi-ann. school bonds have been purchased by the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co. of St. Louis. Dated Oct. 1, 1938.

MONTGOMERY CITY, Mo.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated that \$26,500 water, sewer and fire department bonds were purchased recently by Baum, Bernheimer & Co. of Kansas City, paying a price of \$103.14.

RITENOUR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Overland), Mo.—PRICE PAID—It is reported that the \$50,000 2\% semi-annual building bonds purchased jointly by Baum, Bernheimer & Co., and Callender, Burke & MacDonald, both of Kansas City, as noted here.—V. 147, p. 2731—were sold at a price of 98.00, a basis of about 2.93%. Due \$25,000 on Feb. 1 in 1952 and 1953.

■ UNIVERSITY CITY, Mo.—BOND SALE—The \$1,052,000 various new capital issues offered Nov. 9—V. 147, p. 2897—were awarded to a group composed of the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co., St. Louis; Northern Trust Co., Chicago; First Boston Corp., New York, and Stix & Co. of St. Louis, as 2½s, at 100.27, a basis of about 2.23%. Dated Nov. 15, 1938 and due serially on Feb. 1 from 1944 to 1958 incl. Reoffered by the bankers to yield from 1.40% to 2.25%, according to maturity. Second high bid of 102.26 for 2½s was made by the Mississippi Valley Trist Co., St. Louis.

■ WARRENSBURG, Mo.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the City Clerk that the \$20,000 street bonds purchased jointly by the Citizens Bank and the Peoples National Bank, both of Warrensburg, as noted in our issue of Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2731—were sold as 2¾s at par, and mature from July 15, 1939 to 1948 inclusive.

MONTANA

CHOUTEAU COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Big Sandy), Mont.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until Nov. 19, by Walter Tschirgi, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$68,750 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. school bonds. Due over a period of 14 years on the serial or amortization plan.

CLYDE PARK, Mont.—BONDS EXCHANGED—It is stated by the Town Clerk that the \$10,000 6% semi-annual refunding water bonds offered for sale without success on July 6, as noted here at the time, have been exchanged with the holders of the original bonds. Due \$1,000 from 1939 to 1948 incl.

LEWISTOWN, Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$50,000 issue of sewage disposal plant bonds offered for sale on Nov. 5—V. 147. p. 2731—was purchased by the State Board of Land Commissioners, as 3½s, at par, reports the City Clerk.

RICHLAND COUNTY (P. O. Sidney) Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$45,422.30 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2732—was awarded to the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minneapolis, as 2 1/4 s, paying a premium of \$80.00, equal to 100.17, according to the County Clerk.

RICHLAND COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fairview), Mont.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that the \$27,500 gymnasium bonds offered for sale on Sept. 24—V. 147, p. 1811—were purchased by the State Board of Land Commissioners, as 4s.

NEBRASKA

PDIXON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Ponca), Neb.—PRICE PAID—It is now reported that the \$21,000 3½% semi-nn. construction bonds purchased by Wachob-Bender & Co. of Omaha, as noted here on Sept. 24—V. 147, p. 1959—were sold at a price of 100.952, a basis of about 3.42%. Due in 15 years.

DODGE COUNTY (P. O. Fremont), Neb.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the County Clerk that the \$75,000 hospital bonds sold as 1½ s, as noted here on Oct. 29—V. 147. p. 2732—were purchased by Greenway & Co. of Omaha, paying a price of 100.24, and they are due as follows: \$5,000 in 1939 and \$7,000 in 1940 to 1949; optional after five years, giving a basis of about 1.69%.

EMERSON, Neb.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the Village Clerk that the \$36,000 3½% semi-ann. refunding bonds sold last May, as noted in these columns at the time, were purchased by the Wachob-Bender & Co. of Omaha, and mature on April 19 as follows: \$2,000, 1941 to 1949, and \$3,000, 1950 to 1955; calable after April 19, 1948.

LAWRENCE, Neb.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now stated by the Village Clerk that the \$22,000 refunding bonds which were sold at par, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2732—were purchased by the Mortgage Investment Co. of Hastings, as 4s, and mature from Sept. 1, 1940 to 1953.

that the \$24,000 refunding bonds purchased by Greenway & Co. of Omaha, as noted here on Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2732—were sold as 234s, at par, are described as follows: coupon bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 from 1939 to 1946 incl.; optional after five years. Interest payable M-N.

WAYNE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 (P. O. Hosking), Neb.—BONDS SOLD—The Clerk of the Board of Education states that \$10,000 school construction bonds have been sold.

NEW HAMPSHIKE

MANCHESTER, N. H.—BOND OFFERING—F.*D. McLaughlin, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 16 for the purchase of \$150,000 2½% coupon bonds, divided as follows: \$125,000 municipal inpt. and equipment bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1938 and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$7,000 from 1939 to 1943 incl. and \$6,000 from 1944 to 1958 incl. Interest P-A.

25,000 highway and sewer bonds. Dated Oct. 1, "1938 and due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1939 to 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1944 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958, incl. Interest A-O. 1944 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958 incl. Interest A-O. 1945 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1958 incl. Interest A-O. 1945 incl. and \$1,000 from 1945 incl. and \$1,000

NEW JERSEY

BAYONNE, N. J.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$530,000 4% Porterminal bonds sold at par to Public Works Administration—V. 147, p. 732—are dated Sept. 1, 1936 and mature Sept. 1as follows: \$10,000, 1941 1945 incl.: \$30,000 from 1946 to 1955 incl., and \$20,000 from 1956 to

BERNARDS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bernardsville, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to William Van Houten, District Clerk, will be received until 8 p. m. on Nov. 21 for the purchase of \$110,000 2, 2½, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼ or 3½% coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1939 to 1948, incl., and \$6,000 from 1949 to 1958, incl. Principal and interest (J-D) payable at the Bernardsville National Bank, Bernardsville. Bidder to name a single rate of interest. The sum required to be obtained at the sale of the bonds is \$110,000. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and the approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for 2% of the issue, payable to order of the Board of Education, is required.

CHESTER TOWNSHIP (P. O. Maple Shade), N. J.—TENDERS WANTED—William E. MacKinney, Township Clerk, announces that pursuant to certain provisions of refunding plan and in accordance with Township Committee resolution adopted Oct. 18, 1938, sealed tenders of general refunding bonds, dated Dec. 1, 1936 and due Dec. 1, 1975, will be received until 2 p. m. on Nov. 29 at the Burlington County Trust Co., Moorestwon, fiscal agent. Prices must not exceed par and accordancest.

SEDGEWATER, N. J.—REFUNDING ISSUE APPROVED—In approving the borough's proposal to issue \$125,000 refunding bonds of 1938, the State Funding Commission stated that the municipality's tax collection history is far above average.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP (P. O. Trenton), N. J.—BOND SALE—A syndicate composed of Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; B. J. Vam Ingen & Co., Inc., both of New York; Colyer, Robinson & Co., and MacBride, Miller & Co., both of Newark; was the successful bidder at the offering of \$1,096, 000 coupon or registered sewer bonds on Nov. 10—V. 147, p. 2897. Bankers bid for a tota; of \$1,086,000 bonds, naming an interest rate of 3½% and paying a price of 100.94, a basis of about 3.43%. Dated Dec. 1 1938 and d.e. Dec. 1 as follo 7s: \$20,000, 1939 and 1540; \$22.000, 1941 and 1942; \$24,000, 1943 to 1945 incl.; \$26,000, 1946 to 1949 incl.; \$28,000 from 1950 to 1966 incl.; \$30,000 from 1967 to 1977 incl. and \$20,000 in 1978. A group headed by E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., bid for \$1,093,000 bonds as 3½s, as 100.31, while Blyth & Co., Inc., New York, and associates offered to pay 100.096 for a total of \$1,095,000 4s.

KEARNY, N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$29.000 Kearny Ave. bridge bonds offered Nov. 9—V. 147, p. 2897—were awarded to Minsch, Monell & Co., New York as 2½s, at 100.71, s basis of about 2.40%. Dated Oct. 1 1938 and due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1939 to 1952 incl. and \$1,000 in 1953. Second high bid of 100.69 for 2%s was made by J. S. Rippel & Co., Irc. of Newark.

SEA BRIGHT, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—E. W. Fary, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Nov. 17 for the purchase of \$188,500 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows: \$68,500 sewer impt. bonds. Due in annual instalments from 1939 to 1972 incl.

incl.

120,000 jetty impt. bonds. Due in annual instalments from 1939 to 1953 incl. Part of authorized issue of \$165,000.

All of the bonds will be dated Nov. 1, 1938. One in denom. of \$500, others \$1,000 each. Combined maturities, with payments due each Nov. 1, follow: \$10,000, 1939 to 1953 incl.; \$2,000 from 1954 to 1971 incl. and \$2,500 in 1972. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at office of the Borough Collector-Treasurer, or at the Continental Bank & Trust Co., New York City. Bidder to name a single rate of interest. The sum required to be obtained at the sale of the bonds is \$188,500. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to order of the borough, is required. Bonds are unlimited tax obligations and approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

UNION TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Union), N. J.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The Union Center National Bank of Union paid a price of par in purchasing an issue of \$12,000 5% improvement bonds.—V. 147, p. 2732.

VERONA, N. J.—BOND OFFERING CANCELED—The borough has withdrawn an offering of \$3,500 not to exceed 6% interest storm sewer bonds, sale of which was scheduled to be held on Nov. 15—V. 147, p. 2898.

VINELAND, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Robert E. Beakley, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3 p. m. on Nov. 22, for the purchase of \$100.000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered electric light plant bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$6.000 from 1939 to 1943, incl. and \$7,000 from 1944 to 1953, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (J-D) payable at Vineland National Bank & Trust Co., Vineland, or at the Guaranty Trust Co., New York City. A certified check for 2% of the issue, payable to order of the Borough Treasurer, is required. Legal opinion of Caldwell & Raymond of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

NEW YORK

ALBANY, N. Y.—FAVORABLE AND ADVERSE FACTORS AFFECT-ING CREDIT STATUS—Factors which have had an adverse effect upon the city's credit standing, some of which threaten to continue for several years into the future, are its high debt burden and tax rate; partial refunding of maturities, resulting in slow retirement of debt; heavy operating deficits for the municipal water system; unsound policies of the overlapping Albany County government; rapid increase in the county debt; and heavy deficits from port operations, according to a financisl study prepared by the investment firm of Lazard Freres & Co., New York City. The analysis points out that immediate abandonment of refunding of current maturities would raise the already high tax rate to almost exorbitant proportions and that there is no assurance that the debt equalization program adopted this year will alone solve the city's fiscal troubles. A satisfactory solution might be assured through combining equalization with a water rate increase and a successful effort to keep operating costs and new borrowing at the minimum, the study asserts.

In spite of these adverse factors, the obligations of the City of Albany are still entitled to a fairly high credit rating, in the firm's opinion, on the gounds that the city is practically assured of full collection of tax levies, because delinquencies are turned over to the county as a credit against the city's share of the county levy, and also by reason of high per capita wealth and income in Albany, its stable economic life and low relief burden, its wide industrial diversification and its record of sound maintenance of sinking fund payments.

ARGYLE, HEBRON, GREENWICH, FORT EDWARD AND SALEM

ARGYLE, HEBRON, GREENWICH, FORT EDWARD AND SALEM CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Argyle), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Robert C. Young, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 17 for the purchase of \$117,700 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered school bonds of 1938. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. One bond for \$700, others \$1,000 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,700, 1941; \$4,000 from 1942 to 1963 incl., and \$5,000 from 1964 to 1968 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Prin. and int. (M-N) payable at Districts Treasurer's office or at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York City. A certified check for \$2,354, payable to order of the Board of Education, is required. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful pidder.

BATAVIA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Batavia), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Arthur R. Churchill, District Clerk, will receive scaled bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 21 for the purchase of \$25,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1941 to 1945 incl., and \$2,000 from 1946 to 1950 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (A-O) payable at the Marine Midland Trust Co., New York.

The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$500, payable to order of the district, is required.

BEDFORD, LEWISBORO AND NORTH SALEM UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 (P. O. Katonah), N. Y.—BOND OFFER-ING—J. Gilson Miller, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$329,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 15 as follows: \$10,000, 1940 and 1941; \$11,000, 1942 and 1943; \$12,-000, 1944 to 1949 incl.; \$13,000 from 1950 to 1954 incl., and \$15,000 from 1955 to 1964 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Prin. and int. (M-N) payable at the Northern Westchester Bank, Katonah, with New York exchange. Bonds are unlimited tax obligations and approving legal opinoin of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$6,500, payable to order of District Clerk, is required. District has currently outstanding a total of \$330,000 bonds. Assessed valuation is reported as \$11,956,180 and population estimated at 3,500.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—ADDITIONAL OFFERING DETAILS—The following information supplements that previously given in V. 147, p. 2898—in connection with the offering of \$234.000 not to exceed 5% interest hospital bonds on Nov. 17. Bonds will be dated Aug. 1, 1938 and bidder is required to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. The bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied on all of the city's taxable property.

GARDEN CITY, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Eugene R. Courtney, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3:45 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$86,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered general improvement bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$7,000. 1939 to 1943 incl.; \$8,000, 1944; \$9,000, 1945 to 1947 incl.; \$3,000 from 1948 to 1952 incl. and \$1,000 in 1953. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1-10th of 1%. Prin. and int. (A-O) payable at the Garden City Bank & Trust Co., Garden City, in New York exchange. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and approving legal opinion of Thomsom, Wood & Hoffman of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for 2%, payable to order of the village, is required.

CATO, IRA, CONQUEST, VICTORY, STERLING, LYSANDER, BUTLER AND HANNIBAL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Cato), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Charles Streeter, Clerk of the Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 17, for the purchase of \$350,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Oct. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 15 as follows: \$10,000, 1941 to 1945, incl.; \$11,000, 1946 to 1950, incl.; \$12,000, 1951 to 1955, incl.; \$13,000, 1956 to 1960, incl., and \$15,000 from 1961 to 1968, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (A-O-15) payable at the First National Bank of Cato, with New York exchange, or at the Manufacturers Trust Co., New York City, at holder's option. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$7,000, payable to order of Bernice Bloomfield, District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

HAMBURG UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Hamburg), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Ioane Pierce, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$250,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due \$12,500 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1958 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at the Peoples Bank of Hamburg or at the Bank of Hamburg, both at Hamburg. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$5,000, payable to the order of Gordon S. Mohr, District Treasurer, is required. District reports an assessed valuation for 1938-39 of \$9,579,670 and bonded debt, neluding the issue now offered, of \$501,800. Population estimated 6,000.

HUDSON FALLS, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to John J. Etu, Village Clerk, will be received until 11 a. m. on Nov. 17 for the purchase of \$164,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered bonds divided as follows:

bonds divided as follows:
\$139,000 sewer bonds. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1943 to 1947
incl., and \$4,000 from 1948 to 1978 incl.
25,000 general (WPA) projects) bonds. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,000
from 1940 to 1942 incl. and \$4,000 from 1943 to 1946 incl.
Each issue is dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to name a
single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Prin.
and int. (M-N) payable at the Village Treasurer's office or at the Central
Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York City. The bonds are unlimited
tax obligations and approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafiled & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$3,280, payable to order of the village, is required.

KENMORE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Walter Ducker, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids on Nov. 21, at the time specified below, for the purchase of two issues of not to exceed 6% interest bonds, aggregating \$117,000 and described herewith:

\$117,000 and described herewith:

\$87,000 registered funding bonds. Bids on this loan will be received until 3:15 p. m. Due July 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1939 to 1941, incl.; \$8,000 in 1942 and 1943 and \$10,000 from 1944 to 1948, incl. Callable at any time on 30 days' written notice to address of the registered holder as furnished to the Village Clerk. A certified check for \$1,740, payable to order of the village, is required.

30,000 coupon or registered street improvement bonds. Bids for this loan will be opened at 3:45 p. m. Due \$3,000 on July 1 from 1939 to 1948, incl. Certified check required in this case is \$600.

Each issue is dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \$4\$ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (J-J) payable at State Bank of Kenmore with New York exchange, or at the Guaranty Trust Co., New York. All of the bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes and approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

MANCHESTER, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Neal O'Harrigan Jr., Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 18, for the purchase of \$88,550 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered sewer bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. One bond for \$1,550, others \$1,000 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows \$2,000, 1939 to 1970, incl.; \$3,000 from 1971 to 1977, incl. and \$3,550 in 1978. Bidder to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at the State Bank of Shortsville, or at the Irving Trust Co., New York City. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and approving legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$1,770, payable to order of the village, is required.

NEW YORK (State of)—EXECUTOR ASKS FOR BIDS ON \$3,816,000 BONDS—A. R. Erb, Assistant Secretary of the United States Trust Co. of New York, as executor, will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of all or any part of the following described \$3,816,000 New York State fully registered bonds at the offices of the company, 45 Wall St., New York City, until noon on Nov. 17:

\$230,000 2½s due March 1 as follows: \$77,000, 1983; \$100,000 in 1984 and \$53,000 in 1985.

150,000 2½s due Dec. 8 as follows: \$50,000 in 1976 and \$100,000 in 1977.

550,000 2½s due April 1 as follows: \$50,000, 1978; \$150,000 in 1980 and 1981; \$95,000 in 1982 and \$105,000 in 1983.

1,400,000 3s due on March 25 as follows: \$1,000, 1956; \$5,000, 1958; \$45,000, 1962; \$20,000, 1968; \$100,000, 1965; \$50,000, 1966; \$120,000, 1968; \$100,000, 1977; \$100,000, 1974; \$70,000, 1977; \$100,000, 1981; and \$90,000 in 1986; also on Sept. 15 as follows: \$65,000, 1987; \$25,000, 1968; \$100,000, 1977; \$140,000, 1976; and \$20,000 in 1977 and 1978.

1,000,000 3¼s due Oct. 15 as follows: \$95,000 from 1965 to 1968, incl.; \$110,000, 1969; \$105,000, 1970; \$80,000, 1971; \$105,000, 1972; \$110,000 in 1973 and 1974.

NEW YORK

\$486,000 4s due variously as follows: \$184,000 March 1 and \$63,000 Sept. 1, 1941; \$75,000 Jan. 1 and \$14,000 Sept. 1, 1942; \$14,000 Sept. 1, 1944; \$9,000 on March 1 in 1946 and 1947; \$19,000 March 1, 1949; \$4,000 April 15, 1949; \$20,000 Sept. 1, 1955; \$20,000 March 1 and \$34,000 Sept. 1, 1958, and \$20,000 Sept. 1, 1959.

All of the bonds are in various denoms. Bidders will name dollar prices figured to five places for each interest rate and for each maturity; no averaged prices will be considered, and in the case of all or none bids the total dollar value for each interest rate. Award will be made only for cash, with delivery of bonds in New York City on Nov. 21.

BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Special offering is being made by C. F. Childs & Co. of New York of \$855,000 New York State registered 4% bonds, due April 15, 1943, to yield 0.90%.

NORTH HEMSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 (P. O. Mineola), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$453,750 coupon or registered school bdg. bonds offered Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2733—were awarded jointly to Phelps, Fenn & Co., Inc. and F. 8. Moseley & Co., both of New York, as 2.40s, at 100.70, a basis of about 2.35%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$15,750, 1941; \$15,000, 1942 to 1957 incl.; \$18,000 in 1958 and \$20,000 from 1959 to 1967 incl. Among other bids were the following:

unlimited ad valorem taxes on all of the village's taxable property.

OYSTER BAY (P. O. Oyster Bay), N. Y.—OFFERING OF MASSA-PEQUA WATER DISTRICT BONDS—Edwin M. McQueen, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Nov. 15 for purchase of \$39,000 not to exceed 5% interest, coupon or registered water bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due April 1 as follows: \$1,500 from 1941 to 1950 incl. and \$2,000 from 1951 to 1962 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (A-O) payable at Long Island National Bank, Hicksville, with New York exchange. The bonds are general obligations of the town, payable primarily from assessments on property benefited in the Water District; but if not paid from such levy then all of the town's taxable property will be subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes to provide for principal and interest requirements. A certified check for \$780, payable to order of the town, is required. Legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

PORTER (P. O. Ransomville), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo was awarded on Nov. 9 an issue of \$10,900 highway bonds as 2.20s.

PULASKI, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The Lincoln National Bank of Pulaski purchased on Oct. 20 an issue of \$4,560 fire department equipment bonds as 3s. Due in from one to six years.

SALAMANCA, N. Y.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$82,000 general city bonds sold as $3\frac{1}{2}$ s, at par, to Salamanca Trust Co. and the First National Bank of Salamanca—V. 147, p. 2124—mature as follows: \$9,000 in 1939 and 1940 and \$8,000 from 1941 to 1948 incl.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION PLAN DEFEATED—The proposal to permit election of members of the City Council by the proportional representation method was defeated by the voters at the Nov. 8 election.

SHORTSVILLE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to B. Bennett Brown, Village Clerk, will be received until 2 p. m. on Nov. 16 for the purchase of \$88,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered sewer bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1, as follows: \$2,000 from 1939 to 1970 incl. and \$3,000 from 1971 to 1978 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¾ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable at the State Bank of Shortsville, or at the Irving Trust Co., New York City. A certified check for \$1,760, payable to order of the village, is required. The bonds are payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes and approving legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of N. Y. City will be furnished the successful bidder.

UTICA, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Thomas J. Nelson, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 17 for the purchase of \$265,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

as follows:
\$125,000 high school bonds. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1939 to
to 1963 incl. and \$5,000 from 1964 to 1968 incl.

38,000 Works Progress Administration projects bonds. Due Dec. 1 as
follows: \$3,000 in 1939 and 1940 and \$4,000 from 1941 to 1948 incl.

100,000 home relief bonds. Due \$10,000 on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl.
All of the bonds will be dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder
to name a single rate of interest expressed in a multiple of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ or 1-10th of
1%. Prin. and int. (J-D) payable at City Treasurer's office, with New
York exchange. A certified check for \$5,260, payable to order of the City
Comptroller, is required. Legality to be approved by Thomson, Wood &
Hoffman of New York City.

WINDSOR AND COLESVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Windsor), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Leslie C. Turrell, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Nov. 15 for the purchase of \$65,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000 on June 1 from 1940 to 1952 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (J-D) payable at the Windsor National Bank. A certified check for \$1,300, payable to order of the Board of Education, is required. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations and will be approved as to legality by Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow, of New York.

YONKERS, N. Y.—APPROVES CITY MANAGER GOVERNMENT PLAN—The city manager form of government was approved by a vote of 23,767 to 20,592 at the Nov. 8 general election. As a result, the city's financial and fiscal affairs will be handled next year by a body of six councilmen to be elected at large and without party designation. The councilmen will then choose a city manager to assume office Jan. 1, 1940. The Mayor will remain in an honorary capacity. The new governing body will supersede the present 12-man Board of Aldermen.

NORTH CAROLINA

BETHEL, N. C.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the Secretary of the Local Government Commission that \$16,000 4% semi-annual water and street improvement bonds were offered for sale on Nov. 8 without success when no bids were received. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Due on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1941 to 1948, and \$2,000, 1949 to 1952.

on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1941 to 1948, and \$2,000, 1949 to 1952.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY (P. O. Asheville) N. C.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is announced by Curtis Bynum, Secretary of the Sinking Fund Commission, that pursuant to the provisions of the respective bond orders or ordinances authorizing their issuance, tenders will be received until Nov. 16, at noon, for the purchase by the respective sinking funds, in the name and on behalf of the issuing units, of the following bonds. Buncombe County refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. City of Asheville general refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. City of Asheville

\$25,000

RUTHERFORD COUNTY, N.C. Rd. & Br. 43/48 Due February 1, 1950 at 97 int.

F. W. CRAIGIE & COMPANY

Phone 8-9137

Richmond, Va.
A. T. T. Tel. Rich.Va. 83

NORTH CAROLINA

water refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Asheville local tax school district refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Barnardsville Public School District ref. bonds dated July 1, 1936. Black Mountain Special School Tax District ref. bonds dated July 1, 1936. Grace Special School Tax District 5½% refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Grace Special School Tax District fef. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Grace Special School Tax District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Reems Creek Township Special School Tax District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Consolidated School District 5% ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Consolidated School District 5% ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Valley Springs Special School Taxing District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Woodfin Special School Tax District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Beaverdam Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Skyland Sanitary Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Skyland Sanitary Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swannanoa Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Swoodfin Sanitary Water and Sewer District ref. bonds, dated July 1, 1936.

All tenders must be considered firm for five days following date of opening, unless otherwise specified in the tender. The right is reserved to reject all tenders.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed that the \$25,000 5% airport bonds purchased recently by the First & Citizens National Bank of Elizabeth City, at par, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2734—are coupon bonds, dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due \$1,000 from Oct. 1, 1939 to 1963, incl. Denom. \$500. Interest payable A-O.

GREENVILLE, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, that he will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 22, at his office in Raleigh, for the purchase of the following issues of not to exceed 6% semi-ann coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$343,000:

\$206,000 water and light bonds. Due Nov. 1, as follows: \$5,000 in 1940 to 1949, \$8,000 in 1950 and 1951, \$10,000 in 1952 and 1953, and \$12,000 in 1954 to 1963.

137,000 municipal improvement bonds. Due Nov. 1, as follows: \$3,000 in 1940 to 1946, \$6,000 in 1947 to 1949, and \$7,000 in 1950 to 1963.

In 1940 to 1946, \$6,000 in 1947 to 1949, and \$7,000 in 1950 to 1963.

Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. A separate bid for each issue (not less than par and accrued interest) is required. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates in multiples of ¼ of 1%: each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds of any issue (having the earliest maturities) and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates for any issue, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of the bonds of each rate. The bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the bonds at the lowest interest cost. Prin. and int. payable in New York City. General obligations; unlimited tax. Delivery on or about Dec. 12, at place of purchaser's choice. Bids must be on a form to be furnished by the above Secretary. The approving opinion of Masslich & Mitcheil of New York, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$6,860, payable to the State Treasurer.

MURFREESBORO, N. C.—BOND SALE—The \$5,000 issue of 6% semi-ann. street and sidewalk improvement bonds offered for sale on Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2899—was awarded to the Farmers Bank of Woodland, at a price of 100.05, a basis of about 5.99%. Dated Oct.1, 1938. Due \$500 on Oct. 1, in 1939 to 1948 incl.

NORTH CAROLINA, State of—GASOLINE TAX REVENUES SHOW INCREASE—Revenue from the North Carolina gasoline tax of six cents a gallon and from the inspection tax of one-fourth of a cent a gallon increased \$1,241,578.50 during the fiscal year 1937-38 over the fiscal year of 1936-37. The total highway fund revenue from all sources including gasoline tax, automobile licenses, title fees and so forth for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1938 amounted to \$31,948.299 while the revenue from these same sources for the year ended June 30, 1937 amounted to \$31,094,401. These figures do not include the revenue from the inspection tax of one-fourth of a cent a gallon.

do not include the revenue from the inspection tax of one-tourth of a case a gallon.

The increase in gasoline consumption amounted to 20,306,602 gallons over last year which at an average of 12 miles per gallon, indicated an increase in travel of 20,307,602 miles per month in North Carolina or a total of 243,679,224 miles for the year ended June 30, 1938.

Total gasoline consumption for this fiscal year (1937-38) was 388,547,777 gallons as compared with a total consumption of 368,231,169 for the preceding year. At an average of 12 miles per gallon for all types of vehicles (National Safety Council figures) this represents a total of 4,662,453,252 miles traveled in North Carolina during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1938—more than 4½ billion miles. This is significant in face of the fact that commercial and industrial hauling was from 15 to 20% below the previous year.

Other Revenues Show Gain for 1937-38

Other Revenues Show Gain for 1937-38

Revenue collections for the North Carolina general fund—entirely separate from motor vehicle revenues—showed a gain of \$537.364.98 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1938, despite a decrease of almost \$2,000,000 in inheritance tax collections. Total collections for the general fund this fiscal year amounted to \$37.627,290.46 as compared with \$37.098,925.98, for the preceding fiscal year.

Income tax collections during 1937-38 were the largest in the history of the State, amounting to \$11,364,598.28 as compared with 1936-37 collections of \$11,013.081.59. Collections from the 3% retail sales tax amounted to \$11,143,987.21 as compared with \$13.25,661.48 during the previous year, a spite of the business recession during the winter months of 1937-38.

ROANOKE RAPIDS, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—We are informed by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, that he will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15, at his office in Raleigh, for the purchase of an issue of \$130,000 coupon street improvement bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable M-S. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$5,000 in 1941 to 1944, \$6,000 in 1945 to 1948, \$8,000 in 1949 to 1952, and \$9,000 in 1952 to 1958. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds (having the earliest maturities) and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of bonds of each rate. No bid of less than par and accrued interest will be entertaired. The bonds will be registerable as to principal only. Prin. and int. payable at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York, or at the City Treasurer's office. General obligations: unlimited tax; delivery at place of purchaser's choice. The approving opinion of Massiich & Mitchell of New York will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$2,600, payable to the State Treasurer.

SOUTHERN PINES, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15 by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, at his office in Raleigh, for the purchase of a \$9.000 issue of coupon land bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable M-N. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1.000. Due \$1,000 Nov. 1, 1941 to 1949. Bidders are requested to name the rate or rates of interest in multiples of ½ of 1%. Each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds (having the earliest maturities) and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of bonds of each rate. The bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the bonds at the lowest interest cost to the town, such cost to be determined by deducting the total amount of the premium bid from the aggregate amount of interest upon all the bonds until their respective maturities. No bid of less than par and accrued interest will be entertained. The bonds may be registerable as to principal only. Prin. and int.

NORTH CAROLINA

payable in New York City. General obligations; unlimited tax; delivery on or about Nov. 25, at place of purchaser's choice. The approving opinion of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$180, payable to the State Treasurer.

STONEVILLE, N. C.—BOND REOFFERING NOT SCHEDULED—It is stated by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, that no plans have been made to reoffer the \$45,000 not to exceed 6% semi-ann. water and sewer bonds that were offered for sale without success on July 26, as noted here.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA—PURCHASERS—We are now informed in connection with the sale of the \$444,000 dormitory building and dining hall revenue bonds to R. 8. Dickson & Co. of Charlotte, at 100.01, a net interest cost of about 3.72%, as reported in our issue of Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2734—that the firms of Scott, Horner & Masson, of Lynchburg; Kirchofer & Arnold, of Raleigh; Lewis & Hall, of Greensboro; Vance, Young & Hardin, Inc., of Winston-Salem; Southern Investment Co., of Charlotte, and the William B. Greene Co., of Winston-Salem, were associated with the above named in the purchase of the bonds.

WASHINGTON, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, that he will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Nov. 15, at his office in Raleigh, for the purchase of the following issues of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. coupon bonds aggregating \$225,000:

purchase of the following issues of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. coupon bonds aggregating \$225,000:
\$42,000 public building bonds. Due Oct. 15 as follows: \$2,000 in 1941 to 1943, \$4,000 in 1944 to 1947, and \$5,000 in 1948 to 1951.
25,000 refunding bonds. Due Oct. 15, as follows: \$15,000 in 1944, and \$10,000 in 1945.
25,000 street impt. bonds. Due Oct. 15, as follows: \$2,000 in 1944, and \$10,000 in 1945.
133,000 water and electric light system bonds. Due Oct. 15, as follows: \$6,000 in 1941 to 1945, \$13,000 in 1946, and \$15,000 in 1947 to 1952.

Dated Oct. 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable in lawful money in N. Y. City. A separate bid for each separate issue (not less than par and accrued interest) is required. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates in multiples of ½ of 1%; each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds of any issue (having the earliest maturities) and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates for any issue, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of bonds of each rate. The bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the bonds at the lowest interest cost to the city, such cost to be determined by deducting the total amount of the premium bid from the aggregate amount of interest upon all of the bonds will be entertained. Delivery of the public improvement bonds must be made separate from and prior to the other bonds; the public impt. bonds will be delivered on or about Nov. 28, and the other bonds on or about Nov. 30, at place of purchaser's choice. The bonds are registerable as to principal only. Bids must be on a form to be furnished oy the above Secretary. The approving opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$4.500, payable to the State Treasurer.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be re-

WILMINGTON, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on Nov. 22, by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, at his office in Raieigh, for the purchase of the following issues of not to exceed 6% semi-ann. coupon bonds aggregating \$242,000:

\$30,000 sanitary sewer bonds. Due \$2,000 Oct. 1, 1940 to 1954.
14,000 water works extension bonds. Due \$1,000 Oct. 1, 1940 to 1953. 116,000 street and sidewalk bonds. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$4,000 in 1940 to 1946, \$6,000 in 1947 to 1952, \$8,000 in 1953 to 1956 and \$10,000 in 1957 and 1958.

82,000 public improvement bonds. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$2,000 in 1940 to 1942, \$4,000 in 1943 to 1946 and \$5,000 in 1947 to 1958.

Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. A separate bid for each issue (not less than par and accrued interest) is required. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates in multiples of $\frac{1}{3}$ of 1%. The bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the bonds at the lowest interest cost to the city, such cost to be determined by deducting the total amount of the premium bid from the aggregate amount of interest upon all of the bonds until their respective maturities. Bids must be on a form to be furnished by the above Secretary. Prin. and int. payable in New York City. General obligations; unlimited tax. The bonds are registerable as to principal alone. Delivery on or about Dec. 12, at place of purchaser's choice. The approving opinion of Masslich & Mitchell of New York, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$4.840, payable to the State Treasurer.

NORTH DAKOTA

DICKINSON, N. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—We are informed that sealed and oral bids will be received by D. D. Mars, City Auditor, until Nov. 14 at 2 p. m., for the purchase of a \$42,000 issue of water works revenue bonds. Authority for issuance is Chapter 104, North Dakota Session Laws, 1937.

DRAYTON, N. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Nov. 21, by Harry W. Moore, City Auditor, at the office of the County Auditor, for the purchase of a \$13,500 issue of 4% semi-ann. city hall bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$750. Due Oct. 1, 1941 to 1958. No bid for less than par will be considered. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. Enclose a certified check for 2% of bid.

WAHPETON, N. Dak.—BOND SALE—The \$55,000 issue of 4% coupon semi-ann. sewage disposal, first mortgage and revenue bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2574—was awarded to the Mairs-Shaughnessy Co. of St. Paul, paying a premium of \$1,800, equal to 103.27, a basis of about 3.62%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due on May and Nov. 1 from Nov. 1, 1939 to Nov. 1, 1958.

OHIO MUNICIPALS

MITCHELL, HERRICK & CO.

700 CUYAHOGA BUILDING, CLEVELAND

CANTON AKRON CINCINNATI COLUMBUS SPRINGFIELD

OHIO

BERLIN RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BONDS NOT VOTED ON—We are advised that the district did not vote on an issue of \$39,000 building bonds on Nov. 8—V. 147, p. 2574.

BRANCH HILL RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to Martin M. Weber. District Clerk, will be received until noon on Nov. 26 for the purchase of \$20,000 6% impt. bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1940 to 1949, incl., and \$1,000 from 1950 to 1964, incl. Bidder may name a different rate of interest provided that fractional rates are expressed in a multitude of ¾ of 1%. Interest M-S. A certified check for 2% of the bid, payable to order of District Treasurer, is required. Approving opinion of Peck, Shaffer & Williams of Cincinnati and blank bonds will be furnished the successful bidder.

BRATENAHL VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT. Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Mary H. Giles, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 28 for the purchase of \$75,000 3% coupon school building bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1941 to 1943, incl. and \$6,000 from 1944 to 1953, incl. Should bids from contractors made it desirable, the Board of Education reserves the right to reduce the amount of the issue to \$55,000, to mature in substantially equal annual amounts from 1941 to 1953, incl. Bidder may name

a different rate of interest provided that fractional rates are expressed in a multiple of ¾ of 1%. Interest J-D. A certified check for \$750, payable to the order of the Board of Education, is required. Issue was approved at the Sept. 30 election and will be payable from unlimited taxes. Legal opinion of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland will be furnished the successful bidder.

CASSTOWN, Ohio—BOND SALE—A issue of \$6,000 water and sewer bonds were sold to J. A. White & Co. of Cincinnati. Bonds were voted at the Aug. 9 primary election.

CHARDON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$80,000 school bonds purchased by the State Industrial Commission—V. 147, p. 2899—were sold as 3s, at par. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due semi-annually over a period of 24 years. Denoms. \$2,000 and \$1.500. Interest M-N.

CHIPPEWA RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$88,000 school bonds purchased by the State Teachers' Retrement System—V. 147, p. 1531—were sold as 3s, at par plus \$1,000 premium, equal to 101.134. Due serially from 1945 to 1965 incl.

CLERMONT COUNTY (P. O. Batavia), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Blythe Jones, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until noon on Dec. 3 for the purchase of \$20,000 4% jail bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1940 to 1949, incl., and \$1,000 from 1950 to 1964, incl. Bidder may name a different rate of interest provided that fractional rates are expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest M-S. A certified check for 2% of the bid, payable to order of the County Treasurer, is required. Approving opinion of Peck, Shaffer & Williams of Cincinnati and blankibonds will be furnished by the county.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—BOND OFFERING CANCELED—Owing to the institution of litigation affecting the issue the city has canceled the offering on Nov. 17 of \$3,000,000 not to exceed 6% interest electric light and power plant and system, first mortgage bonds.—V. 147, p. 2734.

COLDWATER SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$90,000 bldg. bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election were sold to Prudden & Co. of Toledo as 2%s.

COVINGTON, Ohio—BOND SALE—Walter, Woody & Heimerdinger of Cincinnati purchased the \$30,000 sewer bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election.

DAYTON, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$100,000 incinerator bonds purchased by the Treasury Investment Board of the city—V. 147, p. 2899—bear 4% interest, dated Nov. 1, 1938 and mature \$5,000 on Nov. 1 from 1940 to 1959 incl.

CUYAHOGA FALLS, Ohio—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Middendorf & Co. of Cincinnati are offering for public investment, to yield from 4.25% to 4.75%, \$186,000 5½% general obligation refunding bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$10,000 June 1 and \$8,000 Dec. 1 from 1943 to 1946, incl.; \$10,000 June 1 and \$9,000 Dec. 1 from 1947 to 1952, incl. Prin. and int. (J-D) payable at City Treasurer's office. Legality approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland. (The above bonds are part of the total of \$231,000 general and special refundings which the city originally proposed to sell on Sept. 9. Offering was canceled.—V. 147, p. 1814.)

DENNISON, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$8,000 general refunding bonds offered Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2574—were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer of Cincinnati as 31/58 at par plus a premium of \$25, equal to 100.31, a basis of about 3.45%. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due \$1,000 on Oct. 1 from 1941 to 1948, inclusive.

DILLONVILLE, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$34,000 sewer system bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election were sold to Walter, Woody & Heimerdinger of Cincinnati.

EAST CLEVELAND, Ohio—BOND SALE—City Treasury Investment Fund has purchased an issue of \$15,000 3% st. impt. bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1939; \$2,000, 1940; \$1,000, 1941; \$2,000, 1942; \$1,000, 1943; \$2,000, 1944; \$1,000, 1945; \$2,000, 1946; \$1,000 in 1947 and \$2,000 in 1948.

\$2,000 in 1948.

EAST PALESTINE, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—George Archibald, City Auditor, will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 30 for the purchase of \$25,000 3 ½% coupon sewage disposal system bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due \$2,500 on Nov. 15 from 1940 to 1949, incl. Bidder may name a different rate of interest expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Principal and interest (M-N) payable in East Palestine. Bonds were authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election and the approving opinion of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$250, payable to order of the city, is required.

EAST SPARTA RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE An issue of \$15,000 bldg. bonds was sold to the State Teachers' Retirement System as 334s, at 101.13, a basis of about 3.11%. Due \$1,000 annually from 1940 to 1954 incl.

FLORENCE-EDON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Edon), Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$61,000 school bonds was sold to Ford R. Weber & Co. of Toledo.

 \blacksquare GIRARD, Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$7,000 4% sanitary sewer bonds was sold to the First National Bank of Girard.

GRATIS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$30,000 school bonds offered Oct. 8—V. 147, p. 2126—were awarded to State Teachers' Retirement System as 3s, at 101.15, a basis of about 2.89%. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due \$600 on April 1, and Oct. 1 from 1940 to 1964 incl.

GREEN TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Smith-ville), Ohio—BONDS SOLD—The \$75,000 school bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election have been sold as 23/4s, according to M. Kaufman, District Clerk.

GREENWICH, Ohio—PRICE PAID—The First National Bank of Greenwich paid a price of par for the issue of \$18,500 3\% % municipal building bonds.—V. 147, p. 2899.

HICKSVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$85,000 school bldg. bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election were sold as 23/s to Braun, Bosworth & Co. of Toledo. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due on March 1 and Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1960 incl. Principal and interest (M-S) payable at Hicksville National Bank, Hicksville. Legality to be approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

HURON COUNTY (P. O. Norwalk), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to Russell Gfell, Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, will be received until noon on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$4.000 5% special asst. ditch bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1938. Denom. \$800. Due \$800 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1943 incl. A certified check for \$200, payable to order of the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, is required. required.

JEFFERSON RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Adams Mills), Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$45,000 bldg. bonds authorized at the Sept. 27 election were sold to the State Teachers' Retirement System.

LANCASTER, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$240,000 sewage treatment plant, interceptor sewer and storm sewer bonds offered No. 4—V. 147, p. 2574—were awarded to Lowry Sweney, Inc., of Columbus, as 2½s, 2½s, at 101.34, a basis of about 2.39%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due as follows: \$4,000 April 1 and \$5,000 Oct. 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl.; \$5,000 April 1 and Oct. 1 from 1950 to 1964 incl.

LITTLE MUSKINGUM RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Marietta, R. R. No. 7), Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$30,000 high school bldgbonds offered Sept. 6—V. 147, p. 1531—were sold to the First Nationa Bank of Marietta as 31/4s, at a price of 100.50.

► LOGAN, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$6,500 water works impt. bonds offered Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2574—were sold to the Farmers & Merchants Bank of Logan. Dated Sept. 15, 1938 and due \$650 on Sept. 15,from,1940 to 1949, inclusive.

LORAIN, Ohio—NOTE SALE DETAILS—The \$238,600 2½% street impt. notes awarded to the BancOhio Securities Co. of Columbus at 100.024—V. 147, p. 1531—bear date at Sept. 15, 1938 and mature Sept. 15,1940.

LYONS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$35,000 3 ½ % building bonds has been sold. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest (A-O) payable in Lyons. Legality approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

MANSFIELD, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—P. L. Kelley, City Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. on Nov. 25 for the purchase of \$19,350 6% special asst. st. impt. bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due as follows: \$2,400 April 1 and \$2,350 Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1941 incl.; \$1,300 April 1 and 0ct. 1, 1942; \$1,300 April 1 and \$1,200 Oct. 1, 1943. A certified check for \$200, payable to order of the city, is required.

MONROEVILLE, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$15,000 water plant bonds purchased by the State Teachers' Retirement System—V. 146, p. 3845—were sold as 3½s and mature \$1,000 annually from 1939 to 1953 incl.

NELSONVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—The State Teachers' Retirement System purchased an issue of \$20,000 $3\frac{1}{4}\%$ swimming pool construction bonds at a price of 101.50. Due serially from 1939 to 1958 incl.

NEW BLOOMINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. R. R. No. 2, Agosta), Ohio—BONDS SOLD—The \$23,000 building bond issue authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election has been sold.

OSNABURG TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. East Canton), Ohio—BOND SALE—The issue of \$93,500 bldg. bonds authorized at the Aug. 9 primary election was sold to Ryan, Sutherland & Co. of Toledo as 23/s.

PAYNE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$19,000 31/4% auditorium bonds reported sold in V. 147, p. 2735—were purchased by the State Teachers' Retirement System at par plus \$200 premium, equal to 101.05. Due in 10 years, callable at anytime. Interest A-O. Denom. \$1,000.

PIQUA, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$231,000 3% second mortgage municipal light and power plant bonds purchased by Van Lahr, Doll & Isphording of Cincinnati—V. 147, p. 2735—matured Oct. 1 as follows: \$16,000 from 1939 to 1944, incl., and \$15,000 from 1945 to 1953, incl.

PIQUA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Piqua), Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$16,500 school improvement bonds was sold as 234s, at par, to J. A. White & Co., Inc., Cincinnati. Dated Oct. 22, 1938 and due as follows: \$500 June 15 and \$1,000 Dec. 15 from 1940 to 1946 incl.; \$1,000 June 15 and Dec. 15 from 1947 to 1949 incl.

RAVENNA, Ohio—BOND SALE—The City Sinking Fund Trustees purchased an issue of \$16,648.21 3% special asst. st. impt. bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,080 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$2,080.21 in 1947.

ROSEVILLE, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$3,500 street impt. bonds offered Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2574—were awarded to Saunders, Stiver & Co. of Cleveland as 2½s. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due \$350 on Oct. 1 from 1940 to 1949 incl. Bliss, Bowman & Co. of Toledo bid for 4s.

SHELBY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$8,127 school bonds offered Oct. 25—V. 147, p. 2431—were awarded to Saunders, Stiver & Co. of Cleveland. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$800, 1940; \$825, 1941; \$800, 1942; \$825, 1943; \$800, 1944; \$825, 1945; \$800, 1946; \$825, 1947; \$800, in 1948 and \$827 in 1949.

\$825, 1945; \$800, 1946; \$825, 1947; \$800, in 1948 and \$827 in 1949.

TOLEDO, Ohio—TO ISSUE \$3,600,000 MORTGAGE REVENUE WATER BONDS—City Council recently adopted legislation authorizing an issue of \$3,600,000 3% mortgage revenue bonds to finance the community's share of providing a new water supply system. The amount represents 55% of the estimated cost of the project, the balance to be furnished as a grant by the Public Works Administration. City Manager John N. Edy stated that the bonds will be offered at public sale at an early date. Although the legislation provides for a 3% coupon, council agreed that if bidders named a higher rate the matter would receive consideration. The bonds will be callable after 15 years and provision is made for a 20-year operation franchise by bondholders in event of default on the debt. With regard to an inquiry concerning the feasibility of declaring the proposed obligations as first mortgage securities, in light of the \$500,000 water works bonds presently outstanding, Council is reported to have held that the existing indebtedness constitute general obligations. The necessity for speed in disposing of the issue is evidenced in the fact that the PWA has already asked that the city deposit the proceeds of the obligations in a special account to assure receipt of the grant.

TORONTO SCHOOL DISTRICT. Obio.—BOND SALE DETAILS—

TORONTO SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$175,000 3% bldg. bonds mentioned in—V. 147, p. 2735—were purchased by the State Teachers' Retirement System at par plus a premium of \$500, equal to 100.28. Dated Oct. 1, 1938 and due semi-annually for 24 years. Interest M-S. Denom. \$3.500.

TROY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Troy), Ohio—BOND SALE—J. A. White & Co., Inc., Cincinnati, recently purchased an issue of \$16,-000 school improvement bonds as 2\frac{1}{2}48, at par plus \$107.91 premium, equal to 100.61, a basis of about 2.65%. Dated Oct. 22, 1938 and due Dec. 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1943 to 1946 incl. and \$4,000 in 1947.

YOUNGSTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$680,000 3% school bonds was sold on Nov. 1 to the BancOhio Securities Co. of Columbus at a price of 101.10. Due serially on Nov. 1 from 1941 to 1960, inclusive.

R. J. EDWARDS, Inc.

Municipal Bonds Since 1892

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

AT&T Ok Cy 19

Long Distance 787

OKLAHOMA

HOMINY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38 (P. O. Hominy), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$12,000 issue of building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2900—was awarded to the Board of Education, as 2½s, report the District Clerk. Due \$2,000 from 1941 to 1946 inclusive.

City Clerk that the various issues of bonds aggregating \$25,253, awarded on Oct. 24 to the First National Bank of Pryor, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2735—were sold as 3½s at par.

OREGON

GOLD HILL, Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7.30 p. m. on Nov. 12, by William Ferguson, City Recorder, for the purchase of the following two issues of not to exceed 4% semi-ann. bonds aggregating \$26,000:
\$17,000 sewer bonds. Due Oct. 15, as follows: \$1,000 in 1939 to 1949 and \$1,500 in 1950 to 1953. Enclose a certified check for \$340, payable to the City.

\$9,000 water system improvement bonds. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$500 in 1939 to 1950 and \$1,000 in 1951 to 1953. Enclose a certified check for \$180, payable to the city. Dated Oct. 15, 1938. Denom. \$500. Prin. and Int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. The bonds will be sold subject to the approving opinion of Teal, Winfree, McCulloch, Shuler & Kelley, of Portland.

CURRYICOUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Langlois), Ore.—BOND SALE—The \$14,500 issue of construction bonds offered for sale on Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2900—was purchased by the State Bond Commission, according to the District Clerk. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1939 to 1952.

GRANTS PASS, Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 5 p. m. on Nov. 21, by C. R. Duer, City Auditor, for the purchase of a.\$40,000 issue of drainage system bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable M-N. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due \$2,000 Nov. 1, 1940 to 1959, optional Nov. 1, 1945. No bid for less than par and accrued interest. Prin. and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. The approving opinion of Teal, Winfree, McCulloch, Shuler & Kelley, of Portland, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$800.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 9 (P. O. Madras), Ore.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Nov. 12, by Dora L. Gunderson, District Clerk, for the purchase of an \$18,000 issue of section bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable M-N. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due \$2,000 Nov. 1, 1940 to 1948. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. The approving opinion of Teal, Winfree, McCulloch, Shuler & Kelley, of Portland, will be furnished the purchaser.

OAKLAND, Ore.—WARRANT SALE—The \$3,500 issue of 5% semi-ann. interest-bearing warrants offered for sale on Oct. 28—V. 147, p. 2575—was awarded to the Baker, Fordyce, Tucker Co. of Portland, paying a price of 102.07, a basis of about 4.44%. Dated Oct. 28, 1938. Due \$500 in 1939 to 1945 incl.

ST. HELENS, Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7.30 p. m. on Nov. 14, by J. E. Beeler, City Recorder, for the purchase of an issue of \$117,000 4% semi-ann. refunding bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due Dec. 1, as follows: \$3,000 in 1939, \$3,500 in 1940, \$4,000 in 1941 and 1942, \$4,500 in 1943 and 1944, \$5,000 in 1947 and 1948, \$6,000 in 1949 and 1950, \$6,500 in 1951 and 1952, \$7,000 in 1953, \$7,500 in 1954, \$8,000 in 1955 and 1956, and \$8,500 in 1957 and 1958. The city reserves the right to redeem the bonds on any interest date on or after June 1, 1939. Prin. and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. No bid for less than par and accrued interest will be considered. Enclose a certified check for 2% of the face value of the bonds bid for.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TURNPIKE BONDS

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PENNSYLVANIA

BALDWIN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Pittsburgh) Pa.—OTHER BIDS—The \$300,000 school construction bonds awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., Philadelphia and associates, as 234s, at par plus \$5,295 premium, equal to 101.765, a basis or about 2.58%—V. 147, p. 2900—were also bid for as follows:

Bidder-	Int. Rate	Premium
Glover & MacGregor, Inc	2 1/4 %	\$2.671.45
Phillips, Schmertz & Co. and Hemphill, Noyes &		THE STREET
Co., jointly	3%	5.235.00
Stroud & Co	3%	3,837.00
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.	3 1/4 1/0	4.797.00

COATESVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—FINANCIAL STATE-MENT—The following is given in connection with the offering on Nov. 15 of \$300,000 not to exceed 3½% interest school bonds, described in V. 147, p. 2575:

Financial Statement July 5, 1938 Outstanding bonds 1913 issue	\$13,000.00 45,000.00 32,500.00 94,000.00 13,000.00
\$1,000 miles are the could be in the best when	\$197,500.00
Total receipts year ended June 30, 1938 Total expenditures year ended June 30, 1938	\$317,444.27 298,828.65
Cash on hand	\$18,615.62
Sinking fund appropriations, year ended June 30, 1938 Expenditures for debt service and bond payments	\$38,724.00 27,815.60
Balance in sinking fund	\$10,908.40

he HEIDELBERG (P. O. Loupurex, Box 185), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—James E. Mountain, Borough Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Nov. 21 for the purchase of \$10,000 coupon borough bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1948.

ncl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest in a mult Bonds will be sold subject to approval of proceedings by the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs. A certified check for \$500, payable to order of the Borough Treasurer, is required. Purchaser will be furnished with the legal opinion of Burgwin, Scully & Churchill of Pittsburgh, and the borough will furnish the bonds.

HICKORY TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sharon), Pa.

BOND SALE—Singer, Deane & Scribner of Pittsburgh purchased on Oct. 10 an issue of \$57,000 3% building bonds at a price of 102.17, a basis of about 2.92%. Due \$3,000 on Oct. 1 from 1942 to 1960, inclusive.

KINGSTON, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$150,000 improvement bonds offered Nov. 9—V. 147, p. 2432—was awarded jointly to E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., and Dougherty, Corkran & Co., both of Philadelphia, as 2½s at 100.78, a basis of about 2.38%. Dated April 1, 1938, and due April 1 as follows: \$10.000, 1940; \$5.000, 1941 and 1942; \$10.000, 1943; \$15.000, 1944 and 1945; \$25.000 from 1946 to 1948, incl., and \$15.000 in 1949. Bankers reoffered the bonds to yield from 1% to 2.45%, according to maturity. Second high bid of 100.18 for 2½s was made by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.

NESCOPECK, Pa.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$10.000 sewer bonds sold to the Berwick National Bank of Berwick at 102.75—V. 147, p. 2576—bear 3½% interest, dated Oct. 1, 1938 and mature Oct. 1, 1949, Callable on Oct. 1 in any year. Interest A-O. Denom. \$1,000. Coupon

PENNSYLVANIA (State of)—LOCAL ISSUES APPROVED—Th Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs has approved the followin bond issues. Information includes name of municipality, amount and pur pose of issue and date approved:

pose of issue and date approved:		Date
Municipality and Purpose—	Amount	Approved
Cresson Township, Cambria County—Water system construction—South Franklin Twp., Washington County—Fun		Oct. 14
floating indohtodnoss	A INN	Oct. 14
Adams Twp. Sch. Dist., Cambria County—High school building and equipment. Meadvuie City Sch. Dist., Crawford County—School	60,000	Oct. 14
buildings	. 137,000	Oct. 14
South Greensburg Borough School District, Westmore Land County—Additions to school buildings	_ 24,000	Oct. 10
Erecting and constructing a school building North Versaines Township, Allegheny County—Street	_ 24,000	Oct. 10
and sewer improvements, \$65,000; funding floating indebtedness, \$25,000; total. Exeter Township School District, Luzerne County—	90,000	Oct. 11
Purchasing ground, erect, equip a school building	25.000	Oct. 11
Doylestown Borough School District, Bucks County— Purchase a site for a new school building	12,000	Oct. 10
Springdate Borough, Allegheny County—Funding float ing indebtedness— Fountain Hill Borough, Lehigh County—Refunding	28,000	Oct. 13
bonded indebtedness, \$21,750; constructing storm and sanitary sewers, \$13,250; total	35,000	Oct. 13
West Newton Borough, Westmoreland County—Perma nent improvement on streets and sewers	15,000	Oct. 13
ADDITIONAL ISSUES APPROVED—The Depart proved the following loans:	ment has	also ap-
Municipality and Purpose of Issue—	Date Approved	Amount
Weatherly Borough, Carbon County—Securing a new generating unit for the municipal electric-right plant Deemston Borough School District, Washington	Sept. 29	\$20,000
County—Erecting equipping and furnishing school building. City of Reading. Berks County—Acquiring, con-	Sept. 30	23,000
structing, extending and improving public buildings		

Deemston Borough School District, Washington County—Erecting equipping and furnishing school			4
building. City of Reading, Berks County—Acquiring, con-	Sept.	30	23,000
structing, extending and improving public buildings and other municipal facilities. Glassport Borough, Allegheny County—Funding	Oct.	3	500,000
sewer improvements \$5,000; permanent street and	Oct.	3	30,000
Girard Borough School District, Eric County—High school improvement	Oct.	3	7,000
Windber Borough School District, Somerset County— School building improvement—	Oct.	4	32,000
Centre County Institution District, Centre County— Purchasing land and construction of an institution—	Oct	4	127,000
Harmony Township School District, Beaver County			Ser Soul
-Paying part cost of school improvements	Oct.	4	50,000
County—Funding floating indebtednesss.——————————————————————————————————	Oct.	4	60,000
constructing sewage disposal plant and other sewer improvements	Oct.	5	300,000
Uniontown, City of Fayette County—Acquiring a site; constructing, equiping a garbage disposal plant———	Oct.	5	50,000
Mount Carmel Township School District, Northum- berland County—School improvement	Oct.	6	205.000
Titusvide, City of, Crawford County—Street im- provements	Oct.	6	20,000
Titusville, City of, Crawford County-Street im-		O.S. T.	-
uniontown, City of, Fayette County—Paying cost, expense and damages incident to the construction of a sewage treatment works; acculring site and rights	Oct.	6	45,000
of way. Eikland Borough, Tloga County—Constructing a	Oct.	6	330,000
sanitary sewer system and sewage disposal plant	Oct.	7	28,000
Manor Borough School District, Westmoreland County—School building improvement	Oct.	7	20,000
Elizabethville Borough School District, Dauphin County—School building improvement	Oct.	7	26,500
Highspire Borough School District, Dauphin County —Remodeling present high school building	Oct.	7	45,000
The following issues have also been approved:			The same of

. He tollowing	s issues have also been approved:		1 200 300
North Franklin	rpose of Issue— Township School District, Washingtonding floating indebtedness, \$4.00		Date Approved
refunding box	nded indebtedness, \$5,000	\$9,000	Oct. 24
Purchasing la Bristol Borough	ip School District, Warren County- and and erecting school building	20,000	Oct. 24
alterations to	for construction of addition and makin school building th, Washington County—General in	25.000	Oct. 24
provements		20,000	Oct. 24
-Erecting, e	igh School District, Washington Count quipping and furnishing a school bldg. rough School District, Fayette County-	95.000	Oct. 25
Refunding be	anded indebtedness	_ 42,000	Oct. 25
Erecting and	equipping an addition to school bldg	_ 10.000	Oct. 26
Funding float	hip School District, Fayette County- ing indebtedness	_ 30.000	Oct. 26
School impro	chip School District, Mercer County- ovements	57,000	Oct. 26

57,000 School improvements__ NORTH BELLE VERNON (P. O. Belle Vernon), Pa.—BOND SALE
—The issue of \$38,000 coupon bonds offered Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2576—
was awarded to S. K. Cunningham & Co. and Glover & MacGregor, both
of Pittsburgh, jointly, as 4½s, at 100.53, a basis of about 4.37%. Dated
Nov. 1, 1938 and due \$2,000 on Nov. 1 from 1940 to 1958 incl. Callable
Nov. 1, 1943 or on any subsequent interest date. Second high bid of
100.27 for 4½s was made by Johnson & McLean, Inc. of Pittsburgh.

POTTSTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$118,000 coupon school bonds offered Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2576—were awarded to M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia as 2s, at a price of 100.76, a basis of about 1.94%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938 and due Nov. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1941 to 1960 incl. and \$6,000 from 1961 to 1963 incl.

SPRINGFIELD TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Erdenheim), Pa.—OTHER BIDS—The \$55,000 building bond issue awarded to Bancamerica-Blair Corp. as 2s, at 101.388, a basis of about 1.86%—V. 147, p. 2433—were also bid for as follows:

Bidder—	Int. Rate	Rate Bid
W. H. Newbold's Son & Co	2% 2% 2% 2¼%	100.649
Barclay, Moore & Co	2%	100.22
Harrison & Co	2%	100.051
Norristown Penn Trust Co	21/4 %	102.142
Dougherty, Corkran & Co	21/4 %	102.387
Burr & Co., Inc.	21/4%	101.989
Chestnut Hill Title & Trust Co	2¼% 2¼% 2¼%	101.963
M. M. Freeman & Co	21/4 %	101.809
Mackey, Dunn & Co	21/4 %	101.69
Blyth & Co., Inc.	21/4%	101.643
George E. Snyder & Co	21/4 %	101.587
Edward Lowber Stokes & Co	21/4%	101.05
Smith, Barney & Co	21/4%	100.719
C. C. Collings & Co	214% 214% 214% 214%	101.031

WARREN, Pa.—BOND ELECTION CANCELED—Borough Secretar informs us that the proposal to submit an issue of \$250,000 sewage disposuplant construction bonds for consideration of the voters at the Nov. election—V. 147, p. 1817—was canceled.

WARREN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$36,000 coupon school bonds offered Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2736—were awarded to Glover & MacGregor of Pittsburgh as 2½s, at par plus \$887.4 premium, equal to 102.465, a basis of about 2.21%. Dated Nov. 15, 1938 and due \$2.000 on Nov. 15 from 1939 to 1956 incl. Second high bid of 102.27 for 2½s was made jointly by Hemphill, Noyes & Co. and Phillips, Schmertz & Co. of Pittsburgh.

WASHINGTON, Pa.—BONDS DEFEATEL—At the Nov. 8 general ection an issue of \$150,000 viaduct bonds was defeated by the voters.

WILKES-BARRE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Floyd Siegfried, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. on Dec. 5, fo. the purchase of \$210,000 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼, 2½, 2¼, 3, 3¾ or 3½% coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Jan. 2, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$10,000 on Jan. 2 from 1942 to 1962, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, payable J-J 2. Principal and interest will be payable without deduction for any taxes now or hereafter levied or assessed thereon, except succession or inheritance taxes, under any present or future law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. A certified check for 2% of the bonds bid for, payable to order of the District Treasurer, is required. Bonds will be sold subject to approval of the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs, and of Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia, whose approving opinion will be furnished free of charge to the successful bidder.

WILLIAMS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Williamston), Pa.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$24,000 3½% bldg. bonds sold to Burr & Co., Inc., Philadelphia, at 100.16—V. 147, p. 2736—are dated Oct. 1. 1938 and mature Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1939 to 1954 incl. and \$2,000 from 1955 to 1958 incl. Interest A-O. Denom. \$1,000.

RHODE ISLAND

WEST WARWICK, R. I.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$55,000 school bonds offered Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2901—was awarded to Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., New York, as 2¾s, at 100.419. Due annually on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1958 incl. Second high bid of 100.40 for 2¾s was made by the Union Trust Co. of Providence. Other bids:

Bidder—	Int. Rave	Rate Bid
Estabrook & Co	234%	100.339
Richardson & Clark	3%	101.57
First Boston Corp	3%	100.67

SOUTH CAROLINA

LANCASTER COUNTY (P. O. Lancaster), S. C.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by Stafford B. Sapp, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, that the \$48,000 coupon county road and bridge bonds offered on Oct. 28—V. 147, p. 2737—were not sold as the pids were rejected BONDS RE-OFFERED—Mr. Sapp reports the re-offering of the above bonds for purchase at 10 a, m. on Nov. 2, up to which time he will receive sealed bids.

BONDS SOLD—The above bonds were sold on Nov. 2 to McAlister. Smith & Pate. Inc. of Greenville, as 3s, according to report.

LAURENS, S. C.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by J. W. Toddle Secretary of the City Bond Commission, that he will receive sealed bids until noon on Nov. 10, for the purchase of a \$40,000 issue of 3½% semi-ann. coupon refunding bonds. Due \$4,000 Dec. 1, 1939 to 1948. Prin. and int. payable at the Chase National Bank, New York. The approving opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$400, payable to the Secretary, City Bond Commission.

YORK COUNTY (P. O. York), S. C.—TEMPORARY LOAN—The Bank of York is said to have purchased a loan of \$6,500 at 1 \%, \%, made by the County Board of Education for the purchase of textbooks.

SOUTH DAKOTA

AURORA COUNTY (P. O. Plankinton), S. Dak.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the County Auditor that the \$22,000 court house and jail bonds purchased by the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Sioux Falls, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2737—were sold as 3½s (not 3¼s), at par. Due from 1940 to 1950; subject to redemption after Dec.,1, 1943.

FLORENCE, S. Dak.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the Clerk of the Board of Trustees that the \$12,500 5% semi-ann. refunding bonds offered on Sept. 12—V. 147, p. 1671—were not sold. Dated Aug. 1, 1938. Due from Aug. 1, 1941 to 1957; optional on Aug. 1, 1943.

MONROE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Monroe), S. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by John Bos, Discrict Clerk that he will receive sealed and oral bids intil Nov. 29, at 10 a. m. for the purchase of a \$17,000 issue of coupon building and equipment bonds Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable J-D. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due \$1,000 on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1555, inc. No bid for less than par and accrued interest can be considered. Prin. and int. payable at any bank or trust company designated by the purchaser The approving opinion of Juneal, Fleucher, Dorsey, Barker & Colman of Minneapo, is, vill be furnished. A certified check for \$300, payable to the District Treasurer, is required.

(These conds were originally scheduled for sale on Nov. 10, as noted here on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2901.)

TENNESSEE

GALLATIN, Tenn.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—It is stated by H. H.! Anderson, City Recorder, that the sale of the \$150,000 issue of not to exceed 5% semi-ann. electric bonds, which had been scheduled for Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2577—was postponed. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due from Oct. 1. V. 147, p. 2577—w 1939 to 1958 incl.

JEFFERSON CITY, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$52,000 issue of sewer improvement bonds offered for sale on Nov. 9—V. 147, p. 2737—was a warded to the Cumberland Securities Corp. of Nashville, as 4½s, at a price of 96.75, reports Mayor Ben S. Catlett. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due serially in from one to 25 years. The harmonic promone to 26 years. The harmonic promone to 27 years. The harmonic promone to 26 years. The harmonic promone to 27 years. The harmonic promone to 27 years. The years of the security promone to 28,000 in 1941 to 1948, \$3,000 in 1949 to 1954, and \$4,000 in 1955 and 1956. Prin. and int. payable at the First National Bank of Hohenwald. The bonds are general obligation bonds of the county and for the payment of which the full faith, credit and resources of the county are irrevocably pledged. The purchaser will pay for the printing of the bonds and legal

opinion as to their validity of desired. The bonds are issued under Chapter 11, Public Acts of Tennessee Legislature, Extra Session, 1935, and the amendments thereto, known as "County & Public Works Act."

McMINNVILLE, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 1 p. m. on Dec. 1 by J. T. Ewton, Town Treasurer, for the purchase of a \$25.000 issue of school improvement bonds. Interest rate 1s not to exceed 5%, payable M-S. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Due on Sept. 1 as follows: \$1,000 in 1941 and \$2,000, 1942 to 1953 incl. Prin. and int. payable at the office of the Town Treasurer. The basis of the award will be the bid that produces the lowest total interest cost to the city after the deduction of premium, if any. Interest on premium will not be considered in determining the successful bid. These bonds, issued under Chapter 10, Public Acts of 1935, Extra Session, of the State, will be general obligations of the town, payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property within the city, and were authorized at the election held on Sept. 19. The purchaser will be required to pay the cost of the bonds and of the legal opinion of such bond attorneys as the purchaser may select. In the event the bonds submitted are unsatisfactory for any reason, the city may offer the bonds at auction. Enclose a certified check for not less than \$1,000, payable to the town.

MADISON COUNTY (P. O. Jackson), Tenn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until Dec. 6, according to report, by August Wilde, County Judge, for the purchase of an issue of \$171,000 refunding bonds.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—LEGAL OPINION—In connection with the offering scheduled for Nov. 15, of the \$1.592,000 school construction and improvement bonds, noted in our issue of Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2901—it is stated by S. J. McKay, City Clerk, that the legality of the bonds will be approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York.

PARIS, Tenn.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—We are informed by Fred R. Balch, City Recorder, that the sale of the \$200,000 electric light plant bonds which had been scheduled for Nov. 15, as noted in these columns.—V. 147, p. 2901—has been postponed. Dated Oct. 1, 1938; maturing from Oct. 1, 1941 to 1958.

SHELBYVILLE, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$21,000 5% semi-ann. bonds offered for sale on Nov. 2—V. 147, p. 2577—were purchased jointly by Nunn, Shwab & Co., and the Nashville Securities Co., both of Nashville, paying a premium of \$150.00, equal to 100.714, a basis of about 4.91%. The bonds are divided as follows:
\$14,000 school bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1938. Due \$1,000 from Sept. 1, 1939 to 1952 incl.
7,000 refunding bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due on Oct. 1, 1954.

TEXAS

ANGLETON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Angleton), Texas—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are informed by the Superintendent of Schools that the \$27,500 building bonds sold recently, as noted here—V. 147, p. 2737—were purchased by the State Department of Education, as 3½s, at par. Due serially in 15 years; optional prior to maturity. Denoms. \$500 and \$1,000. Int. payable A-O.

CANYON, Texas—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are informed by the City Secretary-Treasurer that the \$18,000 issue of 3½% water revenue bonds purchased at par, provided they can be delivered within 45 days, as noted here on Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2737—were sold to the Dallas Union Trust Co. of Fort Worth, and they mature \$1,000 annually from 1939 to 1956 incl. Coupon bonds dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. This sale was made subject to the reception of a Public Works Administration grant on the waterworks and sewer extension project.

FABENS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fabens), Texas—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$50,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Nov. 2—V. 147, p. 2737—was not sold as the highest bid received, an offer on 4% bonds submitted by the First National Bank of Fabens, was rejected. It is said that bids for the bonds are still being received. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from 1939 to 1968.

FORT WORTH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fort Worth), Texas—BOND OFFERING—It is reported by E. P. Williams, Business Manager, that sealed bids will be received until 10 a, m. on Nov. 22, for the purchase of an issue of \$1,053,000 refunding bonds. Due Feb. 1, as follows: \$50,000 in 1940 and 1941, \$60,000 in 1942 to 1945, \$50,000 in 1946, \$60,000 in 1947, \$42,000 in 1948, \$70,000 in 1949, \$90,000 in 1950, \$100,000 in 1951, \$56,000 in 1952, \$20,000 in 1953, \$22,000 in 1954 and 1955, \$24,000 in 1956 to 1958, \$25,000 in 1959 and 1960, \$27,000 in 1961, \$2,000 in 1962 and 1963, and \$28,000 in 1964. The bonds are to be issued in lieu of a like amount of outstanding voted optional bonds of the district dated Feb. 1, 1934, bearing interest at the rate of 4% per annum and having identical maturities of principal and interest as the bonds now to be offered.

FRIENDSWOOD SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Friendswood) Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$55,000 2½% semi-ann. school bonds have been purchased by Moroney & Co. of Houston, for a price of 100.02.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Goodrich)
Texas—ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—In connection with the sale of
the \$49,000 3 3 % semi-ann. refunding bonds, which were offered by Milton
R. Underwood & Co., and Moroney & Co., both of Houston, jointly, for
public investment, as noted here recently—V. 147, p. 2737—we are now
informed that these bonds were purchased originally by the State Board of
Education, at par. Due from April 1, 1939 to 1948, incl.

HILL COUNTY (P. O. Hillsboro), Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the County Judge that a \$90,000 issue of road improvement bonds was purchased on Oct. 31 by the Brown-Crummer Co. of Dallas, as 23/s, the county agreeing to pay \$1,800 for all expenses in connection with the issuance of the bonds.

POTH, Texas—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until lov. 11, by B. H. Schriever, City Secretary, he reports, for the purchase of \$12,300 issue of sewer system bonds. Due in 20 years.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—BOND SALE—The \$75,000 issue of impt. bonds offered for sale on Nov.3—V. 147, p. 2901—was purchased jointly by the Van H. Howard Co. of San Antonio, and the Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita, as 3½s, according to the City Clerk. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Due serially in 30 years.

TEMPLE, Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that an issue of \$275,000 water and sewer revenue bonds was purchased on Nov. 3 by A. W. Snyder & Co. of Houston, as $2\frac{1}{2}$ s, paying a price of 100.04.

UTAH

BOUNTIFUL, Utah—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—An issue of \$103,300 4½% semi-ann. electric light and power refunding revenue bonds is being offered by Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, for public subscription. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100. Due \$1,000 June and Dec. 1, 1941 so 1942, \$3,000 June and Dec. 1, 1941 and 1942, \$3,000 June and Dec. 1, 1943 to 1945, \$3,000 June and \$3,500 Dec. 1, 1946, \$3,500 June and Bec. 1, 1947, \$3,500 June and Dec. 1, 1948 and 1949, \$4,000 June and Dec. 1, 1950 and 1951, \$4,000 June and \$4,500 Dec. 1, 1952, and \$4,500 June and Dec. 1, 1950 and 1951, \$4,000 June and \$4,500 Dec. 1, 1952, and \$4,500 June and Dec. 1, 1952, and 1954. 1951, \$4,000 June and \$4,500 Dec. 1, 1952, and \$4,500 June and Dec. 1, 1953 and 1954. Callabe in inverse order of maturity upon any interest payment date, to and including Dec. 1, 1943, at 105, and thereafter at 103. Prin. and int. payable in lawful money at the United States National Bank, Denver. These bonds are, in the opinion of counsel, valid and legally binding obligations of the city, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of 71.9% of the net revenues of the electric light and power plant system. However, no revenues from the electric light system may be diverted to general city purposes until all the bonds of this issue have been paid in full. Legality to be approved by Dines, Dines & Holme, of Denver.

SOUTH OGDEN, Utah—PWA LOAN AND GRANT APPROVED—Is stated by G. Lyle Palmer, Town Clerk, that the Public Works Administration has approved a loan of \$55,000 and a grant of \$45,000 for the concruction of a water works system.

VERMONT

ESSEX JUNCTION, Vt.—BOND SALE—The \$70,000 coupon water refunding bonds offered Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2737—were awarded to the Chittenden County Trust Co., Burlington, as 2½s, at par plus \$25 premium, equal to 100.035, a basis of about 2.24%. Dated Nov. 15, 1938 and due Nov. 15 as follows: \$4,000, 1940 to 1954 incl.; \$3,000 from 1955 to 1957 incl. and \$1,000 in 1958.

WASHINGTON

EDMONDS, Wash.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p.m. on Nov. 15 by Geo. M. Layda, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$9,000 issue of not to exceed 5% semi-ann. coupon sewer bonds. Denom. to be \$100 or multiples thereof, not to exceed \$500. A certified check for 5% of the bid is required.

(A like amount of bonds was offered for sale on Oct. 18, on which no report has been received as to their disposition—V. 147, p. 2434.)

GRANT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 55 (P. O. Ephrata) Wash.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the County Treasurer that the \$4.000 not to exceed 6% semi-ann. school bonds offered on Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2737—were not sold as no bids were received.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 43 (P. O. Port Townsend), Wash.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated that sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Nov. 19, by J. J. Bishop, County Treasurer, for the purchase of a \$38,000 issue of not to exceed 4% semi-ann, symnasium and addition bonds. Said bonds to be dated when issued and to be in such lawful denominations as near as practicable as will, together with interest on the outstanding bonds, be met by equal annual tax levies to cover interest and principal to mature and become payable serially in their numerical order, lowest number first. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. Enclose a certified check for 5%.

PULLMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 249 (P. O. Colfax), Wash.—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2577—was awarded jointly to the First National Bank of Pullman, and the Pullman State Bank, as 2s, at par, according to the County Treasurer.

WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—BOND SALE—The various issues of bonds aggregating \$2,040,100, offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2902—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Phelps, Fenn & Co., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., R. W. Pressprich & Co., all of New York, the Equitable Securities Corp. of Nashville, the Union Securities Corp. of Chicago, the First of Michigan Corp. of Detroit; Baker, Watts & Co. of Baltimore; Campbell, Phelps & Co. of New York, the Ullinois Co. of Chicago; Pohl & Co. of Clincinnati; Wm. R. Compton & Co., Inc. of New York, and the Robinson-Humphrey Co. of Atlanta, paying par, giving a net interest cost of about 2.35%. on the bonds divided as follows:

\$1,629,100 street and fire station bonds. For \$645,100 maturing Oct. 1, \$30,100 in 1940, \$31,000 in 1941 and 1942, \$32,000 in 1943, \$33,000 in 1944, \$35,000 in 1945 \$36,000 in 1946 and 1947, \$37,900 in 1948, \$38,000 in 1949, \$39,000 in 1950, \$41,000 in 1951, \$43,000 in 1952, \$44,000 in 1953, \$45,000 in 1954, \$46,000 in 1955, \$48,000 in 1958, \$52,000 in 1959 and 1960, \$54,000 in 1961, \$56,000 in 1958, \$52,000 in 1959 and 1960, \$54,000 in 1961, \$56,000 in 1962, \$58,000 in 1963, \$61,000 in 1964, \$62,000 in 1965, \$64,000 in 1966, \$66,000 in 1967, \$68,000 in 1964, \$62,000 in 1972, as 214s.

251,500 bridge bonds. For \$100,500 maturing Oct. 1, \$3,500 in 1940, \$4,000 in 1941 and 1942, \$5,000 in 1943 and 1944, \$6,000 in 1945 to 1950, \$7,000 in 1951 to 1955, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$151,000 maturing Oct. 1, \$8,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$95,000 maturing Dec. 1, \$5,000 in 1956, as 234s, and \$95,000 maturing Dec. 1, \$5,0

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription described as follows: The offering consists of \$810,100 of $2\frac{1}{4}$ % bonds, due from 1939 to 1956 inclusive, and priced to yield from 0.50% to 2.25% according to maturity; and \$1.230,000 of $2\frac{1}{4}$ % bonds, maturing from 1957 to 1972, inclusive, priced at par for the 1957–60 maturities down to 97 for the 1969–72 maturities.

MONONGALIA COUNTY (P. O. Morgantown), W. Va.—BOND SALE—The \$600,000 issue of coupon schools bond offered for sale on Nov. 5—V. 147, p. 2578—was awarded to Young, Moore & Co. of Charleston, as 234s, paying a premium of \$137.00. equal to 100.022, a basis of about 2.745%. Due on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1972 incl.

It is stated that A. S. Huyck & Co. of Chicago, and the Kanawha Valley Bank & Trust Co. of Charleston, were associated with the above named firm in the purchase.

BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—The successful bidders re-offered the above bonds for general investment at prices to yield from 0.50% to 2.75% , according to maturity.

WISCONSIN

ANTIGO, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 10 a.m. (Central Standard Time), on Nov. 16, by S. B. Byrne, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$95,000 issue of coupon junion high school and addition bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3%, payable J-D. Dated Dec. 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due \$9,500 Dec. 1, 1941 to 1950. Bids to be for all or none. Prin. and int. payable at the Peoples Bank of Antigo. Enclose a certified check for 2%.

BRODHEAD-DECATUR JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Brodhead) Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$85,000 issue of 2½% semi-ann. school building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 4 at public auction—V. 147, p. 2902—was awarded to a group composed of Harley, Haydon & Co. of Madison, the Channer Securities Co. of Chicago, and the Citizens State Bank of Sheboygan, paying a premium of \$515.00, equal to 100.605, according to report. Due from 1940 to 1953.

DARLINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 12 (P. O. Darlington) Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by Dale Morritt, District Clerk, that he will receive sealed and oral bids until Nov. 17, at 2 p. m., for the purchase of the following 2¾% semi-ann. bonds aggregating \$102,000:

\$17,000 refunding bonds. Due June 1, as follows: \$5,000 in 1940, and \$6,000 in 1941 and 1942. The bonds are issued to retire a like amount of outstanding certificates of indebtedness of the district. 85,000 school building bonds. Due June 1, as follows: \$7,000 in 1943 to 1945, and \$8,000 in 1946 to 1953. The bonds are issued to pay a part of the cost of erecting and equipping a school building in and for the district.

Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and int. payable at the First National Bank of Chicago. Both issues of bonds will be sold on a basis of all or none at not less than par and accrued interest. The bonds are to be issued subject to the favorable opinion of Chapman & Cutler, of Chicago, which will be furnished together with the executed bonds, without charge, to the successful bidder. Enclose a certified check for not less than 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the District Treasurer.

DE PERE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. De Pere), Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by J. H. Danen. City Clerk, that he will receive sealed bids until 5 p. m. on Nov. 17, for the purchase of a \$75,000 issue of

2½% semi-ann. construction bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,500 in 1941 to 1945; \$4,000 in 1946 to 1950; \$4,500 in 1951 to 1955 and \$5,000 in 1956 to 1958. The approving opinion of Lines, Spooner & Quaries of Milwaukee, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the City Treasurer.

EAST TROY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. East Troy), Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by S. G. Meany, District Clerk, that sealed and oral bids will be received until Nov. 22, at 4 p. m., for the purchase of a \$45,000 issue of building, Series 1938-A bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3%, payable M-N. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 Nov. 1, 1939, to 1953. Rate of interest to be in multiples of \$4 of 1%. Principal and interest payable at the State Bank of East Troy. The bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, and the basis of determination of the best bid will be the lowest interest rate bid and (or) interest cost to the district. The bonds are to be issued subject to the favorable opinion of a firm of attorneys approved by bonding companies which will be furnished without charge to the purchaser. The purchaser shall furnish the printed bonds at his own expense. Enclose a certified check for not less than 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to 8. E. Marshall, District Treasurer.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis.—LIST OF BIDS—The following is an official report on the bids received for the \$500,000 2½% semi-ann. sewage disposal system bonds that were awarded on Oct. 26 to the Northern Trust Co. of Chicago, and the Securities Co. of Milwaukee, as noted in detail in our issue of Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2738:

Name of Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2738:

Name of Bidders—

* The Northern Trust Co., Chicago; The Securities Co. of Milw. \$18,345.00

Smith, Barney & Co.; F. S. Moseley & Co.; The Illinois Co. of
Chicago

Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; First National Bank of Chicago.

Lazard Freres & Co.; Stern, Wampler & Co., Inc.; Farwell,
Chapman & Co.

Lehman Bros.; Northwestern Nat. Bank & Trust Co.; C. F.
Childs & Co.
John Nuveen & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; White Phillips Corp.;
Channer Securities Co.
Central Republic Co., Chicago; Boatmen's Nat. Bank, St. Louis;
Kelley, Richardson & Co., Chicago.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.

15,601.25

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.
15,010.00

Blyth & Co., Inc.; The Milwaukee Co.; Wells Dickey Co.
Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago; Bartlett, Knight & Co.,
Chicago; A. G. Becker & Co., Chicago.

* Successful bid. * Successful bid.

EVANSVILLE COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 (P. O. Evansville), Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$122,500 issue of school building bonds offered on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2902—was awarded to C. F. Childs & Co. of Chicago, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$1,503, equal to 101.228, a basis of about 2.10%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due from Feb. 1, 1940 to 1954.

GLENWOOD CITY, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed and oral bids will be received by Charles G. Swanson, City Clerk, until 8 p. m. (C.S.T.), on Nov. 21, for the purchase of a \$13,000 issue of 3% semi-ann, coupon sewer bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 April 1, 1941 to 1953. Prin. and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. Enclose a certified check for 2% of bid, payable to the City Treasurer.

LITTLE CHUTE, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by Louis Verhagen Jr., Village Clerk, that he will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Nov. 15, for the purchase of a \$45,000 issue of coupon village hall bonds. Int. rate is not to exceed 3 %, payable M-N. Dated Nov. 1, 1938, Denom. \$500. Due \$3,000, May 1, 1943 to 1957. Purchaser to furnish legal opinion at his own expense. Enclose a certified check for 1% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the Vilage Treasurer.

** OSHKOSH, Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$200,000 issue of coupon high school building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 7—V. 147, p. 2902—was awarded to the First National Bank of Chicago, as 2s, paying a premium of \$1,725, equal to 100.862, a basis of about 1.90%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due \$20,000 from May 1, 1943 to 1952, incl.

The next highest bid was an offer of \$1,720 premium on 2s. submitted by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. of Chicago.

RICE LAKE, Wis.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$50.875 $3\frac{1}{4}$ % seminals sewage revenue bonds is reported to have been sold at par.

ROCK COUNTY (P. O. Janesville), Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$99,-000 issue of 2% semi-ann. county building bonds offered for sale on Nov. 3—V. 147, p. 2738—was awarded to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, paying a premium of \$4,054.00, euqal to 104.09, a basis of about 1.15%. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due on Nov. 1, 1943.

Other bids were as follows:

Names of Other Bidders—
Smith, Barney & Co.
Harley, Haydon & Co.
Harley, Haydon

SHOREWOOD HILLS AND MADISON, JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Madison) Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated that Mrs. H. H. Reese, District Clerk, will offer for sale at public auction on Nov. 18, at 10 a. m., a \$60,000 issue of coupon school building bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3%, payable M-N. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$1,000 in 1940, \$4,000 in 1941 to 1944, \$5,000 in 1945 to 1951 and \$4,000 in 1952 and 1953. Bidders to name a single rate of interest in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Bids to be for the purchase of all or none of the bonds. Prin. and int. payable in lawful money at the First National Bank of Madison. The bonds will be approved as to legality by the Attorney General of the State. Bids may be made subject to an approved commercial opinion which shall be borne by the purchaser. The purchaser to pay accrued interest on the bonds to the date of delivery. Enclose a certified check for 5%.

VILLAGE OF BOYCEVILLE AND TOWNS OF TIFFANY, HAY RIVER AND STANTON, JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Boyceville) Wis.—MATURITY—It is stated by the District Clerk that the \$20.000 3% semi-ann. building bonds purchased by the Kraft State Bank of Menomie, at a price of 102.75, as noted here on Oct. 29—V. 147, p. 2738—are due as follows: \$1.500 from 1939 to 1951, and \$500 in 1952, giving a basis of about 2.60%.

WYOMING

NATRONA COUNTY (P. O. Casper), Wyo.—BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—A \$25,000 issue of 4% semi-annual airport revenue bonds is being offered by Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, for public subscription. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1, 1938. Due on Oct. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1939 to 1945, and \$4,000 in 1946; callable in inverse order

of maturity upon 30 days' notice at 104 and interest. Principal and in terest (A-O) payable at the United States National Bank in Denver.

PARK AND BIG HORN COUNTIES SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 30 (P. O. Denver), Wyo.—BOND SALE—The \$16,500 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 17—V. 147, p. 1380—was purchased by the State Board of Land Commissioners, as 3/4s. at par, according to report. Dated July 1, 1938. Due from July 1, 1948 to 1963.

POWELL, Wyo.—BOND SALE—The \$12,000 issue of sewer bonds offered for sale on Nov. 4—V. 147, p. 2578—was awarded to a group composed of the Stockgrowers National Bank, and the American National Bank, both of Cheyenne, the First National Bank of Powell, and George W. Vallery & Co. of Denver, as 3s, paying a price of 102.08, a basis of about 2.28%. Due \$2,000 from Nov. 1, 1939 to 1944 incl.

*SUNDANCE, Wyo.—BONDS OFFERED FOR SUBSCRIPTION—A \$25,000 issue of 5% electric light and power refunding bonds was offered by Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, for public investment. Denominations \$1,000 and \$500. Dated Oct. 15, 1938. Due on Oct. 15 as follows: \$1,000, 1940; \$1,500, 1941 to 1946; \$2,000, 1947 to 1951, and \$2,500 in 1952 and 1953; subject to redemption in inverse order of maturity at 105 and accrued interest upon 30 days' notice.

CANADA

BEAUPORT, Que.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to P Grenier, Secretary-Treasurer, will be received until 61p. m. on Nov. 14 for the purchase of \$170,000 4% improvement bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1938 and due serially on Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1963 incl.

FCANADA (Dominion of)—To Issue \$40,000,000 Bonds in United States—The Dominion Government has filed a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$40,000,000 3% bonds to mature Nov. 15, 1968. The statement was filed as No. 203861 on Nov. 9. The bonds will be underwritten in the United States by a syndicate under the leadership of Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc., of New York. Proceeds will be applied to the payment of a similar amount of 2% notes, dated Jan. 1, 1936 and maturing Jan. 1, 1939. The Dominion reserves the right to redeem the bonds prior to maturity in whole or in part on any interest date after at least 60 days' notice at the following prices plus accrued interest: If redeemed on or before Nov. 15, 1943 at 105; thereafter to Nov. 15, 1948 incl., 104; thereafter to Nov. 15, 1963, 101, and subsequently at par. The price at which the bonds will be offered to the public, together with associate members of the underwriting group will be supplied by amendment to the registration statement. It is stated that both principal and semi-annual interest on the bonds (M-N 15) will be payable free from any deduction for all present and future taxes imposed by the Canadian Government except when the bonds or coupons are beneficially owned by any person residing in or ordinarily resident of the Dominion of Canada. No sinking fund is provided under the terms of the issue for the amortization or retirement of the bonds.

CHARLEMAGNE, Que.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$15,000 4% improvement bonds was sold to Credit Anglo-Francais, Ltd. of Montreal at a price of 98, a basis of about 4.20%. Due serially from 1939 to 1963 incl.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.—BOND SALE—Beil, Gouinlock & Co. of Toronto purchased an issue of \$76,000 4% school improvement bonds at a price of 103.30, a basis of about 3.77%. Due in 1958.

DARTMOUTH, N. S.—BOND SALE—J. C. Mackintosh & Co. of Halifax was swarded on Nov. 7 an issue of \$25,600 3 \(\frac{1}{2} \) % improvement bonds at a price of 100.09, a basis of about 3.49%. Due in 20 years. Second high bid of 90.82 was made by Hugh B. Bell of Halifax.

FOREST HILL, Ont.—BOND SALE—Wood, Gundy & Co. of Toronto obtained the award of \$150,000 3½% school bonds at a price of 102.18, a basis of about 3.26%. Due serially from 1939 to 1958 incl. Second high bid of 102.07 was made by the Dominion Securities Corp., Toronto.

GODERICH, Ont.—TO SELL BONDS LOCALLY—An issue of \$13,000 % bonds, due in 10 years, will be offered to local investors at par.

GRAND MERE, Que.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to Leo Gervais, Secretary-Treasurer, will be received until 5 p. m. on Nov. 23 for the purchase of \$15,000 31/5% or 4% improvement bonds. Dated Nov. 2, 1938. Due serially on Nov. 2 from 1939 to 1968 incl. Tenders will also be considered for bonds callable Nov. 2, 1953.

HULL, Que.—BOND SALE—The \$292,500 bonds offered Nov. 7— V. 147, p. 2902—were awarded jointly to L. G. Beaubien & Co. and Hanson Bros., both of Montreal, as 4s, at 98.59. Award consisted of: \$237,500 water works construction, sewer, payment and other new capital purposes. Dated Nov. 1, 1937. 55,000 relief funding bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1938. An account composed of Credit Anglo-Francais, Ltd., Banque Provinciale, Dominion Securities Corp. and A. E. Ames & Co. bid a price of 96.

NOVA SCOTIA (Province of)—BOND SALE DETAILS—The following other institutions were members of the syndicate headed by Wood, Gundy & Co. of Toronto which recently made public offering in Canada of \$4.567,000 3½% general highway bonds.V. 147, p. 2738: Canadian Bank of Commerce, Royal Bank of Canada, both of Toronto; Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax;, Dominion Bank of Toronto, and the Bank of Montreal.

Nontreal.

QUEBEC (Province of)—ADDITIONAL BOND ISSUE DETAILS—Of the \$30,000,000 non-callable bonds recently offered to the public on behalf of the province by a large banking group—V. 147, p. 2902—\$16,500,000 were issued to refund matured or maturing loans and the remaining \$13,500,000 issued for new capital purposes, including road construction and colonization. In addition to details given previously in these columns, we learn that all of the bonds are dated Nov. 1, 1938 and payable with semi-annual interest (M-N) in lawful money of Canada in the cities of Quebec, Montreal or Toronto, at holder's option. Coupon in denoms. of \$1,000 and \$500, registerable as to principal. Legal opinion of J. C. H. Dussault, Esq., K. C. The entire financing was made up of the following items: \$20,000,000 3s, due Nov. 1, 1947; \$5,000,000 2s, due Nov. 1, 1941, and \$5,000,000 2½s, maturing Nov. 1, 1943. Underwriting group was made up of the following:

The Bank of Montreal, The Royal Bank of Canada, Banque Canadienne Nationale, La Banque Provinciale du Canada, The Canadian Bank of Commerce, The Bank of Nova Scotia, A. E. Ames & Co., Ltd., L. G. Beaublen & Co., Ltd., W. C. Pitfield & Co., Hanson Bros. Inc., Mills, Spence & Co., McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks & Gordon, Kerrigan, MacTier & Co., Bartlett, Cayley & Co., Cochran, Murray & Co., Greenshields & Co., Inc., Credit Anglo-Francais, Comptoir Nationalde Placement, Lagueux & Darveau, J.E. Laflamme, Dominion Securities Corp., Royal Securities Corp., McLeod, Young, Wier & Co., Nesbitt, Thomson & Co., Savard, Hodgson, Co., R. O. Sweezey & Co., Midland Securities Corp., Ross Bros. & Co., Bruno Jeannotte, Dube, Leblond & Cie., Inc., La Corporation de Prets de Quebec, Garneau, Boulanger, Paul Gonthier & Co., Wood, Gundy & Co., Collier, Norris & Henderson, Bell, Gouinlock & Co., Hamel, Fugere & Cie., J. C. Boulet, Lucien Cote, Inc., A. S. McNichols & Co., and Clement, Guimont, Inc.

ST. JEAN VIANNEY, Que.—BOND SALE—Credit Anglo-Francais, Ltd. of Montreal recently purchased \$30,000 bonds at a price of 97.50, a basis of about 4.41%. Sale consisted of: \$10,000 3½% impt. bonds, due in 1939 and 1940.
20,000 4% impt. bonds, due from 1941 to 1953 incl.